



Essential Pre-Uni Physics C4.5

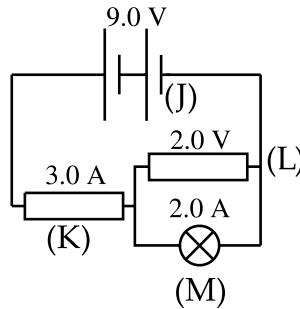


Figure 1: Circuit diagram

Part A Current in (J)

What is the current in (J)?

Part B Voltage across (K)

What is the voltage across (K)?

Part C Current in (L)

What is the current in (L)?

Part D Voltage across (M)

What is the voltage across (M)?



Essential Pre-Uni Physics C1.8



Conventional domestic 13 A sockets are connected with copper cables with a cross sectional area of 2.5 mm^2 . Copper has a resistivity of $1.5 \times 10^{-8} \Omega \text{ m}$. What is the resistance of 20 m of cable to 2 significant figures?



Essential Pre-Uni Physics C6.3



A small battery is powering a powerful lamp. The terminal p.d. is 11.3 V, and the current flowing is 10.2 A. Assuming that the battery has an internal resistance of $2.4\ \Omega$, calculate the e.m.f. of the battery.



Essential Pre-Uni Physics C5.8

GCSE A Level



A thermistor has a resistance of $800\ \Omega$ at a temperature of $16\ ^\circ\text{C}$. It is wired in series with a fixed resistor and a $9.0\ \text{V}$ battery. A high-resistance voltmeter is connected to give a 'temperature' reading.

[Note: For this thermistor the resistance decreases as the temperature increases.]

Part A Connecting the voltmeter

a) If the voltage reading is to go up when the temperature increases, should the voltmeter be connected in parallel with the thermistor or the fixed resistor?

☐ Fixed resistor

☐ Thermistor

Part B Resistance of the fixed resistor

b) If the voltmeter needs to read $3.0\ \text{V}$ when the temperature is $16\ ^\circ\text{C}$, what is the resistance of the fixed resistor to 2 significant figures?



Essential Pre-Uni Physics C2.2



Data:

- Magnitude of the charge on the electron = $1.60 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$

How many electrons flow past a point each second in a 5.0 mA electron beam?



Essential Pre-Uni Physics C5.5

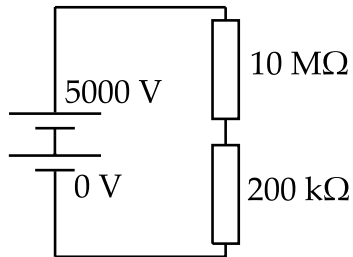


Figure 1: Circuit diagram

What is the voltage across the lower resistor in this circuit to 2 significant figures?



Essential Pre-Uni Physics C3.5



Data: Magnitude of the charge on the electron = $1.60 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$

How long does it take for a current of 6.0 A to deliver $1.5 \times 10^{17} \text{ Cu}^{2+}$ ions in a solution? Assume these ions are the only charged particles moving.



Essential Pre-Uni Physics C1.2



Figure 1: Two different resistor arrangements

Part A Combination (C)

What is the resistance of combination (C)? Answer to 2 significant figures.

Part B Combination (D)

What is the resistance of combination (D)? Answer to 2 significant figures.
