W09 Practical Report

Overview

Part 1

The specification required that a .json be read in from disk and print out information in the specified format:

```
<args[0]> can refer to:
    - <text>
    - <text>
    - <text>
    * Category: <category_found>
          - <text>
          - <text     - <text>
          - <text          - <text
```

The program needs to take in the name of the file as a command line argument. It is required that if the file is invalid <code>json</code> then the user be prompted <code>Not a valid JSON String!</code>. It is also required that if the <code>json</code> contains an empty text field then it shall be skipped. If the program finds that an either topics sub-array is empty then it shall be skipped.

Problem Decomposition

- Input validation
- use javax library
- Determine if file is valid json
- Loop over all the related topics in array.
- Validate the contents of a topic
- Check for related topics
- Verify that the Related Topics are not empty
- Format each statement that needs to be printed.
- Add correct indentation.

Part 2

It is required that a query be performed on DuckDuckGo API. e.g.

```
https://api.duckduckgo.com/?q=args&format=json
```

Using the provided Rest Client. The results of the query will then be obtained as string data and used be processed the exact same as the json files in part 1. The argument for this will be the search parameter that will be used in the api call.

Problem Decomposition

- Input Validation
- Adaptation of first program to be compatible with both Describe and DuckDuckGo classes.

Extension HTML

Requires that a webpage with clickable links be created

Problem Decomposition

- change places where there is terminal output to file output.
- enclose output in html tags
- obtain addition json data for links
- addition of images to web page from json data

Extension XML

Requires that instead of receiving json data from the API that xml data is requested instead.

Problem Decomposition

- rewrite DuckDuckGo createuRL method so it obtains from format xml
- use javax.xml-1.3.4.jar to parse xml and associated functions to parse xml data

Extension Wikipedia

Requires that an program be created which interacts with Wikipedia API. Take in command line arguments just like the original program but the program shall return a list of related pages, description of that page and the pages url.

Problem Decomposition

- Learn different Search parameter of Wikipedia API
- change initial program to make it parse the Wikipedia data instead of DuckDuckGo

Design

DuckDuckGo

- + run(args: String[]): void
- + createURL(searchParameter: String): String

Describe

+ run(args: String[]): void

Processor

- reader: JsonReader
- + format(): void
- formatTopic(relatedTopics: JsonArray, ident int): void
- formatCategory(category: JsonObject): void
- printText(topic: JsonObject, ident: int): void

It was decided to abstract the process of actually formatting the input into it's own class (Processor) as it would allow the one class to work with both the Describe and DuckDuckGo. This would allow for Describe and DuckDuckGo classes to be super simplistic increasing the readability of the main classes.

Processor

The constructor of the class takes in the file that is processing it was decided for it to take in two arguments as it would allow for the class to read and process not only files but <code>json</code> strings. So this variable informs the class on whether or not the string passed in first is a file path or <code>json</code> string. This was designed this way to allow the program to be more versatile and allow it to run both <code>Describe</code> and <code>DuckDuckGo</code> just using the same unedited <code>Processor</code> class.

As can be seen the <code>json</code> produced by <code>DuckDuckGo</code> <code>RelatedTopics</code> and <code>Topics</code> key share a similar format as they are both arrays of objects with fields called <code>text</code>. So it was decided that 1 method would be responsible for printing the output of both and that a parameter indicating the amount of indentation required for the second parameter. This reduces the amount of code for the class as a process which is essentially being done twice is made into one class.

The formatCategory is called when the a topics array is found. It checks if the array is empty if it is then it does not print the category heading, else it prints the category heading and formatTopic runs on its topics array with indentation 2. The reason this was created was so that validation of category array could take place before it call the formatTopic method. e.g. checking it actually contains elements.

The printText method was created into its of method as it is a process that would be responsible for printing out text found with the json, since essentially all text was printed in the same manner the process was generalised into a method. The reason it takes 2 arguments is so it can print text and give it a specific indentation.

It was decided for all the methods of processor to just throw errors instead of catch them within the class as to reduce the amount of try catches within the class and allow them to be caught in just one try catch block at the highest level e.g. Describe and DuckDuckGo.

Though not mentioned by the specification there are results which do not return results. When this is the case the heading is always empty so the processor class will always check that there is a heading before continuing to process JSON.

Extension: HTML

The structure of the practical remained identical to the initial practical. The original code for the practical was modified instead of outputting the terminal the output was enclosed in html tags and outputted to a file with the name of the search parameter with html extension. Additional data was taken from the <code>json</code> data e.g. the search link for related topics and also the images if the topic contained any.

Extension: XML

The structure of the practical remained identical to the initial practical. Since the xml and json was structured similar it was decided that there structure in how the data would be extracted would be similar as well. Essentially the json code was replaced with corresponding code of xml.

Extension: Wikipedia

The structure is almost identical to the initial practical. In the main DuckDuckGo class every reference to DuckDuckGo was changed to Wikipedia and the API link change to the necessary on.

When searched the Wikipedia API returns all the data in Json arrays so in stead of reading a object the reading of an array was required instead. Since there existed no categories in the Wikipedia API the category method could be entirely removed.

Testing

Stacscheck

```
eo32@pc2-089-l:~/Documents/CS1003/Practicals/W09Practical $ stacscheck /cs/studres/CS1003/Practicals/W09/Tests
Testing CS1003 Week 9 Practical
 Looking for submission in a directory called 'source': found in current directory
 BUILD TEST - basic/build : pass
 TEST - basic/Test01_valley/test : pass
 TEST - basic/Test02_simpsons/test : pass
 TEST - basic/Test03_chicken/test : pass
 TEST - basic/Test04_apple/test : pass
 TEST - basic/Test05_broken_chicken/test : pass
 TEST - basic/Test06_incomplete_chicken/test : pass
 INFO - basic/TestQ_CheckStyle/infoCheckStyle : pass
 - submission output --
Starting audit...
Audit done.
8 out of 8 tests passed
eo32@pc2-089-l:~/Documents/CS1003/Practicals/W09Practical $
```

Test Case 1:

When there is no search results found to the API

Input

From source directory

```
java -cp "javax.json-1.0.jar:." DuckDuckGo "Terminator Broken"
```

API Output



Program Output

```
eo32@pc2-089-l:~/Documents/CS1003/Practicals/W09Practical/source $ java -cp "javax.json-1.0.jar:." DuckDuckGo "Terminator Broken"
No Search Results Found
eo32@pc2-089-l:~/Documents/CS1003/Practicals/W09Practical/source $ []
```

Test Case 2:

Since it has been established by the stacscheck that the program formats data with correct styling it shall be check that the program data matches and parses API data.

Input

```
java -cp "javax.json-1.0.jar:." DuckDuckGo Beethoven
```

API Output

https://api.duckduckgo.com/?q=beethoven&format=json&pretty=1

```
| Manys/Implication/Responses | Proceedings | Proceedings
```

Program Output

As can be seen all json data has been used and formatted by the program

```
Beethoven can refer to:

- Ludwig van Beethoven A German composer and pianist. A crucial figure in the transition between the Classical and...

- Beethoven (film) A 1992 family comedy film, directed by Brian Levant and starring Charles Grodin and Bonnie Hunt...

- Beethoven (Film) A 1992 family comedy film, directed by Brian Levant and starring Charles Grodin and Bonnie Hunt...

- Beethoven (Film series) A series of eight American films, in which the plot revolves around a family attempting to...

- Beethoven (TV series) An American animated television series loosely based on the 1992 motion picture of the same name.

- Beethoven's Last Night A rock opera by the Trans-Siberian Orchestra, released in 2000.

- "Beethoven' (I Love to Listen To) " A song by the British pop music duo Eurythmics, released in October 1987 as the first single...

- "Beethoven' (song) The self-titled debut studio album by English boy band Union J. It was released in the United...

- Beethoven Frieze A painting by Gustav Klimt on display in the Secession Building, Vienna, Austria.

- Beethoven Peninsula A deeply indented, ice-covered peninsula, long in a northeast-southwest direction and wide at its...

- Beethoven (crater) A crater at latitude 20°5, longitude 124°W on Mercury.

- Beethoven quadrangle The Beethoven quadrangle is located in the equatorial region of Mercury, in the center of the...

- 1815 Beethoven A main-belt asteroid discovered on January 27, 1932, by Karl Reinmuth at Heidelberg Observatory.

- Beethoven (horse) An Irish-bred Thoroughbred racehorse best known for his upset victory in the 2009 Dewhurst Stakes.

* Category: People

- Ludwig van Beethoven The grandfather of Ludwig.

- Johanna van Beethoven A German musician, teacher, and singer who sang in the chapel of the Archbishop of Cologne, whose...

- Johanna van Beethoven The sister-in-law of the composer Ludwig van Beethoven.
```

Extension: HTML

To test this extension it was shown that all the data present in the initial practical was present in the html and as can be seen this is true

Input

```
java -cp "javax.json-1.0.jar:." DuckDuckGo Beethoven
```

HTML Output



Beethoven can refer to:

Result:

Ludwig van Beethoven A German composer and pianist. A crucial figure in the transition between the Classical and...



Result:

Beethoven (film) A 1992 family comedy film, directed by Brian Levant and starring Charles Grodin and Bonnie Hunt...



Result:

Beethoven Virus A 2008 South Korean television series starring Kim Myung-min, Lee Ji-ah, and Jang Keun-suk.



Extension: XML

To test the XML it was decided to check whether it produced the identical output as initial practical. The following bash script was created and used.

```
cd source
javac -cp "javax.json-1.0.jar:." *.java
j1="$(java -cp javax.json-1.0.jar:. DuckDuckGo 'Swim' 2>&1 )"
j2="$(java -cp javax.json-1.0.jar:. DuckDuckGo 'Spider' 2>&1 )"
j3="$(java -cp javax.json-1.0.jar:. DuckDuckGo 'Dave' 2>&1 )"
cd ../ex-xml
javac -cp "javax.xml-1.3.4.jar:." *.java
w1="$(java -cp javax.xml-1.3.4.jar:. DuckDuckGo 'Swim' 2>&1 )"
w2="$(java -cp javax.xml-1.3.4.jar:. DuckDuckGo 'Spider' 2>&1 )"
w3="$(java -cp javax.xml-1.3.4.jar:. DuckDuckGo 'Dave' 2>&1 )"
if [ "$j1" == "$w1" ]; then
  echo "Swim test successful"
  echo "Swim test failed"
fi
if [ \$j2" == \$w2" ]; then
  echo "Spider test successful"
else
  echo "Spider test failed"
if [ $^3" == $w3" ]; then
  echo "Dave test successful"
  echo "Dave test failed"
fi
```

Navigate to root directory of the project and run

```
bash xml_test.sh
```

Output

```
eo32@pc2-089-l:~/Documents/CS1003/Practicals/W09Practical $ bash xml_test.sh
Swim test successful
Spider test successful
Dave test successful
eo32@pc2-089-l:~/Documents/CS1003/Practicals/W09Practical $
```

Extension: Wikipedia

Since the API works in the same manner as initial it can be seen that it does indeed properly send the correct requests out to the API. To see if the program works we just need to navigate to the expected address the program will gain the data from and compare that to the output

API Output



Output

As can be seen all the API data has been used and processed the data from the expected source

```
mobility-180-110-yDocument/CSIADOYFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/WebFractical/
```

Evaluation

The specification for part 1 required that a program which was capable of taking a file path of a json file as an argument and processing the contained data into a specific format was created. It was required that it would skip entry entries of data with the json file and notify the user and terminal the program if the json data was found to be in an invalid format. From testing and the stacscheck it can be seen that the program fulfils these properties. It is shown from the various tests cases that if the json is formatted into the expected output format.

Since the same class is responsible for input or json data for both Part 1 and Part 2. Then it can be concluded that the same formatting and input validation that happens in Part 1 happens on the Part 2 and it can be seen from the example tests that the same does happen.

Conclusion

In this practical a program capable of formatting json data into a specified format was created, this program was also capable of interacting with DuckDuckGo API and retrieving the dajava -cp "ta produced from queries to the API.

git was used for version control for this project. From previous feedback it has been seen that use of git for displaying extension made program difficult to mark so it was not used to access extensions for this practical.

Difficulties

- Upon the initial running of the stacscheck it was seen that the program that the stacschecker was unable to find the directory containing the code. At the time the directory was named src and the stacscheck would not work until the program was renamed source.
- It was found that the code provided for the REST Client did not met the style checking standard required by the stackcheck. So this class was edited until it met the styling guidelines.
- The javax.xml-1.2.4.jar proved hard to work with as there existed limited resources on how to use it.
- Finding the necessary Wikipedia API which gave desired results was very time consuming.

Given More Time

- A GUI which allows the user to search and then receive the output (including images) could have been produced e.g. a search engine.
- The program could have been redesigned to work with multiple APIs and have a lexicon be provided giving the structure of how received data from the API should be formatted.
- A stacscheck could have been produced for extensions