

Table 6

Regression results using log_total as the criterion

Predictor	<i>b</i>	<i>b</i> 95% CI [LL, UL]	<i>beta</i>	<i>beta</i> 95% CI [LL, UL]	<i>sr</i> ²	<i>sr</i> ² 95% CI [LL, UL]	<i>r</i>	Fit
(Intercept)	-0.00	[-0.06, 0.06]						
log_count	0.34**	[0.28, 0.41]	0.34	[0.28, 0.41]	.12	[.08, .16]	.36**	
JavaScript	-0.16**	[-0.24, -0.08]	-0.16	[-0.24, -0.08]	.02	[.00, .03]	-.07	
Mashup	0.18**	[0.10, 0.26]	0.18	[0.10, 0.26]	.02	[.00, .04]	.10**	
Coding	-0.05	[-0.12, 0.02]	-0.05	[-0.12, 0.02]	.00	[-.00, .01]	.02	
Aspiration	0.10**	[0.03, 0.17]	0.10	[0.03, 0.17]	.01	[-.00, .02]	.13**	
								<i>R</i> ² = .164** 95% CI [.12, .21]

Note. A significant *b*-weight indicates the beta-weight and semi-partial correlation are also significant. *b* represents unstandardized regression weights. *beta* indicates the standardized regression weights. *sr*² represents the semi-partial correlation squared. *r* represents the zero-order correlation. *LL* and *UL* indicate the lower and upper limits of a confidence interval, respectively.

* indicates $p < .05$. ** indicates $p < .01$.