```java
import components.simplereader.SimpleReader;

/**
 * Guesses best values for a, b, c, d for de Jager's algorithm.
 *
 * @author Isaac Frank
 *
 */
public final class ABCDGuesser1 {

    /**
     * Private constructor so this utility class cannot be instantiated.
     */
    private ABCDGuesser1() {
        // Not called
    }

    /**
     * Repeatedly asks the user for a positive real number until the user enters
     * one. Returns the positive real number.
     *
     * @param in
     *            the input stream
     * @param out
     *            the output stream
     * @return a positive real number entered by the user
     */
    private static double getPositiveDouble(SimpleReader in, SimpleWriter out) {
        double num = -1;

        // Asks user for input until a positive real number is entered
        while (num <= 0) {
            out.print("Enter a positive real number: ");
            String input = in.nextLine();
            if (FormatChecker.canParseDouble(input)) {
                num = Double.parseDouble(input);
                if (num <= 0) {
                    out.println("Number must be positive!");
                }
            } else {
```

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45                  out.println("Must be a real number!");
46              }
47          }
48          return num;
49      }
50
51      /**
52       * Repeatedly asks the user for a positive real number not
   equal to 1.0
53       * until the user enters one. Returns the positive real
   number.
54       *
55       * @param in
56       *             the input stream
57       * @param out
58       *             the output stream
59       * @return a positive real number not equal to 1.0 entered by
   the user
60       */
61      private static double getPositiveDoubleNotOne(SimpleReader in,
62              SimpleWriter out) {
63          double num = -1;
64
65          // Asks user for input until a positive real number != 1
   is entered
66          while (num <= 0 || num == 1.0) {
67              out.print("Enter a positive real number not eqaul to
   1: ");
68              String input = in.nextLine();
69              if (FormatChecker.canParseDouble(input)) {
70                  num = Double.parseDouble(input);
71                  if (num <= 0 || num == 1) {
72                      out.println("Number cannot be 1, and must be
   positive!");
73                  }
74              } else {
75                  out.println("Must be a real number!");
76              }
77          }
78          return num;
79      }
80
81      /**
82       * Main method, uses getPositiveDouble and
```

```
   getPositiveDoubleNotOne to accept
 83      * user input, then applies the de Jager formula.
 84      *
 85      * @param args
 86      *            Java command line arguments
 87      */
 88     public static void main(String[] args) {
 89         // Opening input and output streams
 90         SimpleReader in = new SimpleReader1L();
 91         SimpleWriter out = new SimpleWriter1L();
 92
 93         // Array of 17 numbers asserted by the Charming Theory
 94         final double[] charmingNums = { -5, -4, -3, -2, -1, -.5,
   -1.0 / 3, -.25,
 95                 0, .25, 1.0 / 3, .5, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 };
 96
 97         // Getting input from user
 98         double mu = getPositiveDouble(in, out);
 99         double w = getPositiveDoubleNotOne(in, out);
100         double x = getPositiveDoubleNotOne(in, out);
101         double y = getPositiveDoubleNotOne(in, out);
102         double z = getPositiveDoubleNotOne(in, out);
103
104         // Declaring variables to be calculated and used in loops
105         double estimate = -1;
106         double leastEstimate = -1;
107         double relError = -1;
108         double minRelError = Double.MAX_VALUE;
109         final double percentConv = 100;
110
111         int i = 0;
112         int j = 0;
113         int k = 0;
114         int l = 0;
115
116         /*
117          * Iterating through all combinations of w^a*x^b*y^c*z^d,
   then storing
118          * the least relative error and the estimate with the
   least relative
119          * error
120          */
121         while (i < charmingNums.length) {
122             j = 0;
```

```
123             while (j < charmingNums.length) {
124                 k = 0;
125                 while (k < charmingNums.length) {
126                     l = 0;
127                     while (l < charmingNums.length) {
128                         estimate = Math.pow(w, charmingNums[i])
129                                 * Math.pow(x, charmingNums[j])
130                                 * Math.pow(y, charmingNums[k])
131                                 * Math.pow(z, charmingNums[l]);
132                         relError = percentConv * Math.abs(estimate
    - mu) / mu;
133                         if (relError < minRelError) {
134                             minRelError = relError;
135                             leastEstimate = estimate;
136 
137                         }
138                         l++;
139                     }
140                     k++;
141                 }
142                 j++;
143             }
144             i++;
145         }
146 
147         // Printing the closest estimate and rounded relative
    error of estimate
148         out.println("Estimate: " + leastEstimate);
149         out.print("Relative Error: ");
150         out.print(minRelError, 2, false);
151         out.println("%");
152 
153         // Closing input and output streams
154         in.close();
155         out.close();
156     }
157 }
158 
```