$^{8}/_{10}$ 

## **I2** Capacitor Networks

- I2.1 Calculate the capacitance of each of the following combinations:
  - a) A 3.0  $\mu$ F capacitor connected in parallel with a 2.0  $\mu$ F capacitor.
  - b) A 3.0  $\mu$ F capacitor connected in series with a 2.0  $\mu$ F capacitor.
  - c) A 6.0  $\mu F$  capacitor is connected in parallel with a 4.0  $\mu F$  capacitor. The combination is then connected in series with a 20  $\mu F$  capacitor.
  - d) A 220 nF capacitor is connected in series with a 440 nF capacitor. The combination is connected in parallel with a 1.0  $\mu$ F capacitor.
  - e) A 1.0 nF, 2.0 nF and 3.0 nF capacitor, all connected in parallel.
  - f) A 1.0 nF, 2.0 nF and 3.0 nF capacitor, all connected in series.
- I2.2 A 200  $\mu$ F capacitor is in series with a 2200  $\mu$ F capacitor and they are charged until the 200  $\mu$ F capacitor stores 30  $\mu$ C. What is the charge on the other capacitor?
- I2.3 A 200  $\mu$ F capacitor is in series with a 2200  $\mu$ F capacitor. The capacitors are charged until the 200  $\mu$ F capacitance has a voltage of 12 V across it. What is the voltage across the 2200  $\mu$ F capacitor?
- I2.4 A 470  $\mu$ F capacitor is charged using a 10 V battery. It is then disconnected, and connected to an uncharged 220  $\mu$ F capacitor. Calculate the voltage across the capacitors once the current has stopped flowing. (Hint: capacitors are effectively in parallel, and total charge has not changed.)
- I2.5 A 6.0 nF capacitor is in parallel with a 10 nF capacitor. The voltage across the 6.0 nF capacitor is 36 V. What is the voltage across the other capacitor?