

Home Gameboard

d Maths

Algebra

Series

Expand and Simplify Binomials

Expand and Simplify Binomials



Part A $(x+1)^4$

Expand and simplify $(x+1)^4$.

The following symbols may be useful: x

Part B $(z+2a)^3$

Expand and simplify $(z+2a)^3$.

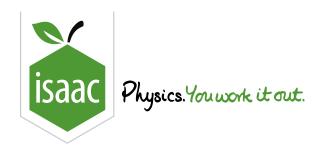
The following symbols may be useful: a, z

Part C $(a-b)^5$

Expand and simplify $(a - b)^5$.

The following symbols may be useful: a, b

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Home Gameboard Maths Algebra Series Find Coefficients 2

Find Coefficients 2



Without expanding the binomials, find:

Part A Coefficient of x^4y^6

The coefficient of x^4y^6 in the expansion of $(x^2+3y^2)^5$.

Part B Coefficient of x^{20}

The coefficient of x^{20} in the expansion of $(x^2+3x)^{12}$.

Part C The coefficient of ab^7

The coefficient of ab^7 in the expansion of $(a+\frac{1}{4}b)^8$.

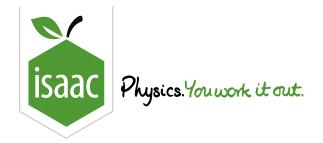
Part D Constant term

The constant term in the expansion of $\left(\frac{x^2}{2}-\frac{8}{x}\right)^9$.

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Group and Expand



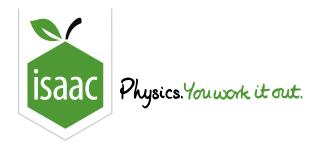
Expand $(1-2x+3x^2)^7$ in ascending powers of x as far as x^3 .

The following symbols may be useful: x

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Binomial: All Rational n 2i

Binomial: All Rational n 2i



Part A Expansion

Expand $(1-4x)^{\frac{1}{4}}$ in ascending powers of x, up to and including the term in x^3 .

The following symbols may be useful: x

Part B Values of a and b

The term of lowest degree in the expansion of

$$\left(1+ax
ight)\left(1+bx^2
ight)^7-\left(1-4x
ight)^{rac{1}{4}}$$

in ascending powers of x is the term x^3 . Find the values of the constants a and b.

What is the value of a?

The following symbols may be useful: a

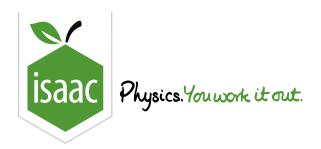
What is the value of b?

The following symbols may be useful: b

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Binomial: All Rational n 1i

Binomial: All Rational n 1i



Part A Partial Fractions

Given that
$$\frac{3x+4}{(1+x)(2+x)^2}\equiv \frac{A}{1+x}+\frac{B}{2+x}+\frac{C}{(2+x)^2}$$
, find A , B , and C .

Find A.

The following symbols may be useful: A

Find B.

The following symbols may be useful: B

Find C.

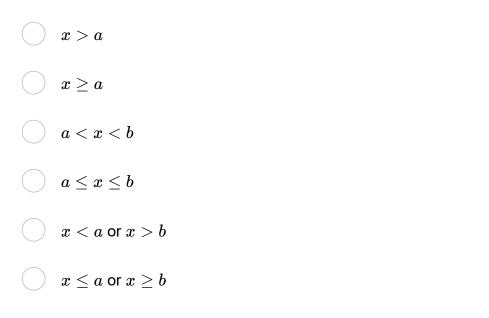
The following symbols may be useful: c

Part B Expand

Hence or otherwise expand $\frac{3x+4}{(1+x)(2+x)^2}$ in ascending powers of x, up to and including the term in x^2 .

The following symbols may be useful: x

State the set of values of x for which the expansion in the above part is valid. What form does your answer take? Choose from the list below, where a and b are constants and a < b, and then find a and/or b. x < a $x \le a$ x > a





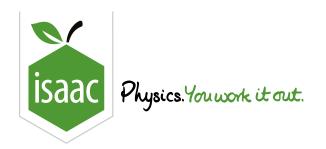
Write down the value of b (or if your chosen form has no b, write "n").

The following symbols may be useful: n

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Maclaurin Series - Binomial



Part A Expand $(1+r)^{\frac{1}{3}}$ and find $1.1^{\frac{1}{3}}$ and $9^{\frac{1}{3}}$

Expand $(1+r)^{\frac{1}{3}}$ up to the term in r^3 .

The following symbols may be useful: r

Hence, using your expansion, find $(1.1)^{\frac{1}{3}}$ to 3 decimal places.

Now, using your expansion again, find $9^{\frac{1}{3}}$ to 2 decimal places.

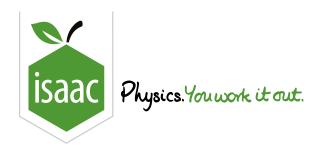
Part B Electric field on the axis of a charged sheet

The electric field E on the axis of a uniformly charged circular sheet at a distance z from the centre of the sheet is given by

$$E = rac{\sigma}{2\epsilon_0} \left[1 - rac{z}{\sqrt{z^2 + a^2}}
ight]$$

where σ is the charge per unit area on the sheet and a is the radius of the sheet. Show that in the limit when $z\gg a$ the field on the axis is such that $E\approx \frac{A}{z^2}$ and find A.

The following symbols may be useful: A, a, epsilon_0, sigma, z



<u>Home</u> <u>Gameboard</u> Maths Algebra Series Maclaurin Series - Cos & Sin 1

Maclaurin Series - Cos & Sin 1

Further A						
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Part A	Find the	cosine	of the	angle	$0.2\mathrm{rad}$
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Find, using a Maclaurin expansion, the cosine of the angle $0.2 \mathrm{rad}$, correct to 3 decimal place	Find. ι	usina a	a Maclaurin	expansion.	the cosine	of the angle	$0.2\mathrm{rad}$	correct to 3	decimal	places
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Part B Find the sine of the angle $0.08\,\mathrm{rad}$

Find, using a Maclaurin expansion, the sine of the angle 0.08 rad, correct to 2 significant figures.

Part C Potential energy of mass on pendulum

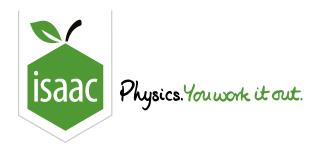
A pendulum consists of a point mass m suspended on a light string of length l. When the string makes an angle of ϕ to the vertical its potential energy relative to the point where $\phi=0$ is given by $mgl(1-\cos\phi)$. Show that for $\phi\ll 1$ the potential energy is given approximately by $A_0\phi^2$ and find an expression for A_0 .

The following symbols may be useful: g, 1, m

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Maclaurin Series - In

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Part A Expand $\ln(1+z)$ and hence $\ln(2+4y)$

Algebra

(i) Write down the Maclaurin expansion of $\ln(1+z)$ up to the term in z^3 .

The following symbols may be useful: z

(ii) By re-writing $\ln(2+4y)$ in the form $A + \ln(1+z)$, where A is a constant, find the Maclaurin expansion of $\ln(2+4y)$ up to the term in y^3 .

The following symbols may be useful: y, z

Part B Expand $\ln(\frac{1+q}{1-q})$

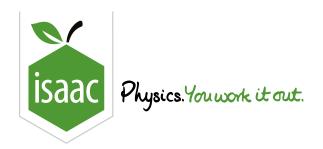
Find the first 4 non-zero terms in the Maclaurin expansion of $\ln\left(\frac{1+q}{1-q}\right)$.

The following symbols may be useful: q

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a Series

Maclaurin Series - Exponentials 2

Maclaurin Series - Exponentials 2



Part A Expand $A\mathrm{e}^{-\alpha t}$

Expand $A\mathrm{e}^{-\alpha t}$ up to the term in t^2 .

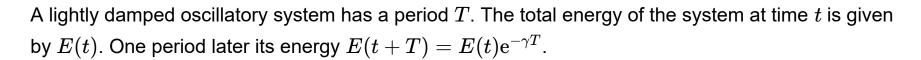
The following symbols may be useful: A, alpha, p, t

Part B Expand $\mathrm{e}^p - \mathrm{e}^{-p}$

Find the first two non-zero terms in the Maclaurin expansion of ${
m e}^p-{
m e}^{-p}.$

The following symbols may be useful: A, alpha, p, t

Part C Energy decay in oscillations



(i) Find an expression for the fractional change in energy in one cycle.

The following symbols may be useful: T, e, gamma

(ii) On the assumption that $\gamma T\ll 1$ find an approximate expression for the fractional change in energy in one cycle.

The following symbols may be useful: T, e, gamma

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