

# WebGL

## Creating Interactive Content with WebGL

Session 509

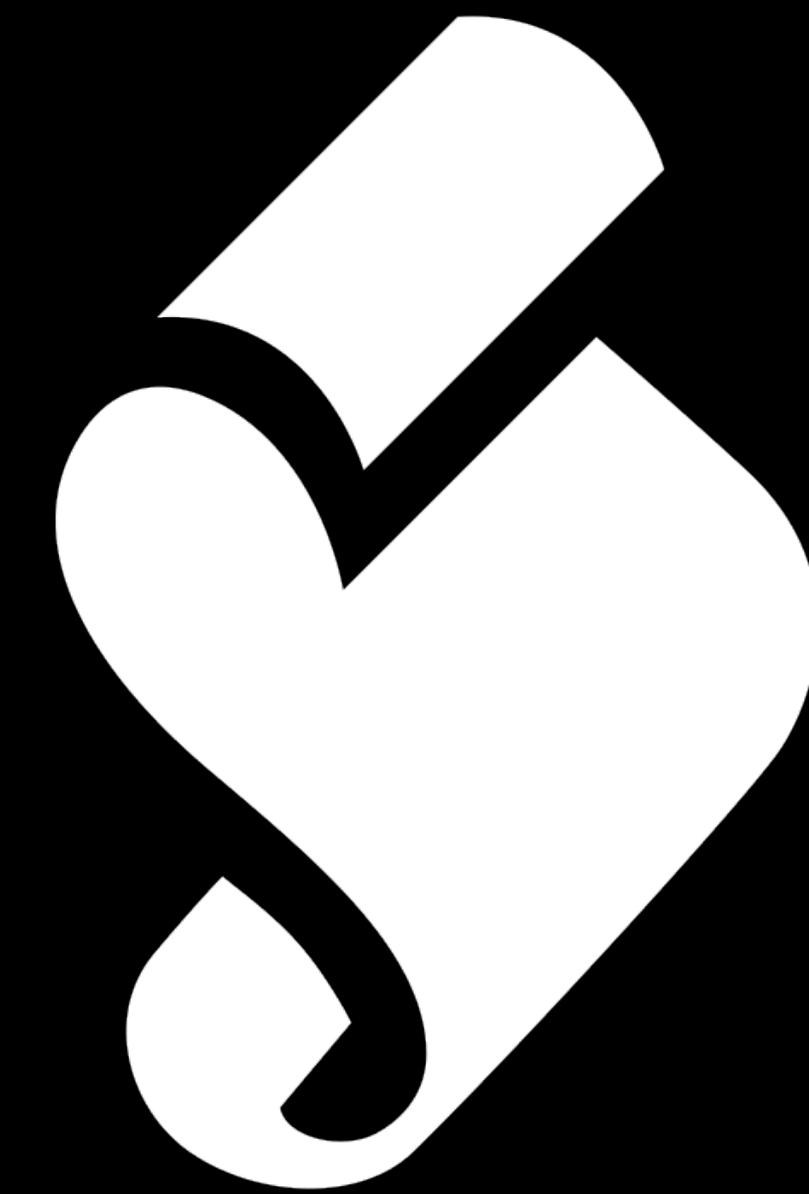
Dean Jackson and Brady Eidson  
WebKit Engineers











JavaScript









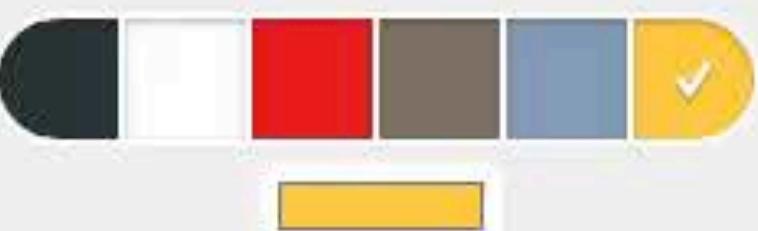


2012 Pint

Share

Body Color

Custom \$1500



Frame Color

Body Color \$1500



Interior

Design Black \$0



- |   |       |
|---|-------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Dashboard Gauges           | \$120 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Heated Seats               | \$240 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Luggage Compartment Cover  | \$99  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Ambient light for interior | \$190 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Center console storage     | \$30  |

Price

Base	\$14890
Configured	\$17890

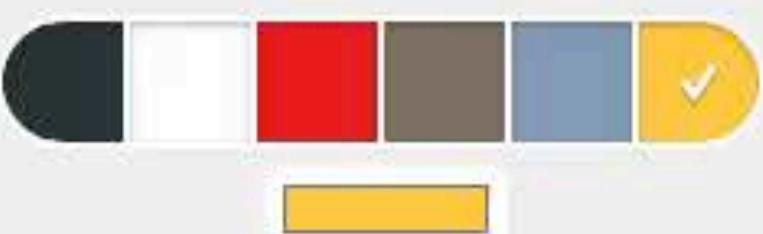


2012 Pint

Share

Body Color

Custom \$1500



Frame Color

Body Color \$1500



Interior

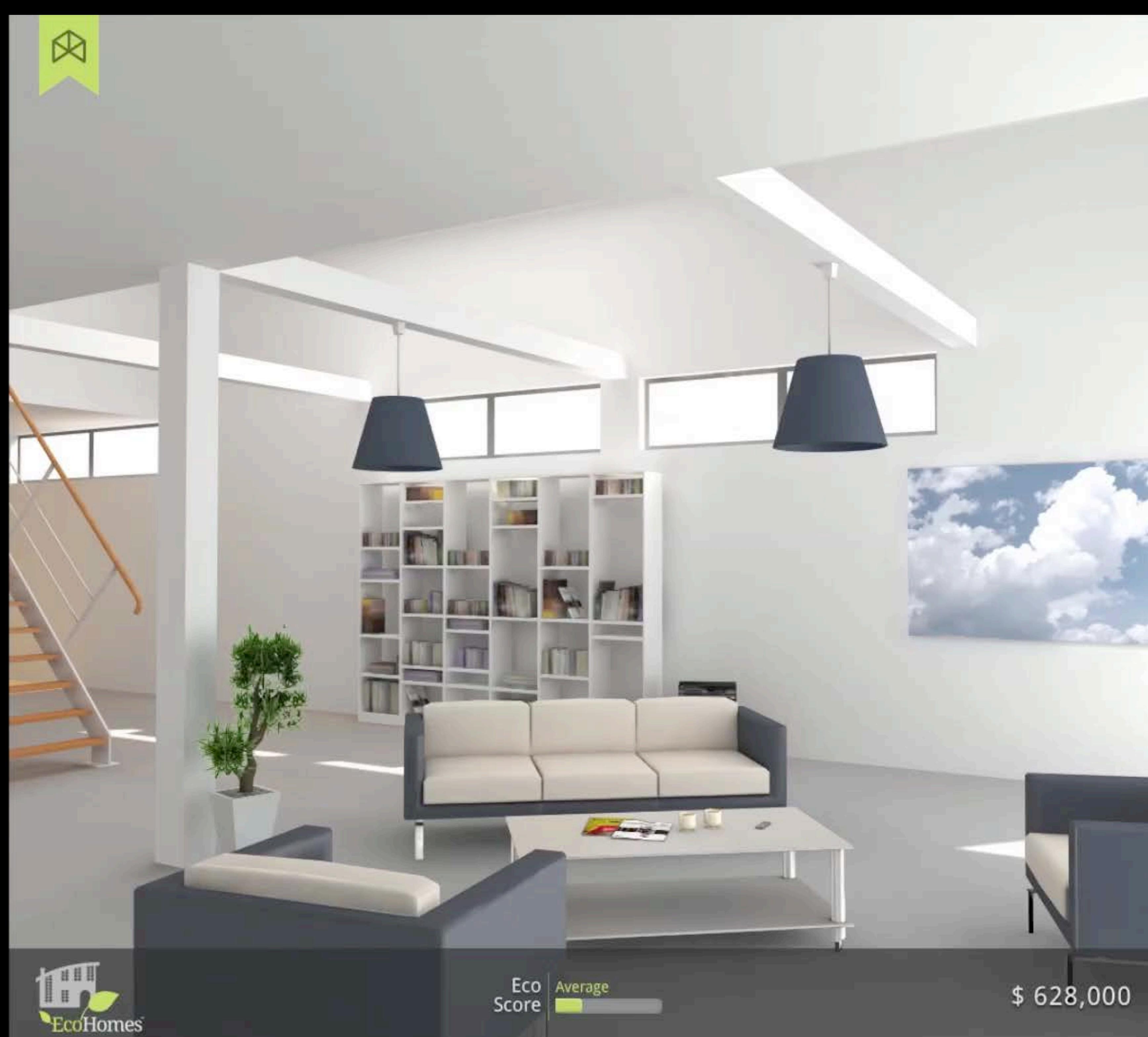
Design Black \$0



- |   |       |
|---|-------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Dashboard Gauges           | \$120 |
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Price

Base	\$14890
Configured	\$17890



Eco Score | Average

\$ 628,000



## Welcome

Create a beautiful, high quality, environmentally conscious home using this interactive brochure. Get started by choosing the finishes, options, and appliances best suited to meet your needs.

Photographic reproductions may not be representative of the full range of color, texture, and grain variations which can occur in the product itself.

Crafted with Montage Studio



Welcome



Thermostat



Solar Panels



Countertop



Kitchen



Laundry



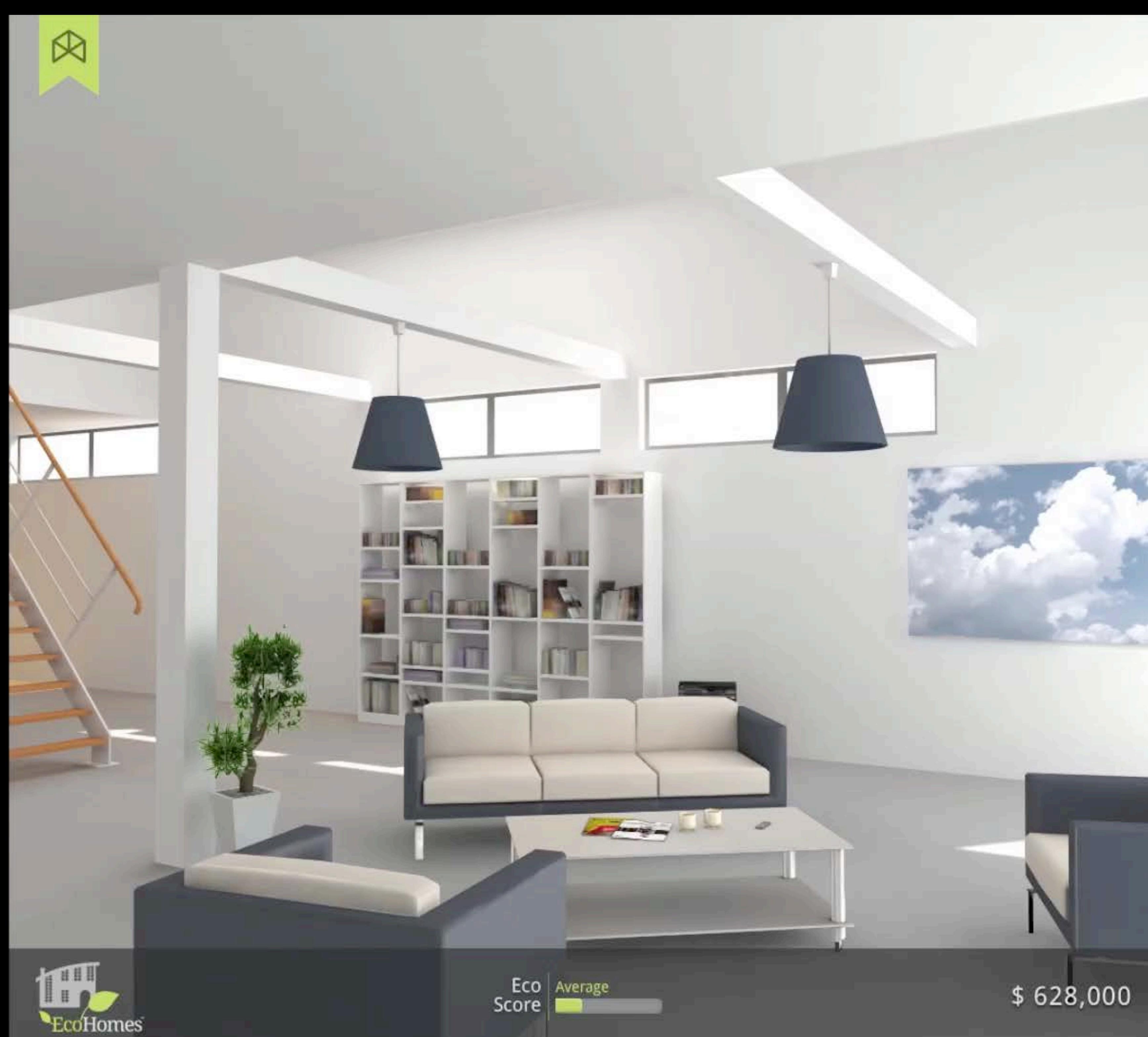
Windows



Staircase



Contact Us



Eco Score | Average

\$ 628,000



## Welcome

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# iSAT Interactive Satellite Viewer

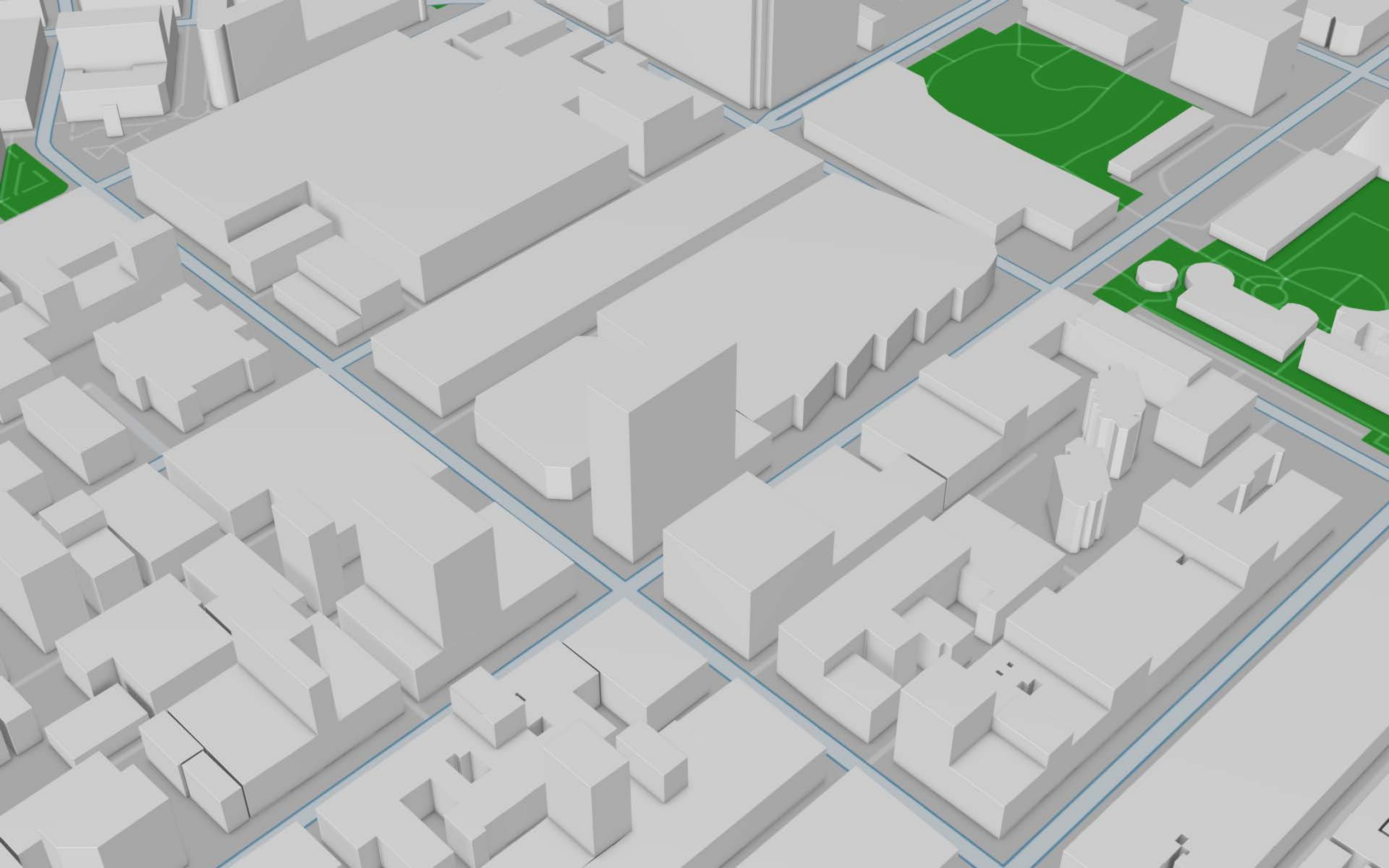




Image: Santa Monica 1

Effect: None



Image: Santa Monica 1

Effect: None







AngryBots by Unity



AngryBots by Unity



Swooop by PlayCanvas



Swooop by PlayCanvas



# What You Will Learn

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Setting up WebGL in your page

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Setting up WebGL in your page

How to do basic drawing

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Setting up WebGL in your page

How to do basic drawing

Advanced rendering and animation

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Setting up WebGL in your page

How to do basic drawing

Advanced rendering and animation

Relationship to other HTML features

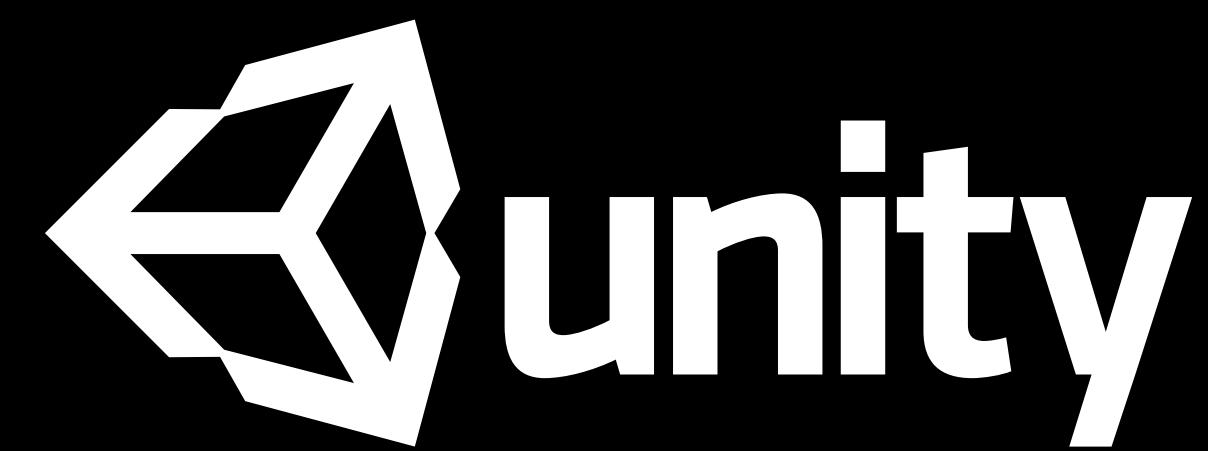
















PLAYCANVAS



three.js

Copperlicht

Turbulenz



MontageJS

Babylon JS

Cesium

Goo Engine

# Motivation

# Motivation

Powerful graphics in Web content

# Motivation

Powerful graphics in Web content

Interoperability through Open Standard



```
BEGIN { print "Hello, world!" }
```

```
display dialog "Hello, world!"
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    printf("Hello, world!\n");
    return 0;
}
```

```
print "Hello, world!"
```

```
DISPLAY 'Hello, world!'.
STOP RUN.
```

```
HAI
CAN HAS STDIO?
VISIBLE "HAI WORLD!"
KTHXBYE
```

```
<?php echo 'Hello, world!'; ?>
```

```
(princ "Hello, world!")
```

```
#import <Foundation/Foundation.h>
int main(void)
{
    NSLog(@"%@", @"Hello, world!\n");
    return 0;
}
```

```
package main
import "fmt"
func main() {
    fmt.Println("Hello, world!")
}
```

```
PRINT "Hello, world!"
```

```
puts "Hello, world!"
```

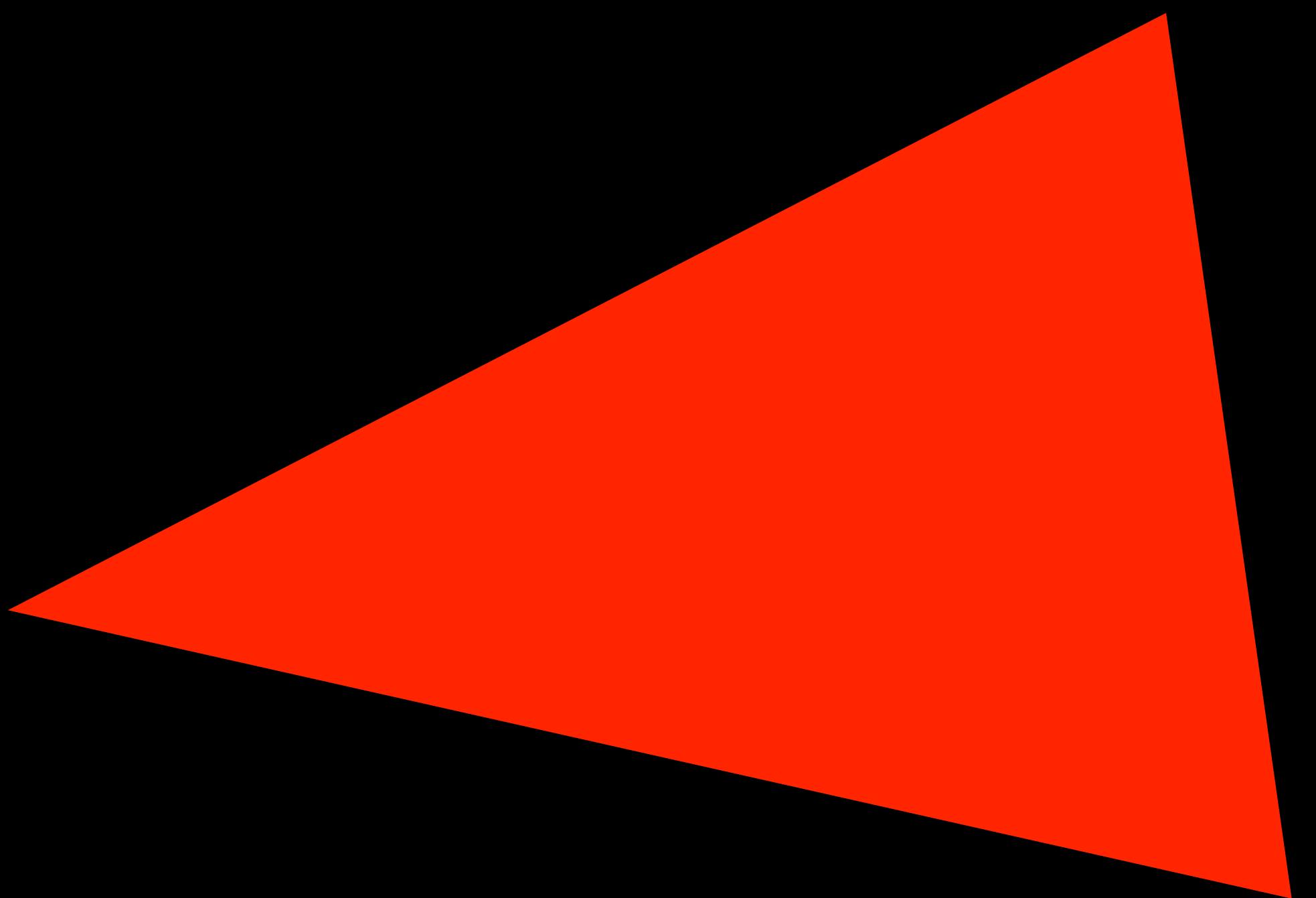
```
public class HelloWorld {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.out.println("Hello, world!");
    }
}
```

```
%!PS
/Courier 72 selectfont
20 20 moveto
(Hello World!) show
showpage
```

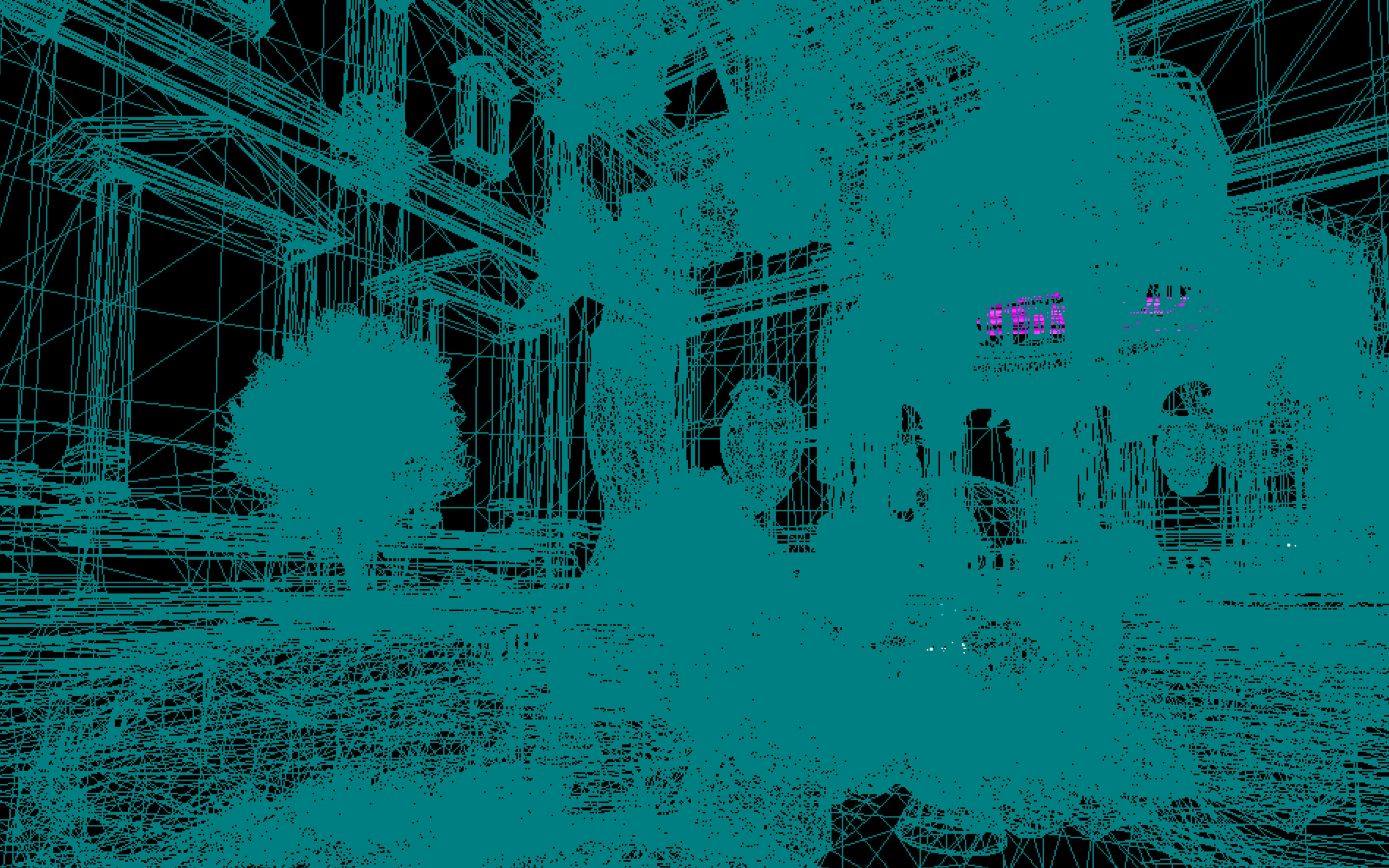
```
#include <iostream>
int main()
{
    std::cout << "Hello, world!" << std::endl;
    return 0;
}
```



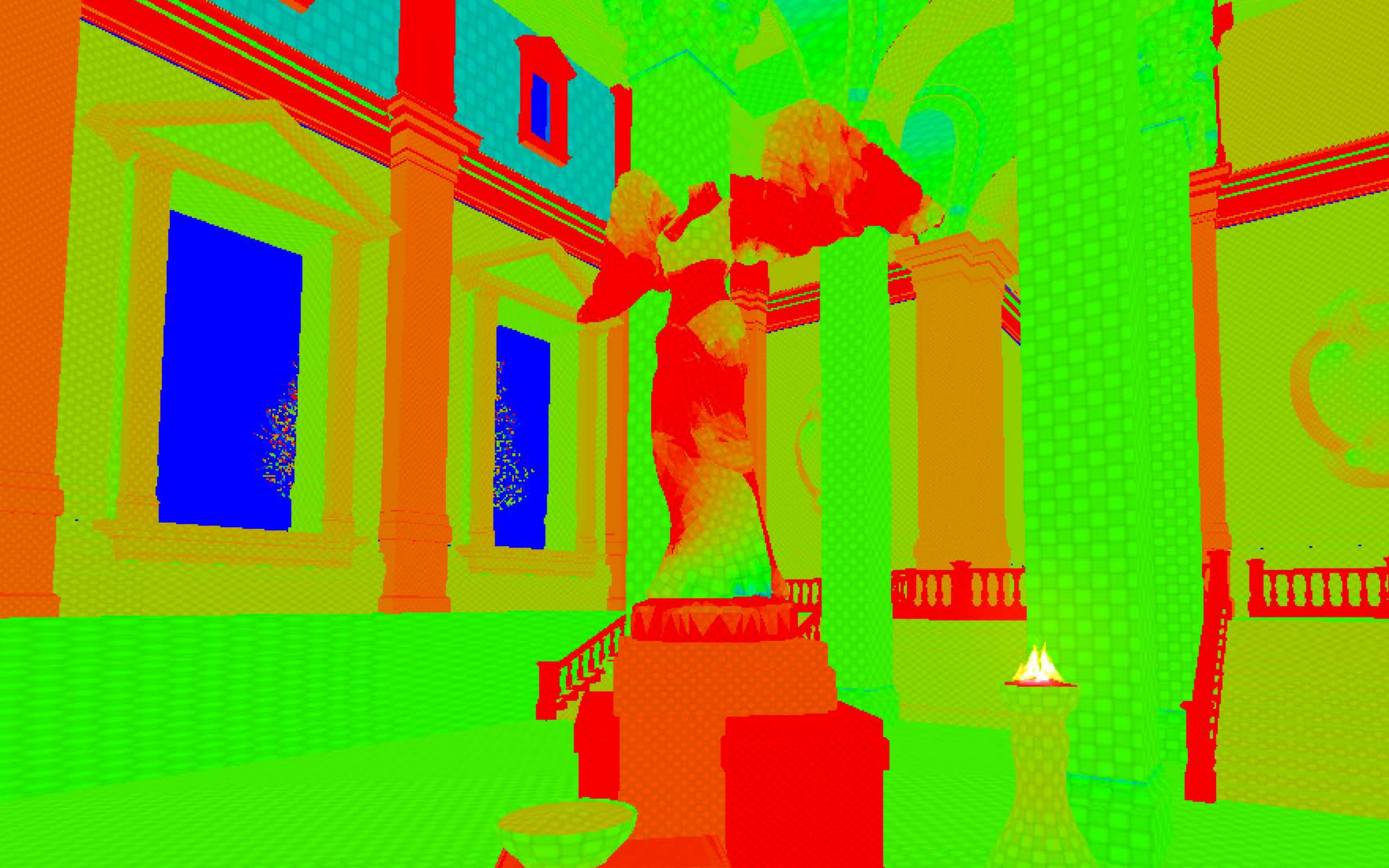








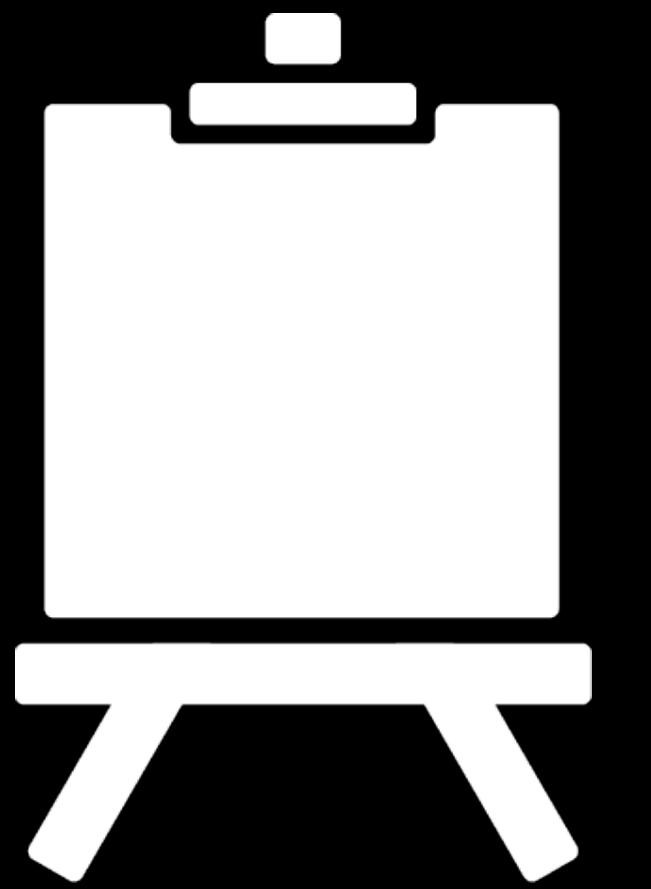


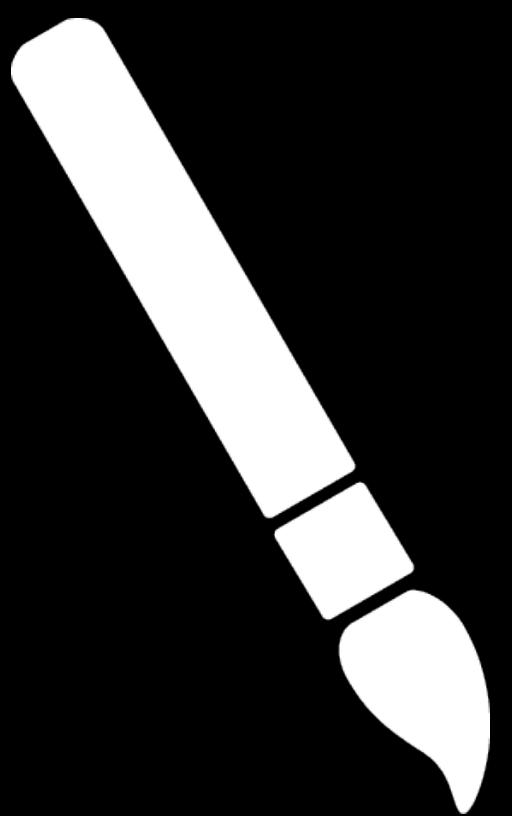
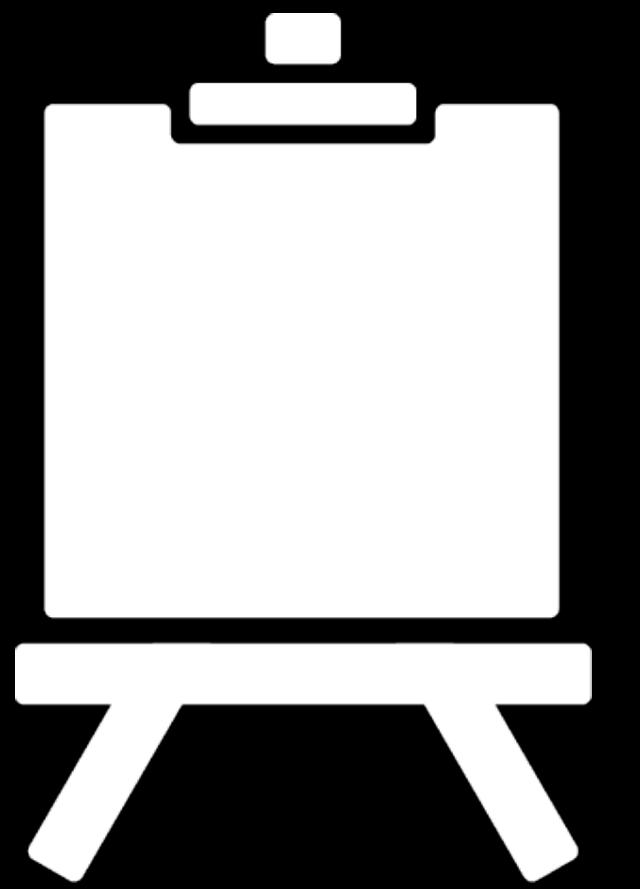


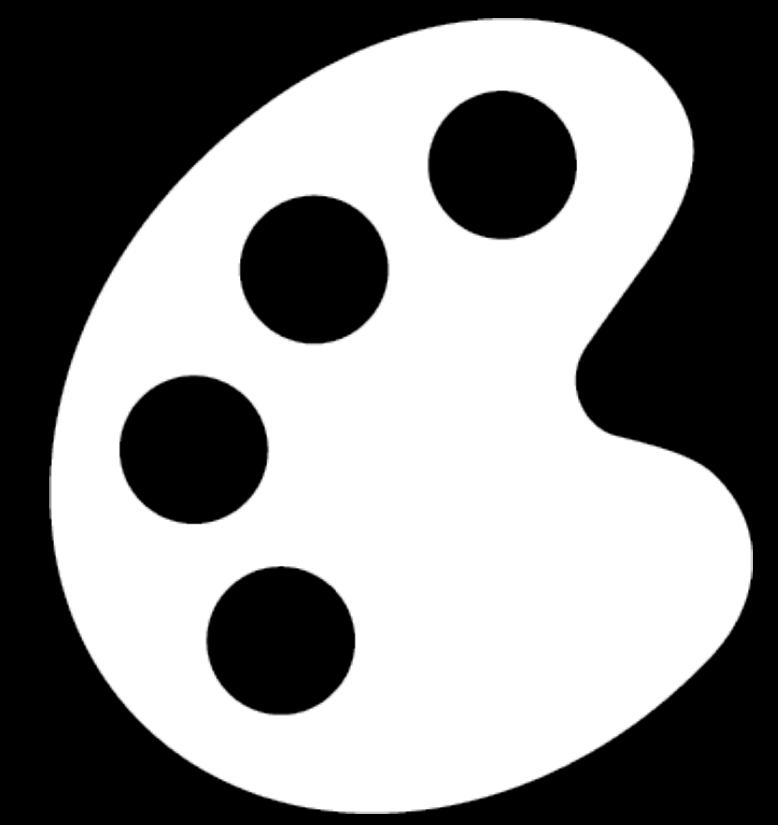
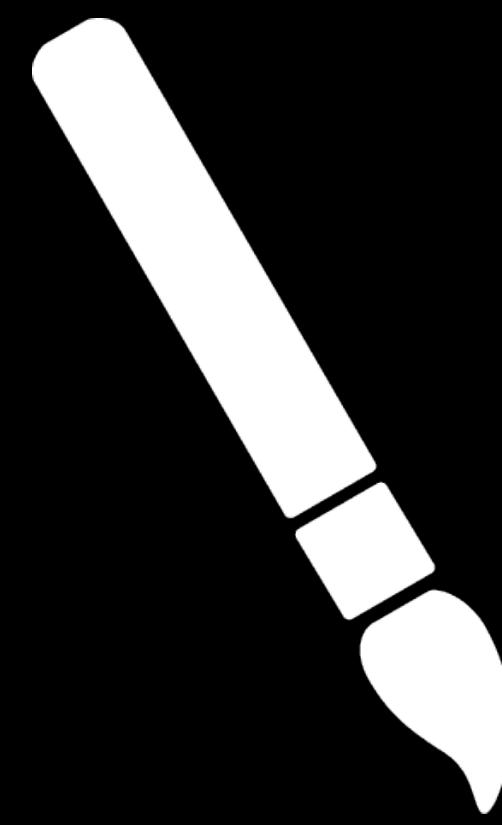
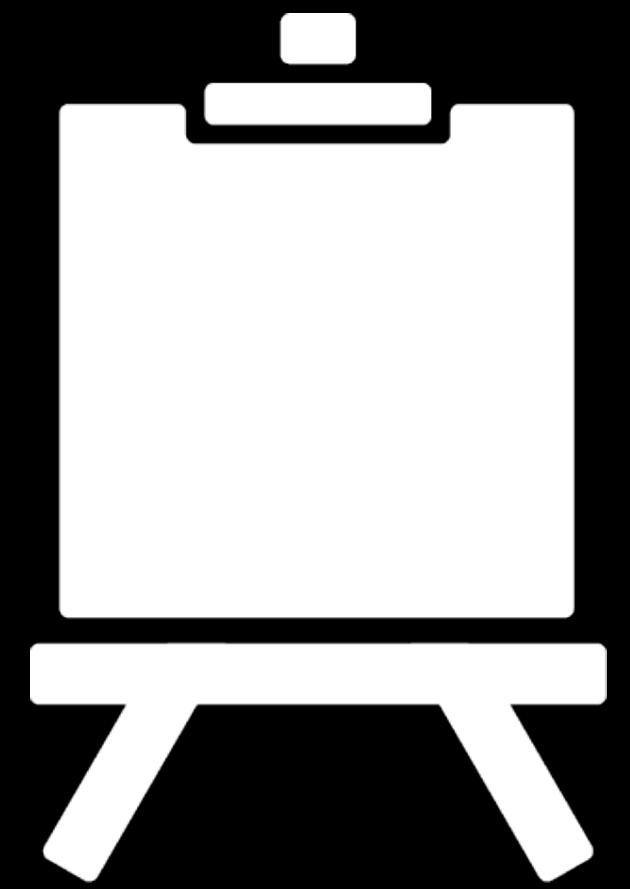


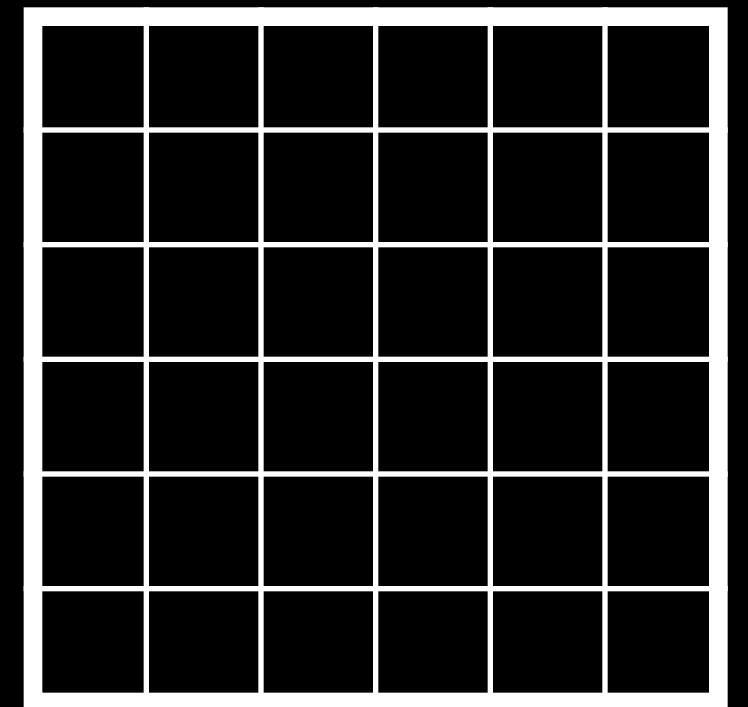
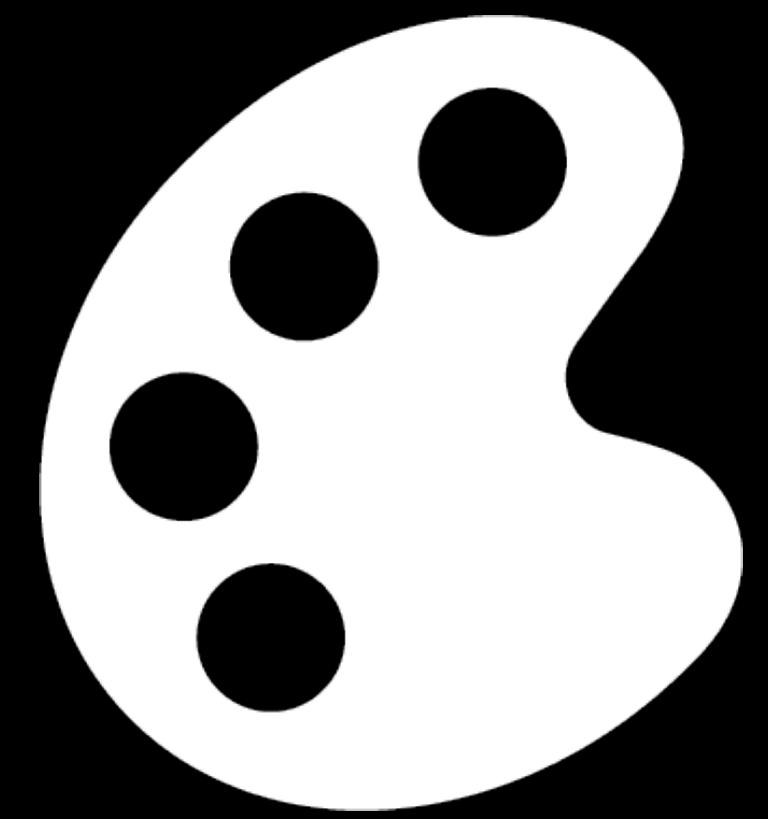
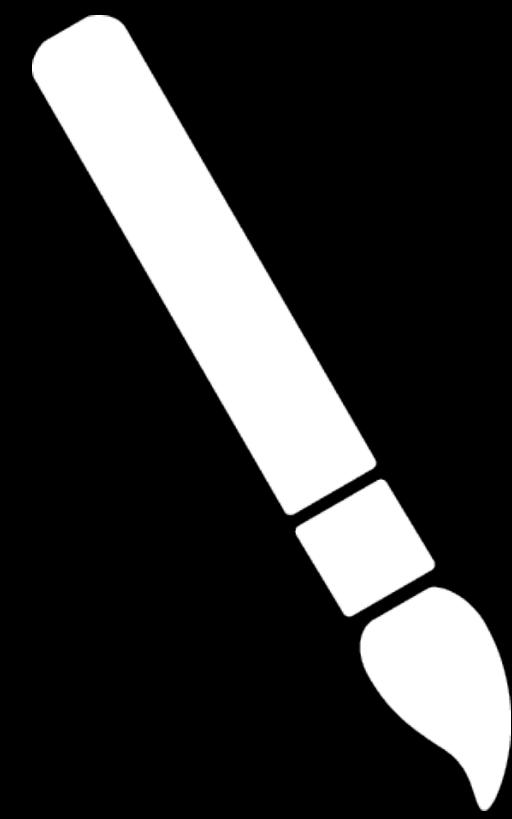
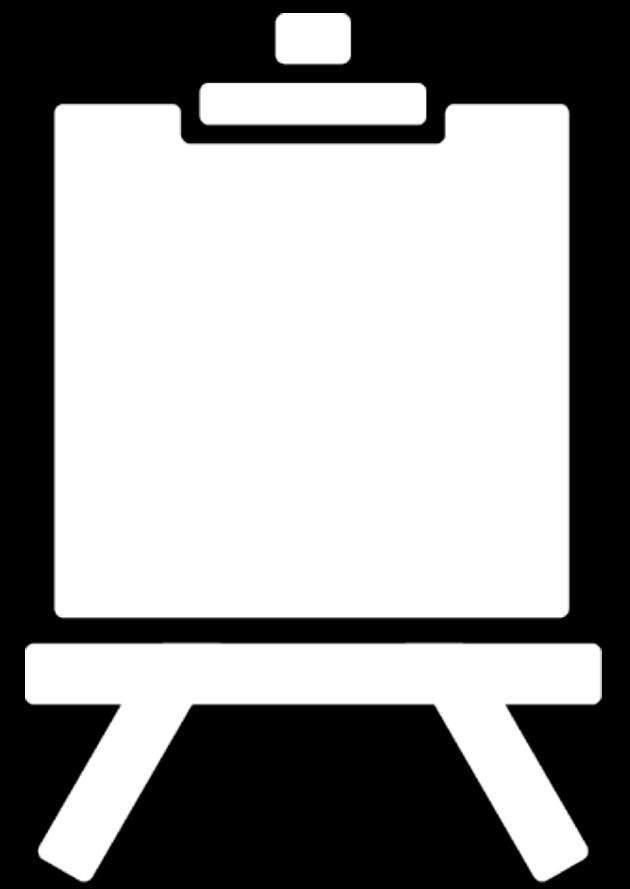
# Creating, Configuring, and Drawing

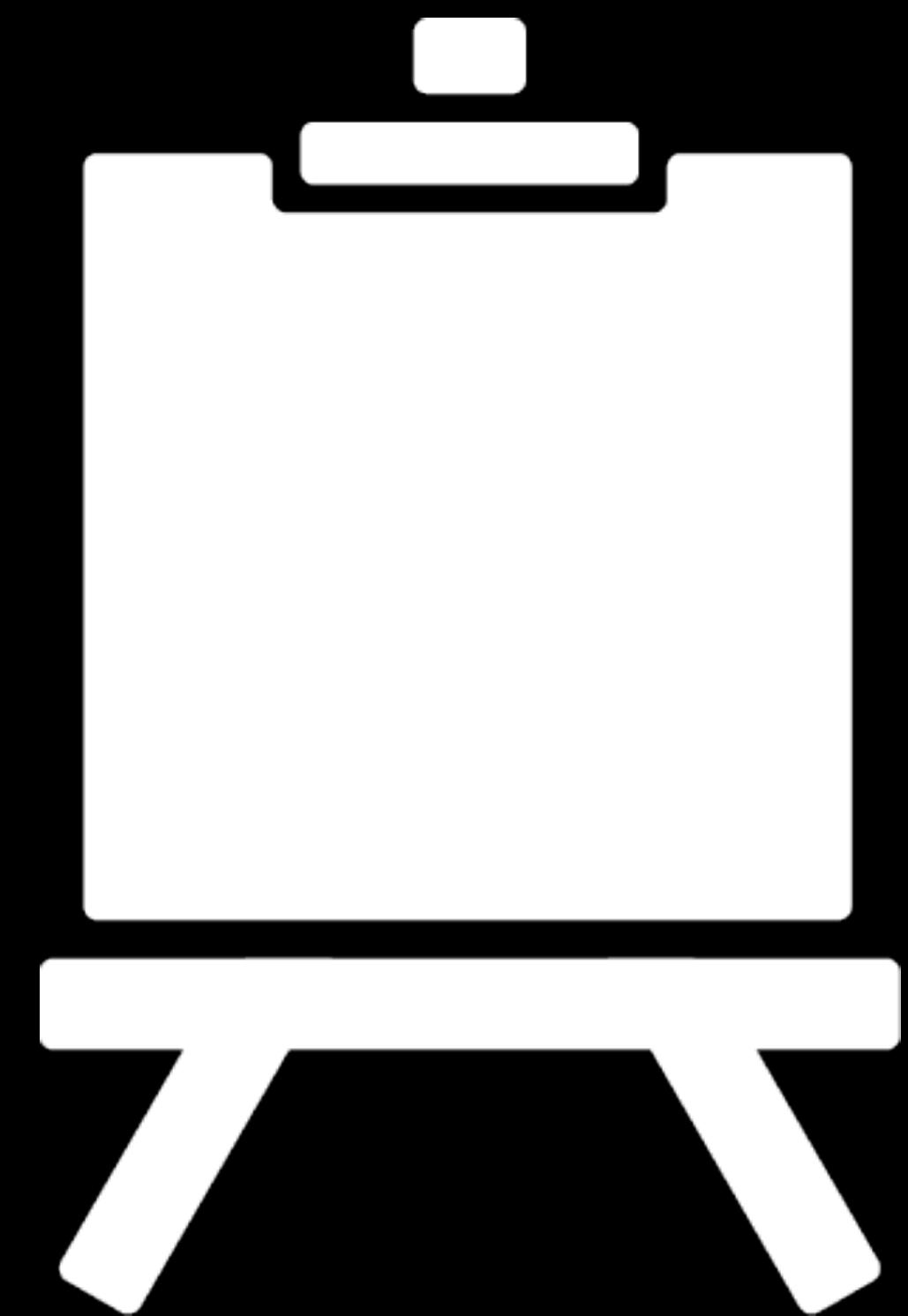












# Somewhere to Draw

## Canvas

# Somewhere to Draw Canvas

<canvas> element

Or create one via JavaScript:

```
var canvas = document.createElement("canvas");
```

# Somewhere to Draw

## Canvas

```
var canvas = document.querySelector("canvas");
```

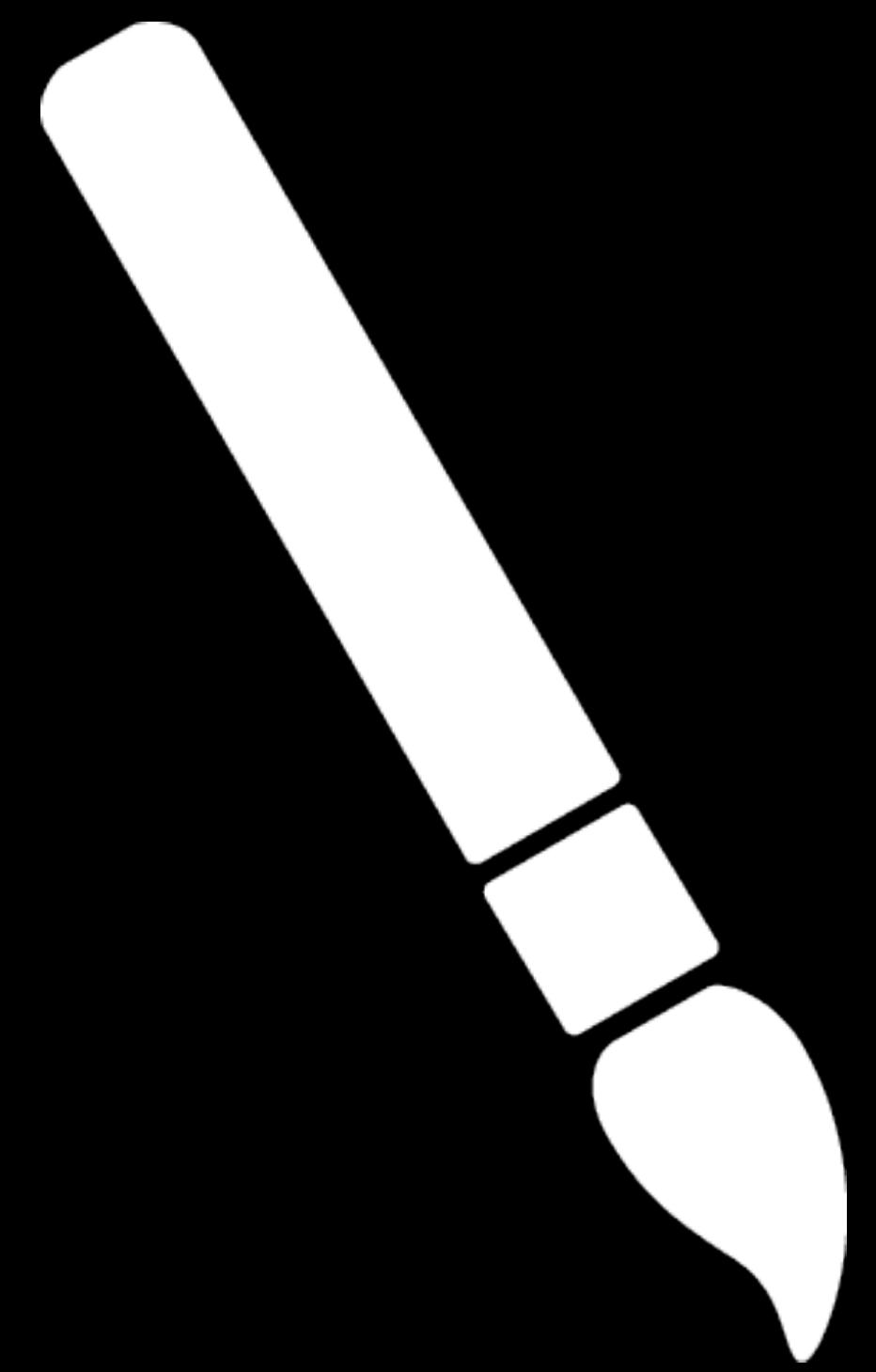
# Somewhere to Draw

## Canvas

```
var canvas = document.querySelector("canvas");

canvas.width = 600 * window.devicePixelRatio;
canvas.height = 400 * window.devicePixelRatio;
```





# Something to Draw With

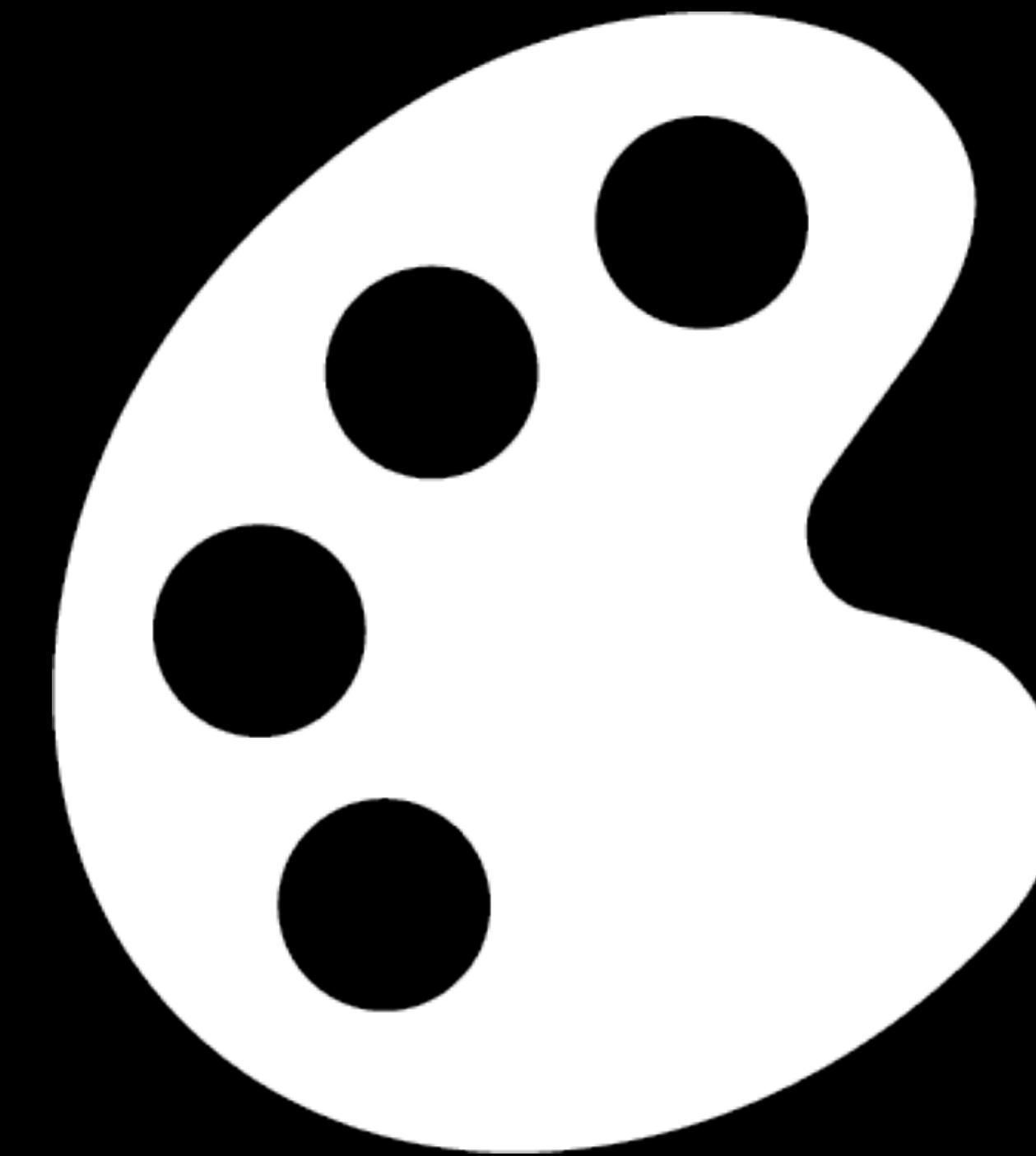
## Creating the WebGLRenderingContext

# Something to Draw With

## Creating the WebGLRenderingContext

```
var gl = canvas.getContext("webgl");
```





# Configuring the System

Creating and setting up the resources

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Creating and setting up the resources

Before we can do the actual draw operation:

# Configuring the System

## Creating and setting up the resources

Before we can do the actual draw operation:

- Create some buffers

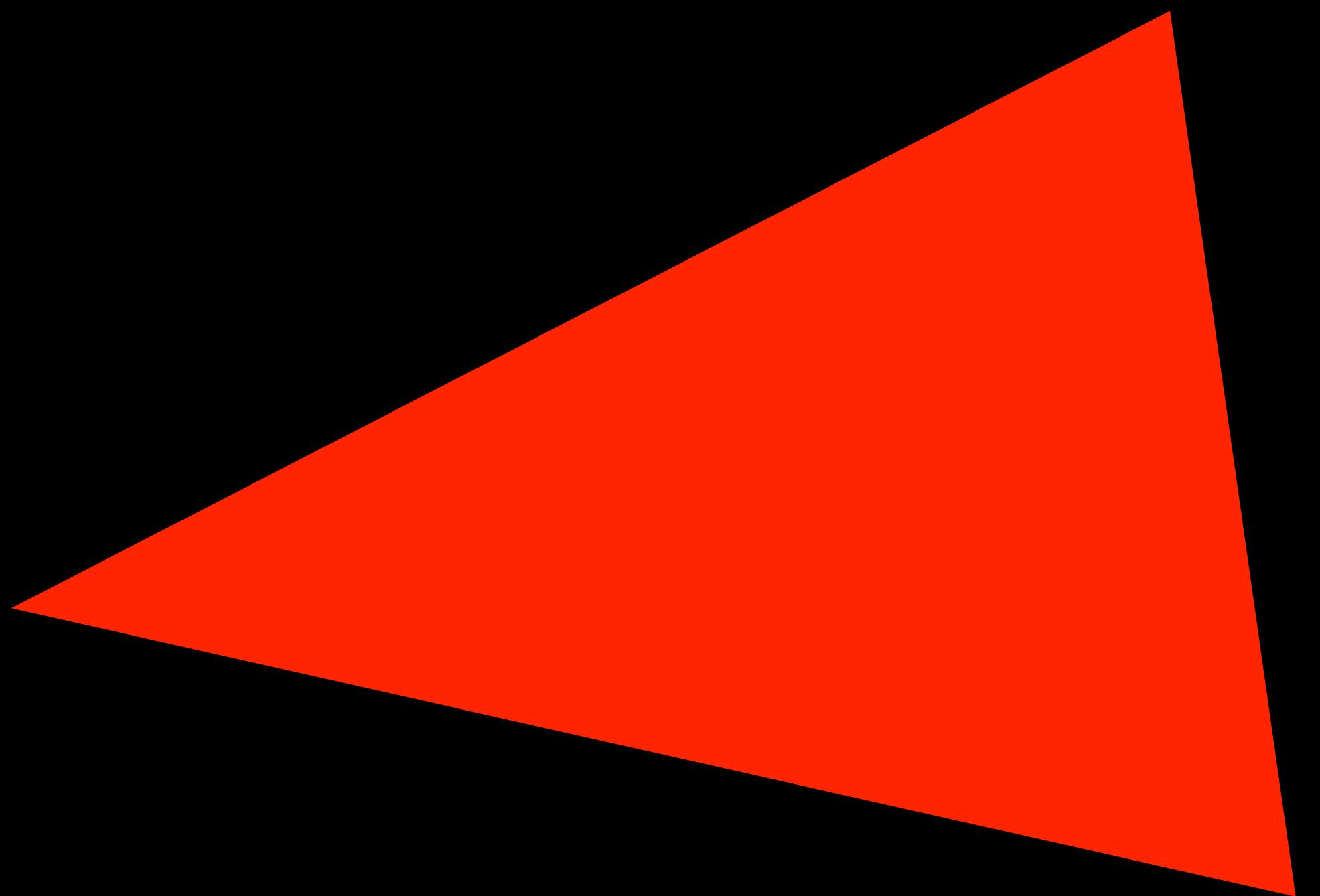
# Configuring the System

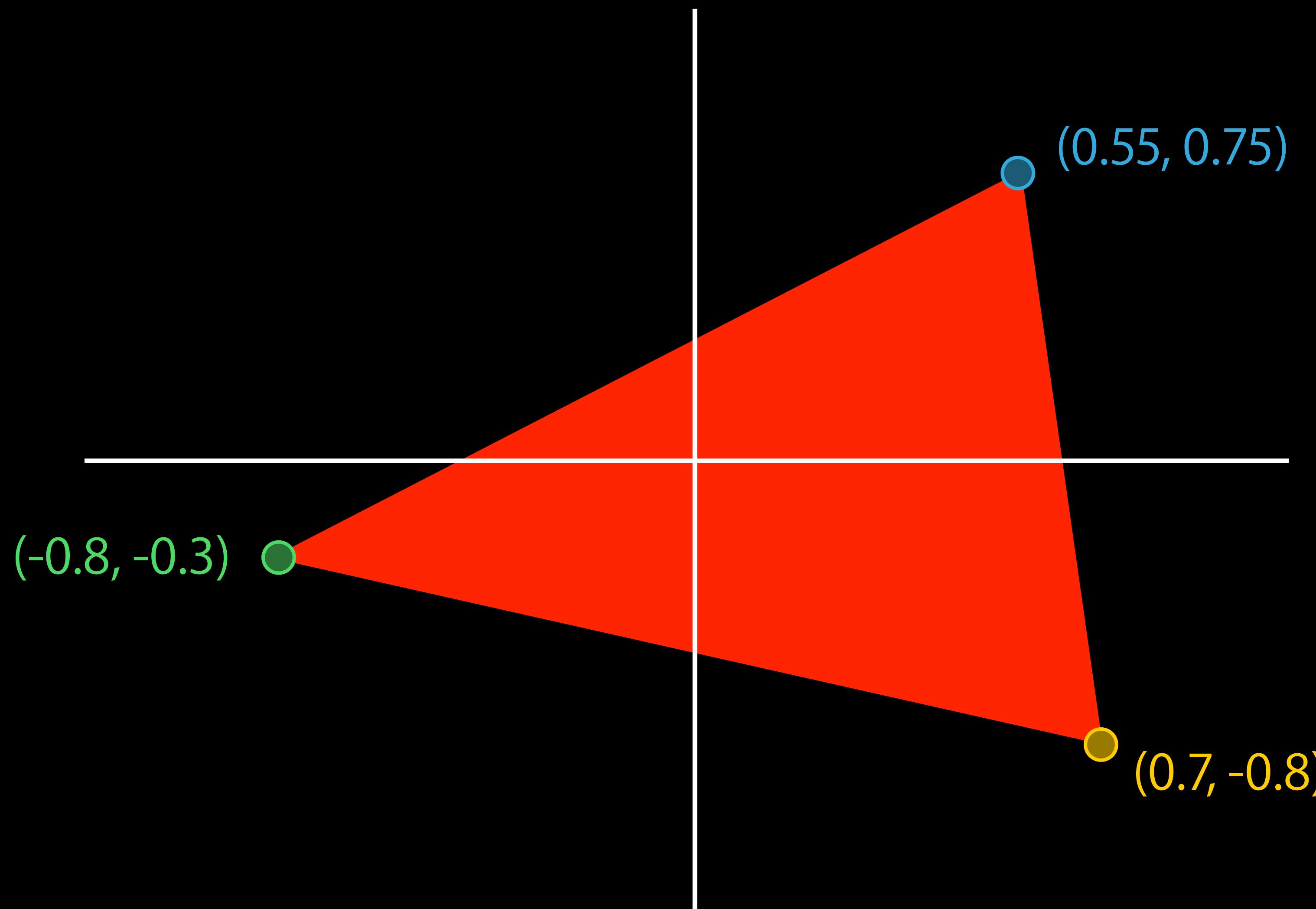
## Creating and setting up the resources

Before we can do the actual draw operation:

- Create some buffers
- Create a program to use while drawing



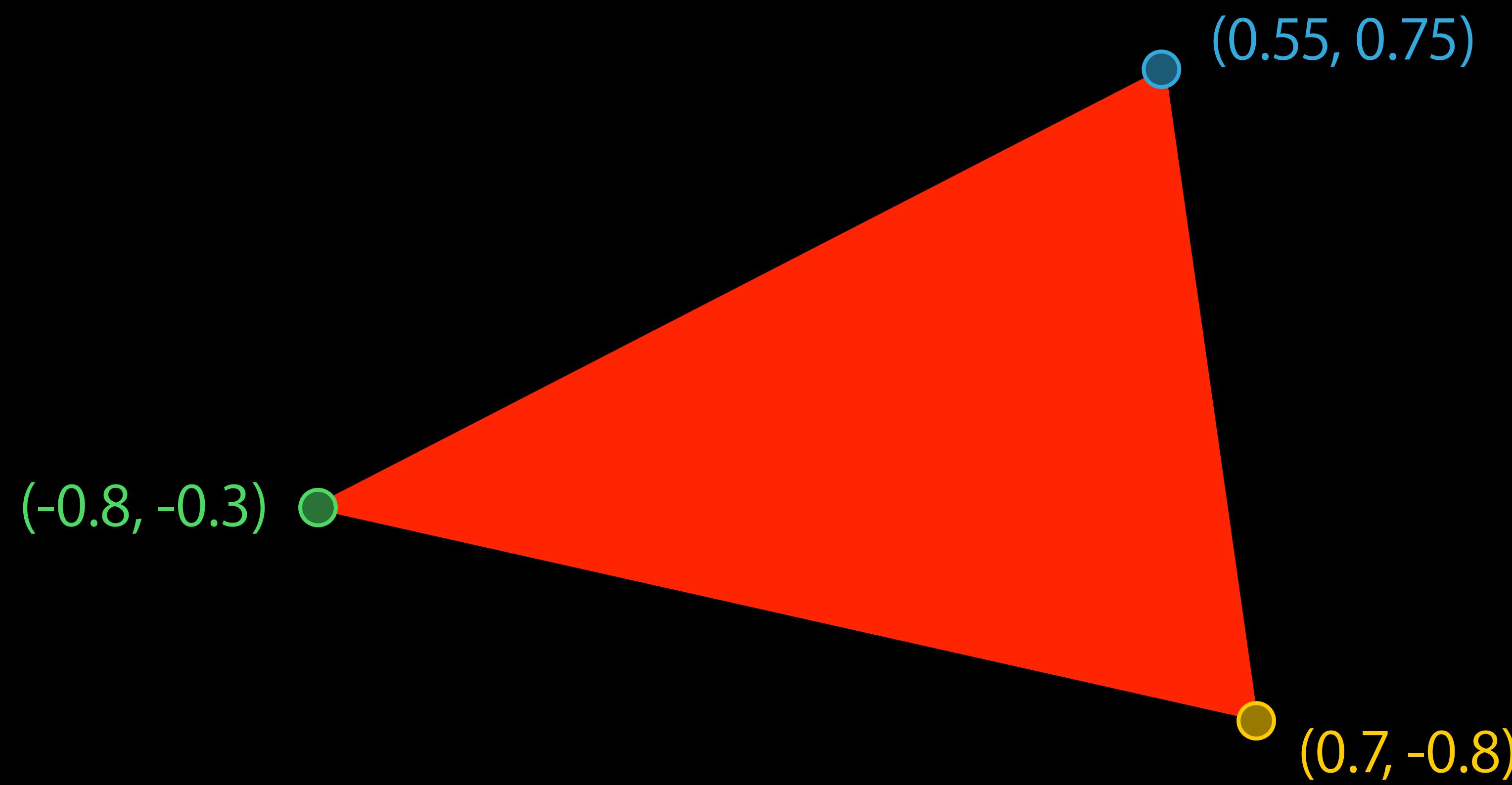




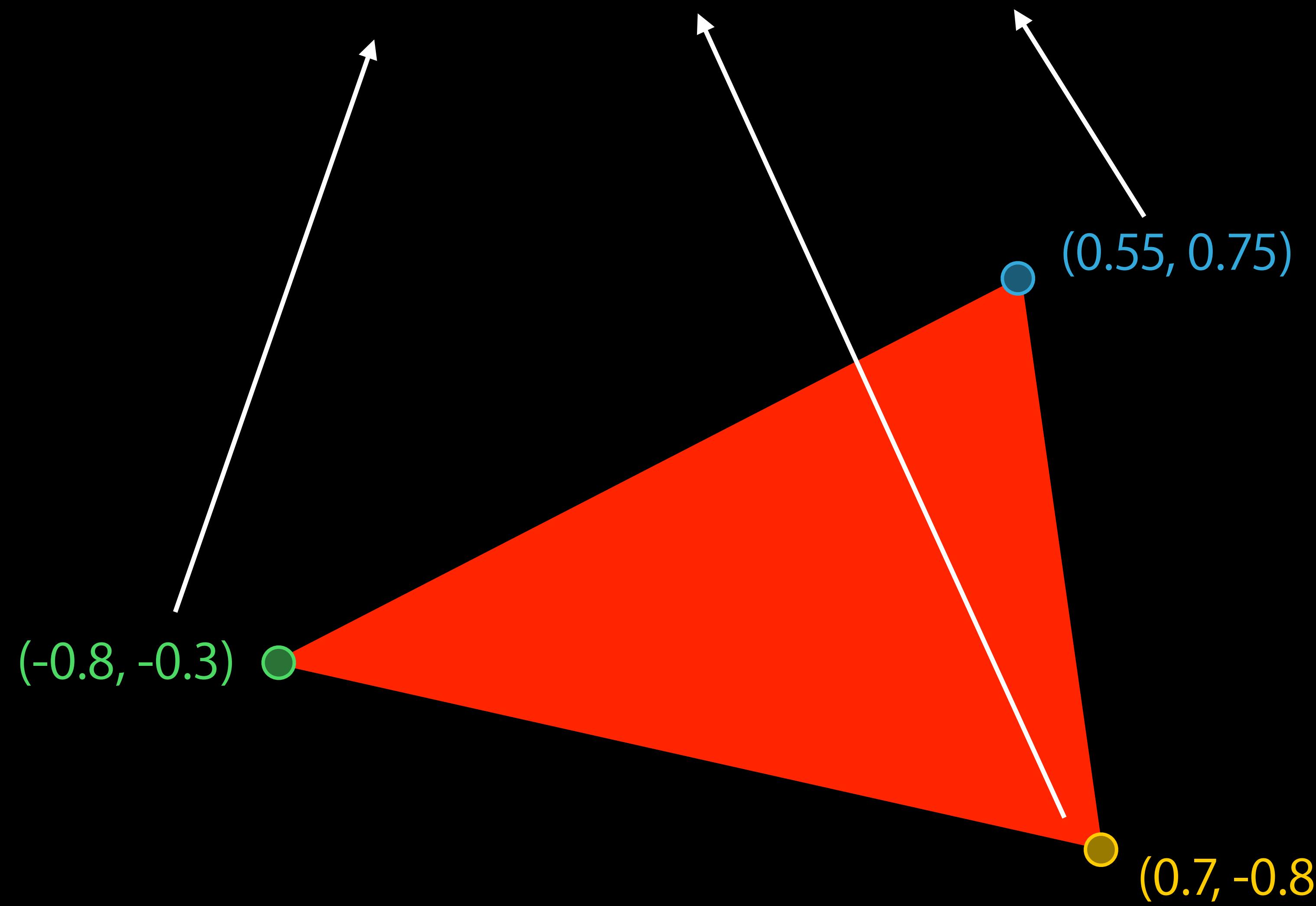
(-0.8, -0.3) ○

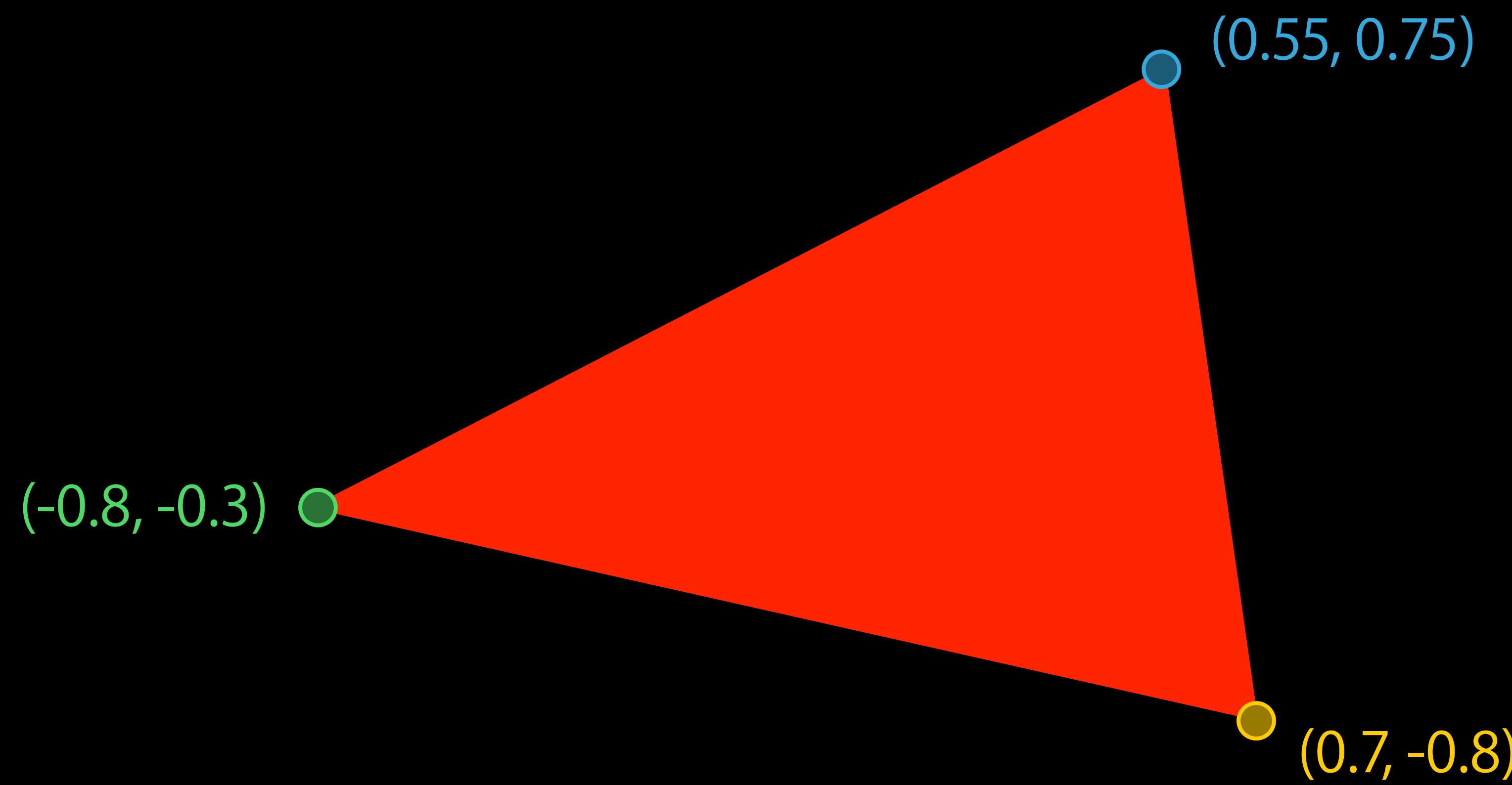
(0.55, 0.75)

(0.7, -0.8)



-0.8	-0.3	0.7	-0.8	0.55	0.75
------	------	-----	------	------	------





```
var vertices = new Float32Array( [  
    -0.8, -0.3,  
    0.7, -0.8,  
    0.55, 0.75  
] );
```

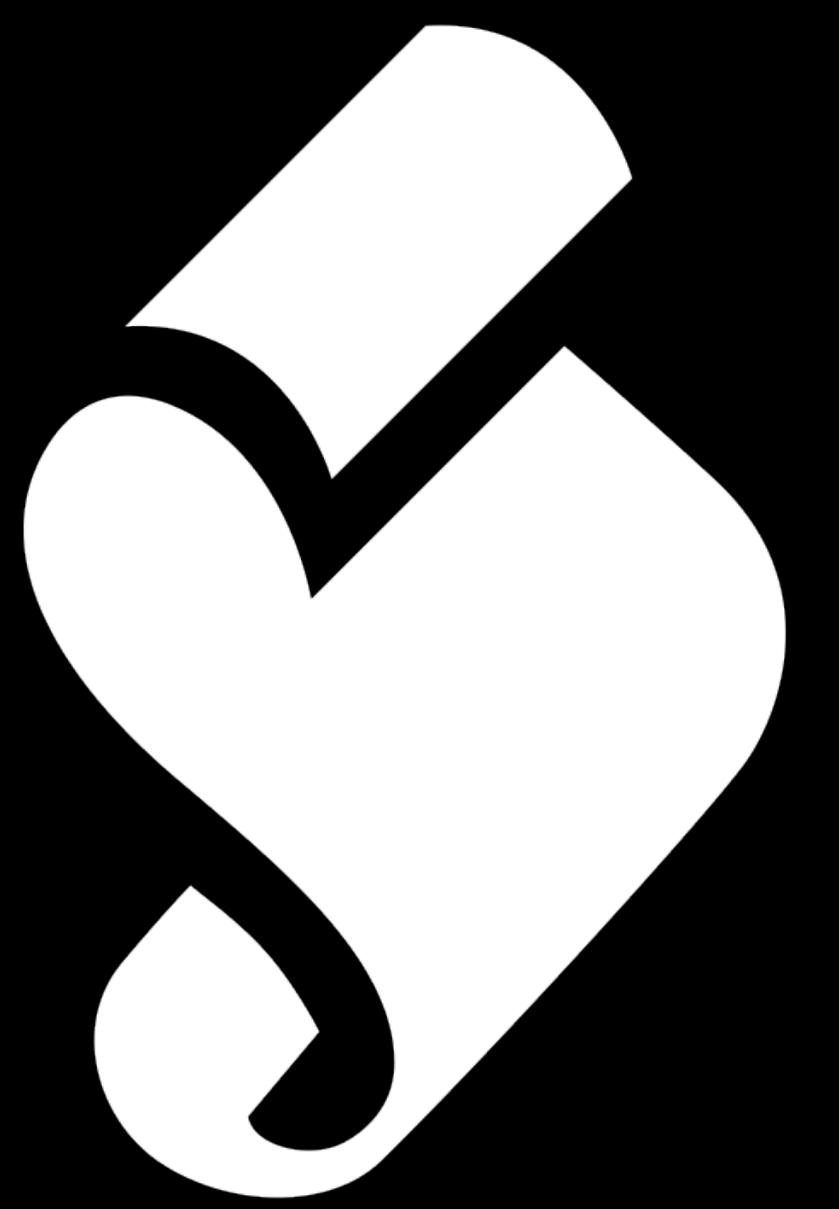
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    -0.8, -0.3,  
    0.7, -0.8,  
    0.55, 0.75  
] );
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var vertices = new Float32Array( [  
    -0.8, -0.3,  
    0.7, -0.8,  
    0.55, 0.75  
] );
```

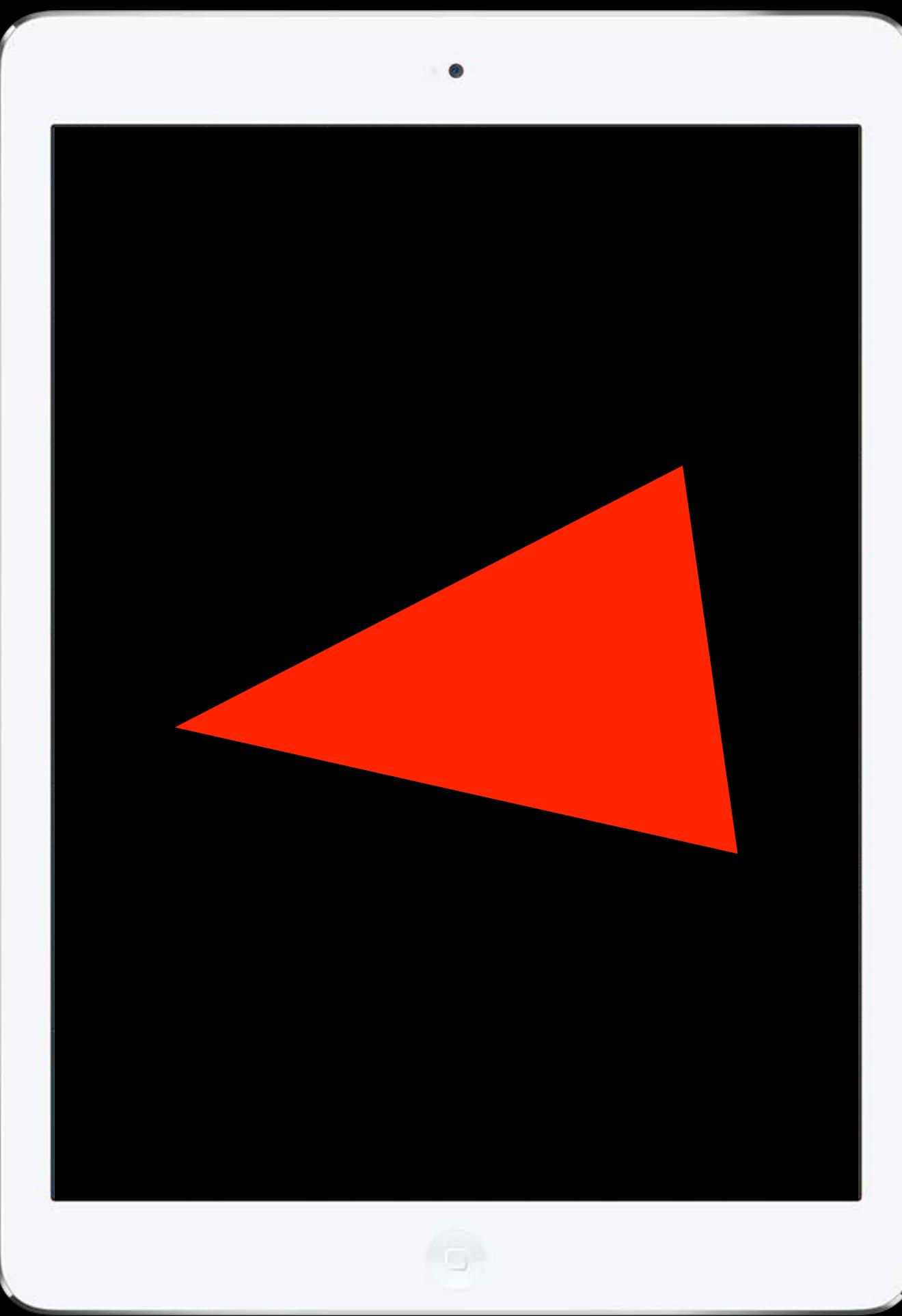
```
var vertices = new Float32Array( [  
    -0.8, -0.3,  
    0.7, -0.8,  
    0.55, 0.75  
] );  
  
var triangleBuffer = gl.createBuffer();
```

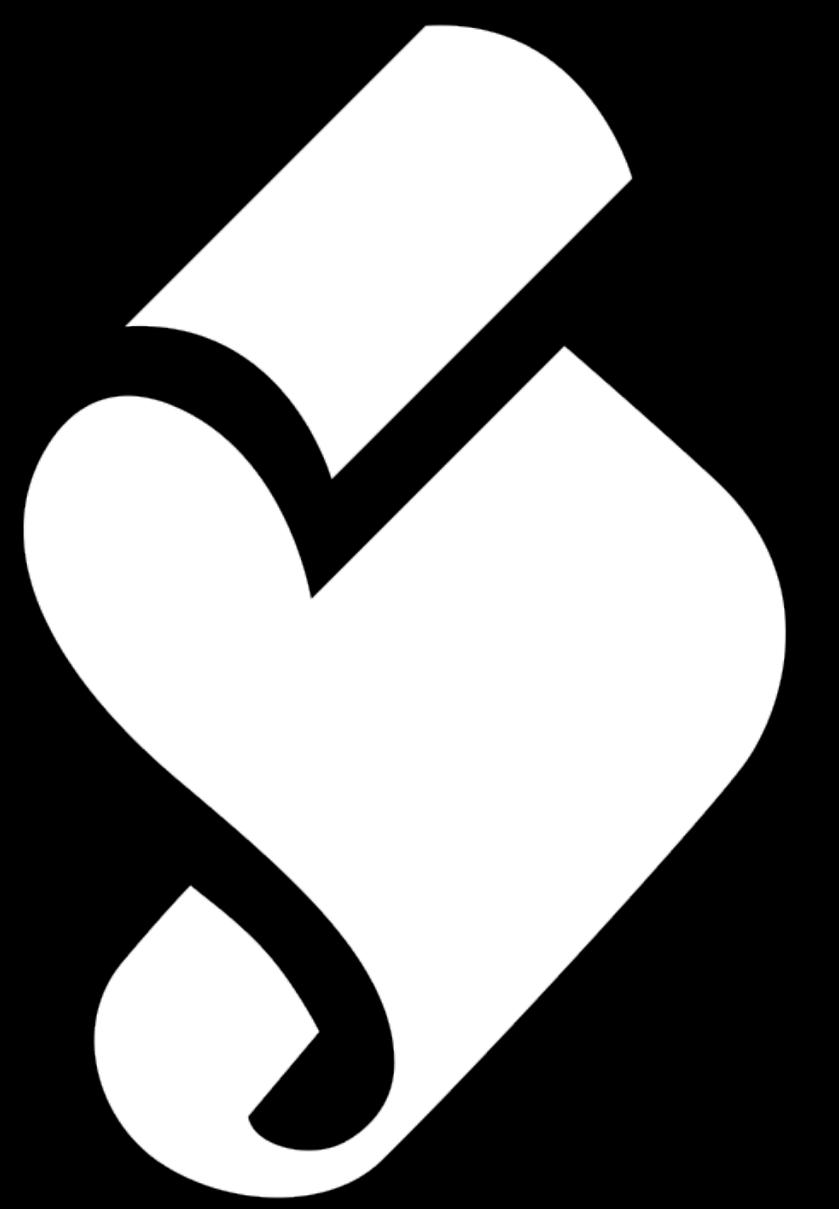
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var vertices = new Float32Array( [  
    -0.8, -0.3,  
    0.7, -0.8,  
    0.55, 0.75  
]);  
  
var triangleBuffer = gl.createBuffer();  
gl.bindBuffer(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, triangleBuffer);  
gl.bufferData(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, vertices, gl.STATIC_DRAW);
```



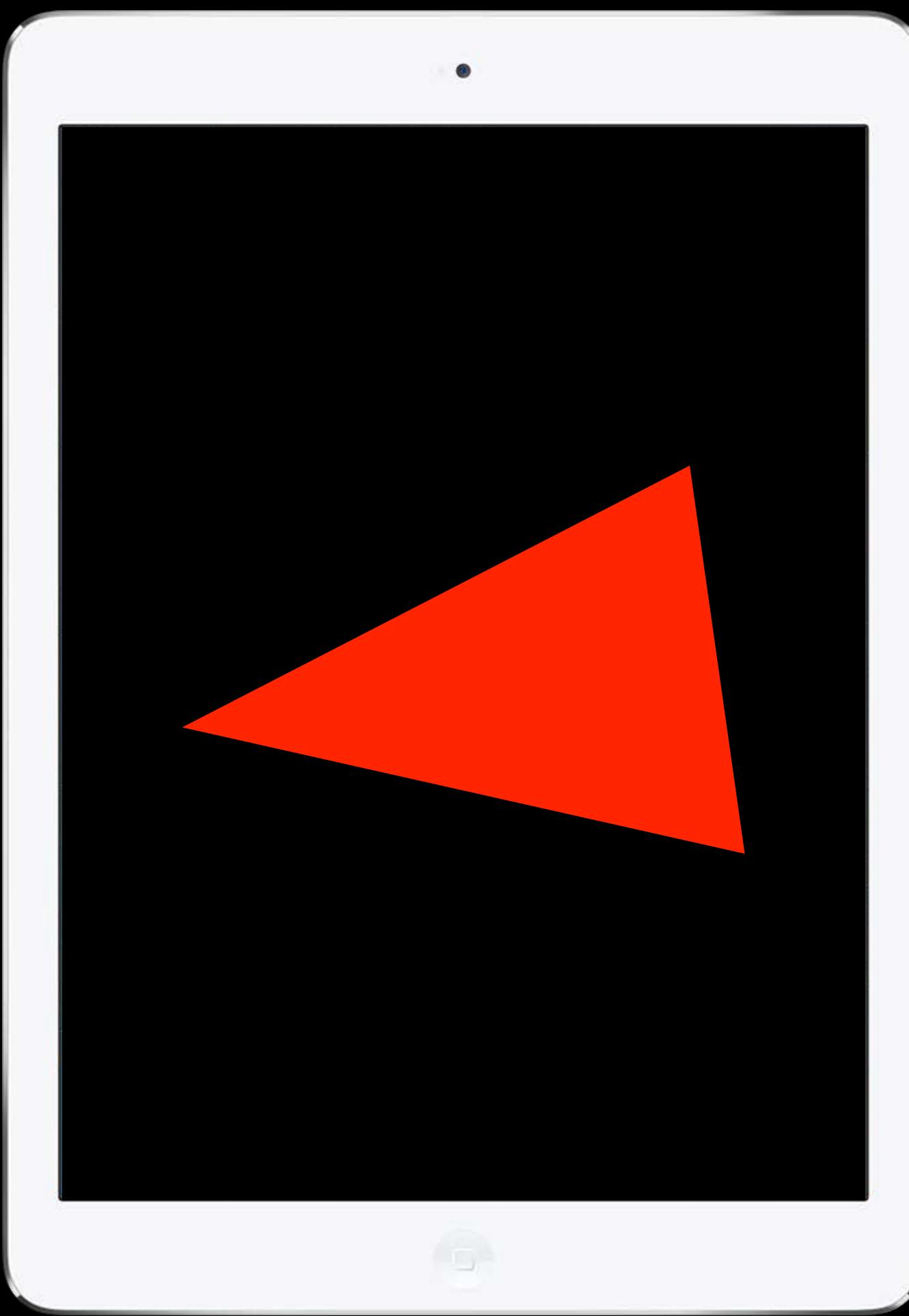


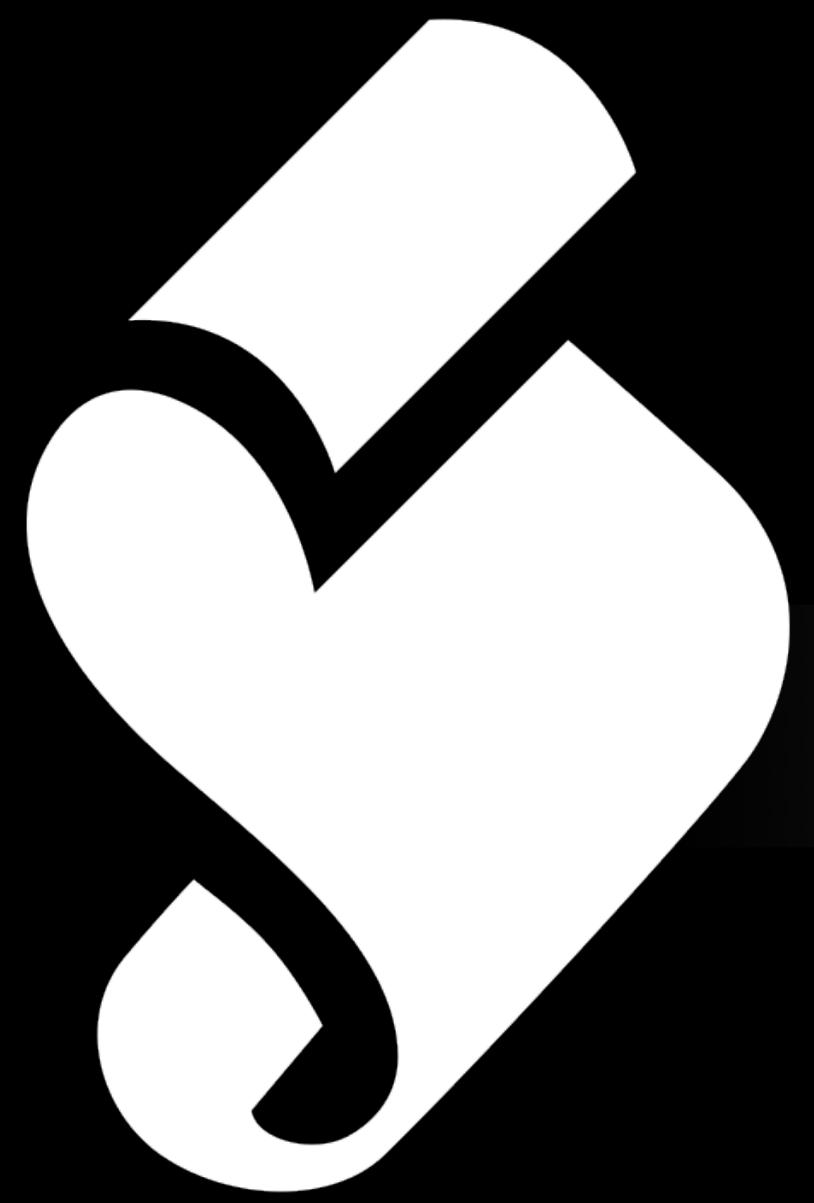
JavaScript



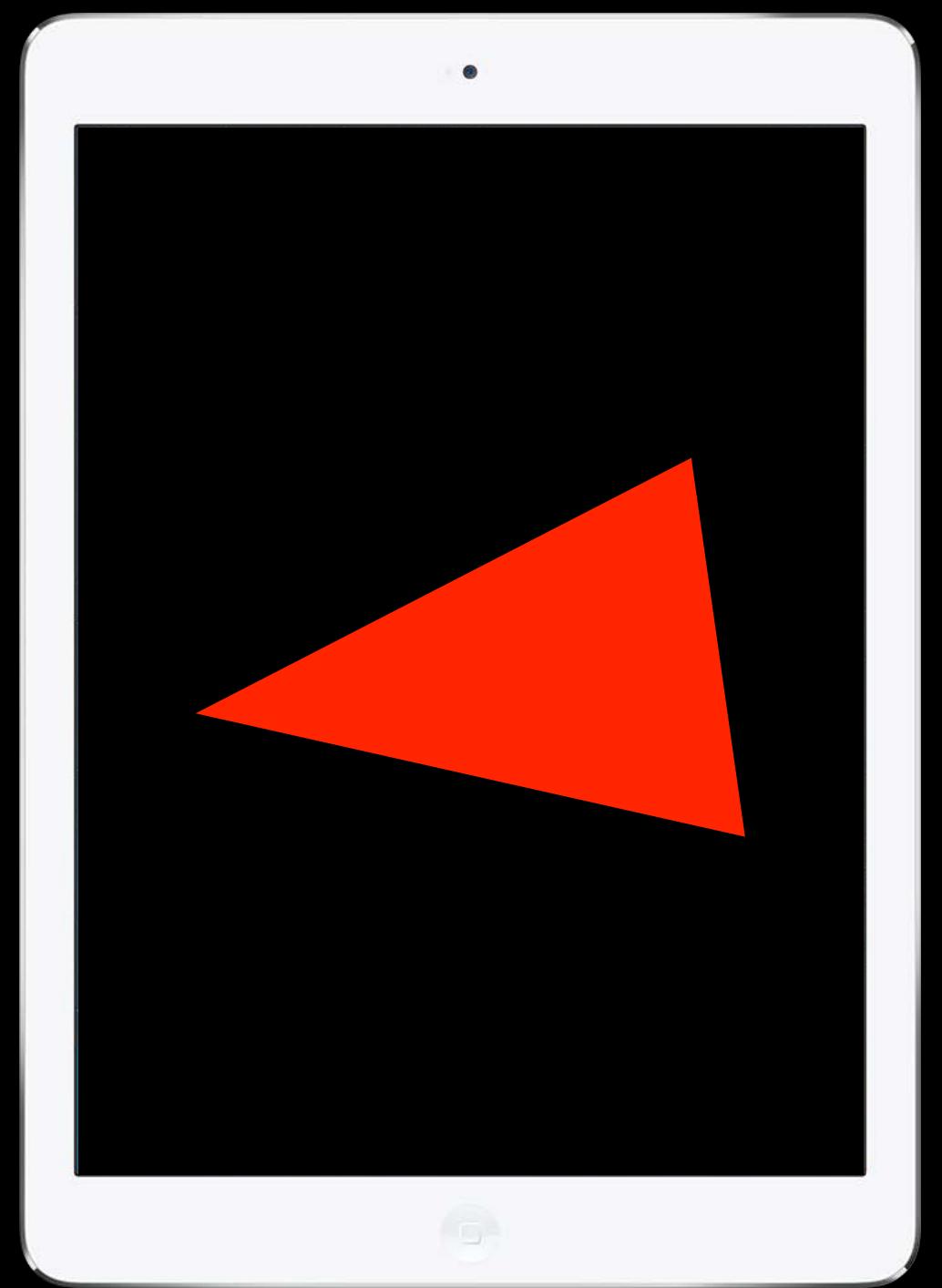
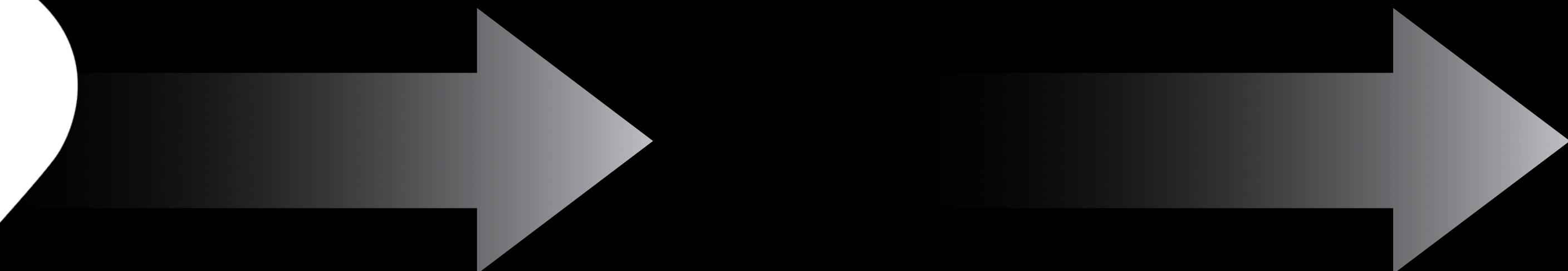


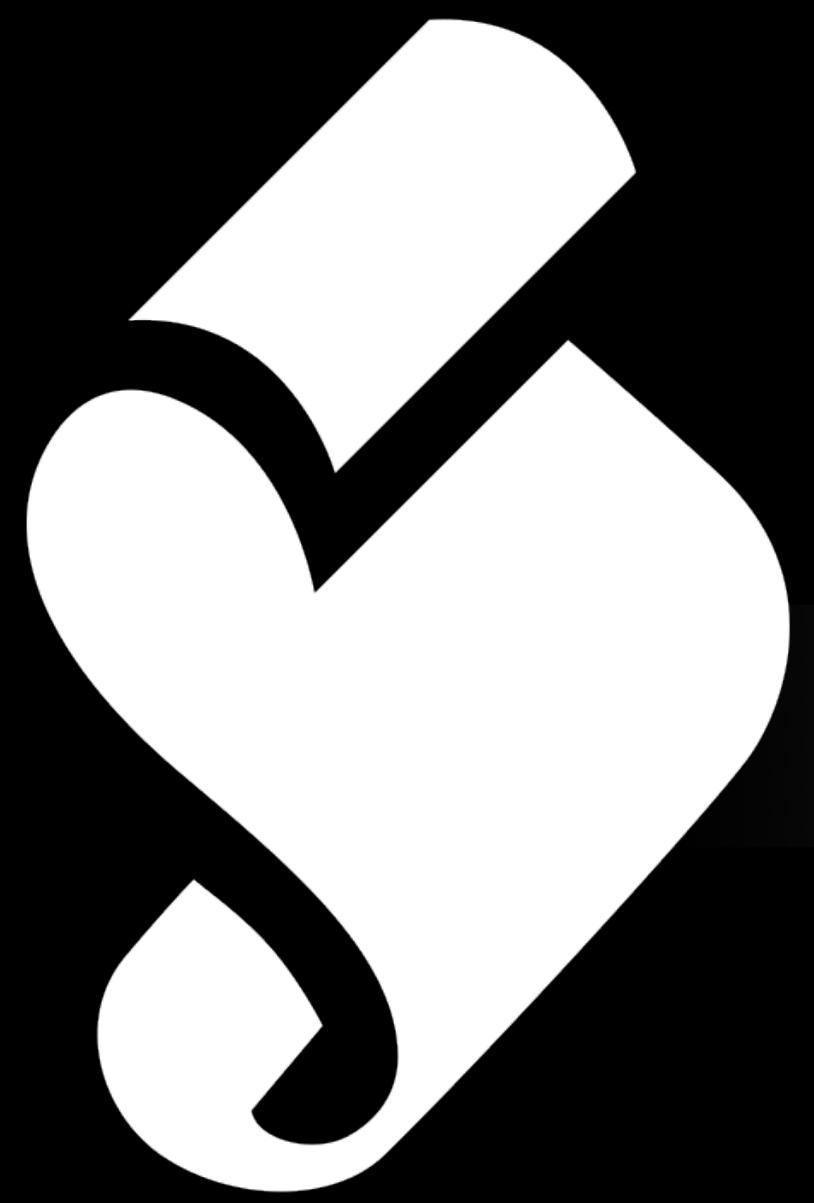
JavaScript





JavaScript



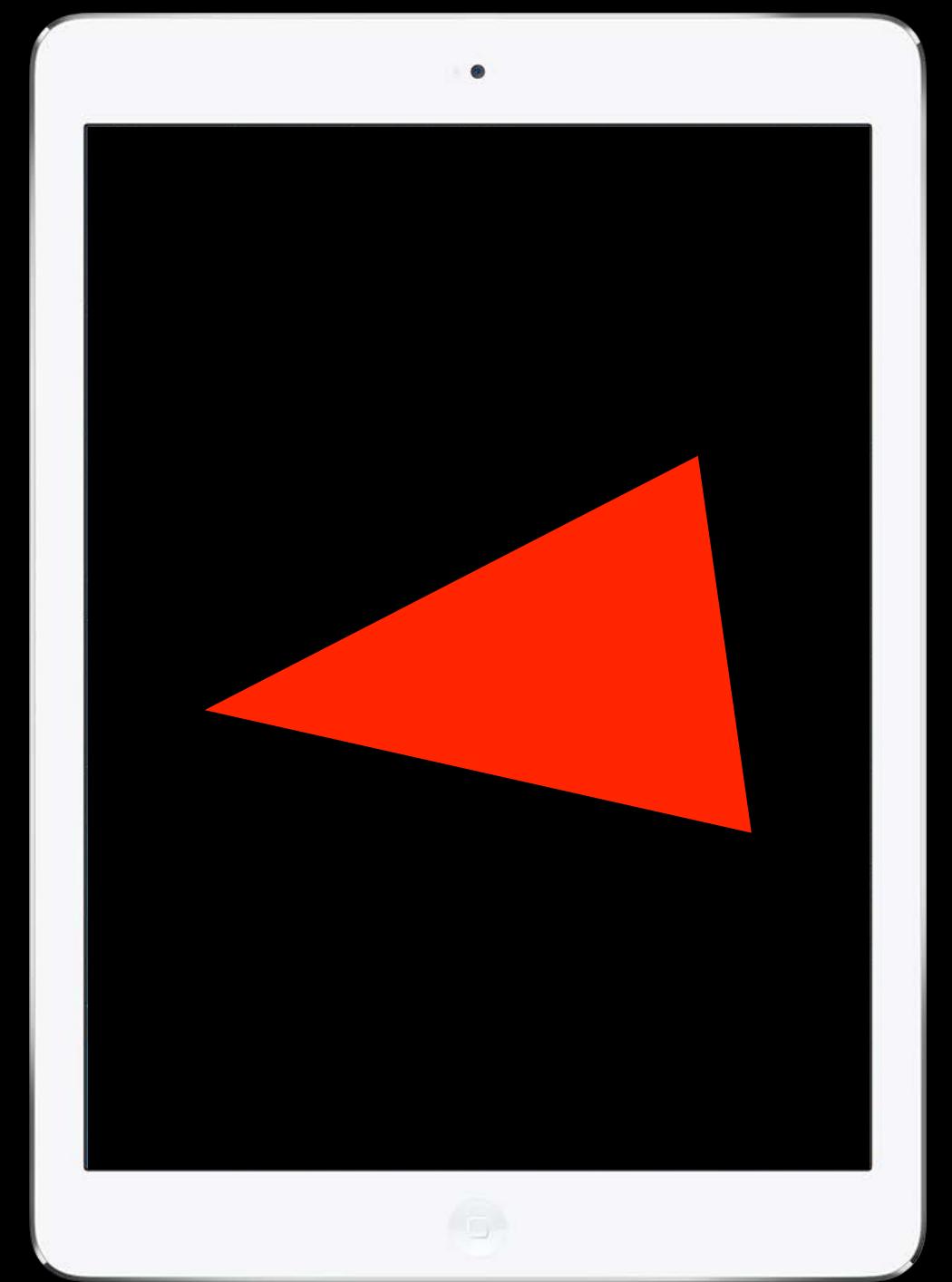


JavaScript

```
graph LR; JS[JavaScript] --> Pipeline[WebGL Rendering Pipeline]; Pipeline --> Output[Output Device]
```

A diagram illustrating the WebGL rendering pipeline. It consists of three main components: 1) A white scroll icon representing "JavaScript" on the left. 2) A teal rectangular box in the center labeled "WebGL Rendering Pipeline". 3) A white tablet icon on the right representing the "Output Device". Arrows indicate a sequential flow from JavaScript to the rendering pipeline, and then from the pipeline to the output device.

WebGL  
Rendering  
Pipeline



# WebGL Rendering Pipeline

# WebGL Rendering Pipeline

Primitive  
Processing

Vertex  
Shader

Primitive  
Assembly

Rasterizer

Fragment  
Shader

Depth/  
Stencil

Color  
Buffer  
Blend

Dither

Primitive  
Processing

Vertex  
Shader

Primitive  
Assembly

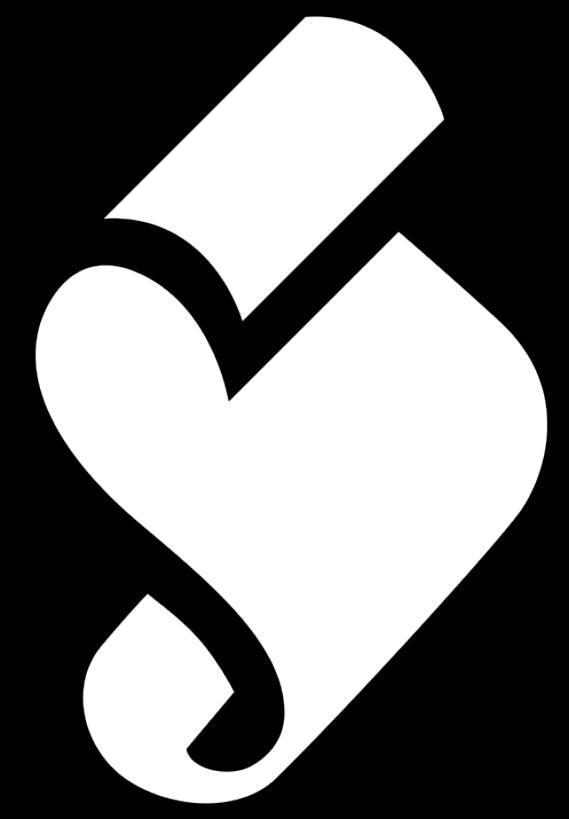
Rasterizer

Fragment  
Shader

Depth/  
Stencil

Color  
Buffer  
Blend

Dither



JavaScript

Vertex  
Shader

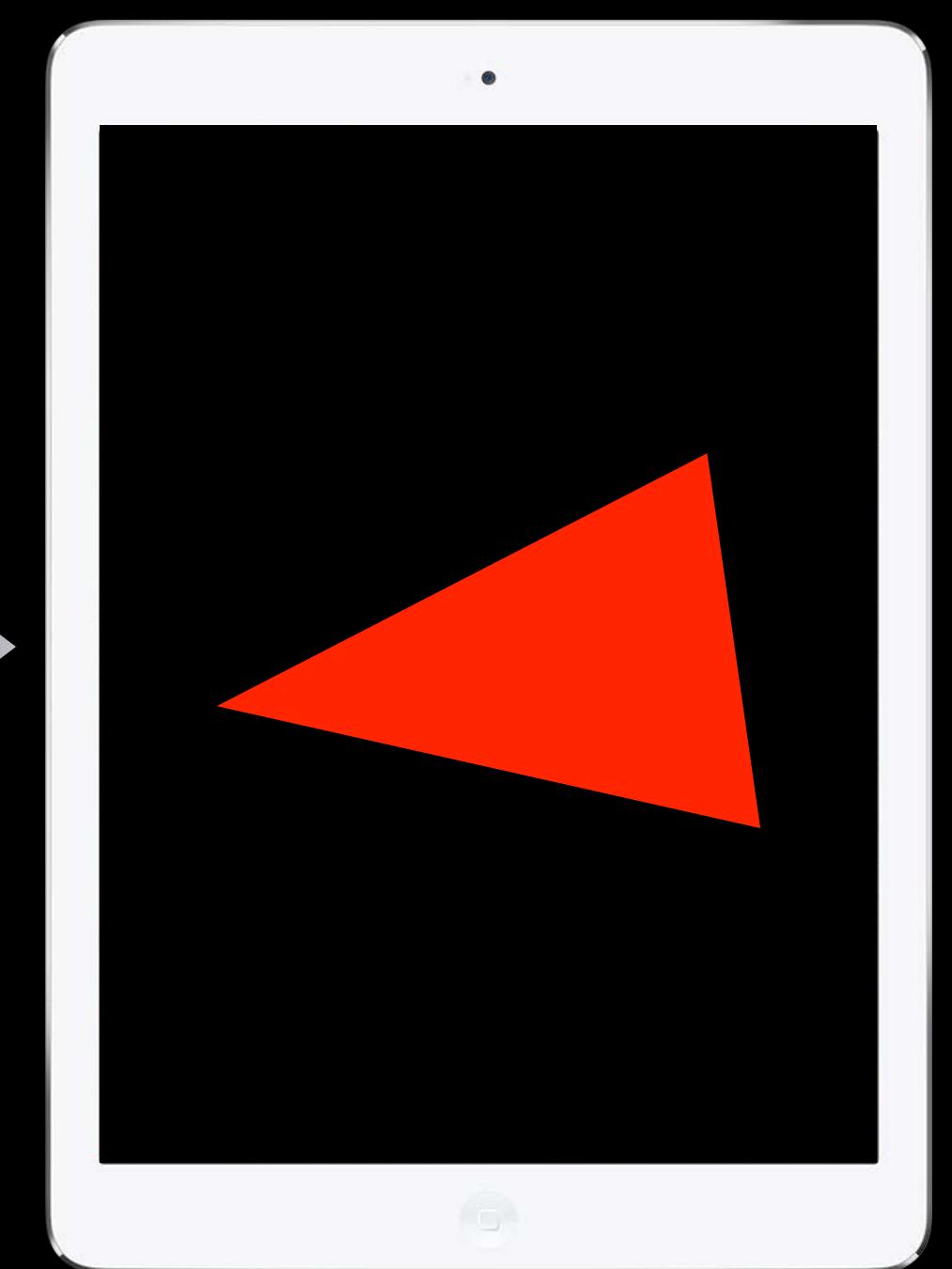
Fragment  
Shader

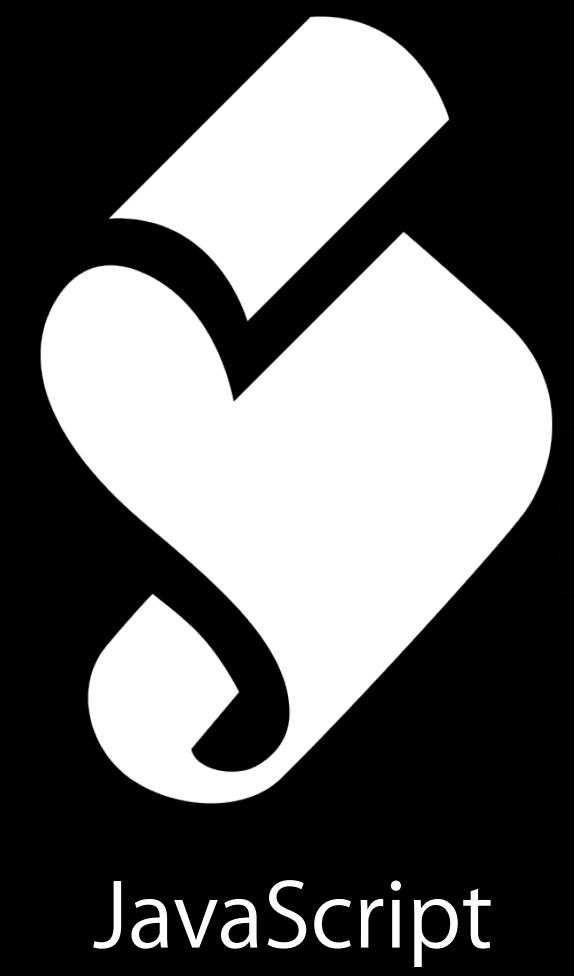


JavaScript

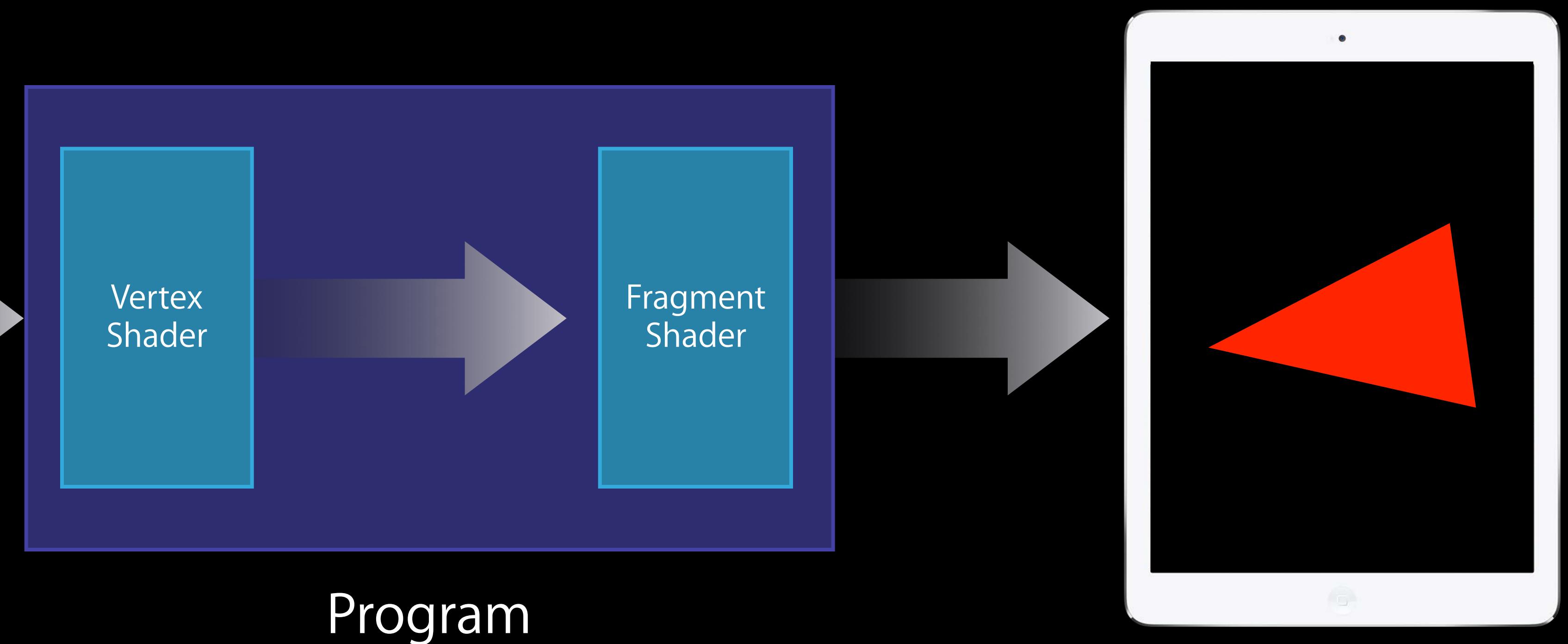
Vertex  
Shader

Fragment  
Shader

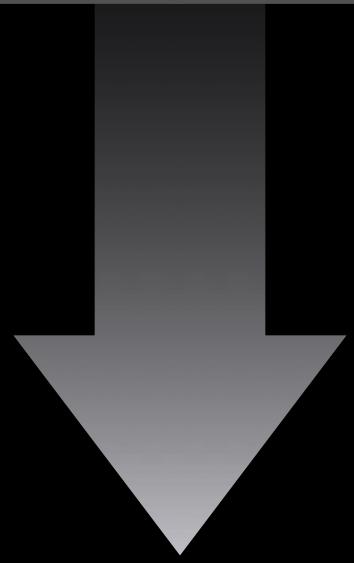




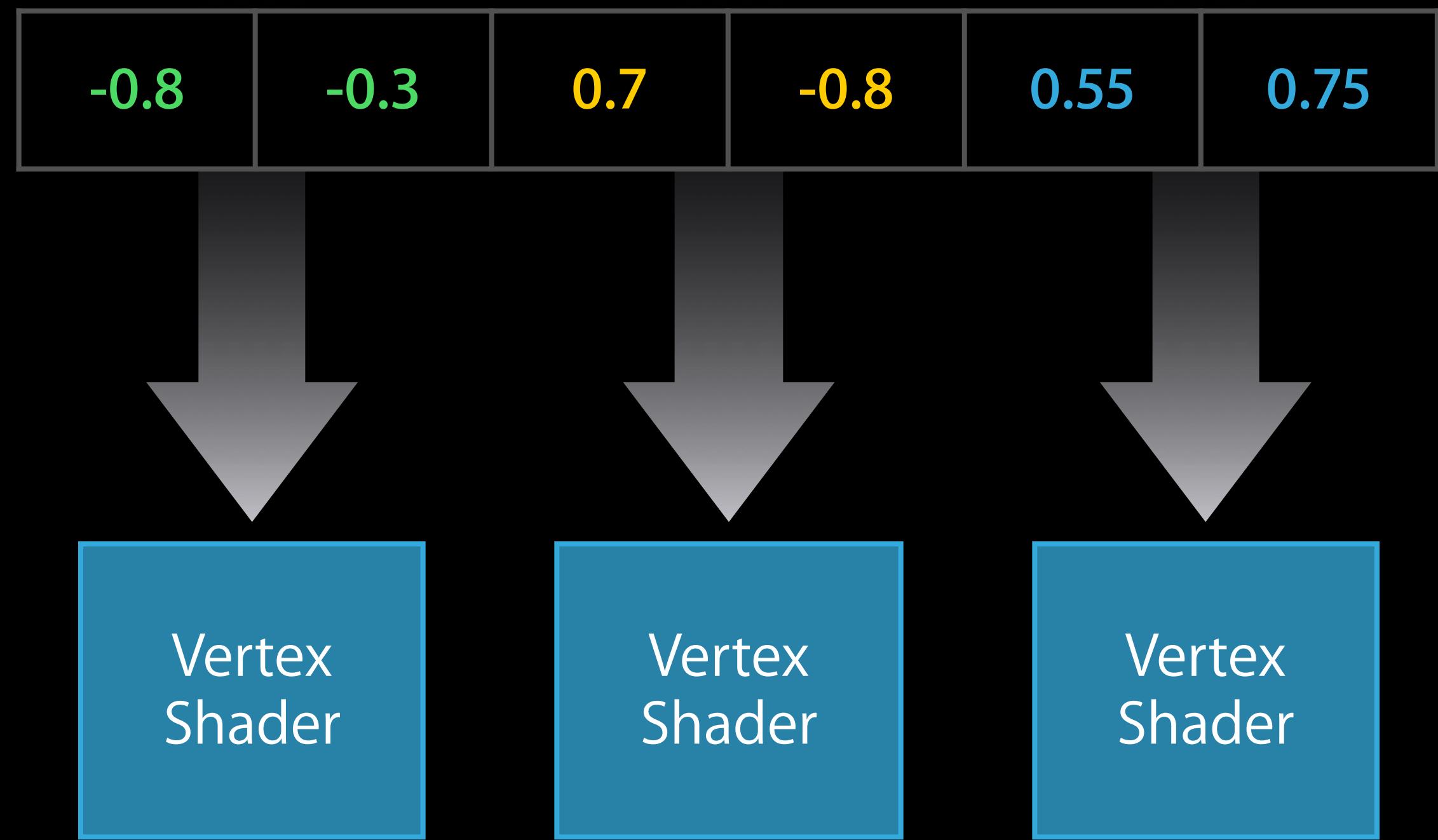
JavaScript



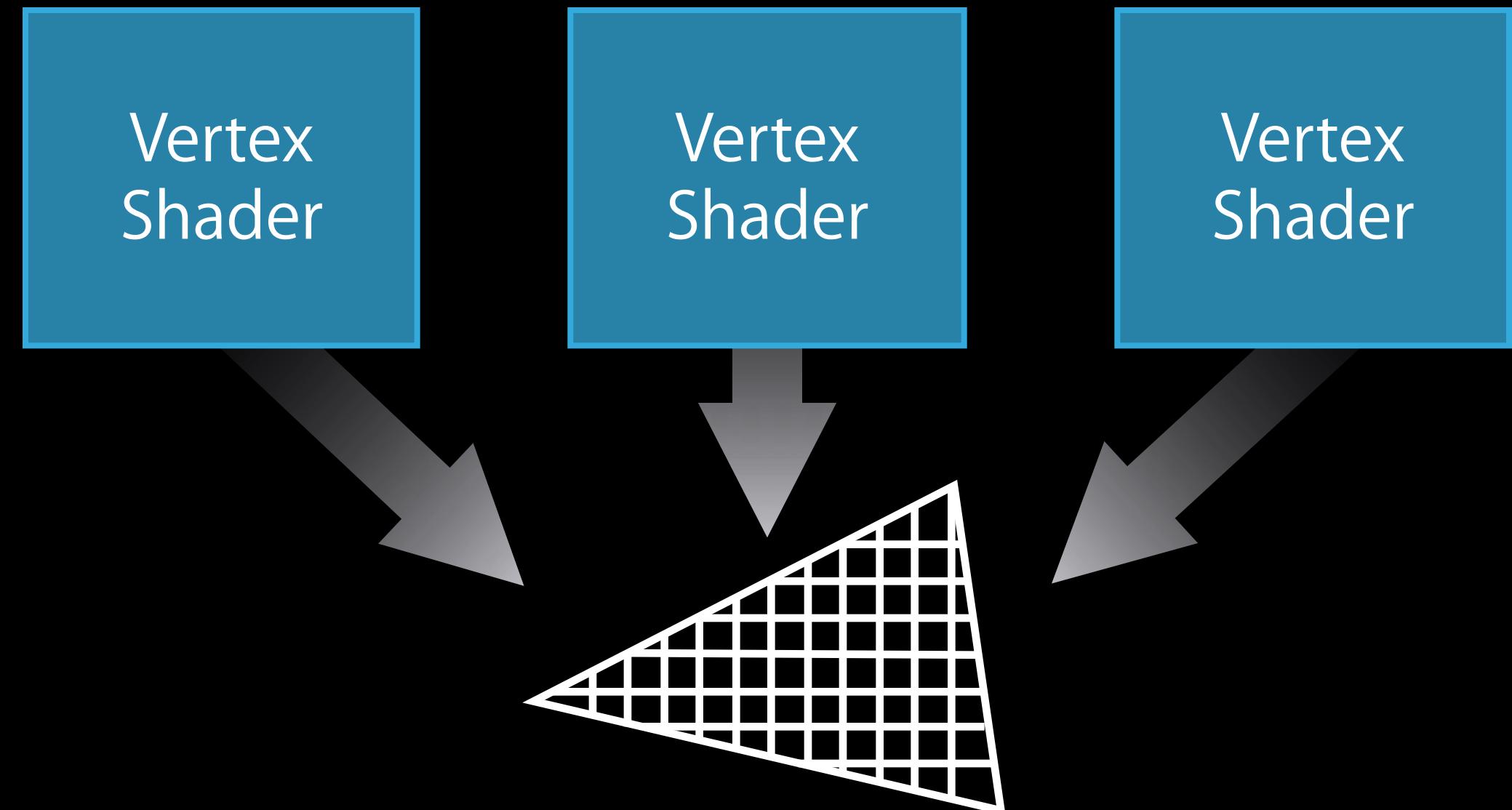
-0.8	-0.3	0.7	-0.8	0.55	0.75
------	------	-----	------	------	------



Vertex Shader



-0.8	-0.3	0.7	-0.8	0.55	0.75
------	------	-----	------	------	------



-0.8	-0.3	0.7	-0.8	0.55	0.75
------	------	-----	------	------	------



```
var vertexShader = gl.createShader(gl.VERTEX_SHADER);
gl.shaderSource(vertexShader, "... source code ...");
gl.compileShader(vertexShader);
```

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```

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gl.compileShader(vertexShader);
```

```
var vertexShader = gl.createShader(gl.VERTEX_SHADER);
gl.shaderSource(vertexShader, "... source code ...");
gl.compileShader(vertexShader);

var fragmentShader = gl.createShader(gl.FRAGMENT_SHADER);
gl.shaderSource(fragmentShader, "... source code ...");
gl.compileShader(fragmentShader);
```

```
var vertexShader = gl.createShader(gl.VERTEX_SHADER);
gl.shaderSource(vertexShader, "... source code ...");
gl.compileShader(vertexShader);

var fragmentShader = gl.createShader(gl.FRAGMENT_SHADER);
gl.shaderSource(fragmentShader, "... source code ...");
gl.compileShader(fragmentShader);

var program = gl.createProgram();
```

```
var vertexShader = gl.createShader(gl.VERTEX_SHADER);
gl.shaderSource(vertexShader, "... source code ...");
gl.compileShader(vertexShader);

var fragmentShader = gl.createShader(gl.FRAGMENT_SHADER);
gl.shaderSource(fragmentShader, "... source code ...");
gl.compileShader(fragmentShader);

var program = gl.createProgram();
gl.attachShader(program, vertexShader);
gl.attachShader(program, fragmentShader);
```

```
var vertexShader = gl.createShader(gl.VERTEX_SHADER);
gl.shaderSource(vertexShader, "... source code ...");
gl.compileShader(vertexShader);

var fragmentShader = gl.createShader(gl.FRAGMENT_SHADER);
gl.shaderSource(fragmentShader, "... source code ...");
gl.compileShader(fragmentShader);

var program = gl.createProgram();
gl.attachShader(program, vertexShader);
gl.attachShader(program, fragmentShader);
gl.linkProgram(program);
```

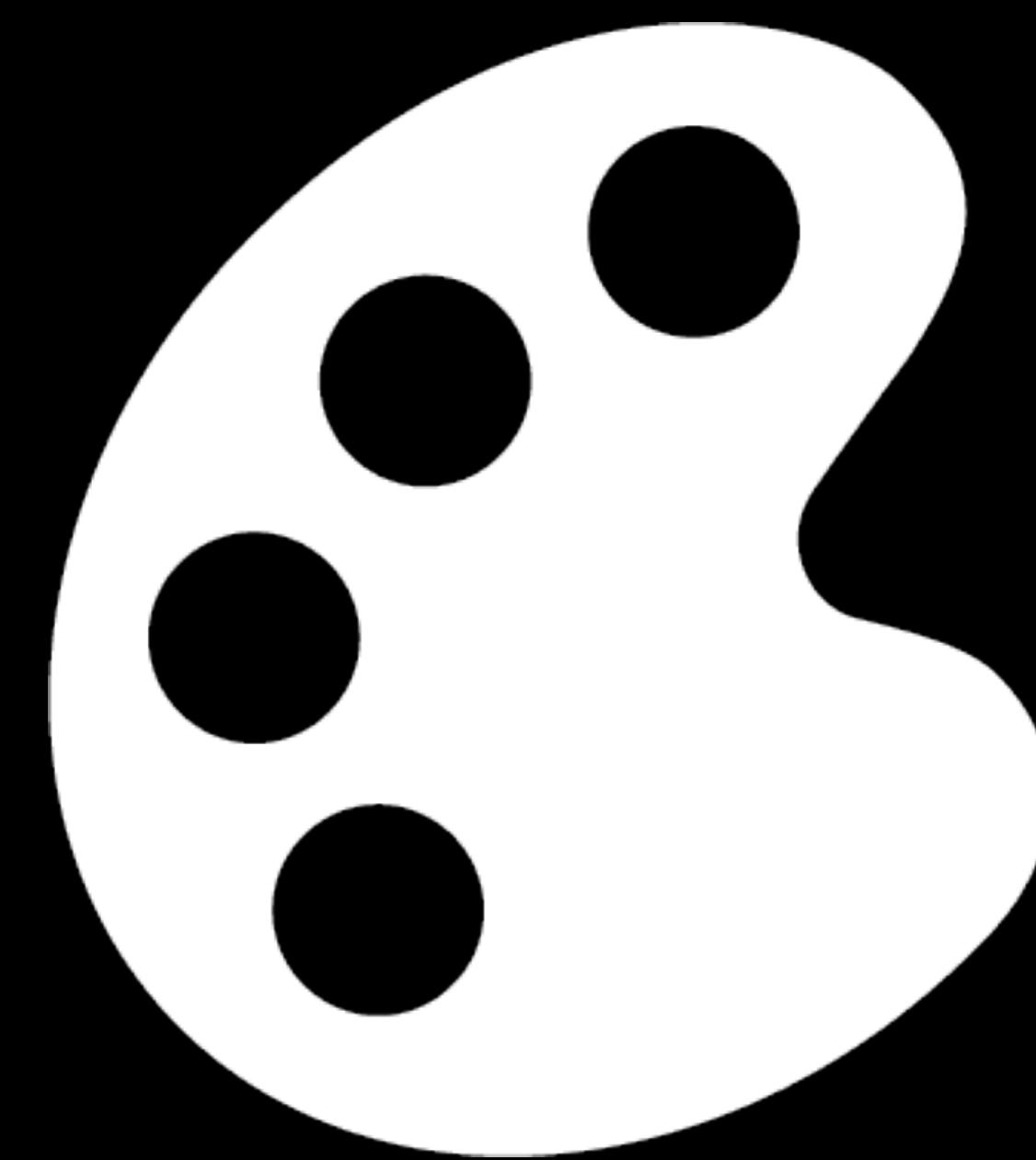
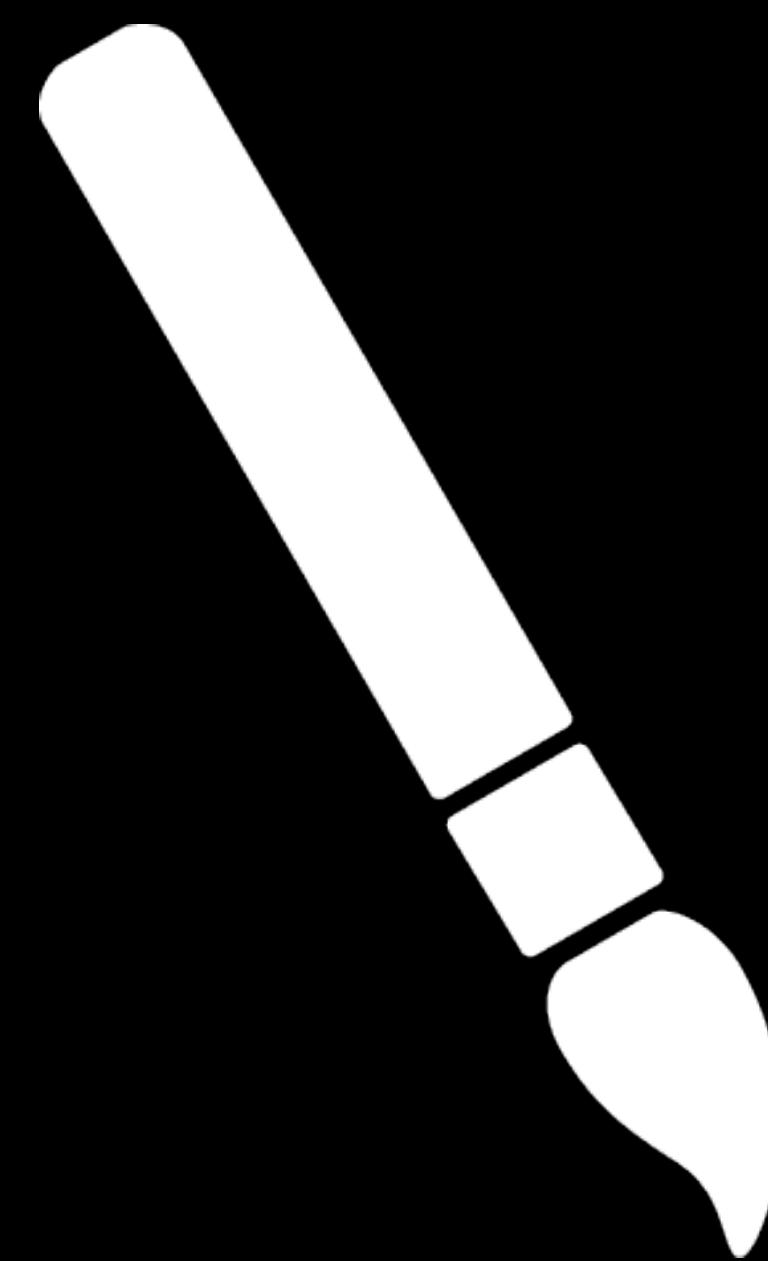
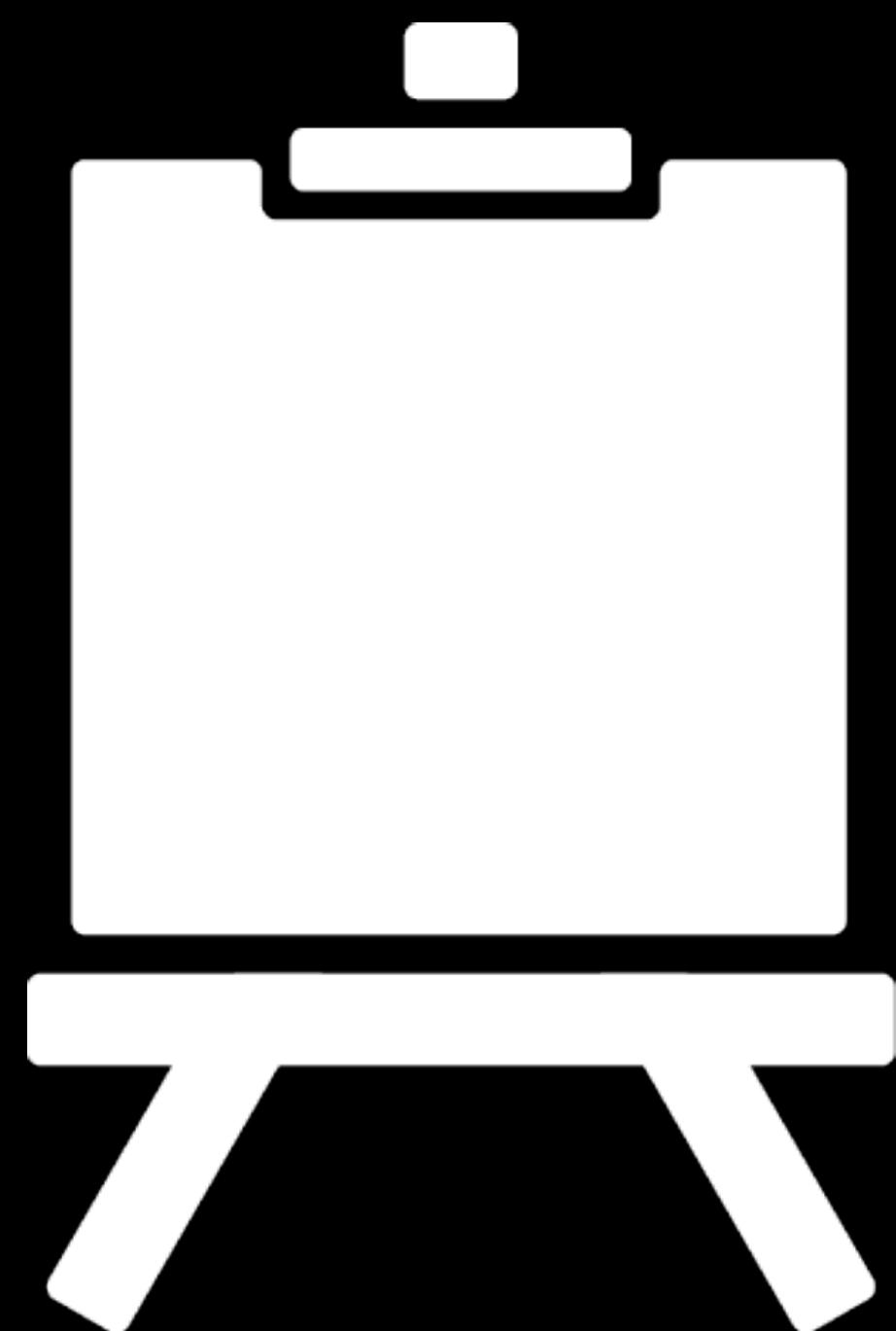
```
var vertexShader = gl.createShader(gl.VERTEX_SHADER);
gl.shaderSource(vertexShader, "... source code ...");
gl.compileShader(vertexShader);

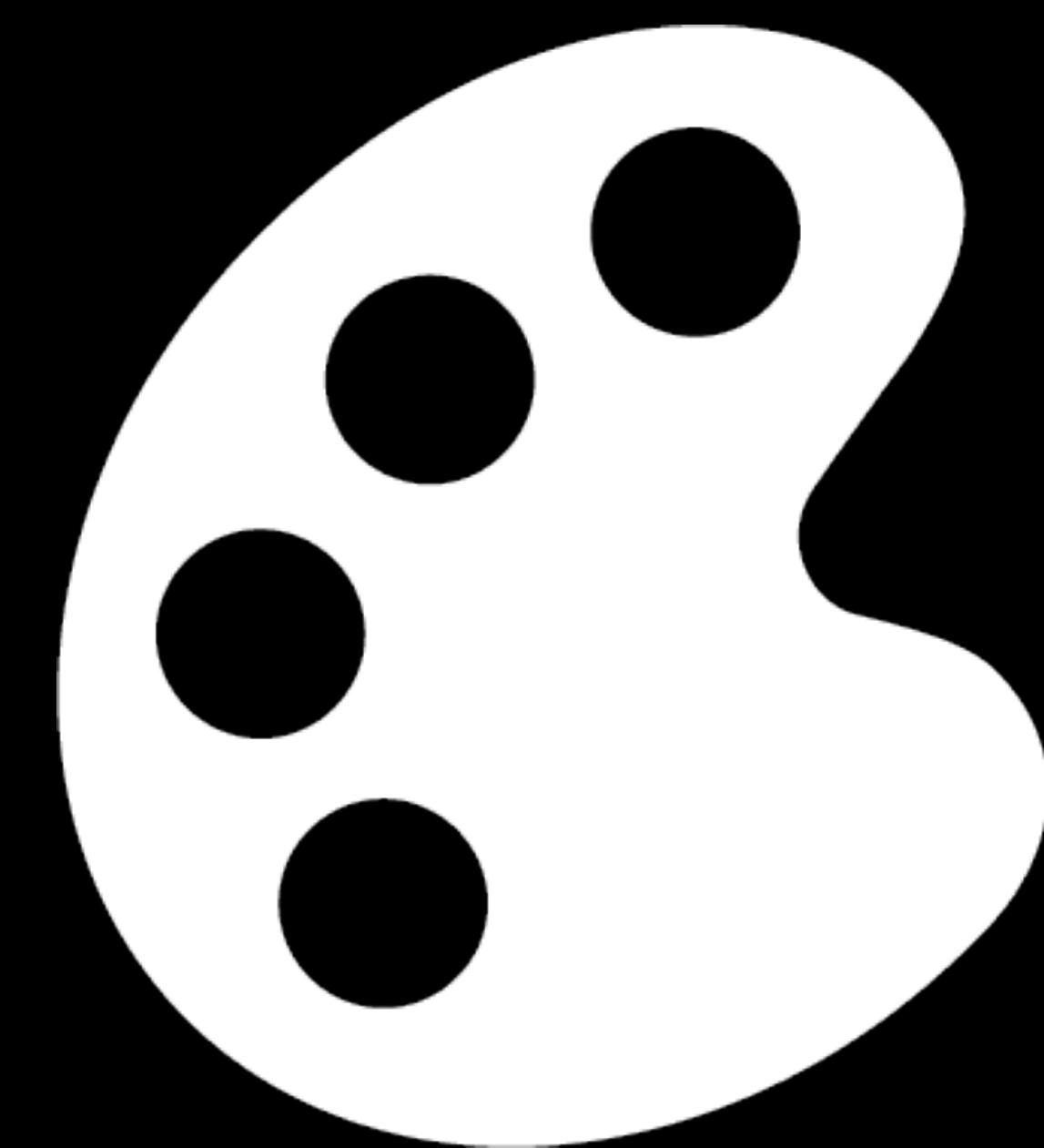
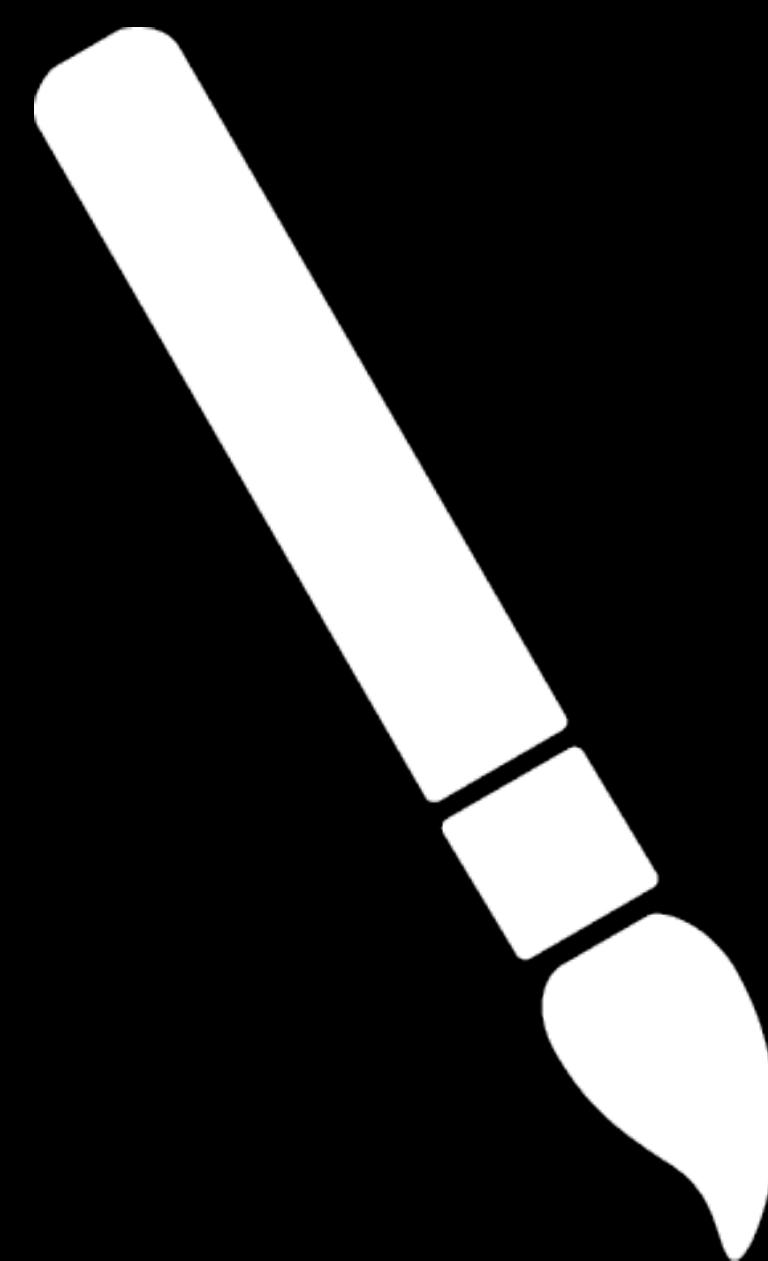
var fragmentShader = gl.createShader(gl.FRAGMENT_SHADER);
gl.shaderSource(fragmentShader, "... source code ...");
gl.compileShader(fragmentShader);

var program = gl.createProgram();
gl.attachShader(program, vertexShader);
gl.attachShader(program, fragmentShader);
gl.linkProgram(program);

gl.useProgram(program);
```







```
var positionAttribute = gl.getAttribLocation(program, "aPosition");
gl.enableVertexAttribArray(positionAttribute);
```

```
var positionAttribute = gl.getAttribLocation(program, "aPosition");
gl.enableVertexAttribArray(positionAttribute);

gl.bindBuffer(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, triangleBuffer);
gl.vertexAttribPointer(positionAttribute, 2, gl.FLOAT, false, 0, 0);
```

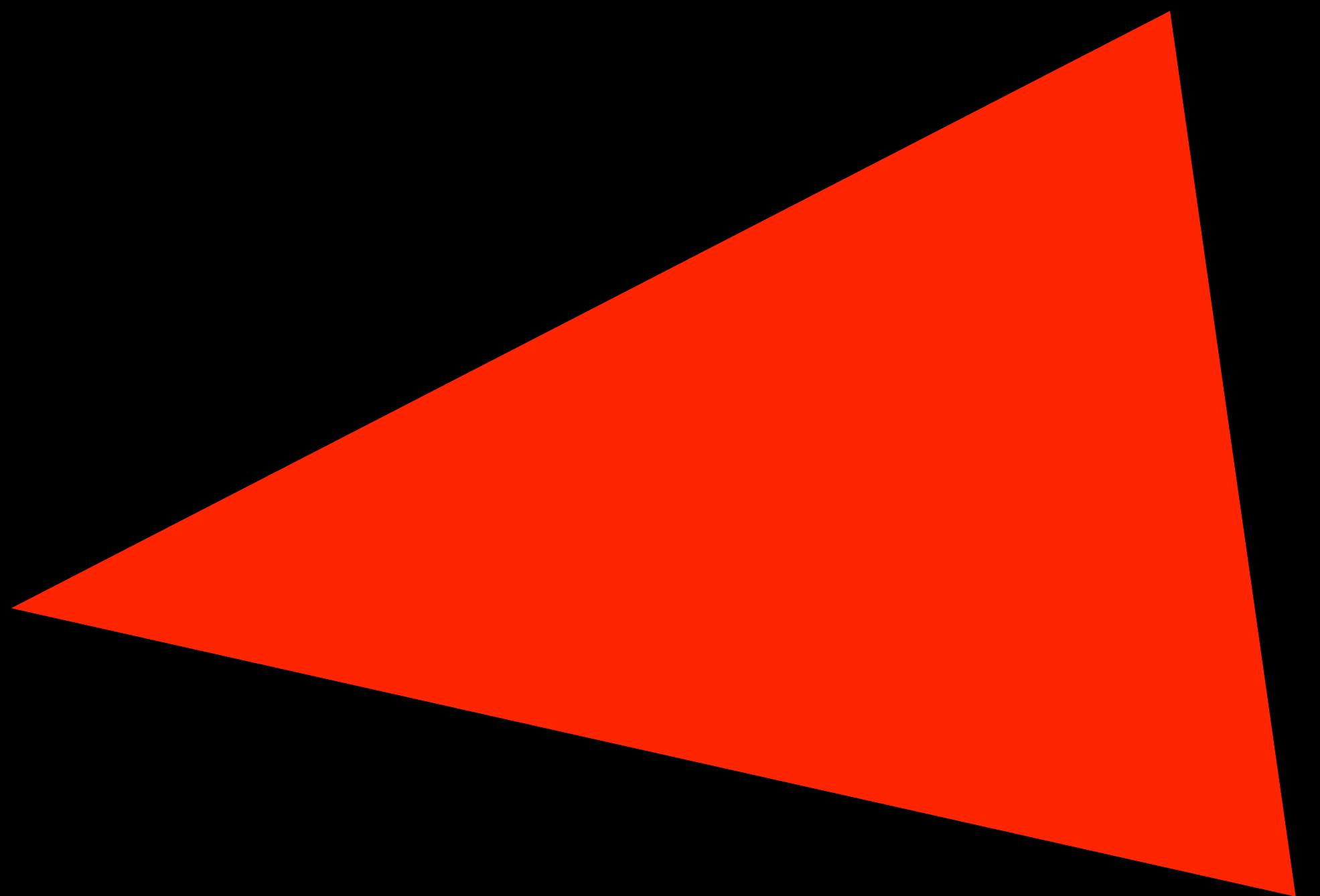
```
var positionAttribute = gl.getAttribLocation(program, "aPosition");
gl.enableVertexAttribArray(positionAttribute);

gl.bindBuffer(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, triangleBuffer);
gl.vertexAttribPointer(positionAttribute, 2, gl.FLOAT, false, 0, 0);
```

```
var positionAttribute = gl.getAttribLocation(program, "aPosition");
gl.enableVertexAttribArray(positionAttribute);

gl.bindBuffer(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, triangleBuffer);
gl.vertexAttribPointer(positionAttribute, 2, gl.FLOAT, false, 0, 0);

gl.drawArrays(gl.TRIANGLES, 0, 3);
```



```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<head>
<title>WebGL Triangle</title>
<style>
canvas {
    width: 600px;
    height: 400px;
}
</style>
</head>
<script id="vertexShaderSource" type="text/glsl">
// Simple vertex shader. Simply returns the position it was provided.
attribute vec4 position;
void main() {
    gl_Position = position;
}
</script>
<script id="fragmentShaderSource" type="text/glsl">
// Extremely simple fragment shader. Draws every pixel red.
#ifndef GL_ES
precision mediump float;
#endif

void main() {
    gl_FragColor = vec4(1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0);
}
```

```
gl.bindBuffer(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, triangleBuffer);
gl.bufferData(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, vertices, gl.STATIC_DRAW);

// ----- DRAWING -----

// Clear to black.
gl.clearColor(0, 0, 0, 1);
gl.clear(gl.COLOR_BUFFER_BIT);

// Bind the vertex attributes for the draw operation. We first make
// sure we're talking to the correct buffer, then we're going to
// associate that buffer with the vertex attribute from the program.
// Our buffer is an array of (x,y) points, so 2 floating point
values
// per vertex.
gl.bindBuffer(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, triangleBuffer);
gl.vertexAttribPointer(positionAttribute, 2, gl.FLOAT, false, 0, 0);

// The actual draw call. We know there are 3 points in the buffer
// (a triangle).
gl.drawArrays(gl.TRIANGLES, 0, 3);
}

window.addEventListener("load", drawTriangle, false);
</script>
<body>
```

# Shaders

# GLSL

# GLSL

C-like language designed for parallel graphics

# GLSL

C-like language designed for parallel graphics

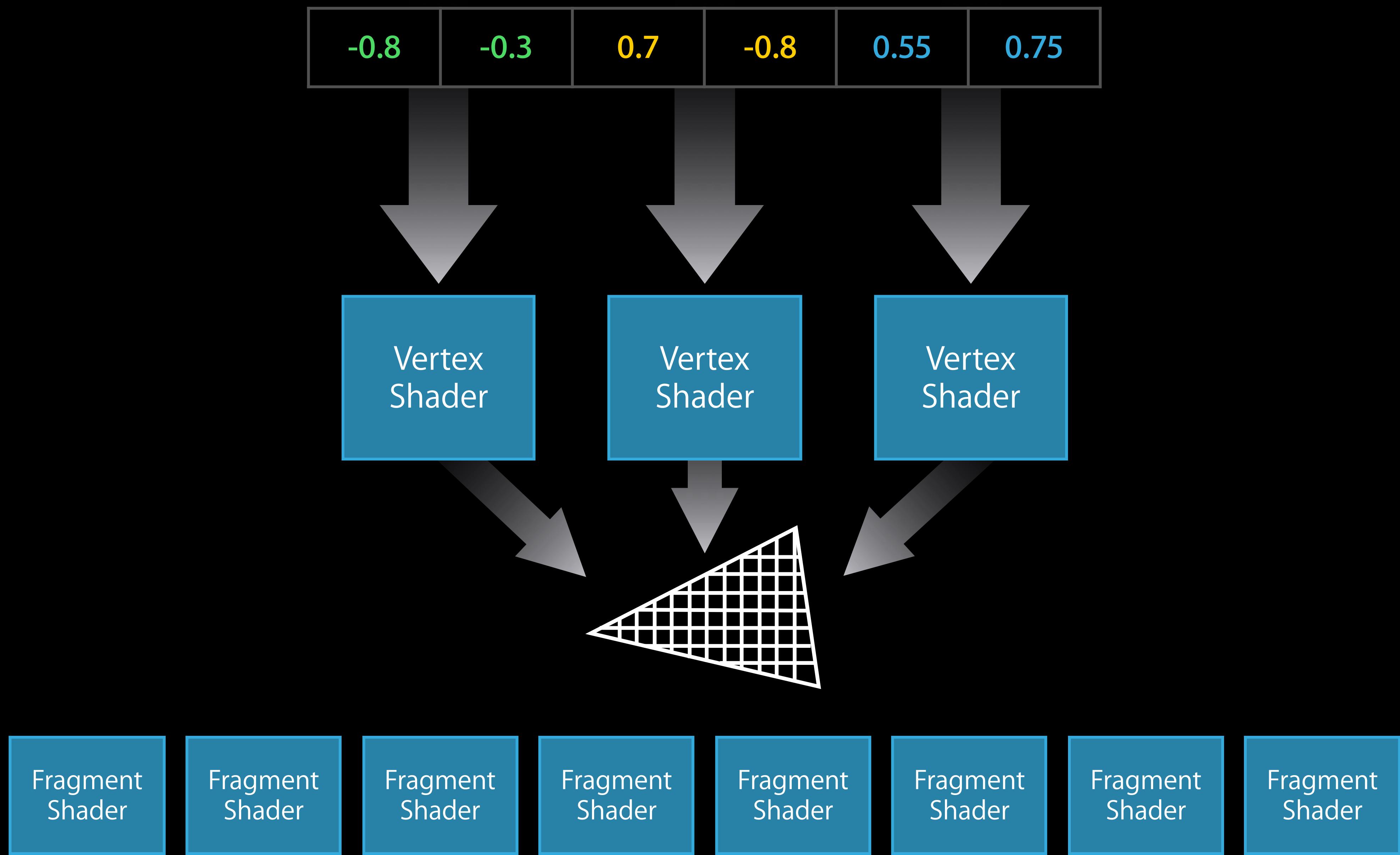
Primitives: Vectors, matrices

# GLSL

C-like language designed for parallel graphics

Primitives: Vectors, matrices

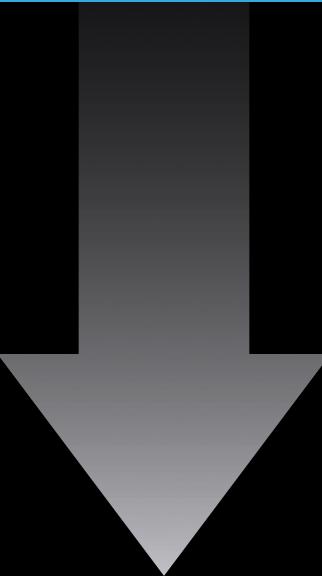
Built-in functions: Trigonometry, vector math, smoothing, and clamping



-0.8	-0.3	0.7	-0.8	0.55	0.75
------	------	-----	------	------	------

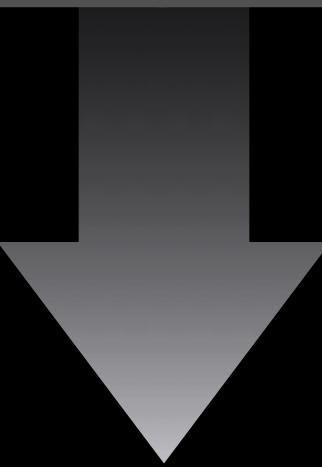


Vertex Shader

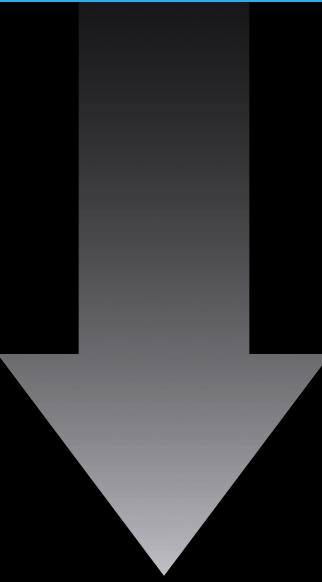


Fragment Shader

-0.8	-0.3	0.7	-0.8	0.55	0.75
1	100	2	987	3	46

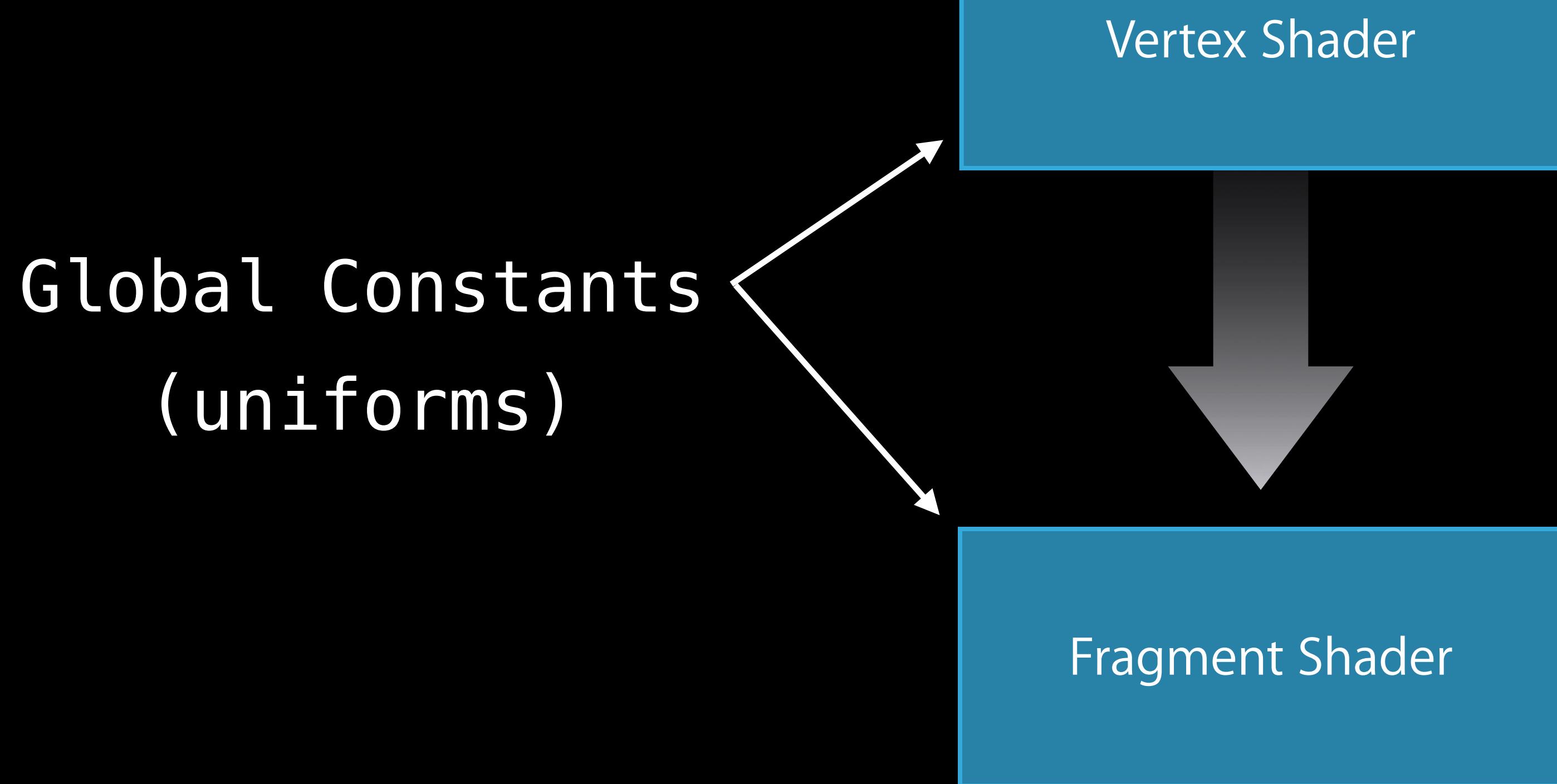


Vertex Shader

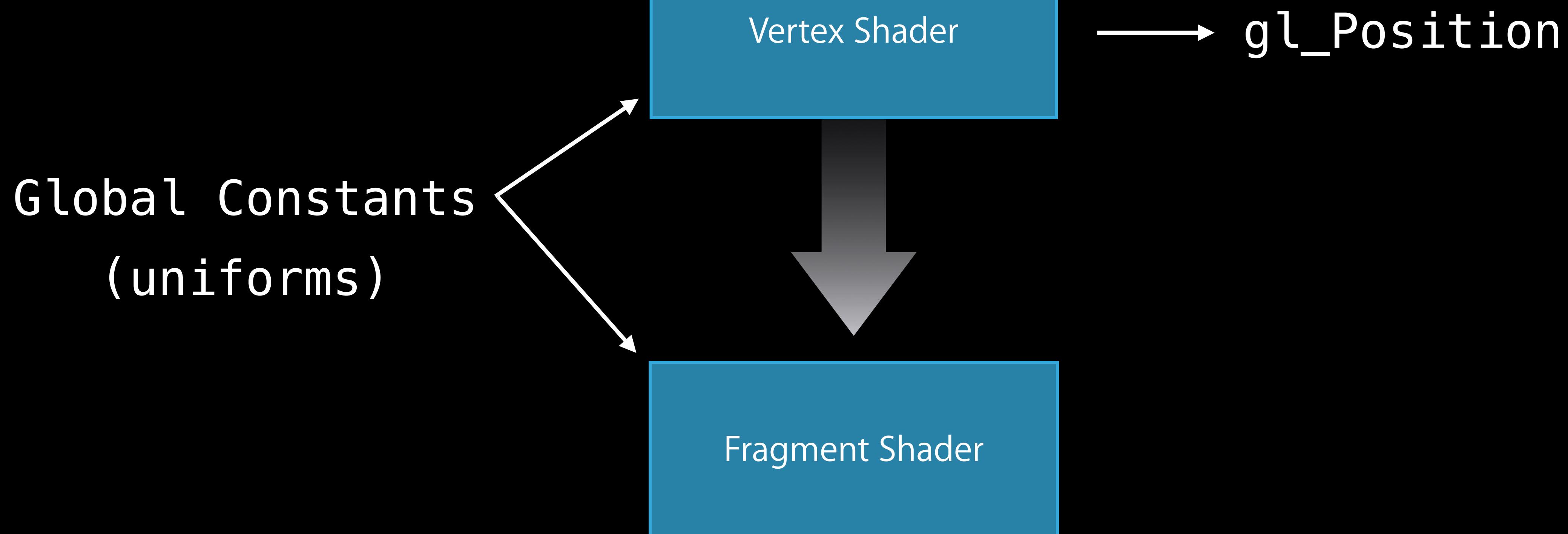


Fragment Shader

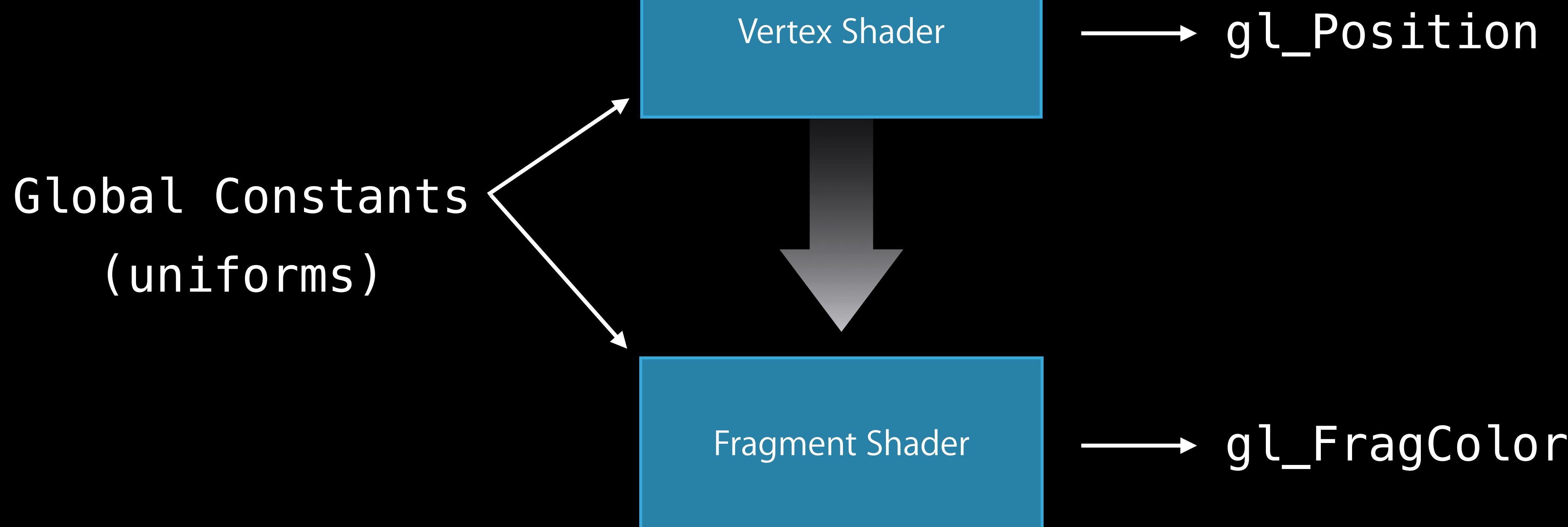
-0.8	-0.3	0.7	-0.8	0.55	0.75
1	100	2	987	3	46



-0.8	-0.3	0.7	-0.8	0.55	0.75
1	100	2	987	3	46



-0.8	-0.3	0.7	-0.8	0.55	0.75
1	100	2	987	3	46



# Vertex Shader Source Code

```
attribute vec4 aPosition;  
  
void main() {  
    gl_Position = aPosition;  
}
```

# Vertex Shader Source Code

```
attribute vec4 aPosition;  
  
void main() {  
    gl_Position = aPosition;  
}
```

# Vertex Shader Source Code

```
attribute vec4 aPosition;  
  
void main() {  
    gl_Position = aPosition;  
}
```

# Fragment Shader Source Code

```
precision mediump float;  
  
void main() {  
    gl_FragColor = vec4(1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0);  
}
```

# Fragment Shader Source Code

```
precision mediump float;  
  
void main() {  
    gl_FragColor = vec4(1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0);  
}
```

# Fragment Shader Source Code

```
precision mediump float;  
  
void main() {  
    gl_FragColor = vec4(1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0);  
}
```

# Fragment Shader Source Code

# *Demo*

## Live Shader Editor

# Shaders

C-like programs that run on the GPU

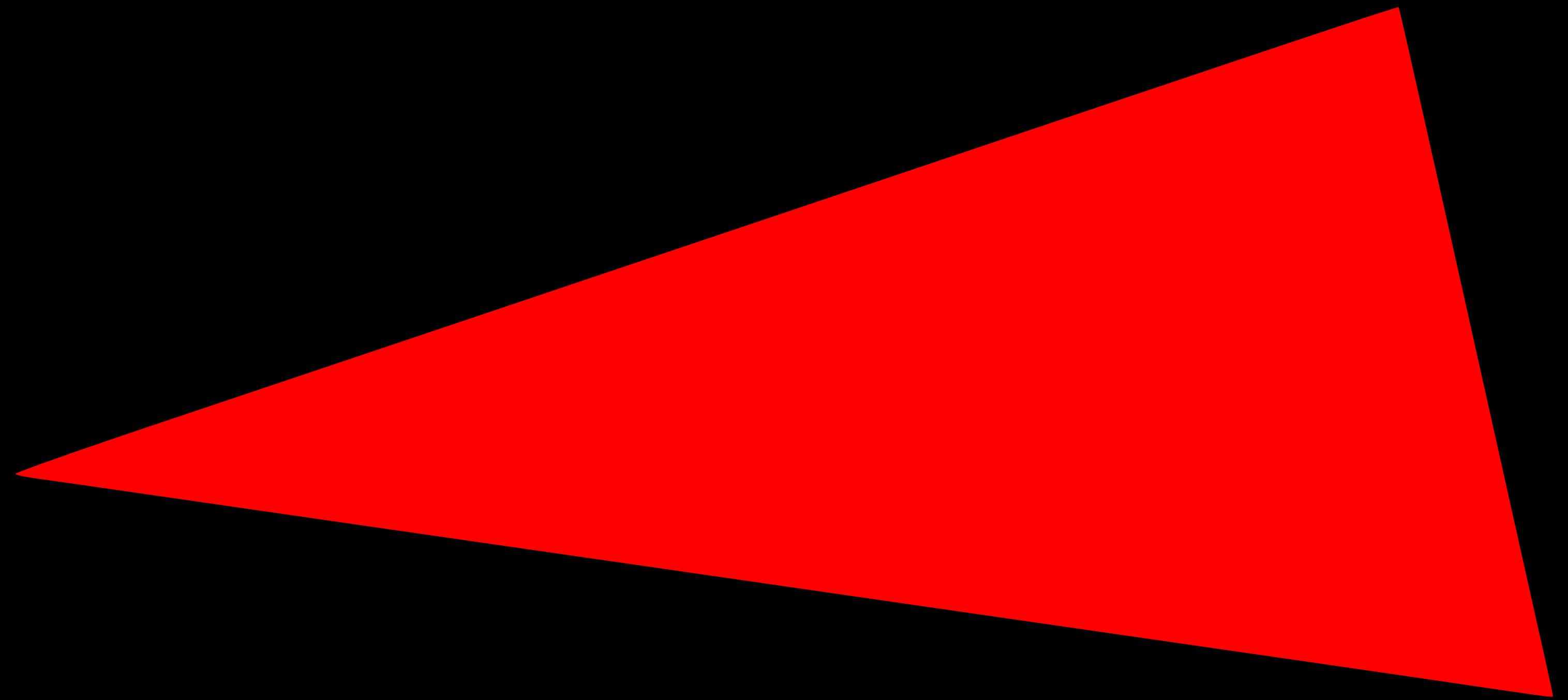
Control over vertex positions and pixel colors

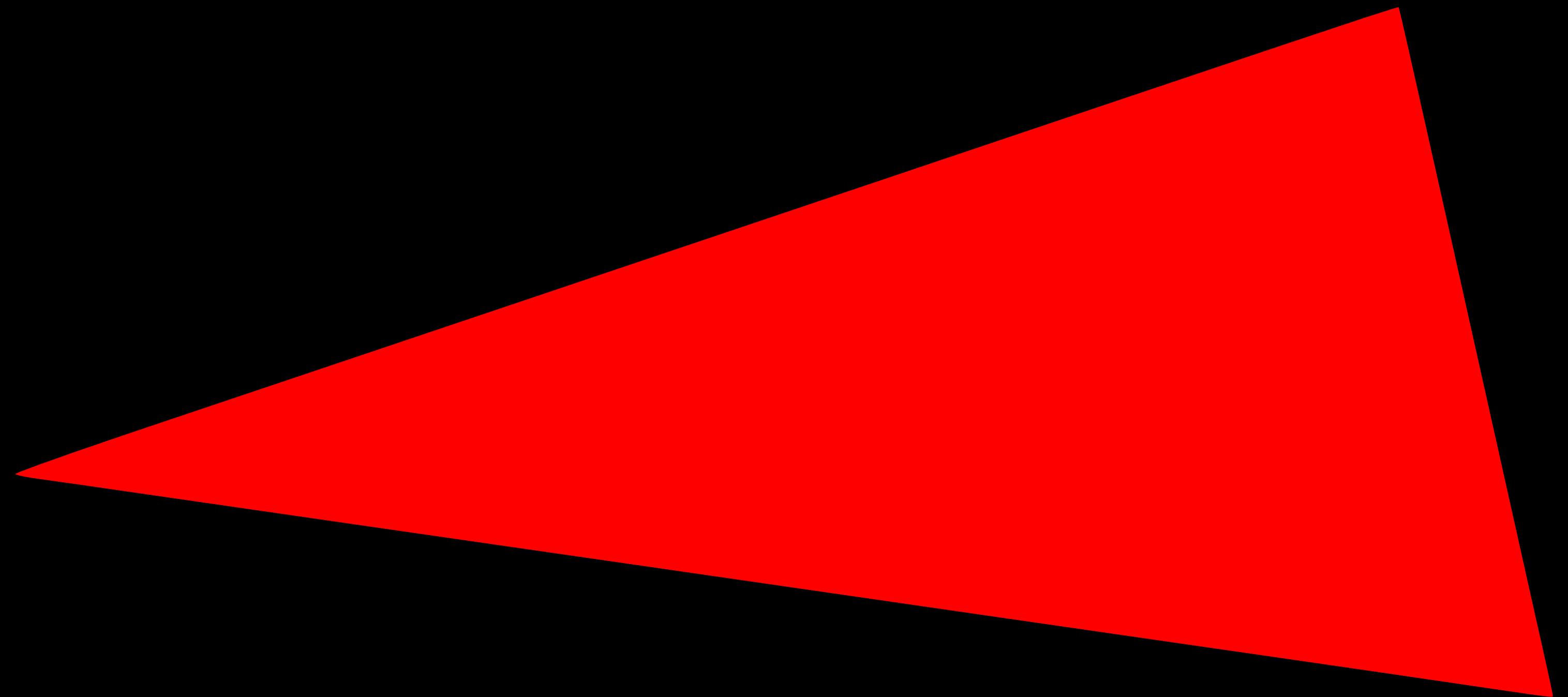
Extremely powerful

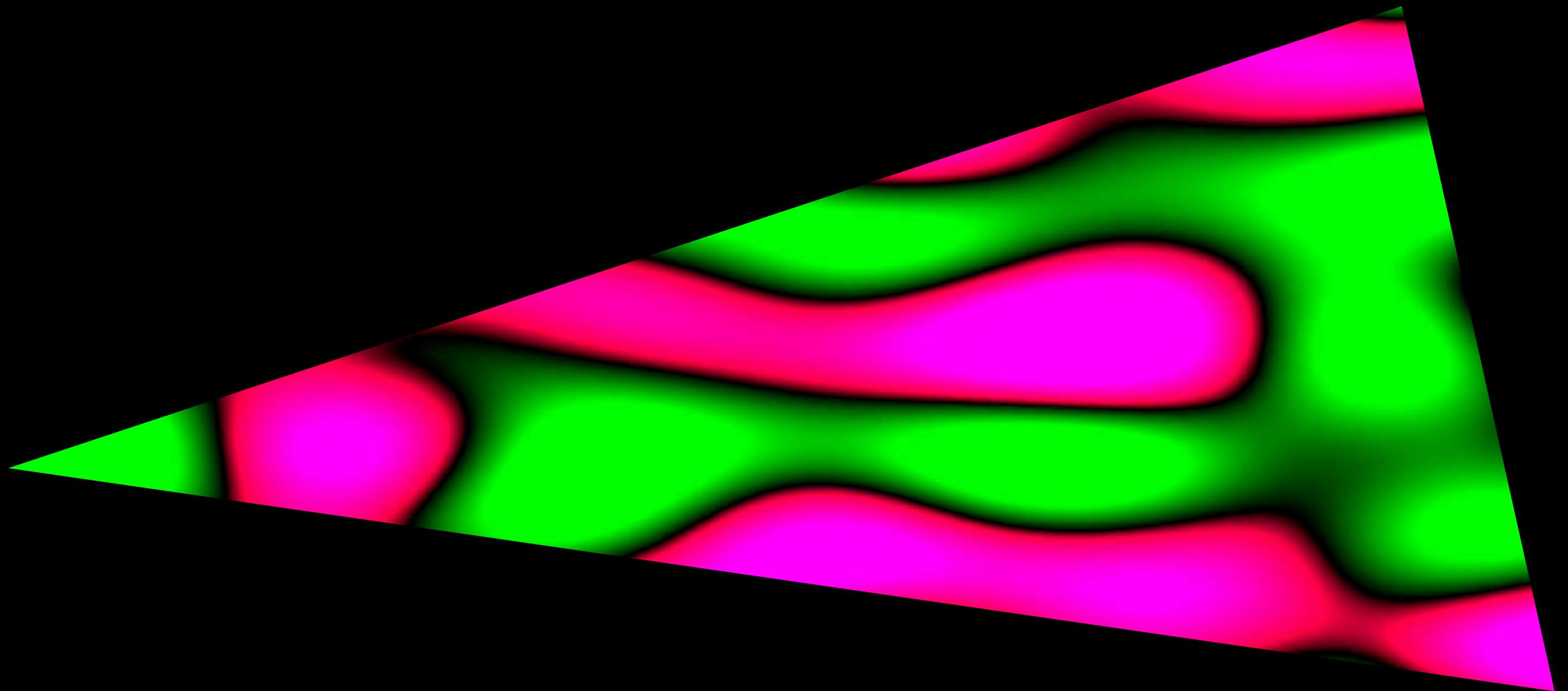
# Advanced Rendering

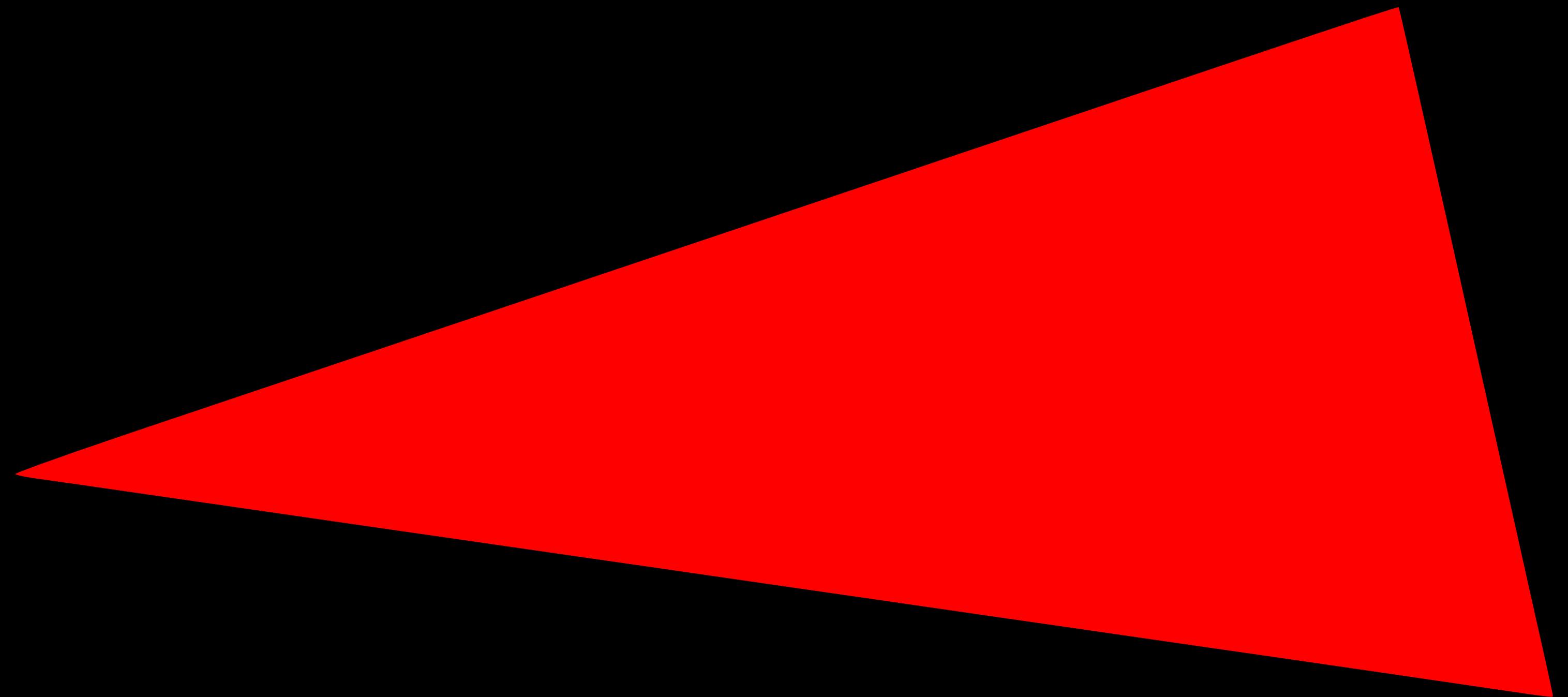
## Merging WebGL with the rest of HTML

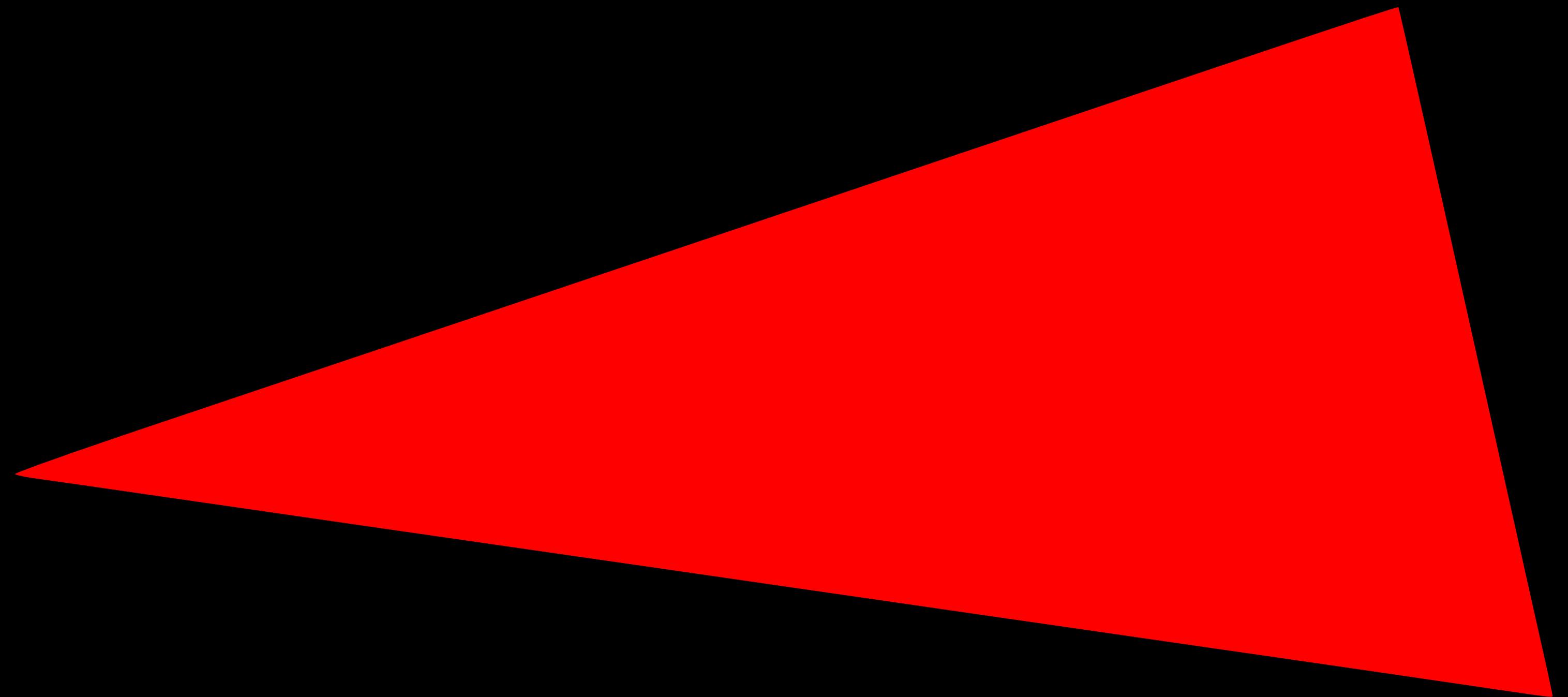
Brady Eidson  
WebKit Engineer

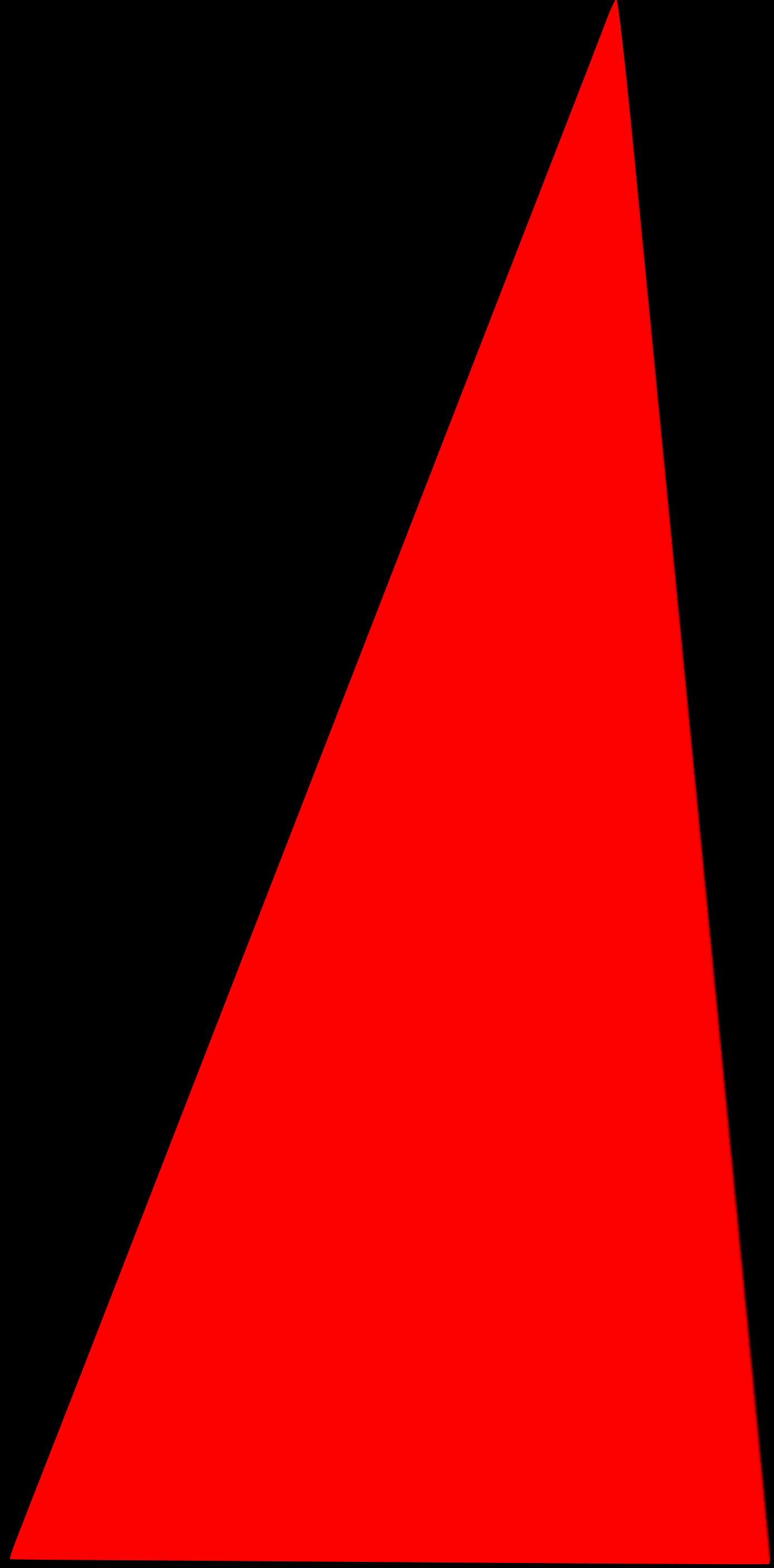


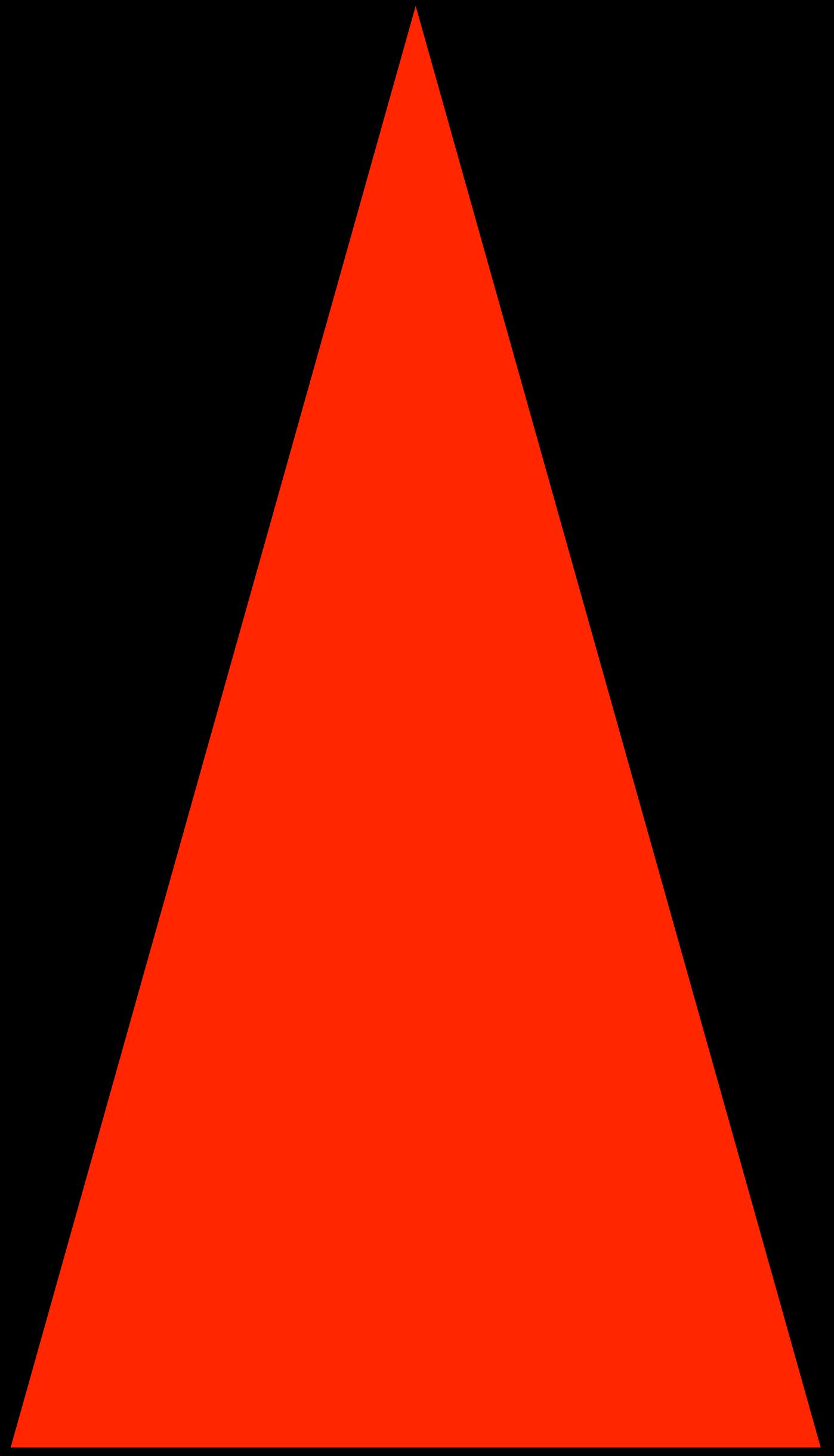


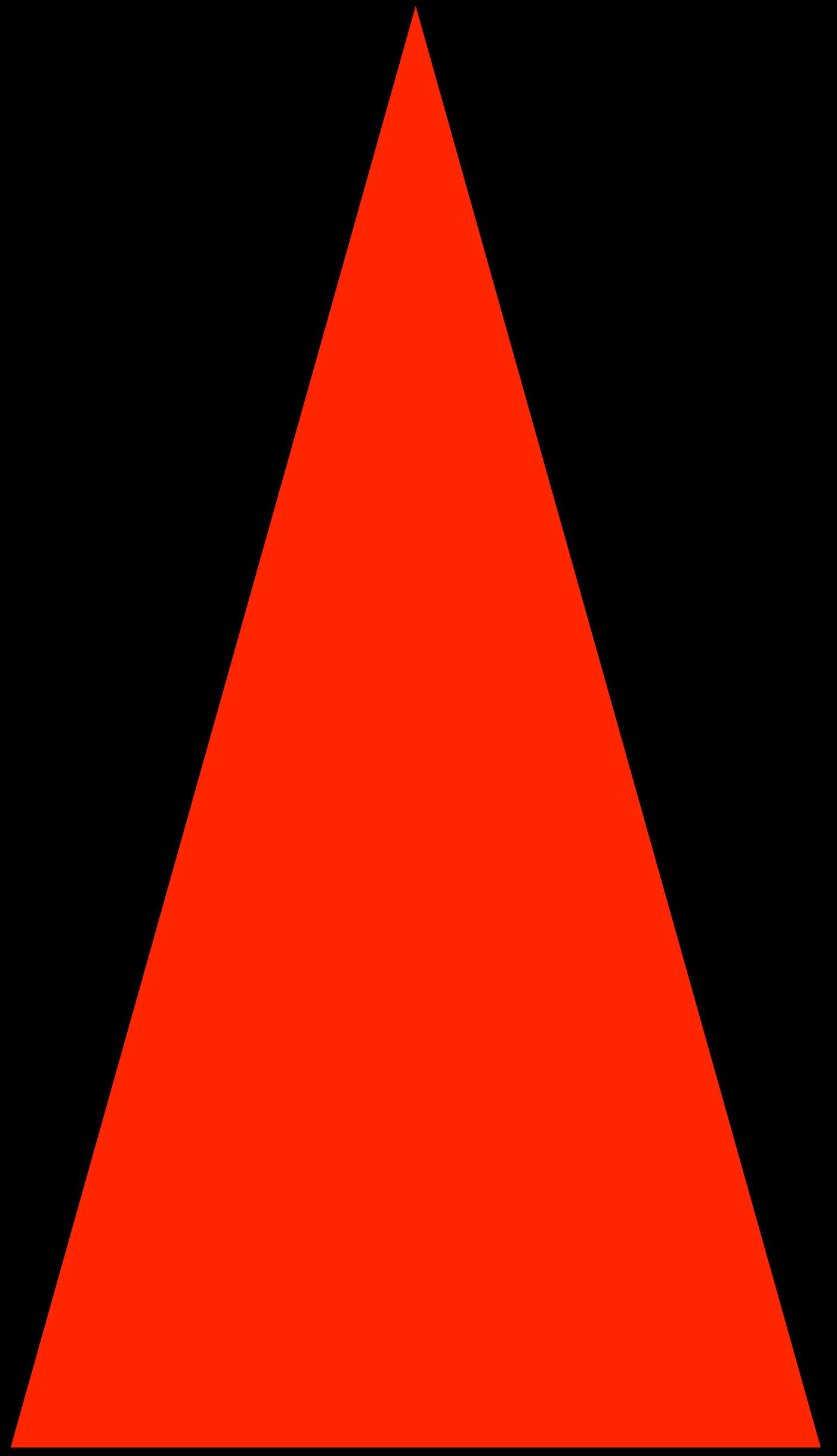


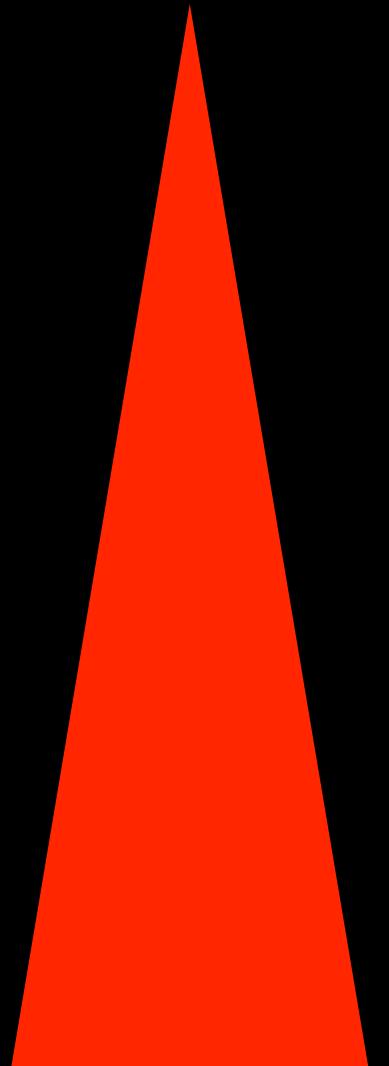


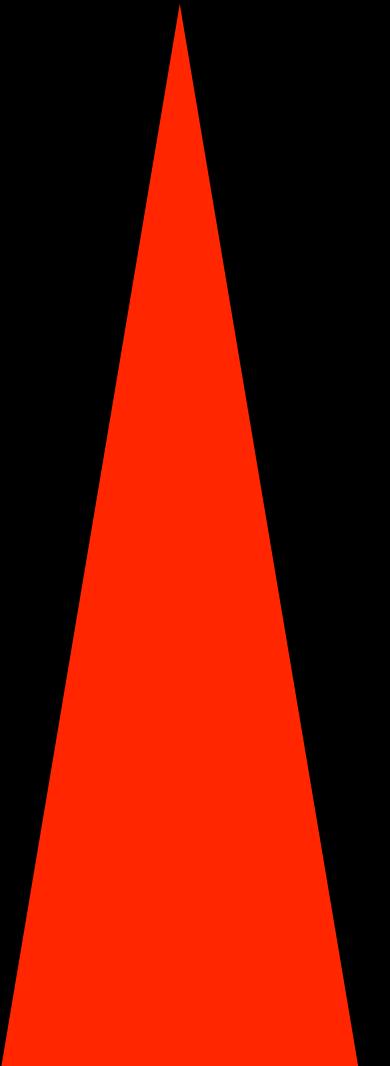


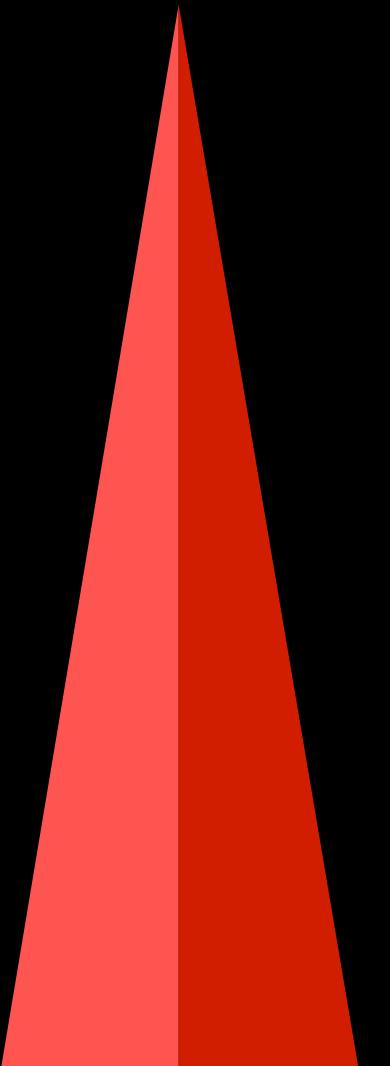












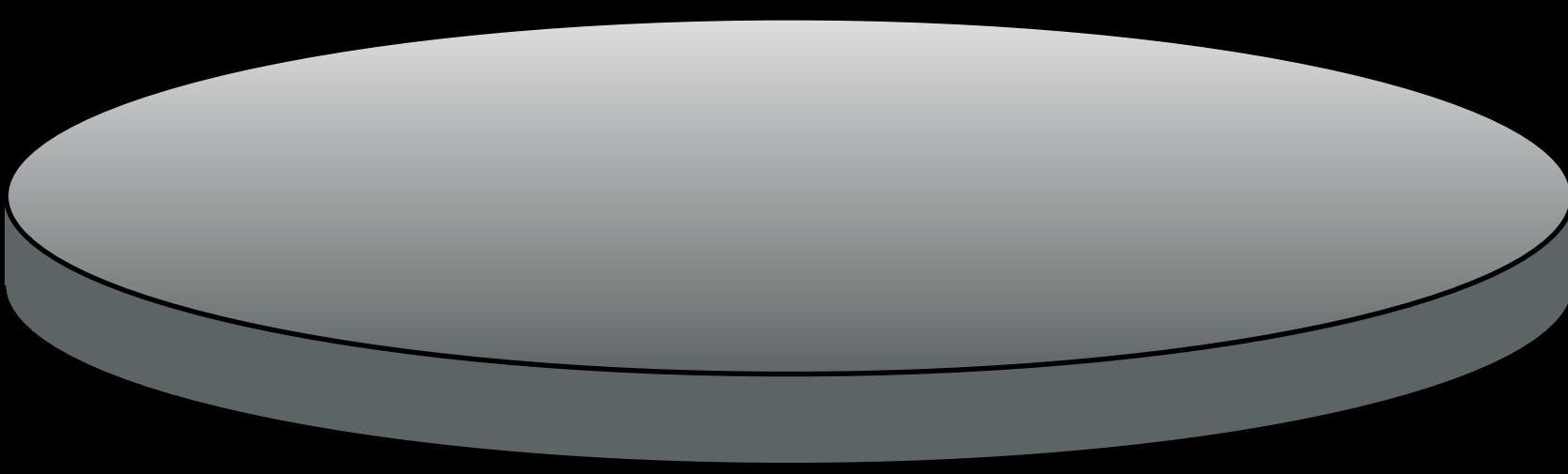


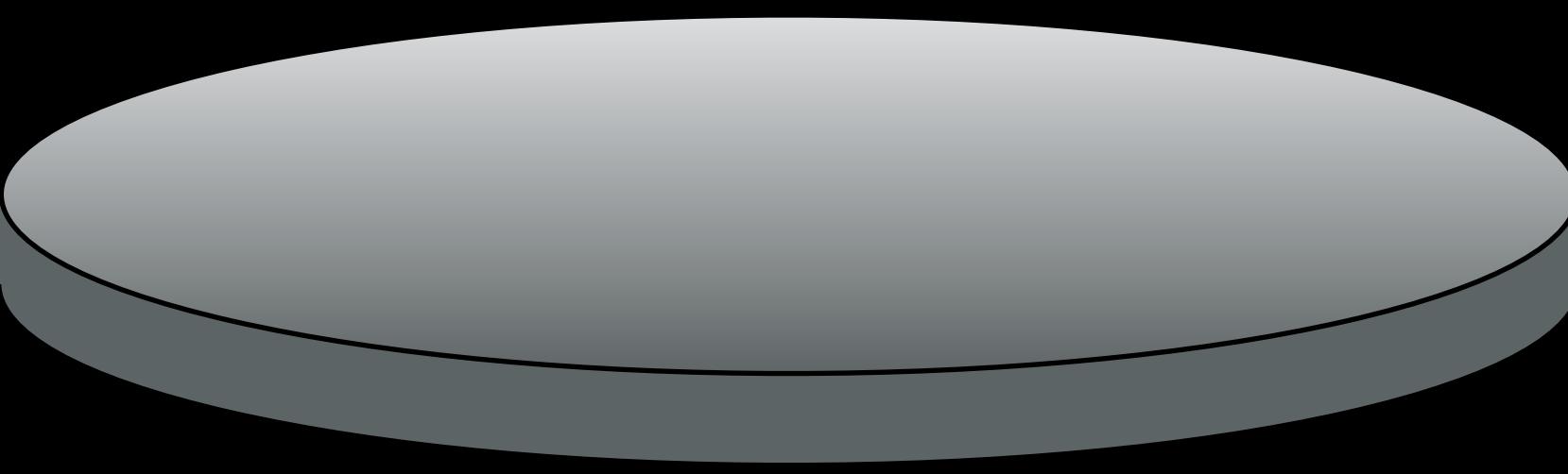


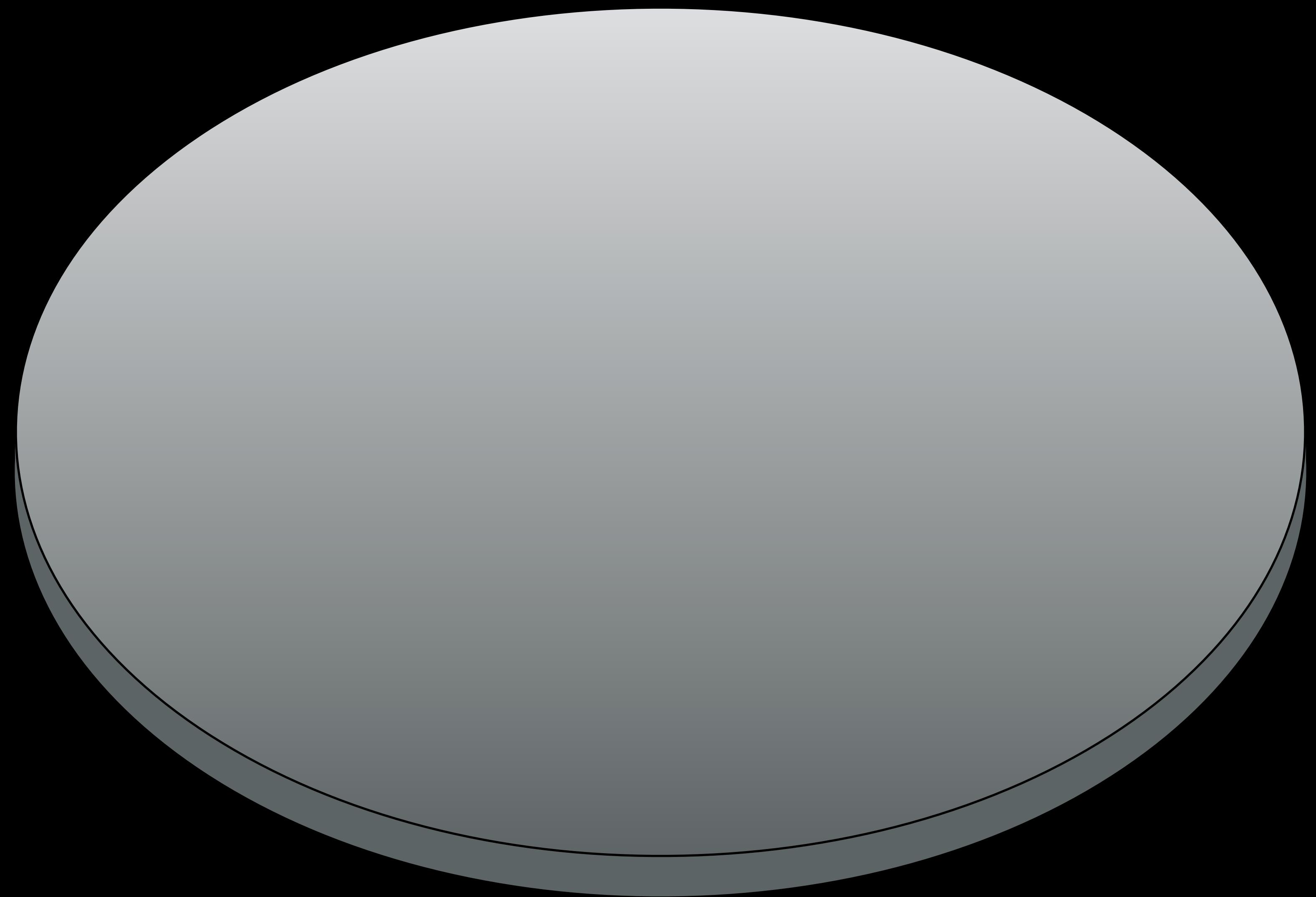


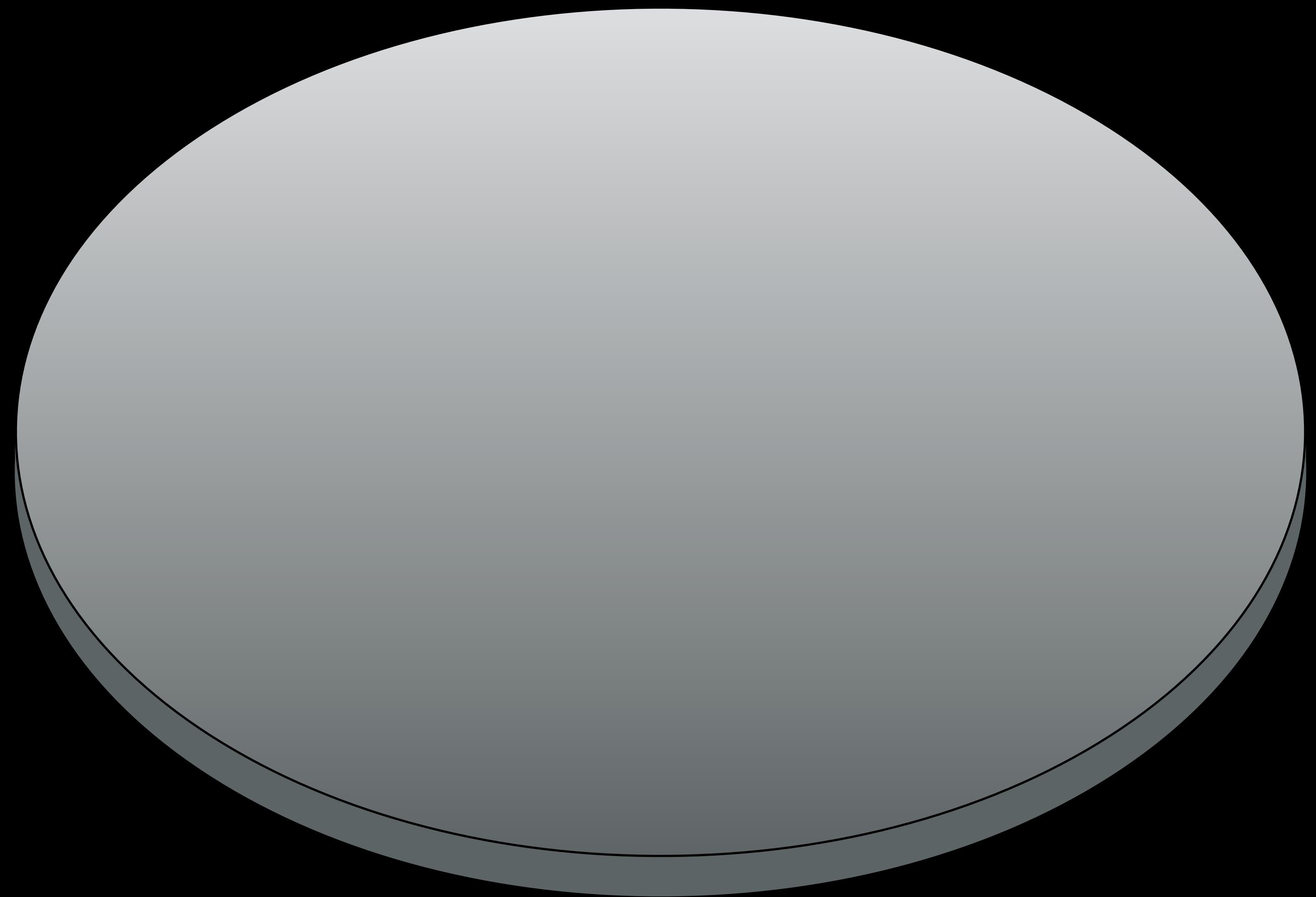


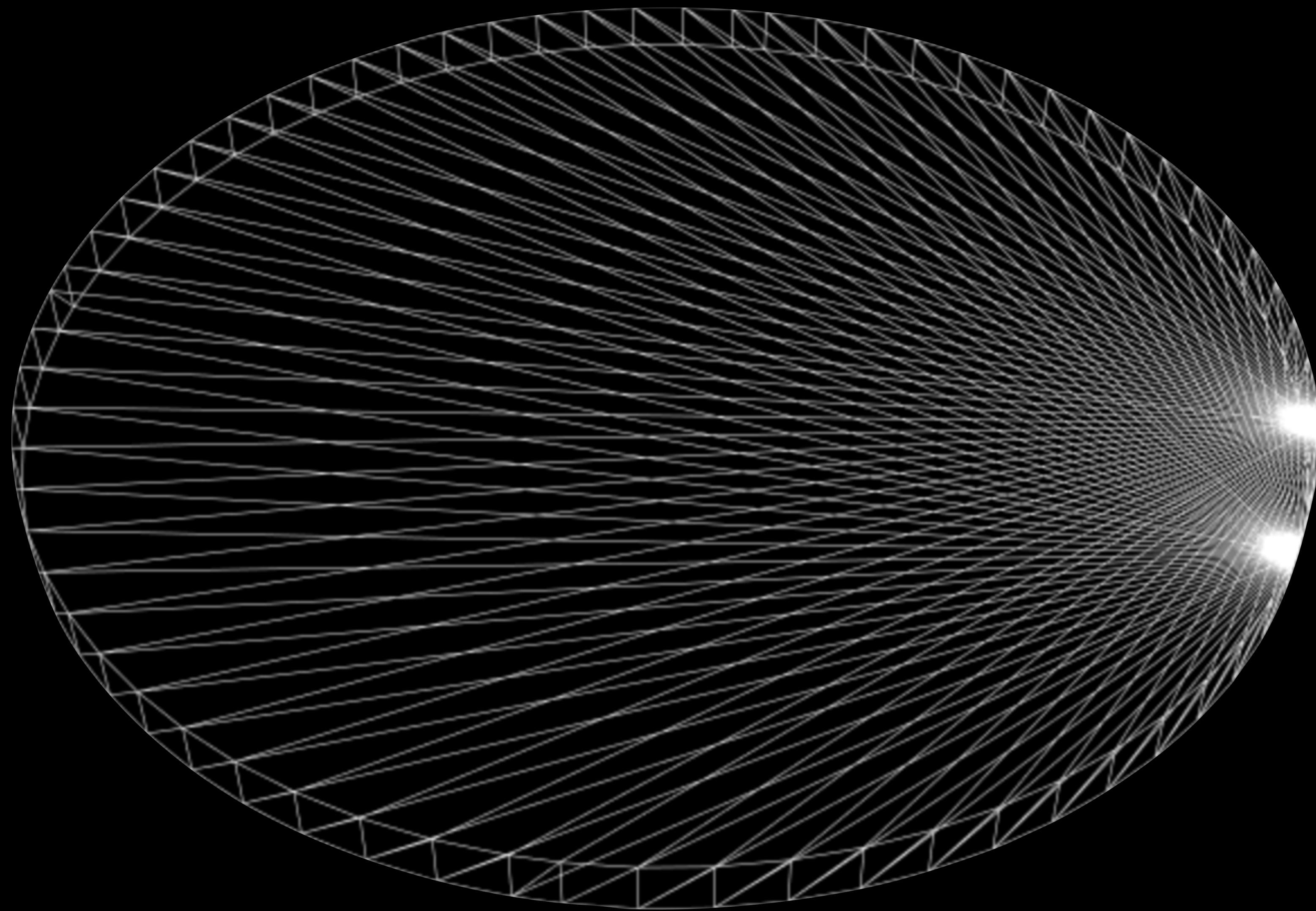












```
var vertices = new Float32Array( [  
    -0.8, -0.3,  
    0.7, -0.8,  
    0.55, 0.75  
] );  
  
var triangleBuffer = gl.createBuffer();  
gl.bindBuffer(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, triangleBuffer);  
gl.bufferData(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, vertices, gl.STATIC_DRAW);
```

```
var vertices = new Float32Array( [  
    ...  
]);  
  
var discBuffer = gl.createBuffer();  
gl.bindBuffer(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, discBuffer);  
gl.bufferData(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, vertices, gl.STATIC_DRAW);
```

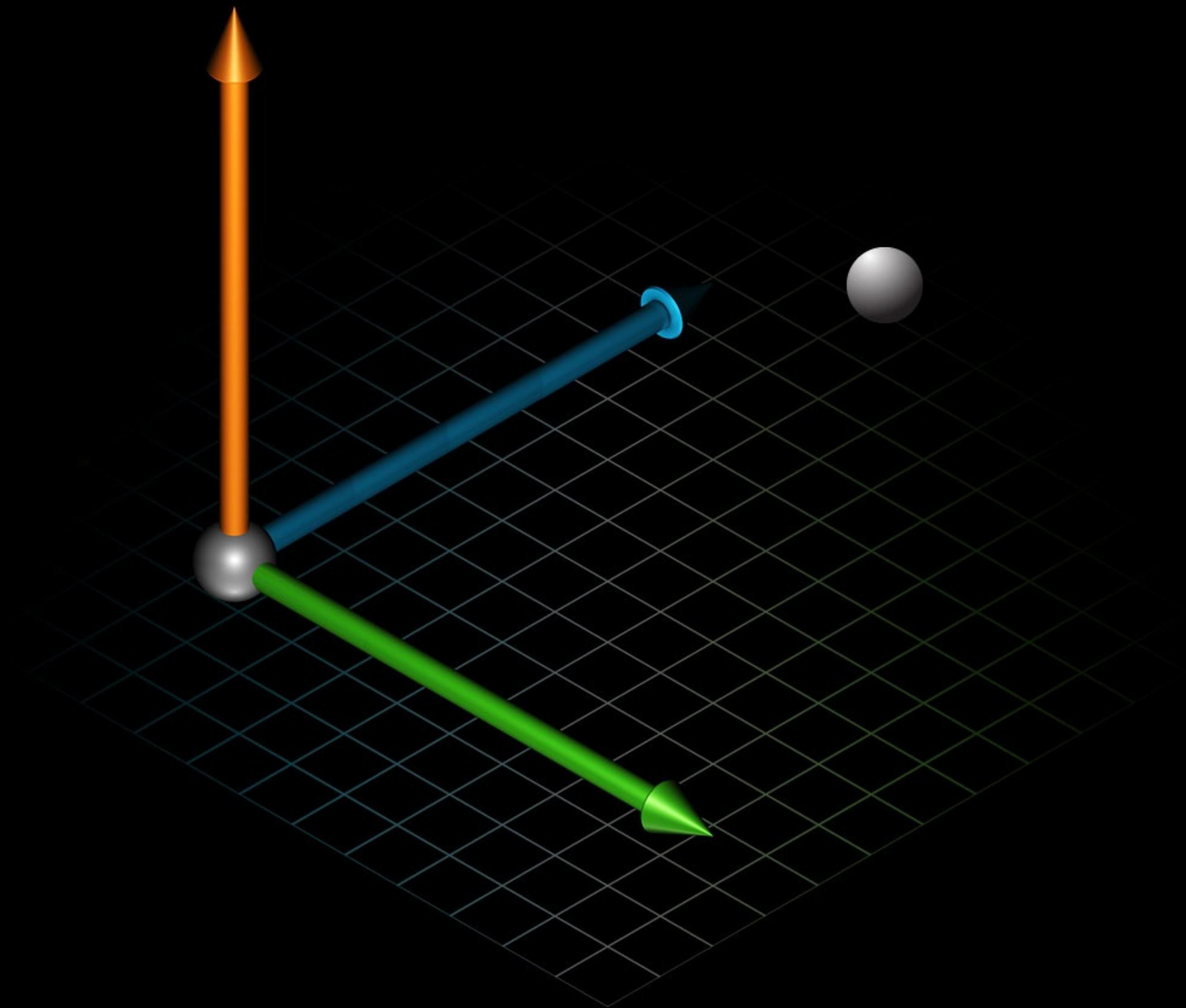
```
var vertices = new Float32Array( [  
    -0.020478, 28.7138, 0.149324,  
    -0.020478, 70.3138, 0.149324,  
    17.830223, 28.7138, 0.149324,  
    17.830223, 28.7138, 0.149324,  
    17.830223, 70.3138, 0.149324,  
    17.830223, 70.3138, 0.149324,  
    15.438682, 28.7138, -8.776026,  
    15.438682, 28.7138, -8.776026,  
    15.438682, 70.3138, -8.776026,  
    15.438682, 70.3138, -8.776026,  
    8.904872, 28.7138, -15.309836,  
    8.904872, 28.7138, -15.309836,  
    8.904872, 70.3138, -15.309836,  
    8.904872, 70.3138, -15.309836,  
    -0.020478, 28.7138, -17.701376,  
    -0.020478, 28.7138, -17.701376,  
    -0.020478, 70.3138, -17.701376,  
    -0.020478, 70.3138, -17.701376,  
    -8.945828, 28.7138, -15.309836,
```



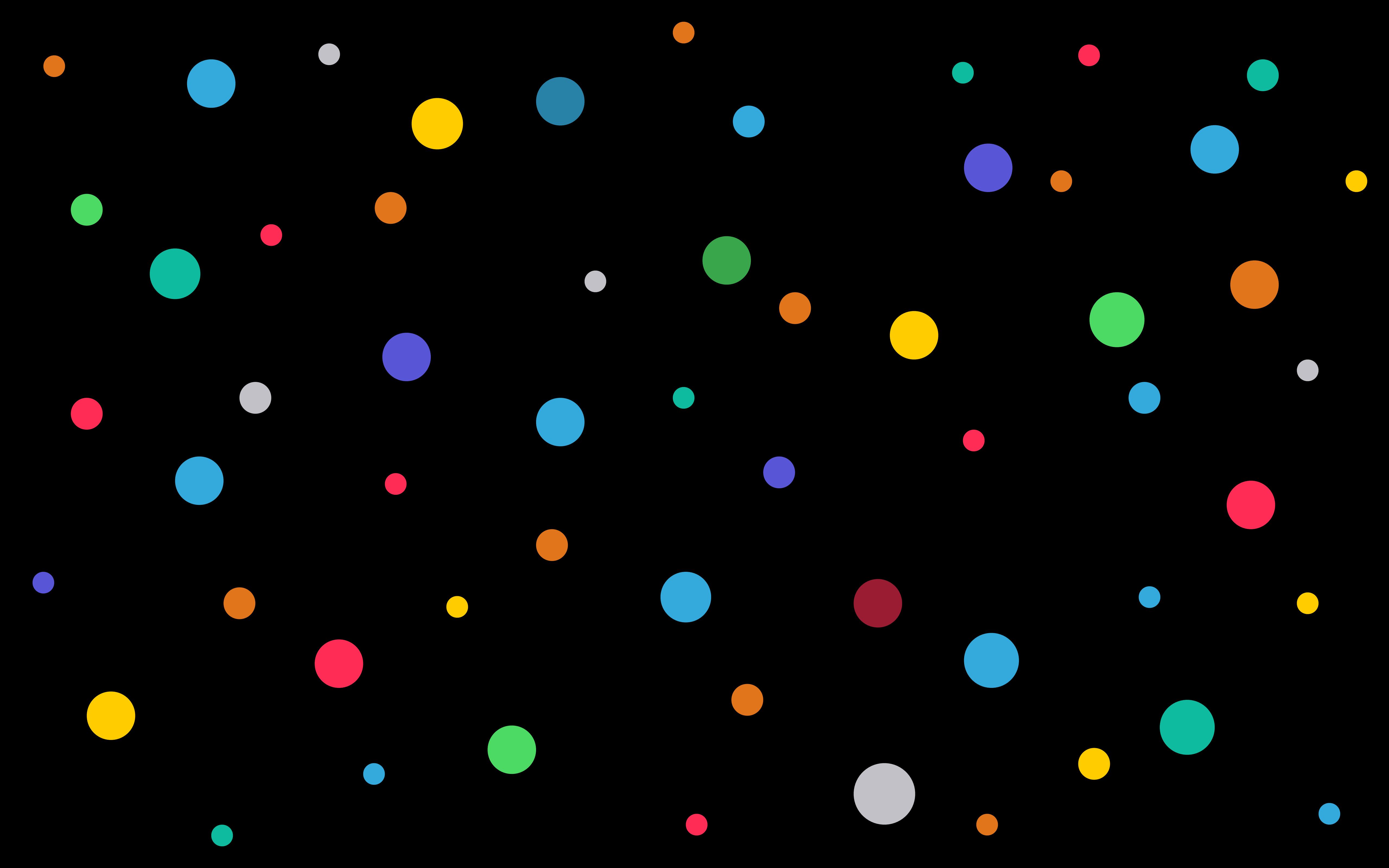


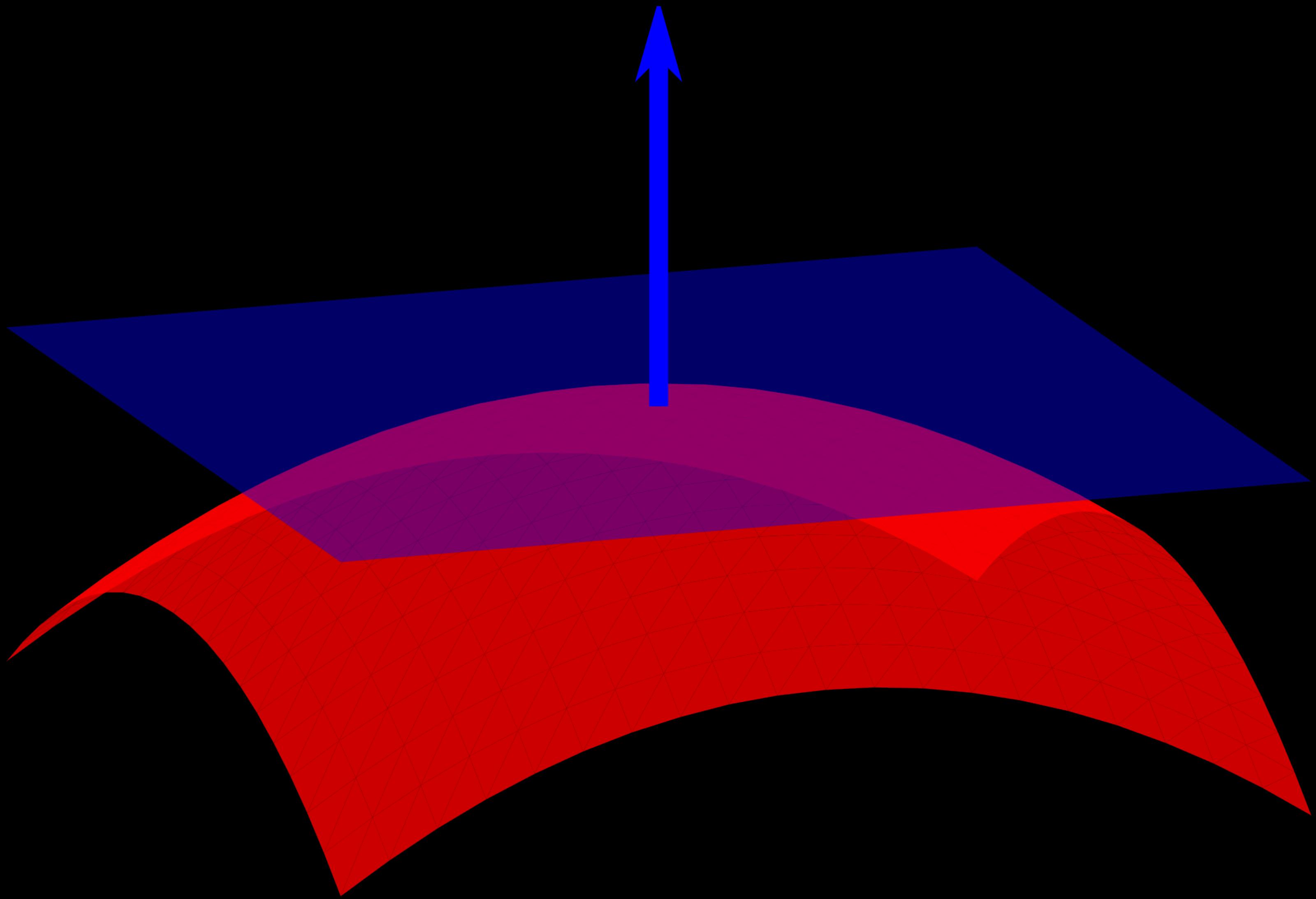
Any Data You Want

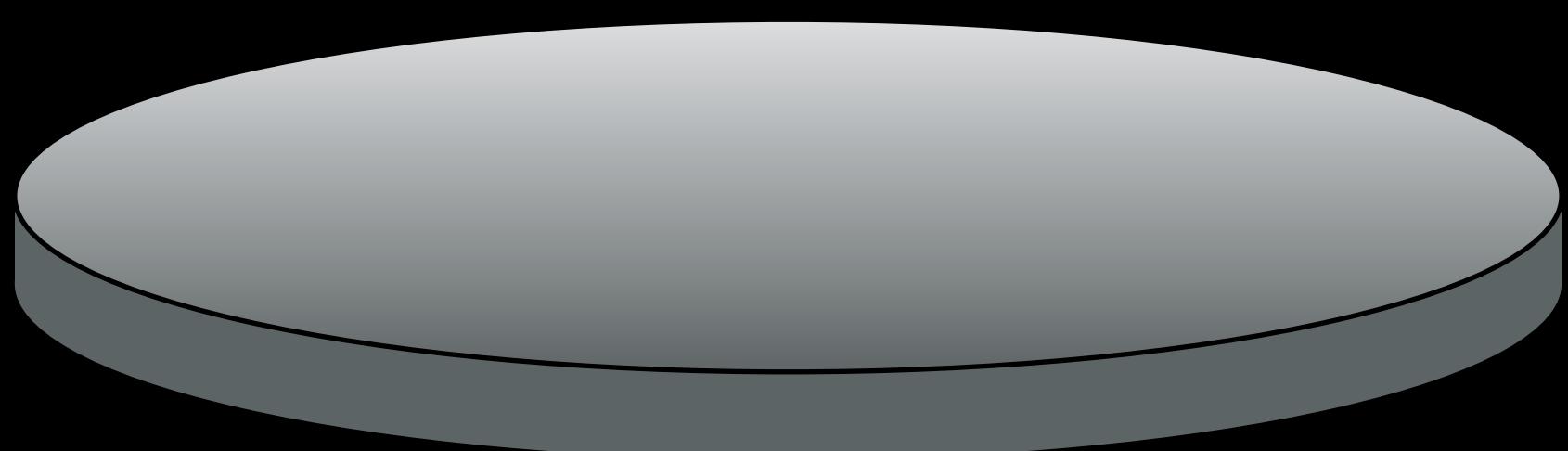
Any Data You Want  
for Any Point You Want













```
var vertices = new Float32Array([
-0.020478, 28.7138, 0.149324,
-0.020478, 70.3138, 0.149324,
17.830223, 28.7138, 0.149324,
17.830223, 28.7138, 0.149324,
17.830223, 70.3138, 0.149324,
17.830223, 70.3138, 0.149324,
15.438682, 28.7138, -8.776026,
15.438682, 28.7138, -8.776026,
15.438682, 70.3138, -8.776026,
15.438682, 70.3138, -8.776026,
...
]);
var geometryBuffer = gl.createBuffer();
gl.bindBuffer(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, geometryBuffer);
gl.bufferData(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, vertices, gl.STATIC_DRAW);
```

```
var textureCoords = new Float32Array([
  0.498234, 0.530450
  0.498234, 0.600143
  0.512222, 0.530450
  0.512222, 0.530450
  0.512222, 0.600143
  0.512222, 0.600143
  0.509996, 0.530450
  0.509996, 0.530450
  0.509996, 0.600143
  0.509996, 0.600143
  ...
]);

var textureBuffer = gl.createBuffer();
gl.bindBuffer(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, textureBuffer);
gl.bufferData(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, textureCoords, gl.STATIC_DRAW);
```

# Configuring Our Shaders

```
var positionAttribute = gl.getAttribLocation(program, "aPosition");
gl.enableVertexAttribArray(positionAttribute);

gl.bindBuffer(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, positionBuffer);
gl.vertexAttribPointer(positionAttribute, 3, gl.FLOAT, false, 0, 0);
```

# Configuring Our Shaders

```
var positionAttribute = gl.getAttribLocation(program, "aPosition");
gl.enableVertexAttribArray(positionAttribute);
gl.bindBuffer(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, positionBuffer);
gl.vertexAttribPointer(positionAttribute, 3, gl.FLOAT, false, 0, 0);

var textureAttribute = gl.getAttribLocation(program, "aTextureCoord");
gl.enableVertexAttribArray(textureAttribute);
```

# Configuring Our Shaders

```
var positionAttribute = gl.getAttribLocation(program, "aPosition");
gl.enableVertexAttribArray(positionAttribute);
gl.bindBuffer(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, positionBuffer);
gl.vertexAttribPointer(positionAttribute, 3, gl.FLOAT, false, 0, 0);

var textureAttribute = gl.getAttribLocation(program, "aTextureCoord");
gl.enableVertexAttribArray(textureAttribute);
gl.bindBuffer(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, textureBuffer);
gl.vertexAttribPointer(textureAttribute, 2, gl.FLOAT, false, 0, 0);
```

# Vertex Shader Source Code

```
attribute vec4 aPosition;  
  
void main() {  
    gl_Position = aPosition;  
}
```

# Vertex Shader Source Code

```
attribute vec4 aPosition;  
attribute vec2 aTextureCoord;  
  
void main() {  
    gl_Position = aPosition;  
}
```

# Vertex Shader Source Code

```
attribute vec4 aPosition;  
attribute vec2 aTextureCoord;  
  
varying vec2 vTextureCoord;  
  
void main() {  
    gl_Position = aPosition;  
}
```

# Vertex Shader Source Code

```
attribute vec4 aPosition;  
attribute vec2 aTextureCoord;  
  
varying vec2 vTextureCoord;  
  
void main() {  
    gl_Position = aPosition;  
    vTextureCoord = aTextureCoord;  
}
```

# Fragment Shader Source Code

```
precision mediump float;  
  
void main() {  
    gl_FragColor = vec4(1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0);  
}
```

# Fragment Shader Source Code

```
precision mediump float;  
  
varying vec2 vTextureCoord;  
  
void main() {  
    gl_FragColor = vec4(1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0);  
}
```

# Configuring Our Shaders

```
var positionAttribute = gl.getAttribLocation(program, "aPosition");
gl.enableVertexAttribArray(positionAttribute);
gl.bindBuffer(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, positionBuffer);
gl.vertexAttribPointer(positionAttribute, 3, gl.FLOAT, false, 0, 0);

var textureAttribute = gl.getAttribLocation(program, "aTextureCoord");
gl.enableVertexAttribArray(textureAttribute);
gl.bindBuffer(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, textureBuffer);
gl.vertexAttribPointer(textureAttribute, 2, gl.FLOAT, false, 0, 0);
```

# Configuring Our Shaders

```
var positionAttribute = gl.getAttribLocation(program, "aPosition");
gl.enableVertexAttribArray(positionAttribute);
gl.bindBuffer(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, positionBuffer);
gl.vertexAttribPointer(positionAttribute, 3, gl.FLOAT, false, 0, 0);

var textureAttribute = gl.getAttribLocation(program, "aTextureCoord");
gl.enableVertexAttribArray(textureAttribute);
gl.bindBuffer(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, textureBuffer);
gl.vertexAttribPointer(textureAttribute, 2, gl.FLOAT, false, 0, 0);

var samplerUniform = gl.getUniformLocation(program, "sampler");
```

# Fragment Shader Source Code

```
precision mediump float;  
  
varying vec2 vTextureCoord;  
  
void main() {  
    gl_FragColor = vec4(1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0);  
}
```

# Fragment Shader Source Code

```
precision mediump float;  
  
varying vec2 vTextureCoord;  
  
uniform sampler2D sampler;  
  
void main() {  
    gl_FragColor = vec4(1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0);  
}
```

# Fragment Shader Source Code

```
precision mediump float;  
  
varying vec2 vTextureCoord;  
  
uniform sampler2D sampler;  
  
void main() {  
    gl_FragColor = texture2D(sampler, vTextureCoord);  
}
```

# Texture Sources

# Texture Sources

<img> element

# Texture Sources

<img> element  
XMLHttpRequest

# Texture Sources

```
<img> element  
XMLHttpRequest  
<video> element
```

# Texture Sources

```
<img> element  
XMLHttpRequest  
<video> element  
<canvas> element
```

```

```

```

```

```
<script type="text/javascript">  
var texture = gl.createTexture();  
</script>
```

```


<script type="text/javascript">
var texture = gl.createTexture();
gl.activeTexture(gl.TEXTURE0);
gl.bindTexture(gl.TEXTURE_2D, texture);
</script>
```

```


<script type="text/javascript">
var texture = gl.createTexture();
gl.activeTexture(gl.TEXTURE0);
gl.bindTexture(gl.TEXTURE_2D, texture);

var image = document.getElementById("TextureImage");
</script>
```

```


<script type="text/javascript">
var texture = gl.createTexture();
gl.activeTexture(gl.TEXTURE0);
gl.bindTexture(gl.TEXTURE_2D, texture);

var image = document.getElementById("TextureImage");

gl.texImage2D(gl.TEXTURE_2D, 0, gl.RGBA, gl.RGBA, gl.UNSIGNED_BYTE, image);
</script>
```

```


<script type="text/javascript">
var texture = gl.createTexture();
gl.activeTexture(gl.TEXTURE0);
gl.bindTexture(gl.TEXTURE_2D, texture);

var image = document.getElementById("TextureImage");

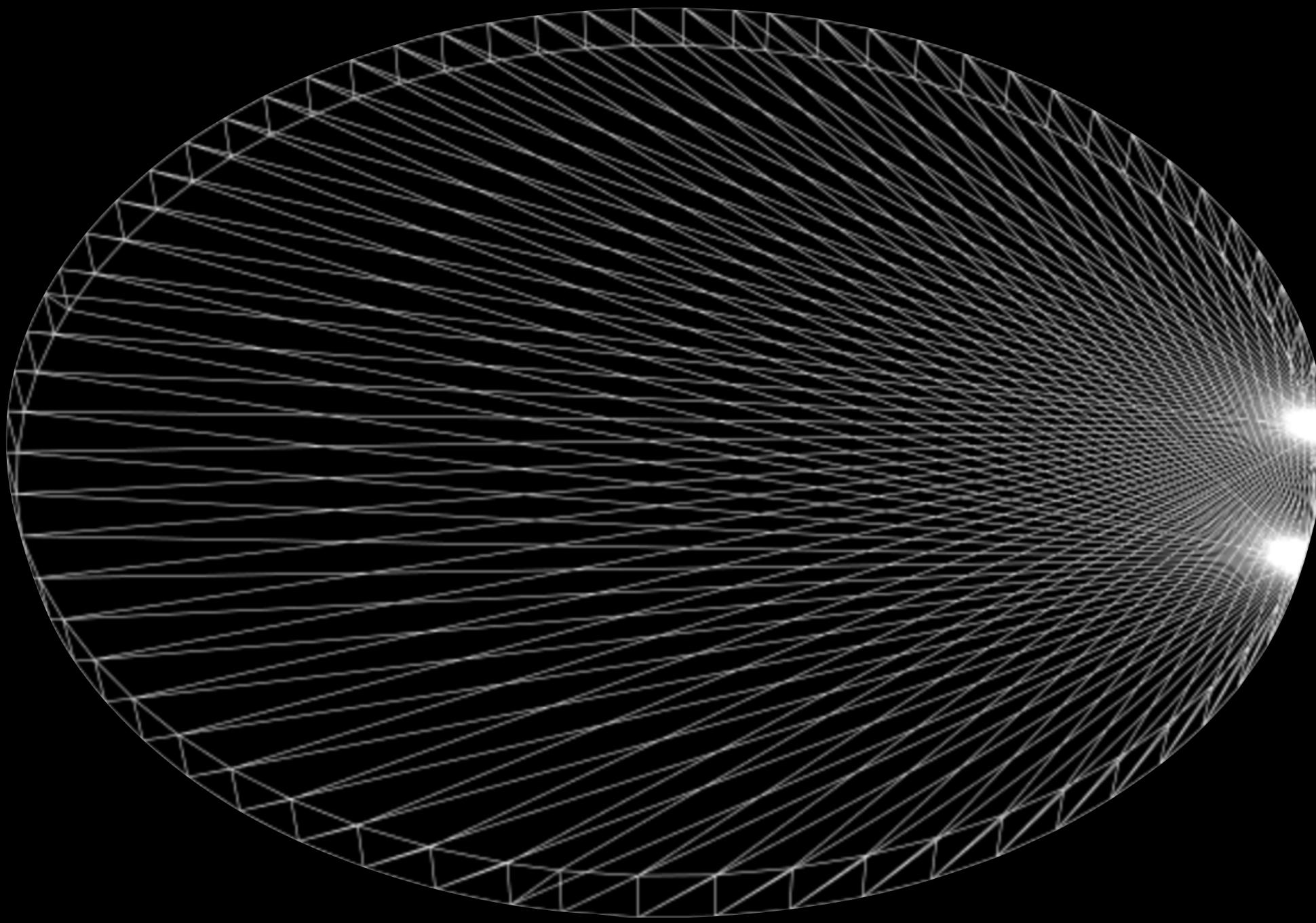
gl.texImage2D(gl.TEXTURE_2D, 0, gl.RGBA, gl.RGBA, gl.UNSIGNED_BYTE, image);
</script>
```

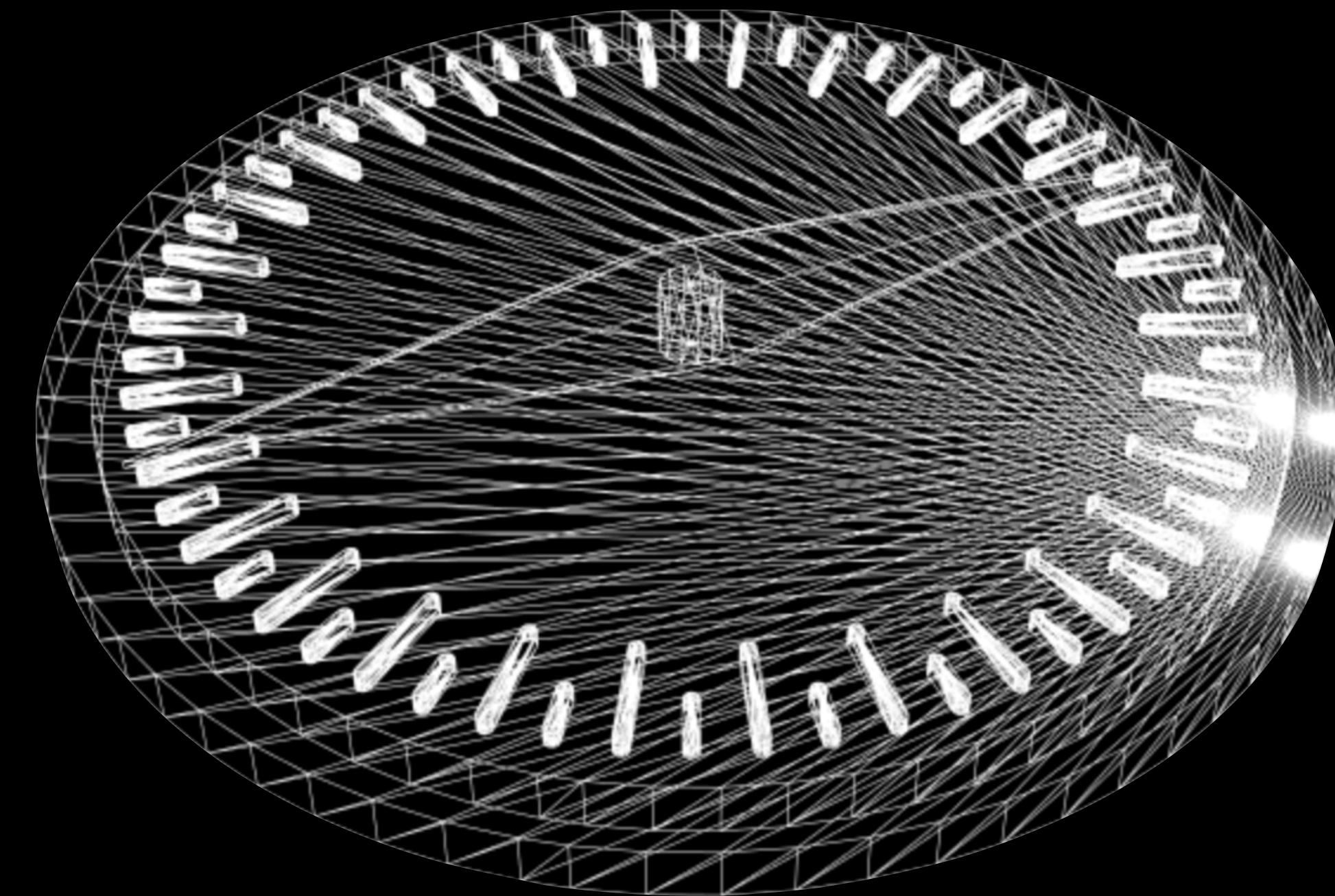
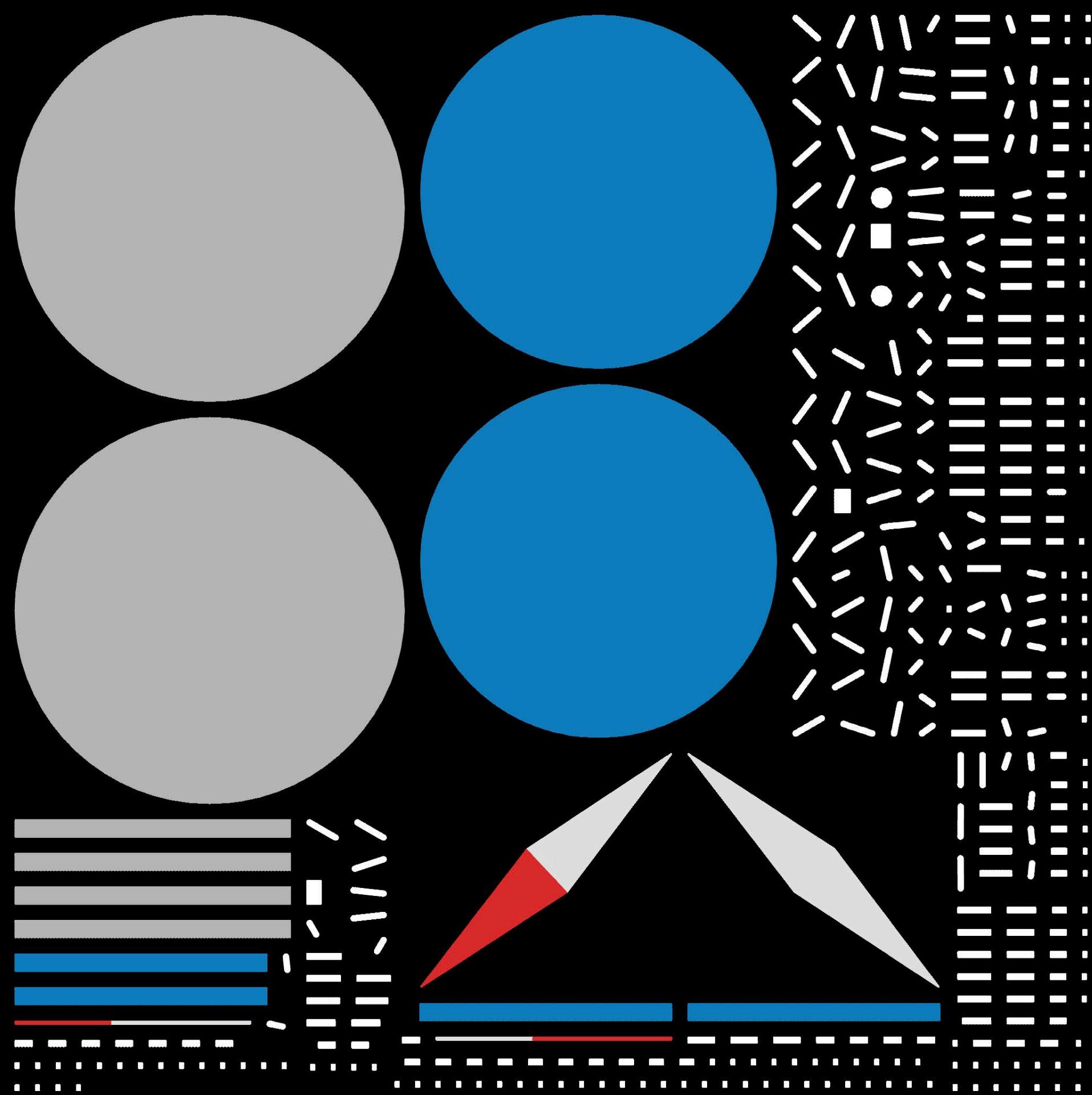
```


<script type="text/javascript">
var texture = gl.createTexture();
gl.activeTexture(gl.TEXTURE0);
gl.bindTexture(gl.TEXTURE_2D, texture);

var image = document.getElementById("TextureImage");

gl.texImage2D(gl.TEXTURE_2D, 0, gl.RGBA, gl.RGBA, gl.UNSIGNED_BYTE, image);
gl.uniform1i(samplerUniform, 0);
</script>
```





*Demo*

Building a compass



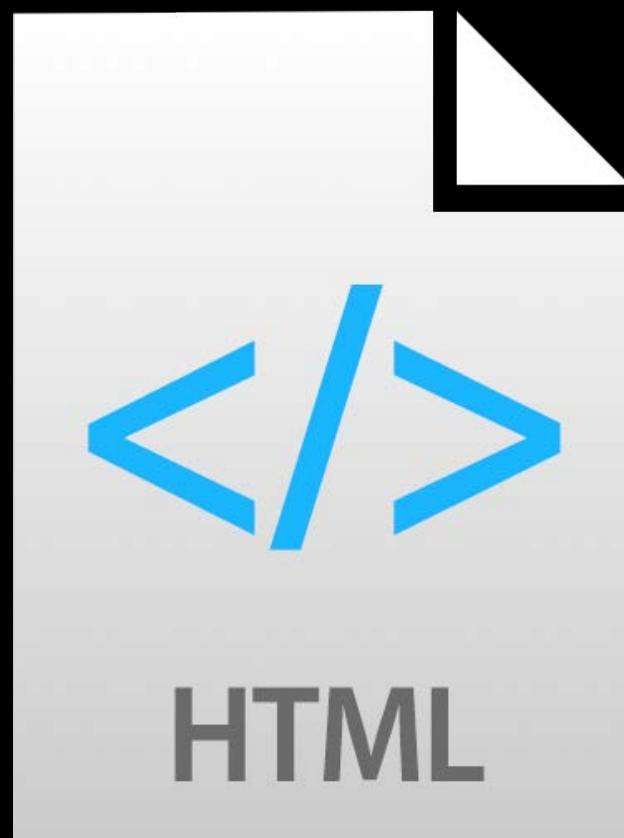


# The Web Platform

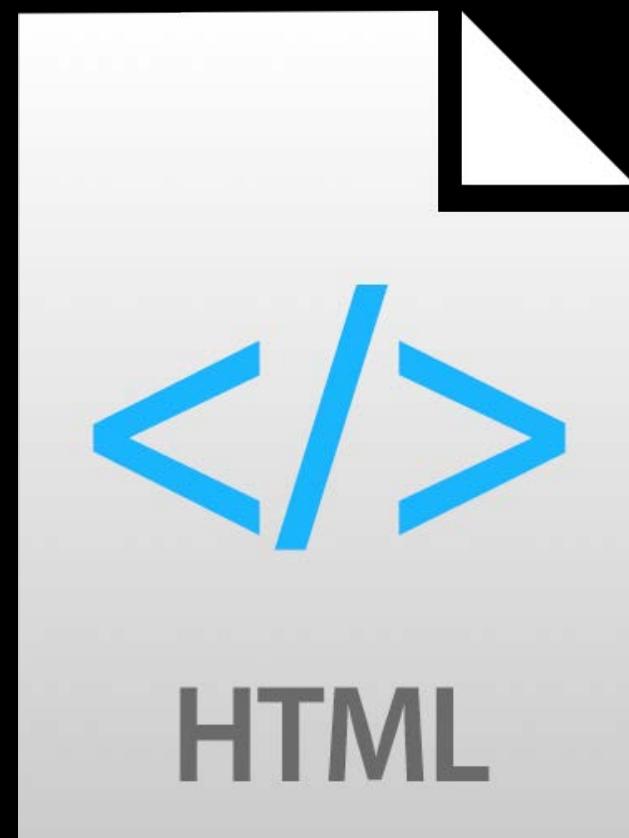
# The Web Platform



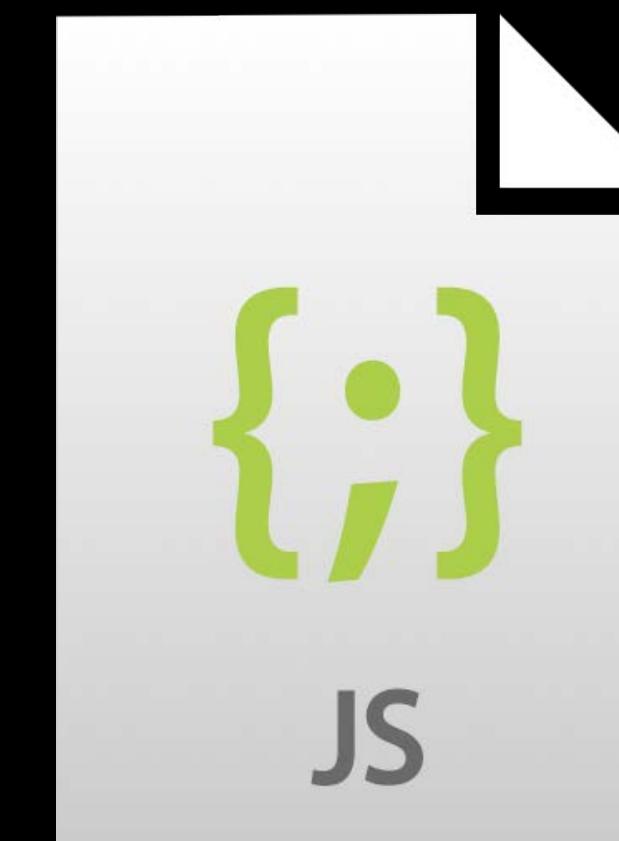
# The Web Platform



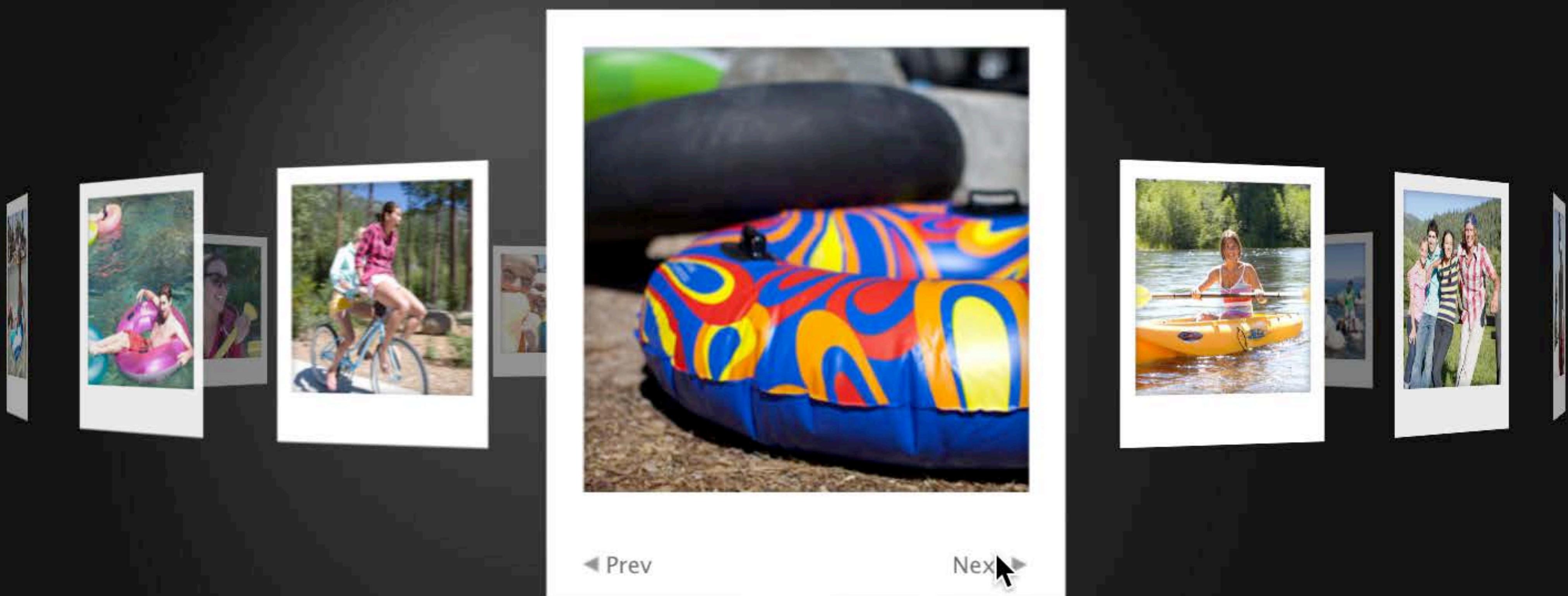
# The Web Platform



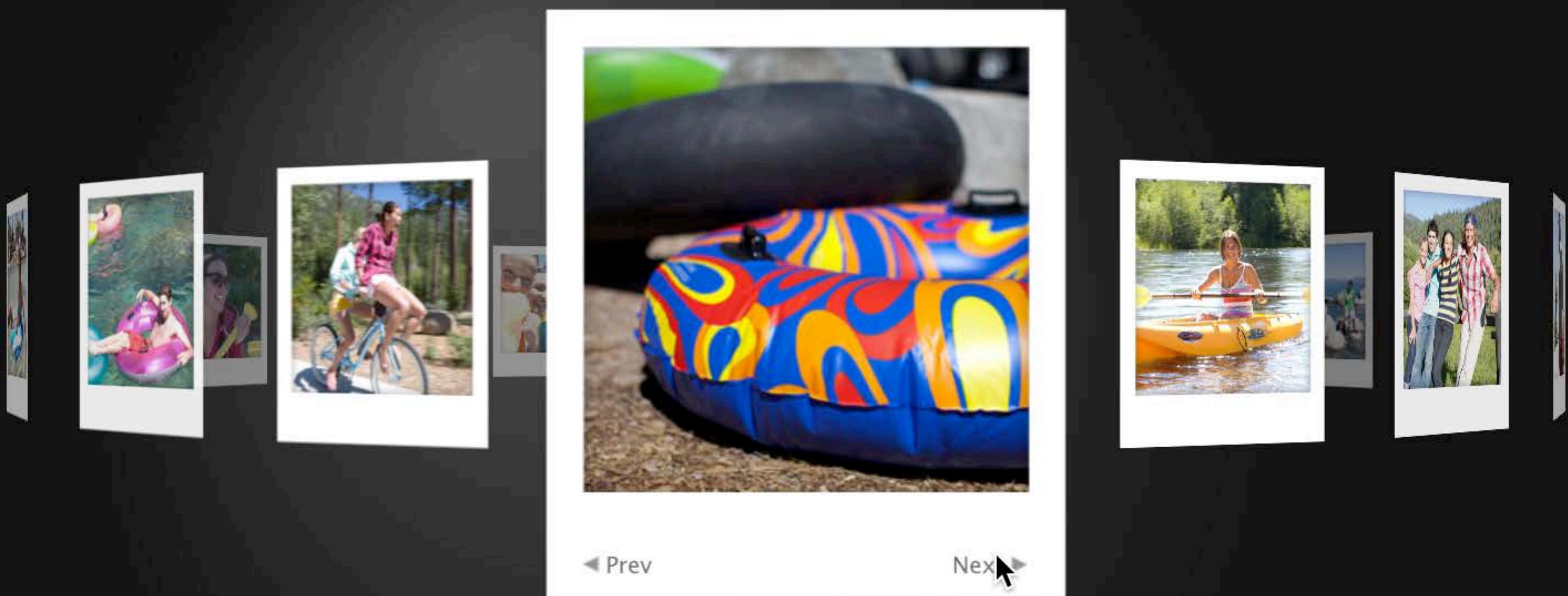
# The Web Platform



# Gallery



# Gallery



Chunk Five

Size



Color



Leading



Tracking



Transparency



Rotation



Shadow

ON OFF



Hello.

Chunk Five

Size



Color



Leading



Tracking



Transparency



Rotation



Shadow

ON OFF



Hello.

iPad 9:41 AM 100%

## Acknowledge the Risk

People experience a sense of fear when they embark on a journey that involves change, because change has an element of the unknown. That is what makes it so frightening.

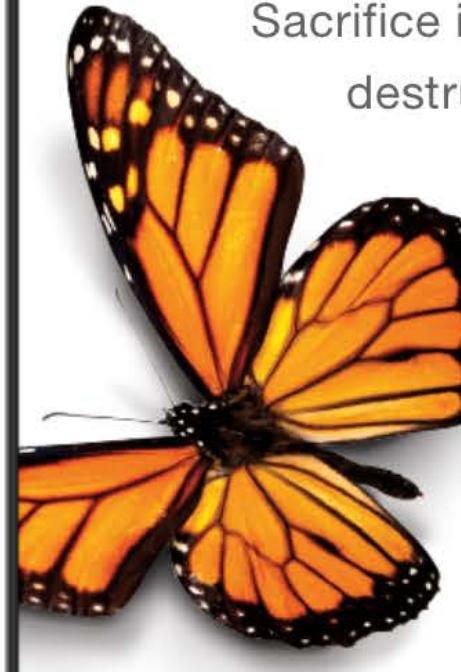
**Change is about accepting the new and abandoning the old. New societies cannot rise unless old societies fall. If new technology emerges, it renders the old technology obsolete. In the presentation space, accepting something new often means sacrificing something held dear.**

Sacrifice is defined as the surrender or destruction of something prized or desirable for the sake of something considered as having a higher or more pressing claim. Often, your audience can't change without making a sacrifice. You need to make them understand that without sacrifice, there can be no reward.

**To adopt your perspective, the audience has to, at a minimum, abandon what they previously held as true.**

Changing their minds is like asking them to forsake an old friend who has stood by them for a long time. Losing an old friend is painful.

Even something seemingly trivial—like a forfeit of their time—might require them to risk something. Working late might mean missing volleyball practice or the chance to tuck their kids into bed at night. Be cognizant of the sacrifice the audience will make when you ask them to do something, because you're asking them to give up a small—but still irretrievable—slice of their lives.







# When to Draw

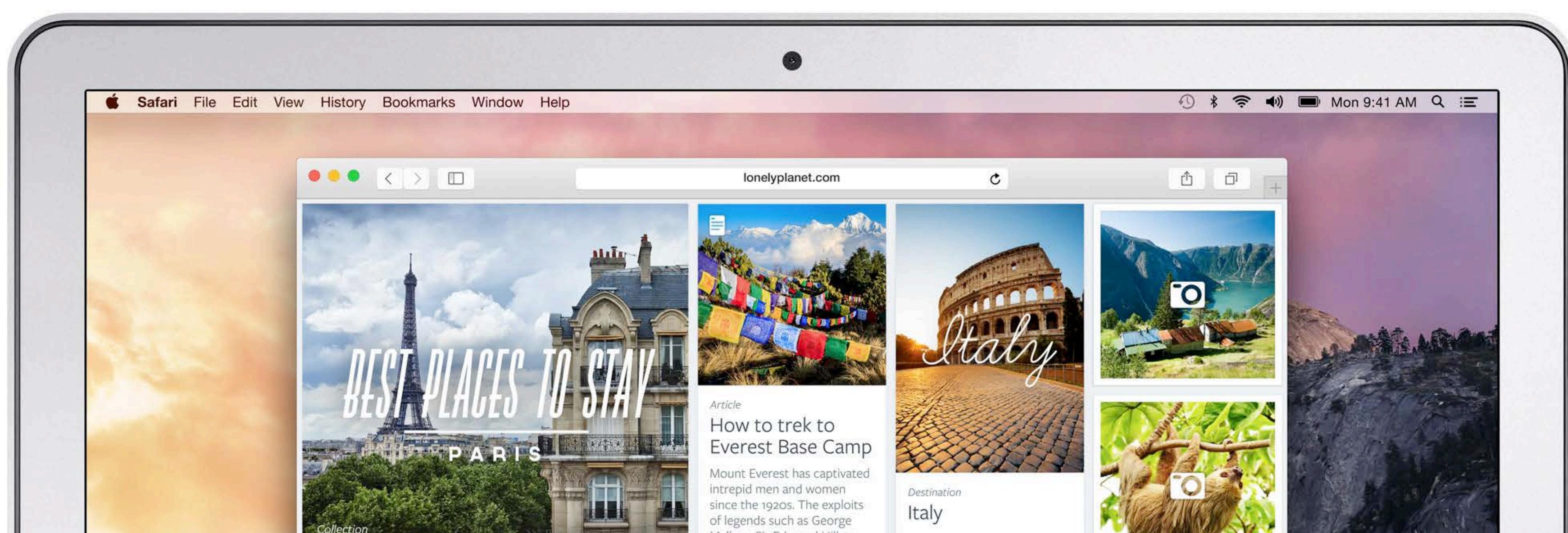
apple.com



# Safari

## The smartest way to surf just got smarter.

In OS X Yosemite, a streamlined toolbar in Safari puts your most important controls at your fingertips and gives you more room for what you're viewing. Safari also gives you new ways to access your favorite sites, manage your tabs, and have more control over your privacy. With an improved Nitro JavaScript engine and support for the latest web standards, it's the fastest, most advanced way to browse the web.



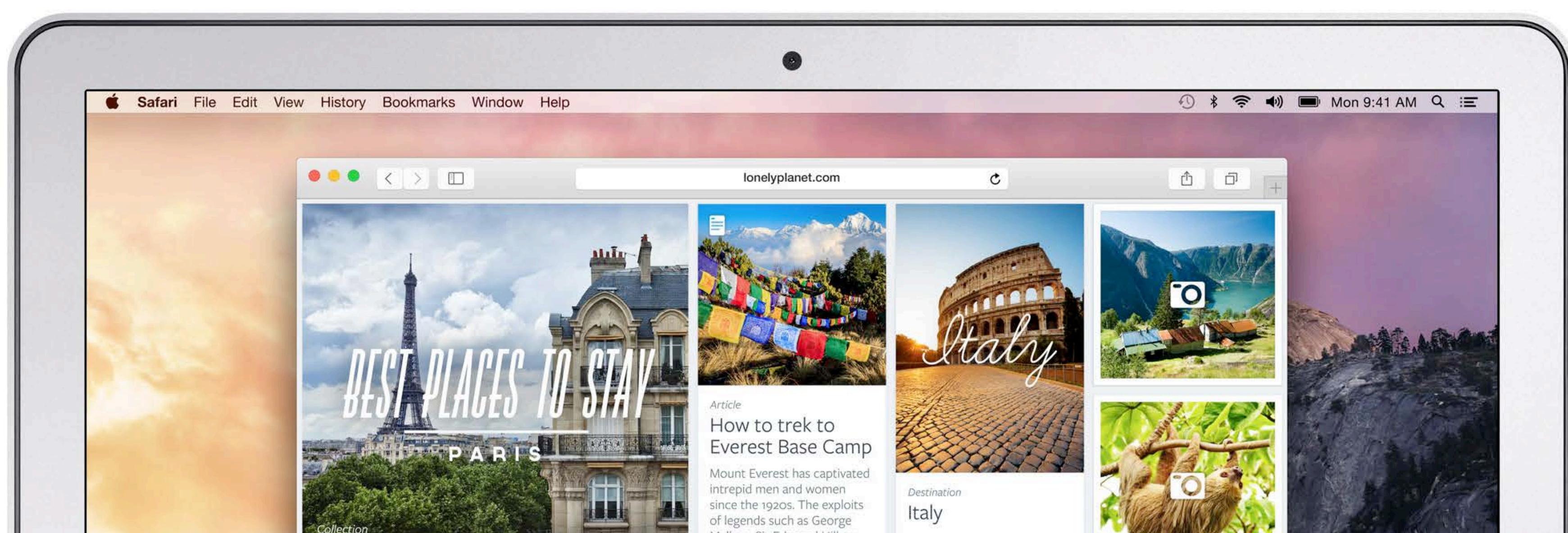
apple.com



# Safari

## The smartest way to surf just got smarter.

In OS X Yosemite, a streamlined toolbar in Safari puts your most important controls at your fingertips and gives you more room for what you're viewing. Safari also gives you new ways to access your favorite sites, manage your tabs, and have more control over your privacy. With an improved Nitro JavaScript engine and support for the latest web standards, it's the fastest, most advanced way to browse the web.



Do Not Use Timers!

# requestAnimationFrame()

# requestAnimationFrame()

1

Call “requestAnimationFrame()” with a callback

# requestAnimationFrame()

1

Call “requestAnimationFrame()” with a callback

```
var drawingCallback = function() {  
    ...  
}
```

# requestAnimationFrame()

1

Call “requestAnimationFrame()” with a callback

```
var drawingCallback = function() {  
    ...  
}
```

```
requestAnimationFrame(drawingCallback);
```

# requestAnimationFrame()

2

Draw your scene

```
var drawingCallback = function() {  
    ...  
}  
  
requestAnimationFrame(drawingCallback);
```

# requestAnimationFrame()

2

Draw your scene

```
var drawingCallback = function() {  
    updatePhysics();  
    drawCompass();  
    drawTerrain();  
}  
  
requestAnimationFrame(drawingCallback);
```

# requestAnimationFrame()

3

Request the next callback

```
var drawingCallback = function() {  
    updatePhysics();  
    drawCompass();  
    drawTerrain();  
}  
  
requestAnimationFrame(drawingCallback);
```

# requestAnimationFrame()

3

Request the next callback

```
var drawingCallback = function() {  
    updatePhysics();  
    drawCompass();  
    drawTerrain();  
    ...  
    requestAnimationFrame(drawingCallback);  
}  
  
requestAnimationFrame(drawingCallback);
```

*Demo*  
Grand finale

# Wrapping Up

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Rich, powerful, fast graphics

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WebGL available in Safari on OS X Yosemite and iOS 8

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Rich, powerful, fast graphics

WebGL available in Safari on OS X Yosemite and iOS 8

Also available in WKWebView

# More Information

Evangelism

[evangelism@apple.com](mailto:evangelism@apple.com)

Safari for Developers

<http://developer.apple.com/safari/>

WebKit

<http://webkit.org/>

Developer Technical Support

<http://developer.apple.com/contact>

Apple Developer Forums

<http://devforums.apple.com>

# Related Sessions

- 
- Introducing the Modern WebKit API Nob Hill Tuesday 2:00PM
  - Web Inspector and Modern JavaScript Russian Hill Thursday 10:15AM
-

# Labs

- 
- Safari and WebKit Lab                          Media Lab B                          Wednesday 4:30PM
  - Safari and WebKit Lab                          Media Lab B                          Thursday 2:00PM
-

