Q1:	A client with heart failure is prescribed furosemide. Which finding requires immediate
acti	on?
	A. Blood pressure 130/80 mmHg
	B. Potassium 2.9 mEq/L
	C. Weight loss of 1 lb
	D. Urine output 1500 mL/day
Q2:	A nurse is caring for a client post-myocardial infarction. Which assessment finding
indi	icates pericarditis?
	A. Bradycardia
	B. Chest pain relieved by rest
	C. Pericardial friction rub
	D. Hypertension
Q3:	A client with COPD is receiving oxygen therapy. Which action is appropriate?
	A. Administer oxygen via non-rebreather mask
	B. Maintain oxygen flow at 2 L/min
	C. Encourage high carbohydrate diet
	D. Position client supine
Q4:	Which finding should the nurse expect in a client with pneumothorax?
	A. Bradycardia
	B. Dull percussion
	C. Absent breath sounds
	D. Bilateral crackles

Q5: A client with peptic ulcer disease reports sudden severe abdominal pain. What is the

prio	rity action?	
	A. Administer antacid	
	B. Assess bowel sounds	
	C. Notify the healthcare provider	
	D. Encourage fluids	
Q6:	Which dietary choice is best for a client with hepatic encephalopathy?	
	A. High-protein meal	
	B. Low-sodium soup	
	C. Grilled chicken	
	D. Vegetarian diet	
Q7: A client with increased intracranial pressure has a new onset of vomiting. What is the		
nurs	se's priority action?	
	A. Document and monitor	
	B. Elevate head of bed	
	C. Administer antiemetic	
	D. Encourage oral fluids	
Q8:	Which finding indicates meningitis in a client?	
	A. Hypotension	
	B. Nuchal rigidity	
	C. Dilated pupils	
	D. Dry mucous membranes	
Q9:	Which task can the nurse delegate to an unlicensed assistive personnel (UAP)?	
	A. Administer oral medications	
	B. Evaluate client pain	
	C. Obtain vital signs	

Q10: A nurse assigns care to a licensed practical nurse (LPN). Which action by the LPN requires intervention? A. Administering insulin B. Inserting a Foley catheter C. Initiating a blood transfusion D. Documenting I&O Q11: A client with heart failure is prescribed furosemide. Which finding requires immediate action? A. Blood pressure 130/80 mmHg B. Potassium 2.9 mEq/L C. Weight loss of 1 lb D. Urine output 1500 mL/day Q12: A nurse is caring for a client post-myocardial infarction. Which assessment finding indicates pericarditis? A. Bradycardia B. Chest pain relieved by rest C. Pericardial friction rub D. Hypertension Q13: A client with COPD is receiving oxygen therapy. Which action is appropriate? A. Administer oxygen via non-rebreather mask B. Maintain oxygen flow at 2 L/min C. Encourage high carbohydrate diet D. Position client supine

D. Teach deep breathing

Q14	: Which finding should the nurse expect in a client with pneumothorax?
	A. Bradycardia
	B. Dull percussion
	C. Absent breath sounds
	D. Bilateral crackles
Q15	: A client with peptic ulcer disease reports sudden severe abdominal pain. What is the
prio	rity action?
	A. Administer antacid
	B. Assess bowel sounds
	C. Notify the healthcare provider
	D. Encourage fluids
Q16	: Which dietary choice is best for a client with hepatic encephalopathy?
	A. High-protein meal
	B. Low-sodium soup
	C. Grilled chicken
	D. Vegetarian diet
Q17	: A client with increased intracranial pressure has a new onset of vomiting. What is the
nurs	se's priority action?
	A. Document and monitor
	B. Elevate head of bed
	C. Administer antiemetic
	D. Encourage oral fluids
Q18: Which finding indicates meningitis in a client?	
	A. Hypotension
	B. Nuchal rigidity

	C. Dilated pupils	
	D. Dry mucous membranes	
Q19	: Which task can the nurse delegate to an unlicensed assistive personnel (UAP)?	
	A. Administer oral medications	
	B. Evaluate client pain	
	C. Obtain vital signs	
	D. Teach deep breathing	
Q20	: A nurse assigns care to a licensed practical nurse (LPN). Which action by the LPN	
requ	uires intervention?	
	A. Administering insulin	
	B. Inserting a Foley catheter	
	C. Initiating a blood transfusion	
	D. Documenting I&O	
Q21	: A client with heart failure is prescribed furosemide. Which finding requires immediate	
acti	on?	
	A. Blood pressure 130/80 mmHg	
	B. Potassium 2.9 mEq/L	
	C. Weight loss of 1 lb	
	D. Urine output 1500 mL/day	
Q22: A nurse is caring for a client post-myocardial infarction. Which assessment finding		
indi	cates pericarditis?	
	A. Bradycardia	
	B. Chest pain relieved by rest	
	C. Pericardial friction rub	
	D. Hypertension	

Q23	: A client with COPD is receiving oxygen therapy. Which action is appropriate?
	A. Administer oxygen via non-rebreather mask
	B. Maintain oxygen flow at 2 L/min
	C. Encourage high carbohydrate diet
	D. Position client supine
Q24	: Which finding should the nurse expect in a client with pneumothorax?
	A. Bradycardia
	B. Dull percussion
	C. Absent breath sounds
	D. Bilateral crackles
Q25	: A client with peptic ulcer disease reports sudden severe abdominal pain. What is the
prio	rity action?
	A. Administer antacid
	B. Assess bowel sounds
	C. Notify the healthcare provider
	D. Encourage fluids
Q26	: Which dietary choice is best for a client with hepatic encephalopathy?
	A. High-protein meal
	B. Low-sodium soup
	C. Grilled chicken
	D. Vegetarian diet
Q27	: A client with increased intracranial pressure has a new onset of vomiting. What is the
nurs	se's priority action?
	A. Document and monitor
	B. Elevate head of bed

	C. Administer antiemetic	
	D. Encourage oral fluids	
Q28	: Which finding indicates meningitis in a client?	
	A. Hypotension	
	B. Nuchal rigidity	
	C. Dilated pupils	
	D. Dry mucous membranes	
Q29: Which task can the nurse delegate to an unlicensed assistive personnel (UAP)?		
	A. Administer oral medications	
	B. Evaluate client pain	
	C. Obtain vital signs	
	D. Teach deep breathing	
Q30	: A nurse assigns care to a licensed practical nurse (LPN). Which action by the LPN	
requ	uires intervention?	
	A. Administering insulin	
	B. Inserting a Foley catheter	
	C. Initiating a blood transfusion	
	D. Documenting I&O	
Q31	: A client with heart failure is prescribed furosemide. Which finding requires immediate	
acti	on?	
	A. Blood pressure 130/80 mmHg	
	B. Potassium 2.9 mEq/L	
	C. Weight loss of 1 lb	
	D. Urine output 1500 mL/day	

Q32	Q32: A nurse is caring for a client post-myocardial infarction. Which assessment finding	
indi	cates pericarditis?	
	A. Bradycardia	
	B. Chest pain relieved by rest	
	C. Pericardial friction rub	
	D. Hypertension	
Q33	: A client with COPD is receiving oxygen therapy. Which action is appropriate?	
	A. Administer oxygen via non-rebreather mask	
	B. Maintain oxygen flow at 2 L/min	
	C. Encourage high carbohydrate diet	
	D. Position client supine	
Q34: Which finding should the nurse expect in a client with pneumothorax?		
	A. Bradycardia	
	B. Dull percussion	
	C. Absent breath sounds	
	D. Bilateral crackles	
Q35	: A client with peptic ulcer disease reports sudden severe abdominal pain. What is the	
prio	rity action?	
	A. Administer antacid	
	B. Assess bowel sounds	
	C. Notify the healthcare provider	
	D. Encourage fluids	
Q36	: Which dietary choice is best for a client with hepatic encephalopathy?	
	A. High-protein meal	
	B. Low-sodium soup	

	C. Grilled chicken
	D. Vegetarian diet
Q37	: A client with increased intracranial pressure has a new onset of vomiting. What is the
nurs	se's priority action?
	A. Document and monitor
	B. Elevate head of bed
	C. Administer antiemetic
	D. Encourage oral fluids
Q38	3: Which finding indicates meningitis in a client?
	A. Hypotension
	B. Nuchal rigidity
	C. Dilated pupils
	D. Dry mucous membranes
Q39	: Which task can the nurse delegate to an unlicensed assistive personnel (UAP)?
	A. Administer oral medications
	B. Evaluate client pain
	C. Obtain vital signs
	D. Teach deep breathing
Q40	): A nurse assigns care to a licensed practical nurse (LPN). Which action by the LPN
requ	uires intervention?
	A. Administering insulin
	B. Inserting a Foley catheter
	C. Initiating a blood transfusion
	D. Documenting I&O

Q41	: A client with heart failure is prescribed furosemide. Which finding requires immediate		
actio	action?		
	A. Blood pressure 130/80 mmHg		
	B. Potassium 2.9 mEq/L		
	C. Weight loss of 1 lb		
	D. Urine output 1500 mL/day		
Q42	: A nurse is caring for a client post-myocardial infarction. Which assessment finding		
indi	cates pericarditis?		
	A. Bradycardia		
	B. Chest pain relieved by rest		
	C. Pericardial friction rub		
	D. Hypertension		
Q43	: A client with COPD is receiving oxygen therapy. Which action is appropriate?		
	A. Administer oxygen via non-rebreather mask		
	B. Maintain oxygen flow at 2 L/min		
	C. Encourage high carbohydrate diet		
	D. Position client supine		
Q44	: Which finding should the nurse expect in a client with pneumothorax?		
	A. Bradycardia		
	B. Dull percussion		
	C. Absent breath sounds		
	D. Bilateral crackles		
Q45	: A client with peptic ulcer disease reports sudden severe abdominal pain. What is the		
prio	rity action?		
	A. Administer antacid		

	B. Assess bowel sounds
	C. Notify the healthcare provider
	D. Encourage fluids
Q46	: Which dietary choice is best for a client with hepatic encephalopathy?
	A. High-protein meal
	B. Low-sodium soup
	C. Grilled chicken
	D. Vegetarian diet
Q47	: A client with increased intracranial pressure has a new onset of vomiting. What is the
nurs	se's priority action?
	A. Document and monitor
	B. Elevate head of bed
	C. Administer antiemetic
	D. Encourage oral fluids
Q48	: Which finding indicates meningitis in a client?
	A. Hypotension
	B. Nuchal rigidity
	C. Dilated pupils
	D. Dry mucous membranes
Q49	: Which task can the nurse delegate to an unlicensed assistive personnel (UAP)?
	A. Administer oral medications
	B. Evaluate client pain
	C. Obtain vital signs
	D. Teach deep breathing

Q50	: A nurse assigns care to a licensed practical nurse (LPN). Which action by the LPN	
requ	ires intervention?	
	A. Administering insulin	
	B. Inserting a Foley catheter	
	C. Initiating a blood transfusion	
	D. Documenting I&O	
Q51	: A client with heart failure is prescribed furosemide. Which finding requires immediate	
actio	on?	
	A. Blood pressure 130/80 mmHg	
	B. Potassium 2.9 mEq/L	
	C. Weight loss of 1 lb	
	D. Urine output 1500 mL/day	
050	A source is acquired for a client word more continuing and in Military and account finding	
	: A nurse is caring for a client post-myocardial infarction. Which assessment finding	
indic	cates pericarditis?	
	A. Bradycardia	
	B. Chest pain relieved by rest	
	C. Pericardial friction rub	
	D. Hypertension	
Q53	: A client with COPD is receiving oxygen therapy. Which action is appropriate?	
	A. Administer oxygen via non-rebreather mask	
	B. Maintain oxygen flow at 2 L/min	
	C. Encourage high carbohydrate diet	
	D. Position client supine	
Q54: Which finding should the nurse expect in a client with pneumothorax?		
	A. Bradycardia	

B. Dull percussion		
C. Absent breath sounds		
D. Bilateral crackles		
: A client with peptic ulcer disease reports sudden severe abdominal pain. What is the		
rity action?		
A. Administer antacid		
B. Assess bowel sounds		
C. Notify the healthcare provider		
D. Encourage fluids		
Q56: Which dietary choice is best for a client with hepatic encephalopathy?		
A. High-protein meal		
B. Low-sodium soup		
C. Grilled chicken		
D. Vegetarian diet		
: A client with increased intracranial pressure has a new onset of vomiting. What is the		
se's priority action?		
A. Document and monitor		
B. Elevate head of bed		
C. Administer antiemetic		
D. Encourage oral fluids		
: Which finding indicates meningitis in a client?		
A. Hypotension		
B. Nuchal rigidity		
C. Dilated pupils		
D. Dry mucous membranes		

Q59	: Which task can the nurse delegate to an unlicensed assistive personnel (UAP)?				
	A. Administer oral medications				
	B. Evaluate client pain				
	C. Obtain vital signs				
	D. Teach deep breathing				
Q60	: A nurse assigns care to a licensed practical nurse (LPN). Which action by the LPN				
requ	ires intervention?				
	A. Administering insulin				
	B. Inserting a Foley catheter				
	C. Initiating a blood transfusion				
	D. Documenting I&O				
Q61	: A client with heart failure is prescribed furosemide. Which finding requires immediate				
actio	on?				
	A. Blood pressure 130/80 mmHg				
	B. Potassium 2.9 mEq/L				
	C. Weight loss of 1 lb				
	D. Urine output 1500 mL/day				
Q62	Q62: A nurse is caring for a client post-myocardial infarction. Which assessment finding				
indi	cates pericarditis?				
	A. Bradycardia				
	B. Chest pain relieved by rest				
	C. Pericardial friction rub				
	D. Hypertension				
Q63: A client with COPD is receiving oxygen therapy. Which action is appropriate?					
	A. Administer oxygen via non-rebreather mask				

	B. Maintain oxygen flow at 2 L/min
	C. Encourage high carbohydrate diet
	D. Position client supine
Q64	: Which finding should the nurse expect in a client with pneumothorax?
	A. Bradycardia
	B. Dull percussion
	C. Absent breath sounds
	D. Bilateral crackles
Q65	: A client with peptic ulcer disease reports sudden severe abdominal pain. What is the
prio	rity action?
	A. Administer antacid
	B. Assess bowel sounds
	C. Notify the healthcare provider
	D. Encourage fluids
Q66	: Which dietary choice is best for a client with hepatic encephalopathy?
	A. High-protein meal
	B. Low-sodium soup
	C. Grilled chicken
	D. Vegetarian diet
Q67	: A client with increased intracranial pressure has a new onset of vomiting. What is the
nurs	se's priority action?
	A. Document and monitor
	B. Elevate head of bed
	C. Administer antiemetic
	D. Encourage oral fluids

Q68	: Which finding indicates meningitis in a client?			
	A. Hypotension			
	B. Nuchal rigidity			
	C. Dilated pupils			
	D. Dry mucous membranes			
Q69	: Which task can the nurse delegate to an unlicensed assistive personnel (UAP)?			
	A. Administer oral medications			
	B. Evaluate client pain			
	C. Obtain vital signs			
	D. Teach deep breathing			
Q70	: A nurse assigns care to a licensed practical nurse (LPN). Which action by the LPN			
requ	uires intervention?			
	A. Administering insulin			
	B. Inserting a Foley catheter			
	C. Initiating a blood transfusion			
	D. Documenting I&O			
Q71	: A client with heart failure is prescribed furosemide. Which finding requires immediate			
actio	on?			
	A. Blood pressure 130/80 mmHg			
	B. Potassium 2.9 mEq/L			
	C. Weight loss of 1 lb			
	D. Urine output 1500 mL/day			
Q72	: A nurse is caring for a client post-myocardial infarction. Which assessment finding			
indicates pericarditis?				
	A. Bradycardia			

	B. Chest pain relieved by rest
	C. Pericardial friction rub
	D. Hypertension
Q73	: A client with COPD is receiving oxygen therapy. Which action is appropriate?
	A. Administer oxygen via non-rebreather mask
	B. Maintain oxygen flow at 2 L/min
	C. Encourage high carbohydrate diet
	D. Position client supine
Q74	: Which finding should the nurse expect in a client with pneumothorax?
	A. Bradycardia
	B. Dull percussion
	C. Absent breath sounds
	D. Bilateral crackles
Q75	: A client with peptic ulcer disease reports sudden severe abdominal pain. What is the
prio	rity action?
	A. Administer antacid
	B. Assess bowel sounds
	C. Notify the healthcare provider
	D. Encourage fluids
Q76	: Which dietary choice is best for a client with hepatic encephalopathy?
	A. High-protein meal
	B. Low-sodium soup
	C. Grilled chicken
	D. Vegetarian diet

: A client with increased intracranial pressure has a new onset of vomiting. What is the				
nurse's priority action?				
A. Document and monitor				
B. Elevate head of bed				
C. Administer antiemetic				
D. Encourage oral fluids				
: Which finding indicates meningitis in a client?				
A. Hypotension				
B. Nuchal rigidity				
C. Dilated pupils				
D. Dry mucous membranes				
: Which task can the nurse delegate to an unlicensed assistive personnel (UAP)?				
A. Administer oral medications				
B. Evaluate client pain				
C. Obtain vital signs				
D. Teach deep breathing				
: A nurse assigns care to a licensed practical nurse (LPN). Which action by the LPN				
ires intervention?				
A. Administering insulin				
B. Inserting a Foley catheter				
C. Initiating a blood transfusion				
D. Documenting I&O				
: A client with heart failure is prescribed furosemide. Which finding requires immediate				
action?				
A. Blood pressure 130/80 mmHg				

	B. Potassium 2.9 mEq/L
	C. Weight loss of 1 lb
	D. Urine output 1500 mL/day
Q82	: A nurse is caring for a client post-myocardial infarction. Which assessment finding
indi	cates pericarditis?
	A. Bradycardia
	B. Chest pain relieved by rest
	C. Pericardial friction rub
	D. Hypertension
Q83	: A client with COPD is receiving oxygen therapy. Which action is appropriate?
	A. Administer oxygen via non-rebreather mask
	B. Maintain oxygen flow at 2 L/min
	C. Encourage high carbohydrate diet
	D. Position client supine
Q84	: Which finding should the nurse expect in a client with pneumothorax?
	A. Bradycardia
	B. Dull percussion
	C. Absent breath sounds
	D. Bilateral crackles
Q85	: A client with peptic ulcer disease reports sudden severe abdominal pain. What is the
prio	rity action?
	A. Administer antacid
	B. Assess bowel sounds
	C. Notify the healthcare provider
	D. Encourage fluids