## Hw2-3 Taosha Gao

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q1.
initialise three variables, give them values of 3, 5, 0
eax -> 3.
Multiply eax with 5 -> 15
edx -> eax=15
eax -> 3
ecx -> eax=3
ecx -> 1
eax+ecx -> eax=3
eax/2 \rightarrow eax=1
edx-eax -> edx=14
eax -> 14
[esp+14h] -> 14
print result
q2. print the largest number
initialise ten variables, give them values of 0Ch, 0Fh, 0DDh, 3,1B0h, 36h, 10h, 43h, 0, 0
goto loc_40157F
loc_40157F:
Compare [esp+38h] with 7
if [esp+38h] equal/lower than 7, jump to loc_401560
else
eax \rightarrow [esp+3Ch]
print eax
loc 401560:
eax \rightarrow [esp+38h]
eax -> [esp+0*4+18h]
Compare eax with [esp+3Ch]
if eax is equal/lower than 0, jump to loc_40157A
else
eax \rightarrow [esp+38h]
[esp+3Ch] -> eax
loc 40157A:
[esp+38h]+1
q3. print the numbers between 100 and 999 such that (its hundred number)^3 + (its tenth
number)^3 + (its unit number)^3 = itself
[esp+1Ch] -> 64H
goto loc_4015D6
loc 4015D6:
compare [esp+1Ch] with 3E7h
If [esp+1Ch] is equal/lower than 3E7h, jump to loc_40151B
else eax -> 0
loc 40151B:
ecx -> [esp+1Ch]
edx -> 51EB851Fh
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eax -> ecx
edx -> edx*eax
edx/(2^5)
ecx -> eax
eax ->0
edx -> edx-eax
eax -> edx
[esp+18h] -> eax
edx \rightarrow eax^*(-64h)
eax -> [esp+1Ch]
ecx -> the address of [edx+eax]
edx -> 6666667h
eax -> ecx
eax -> edx*eax
edx/(2^2)
eax -> ecx
eax -> 1
edx -> edx-eax
[esp+14h] \rightarrow eax
ecx -> [esp+1Ch]
edx -> 6666667h
eax -> ecx
edx -> edx*eax
edx/(2^2)
eax -> ecx
eax -> 0
edx -> edx-eax
eax -> edx
eax*2^2
eax -> eax+edx
eax -> eax+eax
ecx -> ecx-eax
eax -> ecx
[esp+10h] -> eax
eax -> [esp+18h]
eax* [esp+18h]
eax* [esp+18h] -> eax*eax*eax
edx -> eax
eax \rightarrow [esp+14h]
eax*eax*eax
edx -> edx+eax
eax -> [esp+10h]
eax*eax*eax
eax -> eax+edx
compare eax with [esp+1Ch], if eax isn't equal to [esp+1Ch] then jump to loc_4015D1
eax -> [esp+1Ch]
print eax
loc 4015D1:
[esp+1Ch] -> [esp+1Ch]+1
```