

Decomposition of Graphs: Directed Acyclic Graphs

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Graph Algorithms
Data Structures and Algorithms

Learning Objectives

- Understand the difference between directed and undirected graphs.
- Prove that graphs with cycles cannot be linearly ordered.

Outline

- 1 Motivation
- 2 Event Ordering
- 3 DAGs

Directed Graphs

Sometimes we want the edges of a graph to have a direction.

Definition

A **directed graph** is a graph where each edge has a start vertex and an end vertex.

Examples

Directed graphs might be used to represent:

- Streets with one-way roads.
- Links between webpages.
- Followers on social network.
- Dependencies between tasks.

Directed DFS

Can still run DFS in directed graphs.

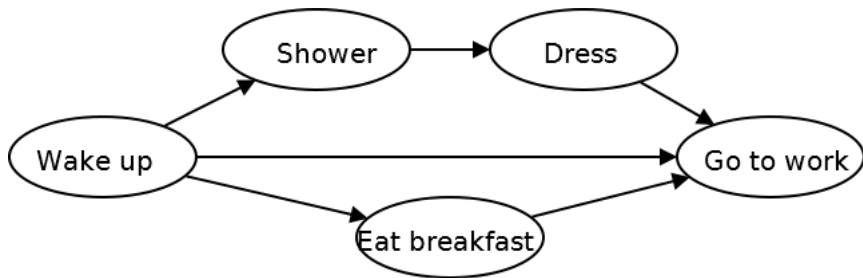
- Only follow **directed** edges.
- `explore(v)` finds all vertices **reachable** from v .
meaning exploring the nodes reachable from V to W and not W to V
- Can still compute pre- and post-orderings.

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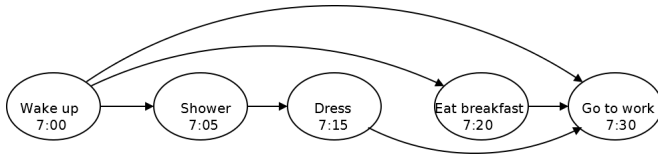
Morning Routine

The following morning tasks must be performed some before others.



Linear Ordering

We would like to order tasks to respect dependencies as below.

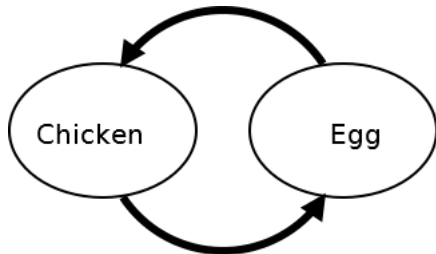


Is it always possible to do this?

Example

No!

Meaning is it always possible to have linear dependency ?



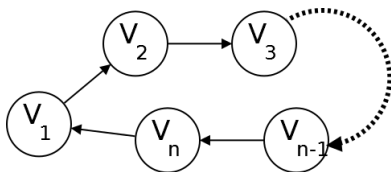
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Cycles

Definition

A **cycle** in a graph G is a sequence of vertices v_1, v_2, \dots, v_n so that $(v_1, v_2), (v_2, v_3), \dots, (v_{n-1}, v_n), (v_n, v_1)$ are all edges.



Cycles

Theorem

If G contains a cycle, it cannot be linearly ordered.

Proof

Proof.

- Has cycle v_1, \dots, v_n .
- Suppose linearly ordered. Consider the problem of two processes in cycle. They are dependent on each other hence cannot be linear
- Suppose v_k comes first.
- Then v_k comes before v_{k-1} , contradiction.



DAGs

Definition

A directed graph G is a **Directed Acyclic Graph** (or DAG) if it has no cycles.

DAGs

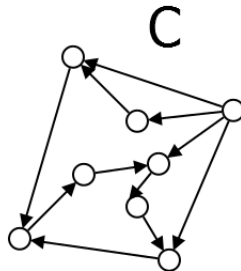
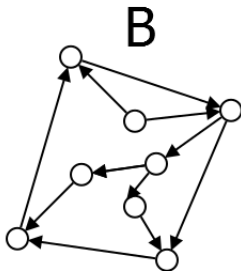
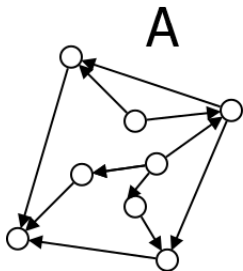
Definition

A directed graph G is a **Directed Acyclic Graph** (or DAG) if it has no cycles.

By the above being a DAG is necessary to linearly order. **Is it sufficient?**

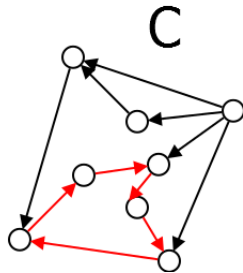
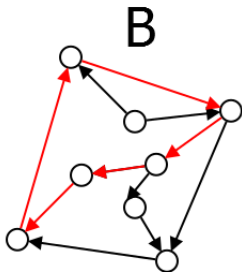
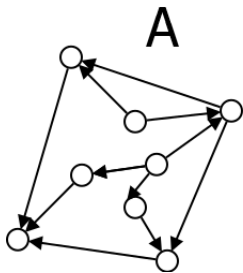
Problem

Which of the following graphs is a DAG?



Solution

A.



Theorem

Theorem

Any DAG can be linearly ordered.

Next Time

- Prove Theorem
- Develop algorithm