

Homework 02: Peak Finding Problem

Due Apr. 4, 2019

Instruction

Submit your answer to this question via PC² under your account by the posted due time. No late submissions will be accepted. Note that homework is opened-book, but no outside assistance is permitted.

Problem

Given an array of integers. Find a peak element in it. An array element is peak if it is NOT smaller than its neighbors. For example, for input array {5, 10, 20, 15}, 20 is the only peak element.

For corner elements, we need to consider only one neighbor. Following corner cases give better idea about the problem.

- 1) If input array is sorted in strictly increasing order, the last element is always a peak element. For example, 50 is peak element in {10, 20, 30, 40, 50}.
- 2) If input array is sorted in strictly decreasing order, the first element is always a peak element. 100 is the peak element in {100, 80, 60, 50, 20}.
- 3) If all elements of input array are same, every element is a peak element.

Sample input

5,10,20,15

100,80,60,50,20

10,20,30,40,50

Sample output

Find it! The peak element is 20

Find it! The peak element is 100

Find it! The peak element is 50

