Pressure Practice

Fill in the blanks using the words force, pressure and area:

A farmer needs to drive a van into a muddy field.

To stop it getting stuck in the mud, the farmer gets some planks of wood. They put them across the field, and drive the van so that the wheels stay on the planks.

The farmer explains it like this: The planks have a large _____ and spread out the _____ so that the _____ is much lower. This means that the wheels don't sink.

- 2 Do you want a high or low pressure? How did you decide?
 - (a) Under a cook's knife blade as it cuts an onion
 - (b) Under a chopping board for protecting the kitchen surface from the knife



A carpenter is hammering a nail into a board. Complete the table to compare the force, pressure and area of the point of the nail compared to its head. Choose from the words larger, smaller and equal.

	On point of nail compared to head,
Area	area is
Pressure	pressure is
Force	force is



- 4 The fluid in the jack used in a lift is at a pressure of 25 N/cm^2 .
 - (a) Complete the sentence: The force on $1~{\rm cm}^2$ is newtons.
 - (b) Work out the force on a 200 cm² piston using an equation.

force (N) = pressure (N/cm²)
$$\times$$
 area (cm²)
= 25 \times 200

(c) Work out the force on a 15 cm² piston.

force (N) = pressure (N/cm²)
$$\times$$
 area (cm²)
= 25 \times 15

(d) Work out the force for a 100 cm^2 piston used in the lift.

5	Calculate the force on these areas if the pressure is $100 \mathrm{N/cm^2}$. (a) $3 \mathrm{cm^2}$ (b) $0.5 \mathrm{cm^2}$		
 A	oressure of $30 \text{ N/m}^2 = 30 \text{ Pa means that there is a force of } \frac{30 \text{ N}}{20 \text{ N}} = 30 \text{$		
6	Calculate the force on these areas if the pressure is 100000 Pa (atmospheric pressure). (a) $0.02\mathrm{m}^2$ (c) $0.0001\mathrm{m}^2$ (which is $1\mathrm{cm}^2$)		
	(b) 200 m^2 (d) 300 cm^2		
7	An $80\mathrm{N}$ force is spread over a $400\mathrm{cm}^2$ area.		
	(a) Force on $1 \text{ cm}^2 = \boxed{} \div \boxed{} = \boxed{} \text{newtons}$		
	(b) Complete the sentence: The pressure (in N/cm^2) is		
	(c) A 160 N force is applied over 400 cm^2 . Work out the pressure using an equation. force (N) = pressure (N/cm ²) × area (cm ²) $160 = \times 400$		
	(d) Work out the pressure if 3 kN is applied over an area of 15 cm 2 . $(1 \text{ kN} = 1000 \text{ N})$		
8	Calculate the pressure (in N/cm ²) for these forces and areas.		
	(a) A $650\mathrm{N}$ person wearing dancing shoes. Each heel has an area of $1.3\mathrm{cm}^2$. All of their weight is supported by the heels.		
	(b) A 48000 N elephant standing on four feet. Each foot has area $3000\mathrm{cm}^2$.		
9	A thick polystyrene sheet is floating on water. It will support a weight while floating, providing the pressure on the water is no more than $0.02~\rm N/cm^2$.		
	(a) At this pressure, What is the force on 1 cm ² ?		
	(b) We want to support a $10~\mathrm{N}$ weight. How many $0.02~\mathrm{N}$ forces is this?		
	(c) What area of polystyrene is needed? (Each $0.02~\mathrm{N}$ force acts on $1~\mathrm{cm}^2$.)		

(d) Work out the area needed to support a 40 N chicken using an equation.

force (N) = pressure (N/cm²)
$$\times$$
 area (cm²)
 $=$ 0.02 \times

(e) Work out the area needed to support a 650 N weight.

10 A force is 60 N. Calculate the area to make these pressures.

(a) 240 N/cm^2

(b) 12 N/cm^2

11 Complete the word equations.

(a) force =

(b) pressure =

12 Use your understanding of pressure, or the equations, to calculate

- (a) the pressure when a 500 N teenager stands on a 200 cm² block.
- (b) the force when a 20 N/cm^2 pressure fluid pushes a 0.5 cm^2 piston.
- (c) the area if a 50 N force makes a 5000 N/cm² pressure.
- (d) the pressure of a $270\,000\,\mathrm{N}$ truck on tyres with total area $1.5\,\mathrm{m}^2$. Answer in kPa.

Areas can also be measured in square millimetres. $1 \text{ mm}^2 = 0.1 \text{ cm} \times 0.1 \text{ cm} = 0.01 \text{ cm}^2$.

- 13 A drawing pin has a flat area of $1.2~\rm cm^2$ and a point area of $1.2~\rm mm^2$. A person pushes it into a wall with a force of $30~\rm N$. Calculate or state
 - (a) the pressure on the flat area in N/cm²,
 - (b) the force on the point in N,
 - (c) the pressure on the point in N/mm²,
 - (d) the pressure on the point in N/cm^2 .