Nu Html Checker

This tool is an ongoing experiment in better HTML checking, and its behavior remains subject to change

Showing results for about.html



Use the Message Filtering button below to hide/show particular messages, and to see total counts of errors and warnings.

Message Filtering

Document checking completed. No errors or warnings to show.

Image report

The img elements of the page are shown below categorized by their type of textual alternative. Please review that the images in each group match that group's definition.

Images with textual alternative

The following images have textual alternatives. Please review that the textual alternatives make sense considering the purpose of the image in the context of the page and that phrases like "Image of ..." are avoided.

Note that iconic images that are redundant with text next to them or purely decorative should have alt="" instead.

Image	Textual alternative	Location
Not resolvable	Logo of the Sahara Indomitable website.	From line 1, column 539; to line 1, column 828
Not resolvable	Sahrawi sand bread being coocked in the Sahara desert by a man.	From line 1, column 2501; to line 1, column 2867
Not resolvable	Tamaris tree in the Sahara desert, Algeria.	From line 1, column 5853; to line 1, column 6174
Not resolvable	Logo of the Sahara Indomitable website.	From line 1, column 9245; to line 1, column 9406

Source

1. <!DOCTYPE html><html lang="en"><head><meta charset="utf-8"><meta name="viewport"</pre> content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0"><title>Sahara Indomitable</fitle><meta</pre> name="author" content="Isaac Bejarano"><meta name="description" content="Web portal</pre> about the exciting and unknown nature of the Sahara and its people."><link rel="icon" href="/favicon.1b05a716.webp" type="image/x-icon"><meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge"><link rel="stylesheet" href="/index.22d9a9ae.css"></head><body class="pag-about"> <header> <div> class="pag-about"> <header> <div> logo_25.3f5c3327.webp_25w /logo_50.eab9212a.webp 50w, /logo_60.bcfaabd6.webp 60w, /logo_70.0849c216.webp 70w" sizes="(max-width: 800px) 25px, (max-width: 1800px) 50px, (max-width: 3800px) 60px, 70px" src="/logo_25.3f5c3327.webp" alt="Logo of the Sahara Indomitable website."> Sahara Indomitable </div> </header> <nav> <a href="/"</pre> class="nav-link"> Home Categories About Us References </nav> <main class="about"> <article> <h1>About Us</h1> <section> <h2>Who we are</h2> We are a non-profitable foundation that widespreads information and acknowledgment about the culture, cuisine, people, animals and plants -among others- of the countries located in or near the Sahara desert region. Sahara Indomitable is our

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brand new official website, which carries the same name as our foundation. In this
portal, you will get free access to a series of online posts, articles and media
reports that will bring the Sahrawi way of living to you. We have just started posting
and we will update the ocntent with new articles and posts every month. In the
Categories page, you will find all the current articles sorted by category. New
categories we are working at right now will be announced in dark red with the text
<strong>Coming soon...</strong>   In the next sections, you will find more
details about the main categories of this <b>Sahara Indomitable</b>. We hope this
portal brings a spark of curiosity in you and gets you acknowledged to the Sahrawi
culture.  </section> <section> <h2>Cuisine</h2>  In this category you will find
all types of Sahrawi cuisine, specially those less known dishes for their nature, e.g.
the Sand Bread, which is cooked directly on the Sahara sand. 
srcset="/pan_saharaui_358.75055e7d.webp 358w, /pan_saharaui_377.8f7857e9.webp 377w,
/pan saharaui 528.fa2cc930.webp 528w, /pan saharaui 948.aed0913f.webp 948w" sizes="
(max-width: 800px) 358px, (max-width: 1800px) 377px, (max-width: 3800px) 528px, 948px"
src="/pan_saharaui_358.75055e7d.webp" alt="Sahrawi sand bread being coocked in the
Sahara desert by a man."> <figcaption> <span class="figcaption-text"> BONETTI. 2012.
<i>Pan Saharaui</i> [online]. Wikipedia [accessed: 2024/11/22]. Available at: </span>
<a class="link-standalone"</pre>
href="https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Pan_Saharaui.jpg" target="_blank"
rel="noreferrer">https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Pan_Saharaui.jpg</a>
</figcaption> </figure>  Western Saharan cuisine comprises the cuisine of Western
Sahara, a disputed territory in the Maghreb region of North Africa, bordered by Morocco
to the north, Algeria to the extreme northeast, Mauritania to the east and south, and
the Atlantic Ocean to the west. The Western Saharan cuisine has several influences, as
the population of that area (Sahrawi), in their most part are of Arabic and Berber
origin. The Saharawi cuisine is also influenced by Spanish cuisine owing to Spanish
colonization.   Food is primarily imported into Western Sahara, as minimal
rainfall in the territory inhibits agricultural production. Indigenous sources of food
include those derived from fishing and nomadic pastoralism. The labor and business in
these indigenous provisions of foods are also a primary contributor of income for the
territory's population, and are among the primary contributors to the economy of
Western Sahara.  </section> <section> <h2>Conservation</h2>  In this category
you will find current aproaches to conservate the Sahara ecosystem, agriculture as well
as initiatives to revert the desertification, e.g. The Great Green Wall.  <figure>
<div class="responsive-iframe"> <iframe src="https://www.youtube.com/embed/1mdh0YoAF1M?</pre>
si=SLJxHATOIDfeZQMI" title="YouTube video player" allow="accelerometer; autoplay;
clipboard-write; encrypted-media; gyroscope; picture-in-picture; web-share"
referrerpolicy="strict-origin-when-cross-origin" allowfullscreen> </iframe> </div>
<figcaption> <span class="figcaption-text"> World Food Programme. <i> Half-moons
greening Mauritania. </i> </span> </figcaption> </figure> </section> <section>
<h2>Enology</h2>  In this category you will find insight about the different people
of the Sahara, from an enological point of view but also from a cultural and political
prespective, e.g. the recognition of Western Sahara.  <figure> <div
class="responsive-iframe"> <iframe src="https://www.youtube.com/embed/Cml2eL6usys?
si=dVLTqGDQ4X8P0vUx" title="YouTube video player" allow="accelerometer; autoplay;
clipboard-write; encrypted-media; gyroscope; picture-in-picture; web-share"
referrerpolicy="strict-origin-when-cross-origin" allowfullscreen> </iframe> </div>
<figcaption> <span class="figcaption-text"> DiEM25. <i> European countries complicit in
Morocco's occupation of Western Sahara. </i> </span> </figcaption> </figure> </section>
<section> <h2>Flora</h2>  In this category you will find native species of plants
and trees of The Sahara, e.g. the Tamarix aphylla, the largest known species of
Tamarix, with heights up to 18 metres (59 ft);  <figure> <img
srcset="/tamaris 358.05e47e88.webp 358w, /tamaris 377.f35bb77e.webp 377w,
/tamaris_528.6646181a.webp 528w, /tamaris_948.0b59679e.webp 948w" sizes="(max-width:
800px) 358px, (max-width: 1800px) 377px, (max-width: 3800px) 528px, 948px"
src="/tamaris_358.05e47e88.webp" alt="Tamaris tree in the Sahara desert, Algeria.">
<figcaption> <span class="figcaption-text"> WIKIPEDIA. 2005. <i>Tamaris in Algeria</i>
[online]. Wikipedia [accessed: 2024/11/22]. Available at: </span> <a class="link-
standalone" href="https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Tamaris3.jpg" target="_blank"
rel="noreferrer">https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Tamaris3.jpg</a> </figcaption>
</figure>  The Tamarix is an evergreen tree, native across North, East, and Central
Africa; and the nectar from its blossoms produces high-quality honey with a unique
taste; due to the drought- and salt-tolerant properties of the tree, it could be
planted as an agroforestry species, as well as for reclamation of marginal lands; a
vegetative propagation method for the tree using the aeroponics technique has recently
been developed.   The tree is known to be very tolerant of salts. It has been
found that it excretes concentrated salty water from glands on its leaf surfaces; the
water evaporates leaving a crust of crystals containing more than ten salts. Most of
the crystals fall off, but the crystals of at least one, lithium sulphate, remain stuck
on the leaves. These particular crystals swell with the small amount of humidity in the
atmosphere at night, and the leaves absorb the moisture.  </section> <section>
<h2>Fauna</h2>  In this category you will find information about the most curious
and wild animals that one can find in the vast Sahara: for example the Sahara Silver
Ant -which can survive the extreme temperatures of the desert due to its natural
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refrigerating mechanisms, the The Dromedary Camel -which is essential to the Sahrawi cuisine and transport within the desert, the Saharan horned viper -always effectively camouflaging with the sand- or the Sahara's and World's smallest canine -The Fennec Fox. <figure> <div class="responsive-iframe"> <iframe src="https://www.youtube.com/embed/S9atRW1DgbO?si=36wHN2o2Nt0rgca-" title="YouTube video player" allow="accelerometer; autoplay; clipboard-write; encrypted-media; gyroscope; picture-in-picture; web-share" referrerpolicy="strict-origin-when-crossorigin" allowfullscreen> </iframe> </div> <figcaption> BBC Earth. <i> World's Smallest Wild Dog | Dogs in the Wild: Meet The Family.</i> </figcaption> </figure> </section> </article> </main> <footer class="footer z- Categories <a</pre> href="/about.html" class="nav-link"> About Us <a</pre> href="/references.html" class="nav-link"> References Sand bread <a</pre> href="/article2.html" class="nav-link"> Ceremony of tea in the Sahara Prehistoric Sahara <a</pre> href="/article4.html" class="nav-link"> Growing food in the Sahara href="/article5.html" class="nav-link"> The Great Green Wall <div> <img srcset="/logo 25.3f5c3327.webp, /logo 75.5802d8c9.webp 3x"</pre> src="/logo_75.5802d8c9.webp" alt="Logo of the Sahara Indomitable website." width="25" height="25"> <abbr lang="ca" title="Universitat Oberta de Catalunya">UOC</abbr>. Desembre de 2024. Isaac Bejarano Fernández </div> </footer> <script src="/index.c7f6ee36.js" type="module"></script><script src="/index.2b02800d.js"</pre> nomodule defer></script> </body></html>

Outline

<h1> About Us

<h2> Who we are

<h2> Cuisine

<h2> Conservation

<h2> Enology

<h2> Flora

<h2> Fauna

Used the HTML parser.

Total execution time 10 milliseconds.

About this checker • Report an issue • Version: 24.12.29