$\frac{5}{6}$ 

## F6 Gravity and Orbits

Mass of Earth =  $5.98 \times 10^{24}$  kg Radius of Earth = 6400 km

- F6.1 The Earth takes a year to go round the Sun on an orbit with a radius of  $1.50 \times 10^{11}$  m. Calculate the Sun's mass.
- F6.2 Calculate the orbital time period for a planet going round the Sun in an orbit of radius twice that of Earth.
- F6.3 Calculate the height above the surface of the Earth of an orbit with a 24 hour time period.
- F6.4 The Moon's orbit round the Earth has a radius of  $3.8 \times 10^8$  m. Calculate the Moon's speed in its orbit.
- F6.5 a) If you want something to orbit the Earth at a height of 200 km above the surface, at what speed must it travel?
  - b) What is the time period of the orbit?
- F6.6 a) Starting from  $F = \frac{GMm}{r^2}$  and  $F = \frac{mv^2}{r}$ , derive Kepler's 3rd Law relating the radius of an orbit r to the mass of the planet M and the orbital speed v.
  - b) Repeating this analysis, relate r and M to the period T.