

Weight Practice

- 1 Are these describing weight or mass? Decide each one separately.
 - (a) It is a force.
 - (b) It is measured in grams.
 - (c) It measures how much stuff something is made of.
 - (d) It makes things hard to hold up for long.

- 2 A space delivery company ships a box of apples to the Moon to feed explorers. On Earth the mass was 12 kg and the weight was 120 N. The gravity field on the Moon is six times weaker than on Earth.
 - (a) What is the mass of the box once it gets to the Moon?
 - (b) What is the weight of the box once it gets to the Moon?

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- 3 Work out the numbers which needs to go in the boxes to make the equations true

$$\boxed{} = 7 \times 10$$

$$\boxed{} = 15 \times 3$$

$$\boxed{} = 0.80 \times 7$$

- 4 Work out the numbers which needs to go in the boxes to make the equations true

$$90 = \boxed{} \times 10$$

$$75 = \boxed{} \times 3$$

$$42 = \boxed{} \times 7$$

$$\text{weight (N) on Earth} = \text{mass (kg)} \times 10$$

$$\text{weight (N) on Venus} = \text{mass (kg)} \times 7$$

- 5 Work out these weights using the equations:

- (a) 8 kg parcel on Earth

$$\text{weight (N)} = \text{mass (kg)} \times 10$$

$$\boxed{} = \boxed{8} \times 10$$

- (b) 12 kg of soil on Venus

$$\text{weight (N)} = \text{mass (kg)} \times 7$$

$$\boxed{} = \boxed{12} \times 7$$

- 6 Work out these masses using the equations:

- (a) 1500 N llama on Earth

$$\text{weight (N)} = \text{mass (kg)} \times 10$$

$$\boxed{1500} = \boxed{} \times 10$$

- (b) 140 N electric scooter on Venus

$$\text{weight (N)} = \text{mass (kg)} \times 7$$

$$\boxed{140} = \boxed{} \times 7$$

7 On Earth, what is the rule for working out the weight in newtons

(a) if you are given the mass in kg?

(b) if you are given the mass in g? $1 \text{ kg} = 1000 \text{ g}$

8 Calculate the weight of these masses.

(a) 4.0 kg on Earth

(c) 0.3 kg on Venus

(e) 350 g on Venus

(b) 8.0 kg on Earth

(d) 7.2 kg on Venus

(f) 15 g on Earth

9 Calculate the mass (in kg) of these weights.

(a) 80 N on Earth

(c) 480 N on Venus

(e) 2.5 N on Earth

(b) 30 N on Earth

(d) 28 N on Venus

(f) 0.35 N on Venus

10 Calculate the mass (in g) of these weights on Earth. $1 \text{ kg} = 1000 \text{ g}$

(a) 6.5 N

(b) 0.3 N

(c) 0.07 N

11 Complete the word equations.

(a) weight =

(b) mass =

(c) g =

12 Complete the equations using symbols.

W is the weight, m is the mass and g is the gravitational field strength

(a) $W =$

(b) $g =$

(c) $m =$

13 On a planet where $g = 14 \text{ N/kg}$, what is W when $m = 52 \text{ kg}$?

The table below shows the gravitational field strengths at the surfaces of different objects in our Solar System.

Space object	Mercury	Jupiter	Saturn	Ceres	Sun	Pluto
g (N/kg)	3.7	24.7	10.5	0.27	290	0.5

14 What is the weight of...

(a) a 62 kg teenager on Mercury?

(d) a 800 kg small car on Saturn?

(b) a 62 kg teenager on Jupiter?

(e) a 1400 kg van on Pluto?

(c) a 62 kg teenager on the Sun?

(f) a 2300 kg minibus on Ceres?

15 How many kilograms of mass would you need to weigh...

(a) 21 N on Saturn?

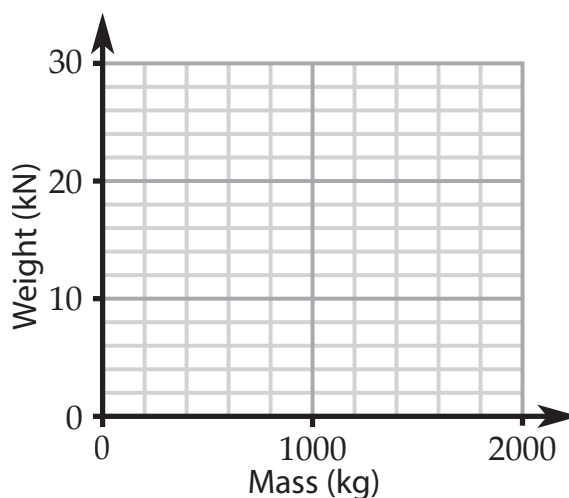
(c) 29 N on the Sun?

(b) 0.5 N on Pluto?

(d) 200 N on Ceres?

16 The weights of some objects on a new planet are given in the table.

Object	Mass (kg)	Weight (N)	Weight (kN)
Motorcycle	200	3000	
Car	1200	18 000	
Hippo	2000	30 000	
Walrus	1500	22 500	



(a) Fill in the column with weights in kN. 1 kN = 1000 N

(b) Plot a graph of weight against mass. Add a best fit straight line.

(c) What is the weight of a 1800 kg giraffe? Use the graph.

(d) Choose a point on your straight line, and use it to work out the gravitational field strength on this planet.