# **Coming to Grips with a New Reality**

"Turmoil has swept through LegacyCo. Its beloved CEO has been killed in a plane crash, leaving a leadership void. A new CEO has been appointed by the new owners. The distressed workforce is fearful for their jobs and highly resentful of their 'parasitic' sibling. Top talent are considering leaving. Suppliers are nervous. Intellectual Property theft and increased regulation in protectionist markets are emerging threats implying the need for increased legal protection. Initial funding negotiations with NewCo threaten a loss of key sales and product development talent. Reality is that NewCo may be the future or it may fail. You need to manage the mature role of LegacyCo as a 'cash cow' BUT LegacyCo also needs to thrive or all could be lost..."

Attached is a selection of memoranda and notes that will help with your decisions...

## **AGENDA**

# **EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE MEETING**

### PERIOD 1

Below are the subjects for discussion and decision at the upcoming Executive Committee Meeting. The decisions on hires and acquiring a lobbyist have been moved to the front of the meeting as they are time sensitive.

- 1. New Hires: VP Legal and VP Logistics: see recruiter memos
- 2. The Lobbyist Proposal: see consultant list of candidates
- 3. Budgeted Expenditures and revenue forecasts: see Chief Budgeting Officer Memos and Marketing's assessment of the market,
- 4. Workforce adjustments: see VP HR workforce memorandum
- 5. Strategic and operational initiatives: see Strategy Officer Memo
- 6. NewCo Start-up funding: see CEO note on how to assess the request and the Market Evaluation memo from VP strategy

Copies of all the necessary memos and notes are attached

#### **MEMORANDUM**

From: Chief Budgeting Officer

To: Sarah Hughes COO LegacyCo

## **Subject: Budget Guidance**

Please find below a copy of the average of the last three period's Profit & Loss Accounts as guidance for developing your Period 1 budget.

|                                    |                      |           |            |                 | Last Period                |
|------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------|------------|-----------------|----------------------------|
| Revenue                            | Business             |           |            |                 | 288,000,000                |
| Total Revenue                      | Consumer             |           |            |                 | 450,000,000<br>738,000,000 |
| Cost of Sales                      | Business<br>Consumer |           |            |                 | 72,000,000<br>112,500,000  |
| Total Cost of Sales                |                      |           |            |                 | 184,500,000                |
| Total Gross Margin                 |                      |           |            |                 | 553,500,000                |
|                                    |                      | Headcount |            | Discretionary   |                            |
|                                    |                      | #         | Costs      | Expenditure     |                            |
| Leadership                         |                      | 10        | 5,535,000  |                 | 5,535,000                  |
| Marketing & Advertising            |                      | 369       | 55,350,000 | 110,700,000     | 166,050,000                |
| Sales & Distribution               |                      | 492       | 88,560,000 | 5,535,000       | 94,095,000                 |
| Customer Suppport                  |                      | 369       | 59,040,000 | 62,730,000      | 121,770,000                |
| Logistics & IT                     |                      | 164       | 27,880,000 | 55,145,000      | 83,025,000                 |
| Product Development                |                      | 123       | 20,910,000 | 12,300,000      | 33,210,000                 |
| Contingent costs                   |                      |           |            |                 | 22,140,000                 |
| Administration                     |                      |           |            |                 | 13,587,000                 |
| <b>Total Overhead Cos</b>          |                      |           |            | 539,412,000     |                            |
| Earnings before interest and taxes |                      |           |            |                 | 14,088,000                 |
|                                    |                      |           |            |                 |                            |
|                                    |                      |           |            | Return on Sales | 1.91                       |

## **NOTES**

1. Our Return on Sales at 1.9% is extremely low and may justify Market Watch's "fat and happy" remark! That said our numbers mirror the rest of our industry. Using the above data as a base, it is quite clear that we must make considerable improvements in efficiency and cut costs if we are going to meet Munro's intentions. This means that the

fears of redundancy in staff and reductions in discretionary expenditures (e.g., advertising) are probably correct.

#### **SOLUTION**

The numbers contained in the above Proforma P&L are based on historical data. If we do nothing to improve the business the above are likely to be an accurate reflection of what it will take to maintain our market position.

To gain the efficiencies required by Munro we will need to implement a program of strategic initiatives. Lists of such initiatives will be provided by the Strategy Department as suggestions to each Excom member. Failure to link staffing or expenditure changes to selection of appropriate Actions will put our Revenue at risk

## 2. Remarks by Function:

a. **Marketing & Advertising** reflects an industry dependence on mass advertising as the primary go-to-market strategy. At \$110m it is a major expenditure. Is this dependence logical with the emergence of the much cheaper social media approach? Social media expenditure is located in the accounts under Sales & Distribution so changes will have to be agreed between the departments.

Advertising costs have historically focused in the B2C market using a 'pull' strategy to get businesses to adopt an offering popular with their staff. At about 15% of our B2C revenue it is substantially higher than the average for consumer offerings that runs typically at 5 to 7% of sales. This needs to be urgently reviewed. Indeed, it may call into question the recommendations of our current advertising agency.

The HR staffing recommendation ratio is based on one person per \$2m sales. To reduce this and lower the advertising expenditure you may need to consider appropriate Actions.

- b. **Sales & Distribution** has focused on close personal relationships with B2B and B2C.
  - i. The HR recommendation for salespeople uses a ratio of one person per \$1.5m of sales. This is a well-established number used in prior years based on:
    - 1. The sales force is focused 50% on B2B customers the rest is focused on B2C distribution. There are approximately 3,600 B2B customers each yielding an average of \$80,000 in revenue. This

- means each sales person yields \$1,500,000 for a wage of \$100,000 on average.
- 2. The 50% of the salesforce focused on B2C distribution and responsible for \$2m approx. in sales.
- ii. To plan on reducing the salesforce we would need to commit to specific efficiency initiatives that would underpin productivity.
- iii. Social Media expenditure falls under Sales & Distribution in the accounts. 30% of current S&D discretionary expenditure is devoted to social media. This is about 0.002% of revenue. The rest is promotions with customers and likely to stay constant. The amount budgeted for social media needs to be negotiated with Marketing. Research indicates a social media spend in the region of 1 to 2% of sales mainly focused on search engines.
- c. **Customer Support**: the Discretionary Expenditure amount is not really discretionary as most of it is warranty. To reduce the cost of warranty currently at 3% of sales you must consider the Actions suggested so any reduction in this number must be justified by Actions taken.
- d. **Logistics & IT** is also not really reducible in the short term as it reflects IT and supply chain expenses that are contractually locked in. At present there is nothing you can do about this number and it will be automatically inserted by budgeting officers
- e. Product Development Discretionary expenses are linked to 'approved' development projects and is locked in for this period. Insert the number in the budget data above. Opportunities to review projects will occur in Period 2.
- f. **Contingency Costs:** We recommend that you use 3% of gross margin for contingency costs that will fall out of the acquisition. This is a planning number agreed by the Excom and Board and will be inserted by Accounting
- g. **Administrative costs** have been steady at 5% of gross margin for some years. That number will be automatically included by Accounting.

#### **NOTE**

From: John Rouse VP HR

To: Mary Gerhardt. CEO

**Subject: Current Climate in XYZ** 

Rumors have been circulating since the acquisition that Munro Investments is looking to asset strip XYZ Ltd. Your Excom Memo contradicts this. However, these are not totally illogical ideas. XYZ has a non-dominant share of its market. Our returns for the past few years have not been stellar – rather stable but unexciting. We have indeed become inward-looking and a "country club culture" focused on our own needs and desires and self-convinced that 'people are our greatest asset!". The bulk of the people believe your role is to spruce us up for sale or to massively downsize to squeeze out every penny. Even downsizing by attrition will be a terrible shock.

As to the creation of NewCo, the prevailing view is that this new opportunity will be either a disaster or a brilliant move – depends on who you talk to. Virtual reality is not a new thought; indeed, it has been around for years. The issue is whether the technology and the mental disorientation problems that have held it back have been solved. Regardless, the role of XYZ is to bankroll this project in dollars and people. As Market Watch pointed out, this is the classic 'cash cow'. Within months our best people may be gone, the best candidates will not want to join, we will have lost our market position and we will be a husk sucked dry in the pursuit of --- what?

You are inheriting an emotionally drained organization. The death of Alec Waters hit the company hard. Not only was he hugely respected and liked, he was fierce in his protection of the firm, its people, and its market position. The loss of the Founders is seen – emotionally I agree – as abandonment and hypocrisy from people who claim to be people-oriented; this has left a legacy of anger. In short, the best people are polishing their resumes and our weaker brethren are simply depressed. On top of all this, the people in what is to be LegacyCo are convinced that we will see no improvement, other than this new project, which is of no value to them. At the senior level, it is assumed that you will be bringing in your own team. This disturbs some; others that have been here for years may be amenable to a 'package'. They see little being done to build the firm's creative vitality. This is a small community and XYZ is a significant employer, our employees have family and friends who have lost their jobs recently or had their earnings crimped by the digital revolution. They feel in their hearts that something is wrong and that you are the stop-gap or sacrificial lamb for the Founders' refusal to invest.

I thought you should know what you are stepping into.