

Delivering Web Content on High Resolution Displays

Session 602

Beth Dakin

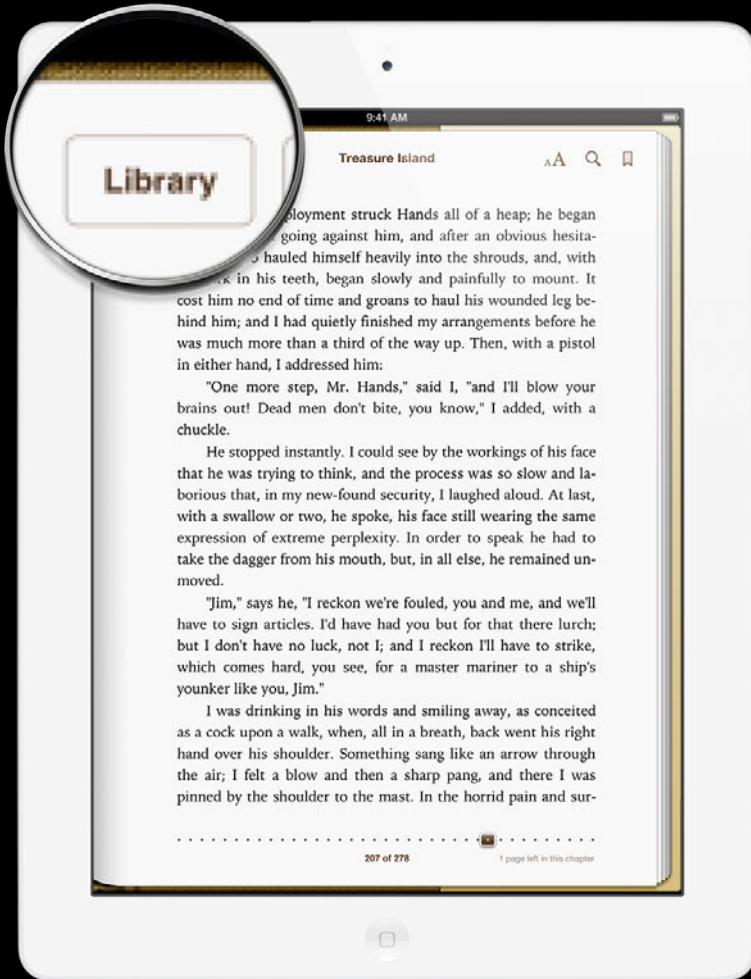
Safari & WebKit Engineer

These are confidential sessions—please refrain from streaming, blogging, or taking pictures

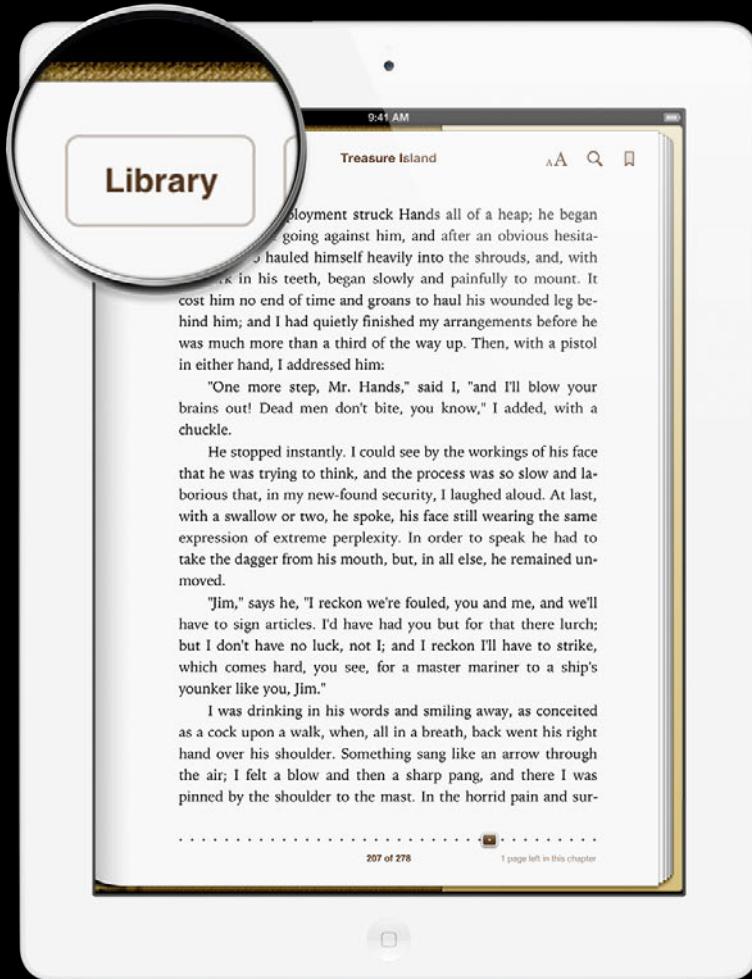




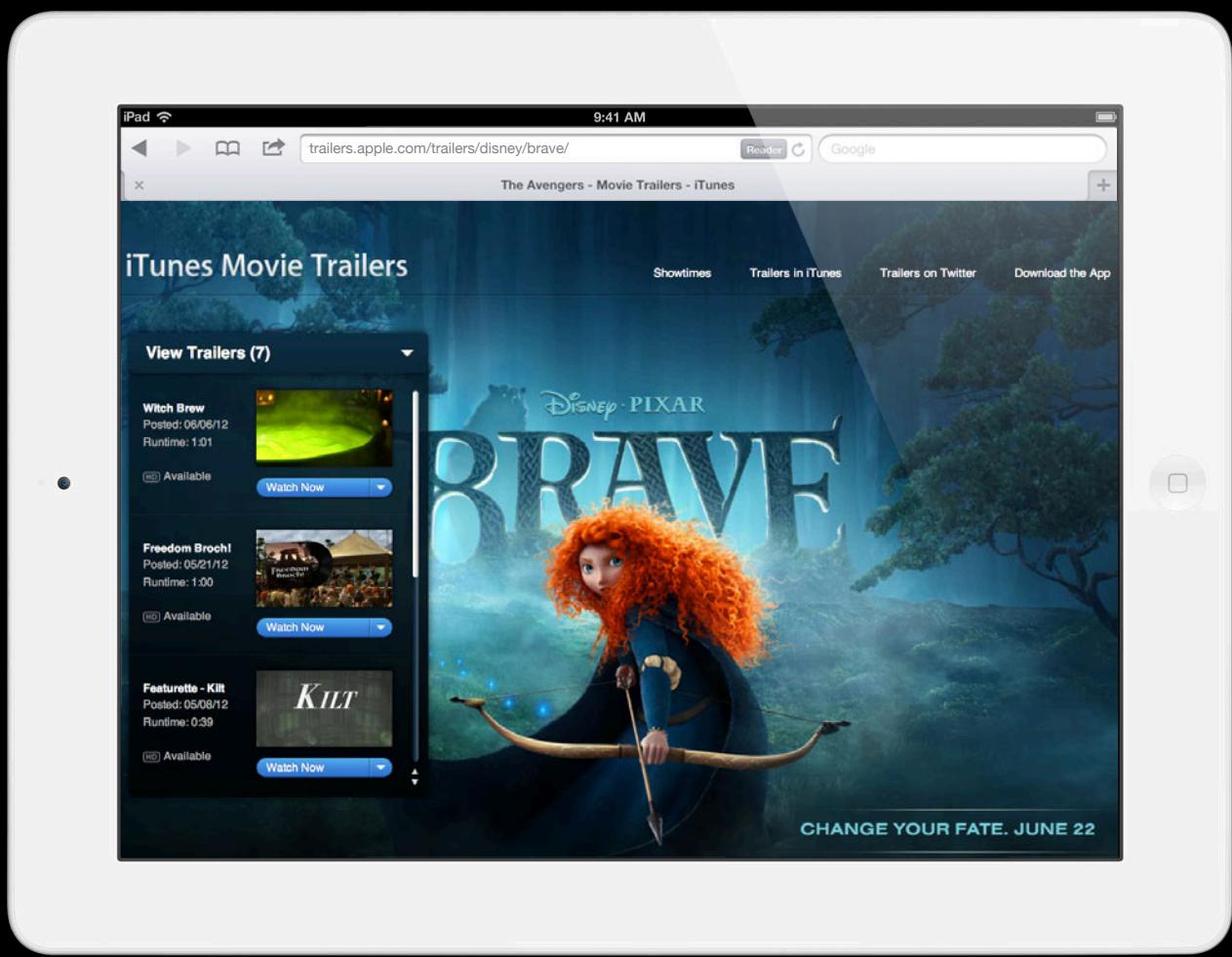
iPad 2



The new iPad





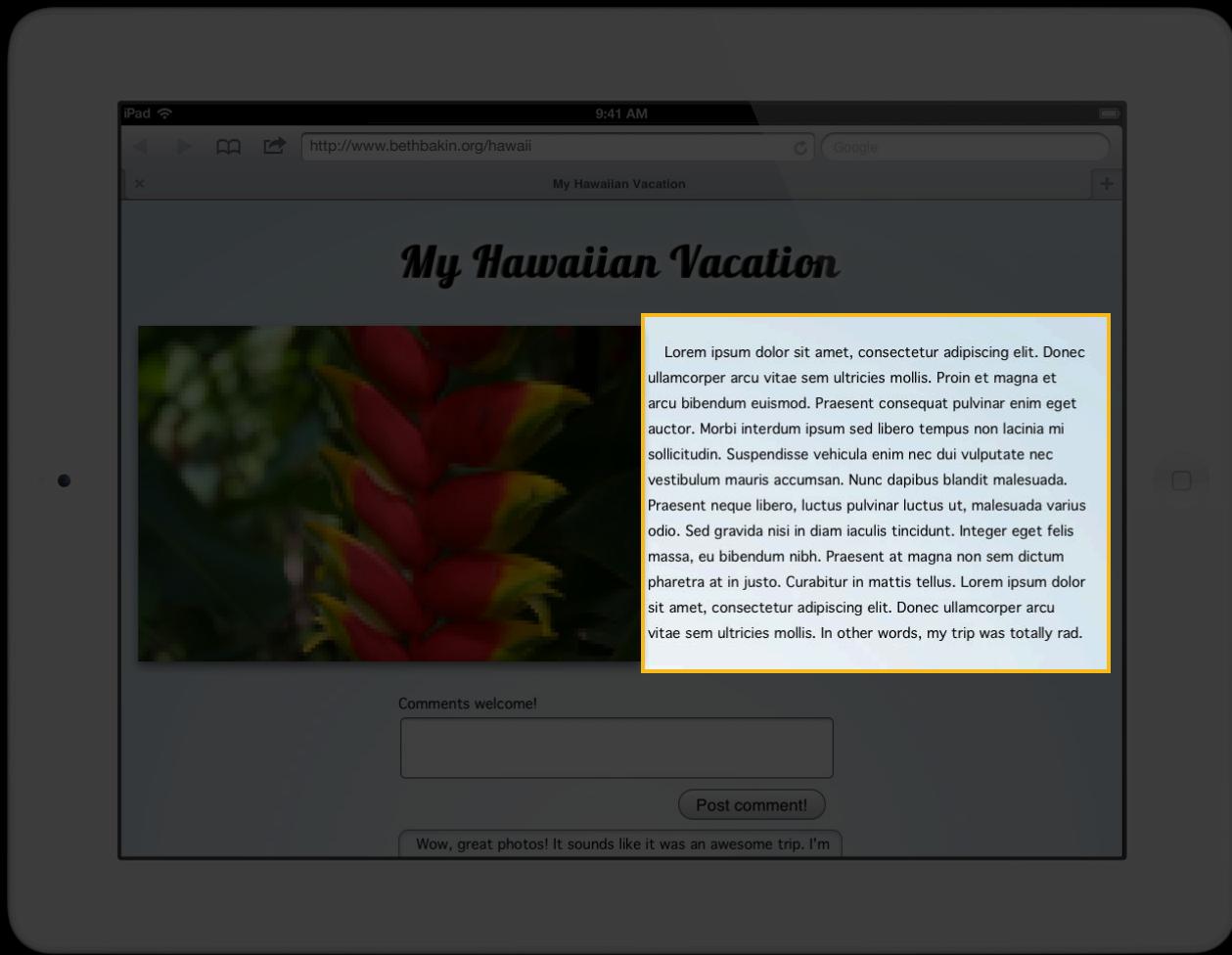


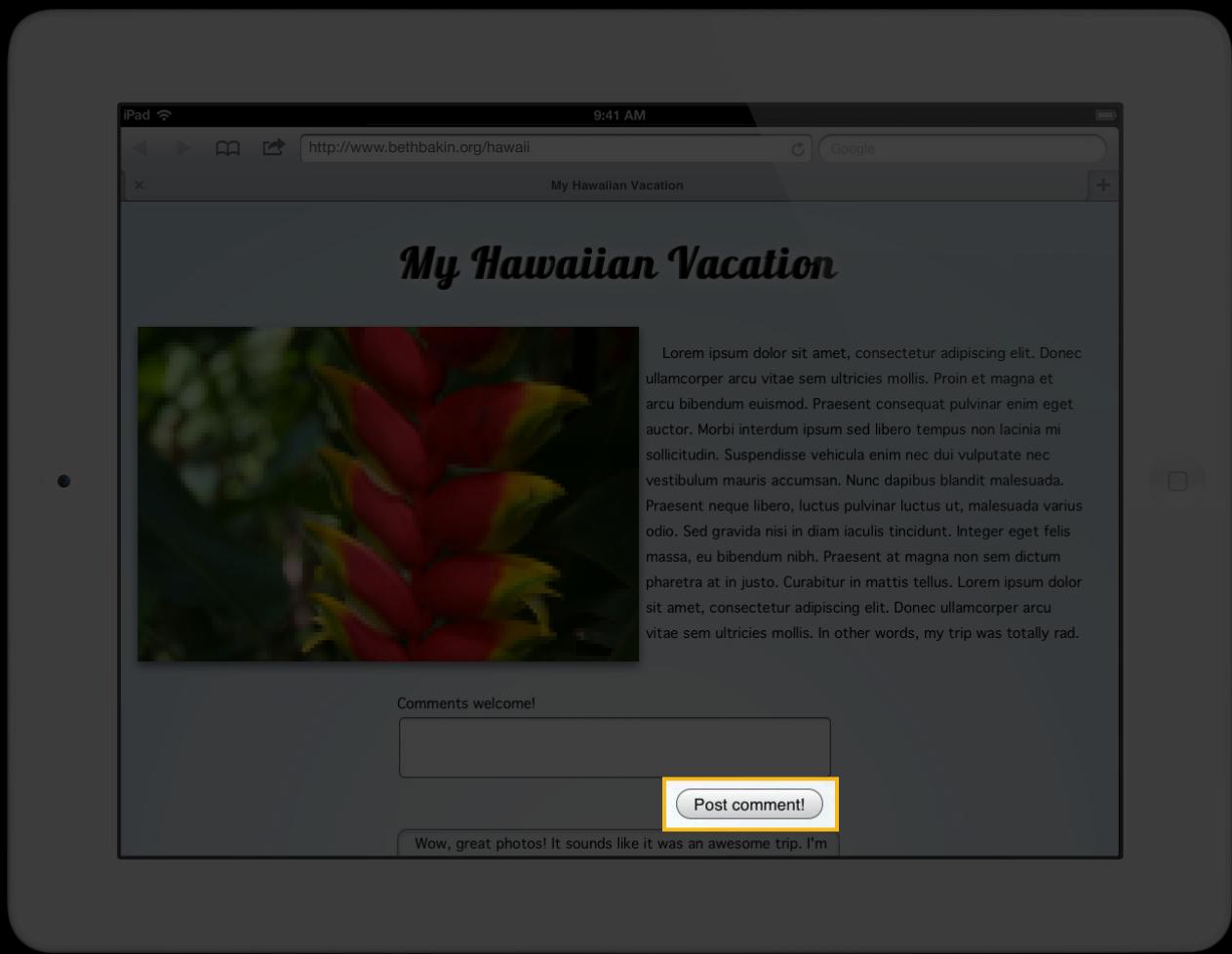


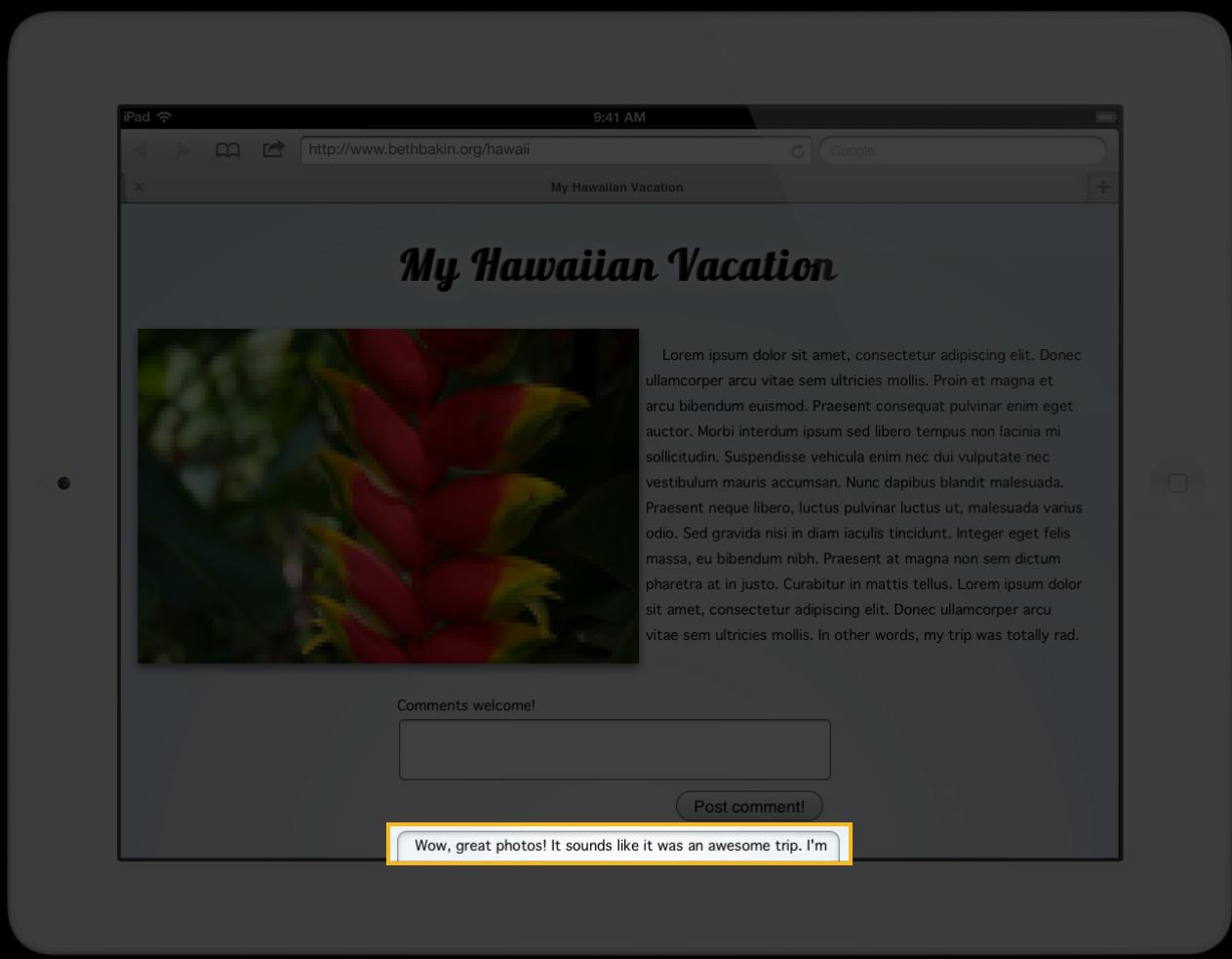




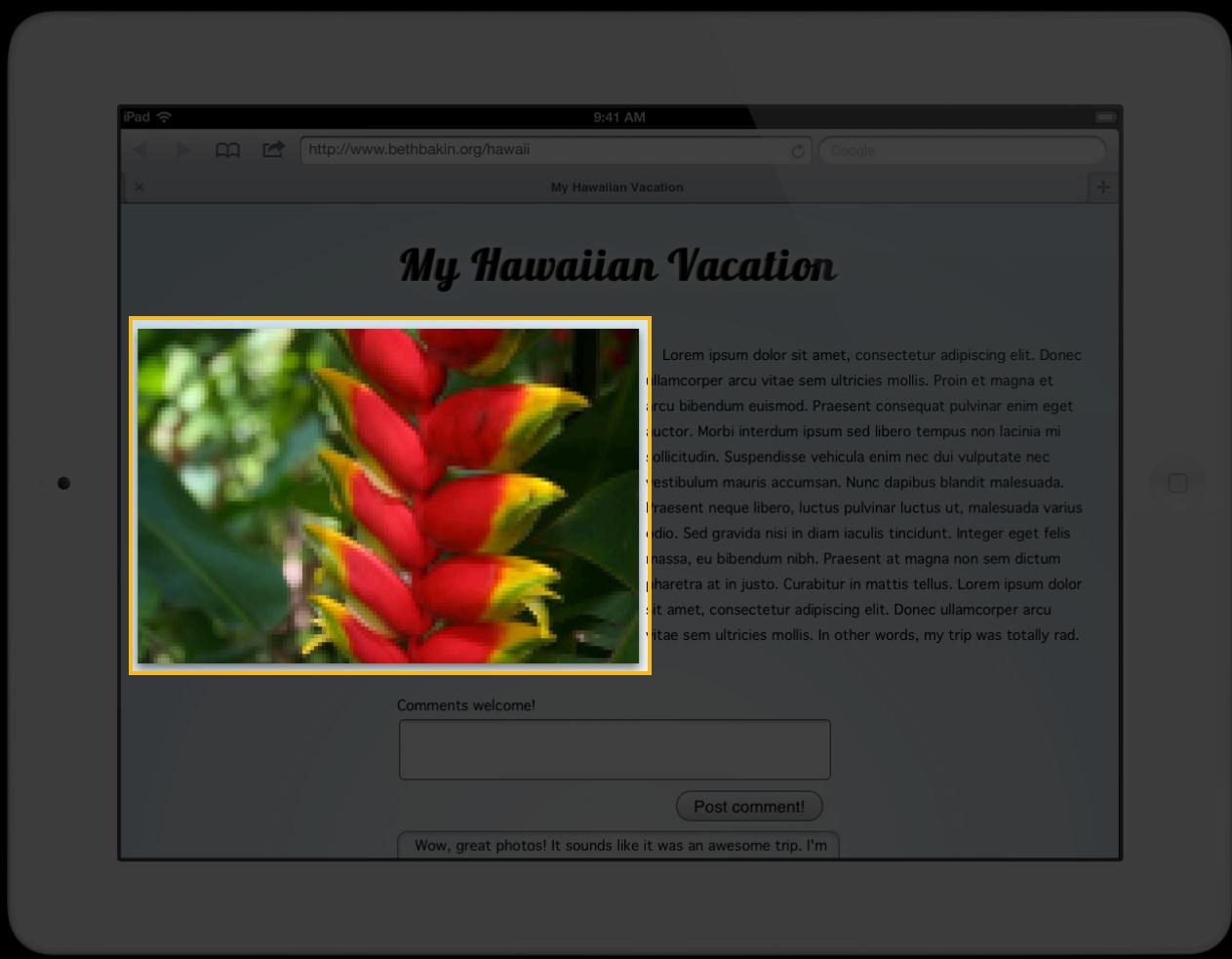












Comments welcome!

Post comment!

Wow, great photos! It sounds like it was an awesome trip. I'm

What You Will Learn

What You Will Learn

- Understanding web content on high resolution displays

What You Will Learn

- Understanding web content on high resolution displays
- Banishing blurry images

What You Will Learn

- Understanding web content on high resolution displays
- Banishing blurry images
- High Resolution <canvas>

What You Will Learn

- Understanding web content on high resolution displays
- Banishing blurry images
- High Resolution `<canvas>`
- Leveraging the power of WebKit

Understanding Web Content on High Resolution Displays

Understanding Web Content on High Resolution Display

Understanding Web Content on High Resolution Display

- Software scale factor

Understanding Web Content on High Resolution Display

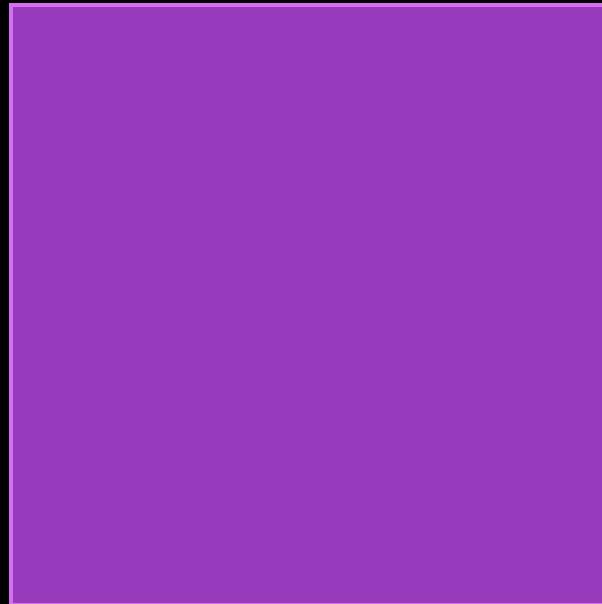
- Software scale factor
- Why do images require special attention?

Understanding Web Content on High Resolution Display

- Software scale factor
- Why do images require special attention?

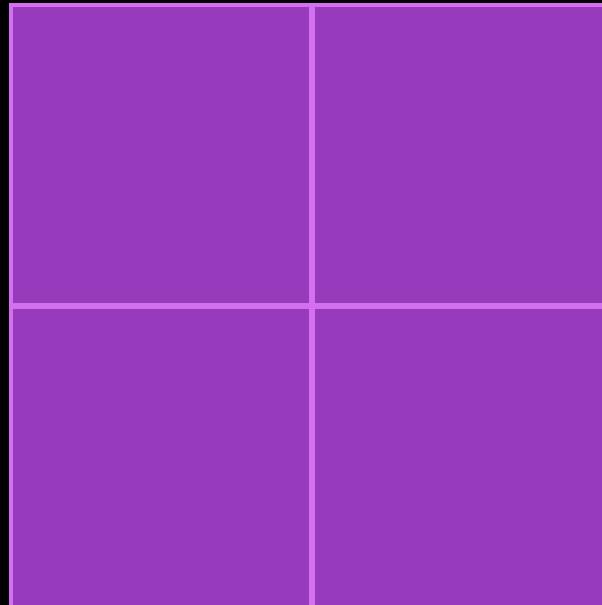
Software Scale Factor

Standard display



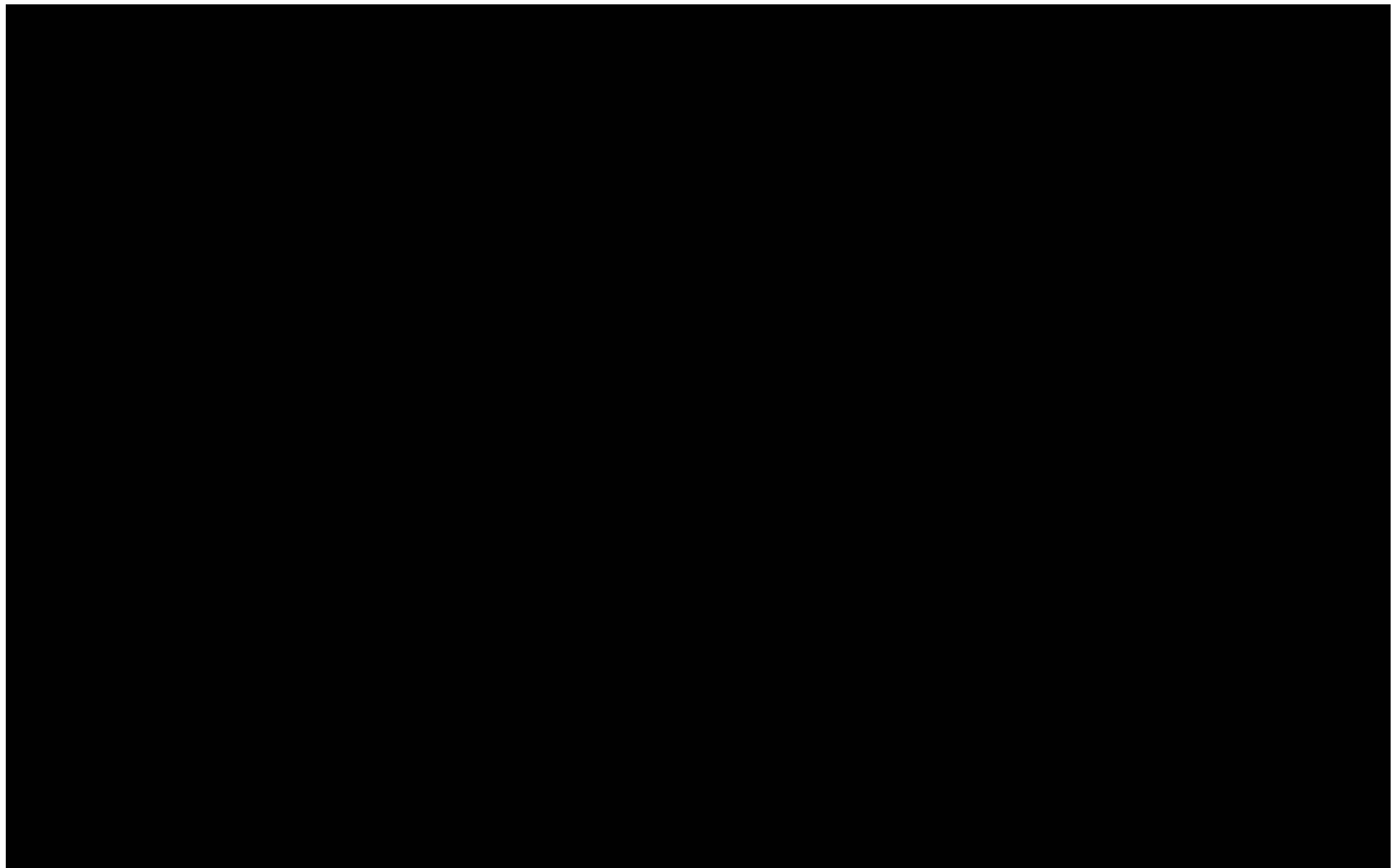
Software Scale Factor

Retina display









1 px \neq 1 pixel

CSS pixels are not device pixels

Device Pixels vs. CSS Pixels

Gesture zooming



Device Pixels vs. CSS Pixels

Gesture zooming



Device Pixels vs. CSS Pixels

Viewport

Device Pixels vs. CSS Pixels

Viewport

```
<div style="width:320px; ...>Width of 320px!</div>
```

Device Pixels vs. CSS Pixels

Viewport

```
<div style="width:320px; ...>Width of 320px!</div>
```

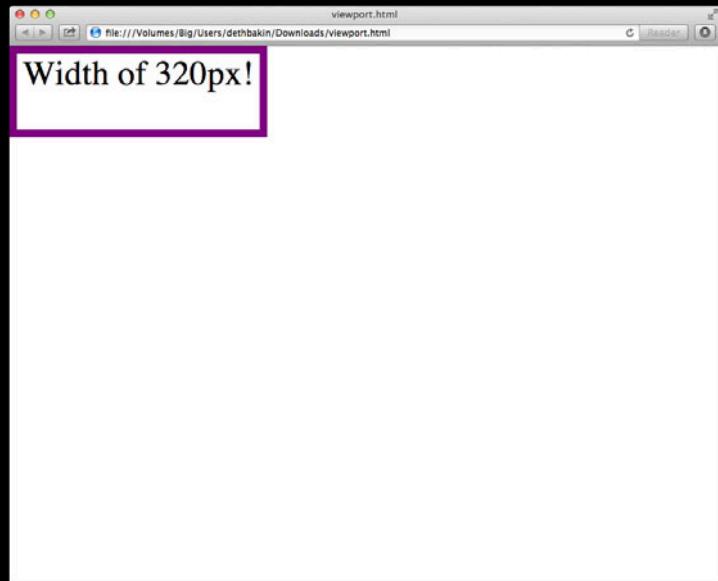


Device Pixels vs. CSS Pixels

Viewport

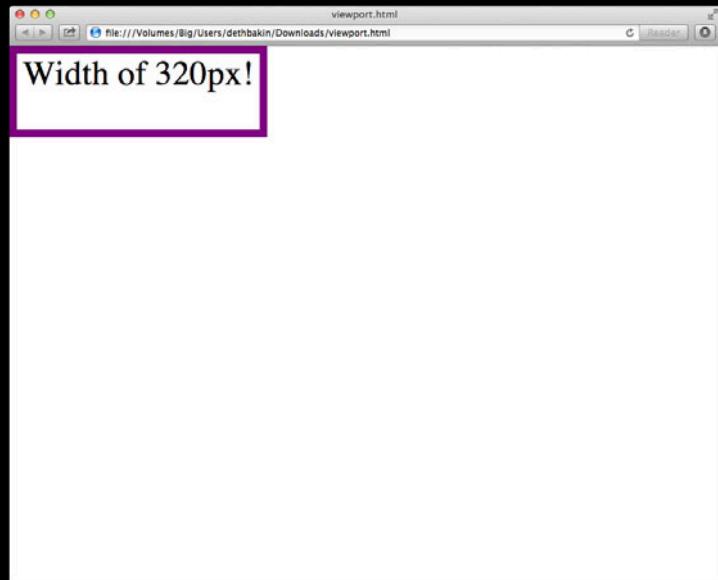
Device Pixels vs. CSS Pixels

Viewport



Device Pixels vs. CSS Pixels

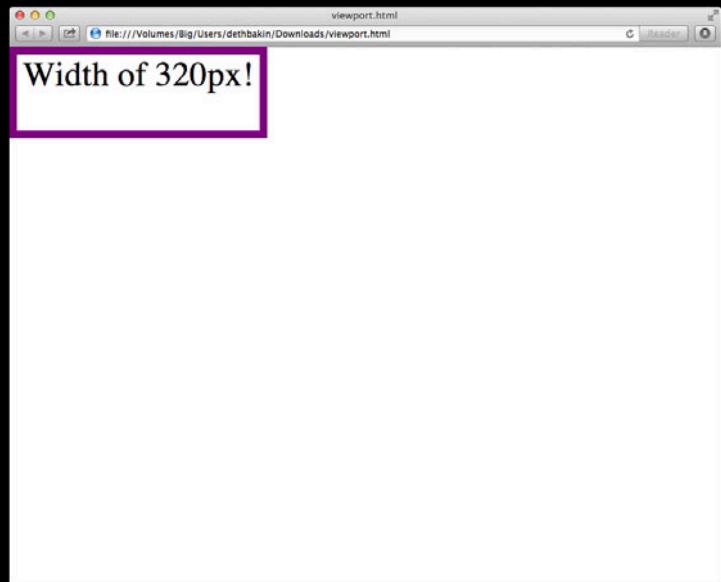
Viewport



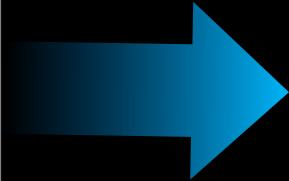
We assume 980px width...

Device Pixels vs. CSS Pixels

Viewport



We assume 980px width...



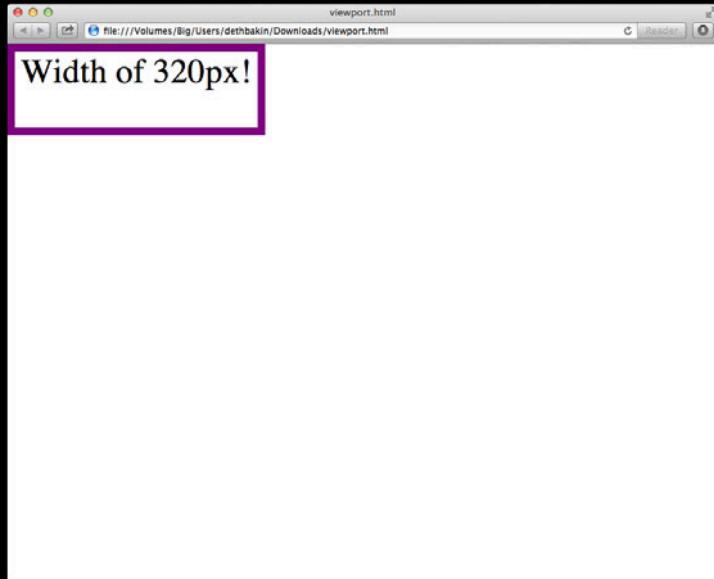
...then scale down to 320px
(for iPhone)

Device Pixels vs. CSS Pixels

Viewport

Default Viewport Settings

width:980px scale:320/980 = 0.32653



We assume 980px width...



...then scale down to 320px
(for iPhone)

Device Pixels vs. CSS Pixels

Viewport

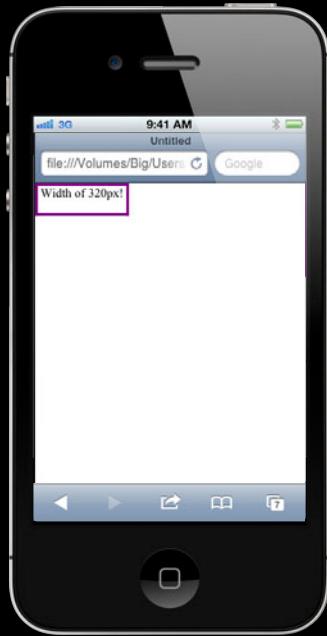
```
<div style="width:320px; ...>Width of 320px!</div>
```



Device Pixels vs. CSS Pixels

Viewport

```
<meta name="viewport" content="width=320" />  
...  
<div style="width:320px; ...>Width of 320px!</div>
```



Device Pixels vs. CSS Pixels

Viewport

```
<meta name="viewport" content="width=320" />  
...  
<div style="width:320px; ...>Width of 320px!</div>
```



Software Scale Factor

Software Scale Factor

- CSS pixels are relative units inside the WebView

Software Scale Factor

- CSS pixels are relative units inside the WebView
- All UI currently has a 2x scale factor on retina displays

Understanding Web Content on High Resolution Displays

- Software scale factor
- Why do images require special attention?

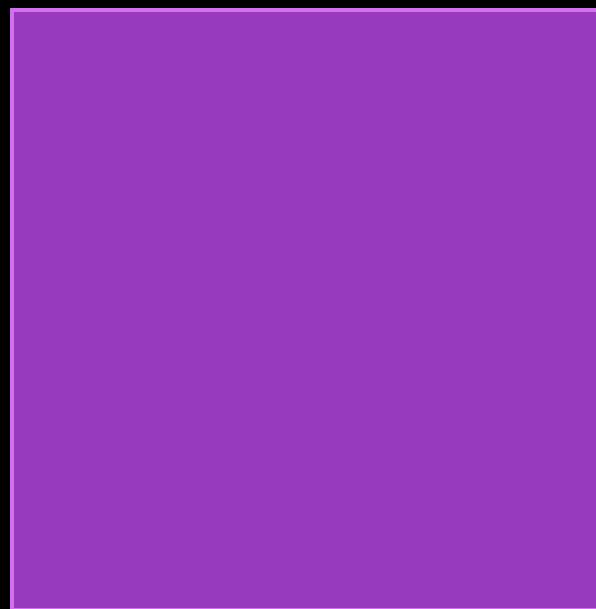
Understanding Web Content on High Resolution Displays

- Software scale factor
- Why do images require special attention?

What Is Actually Happening?

With an unzoomed <div> on a standard display

```
<div style="width:10px; height:10px; ..."></div>
```

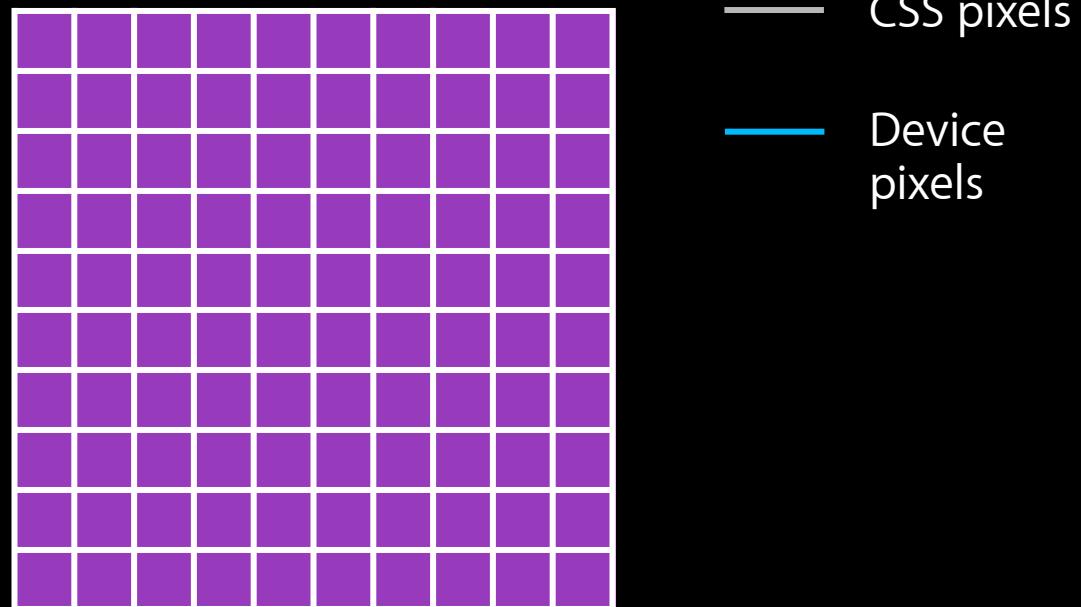


- CSS pixels
- Device pixels

What Is Actually Happening?

With an unzoomed <div> on a standard display

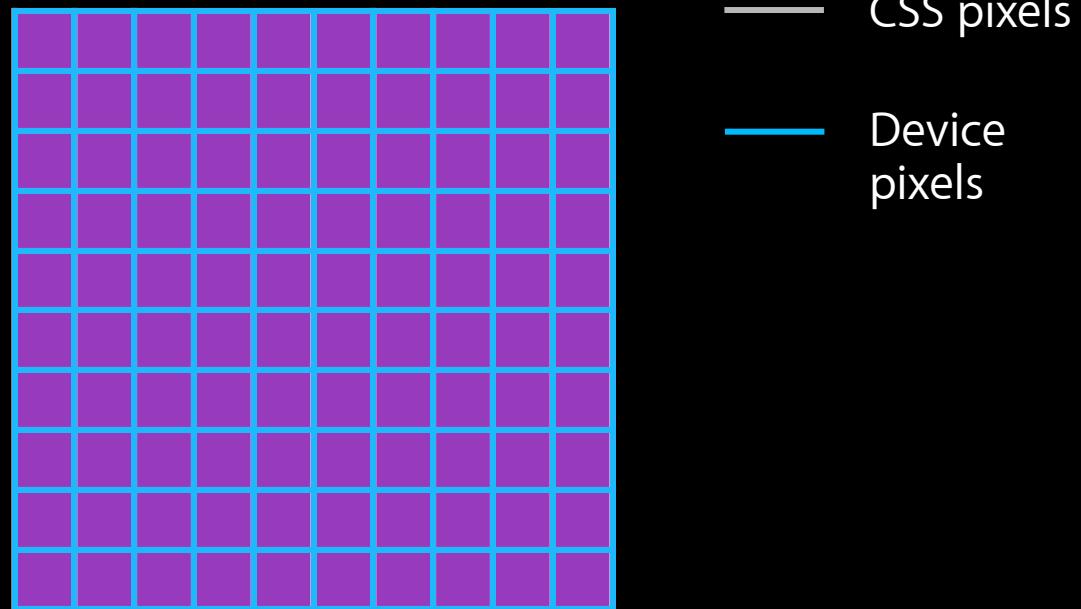
```
<div style="width:10px; height:10px; ..."></div>
```



What Is Actually Happening?

With an unzoomed <div> on a standard display

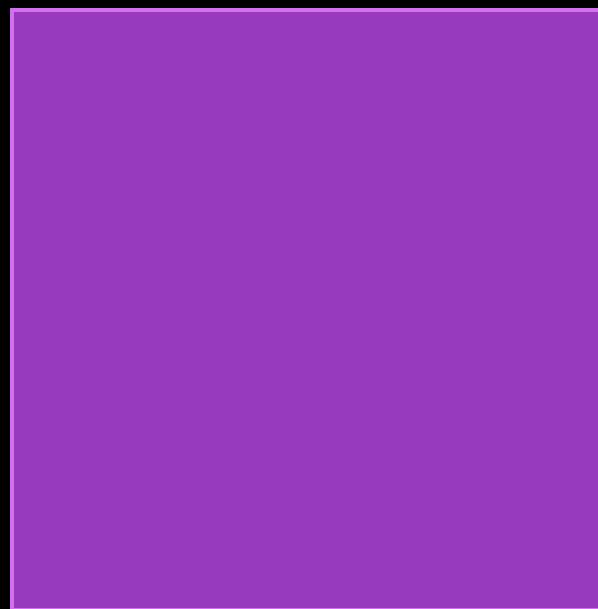
```
<div style="width:10px; height:10px; ..."></div>
```



What Is Actually Happening?

With an unzoomed <div> on a high resolution display

```
<div style="width:10px; height:10px; ..."></div>
```

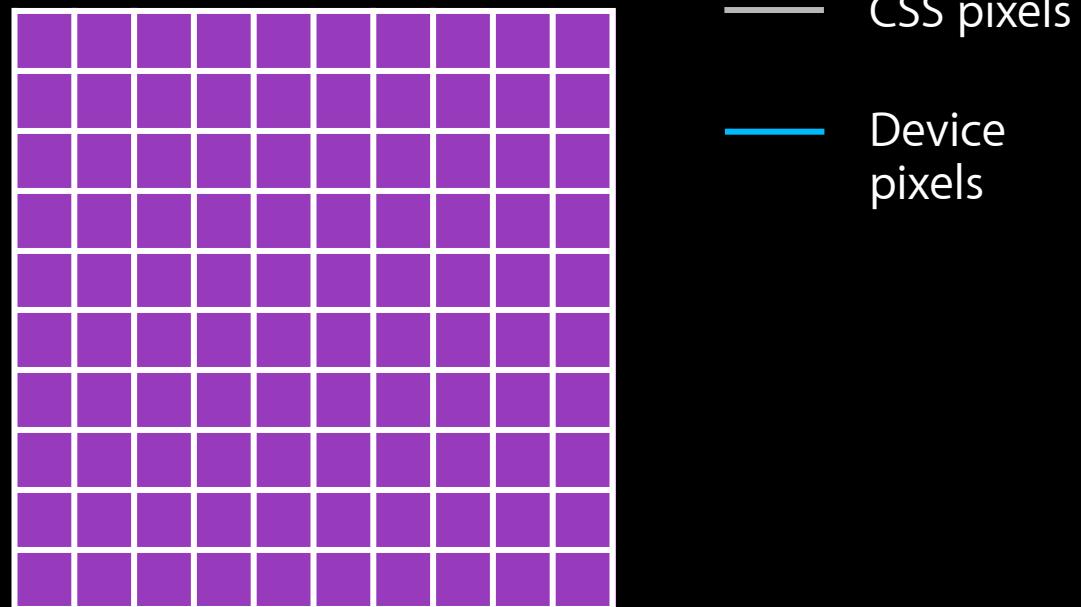


- CSS pixels
- Device pixels

What Is Actually Happening?

With an unzoomed <div> on a high resolution display

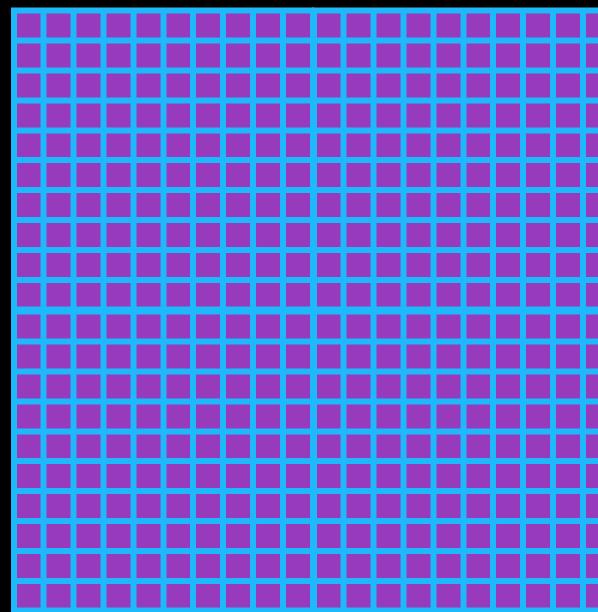
```
<div style="width:10px; height:10px; ..."></div>
```



What Is Actually Happening?

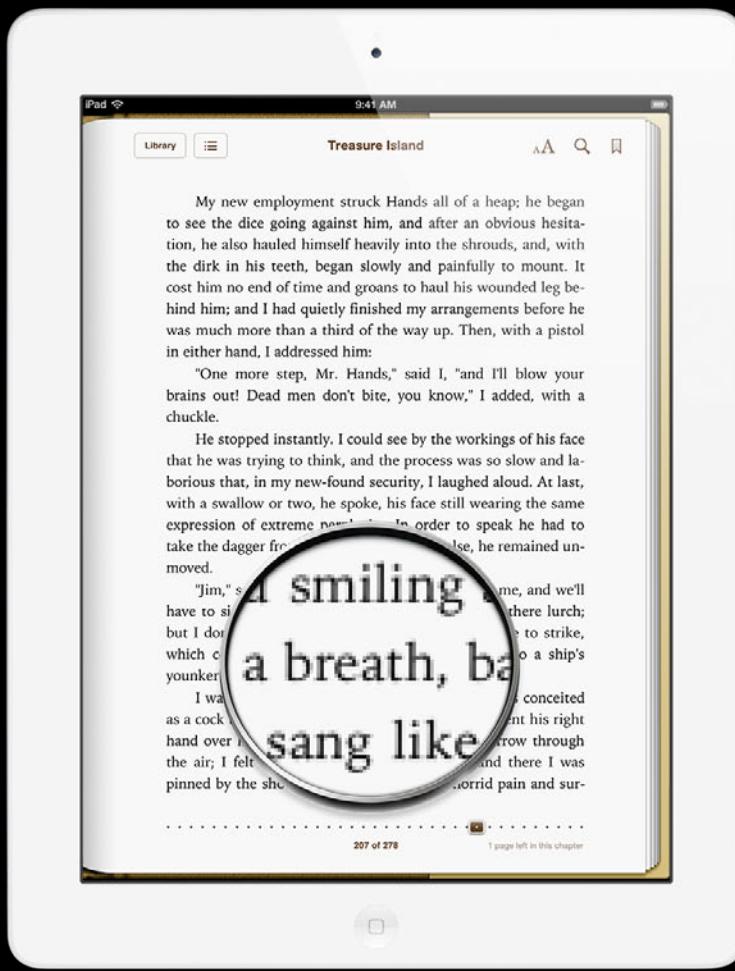
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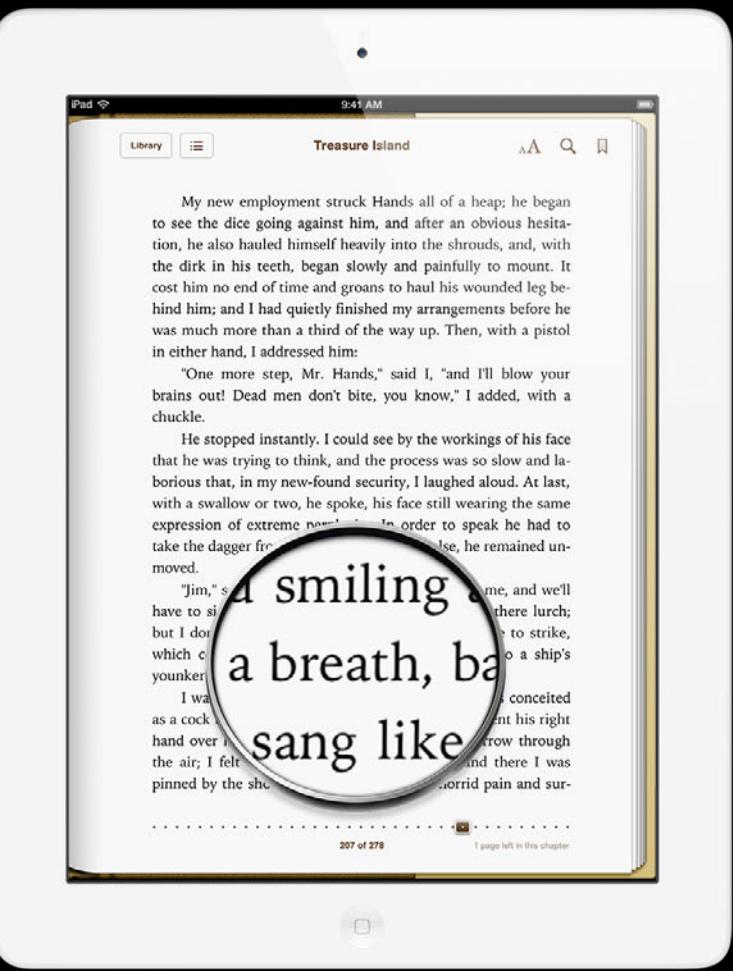


- CSS pixels
- Device pixels

iPad 2



The new iPad



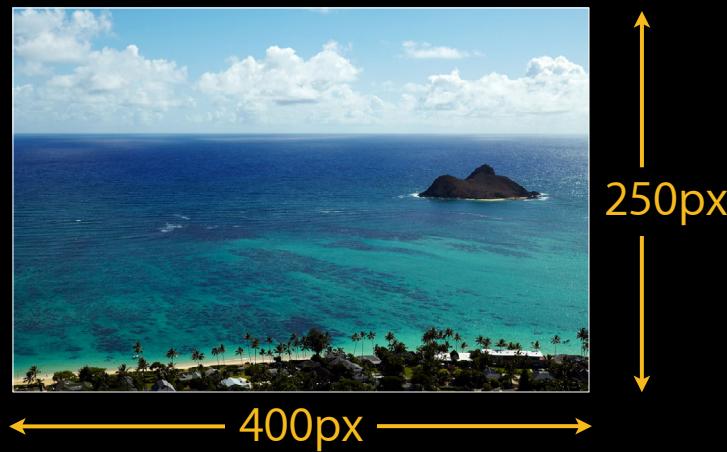
What Is Actually Happening?

Images



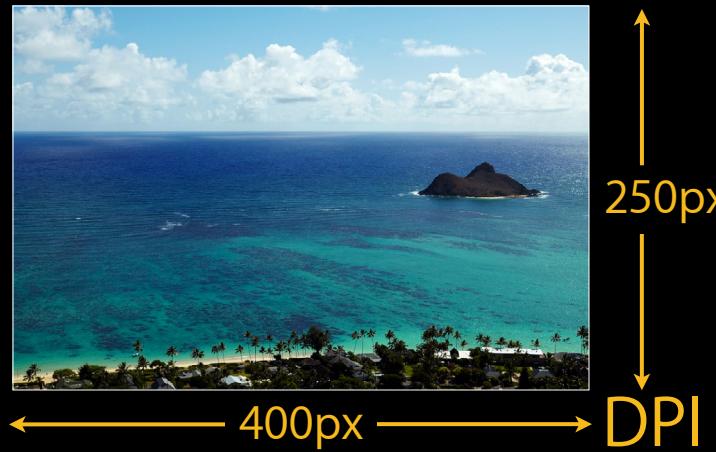
What Is Actually Happening?

Images



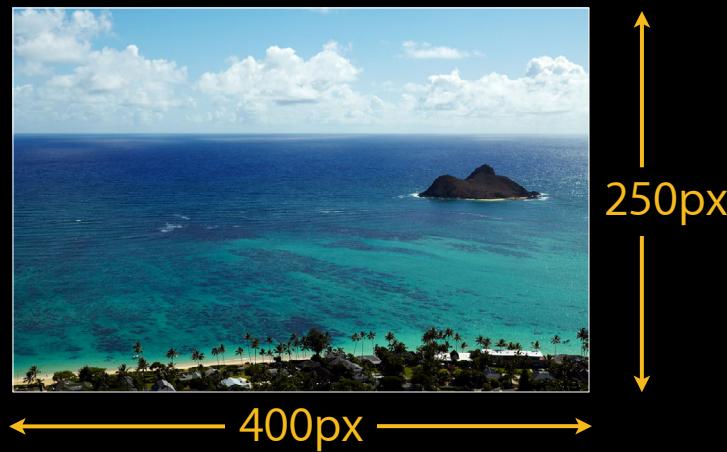
What Is Actually Happening?

Images



What Is Actually Happening?

Images



↑
250px
↓

← 400px →

What Is Actually Happening?

Images

- Will look best in 400×250 device pixels

```

```



What Is Actually Happening?

With an unzoomed on a standard display

```

```

What Is Actually Happening? With an unzoomed on a standard display

```

```



What Is Actually Happening?

With an unzoomed on a standard display

```

```

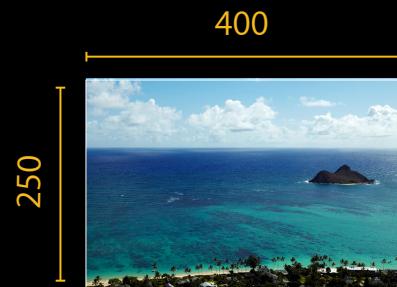
What Is Actually Happening?

With an unzoomed on a standard display

```

```

CSS Size

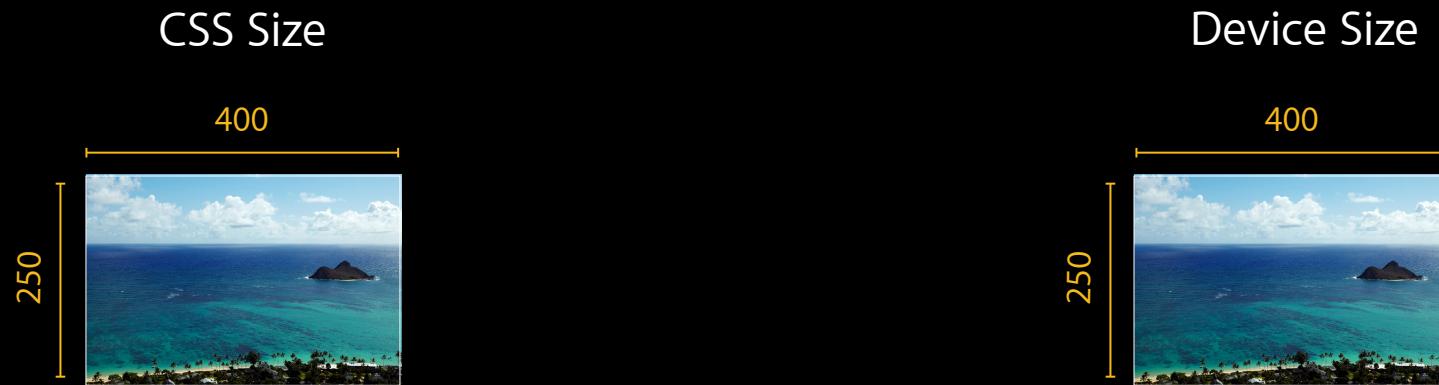


What Is Actually Happening?

With an unzoomed on a standard display

```

```



What Is Actually Happening?

With an unzoomed on a standard display

```

```



What Is Actually Happening?

With an unzoomed on a high resolution display

```

```

What Is Actually Happening? With an unzoomed on a high resolution display

```

```



What Is Actually Happening?

With an unzoomed on a high resolution display

```

```

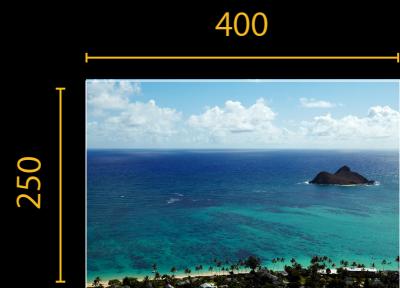
What Is Actually Happening?

With an unzoomed on a high resolution display

```

```

CSS Size

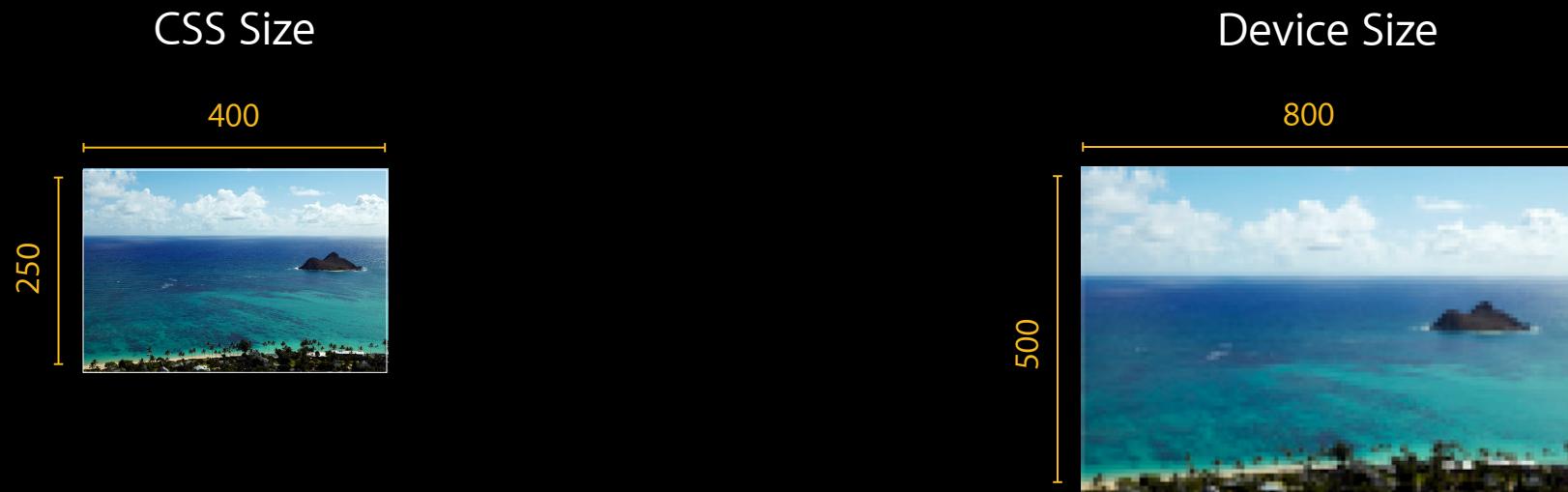


What Is Actually Happening?

With an unzoomed on a high resolution display

```

```



What Is Actually Happening?

With an unzoomed on a high resolution display

```

```



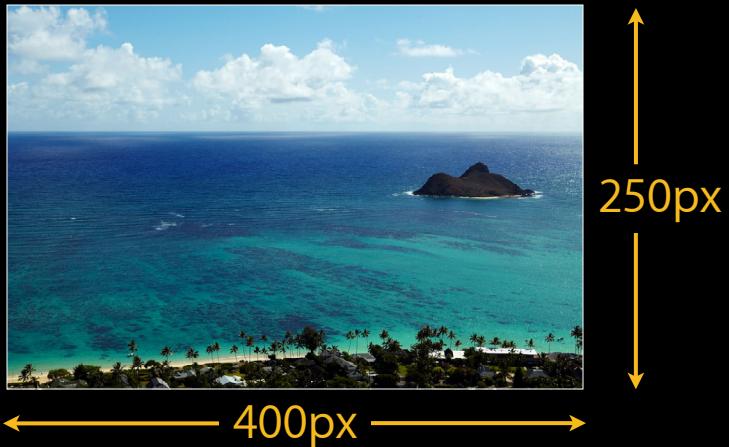
Banishing Blurry Images

Techniques for integrating high resolution artwork

Banishing Blurry Images



Banishing Blurry Images



Banishing Blurry Images



↑
250px

↓

← 400px →

Banishing Blurry Images



↑
500px

← 800px →

Banishing Blurry Images



Banishing Blurry Images



<html>
<style>

JS



Banishing Blurry Images



<html>
<style>

JS



Banishing Blurry Images

Banishing Blurry Images

- CSS sizing

Banishing Blurry Images

- CSS sizing
- Querying for device scale

Banishing Blurry Images

- CSS sizing
- Querying for device scale
- Image set

Banishing Blurry Images

Benefits of each technique

	Performance	Simplicity	Cross-Browser
CSS Sizing	High	Medium	Medium
Querying	Medium	Low	Medium
Image Set	Low	Very Low	Very High

Banishing Blurry Images

- CSS sizing
- Querying for device scale
- Image set

Banishing Blurry Images

- CSS sizing
- Querying for device scale
- Image set

CSS Sizing

With

```

```



CSS Sizing

With

```

```



CSS Sizing

With CSS images

CSS Sizing

With CSS images

- Content images

```
#hawaii {  
    content: url(Hawaii-hi-res.jpg);  
    width: 400px; height: 250px;  
}
```

CSS Sizing

With CSS images

- Content images

`width, height`

- Background images

```
div.hawaiian {  
    background-image: url(Hawaii-hi-res.jpg);  
    background-size: 400px 250px;  
}
```

CSS Sizing

With CSS images

- Content images

`width, height`

- Background images

`background-size`

- Border images

```
.framed {  
    border-image-source: url(Frame-hi-res.jpg);  
    border-image-slice: 20 20 20 20;  
    border-width: 10px 10px 10px 10px;  
}
```

CSS Sizing

With CSS images

- Content images

`width, height`

- Background images

`background-size`

- Border images

```
.framed {  
    border-image-source: url(Frame-hi-res.jpg);  
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    border-width: 10px 10px 10px 10px;  
}
```

CSS Sizing

With CSS images

- Content images

```
width, height
```

- Background images

```
background-size
```

- Border images

```
.framed {  
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CSS Sizing

With CSS images

- Content images

`width, height`

- Background images

`background-size`

- Border images

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    border-width: 10px 10px 10px 10px;  
}
```

Banishing Blurry Images

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Banishing Blurry Images

Benefits of each technique

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Banishing Blurry Images

Benefits of each technique

Performance

Simplicity

Cross-Browser

CSS Sizing



Querying

Image Set

Banishing Blurry Images

Benefits of each technique

	Performance	Simplicity	Cross-Browser
CSS Sizing			
Querying			
Image Set			

Banishing Blurry Images

Benefits of each technique

	Performance	Simplicity	Cross-Browser
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Banishing Blurry Images

Benefits of each technique

	Performance	Simplicity	Cross-Browser
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Banishing Blurry Images

Benefits of each technique

	Performance	Simplicity	Cross-Browser
CSS Sizing			
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Image Set			

Banishing Blurry Images

Benefits of each technique

	Performance	Simplicity	Cross-Browser
CSS Sizing			
Querying			
Image Set			

Banishing Blurry Images

- CSS sizing
- Querying for device scale
- Image set

Banishing Blurry Images

- CSS sizing
- Querying for device scale
- Image set

Media Queries

```
<style>
  @media screen {
    /* fancy CSS for the screen version */
  }

  @media print {
    /* plain CSS for the printed version */
  }
</style>
```

Media Queries

Review

```
<style>
  @media screen and (device-width: 320px) {
    /* For iPhone */
    body {
      width: 320px;
      margin: 0px;
    }
  }

  @media screen and (device-width: 768px) {
    /* For iPad */
    body {
      width: 768px;
      margin: 0px;
    }
  }
</style>
```

Media Queries

For high resolution images

```
<style>
  #main {
    ...
    background-size: 400px 250px;
  }

  @media screen and (-webkit-device-pixel-ratio: 1) {
    /* Image for normal displays. */
    #main {
      background-image: url(Hawaii.jpg);
    }
  }

  @media screen and (-webkit-min-device-pixel-ratio: 2) {
    /* Image for high resolution displays. */
    #main {
      background-image:url(Hawaii-hi-res.jpg);
    }
  }
</style>
```

Media Queries

For high resolution images

```
<style>
  #main {
    ...
    background-size: 400px 250px;
  }

  @media screen and (-webkit-device-pixel-ratio: 1) {
    /* Image for normal displays. */
    #main {
      background-image: url(Hawaii.jpg);
    }
  }

  @media screen and (-webkit-min-device-pixel-ratio: 2) {
    /* Image for high resolution displays. */
    #main {
      background-image:url(Hawaii-hi-res.jpg);
    }
  }
</style>
```

Media Queries

For high resolution images

```
<style>
  #main {
    ...
    background-size: 400px 250px;
  }

  @media screen and (-webkit-device-pixel-ratio: 1) {
    /* Image for normal displays. */
    #main {
      background-image: url(Hawaii.jpg);
    }
  }

  @media screen and (-webkit-min-device-pixel-ratio: 2) {
    /* Image for high resolution displays. */
    #main {
      background-image:url(Hawaii-hi-res.jpg);
    }
  }
</style>
```

Media Queries

For high resolution images

```
<style>
  #main {
    ...
    background-size: 400px 250px;
    background-image: url(Hawaii.jpg);
  }

  @media screen and (-webkit-min-device-pixel-ratio: 2) {
    /* Image for high resolution displays. */
    #main {
      background-image:url(Hawaii-hi-res.jpg);
    }
  }
</style>
```

Media Queries

For high resolution images

```
<style>
  #main {
    ...
    background-size: 400px 250px;
    background-image: url(Hawaii.jpg);
  }

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    #main {
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  }
</style>
```

Media Queries

For high resolution images

```
<style>
  @media screen and (-webkit-min-device-pixel-ratio: 2) {
    /* Image for high resolution displays. */
    #main {
      background-image:url(Hawaii-hi-res.jpg);
    }
  }

  #main {
    ...
    background-size: 400px 250px;
    background-image: url(Hawaii.jpg);
  }
</style>
```

Media Queries

For high resolution images

```
<style>
  @media screen and (-webkit-min-device-pixel-ratio: 2) {
    /* Image for high resolution displays. */
    #main {
      background-image:url(Hawaii-hi-res.jpg);
    }
  }

  #main {
    ...
    background-size: 400px 250px;
    background-image: url(Hawaii.jpg);
  }
</style>
```

Media Queries

For high resolution images

```
<style>
  @media screen and (-webkit-min-device-pixel-ratio: 2) {
    /* Image for high resolution displays */
    #main {
      background-image:url(HighResImage.jpg);
    }
  }

  #main {
    ...
    background-size: 400px 250px;
    background-image: url(HighResImage.jpg);
  }
</style>
```

Media Queries

For high resolution images

```
<style>
  #main {
    ...
    border-width: 10px 10px 10px 10px;
    border-image-source: url(Frame.jpg);
    border-image-slice: 10 10 10 10;
  }

  @media screen and (-webkit-min-device-pixel-ratio: 2) {
    #main {
      border-image-source: url(Frame-hi-res.jpg);
      border-image-slice: 20 20 20 20;
    }
  }
</style>
```

Media Queries

For high resolution images

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<style>
  #main {
    ...
    border-width: 10px 10px 10px 10px;
    border-image-source: url(Frame.jpg);
    border-image-slice: 10 10 10 10;
  }

  @media screen and (-webkit-min-device-pixel-ratio: 2) {
    #main {
      border-image-source: url(Frame-hi-res.jpg);
      border-image-slice: 20 20 20 20;
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Media Queries

For high resolution images

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<style>
  #main {
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    border-width: 10px 10px 10px 10px;
    border-image-source: url(Frame.jpg);
    border-image-slice: 10 10 10 10;
  }

  @media screen and (-webkit-min-device-pixel-ratio: 2) {
    #main {
      border-image-source: url(Frame-hi-res.jpg);
      border-image-slice: 20 20 20 20;
    }
  }
</style>
```

Querying with JavaScript

Evaluating media queries through JavaScript

```
<script>
function addImages() {

    var image = new Image();

    if ('styleMedia' in window
    && window.styleMedia.matchMedia("screen and
                                    (-webkit-min-device-pixel-ratio: 2))"){
        // Load high resolution images
        image.src = "myPhoto-retina.jpg";
    } else {
        image.src = "myPhoto.jpg;"
    }

    document.body.appendChild(image);
}
</script>
```

Querying with JavaScript

window.devicePixelRatio

```
<script>
function addImages() {
    var image = new Image();
    if (window.devicePixelRatio >= 2){
        // Load high resolution images
        image.src = "myPhoto-retina.jpg";
    } else {
        image.src = "myPhoto.jpg";
    }
    document.body.appendChild(image);
}
</script>
```

Querying with JavaScript

Listening for changes

```
<script>

    function reload() {
        // Reload images based on window.devicePixelRatio
    }

window.matchMedia("( -webkit-device-pixel-ratio: 1 )").addListener(reload);

</script>
```

Banishing Blurry Images

Benefits of each technique

	Performance	Simplicity	Cross-Browser
CSS Sizing			
Querying			
Image Set			

Banishing Blurry Images

Benefits of each technique

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Banishing Blurry Images

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Banishing Blurry Images

- CSS sizing
- Querying for device scale
- Image set

Banishing Blurry Images

Image set

```
<style>
  #main {
    ...
    background-size: 400px 250px;
    background-image: url(Hawaii.jpg);
  }

  @media screen and (-webkit-min-device-pixel-ratio: 2) {
    /* Image for high resolution displays. */
    #main {
      background-image:url(Hawaii-hi-res.jpg);
    }
  }
</style>
```

Banishing Blurry Images

Image set

```
div.hawaiian {  
    background-image: -webkit-image-set(url(Hawaii.jpg) 1x,  
                                         url(Hawaii-hi-res.jpg) 2x);  
    background-size: 400px 250px;  
}
```

Banishing Blurry Images

Image set

```
div.hawaiian {  
    background-image: -webkit-image-set(url(Hawaii.jpg) 1x,  
                                         url(Hawaii-hi-res.jpg) 2x);  
    background-size: 400px 250px;  
}
```



Banishing Blurry Images

Media queries with border-image

```
<style>
  #main {
    ...
    border-width: 10px 10px 10px 10px;
    border-image-source: url(Frame.jpg);
    border-image-slice: 10 10 10 10;
  }

  @media screen and (-webkit-min-device-pixel-ratio: 2) {
    #main {
      border-image-source: url(Frame-hi-res.jpg);
      border-image-slice: 20 20 20 20;
    }
  }
</style>
```

Banishing Blurry Images

Image set for border-image



```
#main {  
    border-image-source: -webkit-image-set(url(Frame.jpg) 1x,  
                                         url(Frame-hi-res.jpg) 2x);  
    border-width: 10px 10px 10px 10px;  
    border-image-slice: 10 10 10 10;  
}
```

Banishing Blurry Images

Image set for border-image



```
#main {  
    border-image-source: -webkit-image-set(url(Frame.jpg) 1x,  
                                         url(Frame-hi-res.jpg) 2x);  
    border-width: 10px 10px 10px 10px;  
    border-image-slice: 10 10 10 10;  
}
```

Banishing Blurry Images

Benefits of each technique

	Performance	Simplicity	Cross-Browser
CSS Sizing			
Querying			
Image Set			

Banishing Blurry Images

Benefits of each technique

	Performance	Simplicity	Cross-Browser
CSS Sizing			
Querying			
Image Set			

Banishing Blurry Images

Benefits of each technique

	Performance	Simplicity	Cross-Browser
CSS Sizing			
Querying			
Image Set			

Banishing Blurry Images

Benefits of each technique

	Performance	Simplicity	Cross-Browser
CSS Sizing			
Querying			
Image Set			

Banishing Blurry Images

Benefits of each technique

	Performance	Simplicity	Cross-Browser
CSS Sizing			
Querying			
Image Set			

Banishing Blurry Images

Benefits of each technique

	Performance	Simplicity	Cross-Browser
CSS Sizing			
Querying			
Image Set			

Banishing Blurry Images

Benefits of each technique

	Performance	Simplicity	Cross-Browser
CSS Sizing			
Querying			
Image Set			

Banishing Blurry Images

Benefits of each technique

	Performance	Simplicity	Cross-Browser
CSS Sizing			
Querying			
Image Set			

Banishing Blurry Images

Benefits of each technique

	Performance	Simplicity	Cross-Browser
CSS Sizing			
Querying			
Image Set			

Banishing Blurry Images

When to use what

	Number of Images	Type of Web Content
CSS Sizing		
Querying		
Image Set		

Banishing Blurry Images

When to use what

	Number of Images	Type of Web Content
CSS Sizing	Small number of local images	Apps, books
Querying		
Image Set		

Banishing Blurry Images

When to use what

	Number of Images	Type of Web Content
CSS Sizing	Small number of local images	Apps, books
Querying	Many images	Websites, apps, and books
Image Set		

Banishing Blurry Images

When to use what

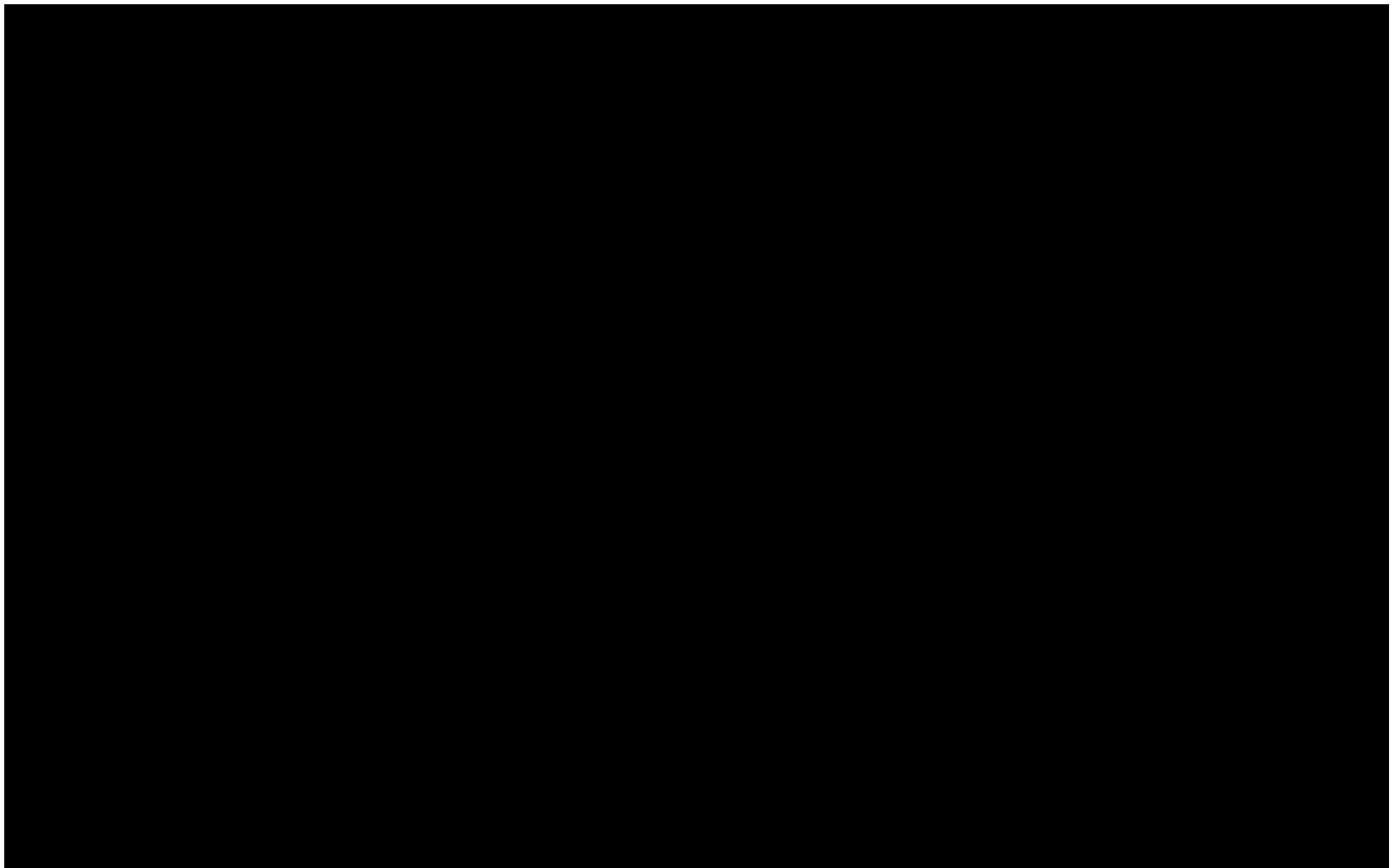
	Number of Images	Type of Web Content
CSS Sizing	Small number of local images	Apps, books
Querying	Many images	Websites, apps, and books
Image Set	Many images	Anything targeting WebKit

Banishing Blurry Images

- CSS sizing
- Querying for device scale
- Image set

High Resolution Canvas

Dean Jackson
Safari & WebKit Engineer













Scary Smile Monster

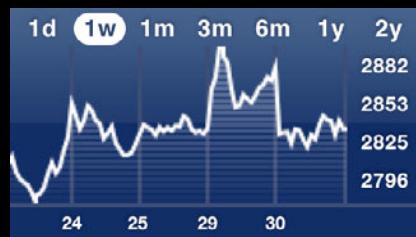


Happiness Factor per Head

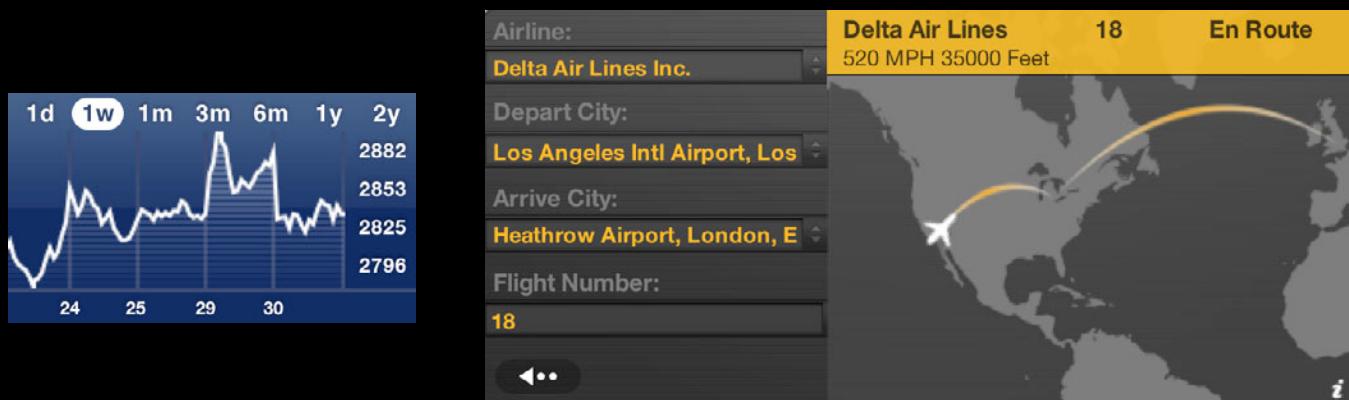


HTML Canvas

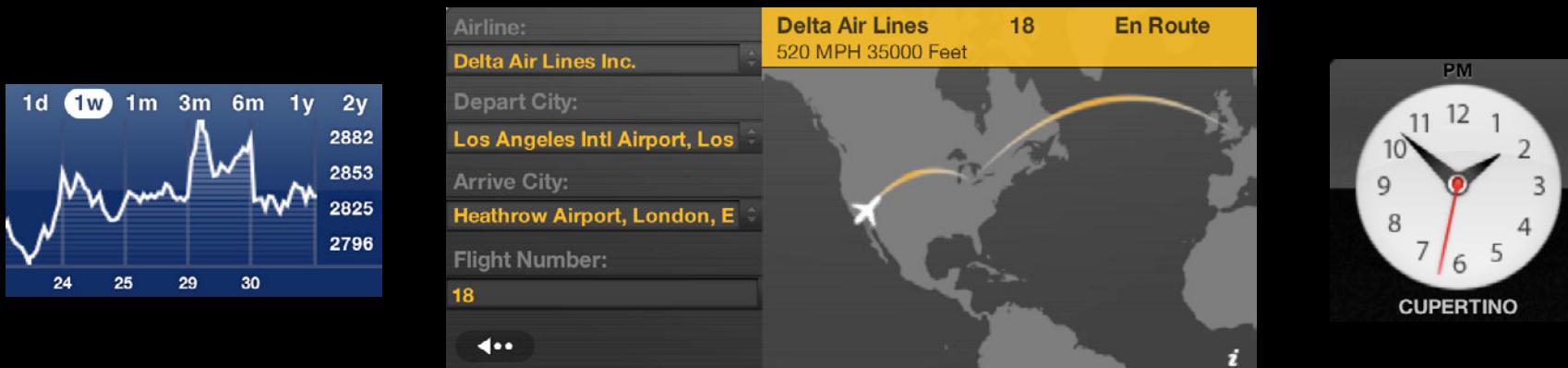
HTML Canvas



HTML Canvas



HTML Canvas



Canvas in High Resolution

What are we going to cover?

Canvas in High Resolution

What are we going to cover?

1

How does a canvas behave on a retina display?

Canvas in High Resolution

What are we going to cover?

- 1 How does a canvas behave on a retina display?
- 2 Creating the best looking canvas in any resolution

Canvas in High Resolution

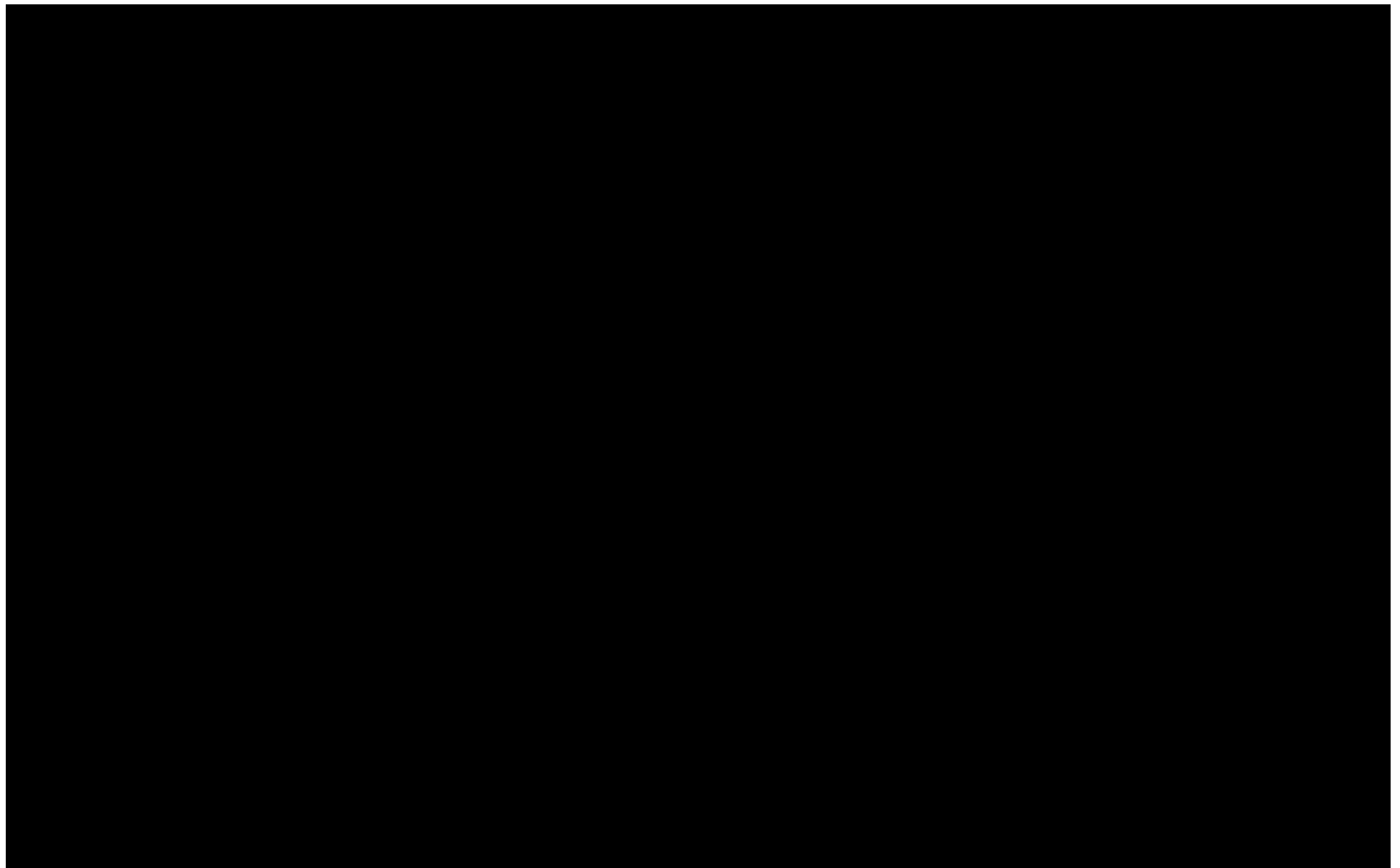
What are we going to cover?

- 1 How does a canvas behave on a retina display?
- 2 Creating the best looking canvas in any resolution
- 3 Any code changes for advanced use

Canvas in High Resolution

What are we going to cover?

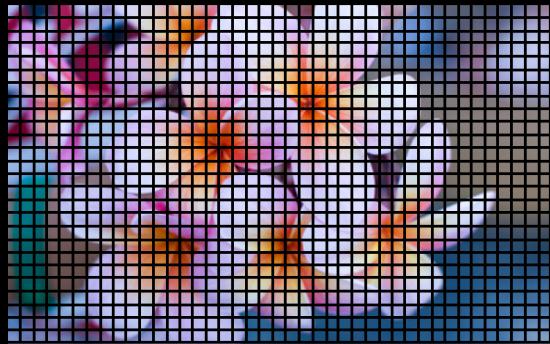
- 1 How does a canvas behave on a retina display?
- 2 Creating the best looking canvas in any resolution
- 3 Any code changes for advanced use

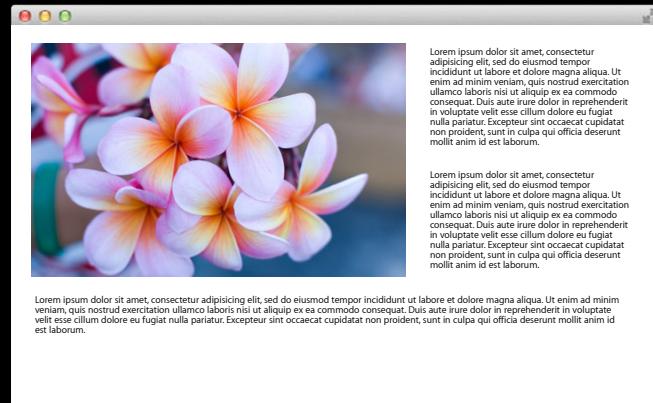
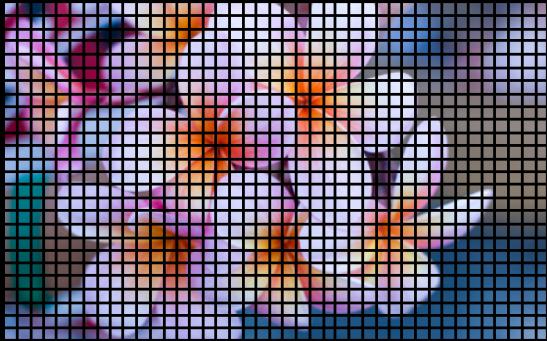


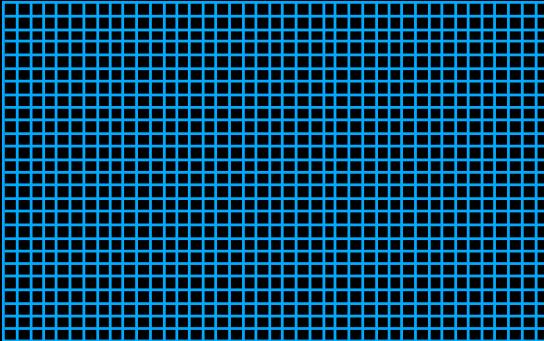
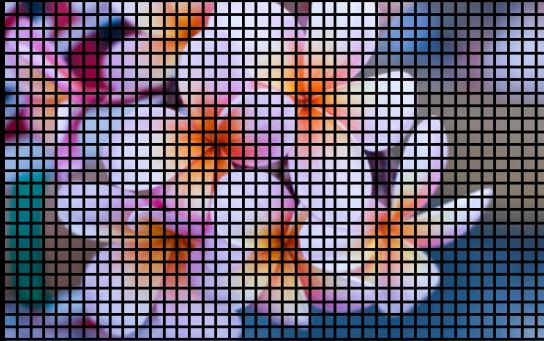
JPEG

PNG

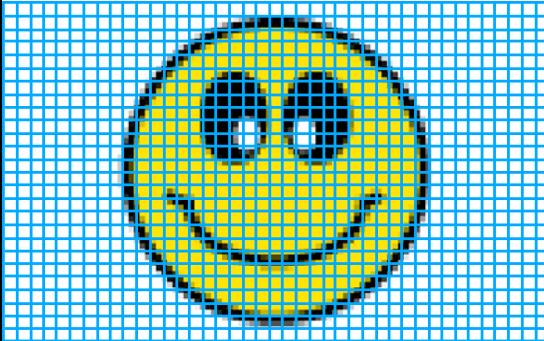
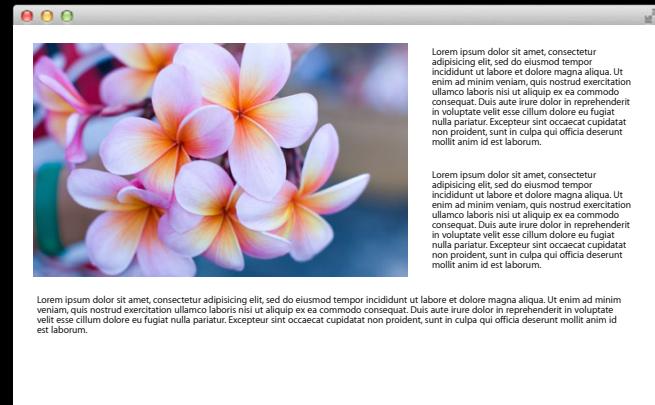
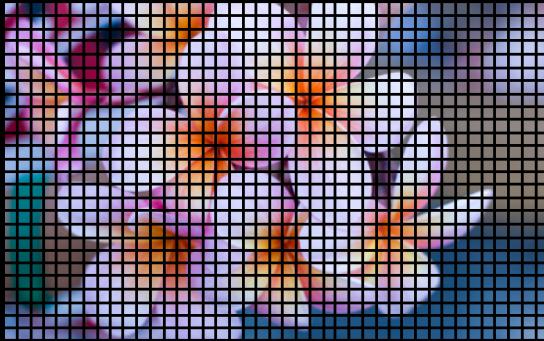






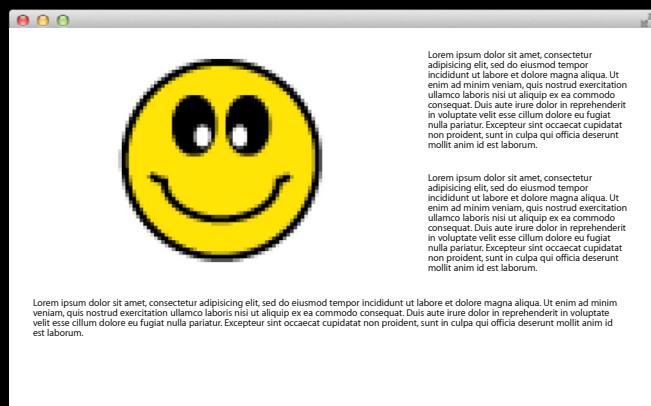
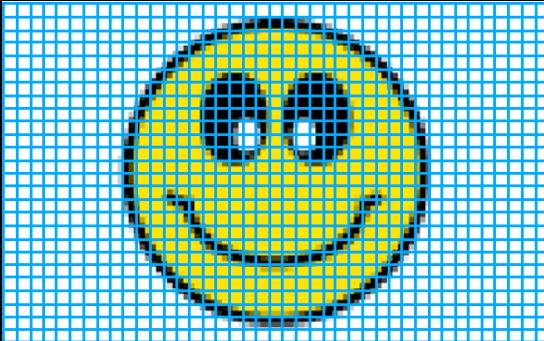
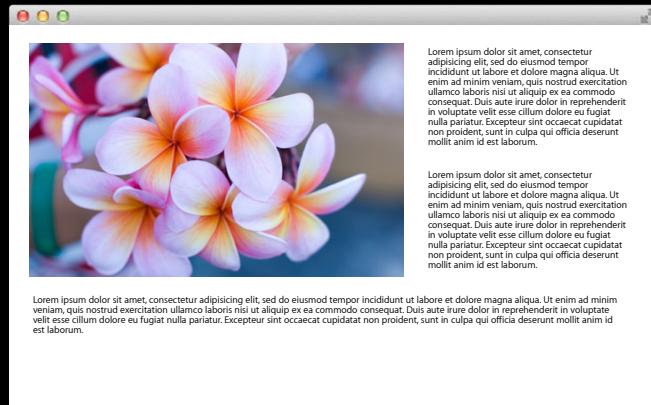
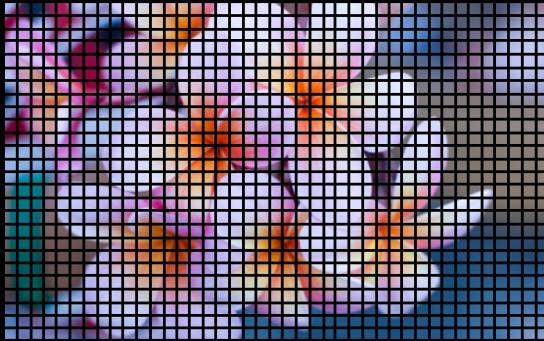


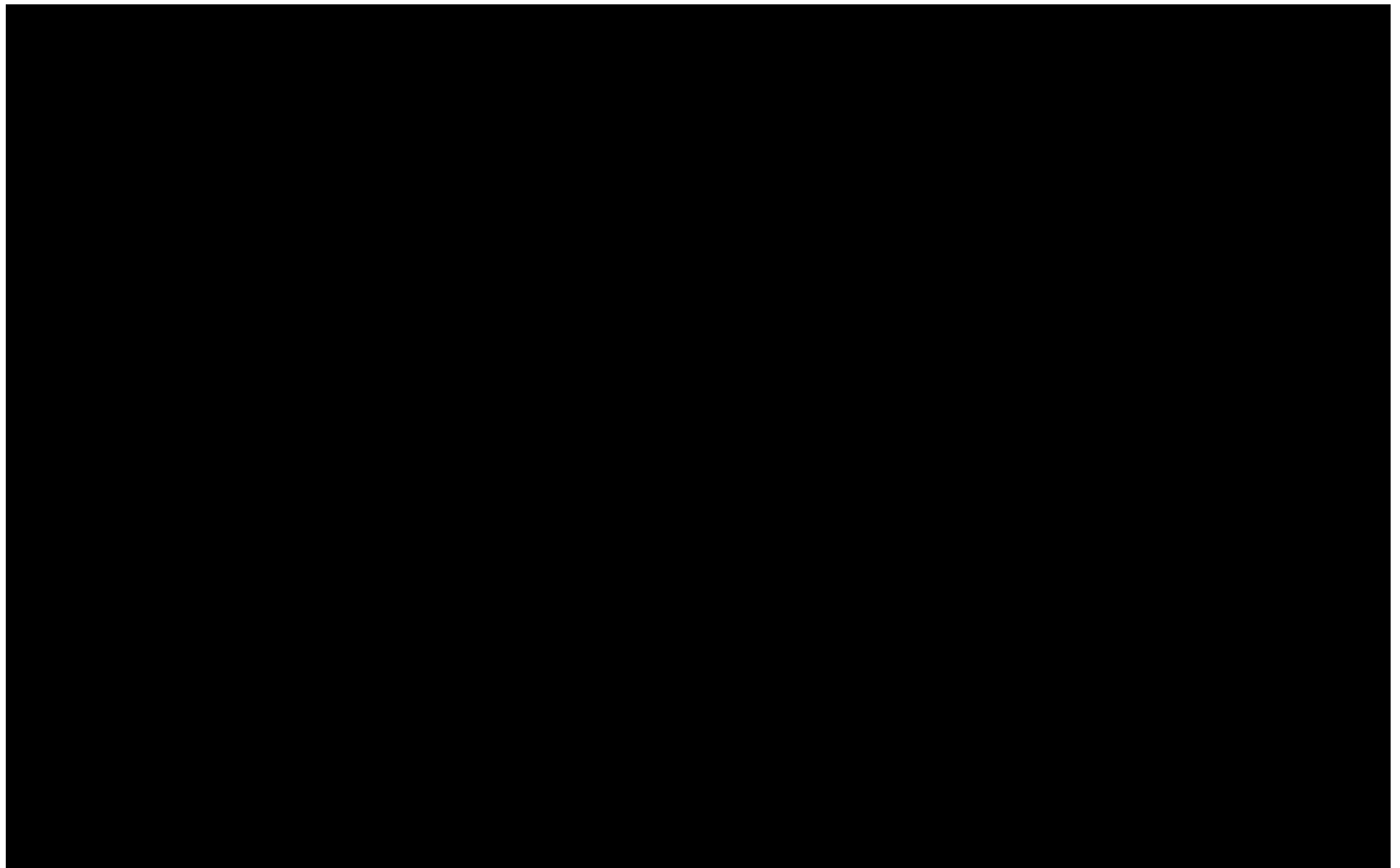
```
canvas.width = 400;  
canvas.height = 250;
```



```
ctx = canvas.getContext("2d");
ctx.fillStyle = "yellow";
ctx.beginPath();
...

```





Same Number

Image Pixels → Display Pixels

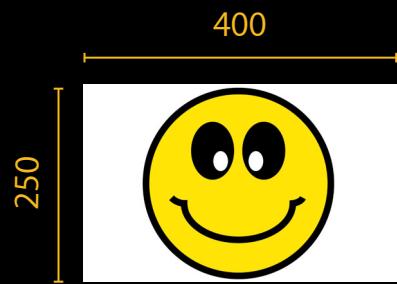
Normal Resolution Display

Normal Resolution Display

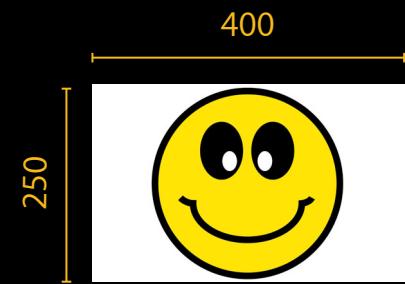


Normal Resolution Display

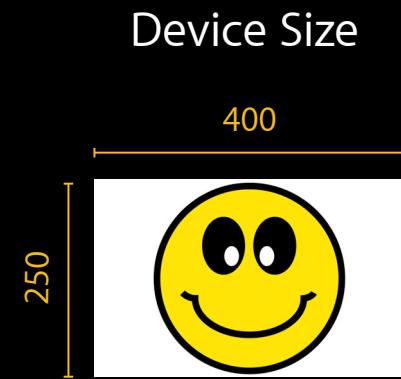
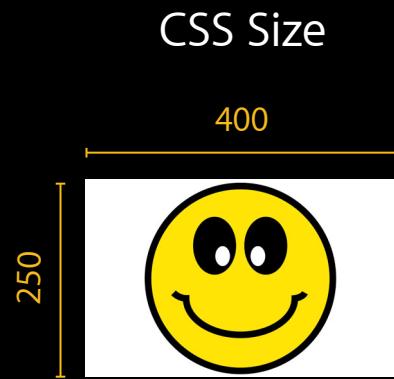
CSS Size



Device Size



Normal Resolution Display



Normal Resolution Display

```
var CANVAS_CSS_WIDTH = 400;  
var CANVAS_CSS_HEIGHT = 250;  
  
function init() {  
    var canvas = document.getElementById("myCanvas");  
    canvas.width = CANVAS_CSS_WIDTH;  
    canvas.height = CANVAS_CSS_HEIGHT;  
}  
;
```

Normal Resolution Display

```
var CANVAS_CSS_WIDTH = 400;  
var CANVAS_CSS_HEIGHT = 250;
```

```
function init() {  
    var canvas = document.getElementById("myCanvas");  
    canvas.width = CANVAS_CSS_WIDTH;  
    canvas.height = CANVAS_CSS_HEIGHT;  
}
```

Normal Resolution Display

```
var CANVAS_CSS_WIDTH = 400;  
var CANVAS_CSS_HEIGHT = 250;
```

NOTE: CSS Pixels

```
function init() {  
    var canvas = document.getElementById("myCanvas");  
    canvas.width = CANVAS_CSS_WIDTH;  
    canvas.height = CANVAS_CSS_HEIGHT;  
}
```

Normal Resolution Display

```
var CANVAS_CSS_WIDTH = 400;  
var CANVAS_CSS_HEIGHT = 250;  
  
function init() {  
    var canvas = document.getElementById("myCanvas");  
    canvas.width = CANVAS_CSS_WIDTH;  
    canvas.height = CANVAS_CSS_HEIGHT;  
}
```

Normal Resolution Display

```
var CANVAS_CSS_WIDTH = 400;  
var CANVAS_CSS_HEIGHT = 250;  
  
function init() {  
    var canvas = document.getElementById("myCanvas");  
    canvas.width = CANVAS_CSS_WIDTH;  
    canvas.height = CANVAS_CSS_HEIGHT;  
}  
}
```

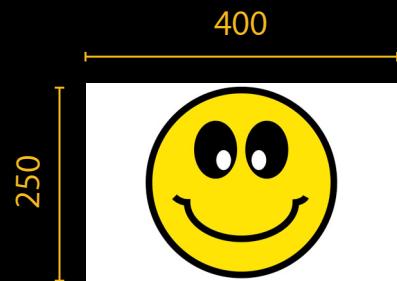
Normal Resolution Display (Drawing)

```
function draw() {  
    // ...  
    context.fillRect(10, 10, 30, 30);  
    // ...  
}
```

Canvas on a Retina Display

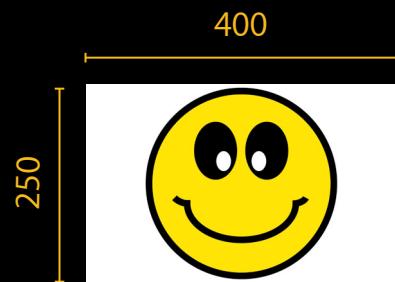
Canvas on a Retina Display

CSS Size

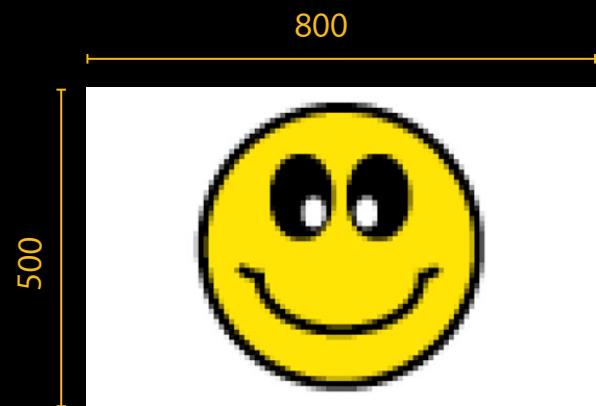


Canvas on a Retina Display

CSS Size



Device Size

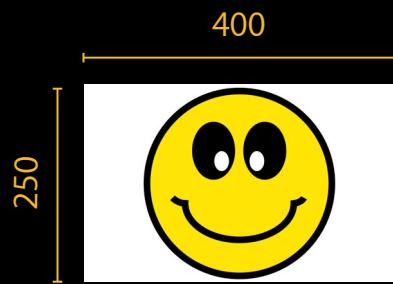


Canvas on a Retina Display

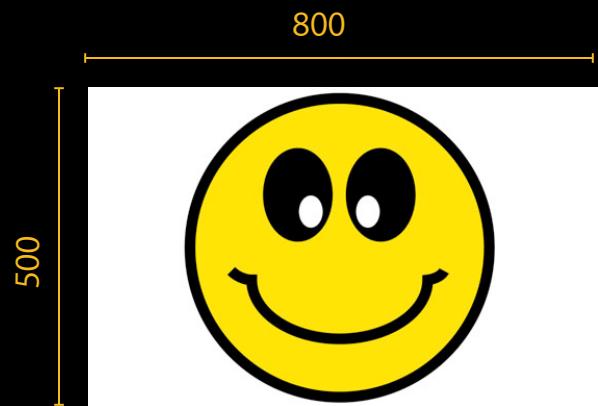


Canvas on a Retina Display

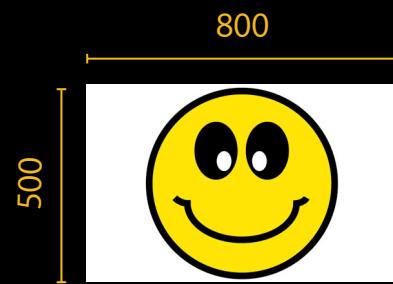
CSS Size



Backing Store Size



Device Size



Retina on OS X

Retina on OS X



Retina on OS X



- For our 400x250 CSS px canvas, we want 800x500 px backing store

Retina on OS X



- For our 400x250 CSS px canvas, we want 800x500 px backing store
- Great news! You don't have to do anything.

Retina on OS X



- For our 400×250 CSS px canvas, we want 800×500 px backing store
- Great news! You don't have to do anything.

```
var CANVAS_CSS_WIDTH = 400;  
var CANVAS_CSS_HEIGHT = 250;  
  
function init() {  
    var canvas = document.getElementById("myCanvas");  
    canvas.width = CANVAS_CSS_WIDTH;  
    canvas.height = CANVAS_CSS_HEIGHT;  
}
```

Retina on OS X



- For our 400×250 CSS px canvas, we want 800×500 px backing store
- Great news! You don't have to do anything.

```
var CANVAS_CSS_WIDTH = 400;  
var CANVAS_CSS_HEIGHT = 250;
```

```
function init() {  
    var canvas = document.getElementById("myCanvas");  
    canvas.width = CANVAS_CSS_WIDTH;  
    canvas.height = CANVAS_CSS_HEIGHT;  
}
```

Retina on OS X



- For our 400×250 CSS px canvas, we want 800×500 px backing store
- Great news! You don't have to do anything.

```
var CANVAS_CSS_WIDTH = 400;  
var CANVAS_CSS_HEIGHT = 250;  
  
function init() {  
    var canvas = document.getElementById("myCanvas");  
    canvas.width = CANVAS_CSS_WIDTH;  
    canvas.height = CANVAS_CSS_HEIGHT;  
}  
}
```

Retina on OS X



- For our 400×250 CSS px canvas, we want 800×500 px backing store
- Great news! You don't have to do anything.

```
var CANVAS_CSS_WIDTH = 400;  
var CANVAS_CSS_HEIGHT = 250;  
  
function init() {  
    var canvas = document.getElementById("myCanvas");  
    canvas.width = CANVAS_CSS_WIDTH;  
    canvas.height = CANVAS_CSS_HEIGHT;  
}  
Allocates 800x500
```

Retina on OS X (Drawing)

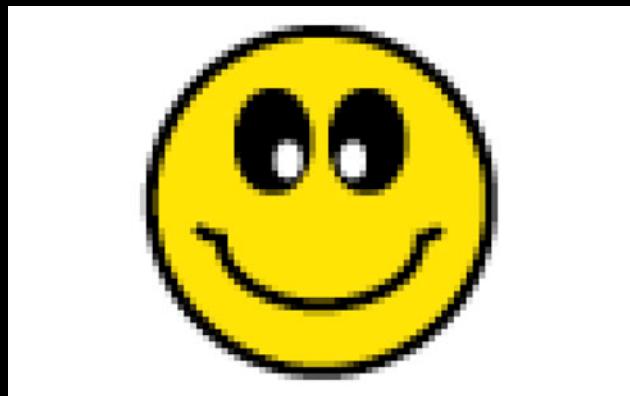


- Drawing operations are already initialized for bigger backing store

```
function draw() {  
    // ...  
    context.fillRect(10, 10, 30, 30); // will cover 60x60 in backing store  
    // ...  
}
```

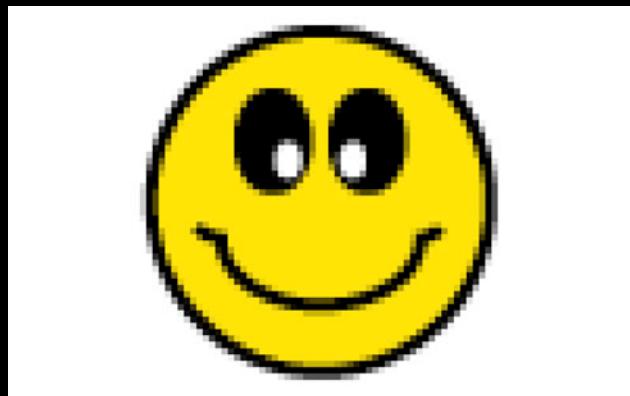
Canvas on OS X

Canvas on OS X



Normal Resolution

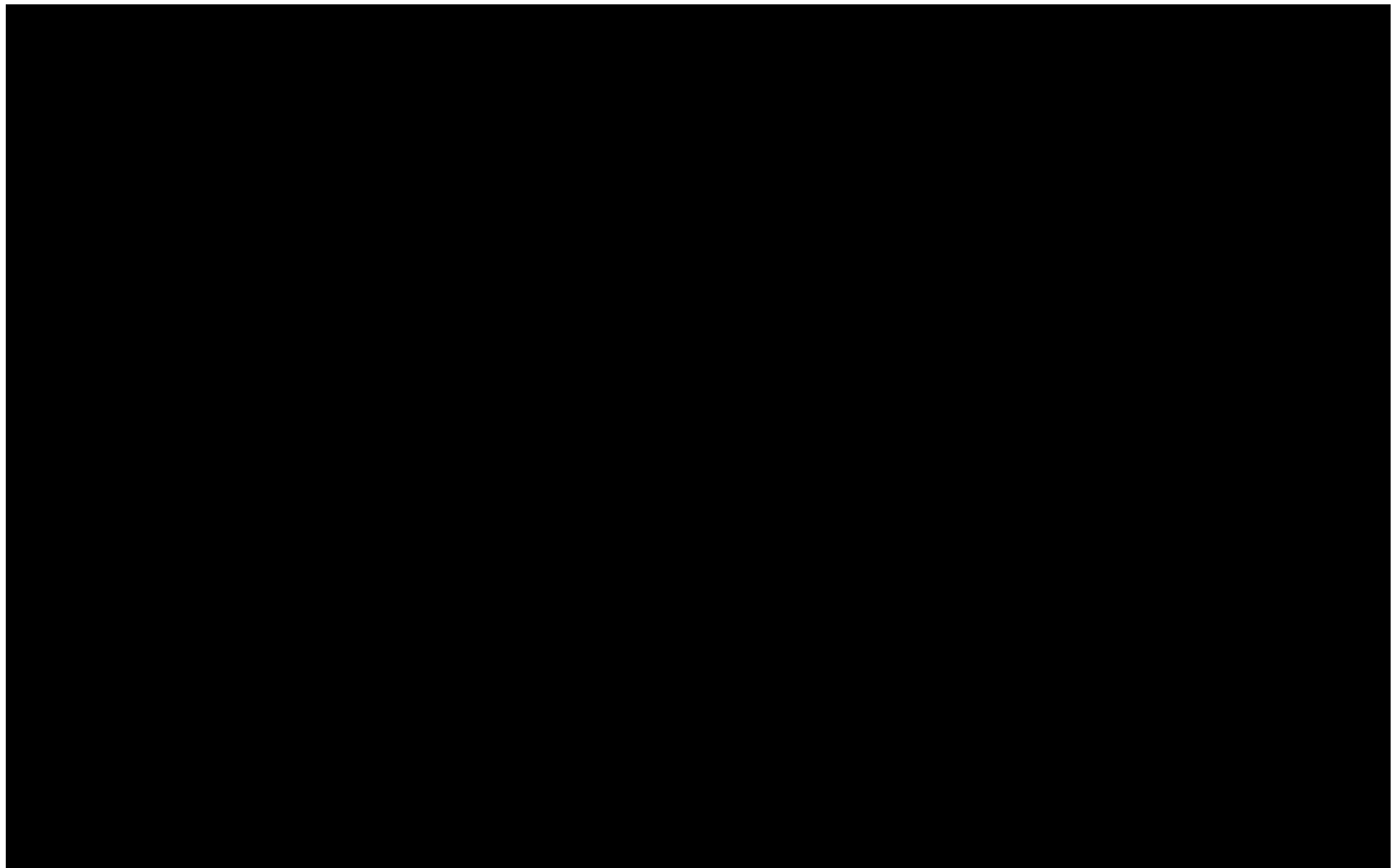
Canvas on OS X



Normal Resolution



Retina







Canvas on a Retina Display

Canvas on a Retina Display



Retina on iOS



Retina on iOS



- For our 400×250 CSS pixel canvas, we want 800×500 pixel backing store

Retina on iOS



- For our 400×250 CSS pixel canvas, we want 800×500 pixel backing store
- The system **will not** allocate it for you

Retina on iOS



- For our 400×250 CSS pixel canvas, we want 800×500 pixel backing store
- The system **will not** allocate it for you
- We need to allocate a bigger backing store

Detecting Retina Displays

window.devicePixelRatio

Detecting Retina Displays

window.devicePixelRatio

devicePixelRatio is
undefined or 1

Normal or Non-Retina

Detecting Retina Displays

window.devicePixelRatio

devicePixelRatio is
undefined or 1

Normal or Non-Retina

devicePixelRatio is 2

Retina

Detecting Retina Displays

window.devicePixelRatio

devicePixelRatio is
undefined or 1

Normal or Non-Retina

devicePixelRatio is 2

Retina

```
function backingScale() {  
    if ('devicePixelRatio' in window) {  
        return window.devicePixelRatio;  
    }  
    return 1;  
}
```

Retina on iOS



```
var CANVAS_CSS_WIDTH = 400;  
var CANVAS_CSS_HEIGHT = 250;  
var BACKING_SCALE = backingScale();  
  
function init() {  
    var canvas = document.getElementById("myCanvas");  
    canvas.width = BACKING_SCALE * CANVAS_CSS_WIDTH;  
    canvas.height = BACKING_SCALE * CANVAS_CSS_HEIGHT;  
}
```

Retina on iOS



```
var CANVAS_CSS_WIDTH = 400;  
var CANVAS_CSS_HEIGHT = 250;  
  
var BACKING_SCALE = backingScale();  
  
function init() {  
    var canvas = document.getElementById("myCanvas");  
    canvas.width = BACKING_SCALE * CANVAS_CSS_WIDTH;  
    canvas.height = BACKING_SCALE * CANVAS_CSS_HEIGHT;  
}
```

Retina on iOS



```
var CANVAS_CSS_WIDTH = 400;  
var CANVAS_CSS_HEIGHT = 250;  
var BACKING_SCALE = backingScale();  
  
function init() {  
    var canvas = document.getElementById("myCanvas");  
    canvas.width = BACKING_SCALE * CANVAS_CSS_WIDTH;  
    canvas.height = BACKING_SCALE * CANVAS_CSS_HEIGHT;  
}
```

Retina on iOS



```
var CANVAS_CSS_WIDTH = 400;  
var CANVAS_CSS_HEIGHT = 250;  
var BACKING_SCALE = backingScale();  
  
function init() {  
    var canvas = document.getElementById("myCanvas");  
    canvas.width = BACKING_SCALE * CANVAS_CSS_WIDTH;  
    canvas.height = BACKING_SCALE * CANVAS_CSS_HEIGHT;  
}
```

Retina on iOS



```
var CANVAS_CSS_WIDTH = 400;  
var CANVAS_CSS_HEIGHT = 250;  
var BACKING_SCALE = backingScale();  
  
function init() {  
    var canvas = document.getElementById("myCanvas");  
    canvas.width = BACKING_SCALE * CANVAS_CSS_WIDTH;  
    canvas.height = BACKING_SCALE * CANVAS_CSS_HEIGHT; }  
    |—————|  
    |—————| 2x400  
    |—————| 2x250
```

Oops!

```
var CANVAS_CSS_WIDTH = 400;  
var CANVAS_CSS_HEIGHT = 250;  
var BACKING_SCALE = backingScale();  
  
function init() {  
    var canvas = document.getElementById("myCanvas");  
    canvas.width = BACKING_SCALE * CANVAS_CSS_WIDTH;  
    canvas.height = BACKING_SCALE * CANVAS_CSS_HEIGHT;  
}
```

Oops!

```
var CANVAS_CSS_WIDTH = 400;  
var CANVAS_CSS_HEIGHT = 250;  
var BACKING_SCALE = backingScale();  
  
function init() {  
    var canvas = document.getElementById("myCanvas");  
    canvas.width = BACKING_SCALE * CANVAS_CSS_WIDTH;  
    canvas.height = BACKING_SCALE * CANVAS_CSS_HEIGHT;  
}
```

Oops!

```
var CANVAS_CSS_WIDTH = 400;  
var CANVAS_CSS_HEIGHT = 250;  
var BACKING_SCALE = backingScale();  
  
function init() {  
    var canvas = document.getElementById("myCanvas");  
    canvas.width = BACKING_SCALE * CANVAS_CSS_WIDTH;  
    canvas.height = BACKING_SCALE * CANVAS_CSS_HEIGHT;  
}
```

Manually doubling the backing store will
allocate 4× too much on OS X

Detecting Backing Store Auto-doubling

`webkitBackingStorePixelRatio`

Detecting Backing Store Auto-doubling

`webkitBackingStorePixelRatio`

`webkitBackingStorePixelRatio`
is undefined or 1

Does not Auto-double

Non-Retina
and iOS

Detecting Backing Store Auto-doubling

`webkitBackingStorePixelRatio`

`webkitBackingStorePixelRatio`
is undefined or 1

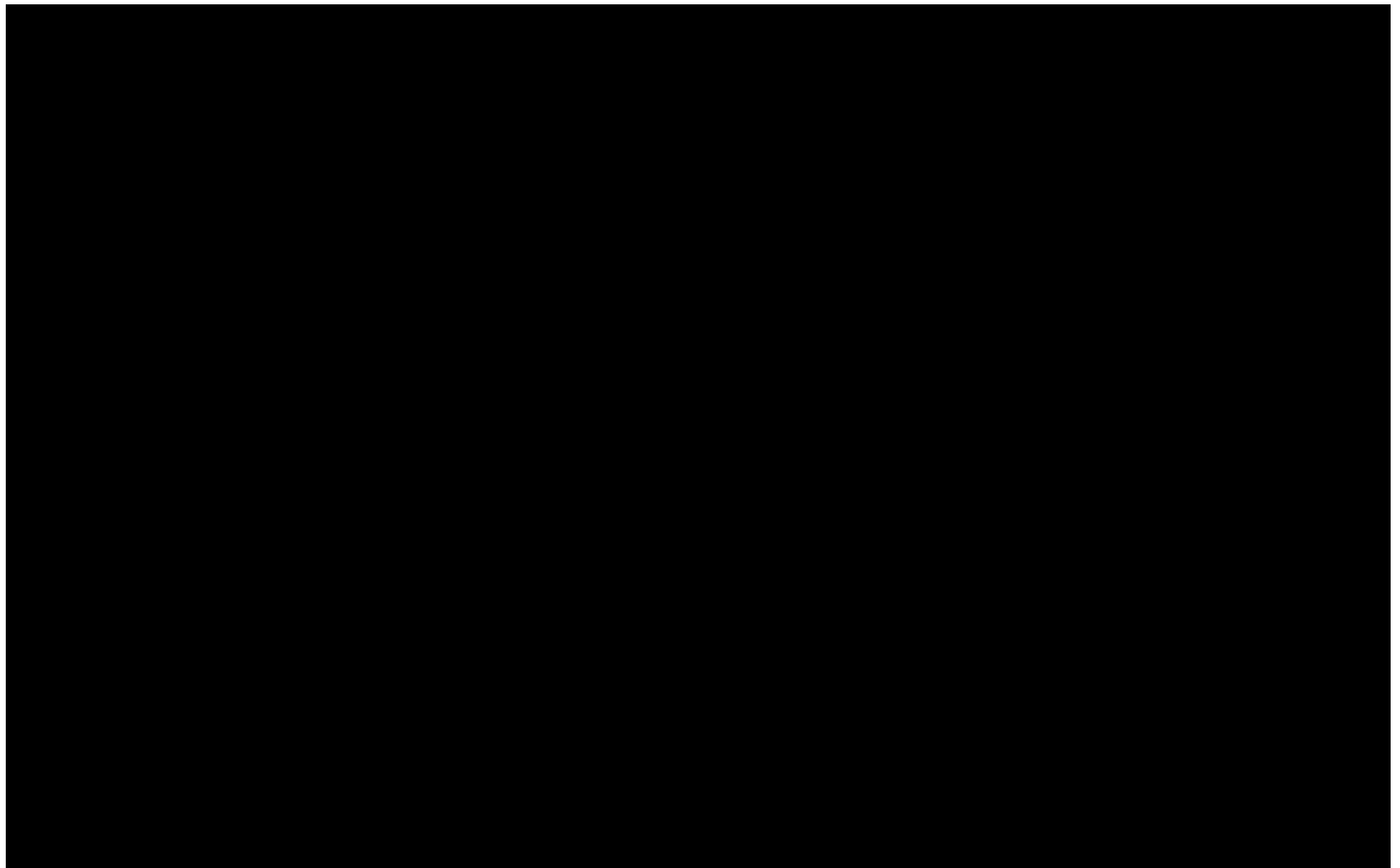
Does not Auto-double

Non-Retina
and iOS

`webkitBackingStorePixelRatio`
is 2

Auto-doubles

OS X Retina





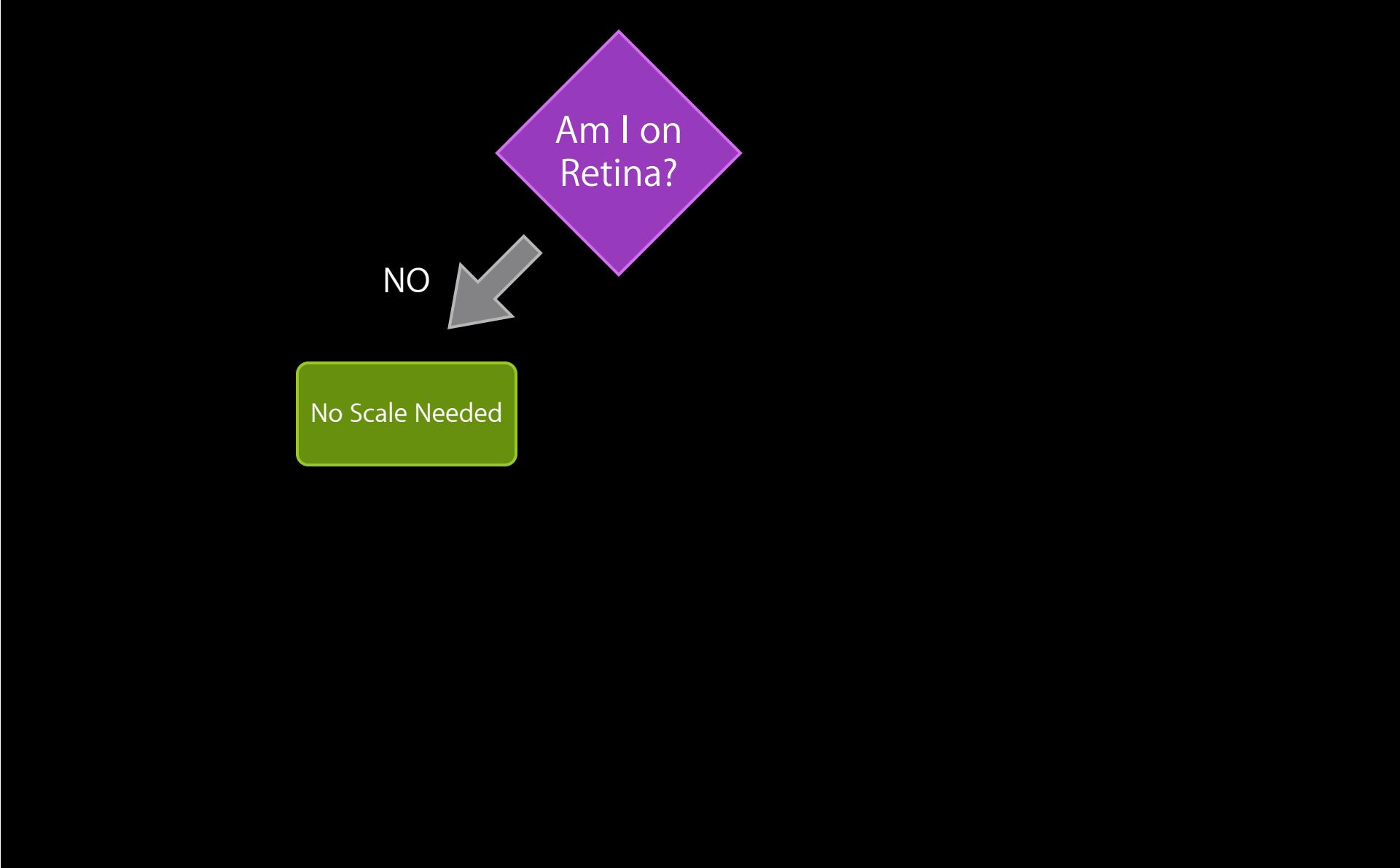
Am I on
Retina?



Am I on
Retina?

NO





```
graph TD; A{Am I on Retina?} -- NO --> B[No Scale Needed]
```

Am I on
Retina?

NO

No Scale Needed

Am I on
Retina?

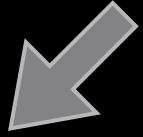
NO

YES

No Scale Needed

Am I on
Retina?

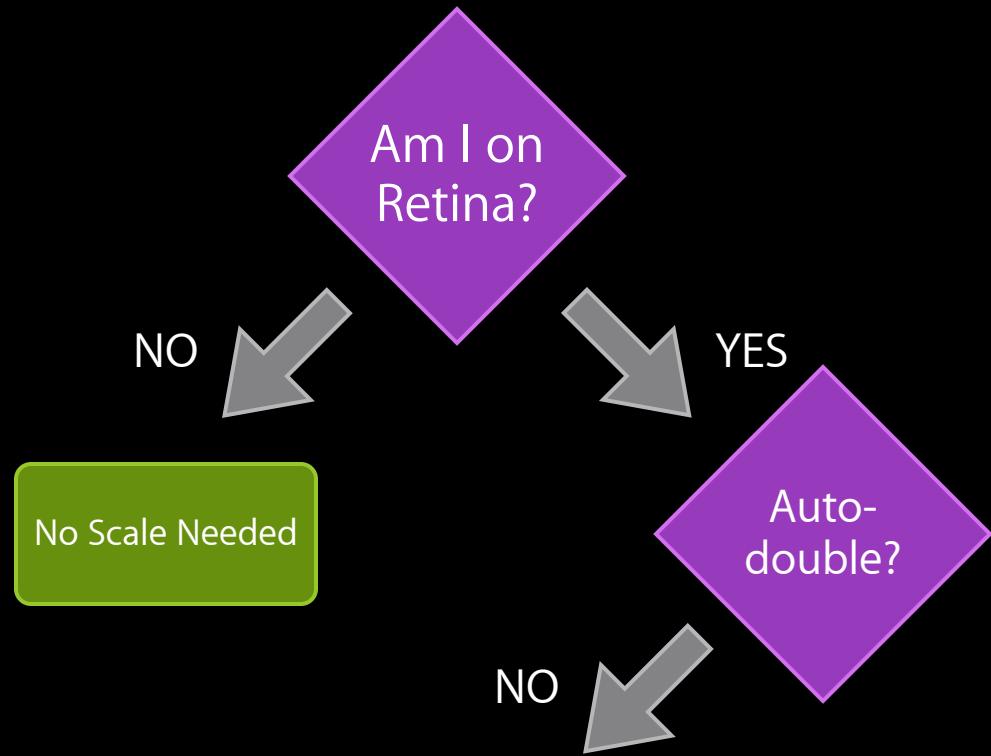
NO

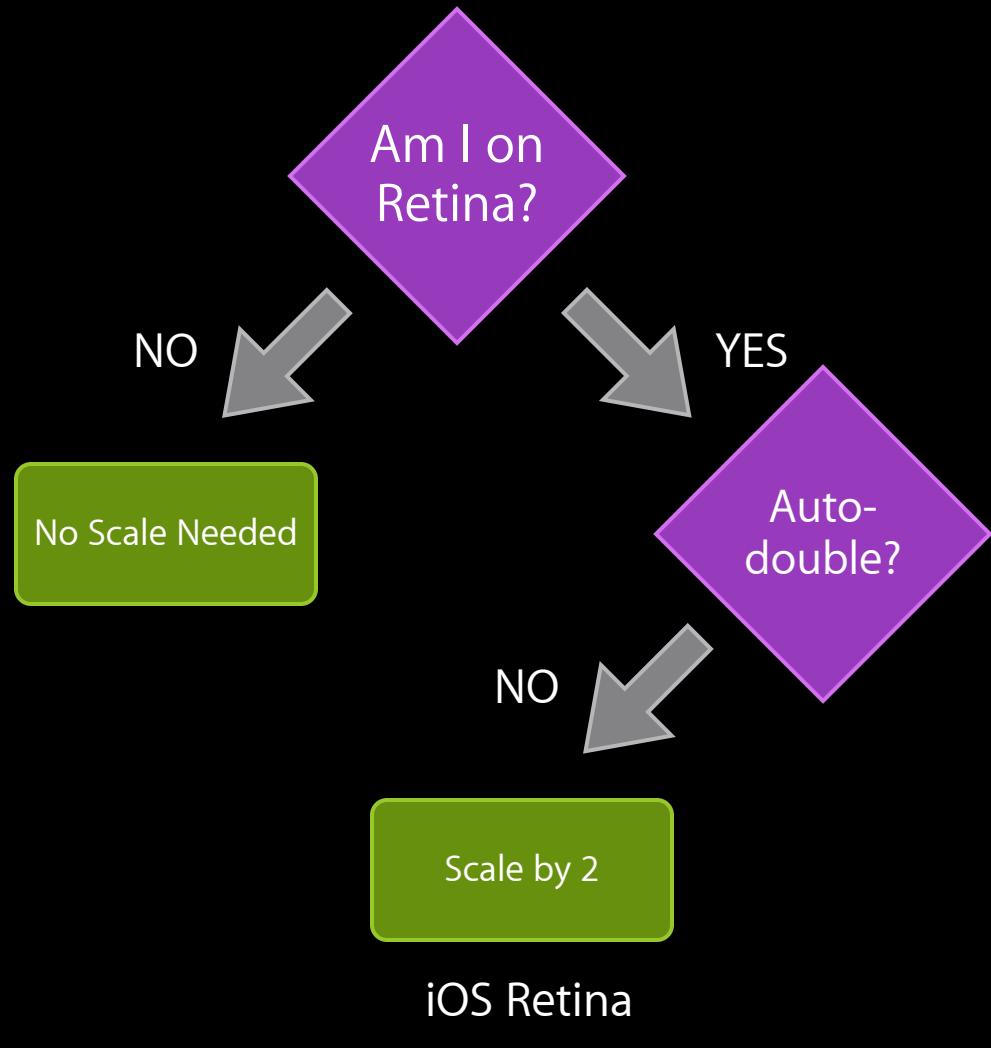


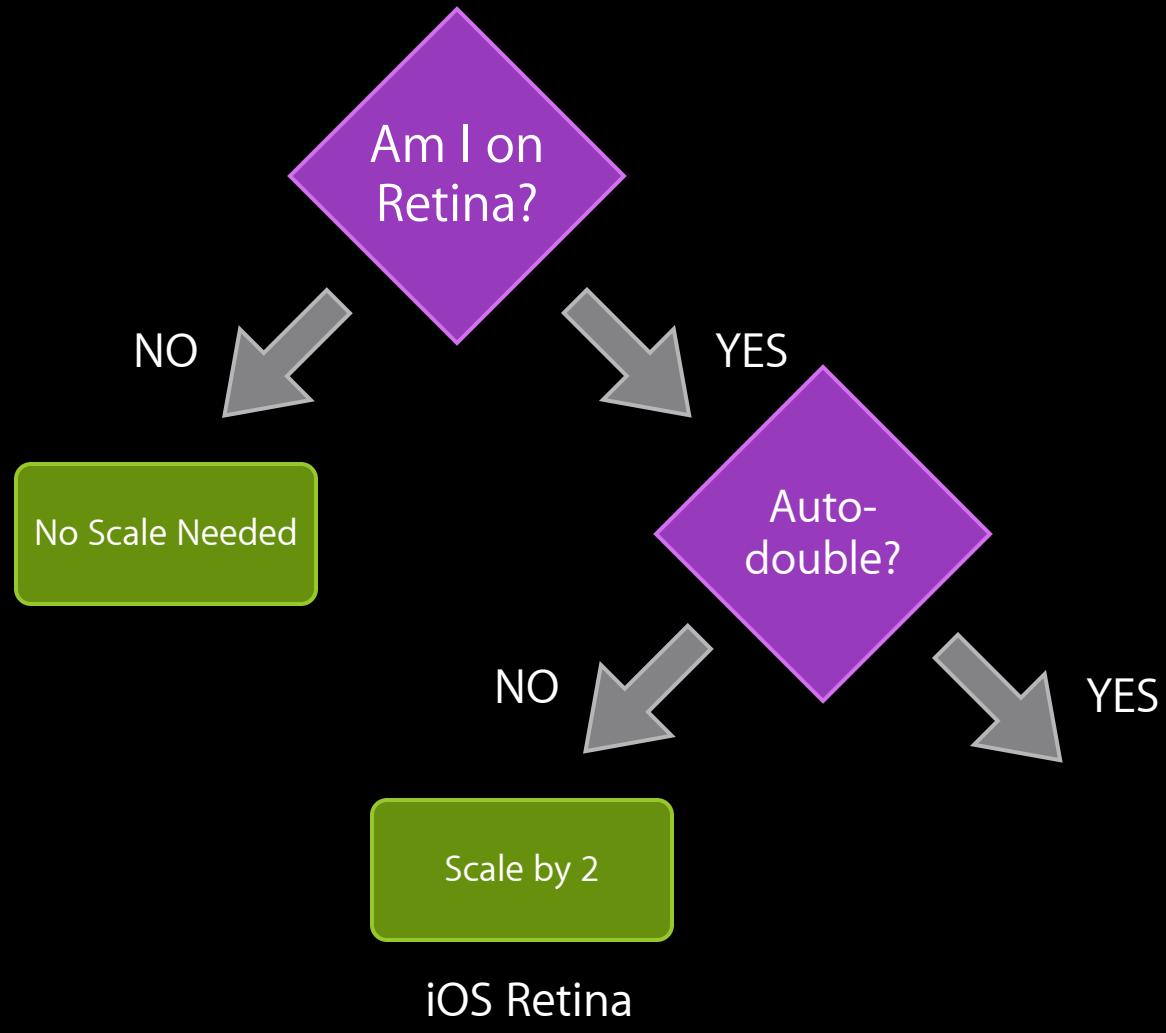
No Scale Needed

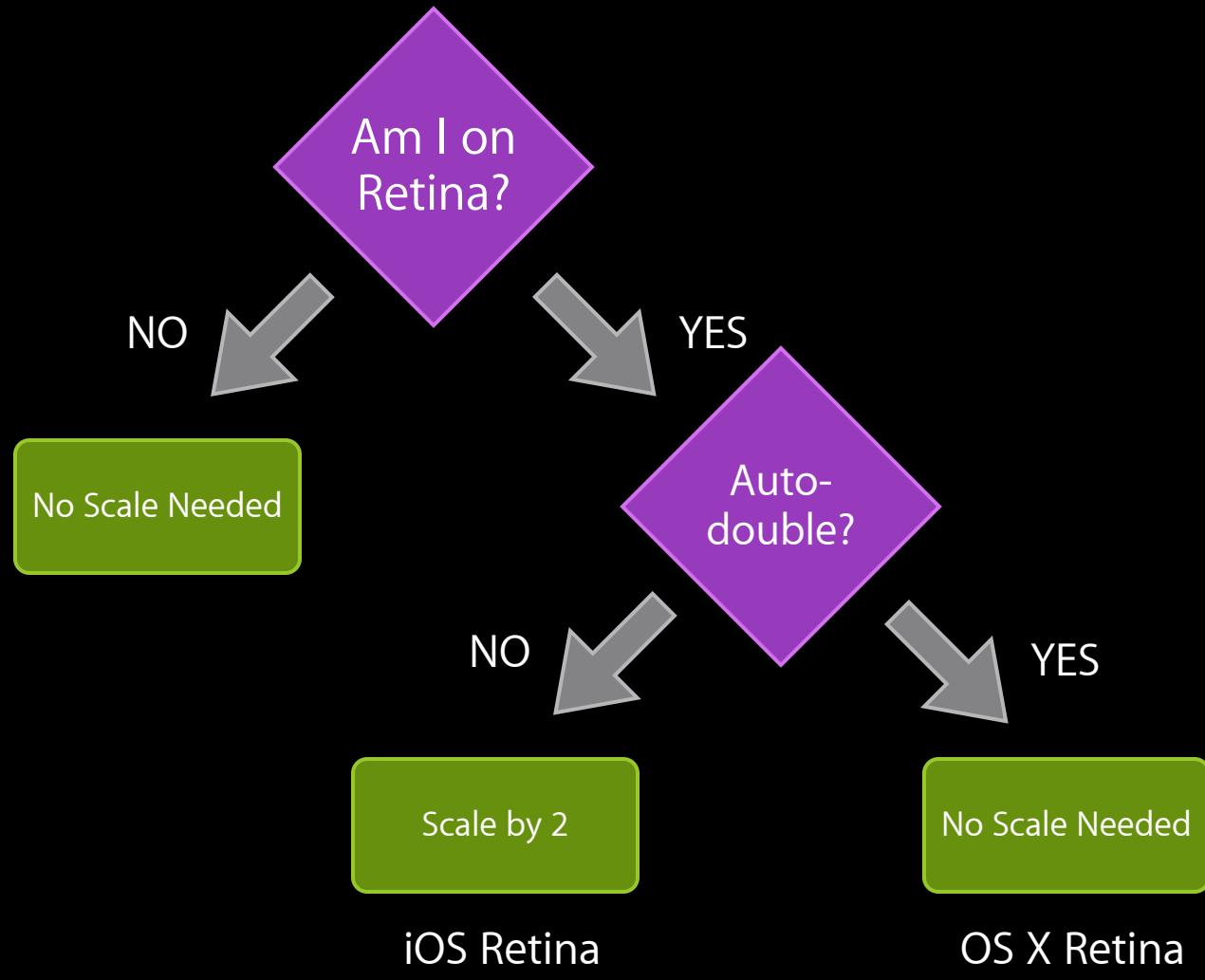
YES

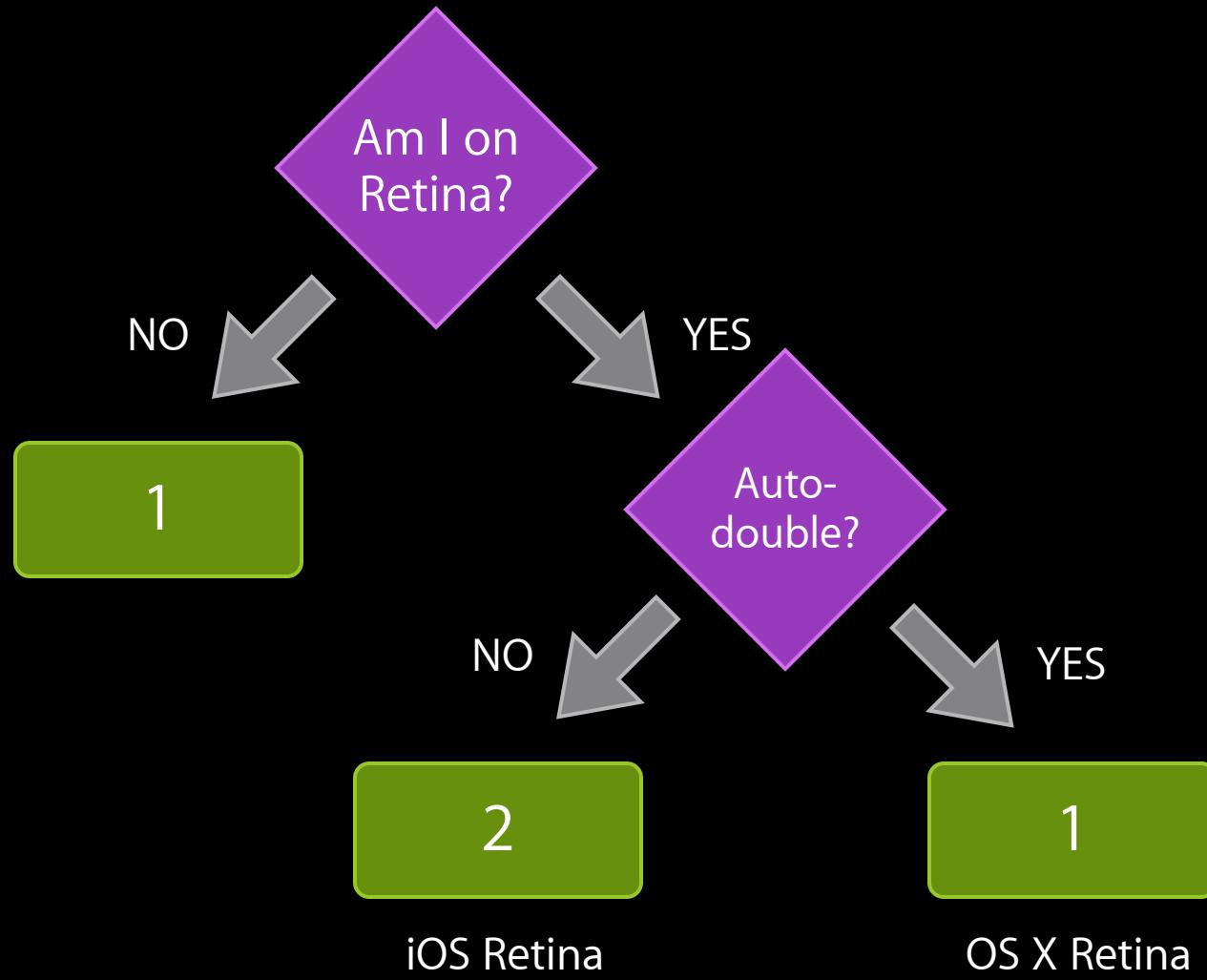
Auto-
double?

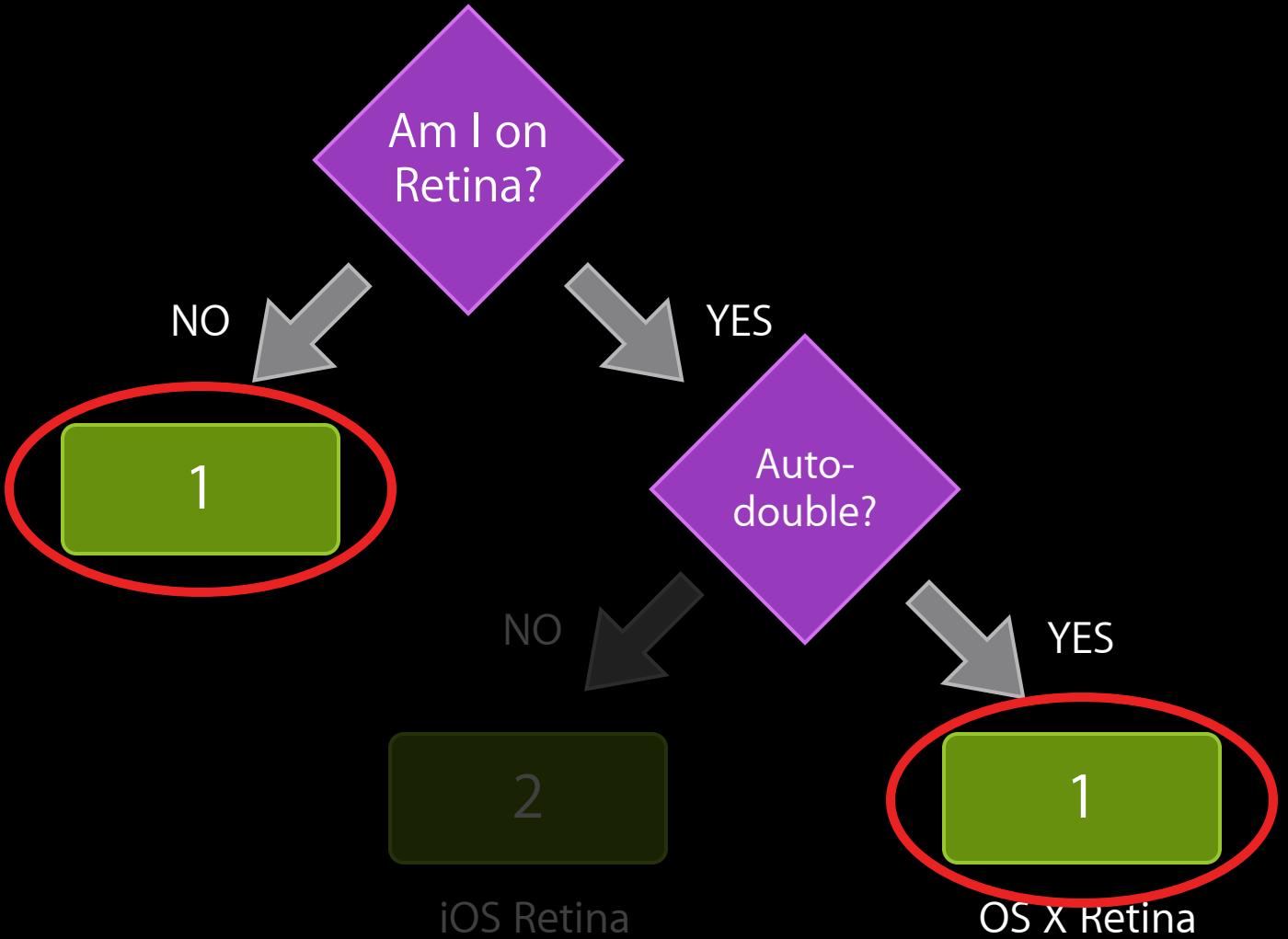


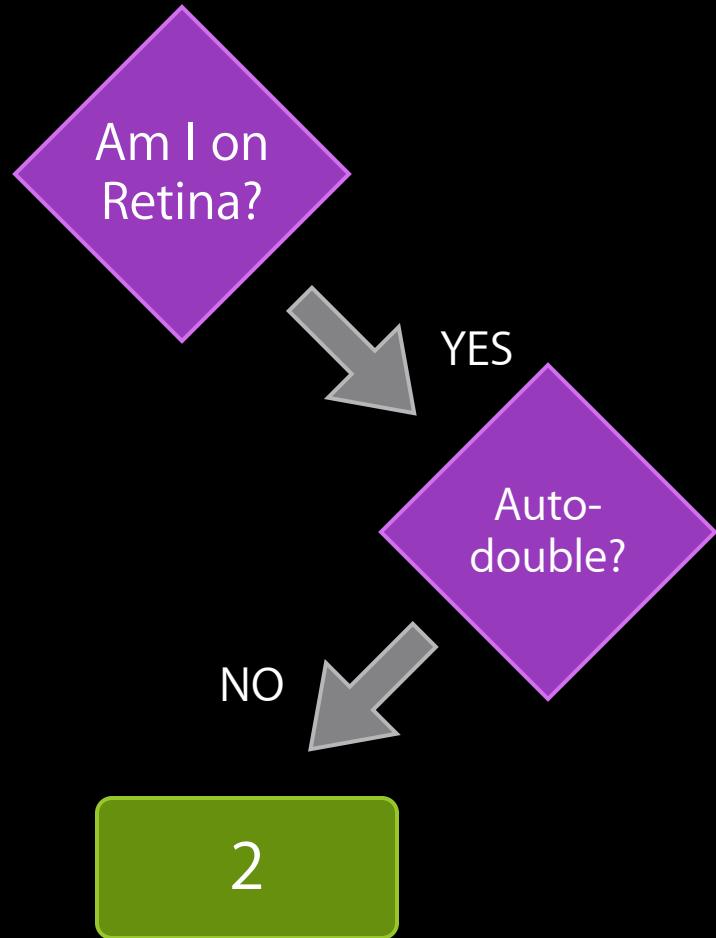












iOS Retina

```
function backingScale(context) {  
    if (window.devicePixelRatio > 1 &&  
        context.webkitBackingStorePixelRatio < 2) {  
        return window.devicePixelRatio;  
    }  
  
    return 1;  
}
```

```
var CANVAS_CSS_WIDTH = 400;
var CANVAS_CSS_HEIGHT = 250;
var BACKING_SCALE;

function init() {
    var canvas = document.getElementById("myCanvas");
    var context = canvas.getContext("2d");

    BACKING_SCALE = backingStore(context);

    canvas.width = BACKING_SCALE * CANVAS_CSS_WIDTH;
    canvas.height = BACKING_SCALE * CANVAS_CSS_HEIGHT;
}
```

```
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    canvas.width = BACKING_SCALE * CANVAS_CSS_WIDTH;
    canvas.height = BACKING_SCALE * CANVAS_CSS_HEIGHT;
}
```

```
function draw(context) {  
    context.save();  
    context.scale(BACKING_SCALE, BACKING_SCALE);  
  
    // ...  
    context.fillRect(10, 10, 30, 30);  
    // ...  
  
    context.restore();  
}
```

```
function draw(context) {  
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    context.scale(BACKING_SCALE, BACKING_SCALE);  
  
    // ...  
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}
```

Considerations

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- Increased memory use

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- Drawing performance

Considerations

- Increased memory use
- Drawing performance
- Some code/API changes

Summary

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- We want the optimal backing store size for display size

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- Check if you are on Retina (you'll need 2x backing store)

Summary

- We want the optimal backing store size for display size
- Check if you are on Retina (you'll need 2x backing store)
- Check if the system will double automatically, otherwise do it manually

Canvas in High Resolution

What are we going to cover?

- 1 How does a canvas behave on a retina display?
- 2 Creating the best looking canvas in any resolution
- 3 Any code changes for advanced use

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Getting and Setting Pixels Directly

`getImageData(x, y, width, height)`

`putImageData(data, x, y, width, height)`

Getting and Setting Pixels Directly

`getImageData(x, y, width, height)`

`putImageData(data, x, y, width, height)`



Getting and Setting Pixels Directly

`getImageData(x, y, width, height)`

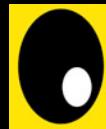
`putImageData(data, x, y, width, height)`



Getting and Setting Pixels Directly

`getImageData(x, y, width, height)`

`putImageData(data, x, y, width, height)`

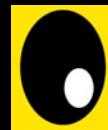


Getting and Setting Pixels Directly

```
getImageData(x, y, width, height)
```

```
putImageData(data, x, y, width, height)
```

← CSS Pixels



Direct Access to the Pixels...Really!



Direct Access to the Pixels...Really!



Parameters in CSS Pixels

```
getImageData(x, y, width, height)  
putImageData(data, x, y, width, height)
```

Parameters in Backing Store Pixels

```
webkitGetImageDataHD(x, y, width, height)  
webkitPutImageDataHD(data, x, y, width, height)
```

Drawing Images into a Canvas

Drawing Images into a Canvas

- Always specify your desired output width and height

Drawing Images into a Canvas

- Always specify your desired output width and height
- Beware of `drawImage(image, x, y)`

Drawing Images into a Canvas

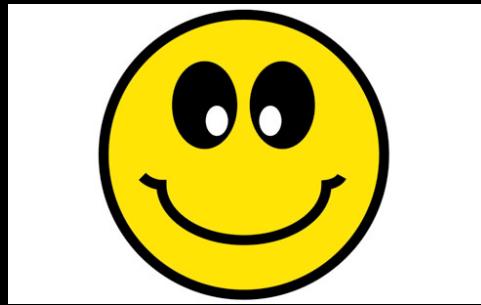
- Always specify your desired output width and height
- Beware of `drawImage(image, x, y)`
- Even more important when the input image is a canvas

Extracting the Canvas as a URL

`canvas.toDataURL()`

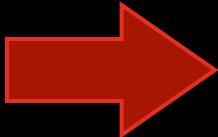
Extracting the Canvas as a URL

`canvas.toDataURL()`



Extracting the Canvas as a URL

canvas.toDataURL()

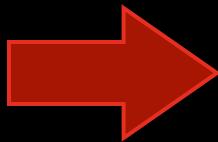


```
data:image/png;base64,UEsDBAoAAAAAAPoExAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAP  
ABwAbGLja2F1bGutawNvbnnMvVnVQJAA05m5PL570T3V4CwABBPUBAAAEEFA  
AAAFBLAwQUAAAACADMhsVAJdZXwBUBAACSAgAAQGAcAGxpY2thYmxLLWljb  
b25zL2J1dHrvb15zmdmVVAkAAzCczk9ynf5PdXgLAEE9EAAAQUAAAjZ  
LRbsIgTbvfYqT441l.qFcaVbYUL3az59CwtkRwDGW336nW-MtUWNC8VMH  
vv/AgaI/NHD8c12vsY1x/875MazLTIV60HaphOC0+FgfdfhjxqTDGikIod  
M4XoGUfSm7scJ7Z3tzC2zhk1lTrfbVhqbysCau42CRJ7ldHEncileCaroo  
9+Dr+vexPPy6JP50x80hma7kPNKNSSEZ6QsCv8MtX8UNNs0VU4KRPReBTG6j  
MmVwxkvvoLUkkdfpG8osV/H+Tzi3k1x4WzbQrmdLCYKvYuVj4am9bYpqUym  
UQI9A4Kobb0afw0bjG/dvlPnecT0t+Z8fDB74zGvLq6pKJ18/Epg9jt25  
T7u7lfpzulYw/bt37AVBLAwQUAAAACAdshsVATg2wMS0BAxABzAgAAggACA  
GxpY2tymxLWljb25zL2J1dHrvbjIuc3ZhVQJAAAnrnM5Pa5z0T3V4CwAB  
BPUBAAAEEFAAAAJSV0w60MBC85xWrzSWVIdamSwkF0ftTSu99AgEDV1yMjB  
snfX2XBJRUSirVsre2z0eHtn9zUcPnXbz9g4170w5r1+nhpbM0E55zRD  
YS9kv7HIDMY6Az8TXECW5mAGkpq35Y0FKrVub2zealkg90VmZYjwDhEGX  
IqYhT027RkVCEZzoJ9M50Yk50POCwMNrYDG29XURiHYingMoDArtNi270  
eBwIHLC50fL22+2pFzY1k9bjLSLB16Vrif1TpYaqeGKnokFgqVAeORKaZ  
3hL9WL+dtu1Ttd/hqqJN5hlfDRMYOPWPFegvb8eL37Pan5RjL5BqHp8kk5  
IyWFCt3bWmlY0oVizKxnOkySZUDjyxccXufdno9mtzovdPd2UUZ7p8JU  
2sx905wMEFAAAAAGa74bfQNOkXmwAQAAsMAAB8AHABsaWNrYWJsZS1pY  
29ucy9idXR0b25sYWJlbC5odGisVVQJAAAnM5PcpzOT3V4CwABBPUBAAA  
EFAAAAGVSTY/bIBC951dMfSHRKnbCVfrh0q7UVu2l9z1UPWAgNj0BB0M4b  
rf/fcF2urH2gDevDc8mClfcnNsAjaPK1qV430Xm1AihrOHLV6rZAI/  
MpcwmIKYur8DkpAFB8SFbFmPdJt0opgNrAf60xxBQ9rtxpt08gL6VKD7Mi  
RN1jdQf7cbg36T18p2wZx+1NV6iNIFGaq29U9yxX4ogFvNzYxVB5dALzm  
2BdzvbrBwYKYNwiY/AW89dk6t6w7R6NSfm02s0t4F2mydsIlS9XWyz+iA  
GY0lqmve+MI58x-/3yZpZxL3WKh/m7G/_/H7dUySa8lgmNvi0qHeIJqqE  
A8r1jkLP45qjmgiw4/fy621i+K0tbyk0fPtteIA8r7rUKD7iymfHGLTo0N  
qTMxkZPLwd0wqzczHsny/TxeCuyyDd+yQtIi2yDIcd7BWhthYv701HuH  
xEUhEVIZIJvVWSVytgmx+7H4G0inu929fv8+UPAsnlKE8/eU/e1tia95U
```

Extracting the Canvas as a URL

canvas.toDataURL()

← Output is in CSS pixels
(not auto-doubled)



```
data:image/png;base64,UEsDBAoAAAAAAPoExAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAP
AbWuAbGLja2F1bGUtaWVbnMvVQJAA05m5PL570T3V4CwABBPUBAAAEEFA
AAAFBLAwQUAAAACADMhsVAJdZXwBUBAACSAgAAQGAcAGxpY2thYmxLLWljb
25zL2J1dHrvb15zmdmVVAkAAzCczk9ynf5PdXgLAEE9EAAAQUAAAjZ
LRbsIgfTbvfYqT441lqFCaVbYUL3az59CwtkRwDGW336nW-MtUWC8VMH
vv/AgaI/NHD8c12vsY1x/875MazLTIV60HaphOC0+FgzfphjxqTDGikIod
M4XoGUFSm7scJ7Z3tzC28h1lTrfbVhqbyScaU42CRJ7ldHEncilecAr0o
9+Dr+vexPPy6JP50x80hma7kPKNSSEZ6QsCv8MtX8UNNs0VU4KRPReBTG6j
MmVwxkvvoLUkkdfpG8osV/H+Tzi3k1x4WzbQrmdLCYKvYuVj4m9bYpqUym
UQI9A4Kobb0afw0bjG/dvlPnecT0t+Z8fDB74zGvLq6pKJ18/Epg9jt25
T7u7lpzuYw/bt37AVBLAwQUAAAACAdshsVATg2wMS0BAxABzAgAAggACA
GxpY2tymxLWljb25zL2J1dHrvbjIuc3ZhVQJAAAnrnM5Pa5z0T3V4CwAB
BPUBAAAEEFAAAAJSV060MBC85xWrzSWVIIamSwkf0ffTSUw99AgEDV1yMjB
snfX2XBFRUSirVsre220eHt9zUcPnXbz9g4170w5r1-nhpBM0E55zRD
YS9kv7VHIDMY6A28TXECW5mAGkpq35Y0FKrVub2zealkg90VmZYjwDhEGX
IqYhT027RkVCEZzoJ9M50Yk50POCwMNrYDG29XURiHYingMoDArtNi270
eBwIHLC50fL22+2pFzY1k9bjLsLB16Vrif1TpYaqeGKnokFgqVAeORKaZ
3hL9WL+dtu1Ttd7/hqqJN5hlfDRM1YOPWPFegvb8eL37Pan5RjL5bHp8kk5
IyWyFCt3bWmlY0oViZkxnOkySZUDjyxccXufdno9mtzovdPd2UUZ7p8JU
2sx905wMEFAAAAAGa74bfQNOKzmwAQAAsMAAB8AHABsaWNrYWzsZs1pY
29ucy9idXR0b25sYWJlbC5odGisVVQJAAAnM5PcpzOT3V4CwABBPUBAAA
EFAAAAGVSTY/bIBC951dMfSHRKnbCVfrh0q7UVu2l9z1UPWAgNj0BB0M4b
rf/fcF2urH2gDevDc8m1fcfcNwsAjaPK1qV430Xm1AihrOHLV6rZA1/
MpcwmIKYur8DkpfA8SF8fmPdJt0opgNrAf60xxBQ9rtxpt08gL6VKD7Mi
RN1jdQf7cbg36T18pzWzX+1NV6iN1FGa29U9yxX4ogFvNzYxVB5dALzm
2BdzvbrBwYKYNwiY/AW89dk6t6w7R6NSfm02s0t4F2mydsIlS9XWyz+iA
GY0lqmve+MI58x-/3yZp2xL3WxHu/m7G/_/H7dUySa8lgmNvi0qHeIJqqE
A8r1jkLP45qjmgiw4/fy62ii+K0tbyk0fPtteIA8r7rUKD7iymfHGLTo0N
qTMxkZPLwd0wqzczHsny/TxeCuyyDd+yQtIi2yDIcd7BWhthYU701HuH
xEUhEVIZIJvVWSVytgmx+7H4G0inu929fv8+UPAsnlKE8/eU/e1tia95U
```

Summary

- New methods for extracting backing store pixels
- Always specify your destination width and height
- `toDataURL()` output is in CSS pixels

Canvas in High Resolution

What did we cover?

- 1 How to create the best looking canvas in any resolution
- 2 How to scale the backing store
- 3 Code changes for advanced use

Leveraging the Power of WebKit

Beth Dakin
Safari & WebKit Engineer

Leveraging the Power of WebKit

Leveraging the Power of WebKit

- Make image-free glossy buttons

Leveraging the Power of WebKit

- Make image-free glossy buttons
- Let text be text

Leveraging the Power of WebKit

- Make image-free glossy buttons
- Let text be text
- SVG

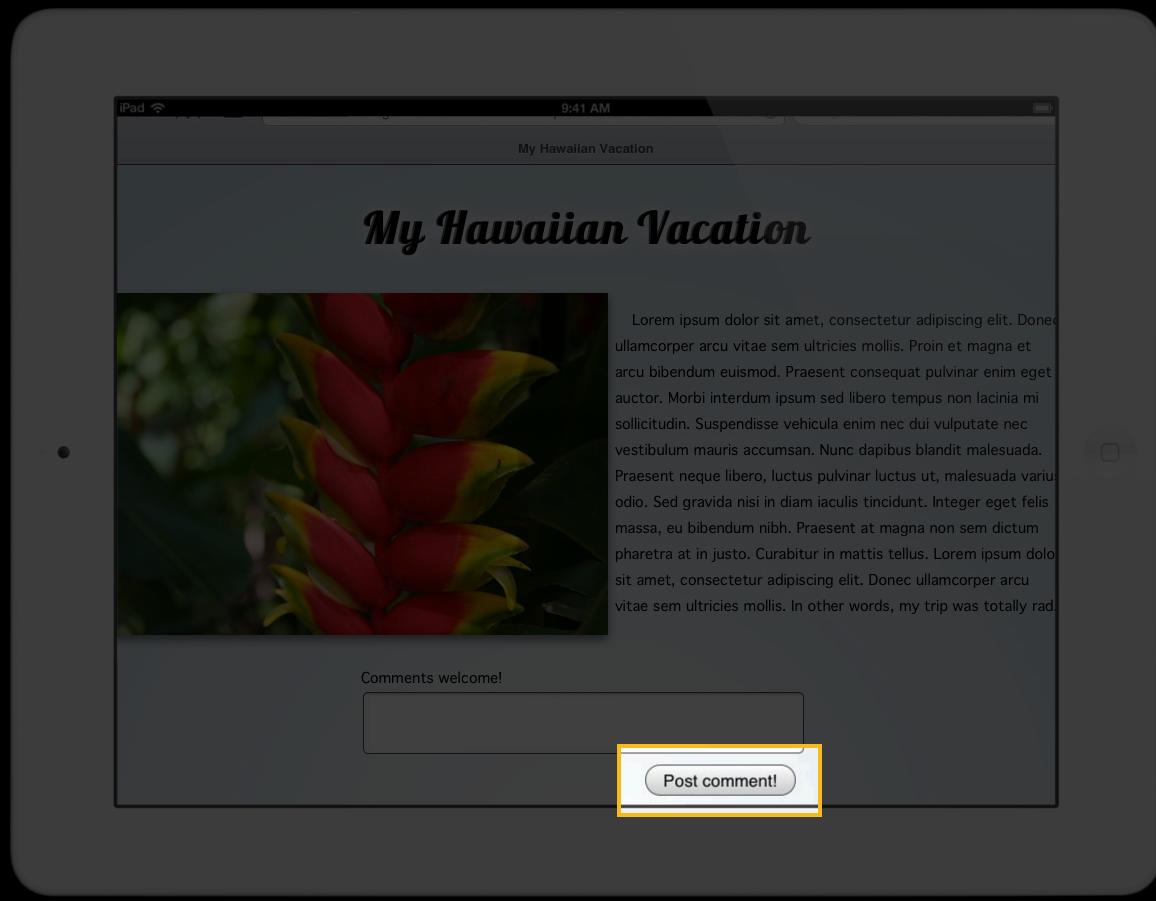
Leveraging the Power of WebKit

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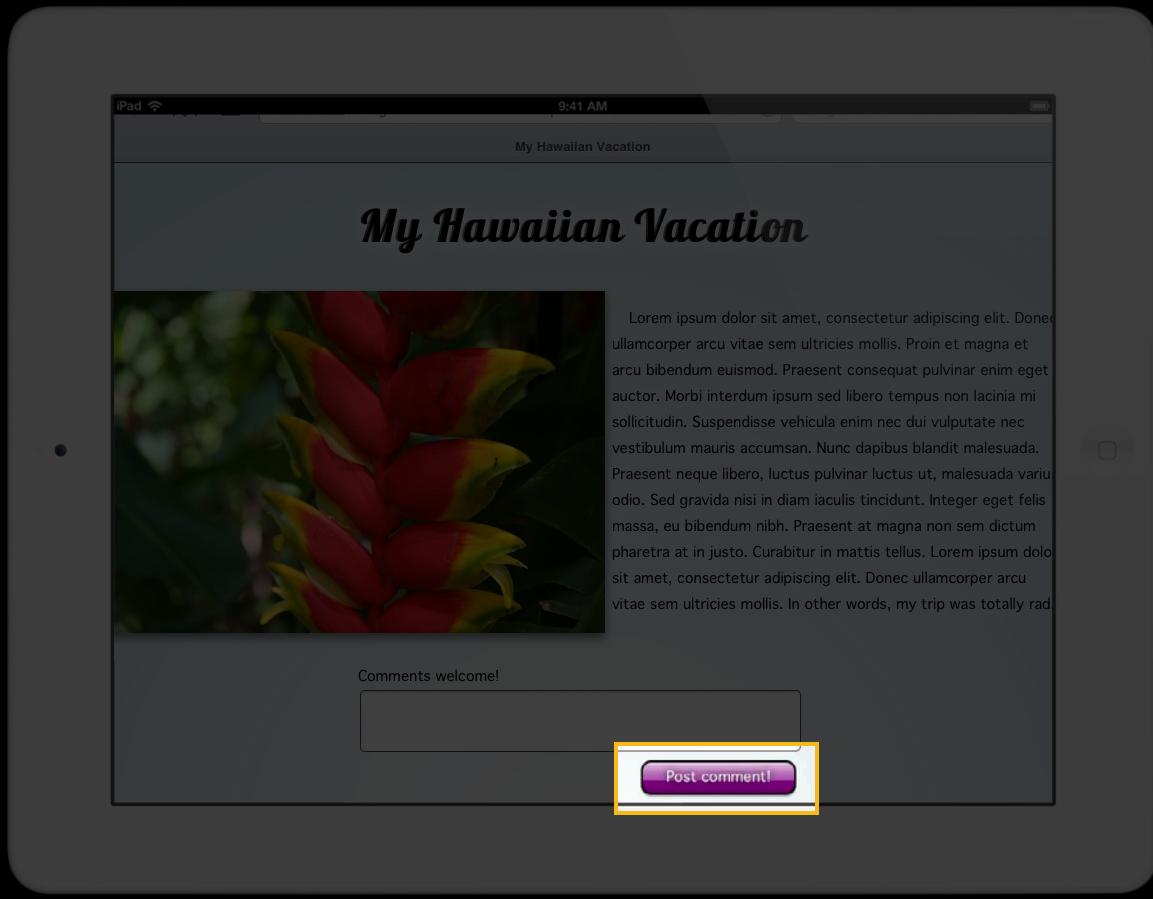
Making Image-Free Glossy Buttons



Making Image-Free Glossy Buttons



Making Image-Free Glossy Buttons



Making Image-Free Glossy Buttons

Post comment!

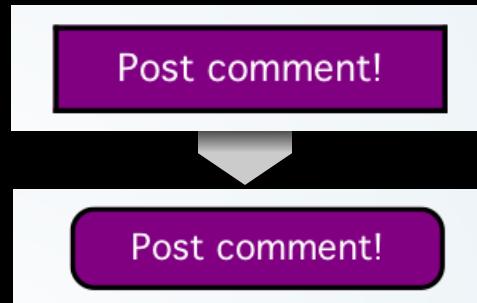
```
.button {  
    width: 150px; height: 30px;  
    border: 2px solid black;  
    background-color: purple;  
    color: white;  
    text-align: center;  
}  
...  
<div class="button">Post comment!</div>
```

Making Image-Free Glossy Buttons

Post comment!

```
<div class="button">Post comment!</div>
```

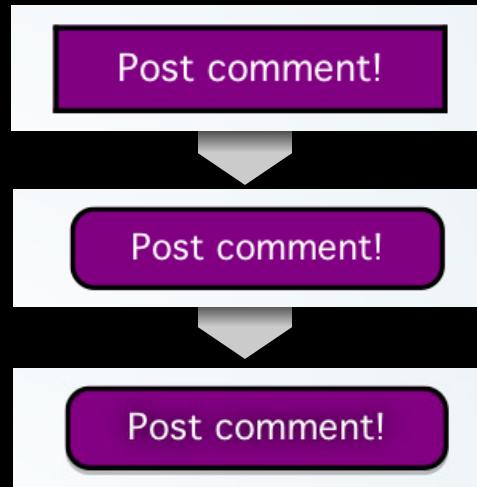
Making Image-Free Glossy Buttons



```
<div class="button">Post comment!</div>
```

```
border-radius: 10px;
```

Making Image-Free Glossy Buttons

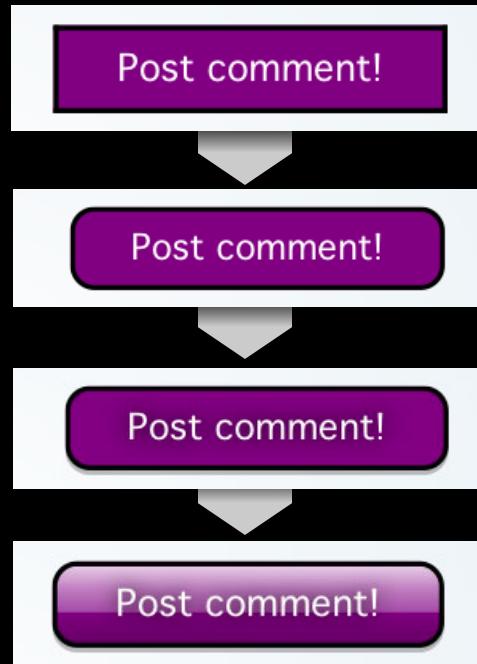


```
<div class="button">Post comment!</div>
```

```
border-radius: 10px;
```

```
-webkit-box-shadow: 0px 2px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.25);  
text-shadow: 0px 0px 8px black;
```

Making Image-Free Glossy Buttons



```
<div class="button">Post comment!</div>
```

```
border-radius: 10px;
```

```
-webkit-box-shadow: 0px 2px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.25);  
text-shadow: 0px 0px 8px black;
```

```
background-image: -webkit-linear-gradient(top,  
                    rgba(255, 255, 255, 0.8),  
                    rgba(255, 255, 255, 0.5) 30%,  
                    rgba(255, 255, 255, 0.8) 60%,  
                    transparent 60%,  
                    rgba(255, 255, 255, 0.2));
```

Making Image-Free Glossy Buttons



Leveraging the Power of WebKit

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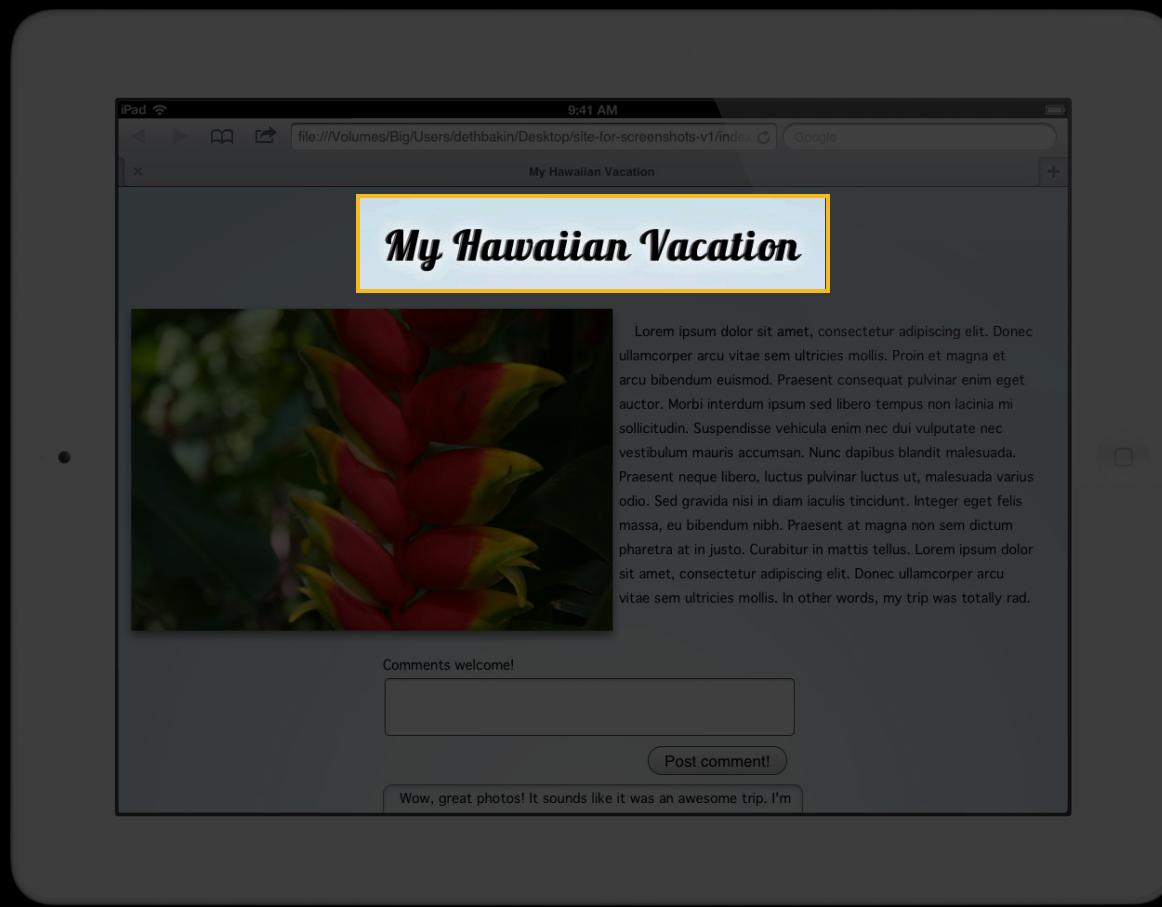
Let Text Be Text



Comments welcome!

Wow, great photos! It sounds like it was an awesome trip. I'm

Let Text Be Text



Let Text Be Text

Let Text Be Text

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z
a b c d e f g h i j k l m n o p q r s t u v w x y z
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0

Let Text Be Text

```
@font-face {  
    font-family: "Lobster";  
    src: url("Lobster1.1.otf");  
}
```

*A***B***C***D***E***F***G***H***I***J***K***L***M***N***O***P***Q***R***S***T***U***V***W***X***Y***Z**
*a***b***c***d***e***f***g***h***i***j***k***l***m***n***o***p***q***r***s***t***u***v***w***x***y***z**
1**2****3****4****5****6****7****8****9****0**

Let Text Be Text

```
@font-face {  
    font-family: "Lobster";  
    src: url("Lobster1.1.otf");  
}
```

```
#content h1 {  
    font-family: Lobster, Impact, cursive;  
}
```

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z
a b c d e f g h i j k l m n o p q r s t u v w x y z
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0



Let Text Be Text



Let Text Be Text



Leveraging the Power of WebKit

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Demo

Dean!

Safari & WebKit Engineer

Leveraging the Power of WebKit

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Summary

Summary

- Most things look great, as is

Summary

- Most things look great, as is
- Make your image pixels == display pixels

Summary

- Most things look great, as is
- Make your image pixels == display pixels
- Always give your images a width and height

Summary

- Most things look great, as is
- Make your image pixels == display pixels
- Always give your images a width and height
- Consider image alternatives!

More Information

Vicki Murley

Safari Technologies Evangelist

vicki@apple.com

Apple Developer Forums

<http://devforums.apple.com>

Related Sessions

Debugging UIWebViews and Websites on iOS	Marina Tuesday 3:15PM
Optimizing Web Content in UIWebViews and Websites on iOS	Marina Tuesday 4:30PM
HTML, CSS, and DOM for Book Authors	Nob Hill Wednesday 3:15PM
Advanced Effects with HTML5 Media Technologies	Marina Thursday 2:00PM

Labs

Safari and Web Tools Lab	Safari & Web Lab Wednesday 2:00PM
Web Content Optimization Lab	Safari & Web Lab Wednesday 3:15PM
Safari and WebKit Open Lab	Safari & Web Lab Thursday 3:15PM

Q&A



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