## ISTQB Sample Question Paper - VIII

- 1. The process starting with the terminal modules is called
  - a. Top-down integration
  - b. Bottom-up integration
  - c. None of the above
  - d. Module integration
  - 2. The inputs for developing a test plan are taken from
  - a. Project plan
  - b. Business plan
  - c. Support plan
  - d. None of the above
  - 3. If an expected result is not specified then:
  - a. We cannot run the test
  - b. It may be difficult to repeat the test
  - c. It may be difficult to determine if the test has passed or failed
  - d. We cannot automate the user inputs
  - 4. Which of the following could be a reason for a failure
  - 1) Testing fault
  - 2) Software fault
  - 3) Design fault
  - 4) Environment Fault
  - 5) Documentation Fault
  - a. 2 is a valid reason; 1,3,4 & 5 are not
  - b. 1,2,3,4 are valid reasons; 5 is not
  - c. 1,2,3 are valid reasons; 4 & 5 are not
  - d. All of them are valid reasons for failure
  - 5. Test are prioritized so that:
  - a. You shorten the time required for testing
  - b. You do the best testing in the time available
  - c. You do more effective testing
  - d. You find more faults
  - 6. Which of the following is not a static testing technique
  - a. Error guessing
  - b. Walkthrough
  - c. Data flow analysis
  - d. Inspections
  - 7. Which of the following statements about component testing is not true?
  - a. Component testing should be performed by development
  - b. Component testing is also know as isolation or module testing
  - c. Component testing should have completion criteria planned
  - d. Component testing does not involve regression testing
  - 8. During which test activity could faults be found most cost effectively?
  - a. Execution
  - b. Design
  - c. Planning
  - d. Check Exit criteria completion

- 9. Which, in general, is the least required skill of a good tester?
- a. Being diplomatic
- b. Able to write software
- c. Having good attention to detail
- d. Able to be relied on
- 10. The purpose of requirement phase is
- a. To freeze requirements
- b. To understand user needs
- c. To define the scope of testing
- d. All of the above
- 11. Verification is:
- a. Checking that we are building the right system
- b. Checking that we are building the system right
- c. Performed by an independent test team
- d. Making sure that it is what the user really wants
- 12. A regression test:
- a. Will always be automated
- b. Will help ensure unchanged areas of the software have not been affected
- c. Will help ensure changed areas of the software have not been affected
- d. Can only be run during user acceptance testing
- 13. Function/Test matrix is a type of
- a. Interim Test report
- b. Final test report
- c. Project status report
- d. Management report
- 14. Defect Management process does not include
- a. Defect prevention
- b. Deliverable base-lining
- c. Management reporting
- d. None of the above
- 15. What is the difference between testing software developed by contractor outside your country, versus testing software developed by a contractor within your country?
- a. Does not meet people needs
- b. Cultural difference
- c. Loss of control over reallocation of resources
- d. Relinquishments of control
- 16. Software testing accounts to what percent of software development costs?
- a. 10-20
- b. 40-50
- c. 70-80
- d. 5-10
- 17. A reliable system will be one that:
- a. Is unlikely to be completed on schedule
- b. Is unlikely to cause a failure
- c. Is likely to be fault-free

- d. Is likely to be liked by the users
- 18. How much testing is enough
- a. This question is impossible to answer
- b. The answer depends on the risks for your industry, contract and special requirements
- c. The answer depends on the maturity of your developers
- d. The answer should be standardized for the software development industry
- 19. Which of the following is not a characteristic for Testability?
- a. Operability
- b. Observability
- c. Simplicity
- d. Robustness
- 20. Cyclomatic Complexity method comes under which testing method.
- a. White box
- b. Black box
- c. Green box
- d. Yellow box
- 21. Which of these can be successfully tested using Loop Testing methodology?
- a. Simple Loops
- b. Nested Loops
- c. Concatenated Loops
- d. All of the above
- 22. To test a function, the programmer has to write a \_\_\_\_\_, which calls the function and passes it test data.
- a. Stub
- b. Driver
- c. Proxy
- d. None of the above
- 23. Equivalence partitioning is:
- a. A black box testing technique used only by developers
- b. A black box testing technique than can only be used during system testing
- c. A black box testing technique appropriate to all levels of testing
- d. A white box testing technique appropriate for component testing
- 24. When a new testing tool is purchased, it should be used first by:
- a. A small team to establish the best way to use the tool
- b. Everyone who may eventually have some use for the tool
- c. The independent testing team
- d. The vendor contractor to write the initial scripts
- 25. Inspections can find all the following except
- a. Variables not defined in the code
- b. Spelling and grammar faults in the documents
- c. Requirements that have been omitted from the design documents
- d. How much of the code has been covered

Beset Wishes!!

## Answers:

- 1)- b 14) b
- 2)- a 15) b 3)- c 16) b
- 4)- d 17) b
- 5)- b 18) b 6)- a 19) d
- 7)- d 20) a
- 8)-c21)-d
- 9) b 22) b 10) d 23) c 11) -b 24) a
- 12) b 25) d
- 13) c