

# Winning Space Race with Data Science

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### **Outline**

- Executive Summary
- Introduction
- Methodology
- Results
- Conclusion
- Appendix

### **Executive Summary**

#### **Objective**:

Predict the successful landing of SpaceX Falcon 9's first stage using historical launch data.

#### **Key Findings:**

High accuracy models achieved over 90% accuracy.

ROC-AUC scores indicate excellent classification performance.

#### **Tools and Techniques Used:**

Python, Pandas, NumPy, Requests, SQL, Folium, Plotly Dash, Scikit-learn.

#### Introduction

#### **Background**

Space X advertises Falcon 9 rocket launches on its website with a cost of 62 million dollars; other providers cost upward of 165 million dollars each, much of the savings is because Space X can reuse the first stage. Therefore if we can determine if the first stage will land, we can determine the cost of a launch. This information can be used if an alternate company wants to bid against space X for a rocket launch.

#### **Problem Statement**

Predicting the success of first-stage landings to optimize launch operations and reduce costs.

#### Goals:

Analyze historical launch data. Develop predictive models to forecast landing success. Create interactive visualizations for data-driven insights



## Methodology

#### **Executive Summary**

- Data collection methodology:
  - Describe how data was collected
- Perform data wrangling
  - · Describe how data was processed
- Perform exploratory data analysis (EDA) using visualization and SQL
- Perform interactive visual analytics using Folium and Plotly Dash
- Perform predictive analysis using classification models
  - How to build, tune, evaluate classification models

### Data Collection – SpaceX API

 https://github.com/irhen-chan/-IBM-Data-Science-Professional-Certificate/blob/8ab8b2034da8f3e3a414c3b ab608b7fc0944fbd7/applied\_data\_sci\_projec t/jupyter-labs-spacex-data-collectionapi.ipynb

```
import requests
import pandas as pd

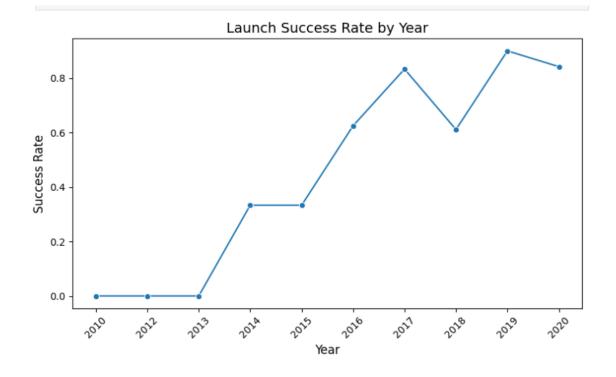
spacex_url = "https://api.spacexdata.com/v4/launches/past"
response = requests.get(spacex_url)
launches_data = response.json()
df = pd.DataFrame(launches_data)
```

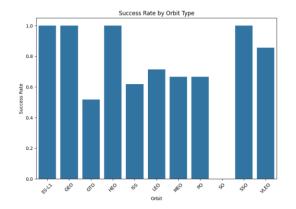
## **Data Wrangling**

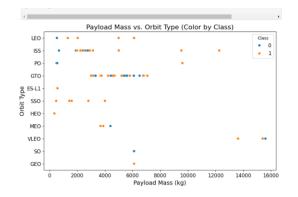
- Handling missing values.
- Encoding categorical variables using One-Hot Encoding.
- Feature engineering (e.g., extracting launch dates, booster versions)
- •https://github.com/irhen-chan/-IBM-Data-Science-Professional-Certificate/blob/8ab8b2034da8f3e3a414c3bab608b7fc0944fbd7/applied\_data\_sci\_project/labs-jupyter-spacex-Data%20wrangling.ipynb.

# EDA with Data Visualization

https://github.com/irhen-chan/-IBM-Data-Science-Professional-Certificate/blob/8ab8b20 34da8f3e3a414c3bab608 b7fc0944fbd7/applied\_data\_sci\_project/edadataviz.ipynb







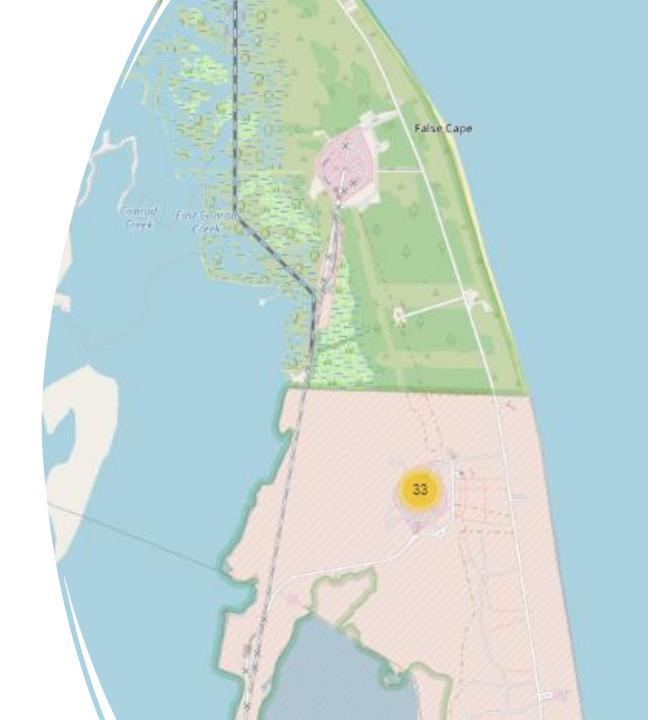
### **EDA** with SQL

0	one.												
[57]:	Landing_Outcome	Outcome_Count				Date	Time (UTC)	Booster_Version	Launch_Site	Payload	PAYLOAD_MASSKG	Orbit	Customer Missic
	No attempt	10	- Done			2010- 06-04	18:45:00	F9 v1.0 B0003	CCAFS LC- 40	Dragon Spacecraft Qualification Unit	(	LEO	SpaceX
	Success (drone ship)	5	52]:	Mission_Outcome	Outcome_Count					Dragon demo flight			
	Failure (drone ship)	5		Failure (in flight)	1	2010- 12-08 15:43:00	F9 v1.0 B0004	CCAFS LC- 40	(		LEO (ISS)	NASA (COTS)	
	Success (ground pad)	3		Success	98	12-00						(.55)	NRO
	Controlled (ocean)	3		Success	1	2012- 7:44:00		F9 v1.0 B0005	CCAFS LC-	Dragon demo flight	525	LEO	NASA
	Uncontrolled (ocean)	2	Suc	ccess (payload status unclear)	1	05-22			40	C2		(ISS)	(COTS)
	Failure (parachute)	2											
	Precluded (drone ship)	1											

https://github.com/irhen-chan/-IBM-Data-Science-Professional-Certificate/blob/8ab8b2034da8f3e3a414c3bab608b7fc0944fbd 7/applied\_data\_sci\_project/jupyter-labs-eda-sqlcoursera\_sqllite.ipynb

# Build an Interactive Map with Folium

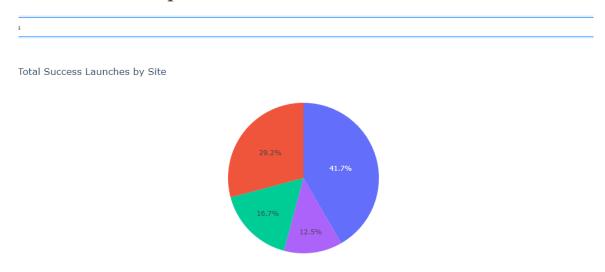
 https://github.com/irhen-chan/-IBM-Data-Science-Professional-Certificate/blob/8ab8b2034da8f3e 3a414c3bab608b7fc0944fbd7/appli ed\_data\_sci\_project/lab\_jupyter\_la unch\_site\_location.ipynb

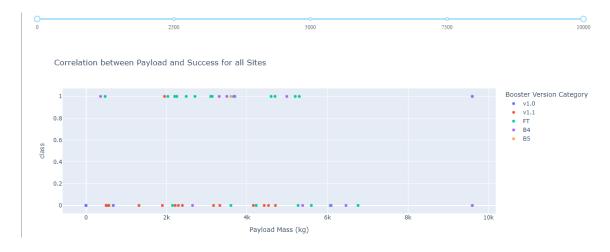


# Build a Dashboard with Plotly Dash

 https://github.com/irhen-chan/-IBM-Data-Science-Professional-Certificate/blob/8ab8b2034da8f3e3a414c3bab6 08b7fc0944fbd7/applied\_data\_sci\_project/space x\_dash\_app.py

#### **SpaceX Launch Records Dashboard**





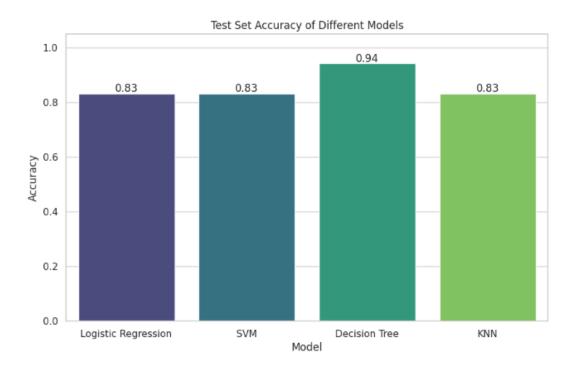
ande (Kd):

# Predictive Analysis (Classification)

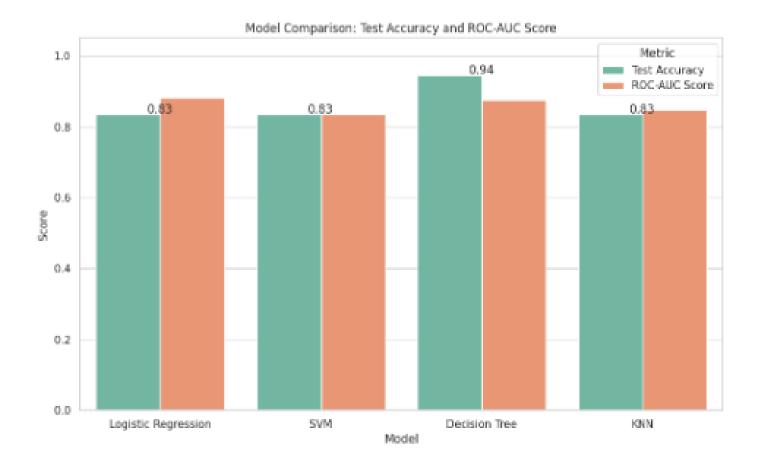
 https://github.com/irhen-chan/-IBM-Data-Science-Professional-Certificate/blob/8ab8b2034da8f3e3a414c3bab608 b7fc0944fbd7/applied\_data\_sci\_project/SpaceX\_M achine%20Learning%20Prediction\_Part\_5.ipynb

#### Models Evaluated:

- Logistic Regression
- Support Vector Machines (SVM)
- Decision Trees
- K-Nearest Neighbors (KNN)

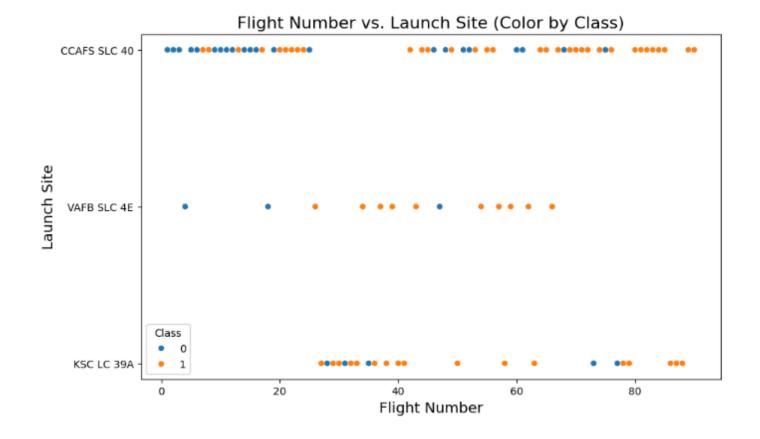


# Results

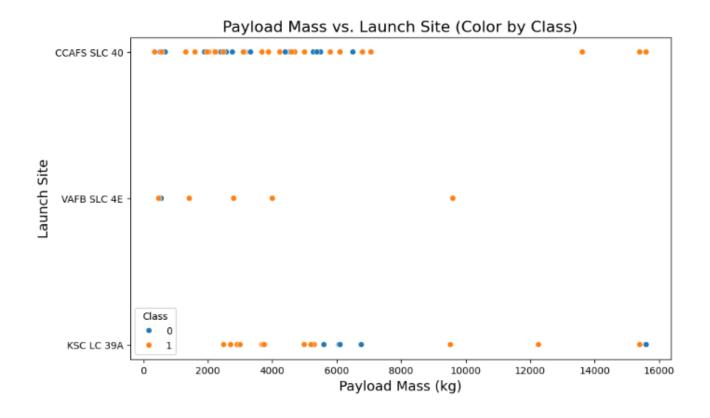




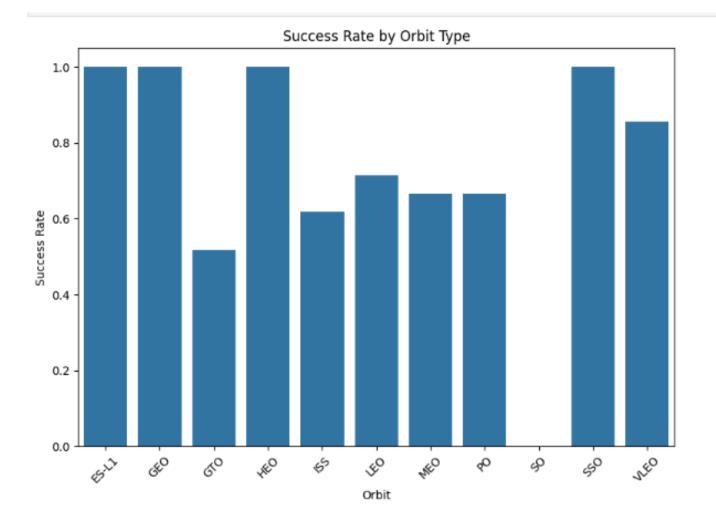
# Flight Number vs. Launch Site



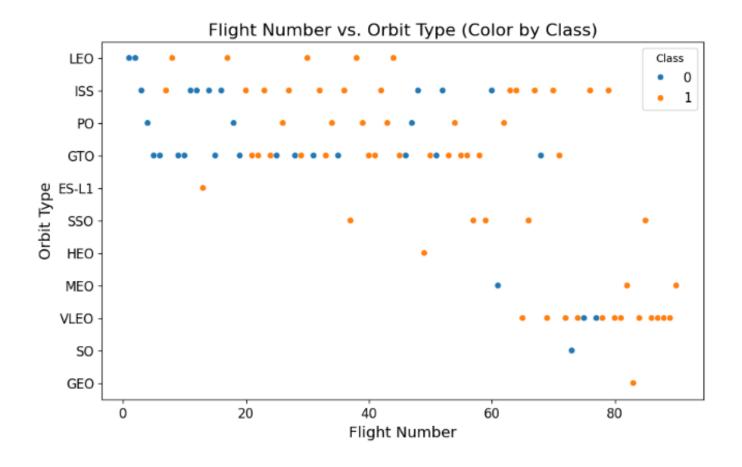
# Payload vs. Launch Site



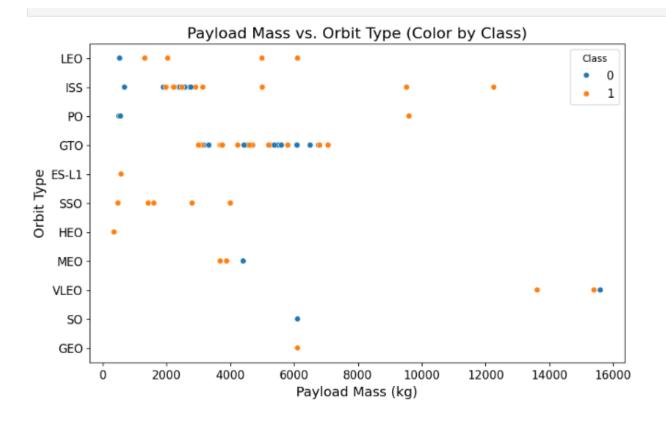
# Success Rate vs. Orbit Type



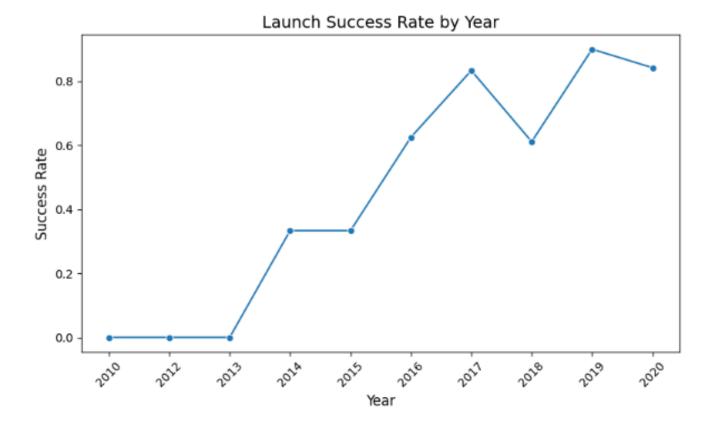
# Flight Number vs. Orbit Type



# Payload vs. Orbit Type



# Launch Success Yearly Trend



CCAFS LC-40
VAFB SLC-4E

KSC LC-39A

# All Launch Site Names

# Launch Site Names Begin with 'CCA'

1:	%sql SELE	CT * FROM	SPACEXTABLE WHE	RE "Launch_Sit	e" LIKE 'CCA%' LIMIT 5;					
	* sqlite Done.	:///my_da	ta1.db							
1:	Date	Time (UTC)	Booster_Version	Launch_Site	Payload	PAYLOAD_MASSKG_	Orbit	Customer	Mission_Outcome	Landing_Outcome
	2010-06- 04	18:45:00	F9 v1.0 B0003	CCAFS LC- 40	Dragon Spacecraft Qualification Unit	0	LEO	SpaceX	Success	Failure (parachute)
	2010-12- 08	15:43:00	F9 v1.0 B0004	CCAFS LC- 40	Dragon demo flight C1, two CubeSats, barrel of Brouere cheese	0	LEO (ISS)	NASA (COTS) NRO	Success	Failure (parachute)
	2012-05- 22	7:44:00	F9 v1.0 B0005	CCAFS LC- 40	Dragon demo flight C2	525	LEO (ISS)	NASA (COTS)	Success	No attempt
	2012-10- 08	0:35:00	F9 v1.0 B0006	CCAFS LC- 40	SpaceX CRS-1	500	LEO (ISS)	NASA (CRS)	Success	No attempt
	2013-03- 01	15:10:00	F9 v1.0 B0007	CCAFS LC- 40	SpaceX CRS-2	677	LEO (ISS)	NASA (CRS)	Success	No attempt

Task 3

## **Total Payload Mass**

Total\_Payload

48213

# Average Payload Mass by F9 v1.1

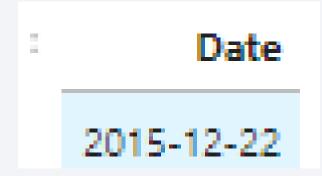
```
[41]: %sql SELECT AVG("PAYLOAD_MASS__KG_") AS "Avg_Payload" FROM SPACEXTABLE WHERE "Booster_Version" like 'F9 v1.1%';

* sqlite://my_data1.db
Done.

Avg_Payload

2534.6666666666665
```

## First Successful Ground Landing Date



# Successful Drone Ship Landing with Payload between 4000 and 6000

```
%sql SELECT "Booster_Version"FROM SPACEXTABLE WHERE "Landing_Outcome" = 'Success (drone ship)' AND "PAYLOAD_MASS__KG_" BETWEEN 4000 AND 6000;

    * sqlite:///my_datal.db
Done.

### Booster_Version

### FFT B1022

### FFT B1021.2

### FFT B1031.2
```

#### Total Number of Successful and Failure Mission Outcomes

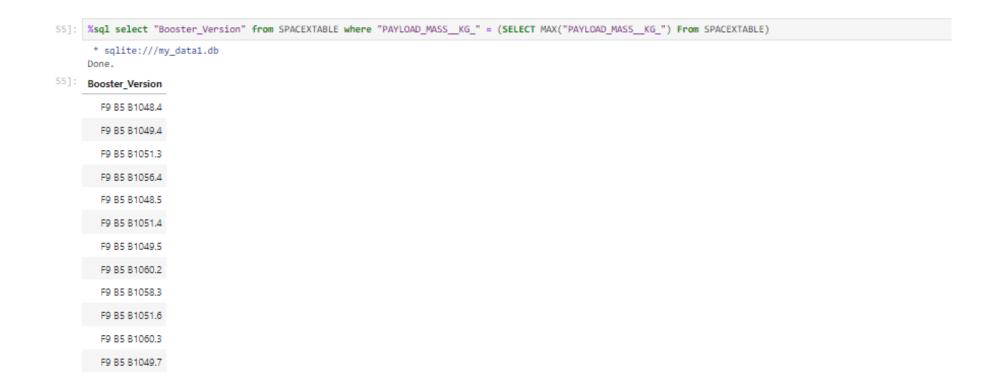
List the total number of successful and failure mission outcomes 1

```
# sqlite://my_data1.db
Done.
# sqlite://my_data1.db
Done.

* Mission Outcome Outcome Count
# Space Coun
```

Mission_Outcome	Outcome_Count
Failure (in flight)	1
Success	98
Success	1
Success (payload status unclear)	1

# Boosters Carried Maximum Payload



6]:	Month	Landing_Outcome	"BoosterVersion"	Launch_Site
	01	Failure (drone ship)	BoosterVersion	CCAFS LC-40
	04	Failure (drone ship)	BoosterVersion	CCAFS LC-40

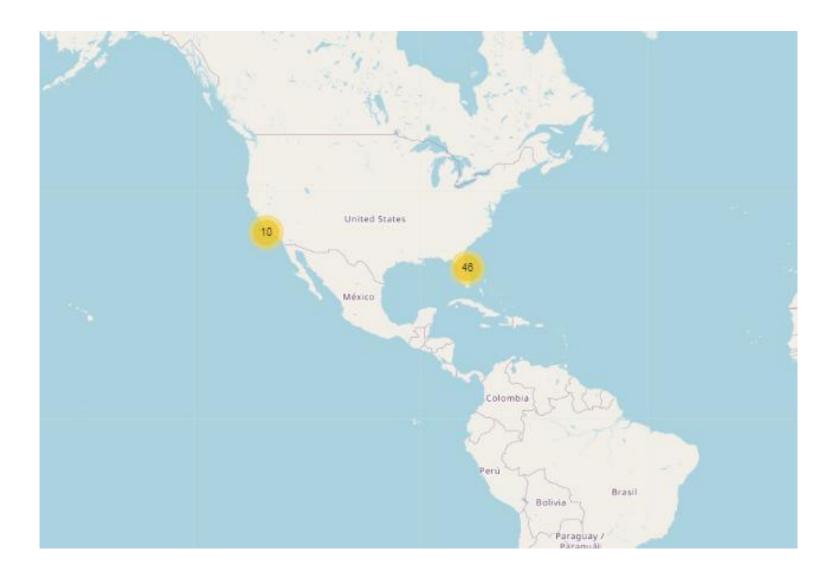
# 2015 Launch Records

Rank Landing
Outcomes Between
2010-06-04 and
2017-03-20

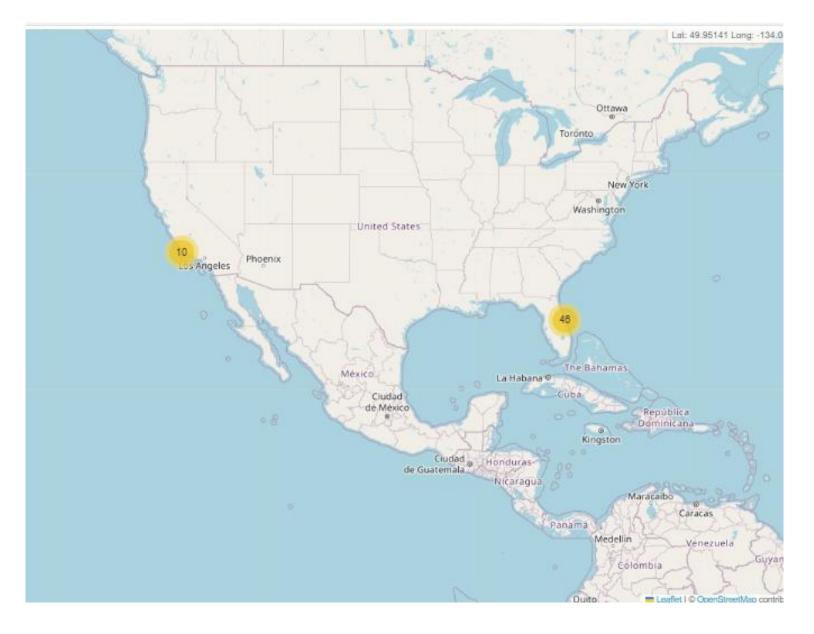
Outcome_Count	Landing_Outcome
10	No attempt
5	Success (drone ship)
5	Failure (drone ship)
3	Success (ground pad)
3	Controlled (ocean)
2	Uncontrolled (ocean)
2	Failure (parachute)
1	Drechided (drone ship)



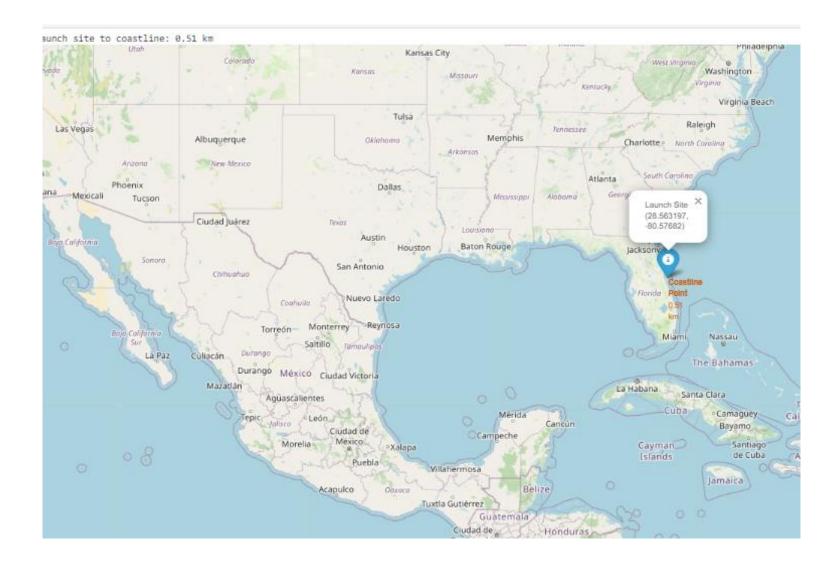
# <Folium Map Screensho t 1>



# <Folium Map Screensho t 2>



# <Folium Map Screensho t 3>



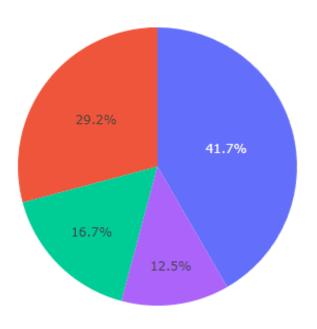




iii

KSC LC-39A CCAFS LC-40 VAFB SLC-4E CCAFS SLC-40

#### Total Success Launches by Site

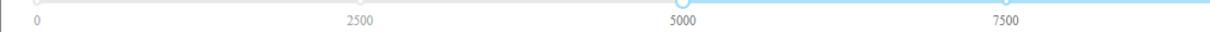


#### <Dashboard Screenshot 1>

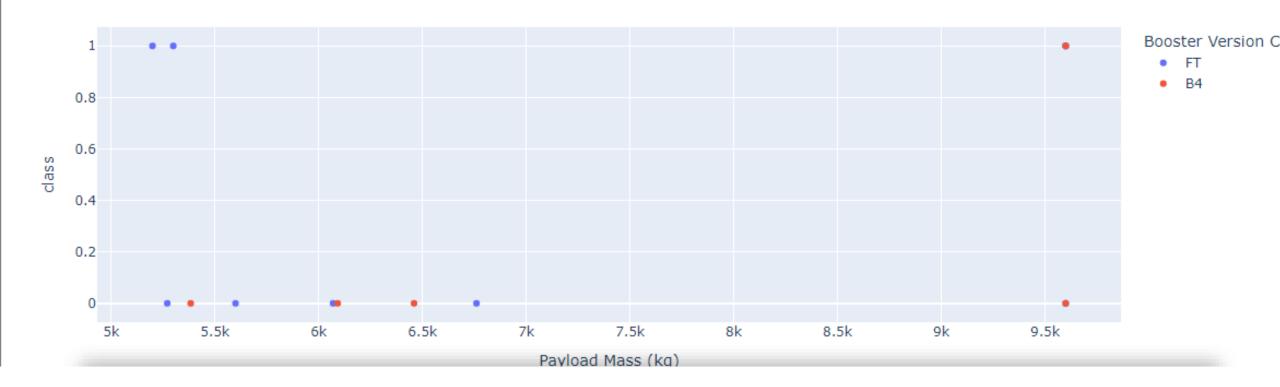


#### <Dashboard Screenshot 2>

#### Payload range (Kg):



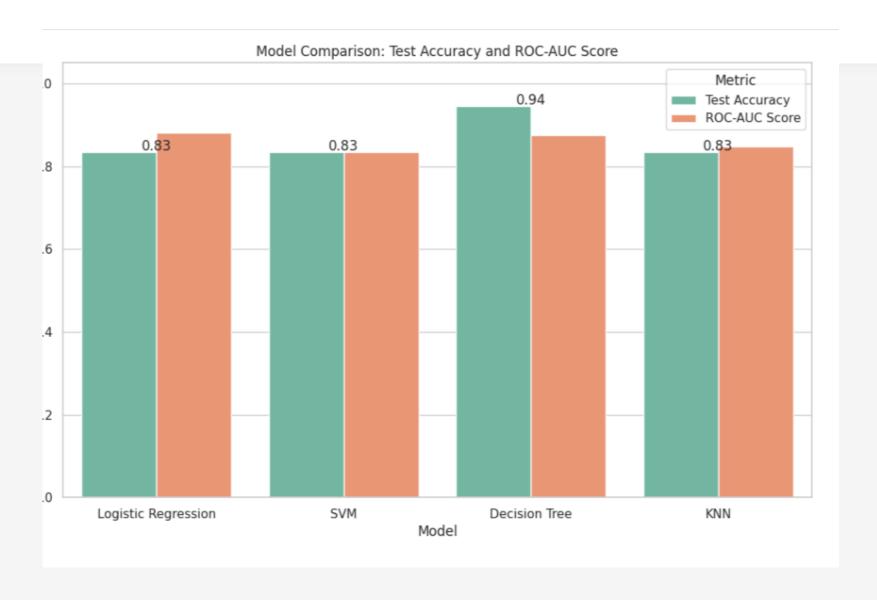
#### Correlation between Payload and Success for all Sites



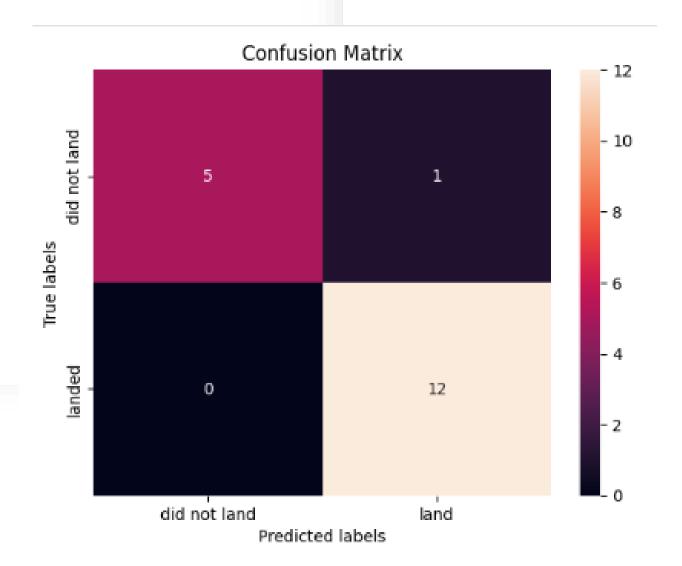
#### <Dashboard Screenshot 3>



## Classification Accuracy



## Confusion Matrix



# Conclusions

#### • Summary of Findings:

- · Successful prediction of first-stage landing with high accuracy.
- Identification of key factors influencing landing success.

#### Implications:

- Enhancing operational efficiency for SpaceX.
- Reducing costs through better prediction models.

#### • Future Work:

- Incorporating real-time data for dynamic predictions.
- Exploring ensemble models for improved performance.
- Deploying the dashboard for broader accessibility.

