Bringing Your iOS Apps to OS X

Session 216

Cortis Clark
Software Engineer

1. Rethink your design

- 1. Rethink your design
- 2. Restructure your code

- 1. Rethink your design
- 2. Restructure your code
- 3. Get started

Rethink Your Design

Embrace the Platform

Rethink your app for OS X

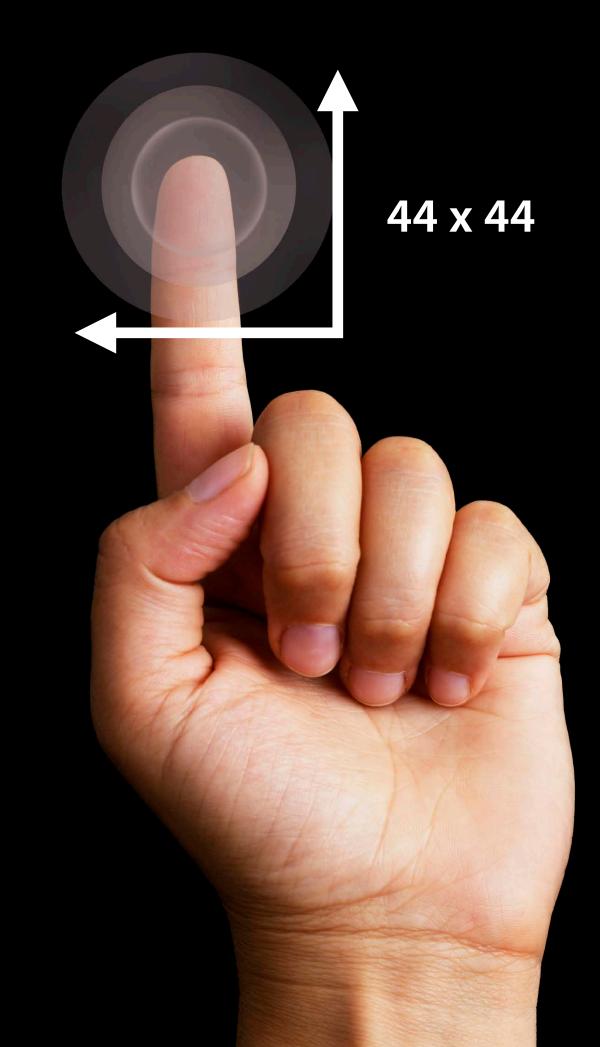
Displays and windows





iOS OS X

Input devices





Much More Precise

Embrace the Platform

Rethink your app for OS X

Menus and keyboard shortcuts

- Menus and keyboard shortcuts
- Undo and redo

- Menus and keyboard shortcuts
- Undo and redo
- Drag and drop

- Menus and keyboard shortcuts
- Undo and redo
- Drag and drop
- Quick Look

- Menus and keyboard shortcuts
- Undo and redo
- Drag and drop
- Quick Look
- Spotlight

Restructure Your Code

• Design patterns

- Design patterns
- Xcode

- Design patterns
- Xcode
- Languages and frameworks

- Design patterns
- Xcode
- Languages and frameworks
- Resources

- Design patterns
- Xcode
- Languages and frameworks
- Resources
- Localizations

	iOS	Equivalence	OS X
Foundation	Core Foundation	=	Core Foundation
	Foundation	=	Foundation
	Core Data	=	Core Data
Text	Core Text	=	Core Text
Media	Core Graphics	=	Core Graphics
	Core Animation	=	Core Animation
	Core Image	<	Core Image
	Core Audio	<	Core Audio
	AV Foundation	<	AV Foundation
Cocoa	UIKit	~	AppKit

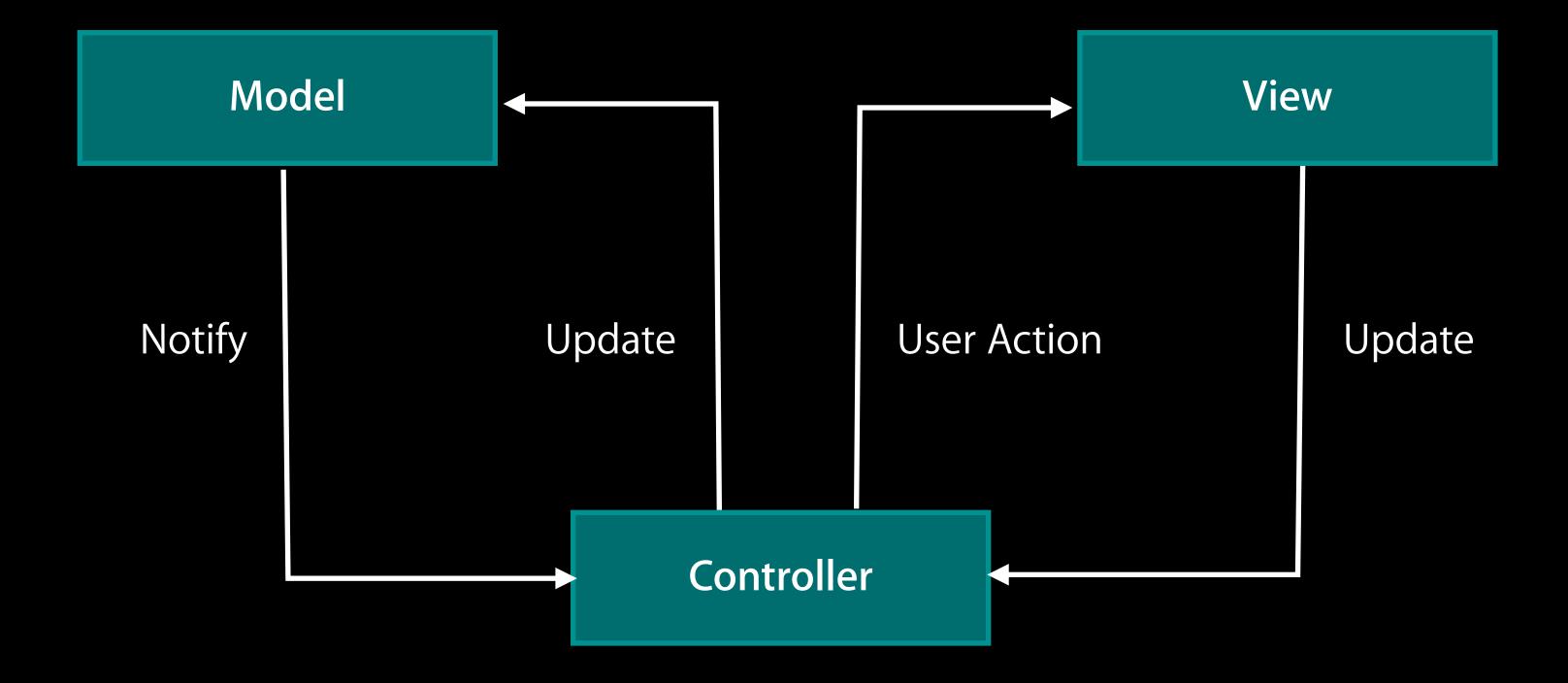
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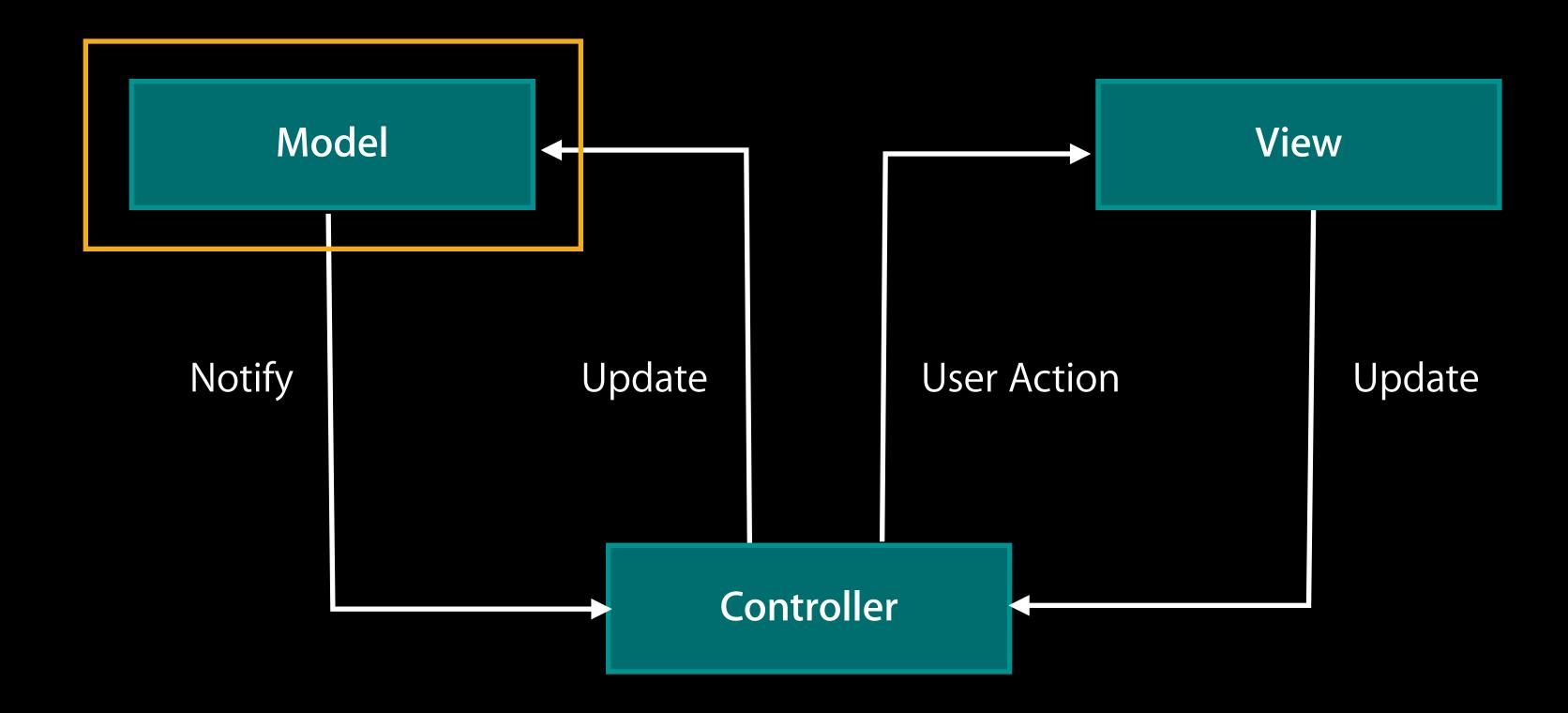
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Cocoa	UlKit	~	AppKit

	iOS	Equivalence	OS X
Games	Open GL ES	<	Open GL
	Game Center	=	Game Center
	SpriteKit	=	SpriteKit

Model View Controller



Model View Controller



Migrating the Model

- Ensure clean model boundaries
 - Mostly re-usable
 - Model frameworks are cross-platform

Model Frameworks

Foundation, Core Foundation, Core Data etc.

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Foundation, Core Foundation, Core Data etc.

• iOS

```
NSMutableArray *myArray = [NSMutableArray arrayWithCapacity:10];
[myArray addObject:@"WWDC 2013"];
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Model Frameworks

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• OS X

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NSMutableArray *myArray = [NSMutableArray arrayWithCapacity:10];
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```

32 Bit vs. 64 Bit

32 Bit vs. 64 Bit

Variably sized types

NSInteger NSUInteger

32 Bit vs. 64 Bit

Variably sized types

```
NSInteger
NSUInteger
```

Types of guaranteed size

```
uint32_t
int32_t
uint64_t
int64_t
```

Platform Specific Code

iOS only

• iOS only

#if TARGET_OS_IPHONE

- iOS only

 #if TARGET_OS_IPHONE
- OS X only

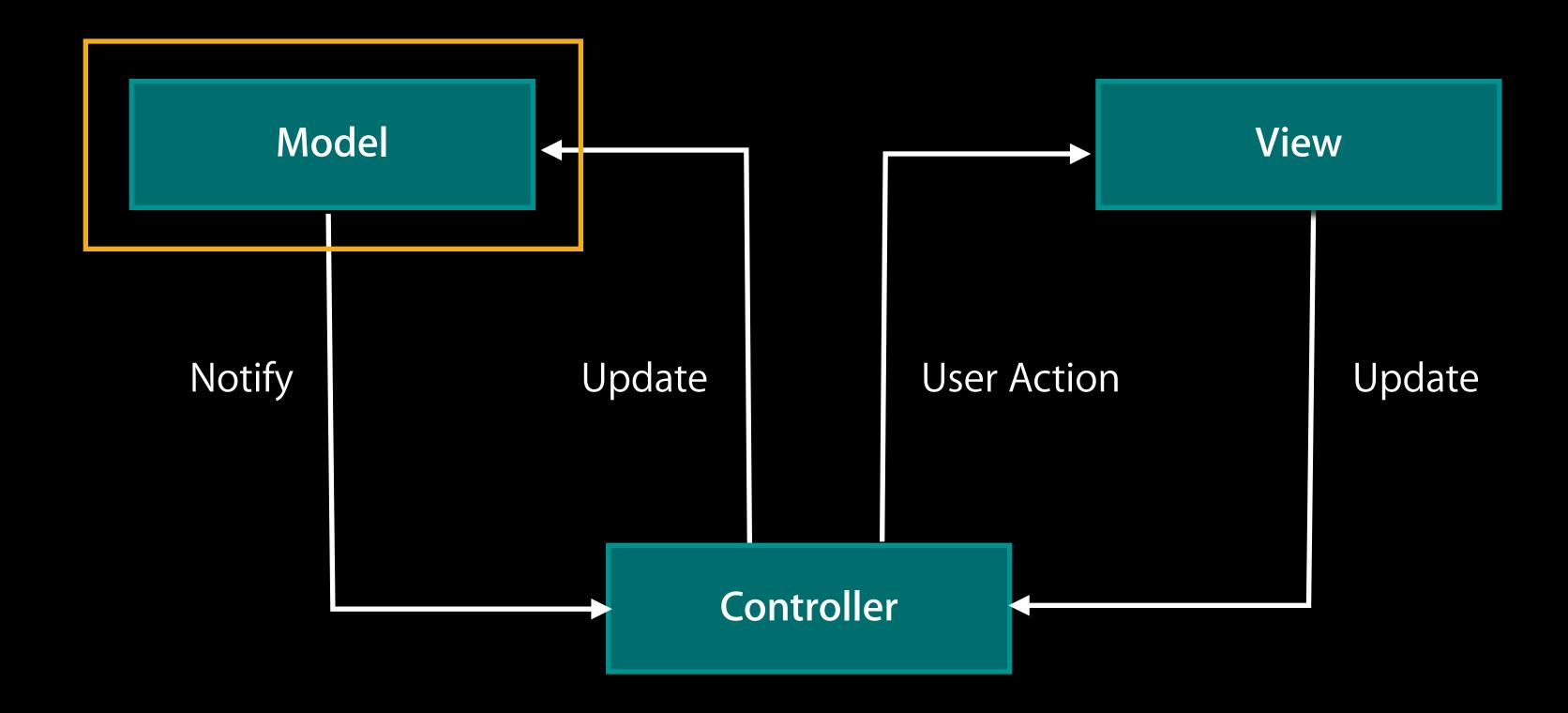
• iOS only

#if TARGET_OS_IPHONE

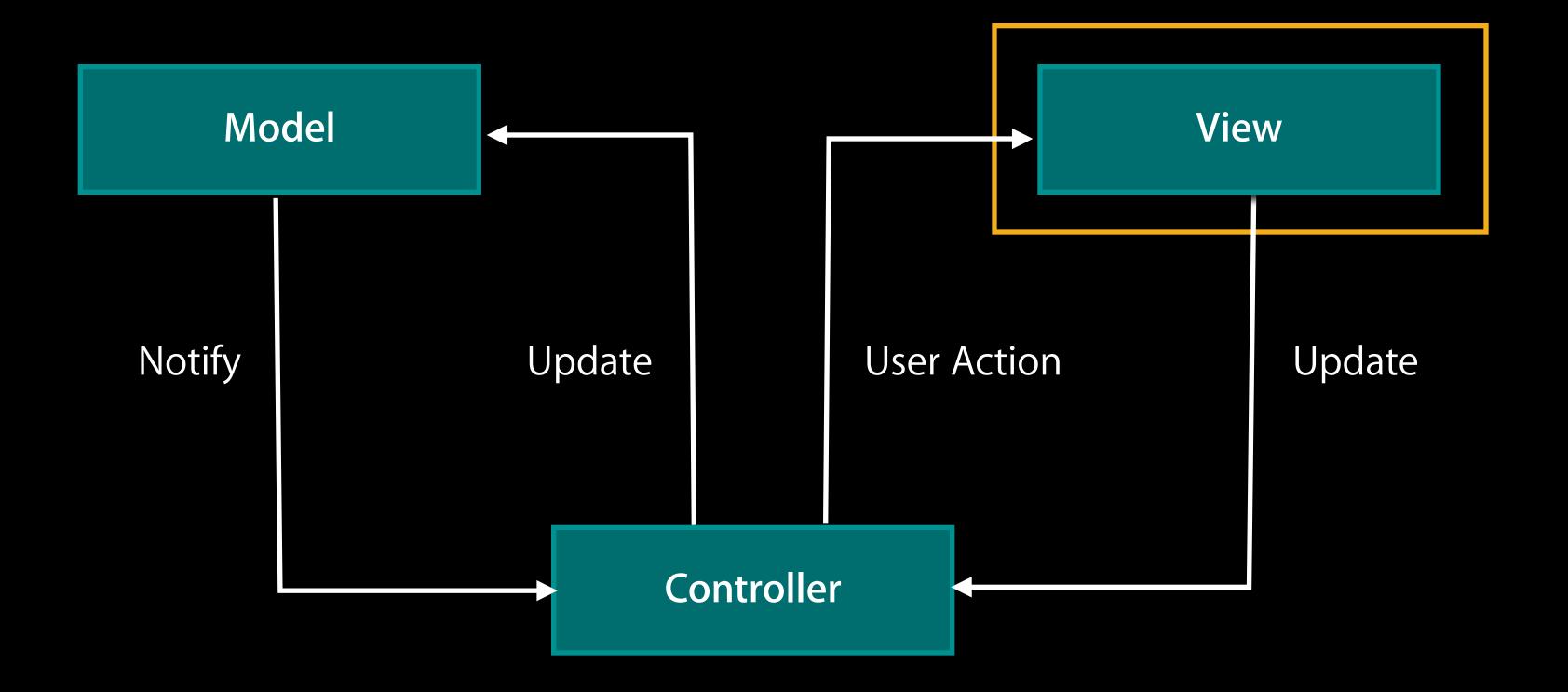
• OS X only

#if TARGET_OS_MAC && !TARGET_OS_IPHONE

Model View Controller

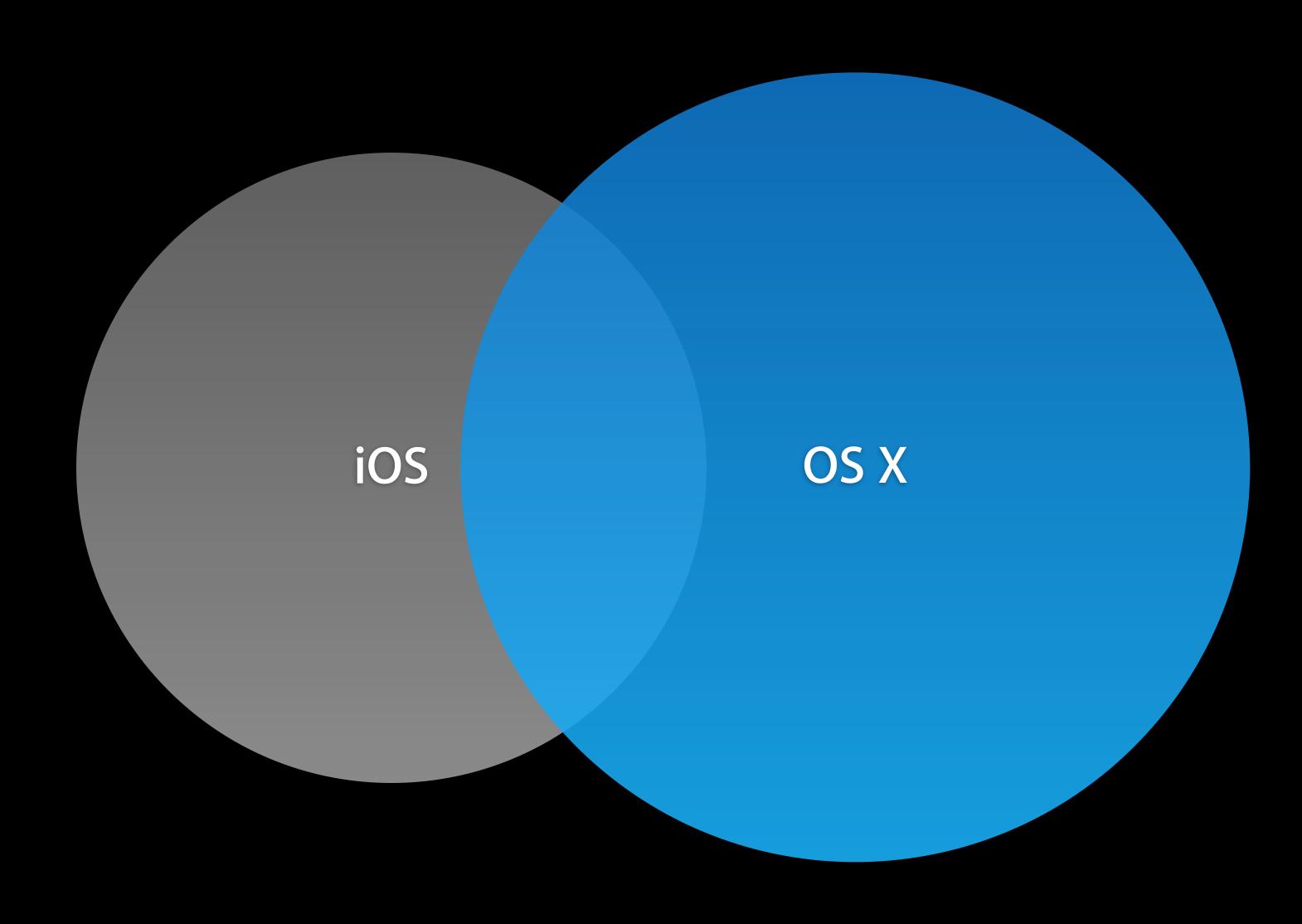


Model View Controller



Migrating the View

Built-in control set



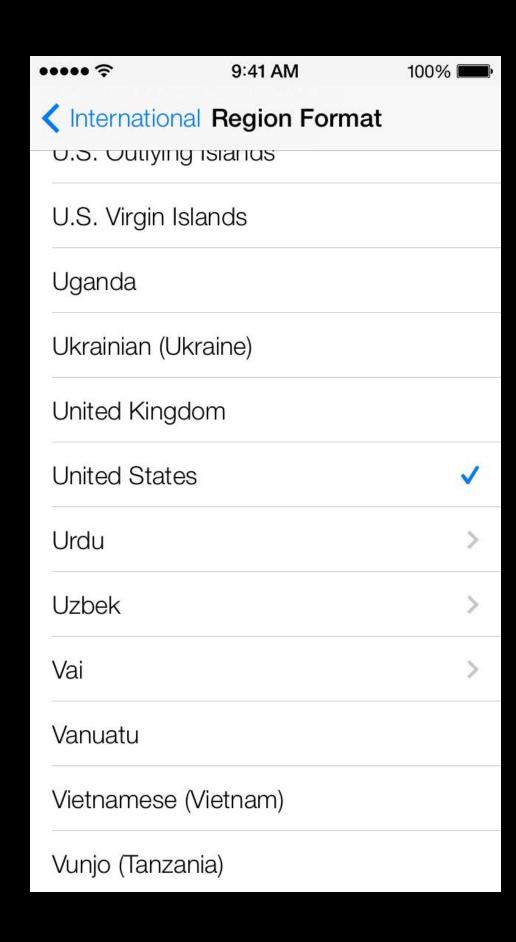
UlTableView vs. NSTableView

UlTableView vs. NSTableView

- Similarities
 - Data sources
 - Reusable cells
 - Animation

UlTableView vs. NSTableView

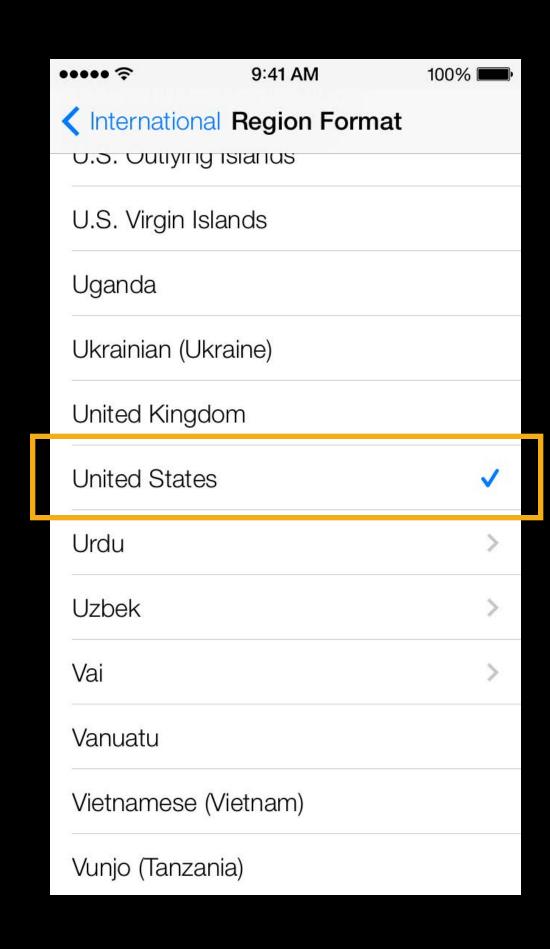
- Similarities
 - Data sources
 - Reusable cells
 - Animation
- Differences
 - NSTableView has two variants (use view-based)
 - Multiple columns
 - Another control may be a better fit



Region: United States \$

iOS UITableView

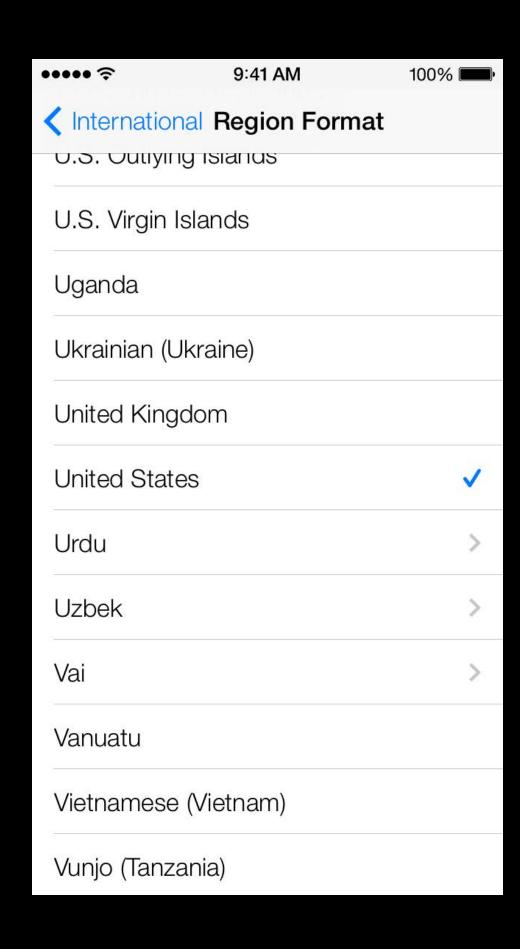
OS X NSPopupButton



Region: United States \$

iOS UITableView

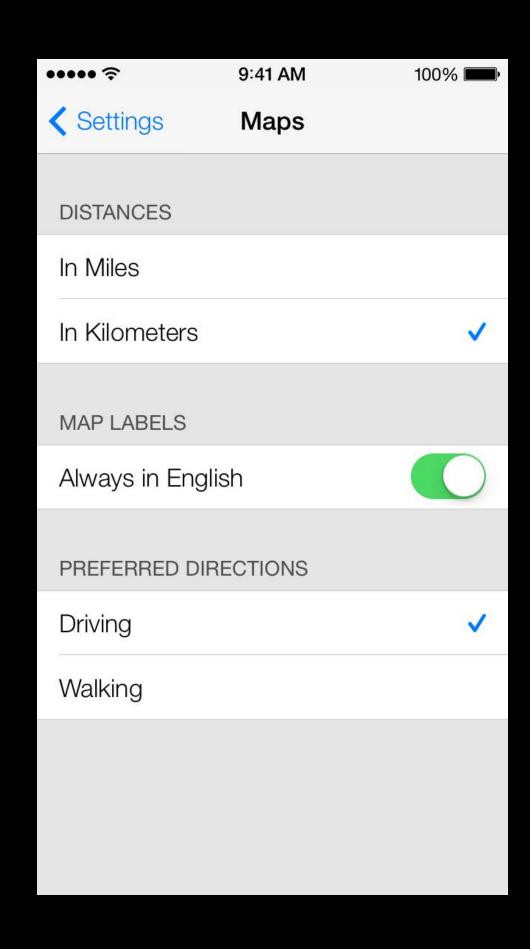
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Region: United States \$

iOS UITableView

OS X NSPopupButton

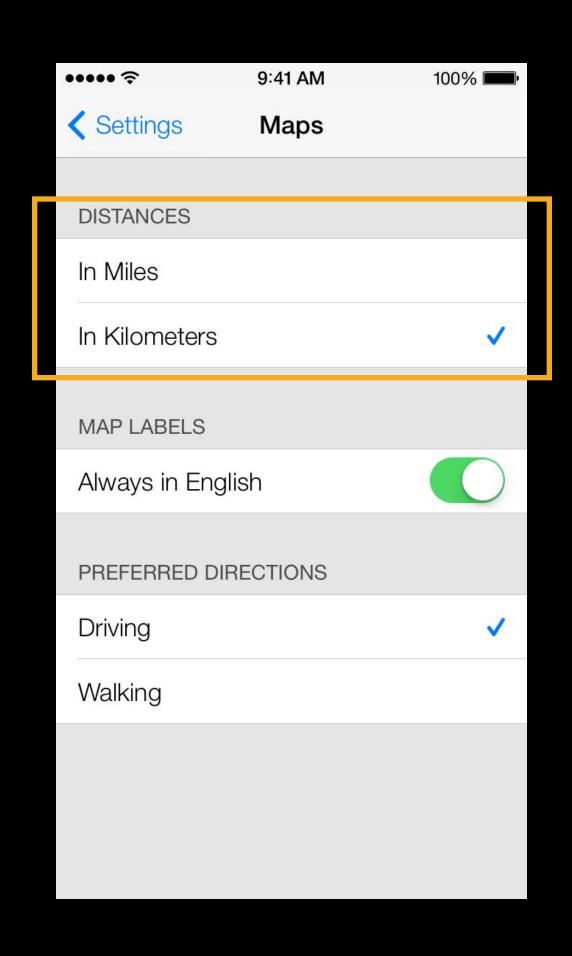


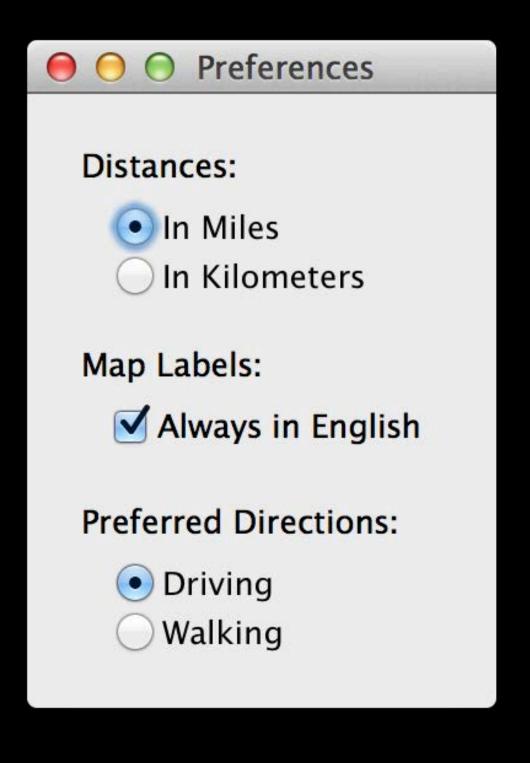
Distances:
In Miles
In Kilometers

Map Labels:
Always in English

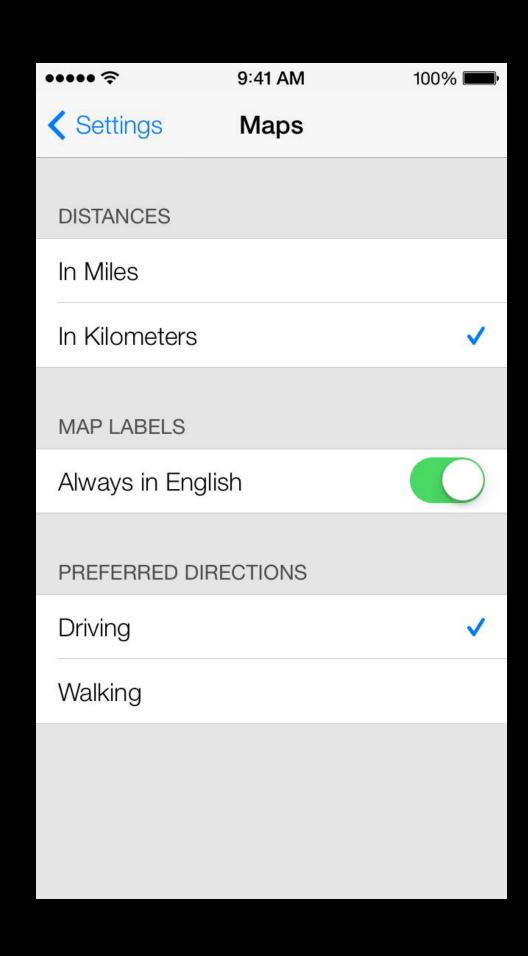
Preferred Directions:
Driving
Walking

iOS UITableView





iOS UITableView

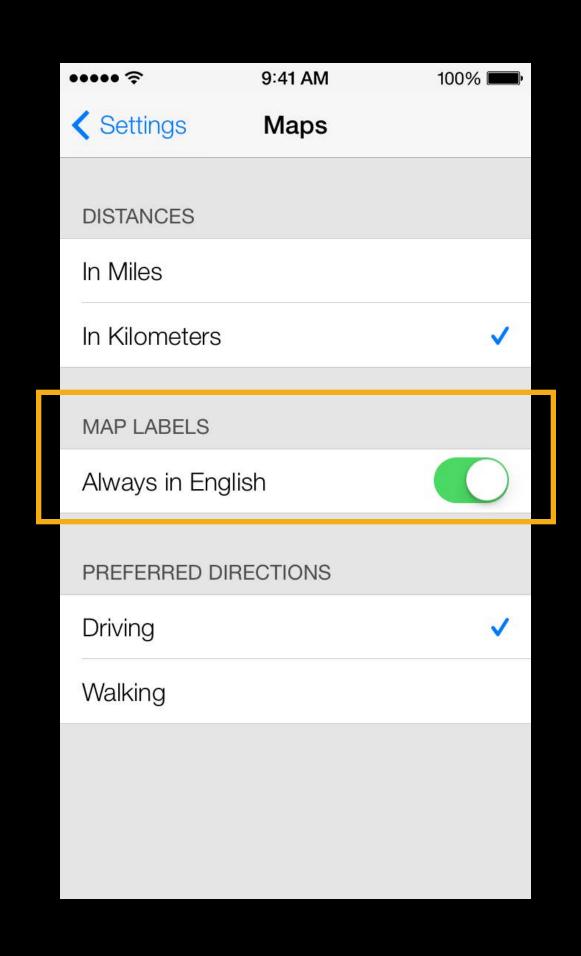


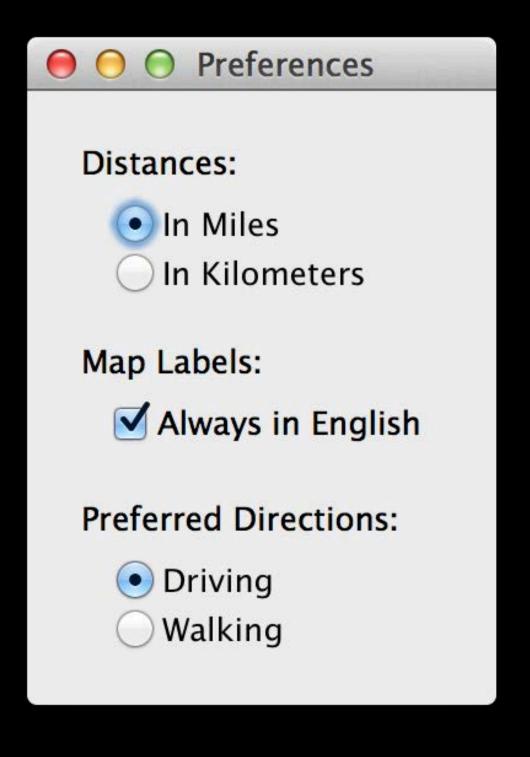
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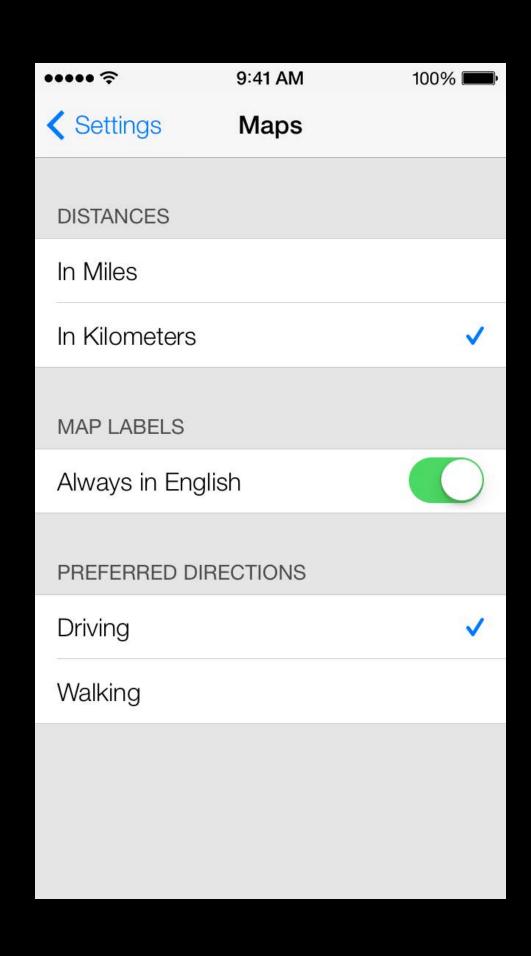
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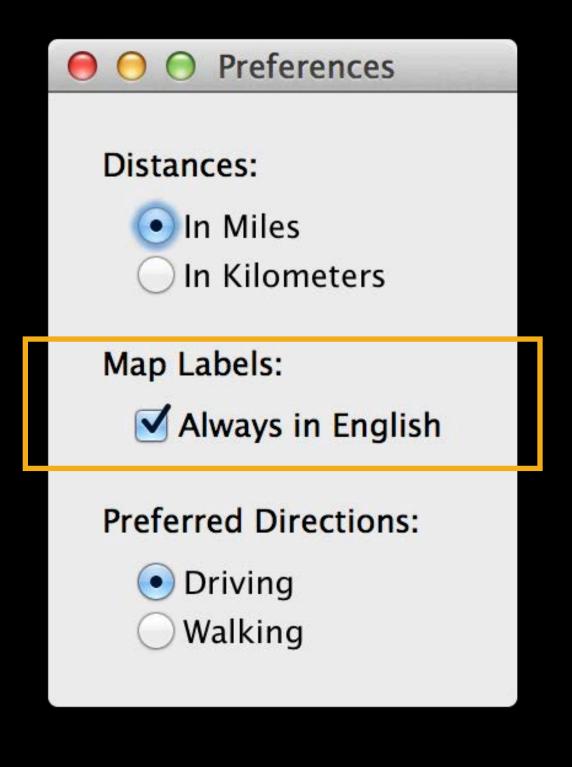
iOS UITableView





iOS UITableView





iOS UITableView

UlView NSView

UlView

Receives and handles events

UlView NSView

Receives and handles events

Responsible for drawing

UIView NSView

Receives and handles events

Responsible for drawing

(0, 0) in upper left

(0, 0) in lower left

UlView NSView

Receives and handles events

Responsible for drawing

(0, 0) in upper left (0, 0) in lower left

Always has layer Opt-in to layers

UlView NSView

Receives and handles events

Responsible for drawing

(0, 0) in upper left	(0,0) in lower left
Always has layer	Opt-in to layers
Subviews can draw outside view bounds	Subviews clip to view bounds

Drawing Origins To match iOS

```
(BOOL) isFlipped {
return YES;
       UIView
                                         NSView
```

Drawing Origins To match iOS

```
(BOOL) isFlipped {
return YES;
                                          NSView
       UIView
```

AppKit Flipped Views

Views that are flipped by default

NSButton
NSScrollView
NSSplitView
NSTabView
NSTableView

- Pros
 - Smoother animation
 - CAFilter
- Cons
 - More resource intensive

UIView backed by layer

- UIView backed by layer
- NSView can opt-in to layer backing

- UIView backed by layer
- NSView can opt-in to layer backing
 - In code

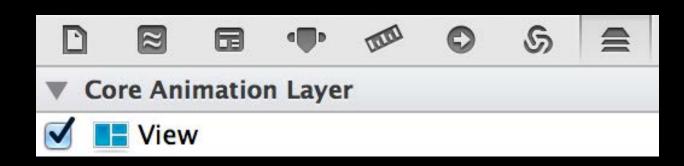
- UlView backed by layer
- NSView can opt-in to layer backing
 - In code

```
[aView setWantsLayer:YES];
```

- UlView backed by layer
- NSView can opt-in to layer backing
 - In code
 [aView setWantsLayer:YES];
 - Using Xcode

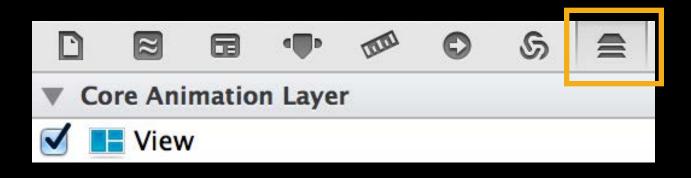
Layer Backed Views

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Layer Backed Views

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- NSView can opt-in to layer backing
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 [aView setWantsLayer:YES];
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• iOS

• iOS

```
[UIView animateWithDuration:1.0 animations:^{
```

• iOS

```
[UIView animateWithDuration:1.0 animations:^{
    aView.frame = CGRectMake(100.0,100.0,300.0,300.0);
```

OS X uses animation proxies

iOS
 [UIView animateWithDuration:1.0 animations:^{
 aView.frame = CGRectMake(100.0,100.0,300.0,300.0);
 }];
 OS X uses animation proxies
 aView.animator.frame = NSMakeRect(100.0,100.0,300.0,300.0);

EventsUlTapGestureRecognizer replacement

```
- (void)mouseUp:(NSEvent *)theEvent {
   // Handle click
}
```

UlLongPressGestureRecognizer replacement

```
- (void)mouseDown:(NSEvent *)theEvent {
   self.longPressTimer = [NSTimer scheduledTimerWithTimeInterval:0.5
                                      target:self
                                      selector:@selector(doSomething:)
                                      userInfo:nil repeats:N0];
- (void)mouseUp:(NSEvent *)theEvent {
    [self.longPressTimer invalidate];
- (void)doSomething:(NSTimer*)theTimer {
   // perform long press action
```

UlLongPressGestureRecognizer replacement

99% Use a Right Click Instead

EventsUlLongPressGestureRecognizer replacement

```
- (NSMenu *)menuForEvent:(NSEvent *)theEvent {
   // return contextual menu
}
```

```
- (void)mouseDown:(NSEvent *)theEvent {
    // Record drag start location
}
- (void)mouseDragged:(NSEvent *)theEvent {
    // Move view to new location
}
- (void)mouseUp:(NSEvent *)theEvent {
    // Cleanup drag code
}
```

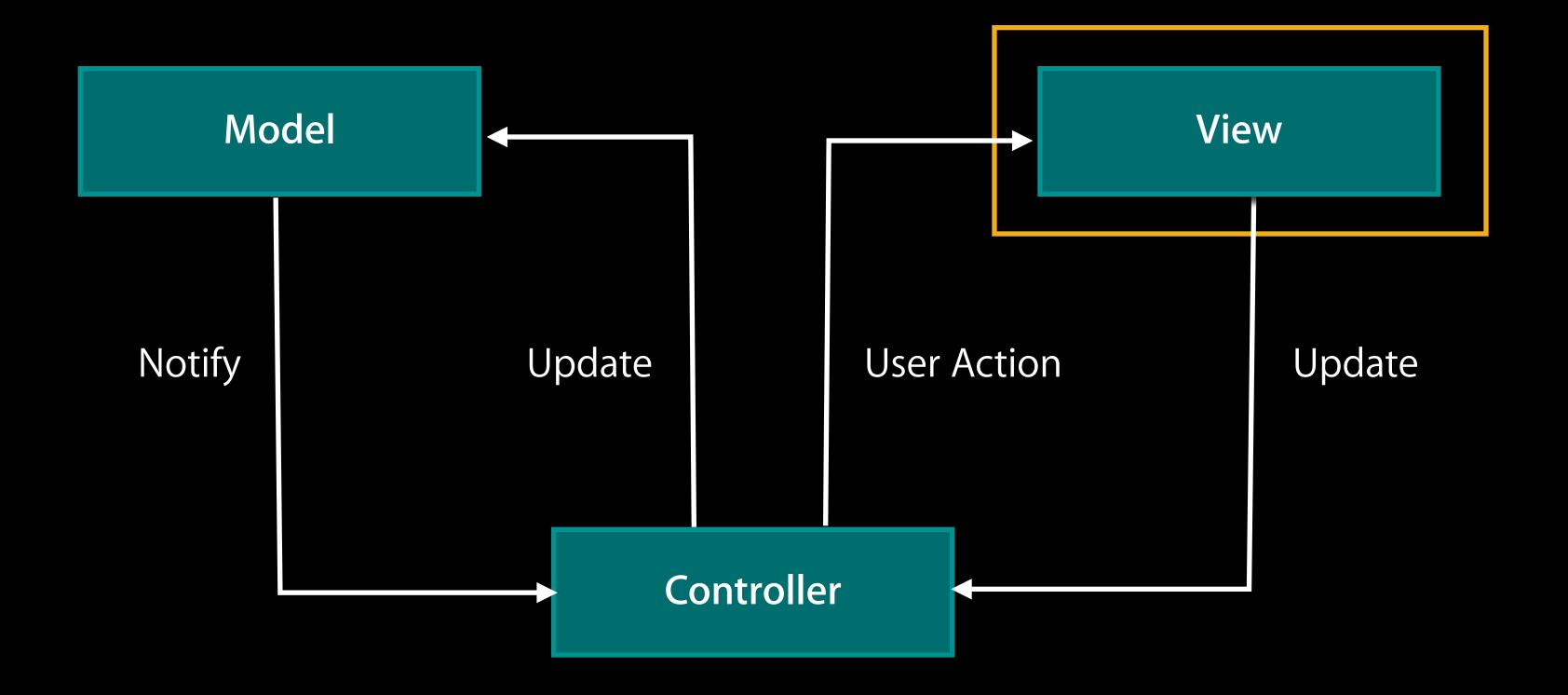
```
- (void)mouseDown:(NSEvent *)theEvent
   NSSize dragOffset = NSMakeSize(0.0, 0.0); // parameter ignored
   NSPasteboard *pb = [NSPasteboard pasteboardWithName:NSDragPboard];
    [pb clearContents];
    [pb writeObjects:@[self.image]];
    [self dragImage:self.image at:self.imageLocation offset:dragOffset
        event:theEvent pasteboard:pb source:self slideBack:YES];
    return;
```

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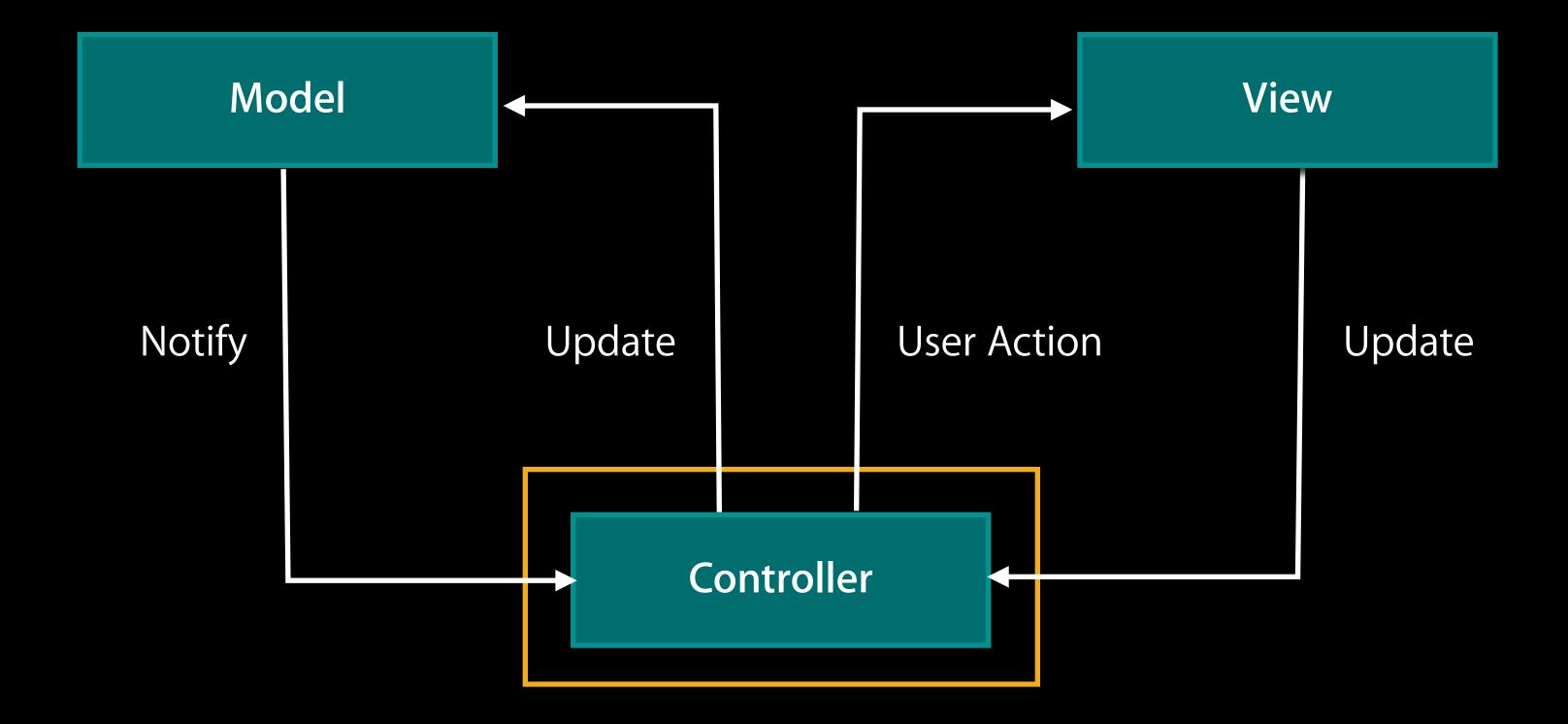
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```

Model View Controller



Model View Controller



UIViewController ≠ NSViewController

- UIViewController ≠ NSViewController
- No NSNavigationController

- UIViewController ≠ NSViewController
- No NSNavigationController
- Bindings

- UIViewController ≠ NSViewController
- No NSNavigationController
- Bindings
- NSDocument awesomeness

Similarities

- Similarities
 - Saves and loads

- Similarities
 - Saves and loads
 - Undo support

- Similarities
 - Saves and loads
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 - iCloud

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- Similarities
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 - Ul for opening and saving files

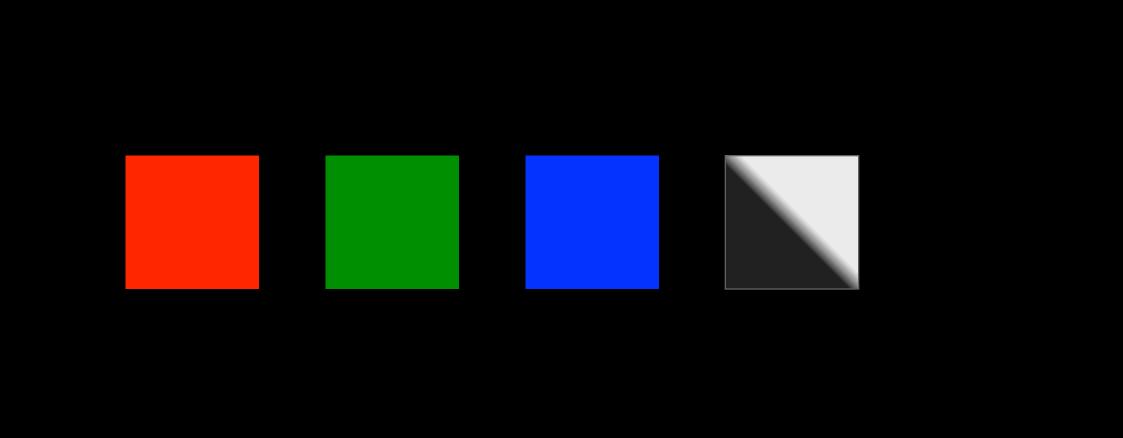
- Similarities
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 - File, Edit, and Window menus
 - Ul for opening and saving files
 - Versions

UIDocument vs. NSDocument

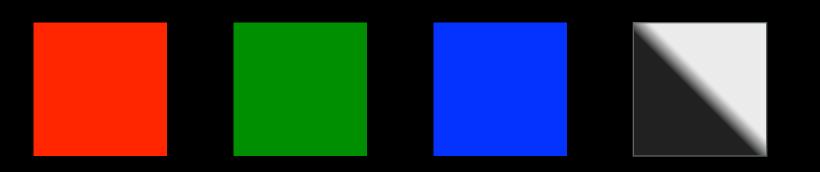
- Similarities
 - Saves and loads
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- NSDocument extras
 - File, Edit, and Window menus
 - Ul for opening and saving files
 - Versions
 - Plus more...

Demo ShapeArt—A case study

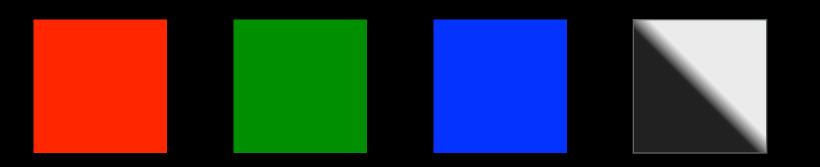
Dan Schimpf Demo Monkey



U CO O r



NSCO Or



Mirrored code

Mirrored code

```
UIColor *aColor = [UIColor redColor];
[aColor set];
```

```
NSColor *aColor = [NSColor redColor];
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Mirrored code

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Mirrored code

```
// Center new view on self
                                          // Center new view of on self
CGFloat x =
                                          CGFloat x =
                                             (self.bounds.width - w)/2;
   (self.bounds.width - w)/2;
                                          CGFloat y =
CGFloat y =
                                             (self.bounds.height - h)/2;
   (self_bounds_height - h)/2;
                                         NSRect frame = NSMakeRect(x,y,w,h);
CGRect frame = CGRectMake(x,y,w,h);
UIView *view = [[UIView alloc]
                                         NSView *view = [[NSView alloc]
  initWithFrame:frame];
                                            initWithFrame:frame];
// Place new view below others
                                          // Place new view below others
[self insertSubview:view atIndex:0];
                                          [self addSubview:view
                                                positioned:NSWindowBelow
                                                relativeTo:nil];
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// Place new view below others
[self insertSubview:view atIndex:0];
[self alloc]
// Place
```

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iOS

OS X

Mirrored code

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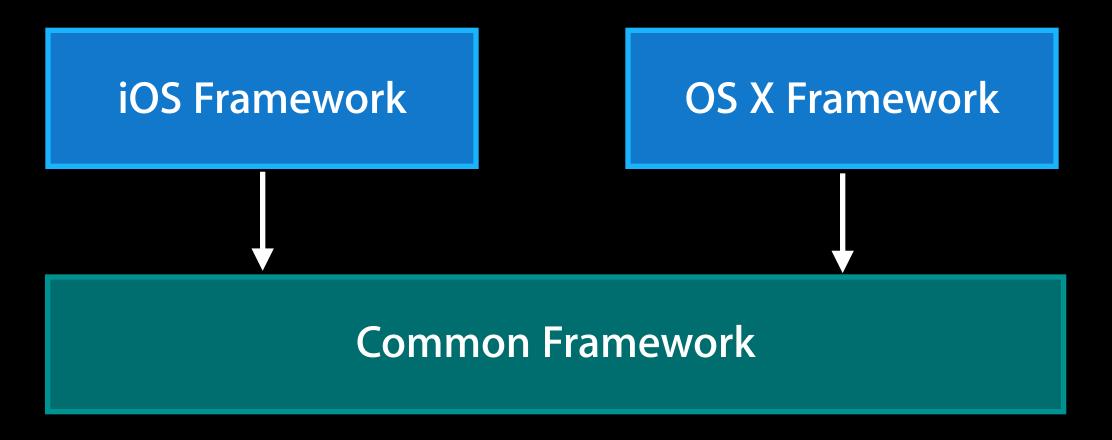
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```

- Pros
 - Flexibility

- Pros
 - Flexibility
- Cons
 - Code duplication
 - Greater maintenance cost
 - Greater testing cost

- Pros
 - Flexibility
- Cons
 - Code duplication
 - Greater maintenance cost
 - Greater testing cost
- When to use?
 - Heavily platform dependent code



Use common framework

```
CIColor *aColor = [CIColor colorWithRed:1.0 green:0.0 blue:0.0 alpha:1.0];
CIImage *image = [CIImage imageWithColor:aColor];
```

iOS and OS X

Use common framework

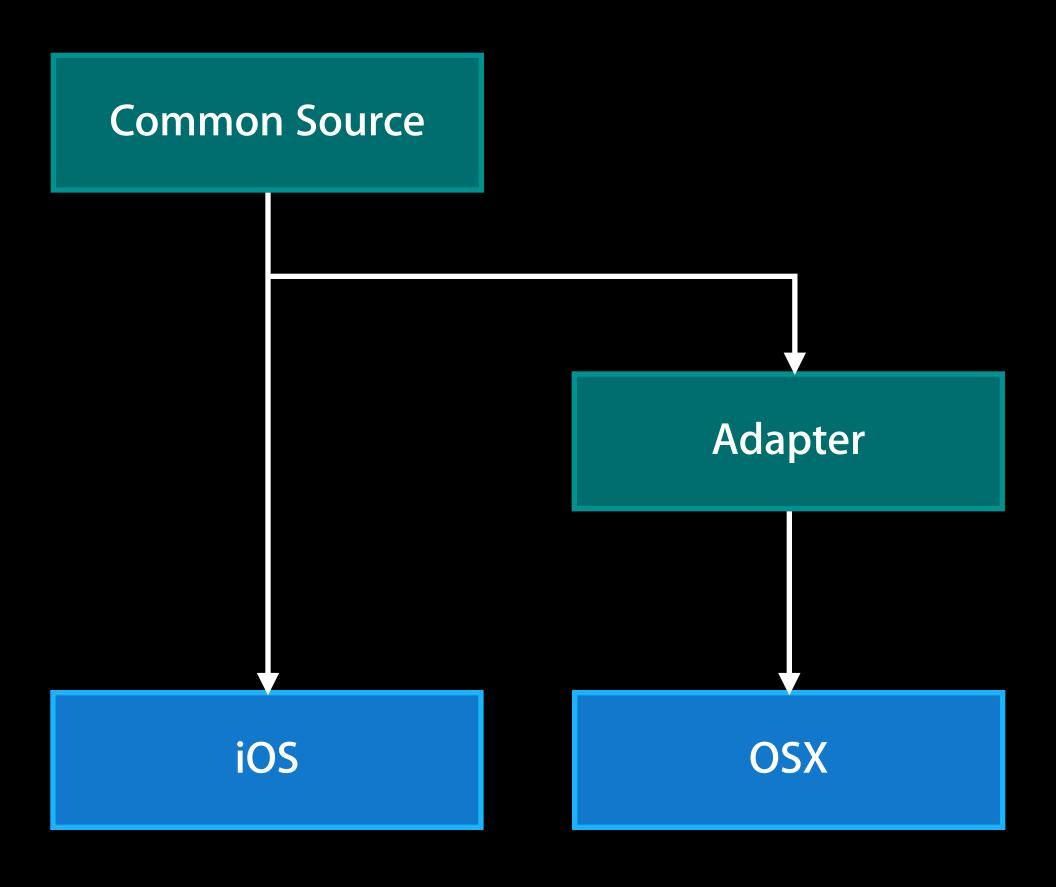
• Lower level frameworks are cross-platform

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- Pros
 - Maximizes code reuse
 - Most robust
 - Minimal maintenance

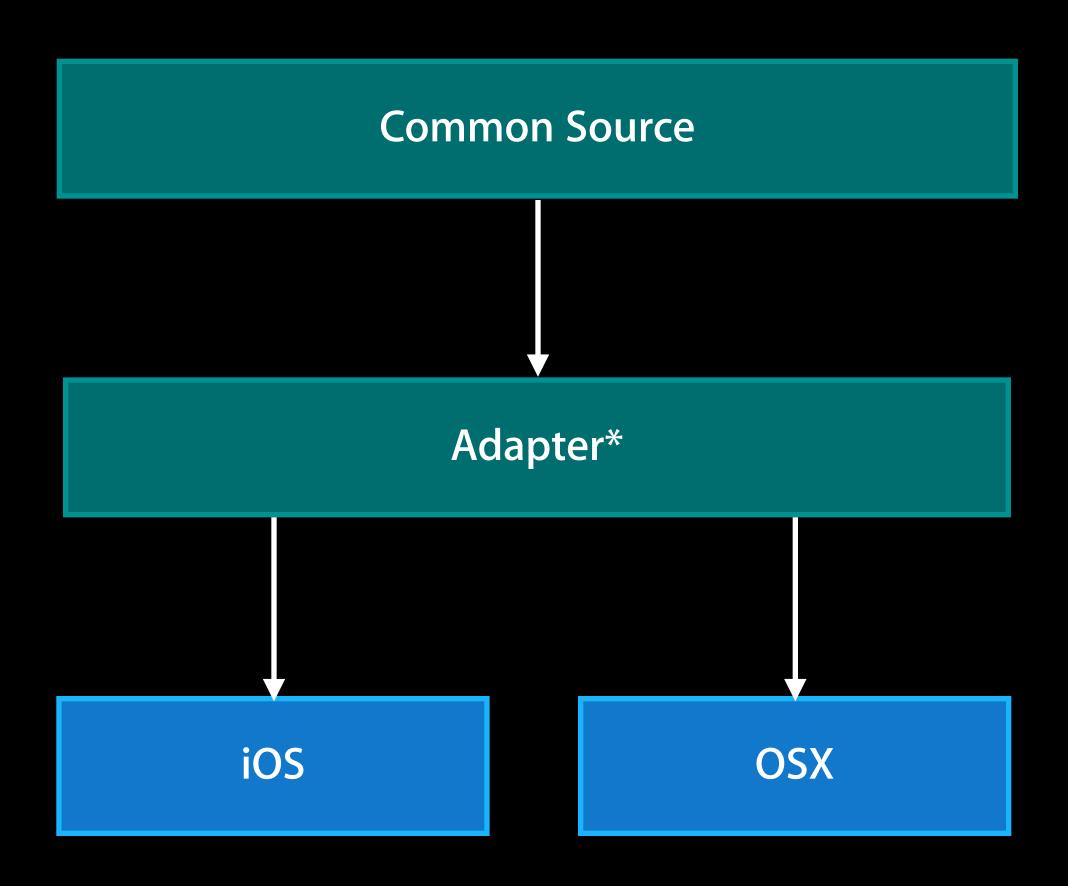
- Lower level frameworks are cross-platform
- Pros
 - Maximizes code reuse
 - Most robust
 - Minimal maintenance
- Cons
 - Refactoring
 - Less functionality

- Lower level frameworks are cross-platform
- Pros
 - Maximizes code reuse
 - Most robust
 - Minimal maintenance
- Cons
 - Refactoring
 - Less functionality
- When to use?
 - If common framework provides needed functionality

Adapter pattern



Adapter pattern*



```
// XPlatformColor.h
#if TARGET_OS_IPHONE
                                           // iOS
@interface XPlatformColor : NSObject {
   UIColor *_underlyingColor;
#elif TARGET_OS_MAC && !TARGET_OS_IPHONE // OS X
@interface XPlatformColor : NSObject {
   NSColor *_underlyingColor;
#endif
```

```
// XPlatformColor.h
#if TARGET_OS_IPHONE
                                           // iOS
@interface XPlatformColor : NSObject {
   UIColor * underlyingColor;
#elif TARGET_OS_MAC && !TARGET_OS_IPHONE
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```

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Adapter pattern

Adapter pattern

• Pros

Adapter pattern

- Pros
 - Flexible

- Pros
 - Flexible
 - Maximizes code reuse

Migration Strategies Adapter pattern

- Pros
 - Flexible
 - Maximizes code reuse
 - Simplified interface

Migration Strategies Adapter pattern

- Pros
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Migration Strategies Adapter pattern

- Pros
 - Flexible
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 - Underlying APIs significantly different

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#define XPlatformColor UIColor // iOS

#elif TARGET_OS_MAC && !TARGET_OS_IPHONE

#define XPlatformColor NSColor // OS X

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Adapter using #define

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- Testing plans

Demo Finished OS X version

Dan Schimpf Demo Monkey

1. Rethink your design

- 1. Rethink your design
- 2. Restructure your code

- 1. Rethink your design
- 2. Restructure your code
- 3. Get started

More Information

Jake Behrens

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Documentation

AppKit http://developer.apple.com/mac

Mac OS X Human Interface Guidelines http://developer.apple.com/ue

Apple Developer Forums

http://devforums.apple.com

Related Sessions

Taking Control of Auto Layout in Xcode 5	Presidio Wednesday 10:15AM	
Introduction to Sprite Kit	Presidio Wednesday 11:30AM	
Best Practices for Cocoa Animation	Marina Wednesday 2:00PM	
Introducing Text Kit	Presidio Wednesday 2:00PM	

Labs

NSTableView, NSView, and Cocoa Lab	Frameworks Lab A Thursday 10:15AM
iOS to OS X Conversion Lab	Frameworks Lab A Thursday 11:30AM
Cocoa Animations, Drawing, and Cocoa Lab	Frameworks Lab A Friday 9:00AM

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