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Beyond REST with GraphQL https://irina.codes

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## Irina Scurtu



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- I teach .NET
- Blog: https://Irina.codes





## Agenda

- REST
- GraphQL
- GraphQL in .Net
- REST or GraphQL

## **REST Constraints**

Client-Server

Stateless

Caching

Uniforminterface

## **REST Constraints**

Uniforminterface

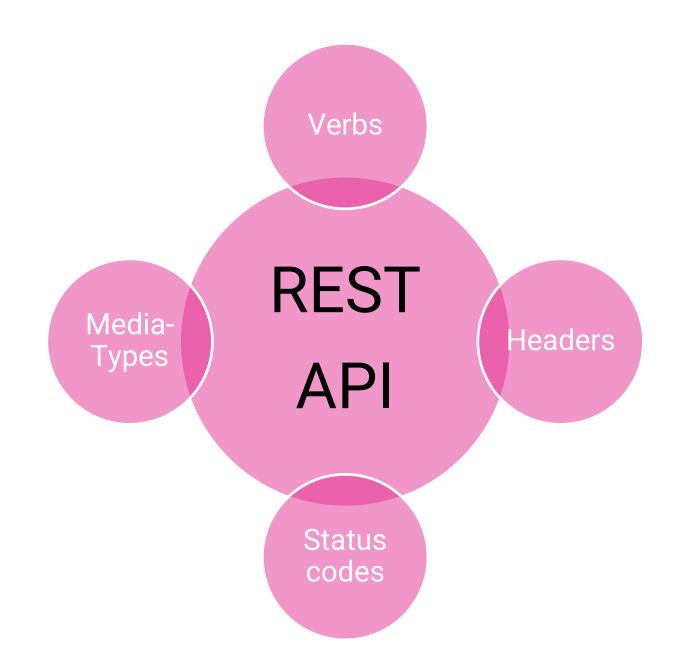
Identification of resources

Representation of resources

Self descriptive messages

**HATEOAS** 

## **REST API**



#### **REST API**



Intuitive endpoints



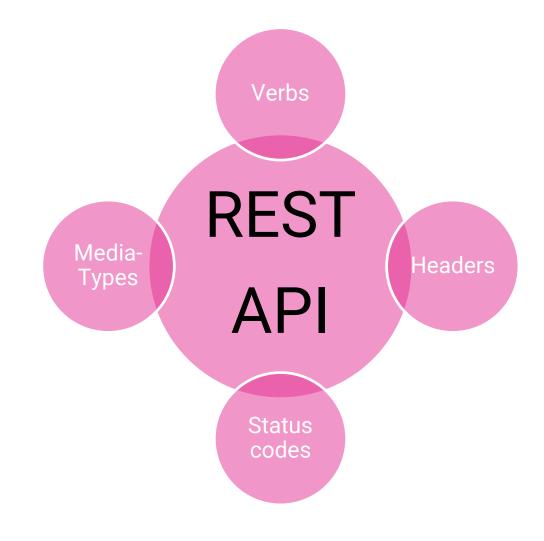
Meaning



HTTP power



Responds to different needs



## Representations of the same resource

Headers

**Content-Negotiation** 

200 **JSON** 

Status Codes

## Representations of the same resource

Headers

**Content-Negotiation** 

200 **XML** 

**Status Codes** 

## Representations of the same resource

Headers

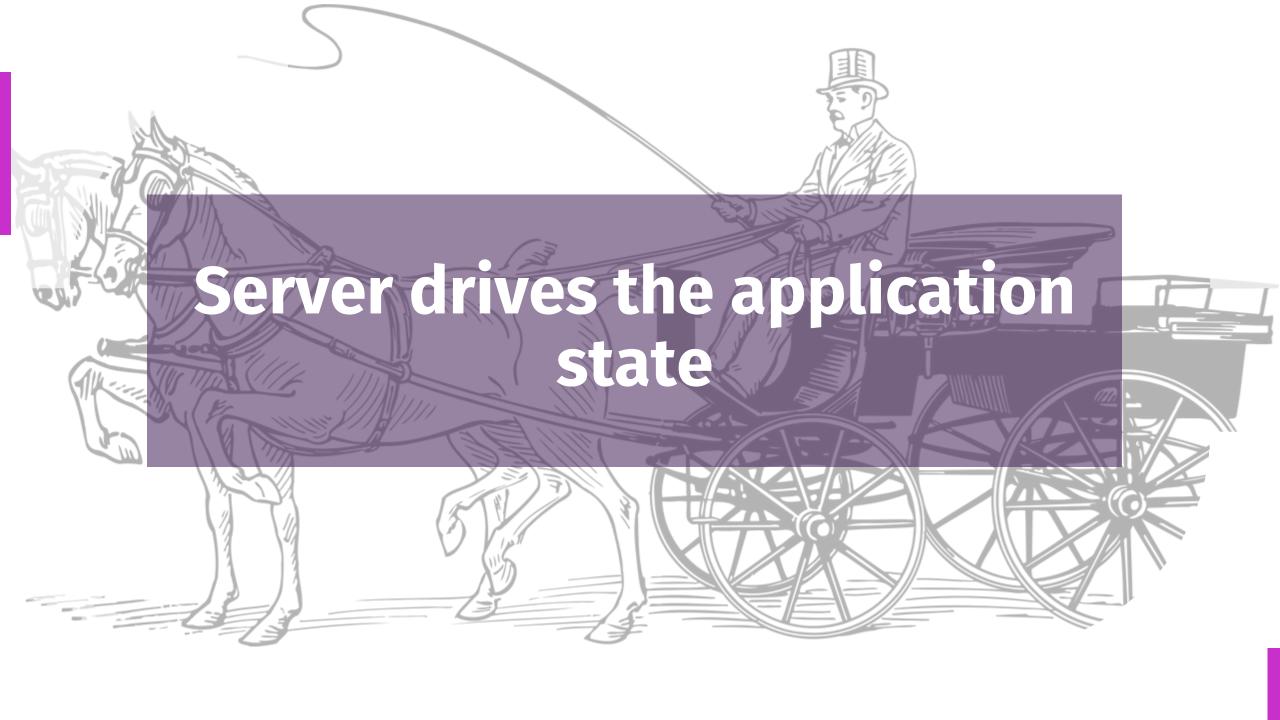
**Content-Negotiation** 

415 no content

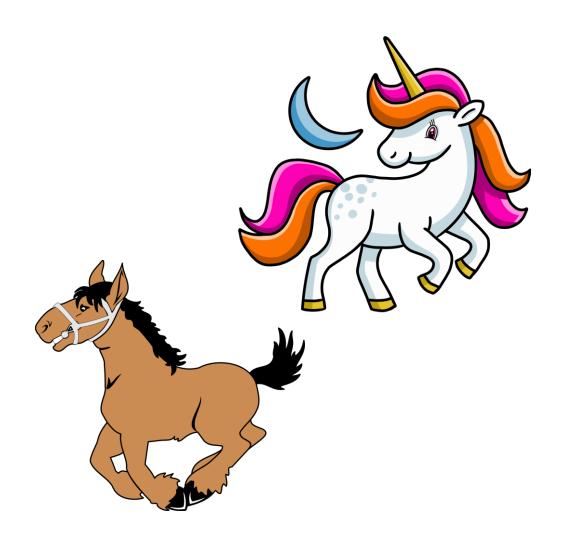
Status Codes

## **REST API benefits**

- Scalable
- Server & client can evolve independently
- Discoverable
- Evolvable



## Can evolve independently





# Versioning

**/V1** 

### REST APIs....

Rare

Treated superficially

You need discipline

Constant design

Proven results

# **Evolvability**

"The reason to make a real REST API is to get evolvability ... a "v1" is a middle finger to your API customers, indicating RPC/HTTP (not REST)"



# **Exact** fetching

# overfetching

underfetching

# Overfetching

Get more data than you use for your client

Can be solved by continuously designing and trimming your API

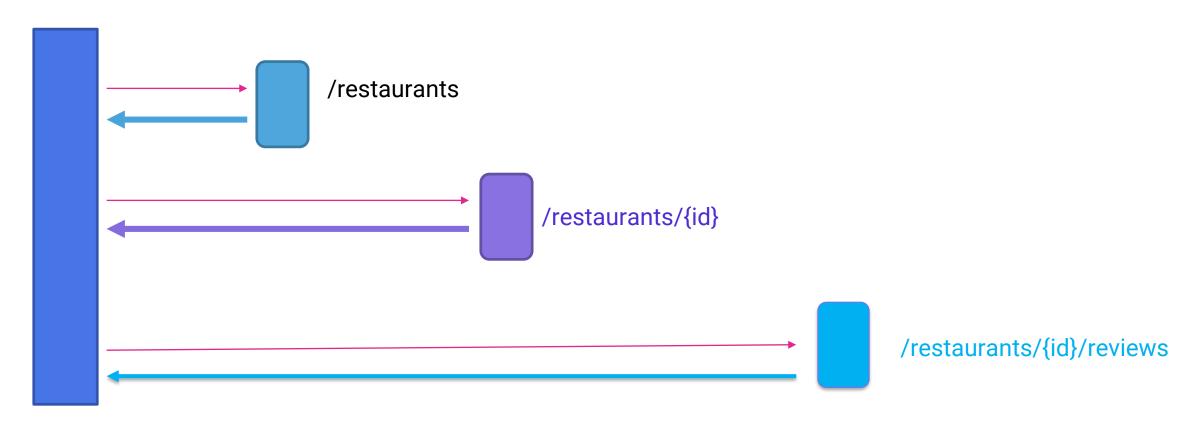
IF YOU're LUCKY

# Underfetching

- Forces you to make another call to get some data
- "get that, and that, and also that"

#### **REST**

#### client



# **REST-ish Apis**

Resource based?
Accept vs Content-Type

# Mostrofe usedid this

Status codes

usage of headers?

No HATEOAS Self-descriptive messages

# What is GraphQL?

# "a query language that solves the issue with overfetching & underfetching"











# Why this hype?

overfetching

**Exact** fetching

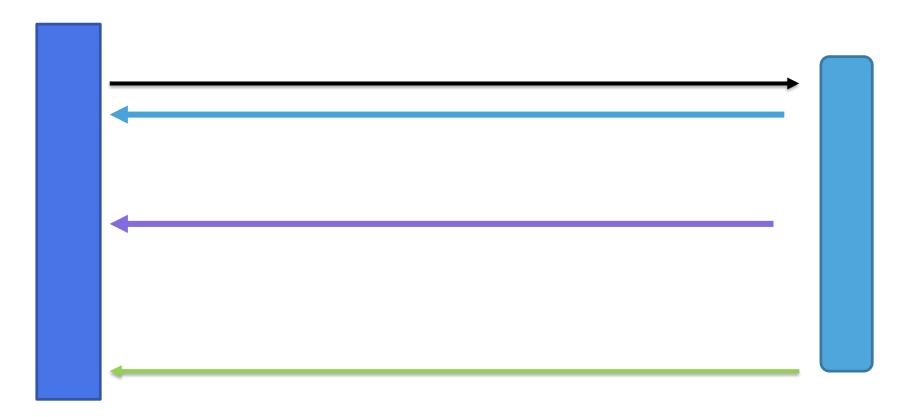
underfetching

# Why this hype?

"It enables clients to specify exactly what data is needed, makes it easier to aggregate data from multiple sources, and uses a type system to describe data."

## **GraphQL Request/Response**

#### Client



#### What it solves?

http://coolapi.com/speakers

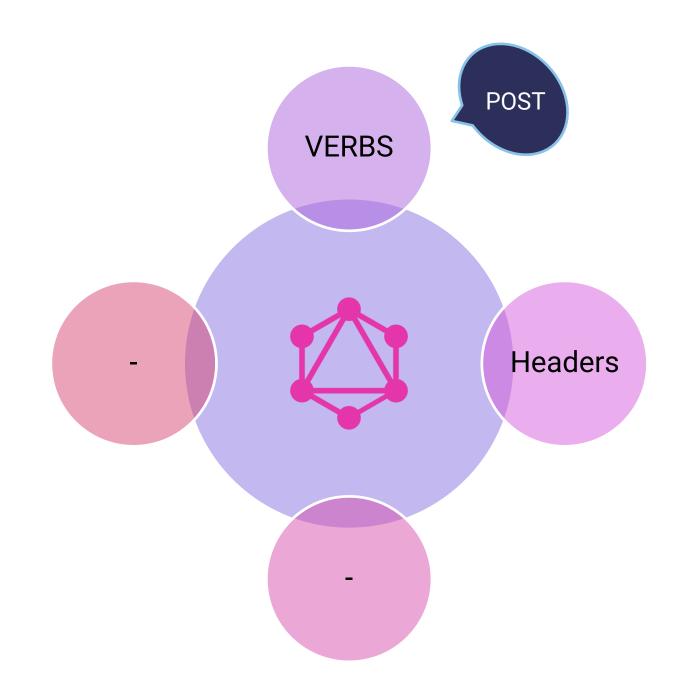
http://coolapi.com/speakers/1

http://coolapi.com/speakers/1/talks

http://coolapi.com/talks



## **GraphQL**



# /speakers

```
"companyName": "Microsoft",
 "description": "Speaker, Teacher, Coder, Blogger",
 "id": 1,
 "lastName": "Hanselman",
 "firstName": "Scott",
 "position": "Program Manager",
 "address": { ... },
 "twitter": "",
 "github": "",
"phoneNumber": ""
},
```

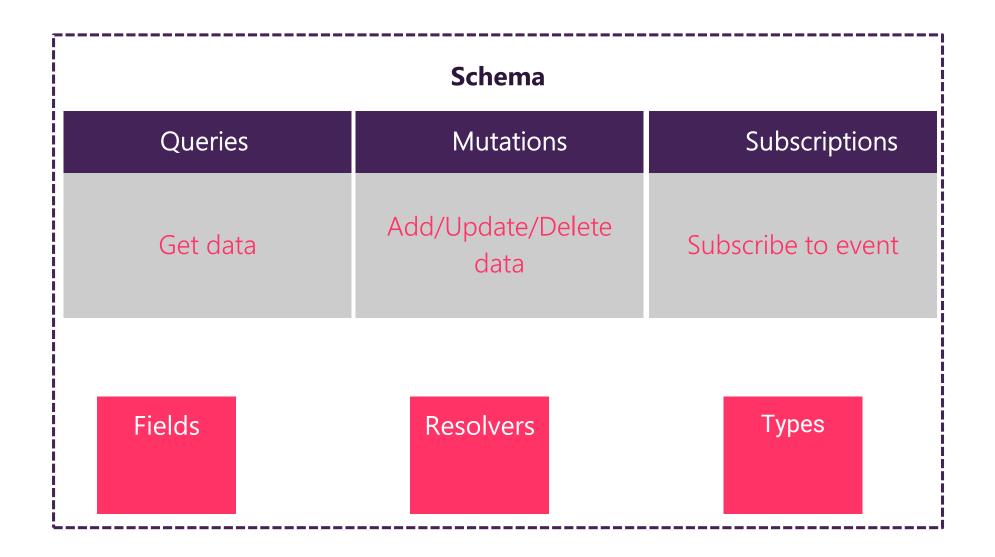
# /speakers/1

```
"companyName": "Microsoft",
 "description": "Speaker, Teacher, Coder, Blogger",
 "id": 1,
 "lastName": "Hanselman",
 "firstName": "Scott",
 "position": "Program Manager",
 "address": { ... },
 "twitter": "",
 "github": "",
"phoneNumber": ""
},
```

# /speakers/1/talks

```
{
  "data": {
    "talk": {
        "description": "There is an entire universe outside REST apis. You just need to fly there",
        "title": "GraphQL",
        "speaker": {
            "firstName": "Irina"
        }
    }
}
```

## **Building blocks**





# Query

- A query is everything that can be 'questioned' from the outside
- Can have headers
- You can run multiple queries in parallel
- You need to define the query type

#### Querying in GraphQL

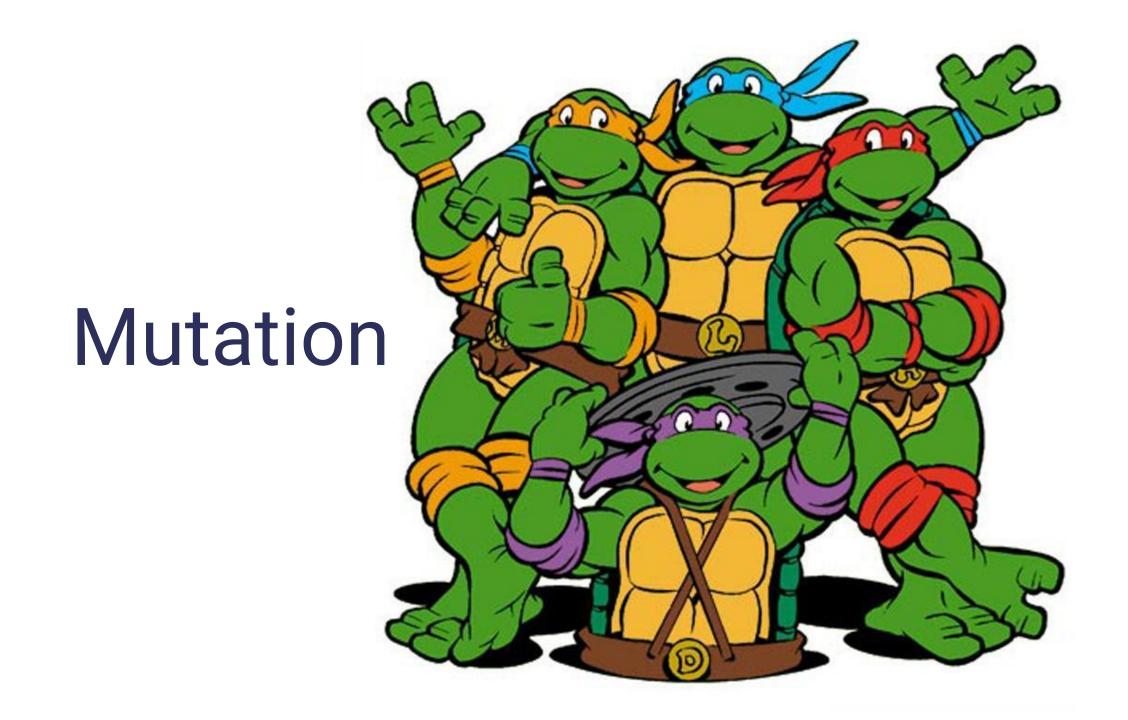
```
query {
   speakers {
       companyName
       lastName
       firstName
       twitter
```

```
"data": {
 "speakers": [
   "companyName": "Microsoft",
   "lastName": "Hanselman",
   "firstName": "Scott",
   "twitter": ""
```

#### /talks/2/speaker

```
query {
    talk(id: 2) {
        description
        title
        speaker {
            lastName
        }
    }
}
```

```
{
  "data": {
    "talk": {
      "description": "There is an entire universe outside REST
API. You just need to fly there",
      "title": "GraphQL",
      "speaker": {
          "lastName": "Irina"
      }
    }
}
```



- A Mutation is a POST, UPDATE, DELETE
- Can have headers
- Run one by one
- You need to define the Input type

#### Mutation

```
mutation($talk: talkInput!) {
    createTalk(talkInput: $talk) {
        title
        description
        speakerId
    }
}
```

#### **Parameter**

```
"talk": {
    "title" :"Awesome .Net Core",
    "description" :"we'll talk about how cool it is .Net Core",
    "speakerId": 2
}
```

### Subscriptions



#### **Subscriptions**



## GraphQL in .NET

#### Setup steps

- Install-Package GraphQL
- Install-Package GraphQL.Server.Transports.AspNetCore
- Install-Package GraphQL.Server.Ui.Playground
- Add middlewares
- Create Schema
- Resolve Query
- Resolve Mutations

# #done #NOTdone



Q talk **Q** speakers ×

PRETTIFY HISTORY • http://localhost:64803/graphql

```
COPY CURL
```

QUERY VARIABLES HTTP HEADERS

#### Need to define

- Your graph entities
- Every available query
- Every mutation
- Schema and mutations

Field by Field

#### Define the schema

```
public class ConferenceSchema : Schema
        public ConferenceSchema(IDependencyResolver resolver) :
base(resolver)
            Query = resolver.Resolve<ConferenceQuery>();
            Mutation = resolver.Resolve<ConferenceMutation>();
```

#### Define the returned types

```
public class Speaker : ObjectGraphType<Data.Entities.Speaker>
       public Speaker()
           Field(t => t.Id);
           Field(t => t.FirstName);
           Field(t => t.LastName);
           Field(t => t.Position).Description("The position in the company");
           Field(t => t.Description).Description("Speaker Bio");
           Field(t => t.CompanyName);
           Field(t => t.LinkedIn);
           Field(t => t.Twitter).Description("Twitter username");
```



```
public ConferenceQuery(SpeakersRepository speakersRepo,
TalksRepository talksRepo, FeedbackService feedbackService)
  Field<ListGraphType<Types.Speaker>>(
     "speakers",
     Description = "will return all the speakers",
          resolve: context => speakersRepo.GetAll()
```



```
public ConferenceMutation(TalksRepository talkRepository)
           FieldAsync<Talk>(
             "createTalk",
             arguments: new QueryArguments(
                 new QueryArgument<NonNullGraphType<TalkInput>>
                     Name = "talk"
             resolve: async context =>
                 var talk = context.GetArgument<Data.Entities.Talk>("talk");
                 return await context.TryAsyncResolve(async c => await talkRepository.Add(talk));
             });
     FieldAsync<Talk>(
             "updateTalk",
```



# The awesome GraphQL

World



#### The Awesome GraphQL

- You want to defer understanding the user needs and how the client consumes your API
- Easy to get started
- Built-in introspection
- Friendly
- Is contract-driven
- wonderful playground(s)

#### **Client performance First**



#### **Cool parts**

Exact fetching

Less round-trips



Wonderful experience for humans/api consumers

#### When?

- For small/complex projects
- Aggregation layer
- care about your consumer's bandwidth
- Care about bandwidth
- you have no control over the client-app
- empower your consumer

### Is GraphQL better than REST?

#### Application state is driven by the client





#### Problems?

- Single endpoint
- Only POST requests

#### Problems?

Forget about all you know in HTTP

Caching



#### DataLoader

- Tries to solve the n+1 problem
- It can batch multiple requests into one
- The defined name is contextual to that 'entity'
- Can 'hold' in memory the result of a query



#### In summary

- Is a new tool for our toolbox
- Anything that can issue a HTTP request, can consume a GraphQL API
- Leverage only POST as verb
- Single endpoint
- No caching using headers
- A lot of flexibility
- Suitable for aggregation layers

#### Resources

- https://graphql-dotnet.github.io
- https://graphql.org/
- https://hotchocolate.io/
- https://github.com/APIs-guru/graphql-overhttp

## There is no silver bullet

Choose the right tech



# Thanks for listening!

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https://Irina.codes

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#### THANK YOU!

