

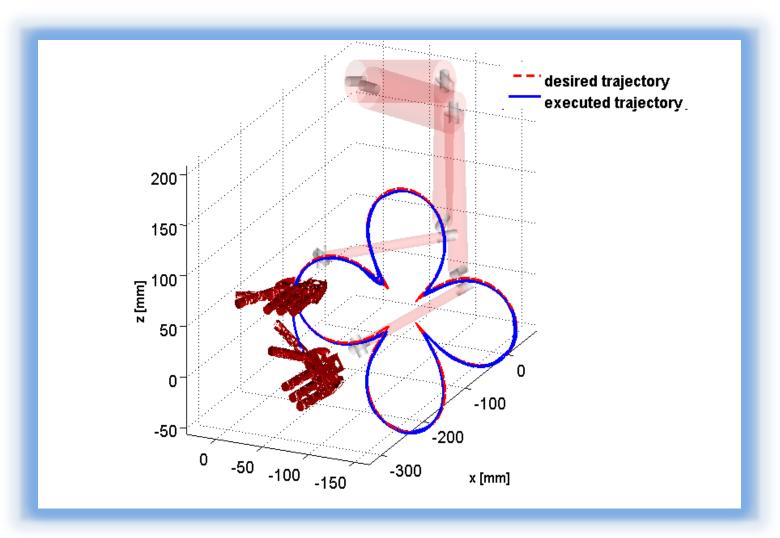
Outline

- ➤ Theory: Cartesian Controller
- ➤ Theory: Gaze Controller

- **≻**Installation
- **➤**Tutorials

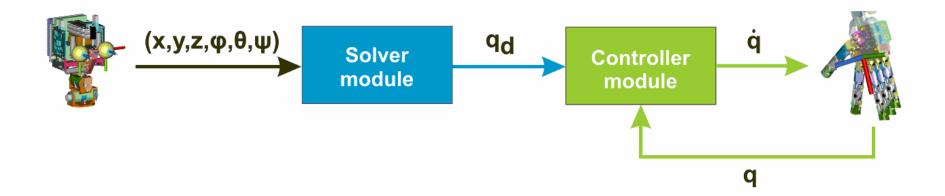


The Problem





Cartesian Controller Structure





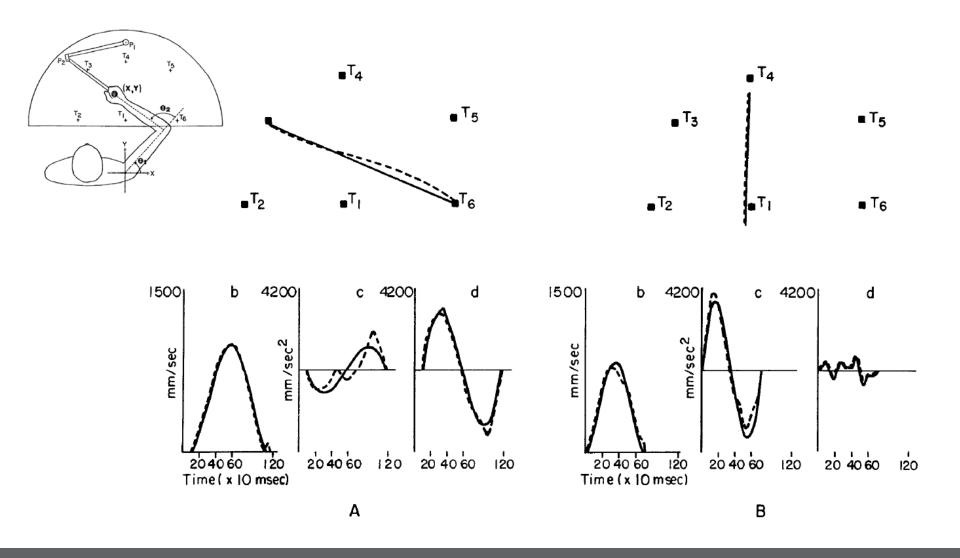
The Solver: the IpOpt choice

$$\tilde{q}_{d} = \arg\min_{q \in \mathbb{R}^{n}} \left(\left\| \alpha_{d} - K_{\alpha} \left(q \right) \right\|^{2} + \lambda \cdot \left(q_{\text{rest}} - q \right)^{T} W \left(q_{\text{rest}} - q \right) \right)$$
s.t.
$$\begin{cases} \left\| x_{d} - K_{x} \left(q \right) \right\|^{2} < \varepsilon \\ q_{L} < q < q_{U} \\ \text{other obstacles ...} \end{cases}$$

- ➤Quick convergence (real-time compliant: < 20 ms)</p>
- **≻**Scalability
- Singularities and joints bound handling
- ➤ Tasks hierarchy
- ➤ Complex constraints

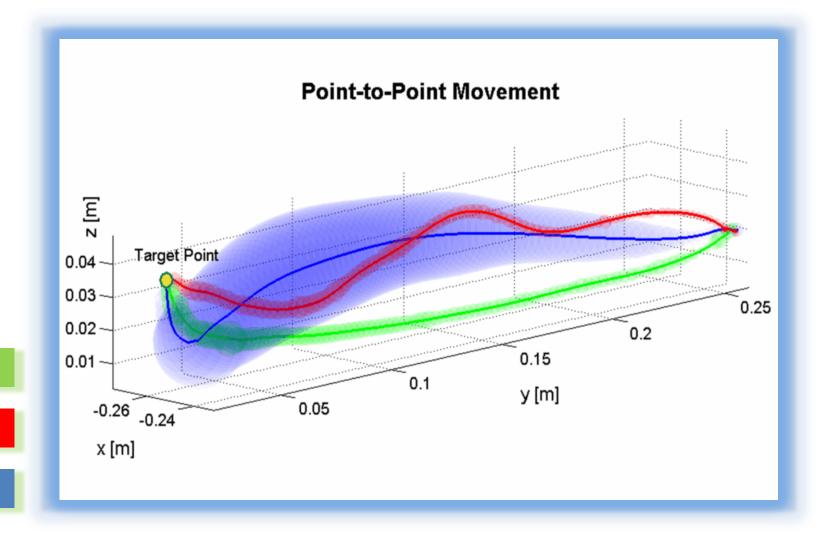


The Controller: Trajectory Generation





Evaluation: the P₂P case



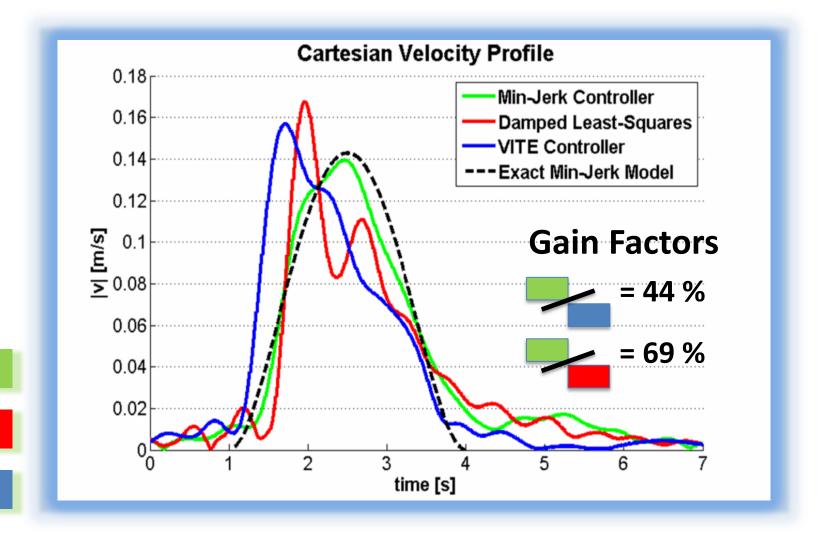
Min-Jerk

DLS

VITE



Is it Minimum-Jerk in the Task-Space?



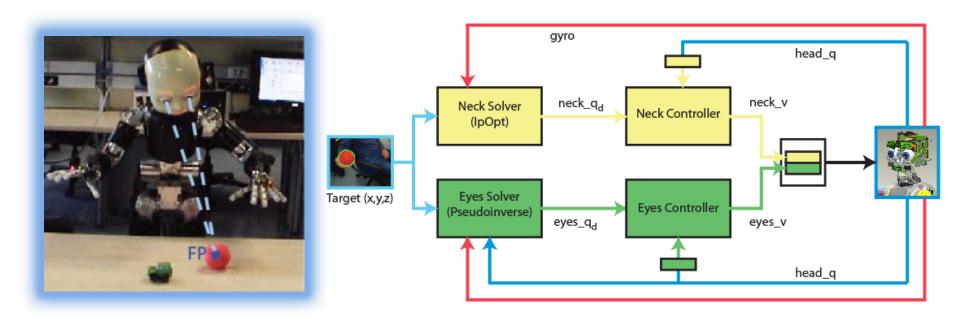
Min-Jerk

DLS

VITE



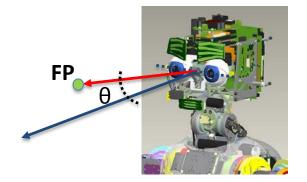
The Gaze Controller (1/7)



Yet another Cartesian Controller: reuse ideas ...

Then, apply easy transformations from Cartesian to ...

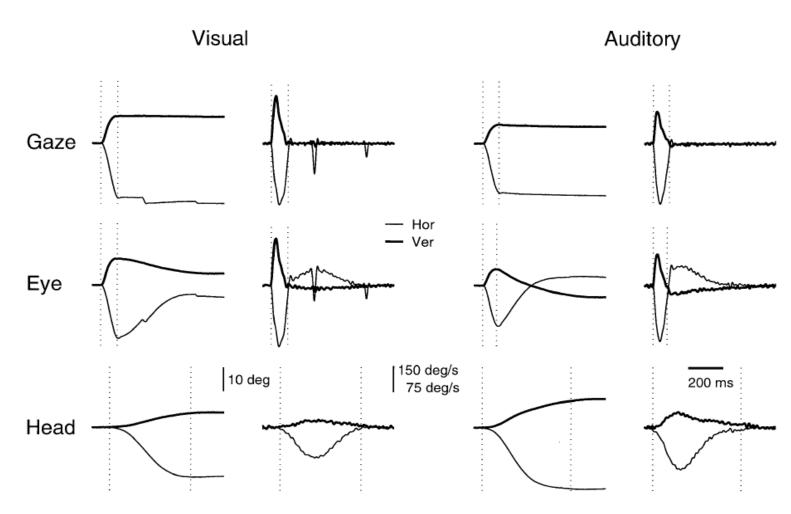
- 1. Egocentric angular space
- 2. Image planes (mono and stereo)





The Gaze Controller (2/7)

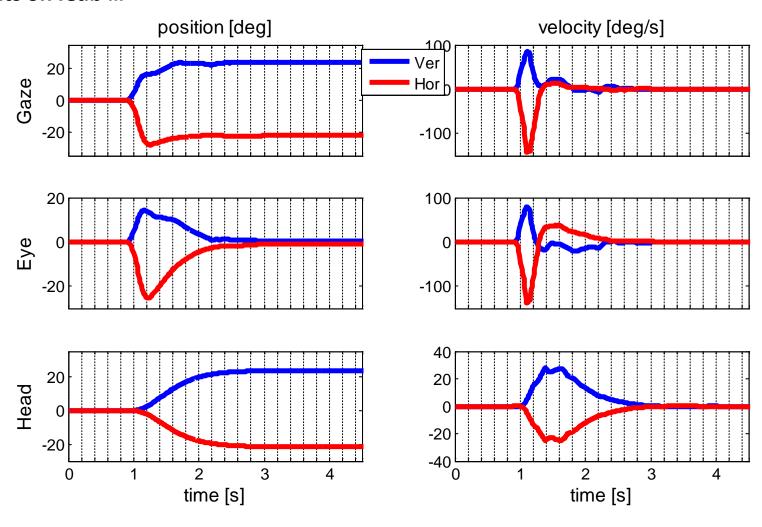
Studies on humans ...





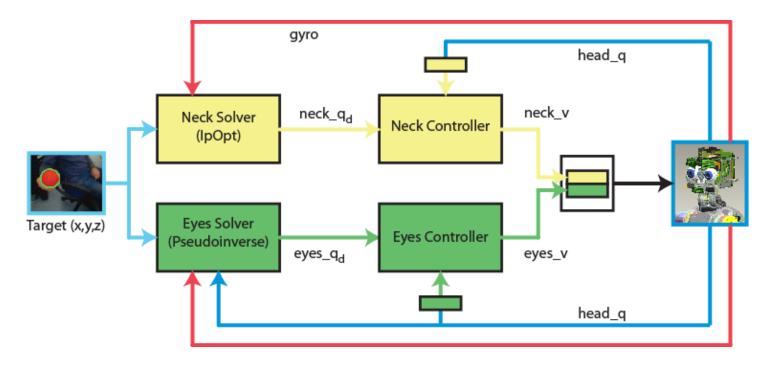
The Gaze Controller (3/7)

Results on iCub ...



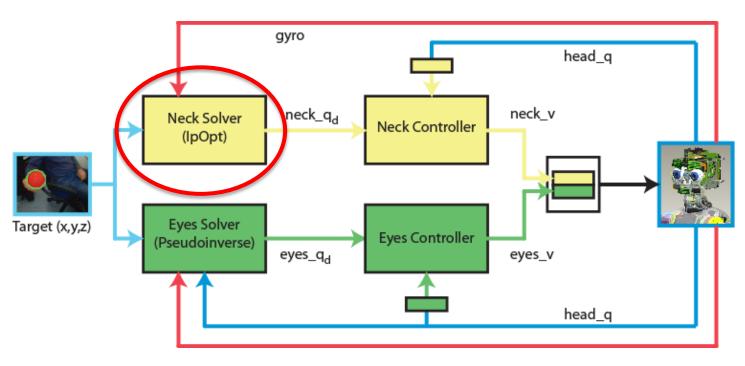


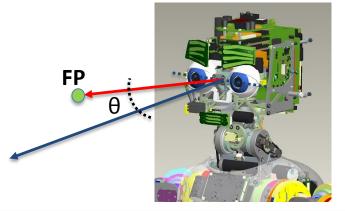
The Gaze Controller (4/7)





The Gaze Controller (5/7)

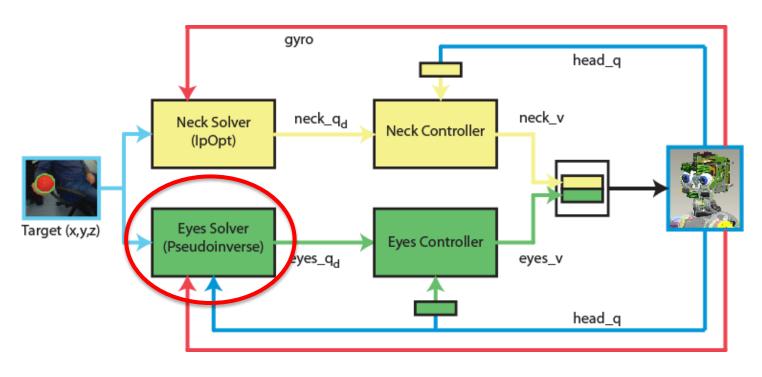




$$\begin{split} q_{\text{neck}}^* &= \arg\min_{q_{\text{neck}} \in \mathbb{R}^3} \left\| q_{\text{rest}} - q_{\text{neck}} \right\|^2 \\ \text{s.t.} & \left\{ \cos\left(\theta\left(q_{\text{neck}}\right)\right) > 1 - \varepsilon \right. \\ \left. q_{\text{neck}_L} < q_{\text{neck}} < q_{\text{neck}_U} \right. \end{split}$$



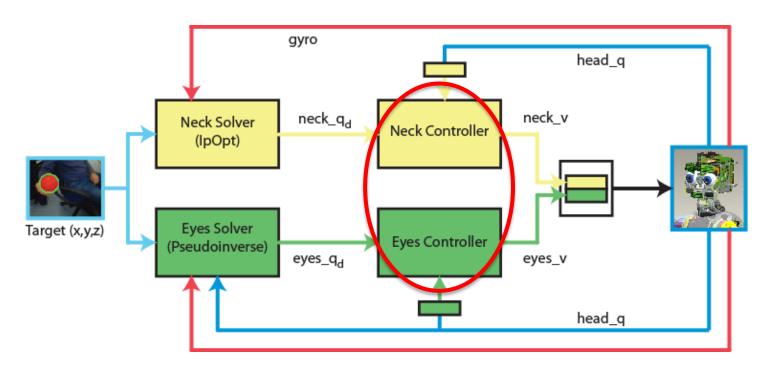
The Gaze Controller (6/7)



$$\begin{aligned} q_{\text{eyes}}^* &= \arg\min_{q_{\text{eyes}} \in \mathbb{R}^3} \left\| FP_d - K_{FP} \left(q_{\text{eyes}} \right) \right\|^2 \\ q_{\text{eyes}_{t+1}} &= q_{\text{eyes}_t} + \Delta T \left(G \cdot J^\# \cdot \left(FP_d - K_{FP} \left(q_{\text{eyes}_t} \right) \right) - \dot{q}_c \right) \end{aligned}$$



The Gaze Controller (7/7)



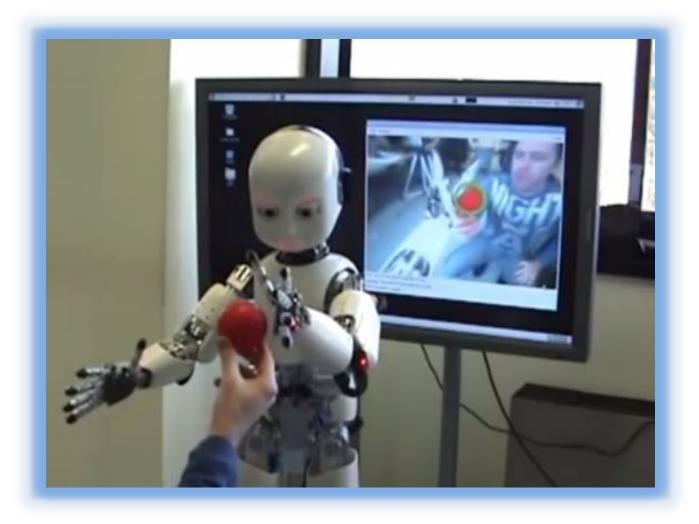
$$\frac{\dot{q}_{\text{neck}}}{q_{\text{neck}_d} - q_{\text{neck}}} = \frac{-a/T_{\text{neck}}}{s^2 - (c/T_{\text{neck}}^3)s - b/T_{\text{neck}}^2}$$
$$\frac{\dot{q}_{\text{eyes}}}{q_{\text{eyes}_d} - q_{\text{eyes}}} = \frac{-a/T_{\text{eyes}}}{s^2 - (c/T_{\text{eyes}}^3)s - b/T_{\text{eyes}}^2}$$



<u>Feed Forward</u> term delivered with low-level Position Control to implement <u>fast saccades</u>



An old video...



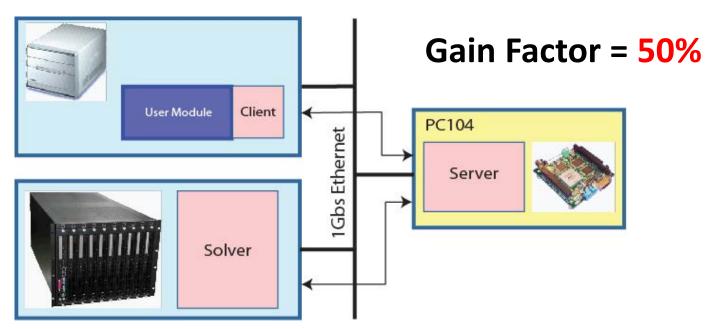
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LMGSok5tN4A



Software Development

Abstraction Layers from low to high:

- 1. Open-source library iKin for generic kinematic chains (vs. KDL)
- 2. Design YARP Cartesian Interfaces



Function Call → Task-Space Movement



Enabling Device Drivers (1/2)

IpOpt installation: http://wiki.icub.org/wiki/Installing IPOPT

Tick the drivers from within the CMake mask

```
ENABLE icubmod canmotioncontrol
ENABLE icubmod cartesiancontrollerclient
ENABLE icubmod cartesiancontrollerserver
ENABLE_icubmod_cfw2can
ENABLE_icubmod_debugInterfaceClient
ENABLE_icubmod_dragonfly2
ENABLE_icubmod_ecan
ENABLE_icubmod_esdsniffer
ENABLE icubmod fakecan
ENABLE_icubmod_gazecontrollerclient
ENABLE icubmod icubarmcalibrator
ENABLE_icubmod_icubarmcalibratorj4
ENABLE_icubmod_icubarmcalibratorj8
ENABLE_icubmod_icubhandcalibrator
ENABLE icubmod icubheadcalibrator
```



Enabling Device Drivers (2/2)

Check the final availability with "icubmoddev --list"

```
C:\DEV\work>icubmoddev --list

Here are devices listed for your system:

Device "test_grabber", C++ class TestFrameGrabber, wrapped by "grabber"

Device "test_motor", C++ class TestMotor, wrapped by "controlboard"

Device "remote_grabber", C++ class RemoteFrameGrabber, wrapped by "grabber"

Device "grabber", C++ class ServerFrameGrabber, is a network wrapper.

Device "inertial", C++ class ServerInertial, is a network wrapper.

Device "sound_grabber", C++ class ServerSoundGrabber, is a network wrapper.

Device "pipe", C++ class DevicePipe, has no network wrapper

Device "group", C++ class DeviceGroup, has no network wrapper

Device "remote_controlboard", C++ class RemoteControlBoard, wrapped by "controlboard"

Device "controlboard", C++ class ServerControlBoard, is a network wrapper.

Device "analogsensorclient", C++ class AnalogSensorclient, has no network wrapper

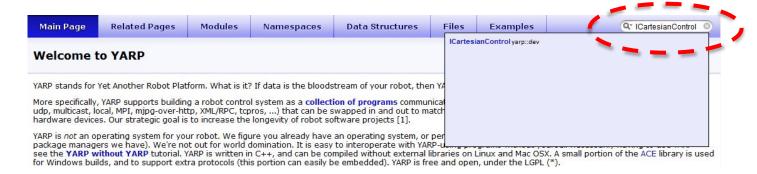
Device "cartesiancontrollerserver", C++ class ServerCartesianController, wrapped by "cartesiancontrollerclient"

Device "gazecontrollerclient", C++ class ClientCartesianController, is a network wrapper.
```



Interfaces Documentation

In the search field: type ICartesianControl/IGazeControl



Public Member Functions

virtual	~ICartesianControl () Destructor.
virtual bool	Set Tracking Mode (const bool f)=0 Set the controller in tracking or non-tracking mode. Doxygen Documentation
virtual bool	getTrackingMode (bool *f)=0 Get the current controller mode.
virtual bool	getPose (yarp::sig::Vector &x, yarp::sig::Vector &o)=0 Get the current pose of the end-effector.
virtual bool	getPose (const int axis, yarp::sig::Vector &x, yarp::sig::Vector &o)=0 Get the current pose of the specified link belonging to the kinematic chain.
virtual bool	goToPose (const yarp::sig::Vector &xd, const yarp::sig::Vector &od, const double t=0.0)=0 Move the end-effector to a specified pose (position and orientation) in cartesian space.
virtual bool	goToPosition (const yarp::sig::Vector &xd, const double t=0.0)=0 Move the end-effector to a specified position in cartesian space, ignore the orientation.
virtual bool	goToPoseSync (const yarp::sig::Vector &xd, const yarp::sig::Vector &od, const double t=0.0)=0 Move the end-effector to a specified pose (position and orientation) in cartesian space.
virtual bool	goToPositionSync (const yarp::sig::Vector &xd, const double t=0.0)=0 Move the end-effector to a specified position in cartesian space, ignore the orientation.
virtual bool	getDesired (yarp::sig::Vector &xdhat, yarp::sig::Vector &odhat, yarp::sig::Vector &qdhat)=0 Get the actual desired pose and joints configuration as result of kinematic inversion.
virtual bool	askForPose (const yarp::sig::Vector &xd, const yarp::sig::Vector &od, yarp::sig::Vector &xdhat, yarp::sig::Vector &odhat, yarp::sig::Vector &qdhat)=0 Ask for inverting a given pose without actually moving there.
virtual bool	askForPose (const yarp::sig::Vector &q0, const yarp::sig::Vector &xd, const yarp::sig::Vector &xd, yarp::sig::Vector &xdhat, yarp::sig::Vector &xdha
virtual bool	askForPosition (const yarp::sig::Vector &xd, yarp::sig::Vector &xdhat, yarp::sig::Vector &odhat, yarp::sig::Vector &qdhat)=0 Ask for inverting a given position without actually moving there.



Interfaces Tutorials



The iCub manual



iCub hardware SVN





Yarp software 🚱

- Software most of the software (including iCub modules)
- Applications a list of documented applications (collections of modules)
- Tutorials a set of tutorials to learn how to use the software
- The documentation for contributed software is here: Contrib documentation
- Programmer's checklist:
 - Compile status check if your code is compiling on a test server
 - Licensing have you declared your authorship, and rights granted?
 - Coding guidelines some tips on how to write your code
 - Modules and CMake some tips on how to make your code compilable
 - Committing to the repository things to check before committing files to the repository
- Reference material:
 - The The iCub manual
 The RobotCub Website.
 - · Getting the software.
 - · Our software architecture, YARP.
- . The classic hello world how to write the very first program
- Getting accustomed with motor interfaces a tutorial on how to use the motor interfaces
- Getting accustomed with torque/impedance interfaces a tutorial on how to use the joint level torque/impedance interface
- Basic Image Processing a tutorial on a basic image processing
- The Resource Finder Class (basic) a tutorial on how to organize the command line parameters of your modules
- The ResourgeFinder Class (advanced) organizing parameters: advanced tutorial
- The RFModule Class a tutorial on how to use the module helper class to write a program
- The RateTiffead Class a tutorial on how to write a control loop using threads
- ✓ The Cartesian Interface a tutorial on how to control a robot's limb in the operational space
- The Gaze Interface a tytorial on how to control the robot gaze through a Yarp interface
- A short introduction to iDyn a short introduction to the iDyn library
 - Computation of torques in a single chain, using iDyn how to compute torques in a single chain, using iDyn library



Interfaces Communalities (1/4)

CMAKE

```
find_package(ICUB)
...
include_directories($ICUB_INCLUDE_DIRS)
...
target_link_libraries(${PROJECTNAME} icubmod)
```

CODE SKELETON

```
#include <yarp/dev/all.h>
YARP_DECLARE_DEVICES(icubmod)
...
int main()
{
YARP_REGISTER_DEVICES(icubmod)
...
}
```



Interfaces Communalities (2/4)

OPENING THE CARTESIAN INTERFACE

```
Property option;

option.put("device","cartesiancontrollerclient");
option.put("remote","/icub/cartesianController/right_arm");
option.put("local","/client/right_arm");

PolyDriver clientCartCtrl(option);

ICartesianControl *icart=NULL;
if (clientCartCtrl.isValid()) {
    clientCartCtrl.view(icart);
}
```



Interfaces Communalities (3/4)

OPENING THE GAZE INTERFACE

```
Property option;

option.put("device", "gazecontrollerclient");
option.put("remote", "/iKinGazeCtrl");
option.put("local", "/client/gaze");

PolyDriver clientGazeCtrl(option);

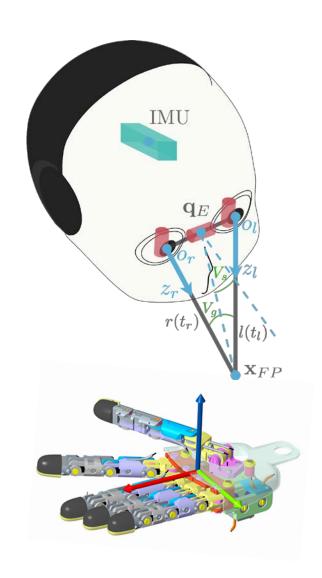
IGazeControl *igaze=NULL;
if (clientGazeCtrl.isValid()) {
    clientGazeCtrl.view(igaze);
}
```



Interfaces Communalities (4/4)

Coordinate Systems





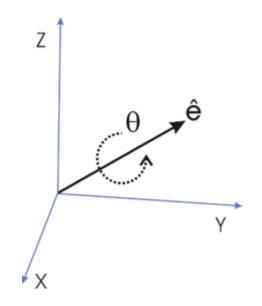


Cartesian Interface (1/7)

Orientation: Axis-Angle

$$r = \left[e_x \, e_y \, e_z \, \theta \right]$$

$$\|e\| = 1$$



TARGET ORIENTATION through DIRECTION COSINE MATRIX



Cartesian Interface (2/7)

RETRIEVE CURRENT POSE

```
Vector x,o;
icart->getPose(x,o);
```

REACH FOR A TARGET POSE (SEND-AND-FORGET)

```
icart->goToPose(xd,od);
icart->goToPosition(xd);
```

REACH FOR A TARGET POSE (WAIT-FOR-REPLY)

```
icart->goToPoseSync(xd,od);
icart->goToPositionSync(xd);
```

REACH AND WAIT

```
icart->goToPoseSync(xd,od);
icart->waitMotionDone();
```



Cartesian Interface (3/7)

ASK FOR A POSE (without moving)

```
Vector xdhat,odhat;
icart->askForPose(xd,xdhat,odhat,qdhat);
```

MOVE FASTER/SLOWER

```
icart->setTrajTime(1.5); // point-to-point trajectory time
```

REACH WITH GIVEN PRECISION

```
icart->setInTargetTol(0.001);
```

KEEP THE POSE ONCE DONE

```
icart->setTrackingMode(true);
```



Cartesian Interface (4/7)

ENABLE/DISABLE DOF

```
Vector curDof;
icart->getDOF(curDof); // [0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1]

Vector newDof(3);
newDof[0]=1; // torso pitch: 1 => enable
newDof[1]=2; // torso roll: 2 => skip
newDof[2]=1; // torso yaw: 1 => enable
icart->setDOF(newDof,curDof);
```

GIVE PRIORITY TO REACHING IN POSITION/ORIENTATION

```
icart->setPosePriority("position"); // default
icart->setPosePriority("orientation");
```



Cartesian Interface (5/7)

CONTEXT SWITCH

```
icart->setDOF(newDof1,curDof1);  // prepare the context
icart->setTrackingMode(true);
int context_0;
icart->storeContext(&context_0);  // Latch the context

icart->setDOF(newDof2,curDof2);  // perform some actions
icart->goToPose(x,o);

icart->restoreContext(context_0);  // retrieve context_0
icart->goToPose(x,o);  // perform with context_0
```



Cartesian Interface (6/7)

DEFINING A DIFFERENT EFFECTOR

```
iCubFinger finger("right index");
Vector encs; iencs->getEncoders(encs.data());
Vector joints; finger.getChainJoints(encs,joints);
Matrix tipFrame=finger.getH((M_PI/180.0)*joints);
Vector tip x=tipFrame.getCol(3);
Vector tip_o=ctrl::dcm2axis(tipFrame);
icart->attachTipFrame(tip x,tip o);
icart->getPose(x,o);
icart->goToPose(xd,od);
icart->removeTipFrame();
```



Cartesian Interface (7/7)

Find out more (e.g. **Events Callbacks** ...): http://wiki.icub.org/iCub/main/dox/html/icub_cartesian_interface.html

USING THE INTERFACE ALONG WITH THE SIMULATOR

```
1> iCub_SIM
2> simCartesianControl
3> iKinCartesianSolver --context simCartesianControl --part left_arm

option.put("device","cartesiancontrollerclient");
option.put("remote","/icubSim/cartesianController/left_arm");
option.put("local","/client/right_arm");
```



Gaze Interface (1/4)

GET CURRENT FIXATION POINT IN CARTESIAN DOMAIN

```
Vector x;
igaze->getFixationPoint(x);
```

GET CURRENT FIXATION POINT IN ANGULAR DOMAIN

```
Vector ang;
igaze->getAngles(ang);
// ang[0] => azimuth [deg]
// ang[1] => elevation [deg]
// ang[2] => vergence [deg]
```

LOOK AT 3D POINT

```
igaze->lookAtFixationPoint(xd);
```

... IN ANGULAR DOMAIN

```
igaze->lookAtAbsAngles(ang);
igaze->lookAtRelAngles(ang);
```



Gaze Interface (2/4)

LOOK AT POINT IN IMAGE DOMAIN

```
int camSel=0; // 0 => left, 1 => right
Vector px(2);
px[0]=100;
px[1]=50;
double z=1.0;
igaze->lookAtMonoPixel(camSel,px,z);
```



... EQUIVALENT TO

```
Vector x;
igaze->get3DPoint(camSel,px,z,x);
igaze->lookAtFixationPoint(x);
```



Gaze Interface (3/4)

GEOMETRY OF PIXELS

```
Vector x;
igaze->get3DPointOnPlane(camSel,px,plane,x);
igaze->get3DPointFromAngles(mode,ang,x);
igaze->triangulate3DPoint(pxl,pxr,x);
```

LOOK AT POINT WITH STEREO APPROACH => LOOPING!

```
Vector c(2); c[0]=160.0; c[1]=120.0;
bool converged=false;

while (!converged) {
    Vector pxl(2),pxr(2);
    pxl[0]=...; pxl[1]=...; // retrieve data from vision
    pxr[0]=...; pxr[1]=...;

    igaze->lookAtStereoPixels(pxl,pxr);
    converged=(0.5*(norm(c-pxl)+norm(c-pxr))<5);
}</pre>
```



Gaze Interface (4/4)

Find out more (e.g. **Events Callbacks, Fast Saccadic Mode** ...): http://wiki.icub.org/iCub/main/dox/html/icub_gaze_interface.html

USING THE INTERFACE ALONG WITH THE SIMULATOR

```
1> iCub_SIM
2> iKinGazeCtrl --from configSim.ini

option.put("device", "gazecontrollerclient");
option.put("remote", "/iKinGazeCtrl");
option.put("local", "/client/right_arm");
```