

Home Chemistry

Essential Pre-Uni Chemistry D3.1

Essential Pre-Uni Chemistry D3.1



There are trends evident in atomic and ionic radii. Ionisation energies also show trends. Complete the sentences below with the words 'increase' or 'decrease', to indicate what happens to the radii and ionisation energy of the atoms or ions [(a)-(f)], or to the ionisation energies [(g)-(i)].

Part A Along a period, L-R
Going along a period from left to right, the atomic radii
increase
decrease
Part B Down a group
Going down a group, the atomic radii
decrease
increase
Part C Electrons removed
As successive electrons are removed from the same atom/ion, the radii
increase
decrease

Ti	he radii of ions of the same charge, on descending a group
	decrease
	increase
Part E	Adding electrons
A	s successive electrons are added to one atom to make increasingly negative ions, the radii
	increase
	decrease
Part F	Along period, L-R
Al	long a period from left to right, the radii of isoelectronic species generally
	decrease
	increase
Part G	Along period, L-R
Al	long a period from left to right, the first ionisation energies generally
	decrease
	increase

Part D

Same charge, down a group

a group, the first ionisation energies
ase
ease
on energies
ionisation energies for the same element
ease
ase
i

Part H

Down a group



<u>Home</u> Chemistry

Essential Pre-Uni Chemistry D3.3

Essential Pre-Uni Chemistry D3.3



An element has its first to fifth ionisation energies in ${ m kJmol^{-1}}$ listed as: 578, 1817, 2745, 11578, 14831.
Give the group number in the periodic table that corresponds to this element.
<u> </u>
<u> </u>
O 17
O 2
<u> </u>
<u> </u>
<u> </u>
<u> </u>

Home Chemistry

Essential Pre-Uni Chemistry D3.2

Essential Pre-Uni Chemistry D3.2

Part A	$[{ m Na~Mg~Al}]$
Wi	nich would have the smallest radius in the set $[\mathrm{Na\ Mg\ Al}]$?
	○ Al
	\bigcirc Mg
	O Na
Part B	$[{ m Na}^+ \ { m Mg}^{2+} \ { m Al}^{3+}]$
Wi	nich would have the smallest radius in the set $[{ m Na}^+ \ { m Mg}^{2+} \ { m Al}^{3+}]$?
	\bigcirc Al $^{3+}$
	\bigcirc Na $^+$
	\bigcirc Mg ²⁺
Part C	$[{ m B\ Al\ Ga\ In\ Tl}]$
WI	nich would have the smallest radius in the set [B Al Ga In Tl]?
	○ Al
	\bigcirc In
	O тı
	○ B
	○ Ga

Part D \$\co	e{[Si^{4-	P^{3-	} S^{2-	} CL^{	-}]}\$
--------------	-----------	-------	---------	--------	--------

Which would have the largest radius in the set $[\mathrm{Si}^{4-}\ \mathrm{P}^{3-}\ \mathrm{S}^{2-}\ \mathrm{Cl}^{-}]?$

- \bigcirc P³⁻
- Cl-
- \bigcirc S²⁻
- \bigcirc Si⁴⁻

$\textbf{Part E} \quad [Ti^{4+}~Zr^{4+}~Hf^{4+}~Rf^{4+}]$

Which would have the smallest radius in the set $[{\rm Ti}^{4+} \ {\rm Zr}^{4+} \ {\rm Hf}^{4+} \ {\rm Rf}^{4+}]$?

- \bigcirc Ti⁴⁺
- Hf⁴⁺
- \bigcirc Rf⁴⁺
- \bigcirc \mathbf{Zr}^{4+}

Part F
$$[Fe\ Fe^{2+}\ Fe^{3+}\ Fe^{2-}]$$

Which would have the largest radius in the set $[Fe\ Fe^{2+}\ Fe^{3+}\ Fe^{2-}]$?

- Fe^{2−}
- O Fe
- \bigcirc Fe³⁺
- \bigcirc Fe²⁺

Sizes of atoms and ions

Sizes of atoms and ions



Part A Sizes of ions

Which of the following sets of diagrams best indicates the relative radii of the atom and most common ion of sodium and chlorine?

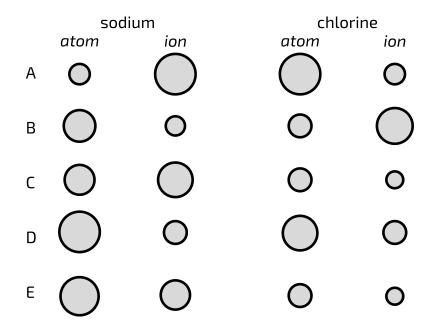


Figure 1: Sizes of Na and CI atoms and ions

Α
В
С
D

Which species represe	nted by the following for	mulae has the largest ra	adius?	

Part A adapted with permission from UCLES, A-Level Chemistry, November 1991, Paper 1, Question 15; Part B adapted with permission from UCLES, A-Level Chemistry, November 1994, Paper 1, Question 12

Part B

Largest radius



Home Group 2

Group 2

Part A	Precipitates
	hich pair of $0.1\mathrm{mol}\mathrm{dm^{-3}}$ aqueous solutions is most likely to give a precipitate when added together? NaNO3 and BaCl2 KBr and MgSO4 NH3 and CaCl2 MgSO4 and SrCl2
Part B	Properties of Group 2 elements
W	hich of the following is a property of the elements in Group 2, magnesium to barium? They all form covalent chlorides MCl ₂ They all have outer electronic structures ns ² sp ² They all liberate chlorine from concentrated hydrochloric acid They all form oxides MO They all react explosively with cold water liberating hydrogen

Part A adapted with permission from UCLES, A-Level Chemistry, June 1996, Paper 3, Question 14 Part B adapted with permission from OCSEB, A-Level Chemistry, June 1995, Paper 1, Question 19



Heating calcium hydroxide

Heating calcium hydroxide



Part A Heating calcium hydroxi

Write the equation for the action of heat on calcium hydroxide, including state symbols, balancing the equation with the lowest possible stoichiometric coefficients.

Part B Decomposition of calcium hydroxide

Which of the following explains why magnesium hydroxide decomposes at a lower temperature than calcium hydroxide?

- 1. ${
 m MgO}$ has a larger magnitude lattice energy than ${
 m CaO}$.
- 2. ${
 m Mg}$ has higher first and second ionisation energies than ${
 m Ca.}$
- **3**. $Mg(OH)_2$ has a larger magnitude lattice energy than $Ca(OH)_2$.

3 only is correct
1, 2 and 3 are correct
1 and 2 only are correct
2 and 3 only are correct
1 only is correct

Part A,B adapted with permission from UCLES, A-Level Chemistry, 1989, Paper 2, Question 1; Part C adapted with permission from UCLES, A-Level Chemistry, 1988, Paper 3, Question 15





Home Groups and electronegativity

Groups and electronegativity



Part A	Electronegativity
In t	he periodic table, the electronegativity of the elements in:
1. 1	Period 3 increases from sodium to chlorine.
2. (Group 2 increases from barium to beryllium.
3. (Group 7 increases from iodine to fluorine.
	1, 2 and 3 are correct
	1 and 2 only are correct
	2 and 3 only are correct

Part B Groups

Which of the following statements describing the characteristics of elements within any one group of the Periodic Table are correct?

- 1. The elements are either all metals or non-metals.
- 2. The melting points of the elements increase with increasing proton (atomic) number.
- **3**. The first ionisation energies of the elements generally decrease with increasing proton (atomic) number.

\bigcirc	1, 2 and 3 are correct
	1 and 2 only are correct
	2 and 3 only are correct
	1 only is correct
	3 only is correct

1 only is correct

3 only is correct

Periodic Trends

Periodic Trends



Part A Melting points of third row elements

Which graph best shows the variation of melting point of the third row elements?

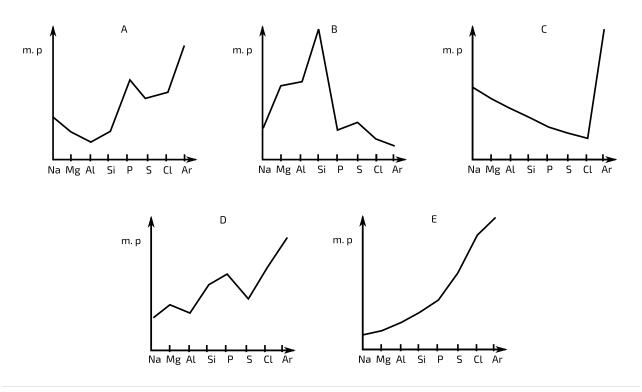


Figure 1: Melting points across 3rd period

()	Α

B

() C

Part B Trends in halogens

Which graph correctly describes a trend found in the halogen group?

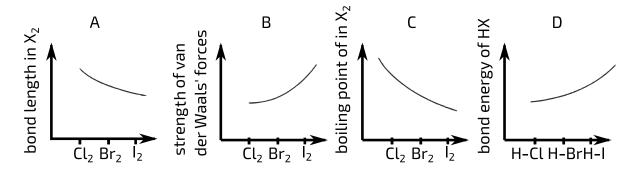


Figure 2: Trends in the halogen group

- () A
- ОВ
- c

Part A adapted with permission from UCLES, A-Level Chemistry, June 1991, Paper 1, Question 17; Part B adapted with permission from UCLES, A-Level Chemistry, June 1995, Paper 4, Question 15



Silver ions

Silver ions



An aqueous solution containing Br^- ions is treated with $AgNO_3$ (aq), giving a precipitate **P** which is then tested for its solubility in concentrated NH_3 (aq).

What is the colour of ${\bf P}$ and its solubility in NH_3 (aq)?

	colour of P	solubility in $\mathrm{NH_{3}\left(aq ight)}$
Α	white	insoluble
В	white	slightly soluble
С	cream	slightly soluble
D	yellow	insoluble
_ A		

В

○ c

D

Adapted with permission from UCLES, A-Level Chemistry, June 1996, Paper 3, Question 17