

Energy Stores

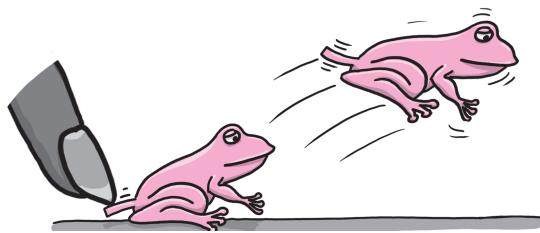
Energy things to happen, it **does not make** things happen - just like money allows you to buy a packet of sweets, but it doesn't buy the sweets.

The energy of an object is stored in an energy store. Energy can be transferred from one energy store to another.

Energy has units of **J** or **J**. Here are some energy stores:

- Gravitational potential energy
- Elastic potential energy
- Kinetic energy
- Nuclear energy

- Electrostatic energy
- Magnetic energy
- Chemical energy
- Thermal energy



The **total energy** of a _____ is _____. Energy can not be _____ or _____. This is the **Law of conservation of energy**.

Total energy stored before = total energy stored after

- 4 A bank of batteries is used to power a hot plate to heat up cup of water. Every time the water's temperature increased by 1°C , the amount of energy left in the battery was measured. This was recorded in the table below.

Chemical energy left in batteries (J)	5000	4000	3000	2000	1000	0
Thermal energy of water (J)	1000	2000	3000	4000	5000	6000

- (a) How much chemical energy did the battery bank have at the start?

(b) How much energy is needed to increase the water's temperature by $1\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$?

(c) How much energy would you need to increase the water's temperature from $6\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $10\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, that is increase its thermal energy from 6000 J to 10000 J ?

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- 5 A ball rolls up a ramp and comes to a rest at the top. At the bottom of the ramp, it has a kinetic energy store of 1 J .

(a) To what store has the energy transferred to?

(b) How much is in the new energy store of the ball?

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- 6 A toy train moves up a ramp. When it gets to the top of the ramp, it is still moving. The train's battery has 3 J in its chemical store.

(a) To what stores has the energy transferred to?

(b) If 1 J of energy went to the potential energy store of the train, how much is in the other store?

Energy can be _____ from the _____ to its surroundings. This energy is **dissipated**. It is stored in a _____ store.

- 7 The brakes stop the bicycle when the cyclist comes to a red light. Before putting on the breaks, they had 270 J .

(a) How much energy is in the thermal energy store of the breaks once the bike has stopped?

(b) Can this store usefully be used by the cyclist?

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- 8 When a football is kicked, it changes shape and makes a noise, before moving away.

(a) Which energy stores does the ball have when it is being kicked?

(b) The foot has a kinetic energy of 100 J . One tenth of this is dissipated by sound waves and heat. How much of the useful kinetic energy store is left?