

Optimization and Decision Support Methodologies

Practical Sheet #1

Post-optimization and sensitivity analysis

- 1.** Consider the following linear programming problem:

Maximize $z = 2x_1 + x_2$

subject to

$$x_1 + 2x_2 \leq 6 \quad (1)$$

$$5x_1 + 3x_2 \leq 15 \quad (2)$$

$$-2x_1 + x_2 \leq 2 \quad (3)$$

$$x_1 \geq 0, x_2 \geq 0$$

Considering x_3, x_4 and x_5 the slack variables of the functional constraints (1), (2) and (3), respectively, the *simplex* optimal tableau is:

x_B	$c_B \setminus x_j$	c_j	2	1	0	0	0	B
		x_1	x_2	x_3	x_4	x_5		
x_3	0	0	7/5	1	-1/5	0	3	
x_1	2	1	3/5	0	1/5	0	3	
x_5	0	0	11/5	0	2/5	1	8	
	$z_j - c_j$	0	1/5	0	2/5	0	6	

Determine the implications for the optimal solution arising from the variations referred to in the different paragraphs below.

a)

- 1) Suppose that the vector of the independent terms of the constraints has

changed from $\begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 15 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$ to $\begin{bmatrix} 9 \\ 15 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$.

- 2) Suppose that the vector of the independent terms of the constraints has

changed from $\begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 15 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$ para $\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 20 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$.

b)

- 1) Suppose that the coefficient of variable x_2 in the objective function has changed from $c_2=1$ to $c_2=1/2$.

- 2) Suppose that the coefficient of variable x_1 in the objective function has changed from $c_1=2$ to $c_1=4$.

c)

- 1) Suppose that the vector of the coefficients in the constraints of variable x_2 has

changed from $\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ to $\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$.

- 2) Suppose that the vector of the coefficients in the constraints of variable x_1 is

changed from $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 5 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$ to $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 6 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}$

- d) Suppose now that a new functional constraint, $x_1 \leq 2$, has been added to the problem.

- e) Determine for which interval of c_1 (coefficient in the objective function of variable x_1), the previously presented solution will remain optimal.

- f) Determine for which interval of b_3 (independent term of the 3rd constraint), the optimal basis previously presented will remain optimal.

2. Now consider the following linear programming problem:

$$\text{Maximize } z = x_1 + 2x_2$$

subject to

$$-x_1 + x_2 \leq 2 \quad (1)$$

$$x_1 + 3x_2 \leq 12 \quad (2)$$

$$-x_1 + 2x_2 \geq 1 \quad (3)$$

$$x_1 \geq 0, x_2 \geq 0$$

- a) Solve it by the graphical method;

Since x_3 and x_6 are the surplus and artificial variables of the functional constraint (3), and x_4 and x_5 are the slack variables of the functional constraints (1) and (2), respectively, the *simplex* optimal tableau for this problem is presented below.

x_B	$C_B \setminus x_j$	1 x_1	2 x_2	0 x_3	0 x_4	0 x_5	-M x_6	b
x_4	0	0	0	4/5	1	1/5	-4/5	18/5
x_1	1	1	0	3/5	0	2/5	-3/5	21/5
x_2	2	0	1	-1/5	0	1/5	1/5	13/5
	$Z_j - C_j$	0	0	1/5	0	4/5	$M - 1/5$	47/5

For each of the following changes in the initial problem, determine, using the post-optimization analysis, what happens to the optimal tableau, the optimal solution and the value of z^* , previously obtained.

- b) Changing the vector of independent terms of constraints, from $\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 12 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ to $\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 13 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$.
- c) Changing the coefficient of variable x_2 in the objective function, from 2 to -2.
- d) Introduction of a new variable x_{New} with coefficients in the constraints equal to $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ and coefficient in the objective function equal to 3.

3. Consider the following linear programming problem:

$$\text{Maximize } z = 5x_1 + 2x_2$$

subject to

$$x_1 + 2x_2 \leq 2 \quad (1)$$

$$3x_1 + x_2 \geq 3 \quad (2)$$

$$x_1 \geq 0, x_2 \geq 0$$

- a) Solve it by the graphical method;

Consider that the same problem was solved by the simplex method, with x_3 and x_5 the surplus and artificial variables of the functional constraint (2), and x_4 the slack variable of the functional constraint (1), having obtained the following optimal *simplex* tableau:

x_B	$c_B \setminus x_j$	c_j	5	2	0	0	-M	
x_B	$c_B \setminus x_j$		x_1	x_2	x_3	x_4	x_5	b
x_3	0		0	5	1	3	-1	3
x_1	5		1	2	0	1	0	2
$z_j - c_j$			0	8	0	5	M	10

For each of the following changes in the initial problem, determine, using the post-optimization analysis, what happens to the optimal picture, the optimal solution x^* and the value of z^* , previously obtained.

- b) Changing the objective function to Minimize $z=2x_1 + 6x_2$.
- c) Introduction of a new variable x_{New} , with coefficients in the constraints equal to $\begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$, and coefficient 1 in the objective function.
- d) Changing the vector of the coefficients of the variable x_1 in the constraints, from $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$ for $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3/2 \end{bmatrix}$.
- e) Introduction of a new functional constraint in the problem: $x_1 + x_2 \geq 3$.

4. Consider the following linear programming problem:

$$\text{Maximize } z = 4x_1 + 5x_2 - 2x_3 + x_4$$

subject to

$$2x_1 + 2x_2 + 3x_3 \leq 10 \quad (1)$$

$$2x_1 - x_2 + 2x_4 \leq 5 \quad (2)$$

$$x_1 \geq 0, x_2 \geq 0, x_3 \geq 0, x_4 \geq 0$$

Considering x_5 and x_6 the slack variables of the functional constraints (1) and (2), respectively, the *simplex* optimal tableau is:

x_B	$c_B \setminus x_j$	c_j	4	5	-2	1	0	0	b
			x_1	x_2	x_3	x_4	x_5	x_6	
x_2	5		1	1	3/2	0	1/2	0	5
x_4	1		3/2	0	3/4	1	1/4	1/2	5
		$z_j - c_j$	5/2	0	41/4	0	11/4	1/2	30

- a) Suppose that a new variable x_{New} was added to the problem, whose coefficient in the objective function is 5, and the coefficients in the functional constraints are $\begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$.

Determine the implications for the optimal solution resulting from this alteration.

- b) Determine for which interval of b_1 (independent term of the 1st constraint), the optimal basis presented above will remain optimal.
- c) Determine for which intervals of c_1 and c_4 (coefficients of x_1 and x_4 in the objective function, respectively), the solution above will remain optimal. Analyze the coefficients separately.

5. Consider the following linear programming problem:

$$\text{Maximize } z = 3x_1 + x_2 + 3x_3$$

subject to

$$x_1 + 2x_3 \leq 3 \quad (1)$$

$$x_1 + 3x_2 + 3x_3 \leq 6 \quad (2)$$

$$5x_1 + 5x_2 + x_3 \geq 5 \quad (3)$$

$$x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0$$

Considering x_4 and x_7 the surplus and artificial variables of the functional constraint (3), and x_5 and x_6 the slack variables of the functional constraints (1) and (2), respectively, the optimal *simplex* tableau is as follows in the next page.

x_B	$c_B \setminus x_i$	c_i	3	1	3	0	0	0	-M	
			x_1	x_2	x_3	x_4	x_5	x_6	x_7	b
x_4	0		0	0	32/3	1	10/3	5/3	-1	15
x_2	1		0	1	1/3	0	-1/3	1/3	0	1
x_1	3		1	0	2	0	1	0	0	3
$z_j - c_j$			0	0	10/3	0	8/3	1/3	M	10

- a) Determine, by carrying out a sensitivity analysis study, for which interval of c_2 , coefficient of x_2 in the objective function, the optimal solution presented above remains optimal.
- b) Determine, by carrying out a sensitivity analysis study, for which interval of b_2 (independent term of the 2nd constraint), the optimal basis presented above remains optimal.

For each of the following changes in the initial problem, determine, by carrying out a post-optimization study, what are the implications for the optimal solution presented (in the value of x^* , in the value of z^* and in the optimal basis), resulting from the variation:

- c) Changing of independent terms of constraints from $\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 6 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$ to $\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 3 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$;
- d) Changing the coefficients of variable x_1 in the constraints from $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$ to $\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \\ 17 \end{bmatrix}$;
- e) Introduction of a new variable x_{New} with coefficients in the functional constraints, $P_{\text{New}} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$, and coefficient in the objective function, $c_{\text{New}} = 2$;
- f) Changing the coefficient of variable x_1 in the objective function from 3 to 4.

6. Consider the following linear programming problem:

$$\text{Maximize } z = x_1 + 3x_2$$

subject to

$$x_1 + 2x_2 \leq 16 \quad (1)$$

$$x_1 + x_2 \leq 12 \quad (2)$$

$$x_1 - 2x_2 \leq 8 \quad (3)$$

$$x_1 \geq 0, x_2 \geq 0$$

Considering x_3 , x_4 and x_5 the slack variables of the functional constraints (1), (2), and (3) respectively, the *simplex* optimal tableau is the one presented in the next page.

x_B	$c_B \setminus x_i$	c_i	x_1	x_2	x_3	x_4	x_5	b
x_2	3		1/2	1	1/2	0	0	8
x_4	0		1/2	0	-1/2	1	0	4
x_5	0		2	0	1	0	1	24
	$z_j - c_j$		1/2	0	3/2	0	0	24

- a) For each of the following changes in the initial problem, determine, by carrying out a post-optimization study, what are the implications for the optimal solution presented (in the value of x^* , in the value of z^* and in the optimal basis), resulting from the variation:

- 1) Change in the vector of the independent terms of the constraints from $\begin{bmatrix} 16 \\ 12 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix}$ to $\begin{bmatrix} 12 \\ 10 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix}$;
- 2) The coefficient in the objective function of variable x_2 has changed from $c_2=3$ to $c_2=2$;
- 3) Addition of a new functional constraint to the initial problem: $2x_1 + x_2 \leq 10$;
- 4) Introduction of a new variable x_{New} with coefficients in the functional constraints equal to $\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$, and coefficient in the objective function equal to 2.

- b) Determine, by carrying out a sensitivity analysis study, for which interval of c_1 (coefficient of x_1 in the objective function), the optimal solution presented above will remain optimal.

7. Consider the following linear programming problem:

$$\text{Maximize } z = -1x_1 + 5x_2 + 2x_3 - x_4$$

subject to

$$x_1 + x_2 - 2x_3 + 3x_4 \leq 60 \quad (1)$$

$$5x_1 + 4x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 \leq 100 \quad (2)$$

$$2x_1 + x_2 + 3x_3 + 5x_4 \leq 20 \quad (3)$$

$$x_1 \geq 0, x_2 \geq 0, x_3 \geq 0, x_4 \geq 0$$

Considering x_5, x_6 and x_7 the slack variables of the functional constraints (1), (2) and (3) respectively, the *simplex* optimal tableau is the one presented in the next page.

x_B	$c_B \setminus x_i$	c_i	-1	5	2	-1	0	0	0	b
			x_1	x_2	x_3	x_4	x_5	x_6	x_7	
x_5	0		-1	0	-5	-2	1	0	-1	40
x_6	0		-3	0	-11	-18	0	1	-4	20
x_2	5		2	1	3	5	0	0	1	20
		$z_j - c_j$	11	0	13	26	0	0	5	100

- a) For each of the following changes in the initial problem, determine, by carrying out a post-optimization study, what are the implications for the optimal solution presented (in the value of x^* , in the value of z^* , and in the optimal basis), resulting from the variation:

- 1) Change in the vector of the terms independent of the constraints from $\begin{bmatrix} 60 \\ 100 \\ 20 \end{bmatrix}$ to $\begin{bmatrix} 30 \\ 120 \\ 20 \end{bmatrix}$;
- 2) The vector of the coefficients of variable x_1 in the functional constraint has changed from $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 5 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$ to $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$;
- 3) Introduction of a new variable x_{New} with coefficients in the functional constraints equal to $\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ and coefficient in the objective function equal to 3.

- b) Determine, by carrying out a sensitivity analysis study, for which interval of c_2 (coefficient of x_2 in the objective function), the optimal solution presented above will remain optimal.
- c) Determine, by carrying out a sensitivity analysis study, for which interval of c_3 (coefficient of x_3 in the objective function), the optimal solution presented above will remain optimal.

8. Consider the following linear programming problem:

$$\text{Maximize } z = x_1 + 3x_2$$

subject to

$$2x_1 + x_2 \geq 5 \quad (1)$$

$$x_1 + 2x_2 \leq 20 \quad (2)$$

$$x_1 \leq 10 \quad (3)$$

$$x_1 \geq 0, x_2 \geq 0$$

Considering x_3 and x_4 the surplus and artificial variables of the functional constraint (1), and x_5 and x_6 the slack variables of the functional constraints (2) and (3), respectively, the *simplex* optimal tableau is the one presented in the next page.

x_B	$c_B \setminus x_i$	c_i	1	3	0	-M	0	0	b
x_1	x_2	x_3	x_4	x_5	x_6				
x_2	3		1/2	1	0	0	1/2	0	10
x_3	0		-1/2	0	1	-1	1/2	0	5
x_6	0		1	0	0	0	0	1	10
$z_j - c_j$			1/2	0	0	M	3/2	0	30

- a) For each of the following changes in the initial problem, determine, by carrying out a post-optimization study, what are the implications for the optimal solution presented (in the value of x^* , in the value of z^* and in the optimal basis), resulting from the variation:
- 1) Change in the vector of terms independent of the constraints from $\begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 20 \\ 10 \end{bmatrix}$ to $\begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 10 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix}$;
 - 2) Change in the coefficient of variable x_2 in the objective function, from 3 to 2;
 - 3) Addition of a functional new constraint to the problem: $2x_1 + x_2 \leq 20$;
- b) Determine, by carrying out a sensitivity analysis study, for which interval of b_1 (independent term of the 1st constraint), the optimal basis presented above will remain optimal.
- c) Determine, by carrying out a sensitivity analysis study, for which interval of b_2 (independent term of the 2nd constraint), the optimal basis presented above will remain optimal.

9. Consider the following single-purpose linear programming problem:

$$\text{Maximize } z = 2x_1 + x_2$$

subject to

$$x_1 + x_2 \leq 12 \quad (1)$$

$$2x_1 + x_2 \geq 6 \quad (2)$$

$$x_2 \leq 9 \quad (3)$$

$$x_1 \geq 0, x_2 \geq 0$$

Considering x_3 and x_5 the surplus and artificial variables of the functional constraint (2), and x_4 and x_6 the slack variables of the functional constraints (1) and (3) respectively, the *simplex* optimal tableau is the one presented in the next page.

x_B	$c_B \setminus x_i$	c_i	x_1	x_2	x_3	x_4	x_5	x_6	b
x_3	0	2	0	1	1	2	-1	0	18
x_1	2	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	12
x_6	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	9
$z_j - c_j$		0	1	0	2	M	0		24

- a) For each of the following changes in the initial problem, determine, by carrying out a post-optimization study, what are the implications for the optimal solution presented (in the value of x^* , in the value of z^* and in the optimal basis), resulting from the variation:
- 1) Change in the coefficient of variable x_2 in the objective function, from 1 to 2;
 - 2) Introduction of a new variable, x_{New} , with coefficients in the constraints equal to $\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$, and coefficient in the objective function equal to 5;
 - 3) Addition of a new functional constraint to the problem: $x_1 - 2x_2 \leq 6$;
- b) Determine, by carrying out a sensitivity analysis study, for which interval of c_1 (coefficient of x_1 in the objective function), the optimal solution presented above will remain optimal.