

# **Expand and Simplify Binomials**

Pre-Uni Maths for Sciences C1.1

Subject & topics: Maths | Algebra | Series Stage & difficulty: A Level P1

Part A

$$(x+1)^4$$

Expand and simplify  $(x+1)^4$ .

The following symbols may be useful: x

Part B

$$(z + 2a)^3$$

Expand and simplify  $(z+2a)^3$ .

The following symbols may be useful: a, z

Part C

$$(a - b)^5$$

Expand and simplify  $(a-b)^5$ .

The following symbols may be useful: a, b

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### Find Coefficients 2

Pre-Uni Maths for Sciences C1.3

Subject & topics: Maths | Algebra | Series Stage & difficulty: A Level P1

Without expanding the binomials, find:

### Part A

Coefficient of  $x^4y^6$ 

The coefficient of  $x^4y^6$  in the expansion of  $(x^2+3y^2)^5$  .

### Part B

Coefficient of  $x^{20}$ 

The coefficient of  $x^{20}$  in the expansion of  $(x^2+3x)^{12}$ .

### Part C

The coefficient of  $ab^7$ 

The coefficient of  $ab^7$  in the expansion of  $(a + \frac{1}{4}b)^8$ .

### Part D

### **Constant term**

The constant term in the expansion of  $\left(\frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{8}{x}\right)^9$ .

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Question deck:



## **Group and Expand**

Pre-Uni Maths for Sciences C1.5

Subject & topics: Maths | Algebra | Series Stage & difficulty: A Level P1

Expand  $(1-2x+3x^2)^7$  in ascending powers of x as far as  $x^3$ .

The following symbols may be useful: x

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Question deck:



### Binomial: All Rational n 2i

Subject & topics: Maths Stage & difficulty: A Level P2

### Part A

### **Expansion**

Expand  $(1-4x)^{\frac{1}{4}}$  in ascending powers of x, up to and including the term in  $x^3$ .

The following symbols may be useful: x

### Part B

### Values of a and b

The term of lowest degree in the expansion of

$$\left(1+ax
ight)\left(1+bx^2
ight)^7-\left(1-4x
ight)^{rac{1}{4}}$$

in ascending powers of x is the term in  $x^3$ . Find the values of the constants a and b.

$$a =$$

$$b = \bigcirc$$

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### Question deck:



### Binomial: All Rational n 1i

Subject & topics: Maths Stage & difficulty: A Level P2

### Part A

### **Partial Fractions**

Given that 
$$\dfrac{3x+4}{(1+x)(2+x)^2}\equiv\dfrac{A}{1+x}+\dfrac{B}{2+x}+\dfrac{C}{(2+x)^2}$$
 , find  $A,B$  , and  $C.$ 

If a value is not a whole number, enter the value as a decimal.

$$A = \bigcap$$

$$B = \bigcap$$

$$C = \bigcap$$

#### Part B

### **Expand**

Hence or otherwise expand  $\frac{3x+4}{(1+x)(2+x)^2}$  in ascending powers of x, up to and including the term in  $x^2$ .

The following symbols may be useful: x

# 18/09/2025, 08:53 Binomial: All Rational n 1i — Isaac Science Part C Values of xState the set of values of $\boldsymbol{x}$ for which the expansion in the above part is valid. Construct your answer from the items below. Items: $\left[ \geq x \quad ext{ or } \quad x \geq ight]$ $\leq x \leq$ > x or x >

Used with permission from UCLES A-level Maths papers, 2003-2017.

Question deck:



### Maclaurin Series - Binomial

Subject & topics: Maths | Algebra | Series Stage & difficulty: A Level P2, Further A P1

# Part A $\mathsf{Expand}\ (1+r)^{rac{1}{3}}$

Expand  $(1+r)^{\frac{1}{3}}$  up to the term in  $r^3$ .

The following symbols may be useful: r

# Part B $\label{eq:Find 1.1} \textbf{Find } 1.1^{\frac{1}{3}}$

Hence, using your expansion, find  $(1.1)^{rac{1}{3}}$  to 3 decimal places.

# Part C Find $9^{\frac{1}{3}}$

Now, using your expansion again, find  $9^{\frac{1}{3}}$  to 2 decimal places.

### Part D

### Electric field on the axis of a charged sheet

The electric field E on the axis of a uniformly charged circular sheet at a distance z from the centre of the sheet is given by

$$E = rac{\sigma}{2\epsilon_0} \left[ 1 - rac{z}{\sqrt{z^2 + a^2}} 
ight]$$

where  $\sigma$  is the charge per unit area on the sheet and a is the radius of the sheet. Show that in the limit when  $z\gg a$  the field on the axis is such that  $E\approx \frac{A}{z^2}$  and find A.

The following symbols may be useful: A, a, epsilon\_0, sigma, z

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Question deck:



### Maclaurin Series - Cos & Sin 1

Pre-Uni Maths for Sciences C3.6

Subject & topics: Maths | Algebra | Series Stage & difficulty: Further A C2, University C1

### Part A

### Find the cosine of the angle $0.2\,\mathrm{rad}$

Find, using a Maclaurin expansion, the cosine of the angle  $0.2\,\mathrm{rad}$ , correct to 3 decimal places.

#### Part B

### Find the sine of the angle $0.08\,\mathrm{rad}$

Find, using a Maclaurin expansion, the sine of the angle 0.08 rad, correct to 2 significant figures.

### Part C

### Potential energy of mass on pendulum

A pendulum consists of a point mass m suspended on a light string of length l. When the string makes an angle of  $\phi$  to the vertical its potential energy relative to the point where  $\phi=0$  is given by  $mgl(1-\cos\phi)$ . Show that for  $\phi\ll 1$  the potential energy is given approximately by  $A_0\phi^2$  and find an expression for  $A_0$ .

The following symbols may be useful: g, 1, m

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Question deck:



### Maclaurin Series - In

Pre-Uni Maths for Sciences C3.2

Subject & topics: Maths | Algebra | Series Stage & difficulty: Further A P2, University P1

#### Part A

Expand  $\ln(1+z)$  and hence  $\ln(2+4y)$ 

(i) Write down the Maclaurin expansion of  $\ln(1+z)$  up to the term in  $z^3$ .

The following symbols may be useful: z

(ii) By re-writing  $\ln(2+4y)$  in the form  $A+\ln(1+z)$ , where A is a constant, find the Maclaurin expansion of  $\ln(2+4y)$  up to the term in  $y^3$ .

The following symbols may be useful: y, z

### Part B

Expand  $\ln(rac{1+q}{1-q})$ 

Find the first 4 non-zero terms in the Maclaurin expansion of  $\ln\left(\frac{1+q}{1-q}\right)$ .

The following symbols may be useful: q

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Question deck:



# Maclaurin Series - Exponentials 3

Pre-Uni Maths for Sciences C3.5

Subject & topics: Maths | Algebra | Series Stage & difficulty: Further A C2, University C1

# Part A ${\sf Expand}\ A{ m e}^{-lpha t}$

Expand  $A\mathrm{e}^{-\alpha t}$  up to the term in  $t^2$ .

The following symbols may be useful: A, alpha, p, t

# Part B ${\it Expand} \ {\rm e}^p - {\rm e}^{-p}$

Find the first two non-zero terms in the Maclaurin expansion of  ${
m e}^p-{
m e}^{-p}$ .

The following symbols may be useful: A, alpha, p, t

### Part C

### Energy decay in oscillations

A lightly damped oscillatory system has a period T. The total energy of the system at time t is given by E(t). One period later its energy  $E(t+T)=E(t)\mathrm{e}^{-\gamma T}$ .

(i) Find an expression for the fractional change in energy in one cycle.

The following symbols may be useful: T, e, gamma

(ii) On the assumption that  $\gamma T\ll 1$  find an approximate expression for the fractional change in energy in one cycle.

The following symbols may be useful: T, e, gamma

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