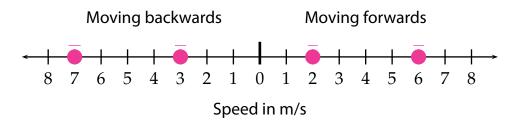
Velocity

tells you how quick	aly something	moves.	
Sometimes you also need	to know whic	n way it is moving.	
If you know the speed	-	, then you know the velocity . _ m/s and the direction doesn't matter.	
I ran away from the bear a	t 4 m/s.	4 m/s is the, away from the bear is the, away from the bear at 4 m/s is the	

1 Tick or cross to show in each case whether you know the speed, the direction and/or the velocity. In some rows you will need to make more than one tick.

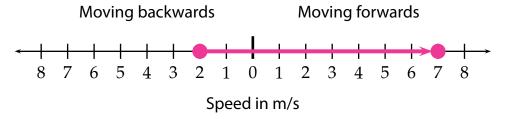
Description	Speed	Direction	Velocity
The athlete ran at 8 m/s.			
The seagull flew west.			
The bus goes at 30 mph into town.			
The cafe is 500 m further along the road.			
The skydiver fell at 140 mph.			
The rounders player waited at third base.			



2 Complete the table to show the speeds, directions and velocities labelled on the scale.

Label	Speed	Direction	Velocity
Α			
В			
C			
D			

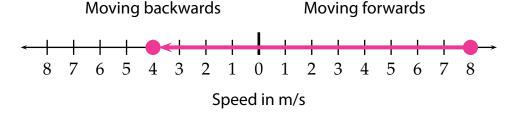
- A dog runs at 5 m/s towards a cat. The cat scratches the dog and the dog runs away at 5 m/s.
 - (a) Has the dog's speed changed?
 - (b) Has the dog's velocity changed?
- 4 A roller coaster begins by moving backwards at 2 m/s. It then moves at 7 m/s forwards. The velocities are shown on this scale. The arrow shows the velocity change.



The velocity change is _____ forwards (the length of the arrow).

(a) What was the old speed?

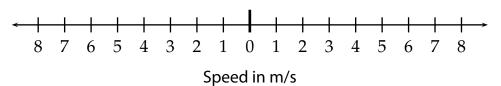
- (b) What is the new speed?
- (c) How much has the speed changed?
- (d) Is the speed change the same as the velocity change?
- A squash ball is hit forwards at 8 m/s. It bounces off a wall and then moves at 4 m/s backwards. The velocities are shown on this scale. The arrow shows the velocity change.



- (a) What is the velocity change?
- (b) How much has the speed changed?

An swimmer swims towards the edge of a pool at 3 m/s. They reach the edge, turn round and swim back at the same speed.

Moving away from the edge Moving towards the edge



- (a) Mark the old and new velocities on the scale.
- (b) Mark the velocity change on the scale.
- (c) What is the velocity change?
- 7 Calculate the velocity change in each case.
 - (a) A cyclist speeds up from 2 m/s to 10 m/s on a straight road.
 - (b) A truck slows down from 15 m/s to 5 m/s on a straight road.
 - (c) A ball hits the floor at 7 m/s and bounces upwards at 5 m/s.
 - (d) A trolley is pushed up a ramp at 2 m/s but later rolls down it at 3 m/s.
- 8 A player throws a netball upwards at 6 m/s. Just before it is caught it is falling at 6 m/s.
 - (a) What is the velocity change?
 - (b) What is the change in speed?
- 9 A TV satellite orbits the Earth in a circle at a steady speed. Does its velocity change as it goes round the Earth? Explain your answer.