

2.

Binary Systems and Codes

2.3.

($r-1$)'s Complement

Assignments

1. Write short notes and explain in your own words the definition and usage of $(r-1)$'s complement.

In the remaining assignments you will be using [NumbersAPI](#) to generate numbers, in particular, its [trivia](#) API. Open the following link in an internet browser of your choice to get a random number between 42 and 555: <http://numbersapi.com/random/trivia?min=42&max=555>

(For the record, 42 is the angle in degrees for which a rainbow appears or the critical angle. 555 is the number of seats of the airliner A380-800. :-)) To generate a new number, just refresh the page. Make sure to learn by heart the trivia you especially like :-)

2. Generate a couple of numbers using [NumbersAPI trivia](#). Treat each of them not as a decimal numeral but as a numeral in a particular base which you will choose. If the generated numeral does not contain the digit 9 pick the smallest possible base as the chosen base of that numeral. If the digit 9 appears in the numeral pick any base between 11 and 20. Afterwards, calculate the $(r-1)$'s complement for each of the generated numerals assuming the numeral has at least three digits.

E.g., 62 is the number which Sigmund Freud has an irrational fear of.

$$(062)_7 \rightarrow (603)_7$$

3. Write down a couple of arbitrary binary numerals and calculate their 1's complement.