

Buffers 1

Essential Pre-Uni Chemistry J5.1

Subject & topics: Chemistry | Physical | Acids & Bases Stage & difficulty: A Level P2

Sodium dihydrogenphosphate has a pK_a value of 7.2. Give the pH of a buffer formed by mixing equal amounts of sodium dihydrogenphosphate and disodium hydrogenphosphate in aqueous solution.



Buffers 2

Essential Pre-Uni Chemistry J5.2

Propanoic acid has a p $K_{\rm a}$ value of 4.9 and is highly soluble in water. If $200\,{\rm cm^3}$ of propanoic acid solution at $2.0\,{\rm mol\,dm^{-3}}$ is treated with $800\,{\rm cm^3}$ of potassium propanoate solution at $1.0\,{\rm mol\,dm^{-3}}$, give the pH of the resulting buffer.

Question deck:



Buffers 3

Essential Pre-Uni Chemistry J5.3

Subject & topics: Chemistry | Physical | Acids & Bases Stage & difficulty: A Level P2

Given that benzoic acid has a $K_{\rm a}$ of $6.3 \times 10^{-5} \, {
m mol \, dm^{-3}}$, calculate the pH of a buffer containing equal amounts of benzoic acid and sodium benzoate.

Question deck:



Buffers 4

Essential Pr	e-Uni Che	mistry J5.4
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Subject & topics: Chemistry | Physical | Acids & Bases Stage & difficulty: A Level P2

Part A (a)
Given that methanoic acid has a $K_{\rm a}$ of $1.6 imes 10^{-4}{ m moldm^{-3}}$, calculate the pH of a solution containing $25{ m mmol}$ of methanoic acid and $40{ m mmol}$ of potassium methanoate.
Part B (b)
Given that methanoic acid has a $K_{\rm a}$ of $1.6 imes 10^{-4}{ m moldm^{-3}}$, calculate the pH of a solution containing $0.40{ m mol}$ of methanoic acid and $0.32{ m mol}$ of magnesium methanoate.

Question deck:



Buffers 5

Essential	Pre-Uni	Chemistry	/ J5.5
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Part A (a)	
Given that methanoic acid has a $K_{\rm a}$ of $1.6 imes 10^{-4}{ m moldm^{-3}}$, calculate the pH obtained when $100{ m cm^3}$ of $0.25{ m moldm^{-3}}$ methanoic acid is treated with $10{ m cm^3}$ of $0.50{ m moldm^{-3}}$ sodium hydroxide.	
Part B (b)	
Given that methanoic acid has a $K_{\rm a}$ of $1.6 imes 10^{-4} { m mol dm^{-3}}$, calculate the pH of the solution obtained when sodium methanoate is dissolved in $40 { m cm^3}$ of $0.10 { m mol dm^{-3}}$ hydrochloric acid.	າ 1.7 g of

Question deck:



Buffers 6

Essential Pre-Uni Chemistry J5.6

Subject & topics: Chemistry | Physical | Acids & Bases Stage & difficulty: A Level P3

Calculate the volume of $2.00\,\mathrm{mol\,dm^{-3}~KOH}$ that should be added to $60.0\,\mathrm{cm^3}$ of $1.00\,\mathrm{mol\,dm^{-3}~H_3PO_4}$ to make a buffer solution of pH 2.00, given the p K_a of phosphoric(V) acid is 2.10.

(Hint: work out the quantity in moles of acid used and then alkali required, rather than trying to use concentrations throughout.)

Question deck:



Buffers 8

Essential	Pre-Uni	Chemistr	y J5.8
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Subject & topics: Chemistry | Physical | Acids & Bases Stage & difficulty: A Level P2

A buffer solution made from "CHES" has a pH of 8.8 and contains $300\,\mu\mathrm{mol}$ of "CHES" and $95\,\mu\mathrm{mol}$ of its conjugate base.

Calculate the $\mathrm{p}K_{\mathrm{a}}$ of CHES.

Question deck:



Buffers 9

Essential Pre-Uni Chemistry J5.9

Subject & topics: Chemistry | Physical | Acids & Bases Stage & difficulty: A Level P3

A buffer made from "hexamine" containing $0.00250\,\mathrm{mol\,dm^{-3}}$ of hexamine and $0.00180\,\mathrm{mol\,dm^{-3}}$ of its conjugate acid has a pH of 5.03. Calculate the pK_b of hexamine.

Question deck:



Buffers 10

Essential Pre-Uni Chemistry J5.10

Subject & topics: Chemistry | Physical | Acids & Bases Stage & difficulty: A Level P3

A buffer of pH 7.8 is prepared by taking $200\,\mathrm{cm^3}$ of $0.020\,\mathrm{mol\,dm^{-3}}$ "tris" solution and adding dilute hydrochloric acid from a burette until the pH is correct. If this requires $1.35\,\mathrm{cm^3}$ of $2.0\,\mathrm{mol\,dm^{-3}}$ HCl (aq), calculate the p K_a of the conjugate acid of "tris".

Question deck:



Buffers 7

Essential Pre-Uni Chemistry J5.7

N.B. This question is significantly harder

Calculate the mass of sodium carbonate decahydrate, $\rm Na_2CO_3 \cdot 10\,H_2O$, that should be added to $\rm 2.5\,dm^3$ of $\rm 0.40\,mol\,dm^{-3}$ nitric acid to make a buffer of pH 10.5, given that the p K_a of hydrogencarbonate is 10.3.

Assume: (1) That no ${
m CO}_2$ is given off in the reaction. (2) That the nitric acid just determines the hydrogencarbonate concentration and does not participate in the buffer, so that the hydrogencarbonate concentration is obtained from the reaction,

$$\mathrm{HNO_3} + \mathrm{Na_2CO_3} \longrightarrow \mathrm{NaHCO_3} + \mathrm{NaNO_3}$$