

## Smart Way of Easy Learning

## **Software Engineering**

(SE)

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113	di la distributione mon di propriorità
	Software Engineering
	The Third County of the Follows
	been abadber adjurance subtrains
•	Software - Software is more than
	int a program code. A program is
	an executable code which serves some
	computational purpose.
	Software is considered to be collection
30.6	of executable programming code associated
10	with flibraries and documentation. Software
	with dibraries and documentation. Software well for a specific recruitment is called
	retuence product.
	and the state of t
	Engineering - Engineering on the other
	hand is all about developing products
	using well define scientific principles and
	methods is he her made water in
1.	Reconstruct and maisons of the
2.	System analysis
3.	System design
4.	Sevelopment chilar att le mont
5.	Testing
6.	Maintainance miles under son
7.	Updateshants est no pribages
8.	Codotoderight privarians expertes
	- 10 D

www.dreamstudy.tk Saltware Software engineering engineering branch with development of software products scientific principles, mother procedures. The outcome of engineering his an efficient barg executles? Generic view of Software Engineering The process of a software how 3 generic view which Delinition share-Enally tuado appellant Information needed for processing Which functions are required Exceptation about the capacity d) Interface which is Area of the validation define all the exceptations engineering. It contains ster

DATE: www.dreamstudy.tk Analysis of system 2- Planning of prioject 3- Requirement analysis 2) Development phase - Focus point of development phase is how after the explaination of work it turn how various type of questions arise in developered mind, that how to design the data structure and wichitecture of softigare, procedural details how to implement and how design convert in a programming language and testing of software how to perform. Three special steps always taken in this phase which arein Designing of software (ii) Coding (iii) Testing of software system. 3.) Maintainance phase - The main focus of maintainance phase is change which cause correction of errors adopting of new idea according to the needs of software after change in customer's mood. un Remisers and usually contenue making

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Requirements Aralysisate: , ,

Statement of system scope 5 Project scape is the part of project planning that involved determining and documenting a dist of specific project goals, deliverables. fentives, functions, task, dead lines and ultimately cost restamators In other words, it is what needs to be achieved and the work that must be done to deliver a project. To is important to pinedown the scape early him a project likecycle, as it can greatly impact the schedule or cost or both the project down the brack! secretar la paragrassi Review - A review is a systematic examination of a document by one or more people with the main ain a finding and removing errors early in the software development dife cycle Review are used to very fax document such as requirements system, dealgh code, text plan and Reviews are usually perform manually while static analysis of the took

Refinement in an iterative process

www.dreamstudy.tk tan in enter working each other work Analysing the problem systematic proce a problem needed understand must be done involve communication many people initially those who rexisting tomilier with embruounding the prephler Requirement engineers working completeness checking requires of the exphiem prereceived by -satisfy anthe real meeds. MOLL of analysing the problem analysis the process to understanding real many blican most

2- The good of problem analysing is to gain a better understanding before development being of the problem being solved 3- To identify the root case of the problem bohind the problem ask the people directly minuraked in lune 4- Identify the actors on the system key step in problem analysis Software Requirement Specification: document used to describe the behaviour of software system, functional, nonfunctional requirements of the software · Functional requirement - This is the list of the actual services which a system will provide. This is the list of the service / function which a user wants from the software For example - Business rules of the particular organizations for which developing software. · Non - functional requirement - How system should behave while performing

DATE: www.dreamstudy.tk operations. These are the constants on the sexuices which system is offering For example - response time coverabilit \* Users of the SRS-1- Development team Maintainance team 11 Client a matrix and 4- Technical writers Contents of the SRS-1- Category - What kind of your software 2- Purpose - Describe what is the purpose of making this system (as a nothing 3- Scope - What is the area it covering what is its range in what limit stabit will relprigousitions 4- Introduction - Define the existing system and pitrose system with 5- Advantage - Define the advantage

*	Review for consectness from
itt	software engineering prespective can be
	define as the alterence to the
1300	specification that determine how weres
11 11	can interact with the software and
201	how the software should behave when
23(45)	it is used correctly. If the software
DUDAT	behave incorrectly, it might take
570	considerable amount.
	Undetected errors remove.
2-	Programming code write with programming
ALC: Y	xules.
3-	The state of the s
	Easy to involve other person.
5-	
6-	
	Improve the quality of software. Produce the result according to
<u>8</u> -	expectation.
	experimen.
<b>.</b>	Coltinore deligning of Coltinore deligning
	Software designing: - Software designing is the process of envisioning and
	design define software solution to one or
	more sets of problem. One of the main
* 19	component of software design in the
	software requirement analysis (SRA) is a
	part of the software development process
	that list specification use in software

engineering. The design focus on capabilities and muttiple design for the same problem can will exist.

The design process is a sequence of stack that enables the designers to describe all aspects of software for building. Greative skills, fast experience, a sense of what makes good software and an averall commitment to quality are examples of critical success for a component design.

www.dreamstudy.tk Juvamer A quality demanded to the set of software requirements and to each requirement itself, in order to enure that there is no information left aside. The purpose of requirement completeness in software engineering is to detect the situation when the results of the program do not match the input data. Even for the simplest of programs the number of cases input data is astronomical uvernen Consistency checks requirements in the document should not conflict or different description of the

*	Software Design Territy. &k
1-	Software architecture design level - The architecture design is the highest abstract version of the system. It identify the software as a system with many components interacting with each other. At this level the designers gets the idea of purposed solution domain.
2-	High level design — The high level design break the single-entity multiple component concept of exchitecture design into less abstracted view of sub-system and modules and depicts their interaction with each other. High level design focus on har the system along with all of its components can be implemented in form of module It recognise modular structure of each subsystem and their relation and interaction among each other.
	Detailed design - Detailed design deals with the implementation part of what is seen as a system and its subsystem in the previous #0 design.

	Tt is more detailed towards modulars
	and implementation. It is define
131	logical structure of each module and
. ,	their interface to communicate with
	other modules.
*	Object Oriented Design &
	Object oriented design works around the
- 1-	entities and their characteristics instead
	of functions involve in the software
han	system. This design strategies focus on
1000	entities and its characteristics. The
	whole concept of software solution
	revolves around the engaged entities.
to-	Important concepts of object oriented
46.23	design -
	Objects Oll - the interest
_1-	Objects - All entities involve in the
	solution design are known as objects.
H. A	For example - person, bank, company and
(40)	customens are read as an object,
	associated to it and has some methods
	to perform on the attributes.
	Class - A class is a generalization
	description of an object. An object is an
	instance of a classiche define all
	the attributes which are object can have

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ww.dreamstudy.tk and methods which define the functional of the objects. In the solution a design attributes are stored as a various and functionality are define by means of method procedures. 3- Inheritance - Object oriented design allow similar classes to stack - up is manner where the lover or subclasses can import, implement and rouse allow unriables and methods from their immediate super-classes. These properties of object oriented design is known as unheritance. This make it easier to define specific day and to create generalize classes from specific one. 4- Polymorphism - Object oriented design danguages prairides a mechanism when methods performes similar tasks but youry in arguments can be assign some name. This is called polymorphism which allow a single interface performing talk for different type. Depending upon the function is invake respective portion of the code gets executed.

DATE: 16 / Feb / 2019 www.dreamstudy.tk \* Software Quality Requirement à re specificat ion of the quality of product, service, process or environment. Quality is any element, tangible or intangible that give things value beyond their functionality and features and for the total to man primary early to make your 1- Availability - Is it available when and where I need to use it? 2 Installability - How easy is to correctly install the product? 3- Integrity - Does it protect against unauthorize access and data loss? 4- Intersperability - How easily does it interconnect with other system? 5- Performance - How fast does it response or execute? 6- Recoverability - How quickly can the user recover from a failure? 7- Reliability - How long does it run before experiencing a failure? 8- Robustness - How will does it response to unaccepted sperations? 9- Safety - How will does it protect against unjure or damage? and strangland to- Usability - How early it for people to learn and use

12.00	DATE: 1
11-	Effeciency - How will does it utilize
contend	processor capacity, disk space, memory
	and other resource?
12-	Elexibility - How easily can it be update
- 5	with new functionality?
13-	Maintainability - How easy it to covert
	defect or may change?
14-	Portability - How earily can it be made
ene.	to work on other platforms?
15-	Scalability - How easily can it add
11375	more users, servery or other extension?
16-	Remobility - How easily can it be me
	components in other system?
17-	Supportability - How easily will it be
- 7	to support after installation?
_18-	lestability - can It verilips that it was
MON	implemented correctly?
-	Out of engages and
1130	Relationship between design and implementation
1	An implementation is the process of
300	converting the design as a program.
(mag)	Software design and implementation is the stage of the software engineering process
47.11.01.1	at which an executable refusion system
inn	is developed. Software design and
D	implementation activities are invariably
at	enterclevel.

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*	Software design concept -
1.	Abstraction 6. Software procedure
2.	Refinement 7. Structure partition
3.	Medularity 8. Data structure
	Software architecture q. Information hiding
5,	Control hierarchy
1-	Abstraction - Abstraction is the process of
	Ochora living by well in the interpretation
	generalising by reducing the information
· Fa	content of a concept. It is an act of
200	representing essential features without
730	including the background details and
	explaination de contra de la contra del la contra
	t disease palsaditing landass.
1 2-	Refinement - It is the process of elaboration
4.35	one or several instructions of
	program are decomposed into
with	detailed instructions. Abstraction and
	refinement are complementry concepts.
	atoh la diamete launiahan
_ 3-	Modularity - Coltinous
Lina	dissided winto conservation to
- +	divided into components called modules
14-	Soltraviational it to
	Software architecture - The overall structure
	are software provider conception
	integrity for a system
	, agatoravalar
5-	Control hierarchy - A program structure
	8 Page 1

that represent the organisation of a program component and implies hierarchy of control. 6- Software procedure - It focus on the processing of each module individually 7- Structure Partition - The program structure can be divided both horizontal and vertically man Horizontal partition define reperate branches of modular hierarchy for each major program function Vertical partitioning suggests that control and work whould be distributed top-down in the program structure anta structure - It in a representation of the degreed structure among indistidual elements of data 19- Information hiding - Modules should be specified and design so that information contain within a module is inaccessible to other modules that have no need for such information

*	Software Implementations. tx
1.	Brogramming style
2.	Coding style
3:	Selection of language and technology
4.	Implementation means coding
5.	There is so many challenges in implementation
tobs	torelgani trocitica turn la aurora 200
1-	Programming Style - Programming style
140	also known as code ityle in a set of
	rules or quidolines used when writing
2384	the source code for a computer program.
- 1	It is often claim that following a
20	particular programming style will help
	programming read and underestand source
	code confirming to the style and hold
A.2.L.1	to aroud untrioducing ennous.
tonis	Tourse at prior Treat and to le
2-	Coding style - Coding conventions are set
	of guidelines for a specific programming
	language that recommend pregraming
	style, practice and methods for each
ara	aspect of a program written comments.
11 - 30	declaration, statements, white since naming
1	convention undentation, programming principles
- 1	programming rules of thumb etc.
177	These are the guidelines for Asoftware
-247	structure quality, software programmers
1129	are highly recommended to falow these

www.dreamstudy.tk and already addresses the problem by defining implementation rules that generate compatibility and software compliance. In some extreme cases, the company might need to consider going through a massive legacy system modernisation to partially or completely solve an issue. 2- Saltimore certification - Another important aspect that cannot be neglect and which usually is specifically connected to the negotiation and due phase is making swee that the software meets all the certifications necessary for diploment. Software certification are important when it comes to both compliance and security. 3- IT infrastructure and integrations -Sometimes it's hard to integrate new services or took within an excisting infrastructures Oreating a company structure that mirerous a smooth contamer experience however requires data to be contralize and analyze across different units to avoid silved structures and whole in the customer journey. Imagine implementing marketing

DATE: 13/ MOX/2019 www.dreamstudy.tk automation software that integrate with the main interact with austoner help storing solutions to triger action or crow reference data in order to implement a new technology. 4- Software training - One of the biggest risk connected to software implementation in the lack of proper software training The project lead needs to set clear goals and deadlines. Sometimes a company wide isturare rall-out plan can be hindered by the lack of mesource for software training. In this care organisation are often force to schedule different implementation mile stones across different units. 5- Software Portability and backward compatibility - There is nothing worse than creating a software implementation plan to roll out a new platforin or schedule a major company while upgrade to find out that new system is not working properly across different computing plotform This immed might lead to very high cost link to either software customization if possible or

www.dreamstudy.tk also want to make sure that new update guarantee for interpresability with older legacy system. 6- Changes in the team structure - Changes are often reflected in the team structure and rides and this also often holds true when it comes to implementing new software A new saltware roll- out might need to be followed by small adjustments in violes and responsibilities. These can drive from the necessity of having an administrator manager that work on the integration of the new solution or new responting and data analyze figures within the team and realized asia constance purch Data migration - Connected to the preinces point data migration relies a backwards, downwards compatibility. This is essential to focus on the data migration very easily in the implementation process since this is a very time consumin and risk component of the implementation plan, ti parignation has to partiet 8- Security and stability - Every software implementation is a

www.dreamstudy.tk reamstudy. La branches rushin might load might soon speedly not tup become an interact dabyxinth a around that can propardize. The stability of the entire even recommended In some cose, at is to carry-out intherability to even at that the structure is and secure. or tribe Programming Support Environment computer program and Propertion product development, the development environment is the set of process programming tools used to create aret ett toubard exact ba to margara sometime also employ the physical enviconment An integrated development environment is one in which the process and are coordinated to pravide developens orderly interface to development process or meet of the the process of the writing code, testing it and makeging it too encample of an DROCHE Microvotte insual studio not, Net Boars. edipse

www.dreamstudy.tk The town computer assisted software environment is generally used to describe a set of tools and practice that facilitate management of a software development project. Software environment is the term commonly used to refer to support an application. A software environment for a particular application could include the operating system. the data base system, specific development tool or compilers development environment in which xoftware coding is done. It include the technology are for front-end, back-end, computer configurations memory disk space etc. It also include the reftence development model following development tools, number of programs, the organisation policies for any kind of support needed in coding a software production environment in which software is actually used by client. It comprise of operation systems computer configuration, browsers used by client, number of software weres pietrail at minimpressing nections make charge to its functionality

www.dreamstudy.tk Good Programming Proper programming style signification the lifetime and functionality of softwar Most software disasters are resorted in poor style of programming. There are many best rules that lead to better programming style 1- Readability - Good code in written to be easily understand by colleagues. It is properly and consistently formatted and clear meaningful mame accurate comments describe a matural decomposition of the software functionals into simple and specific functions. Any tricky sections are clearly moted. I should be easy to see why the program will work and it should work in all cases. naithman 13 minaman 2- Maintenability - Code should be written so that it is straight forward for another programmer to fix bugs for make change to its functionality later Function should be general and assume as little as possible about preconditions

www.dreamstudy.tk All important values should be robust to handle any possible input and produce a responsible result without crashing. Clear message should be output for input which is not allow. 3- Comments - Comments are the first step towards making computer program human readable. Comments should explain clearly everything about a program which is not semmercard such a et mainde The volume of comments written is meaning-Les quality is all that counts. Black comments are written using comments style. They should go at the top of every source file and generally include your name, the data, your code was written an overall description of the purpose of that program. Black comments should also precede most functions with a description of the functions purpose. These can be omitted for every obvious function only. 4- Indentation - Indentation is used to clearly make mark control from in a program within any bracket block All code. idential any one top. These includes the

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	day body itself. Each additional for
	while, if or switch structure introduce
44.20	a new block which is indented even if
	brackets are amitted for one line statement
J100	line-up.
u ta	tred net une threeman) :- Almanan x
	White space - White space is meaningless
1411	to compilere but should be used consistently
40	to improve readability. Typically three
	blank lines are left in between functions
OFFI	Li cottino stappingo la socilar esti
06+	autput - A final overlook aspect of
D. L	good programming style is how your.
LITTE X	good programming style is how your.  program sutput results and information
	to asers part of writing professional
WELL	docking programs is providing clear
33/3	instructions and results to the user of
	your program. This means propert English
	must always assume that writing
tude	program to be use by somebody.
*	Function uses :-
valo.	Function should be short and clear specific
10.20	took. As much as possible they should
7	be consider black box which do not
- 41	depend on anything except their parameters

www.dreamstudy.tk and can be handle any possible input gracefully. A common reule of thumb is the tag line rules. Usually functions do at gright are unit got north regnal much and should be simplified. to pap II - approved barn trail \* Maintenance - tola har services Software maintenance in software engineering is the modification of a software product after delivery, to correct fault to improve information of other attributes. A common perception of maintenance is that it merely involve fixing defects. However one study indicates that our 80% of maintenance effort is use for non-correction actions. Software revolution is the term used in software engineering. Software maintenance refers to the process of developing software initially than repeated updating its garrious reasons Software maintenance is widely accepted part of SOLC novadays. It stand for all the modification and updation done after the delievery of software product. There are number of reasons why modification are required. Some of their are bor briefly mentioned

1-	www.dreamstudy.tk  Market condition - Policies which
	change over the time such as newly
1.05	introduced constants like how to
	maintain.
	The Late of the Control of the Contr
2-	Host modification - If any of the
	hardware and platform such as
	operating system of the target host
Ph. i	change, software change are needed
-0.1	to keep adaptability.
والرب	tiente more la cuita della marchiale
3-	Client requirement - Over the time
-534	aistoner may ask for new features
J.	or functions in the software.
	nam not any di Broute Bacatta on
1 4-	Organisation change - If there is
2872	any business level change at dient
33 A	such as reduction of organisation
	strength acquiring another company
	organisation venture unto mes
	business need to modify in the
19 1	Joseph Line of the said of
	Types of maintenance :-
	In a returne lifetime, type of maintenance
	may wary based on its nature it may
	be just a routine. Maintenance took as
	some bugs discover by some were on it
	0
- 11	

www.dreamstudy.tk may be a large event in itself. Based on maintenance size or nature, following are some types of maintenance based on their characteristics. of the same width to thoulevers the Corrective maintenance - This include modification and updations done in order to connect of fix problems which are either discovered by some users or it may be a large event in itself based on maintenance. Order to correct fix problem or conduded by where error treports transit is all in daid 2. Adaptive maintenance - This include modification and updation applied to keep the software product up to date and turn to the exerchanging world of technology and business environment. 3. Perfective maintenance - This includes modification and updation done in order to keep the software usable were long period of time. It include new features. new users requirement for relining the software and improve its reliability and performance

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4. Preventive maintenance - This include modification and updation to prevent future problems of the software. It ains to attend problems which are not significant at this moment but may course series usual in future the trailed on both added that Cost of Maintenance o-Report suggest that the cost of maintenance is high. A steady on estimate software maintenance found that the cost of maintenance is as high as 67% of the cost of entire sationie process cycle on an average. The cost of rottonre maintenance is more than 50% of an SALC phases. There are various factors which trigger maintenance court as high as · Real world factor affecting maintenance cost - The standard age of any software is considered upto 10 to 15 years older at man execute executer experter main to work on your machines with less memory and storage copacity carnot kept themsel changing against newly coming inhance softwares or modern hardware As

maintain old saftware. Most maintenance engineers are newbie and use trial and enters mothod to rectified problems.

Often changes made can easily hurt the original structure of the saftware. Making it hard for any subsequence changes.

Changes are offer lap undocumented which may cause more conflict in future.

*	CASE Tools &- CASE stands for Computer
	Aided Software Engineering. It means
	development and maintenance of software
	projects with the help of various automated
	software tools. Case tools are set of
enco	software application programs which are
	used to automated SALC activities.
	Case tools are used by software project
(ARE)	managers, analyses and engineers to
_ h	develop software system. There are number
	of case stools available to simplify
	various stages of software development
320	life cycle such as analysis took, design
Ja c	took, project management took, data
at.	base management tods, documentation
11/10	took are to name a few use of case
21/	tools accelerate the development of project
1.20	to produce desired result and help to
Del	uncover flow before moving head with

www.dreamstudy.tk next stage in software development. Components of CASE tools - Case tools can sexue as a source of common integra--ted and consistent information central repository is a central place of storage where product specification, requirements documentations related supports and diagrams, Other useful information regarding management is repository also serve a dictionary · Upper Case tools - Upper case tools are used in planning, analysis and design used in implementation, testing and maintenance Integrated case tools - Integrated case took are helpful in all the itague a SDIC from requirements gathering testing and documentation can be group together if they have similar functionality, process of and capability of getting integrated with

www.dreamstudy.tk other tools to the same Case- tooks types :- There are many types of case tools 1. Diagram tools - These tools are used to represent system components, data and control flow among various software components and system structure in a graphical form. For example - floor chart maker tool charter. I the art flow-2. Process modelling tools - Process model is the method to create software process model which is used to develop the software. Process modelling took help the managers to choose a present model or modify it as per the requirement of rotheare product. In autoridas robuit lost reupes his Johnson surary! 3. Project management tools - These tools are used for project planning cost and effort estimate, project scheduling and resource planning. Project execution with every maintained step in software

DATE: www.dreamstudy.tk project management. PMT helps in storing and sharing Example - creative project office. trace projects and base camp. 4. Quality Assurance tools - Quality assurance in a software organisation is monitoring the engineering syllabus process and methods adopted to develop the software product in order to enuire confirmance of quality as per organisation standard Quality assurance took consist of configuration and change control took and software testing tools. \* Spiral Models :- 1 The spiral model combine the idea of ditterative development with the systematic control aspect of the water fall model. This spired model is a combination of iterative development process model and sequential linear development model. The waterfall model with a very high emphasis or risk analysis. It allder incremental release of the product or increment I al refinement through iteration

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www.dreamstudy.tk Designthe baseline spiral conception architecture design, design of modules, Physical design and the final design subsequence spiral. Construct or build - The construct phase refers to production of the actu brigh trans to truborg execution the baseline spiral when the product agues bet that they die developed a prise of deploying in this phase customer feedback subsequence spiral high requirement. and design deta feedback. and evaluation - Here phose, first the fourth estimates of the also provide the final buil project to the customer to the customers.

www.dreamstudy.tk Waterfall model o A model which contain series of phases that provide a common understanding of the software building process. It is very simply to understand and use. In a model each phase must be completed before the next phase can be and there is no aurreapping in the phases. The wonterfall model is the earliest SALC approach that was used for software development. The waterfall model illustreates the saturage development process in a linear sequential flow. This means that only phase in the development process being only i the previous phase is complete. In the easterfall model the phases do not QUENTAD. Requirement Analysis System design Implementation Testina Maintenance

	Disadvantage of waterfall model -
1-	Very difficult to go back to any
41	stage after it finished.
2-	His marking version of the program will
	not be available until the date in the
-	project time spend.
3-	Costly and requires more time.
4-	linear nature can lead to blocking
brents	state a bloom linbuston of
0-14	- have been body today to pay ago to 128 -
*	Software testing :-
exil	Software testing can be majorly clientified
die	into 2 category
1-	Black box testing
2-	White box testing
	the ob whode it lebon Holyston
1-	Black box testing - A black box testing in
	a returne testing method in which the
7	internal structure, design, implementation
	of the item being tested is not known
	to the tester.
2-	White box testing - A white box testing
	is a software testing method in which
	the internal structure, design, implementation
-	of the item being tested in known to
	the tester.
- 1	AT THE PARTY OF TH

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*	Difference between black box testing and
	white box testing :-
•	Black box testing -
1-	It is a way of software testing in which
	the internal structure of the program or
	the code is hidden. Nothing is known
	about it.
2-	It is mostly done by software tester.
	It can be refer as outer of external
	software testing.
4-	It is functional test of the software.
5-	This testing can be initiate on the basis
	of requirement specification documents.
6-	No knowledge of programming is
	require.
	- It is the behaviour testing of the
	software.
- 5	- It is applicable on the higher level of
	testing of software.
9	testing of software.  It is also closed - testing.
-	
•	White box testing -
1	is executed aft guillest to pass in
	It is way of testing the software in which the tester has knowledge about the
	the code or the
2	program of the software.



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