## **Momentum Practice**

Fill in the blanks in these sentences.

Use the words N, momentum, velocity, resultant force, second, multiply.

measures how hard it is to start or stop something moving.

If a trolley has 100 kg m/s of momentum, then it will need a 100 to stop it in one

To calculate the momentum, you the mass by the

Calculate the momentum of a 0.15 kg tennis ball served at 40 m/s.

momentum (kg m/s) =mass (kg) velocity (m/s) 0.15 X

- Calculate the momentum of a  $150\,000$  kg whale swimming at 6 m/s.
- Calculate the momentum of
  - (a) a 75 kg jogger running at 2.5 m/s,
  - (b) a 25 kg child running at 2.5 m/s,
  - (c) a 75 kg cyclist riding at 7.0 m/s.
- Look at your answers to question 4 and complete these sentences. Use the words mass, velocity, harder, easier, higher and lower.

(a) The cyclist is to stop than the jogger because they have a

(b) The child is to stop than the jogger because they have a

- For each pair, work out which one is harder to stop in terms of force.
  - (a) A 250 kg tiger running at 20 m/s or an 3000 kg elephant walking at 0.6 m/s.
  - (b) A 3000 kg jet at 500 m/s or a 20 000 000 kg ship at 11 m/s.
  - (c) A 300 kg horse at 15 m/s or a 90 kg ski jumper at 25 m/s.

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7	A loaded supermarket trolley requires a $45\mathrm{N}$ force to stop it in one second. (a) Write down the momentum of the trolley when it was moving.
	(b) The mass is $15$ kg. Work out the velocity of the trolley using an equation momentum (kg m/s) $=$ mass (kg) $\times$ velocity (m/s) $=$ 15 $\times$
8	A rising fish has 18 kg m/s of momentum.
	(a) If its mass is 12 kg, how fast is it going?
9	A loaded supermarket trolley requires a 60 N force to stop it in one second.
	(a) Write down the momentum of the trolley when it was moving.
	(b) The velocity was $0.8\mathrm{m/s}$ . Work out the mass of the trolley using an equation
	$momentum (kg m/s) = mass (kg) \times velocity (m/s)$
	× 0.8
10	Complete the word equations using momentum, mass and velocity.
	(a) momentum= (b) velocity = (c) mass =
11	Complete the equation for working out the force needed to stop a moving object.

- 12 A 75 kg passenger is riding in a tram at 6 m/s.
  - (a) How much force is needed to stop them in one second?
  - (b) How much force would be needed to stop them in two seconds?

