



Functions and Algebra 3i

A Level



The functions f and g are defined for all real values of x by

$$f(x) = |2x + a| + 3a \quad \text{and} \quad g(x) = 5x - 4a,$$

where a is a positive constant.

Part A Range

Find the range of $f(x)$.

Fill in the inequality below.

Items:

$$f(x) < \leq > \geq \quad < f(x) < \leq f(x) \leq \quad < f(x) \text{ or } f(x) < \leq f(x) \text{ or } f(x) \leq \frac{a}{3} \quad \frac{a}{2} \quad a$$

$$2a \quad 3a \quad 4a \quad 0 \quad -\frac{a}{3} \quad -\frac{a}{2} \quad -a \quad -2a$$

Part B Inverse function of $f(x)$

Fill in the blanks to explain why the function $f(x)$ has no inverse.

The function $f(x)$ is not . For example, $f(0) = 4a$ and $f(\text{ })$ also equals $4a$. Hence, $f(x)$ has no inverse.

Items:

$-a$ $2a$ **many-to-one** **one-to-one** $-2a$ **one-to-many** **many-to-many** a

Part C Inverse function of $g(x)$

Find an expression for $g^{-1}(x)$.

The following symbols may be useful: a , x

Part D Solve for x

Solve for x the equation $g(f(x)) = 31a$.

Give the value of x furthest from 0.

The following symbols may be useful: a , x

Give the value of x that is closest to 0.

The following symbols may be useful: a , x



Inverse Quadratic Function

A Level



Figure 1 shows the graph of $y = f(x)$, where

$$f(x) = 2 - x^2, \quad x \leq 0$$

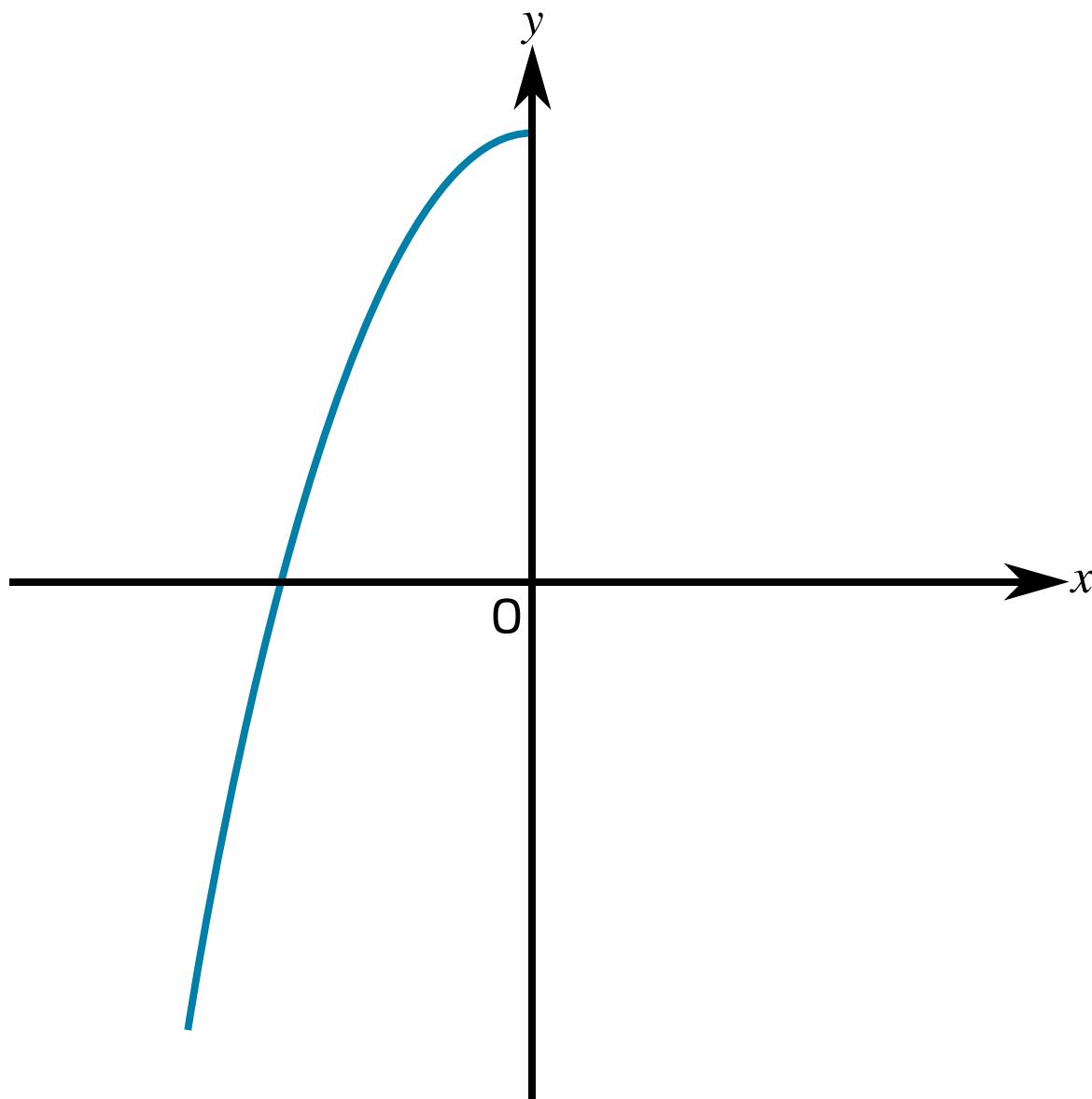


Figure 1: The graph of $y = f(x)$, for $x \leq 0$.

Part A $f^2(-3)$

Evaluate $f^2(-3)$.

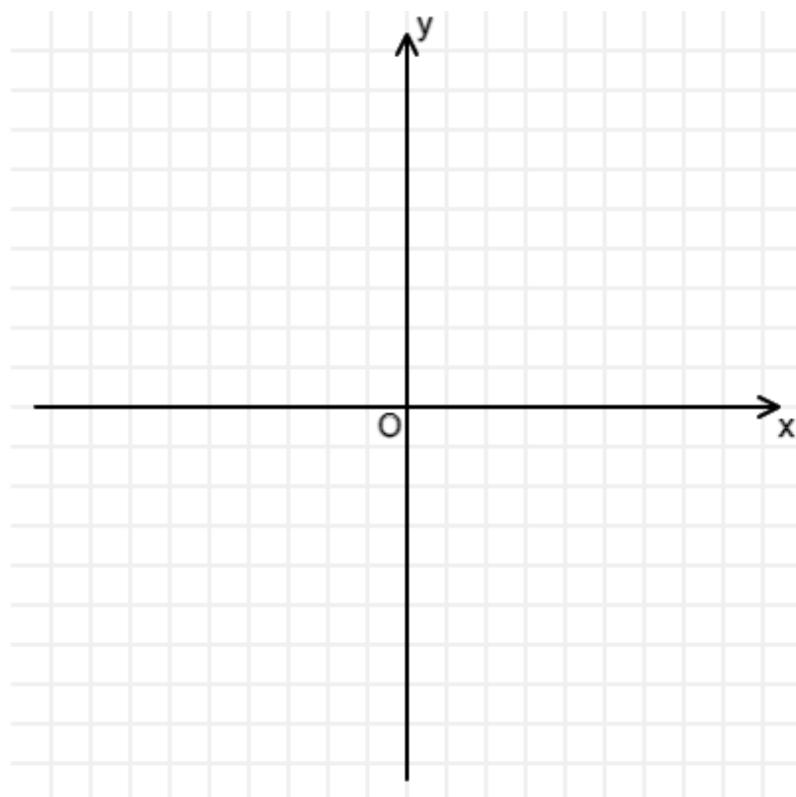
Part B $f^{-1}(x)$

Find an expression for $f^{-1}(x)$.

The following symbols may be useful: f , x , y

Part C Graph of $f^{-1}(x)$

Sketch the graph of $y = f^{-1}(x)$.



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Function Types and Inverses

A Level

c c c

Figure 1 shows five different graphs, A, B, C, D and E, each for values of x such that $-a \leq x \leq a$ where a is a constant.

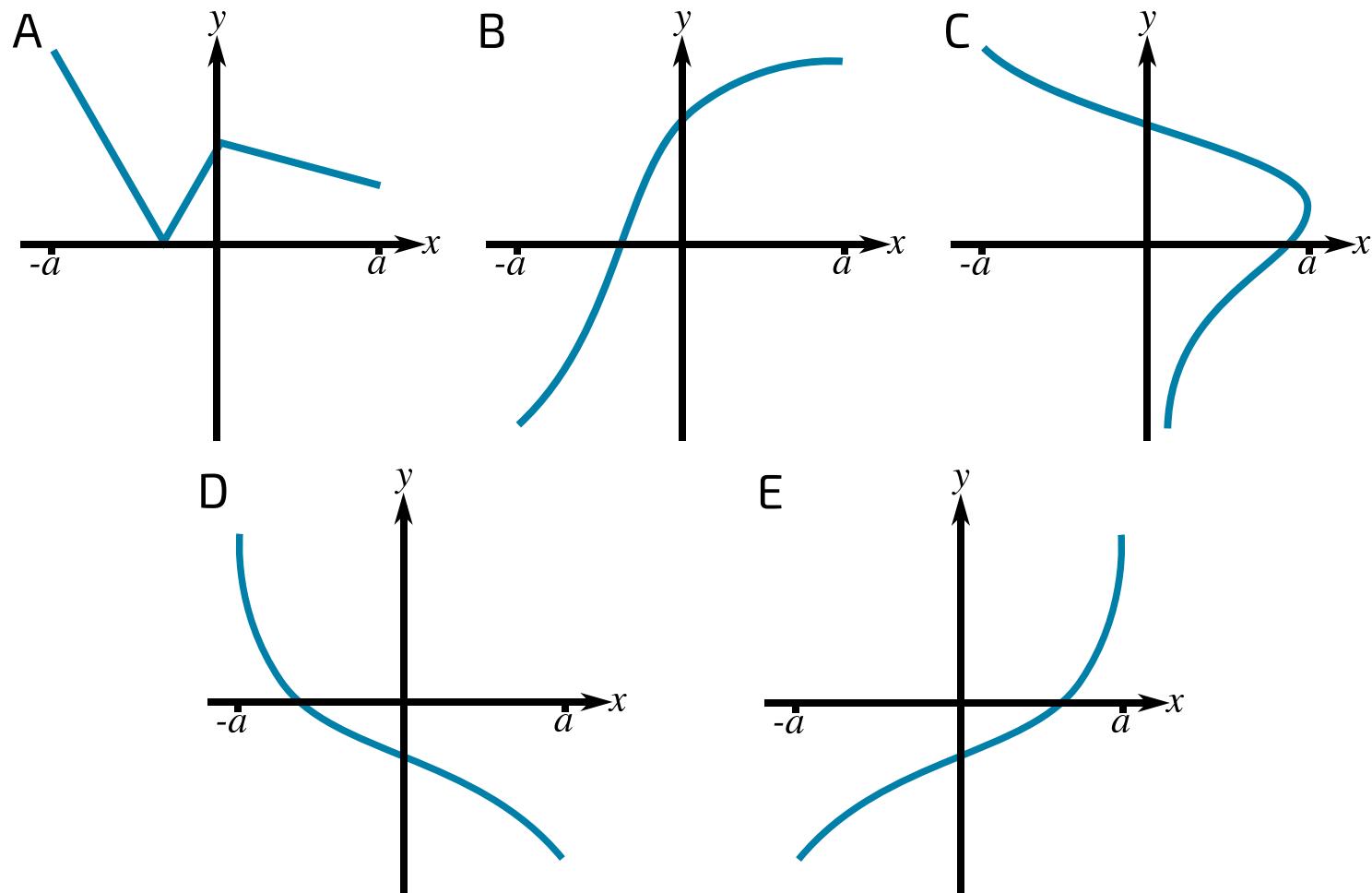


Figure 1: The set of five graphs, labelled A, B, C, D and E

Part A Function

Which diagram does not show the graph of a function?

- A
 - B
 - C
 - D
 - E
-

Part B One-to-one Function

Which diagram shows the graph of a function that is not one-to-one?

- A
 - B
 - C
 - D
 - E
-

Part C Inverses

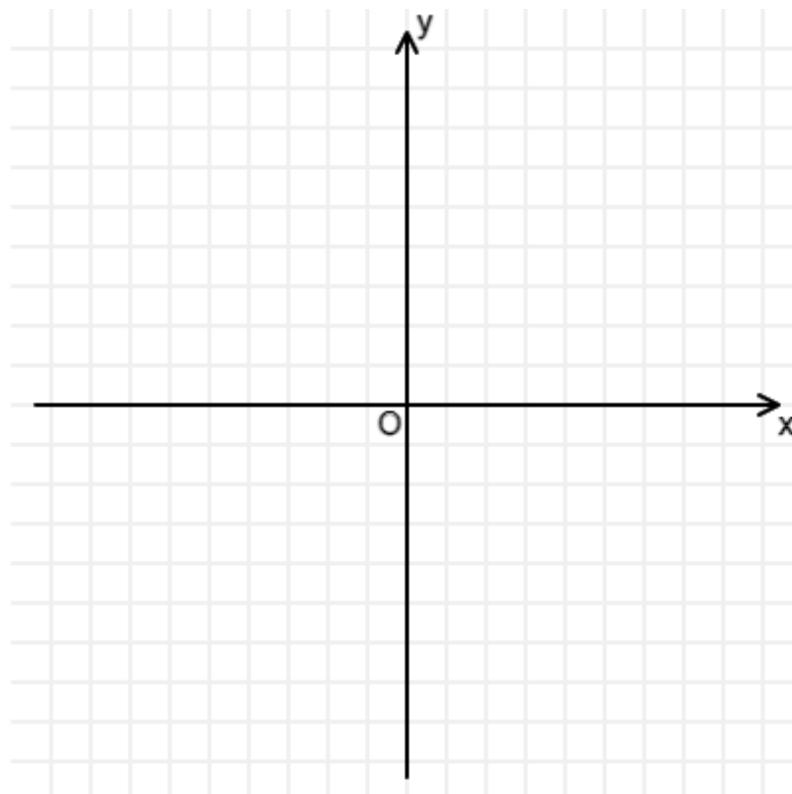
It is given that two of the diagrams illustrate functions that are inverses of each other. Identify one of these two diagrams.

- A
 - B
 - C
 - D
 - E
-

Part D Sketch

The graph in E has equation $y = f(x)$. Sketch the graph of $y = |f(x)|$.

To prevent any sharp changes in your curve from being smoothed out, sketch your curve as two sections.



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Combined Transformations

The function f is defined by $f(x) = \sqrt{mx + 7} - 4$, where $x \geq -\frac{7}{m}$ and m is a positive constant. **Figure 1** shows the curve $y = f(x)$.

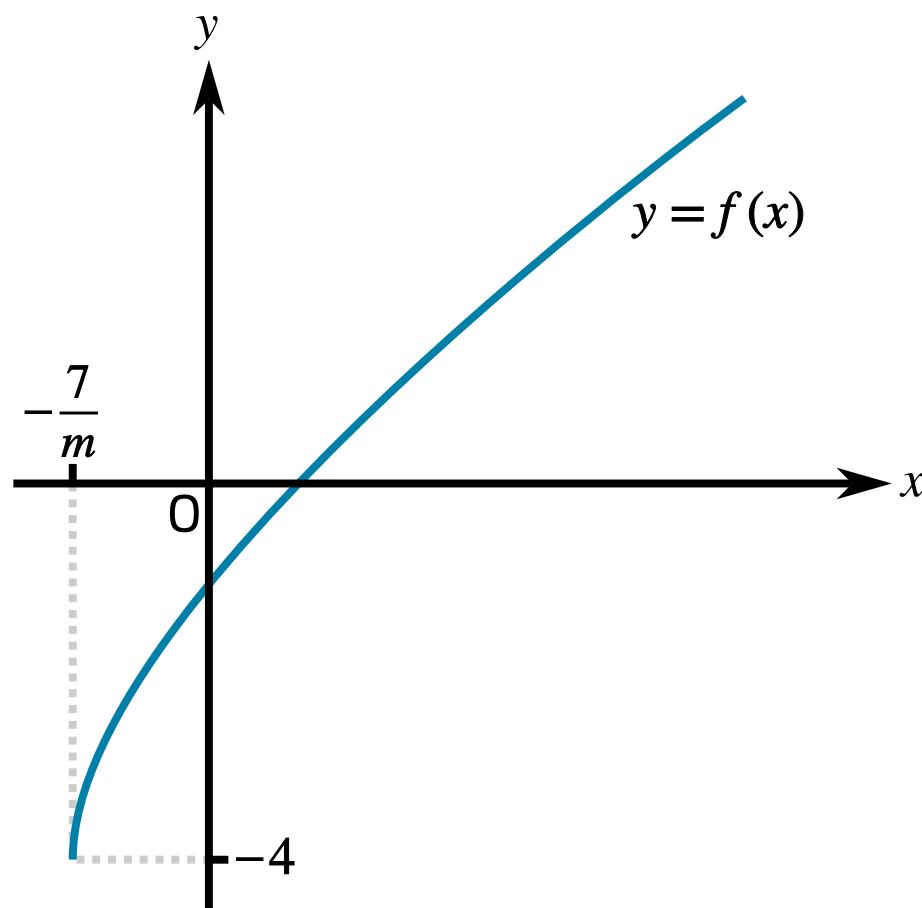


Figure 1: The curve $y = f(x)$

Part A Translation of the curve $y = \sqrt{x}$

A sequence of transformations maps the curve $y = \sqrt{x}$ to the curve $y = f(x)$. Give details of these transformations.

Available items

Translate the curve 7 units in the positive x direction.

Translate the curve 7 units in the negative y direction.

Translate the curve 7 units in the negative x direction.

Translate the curve 4 units in the negative y direction.

Stretch the curve in the x direction by a factor of m .

Stretch the curve in the y direction by a factor of $\frac{1}{m}$.

Translate the curve 4 units in the positive y direction.

Translate the curve 4 units in the negative x direction.

Stretch the curve in the x direction by a factor of $\frac{1}{m}$.

Part B $f^{-1}(x)$

Find an expression for $f^{-1}(x)$.

The following symbols may be useful: f , m , x

Part C Values of m

It is given that the curves $y = f(x)$ and $y = f^{-1}(x)$ do not meet. Thus it can be deduced that neither curve meets the line $y = x$. Hence determine the possible values of m .

Construct your answer from the items below.

Items:

$m < \leq > \geq$ $< m <$ $\leq m \leq$ $> m$ or $m >$ $\geq m$ or $m \geq$ -28 -14 -8
 -7 -4 -2 -1 0 1 2 4 7 8 14 28

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Curve Sketching and Combined Transformations 3i

The function f is defined for all real values of x by

$$f(x) = k(x^2 + 4x)$$

where k is a positive constant. **Figure 1** shows the curve with equation $y = f(x)$.

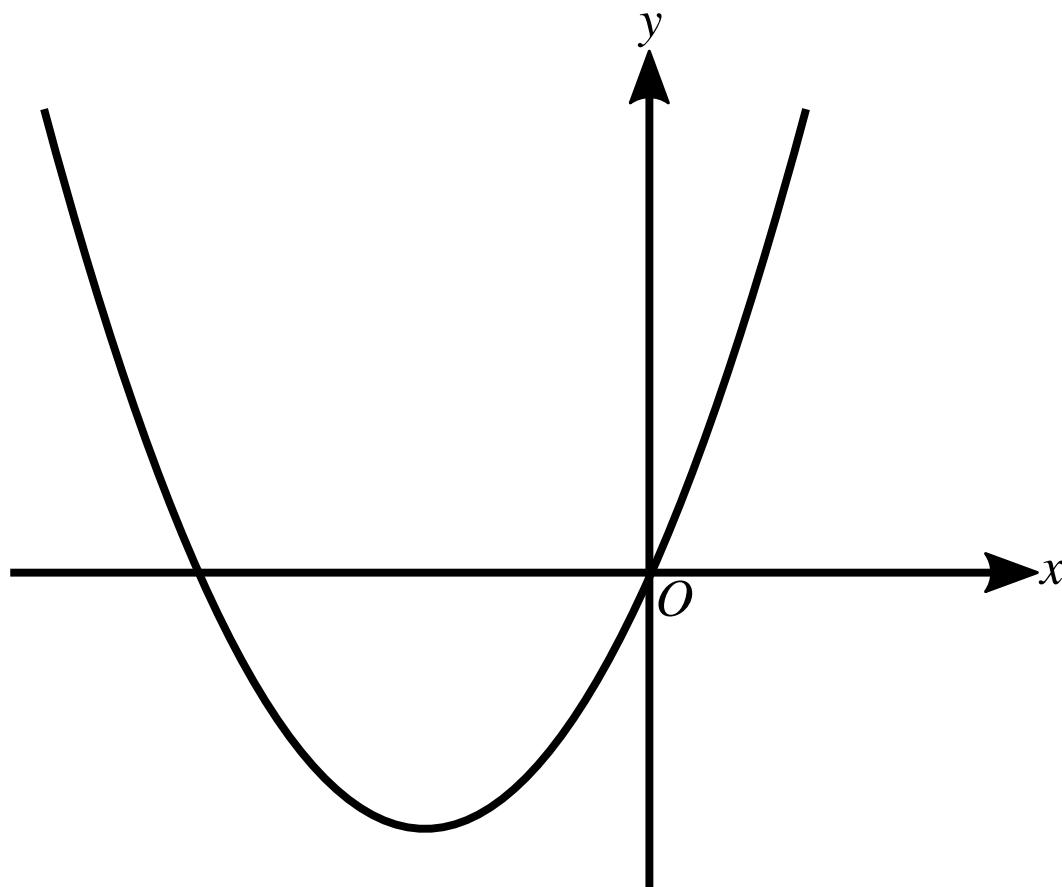


Figure 1: The graph of $y = f(x)$

Part A Transformations

The curve $y = x^2$ can be transformed to the curve $y = f(x)$ by the following sequence of transformations

a translation parallel to the x -axis,

a translation parallel to the y -axis,

a stretch.

Give details, in terms of k where appropriate, of these transformations.

Give the number of units that the curve is translated in the x direction, assuming right to be positive.

The following symbols may be useful: k

Give the number of units that the curve is translated in the y direction, assuming up to be positive.

The following symbols may be useful: k

Give the stretch factor of the transformation.

The following symbols may be useful: k

Part B Range

Find the range of $f(x)$ as a single inequality in terms of k .

The following symbols may be useful: $<$, \leq , $>$, \geq , $f(x)$, k , x , y

Part C $|f(x)| = 20$

It is given that there are three distinct values of x which satisfy the equation $|f(x)| = 20$. Find the value of k and determine exactly the three values of x which satisfy the equation in this case.

State the value of k .

The following symbols may be useful: k

Give the rational value of x which satisfies this equation.

The following symbols may be useful: x

Give one of the irrational solutions for x in its simplest exact form.

The following symbols may be useful: x

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Modulus Functions 2

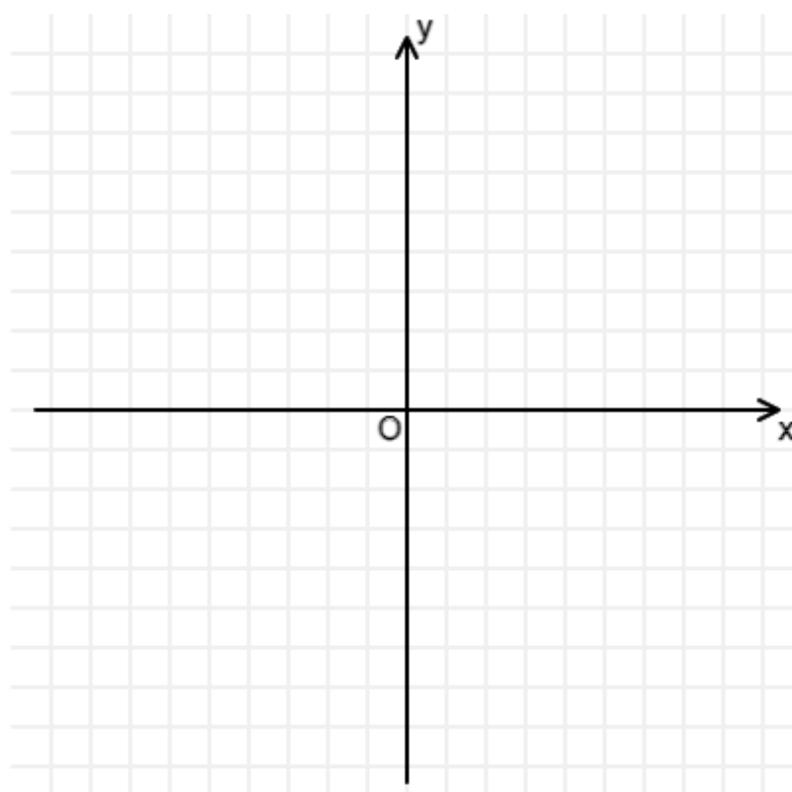
Part A Divergence of $y = \left| \frac{1}{x} \right|$

Does the function $y = \left| \frac{1}{x} \right|$ diverge anywhere? Where?

The following symbols may be useful: ∞

Part B Graph of $y = \left| \frac{1}{x} \right|$

Sketch the graph of $y = \left| \frac{1}{x} \right|$.



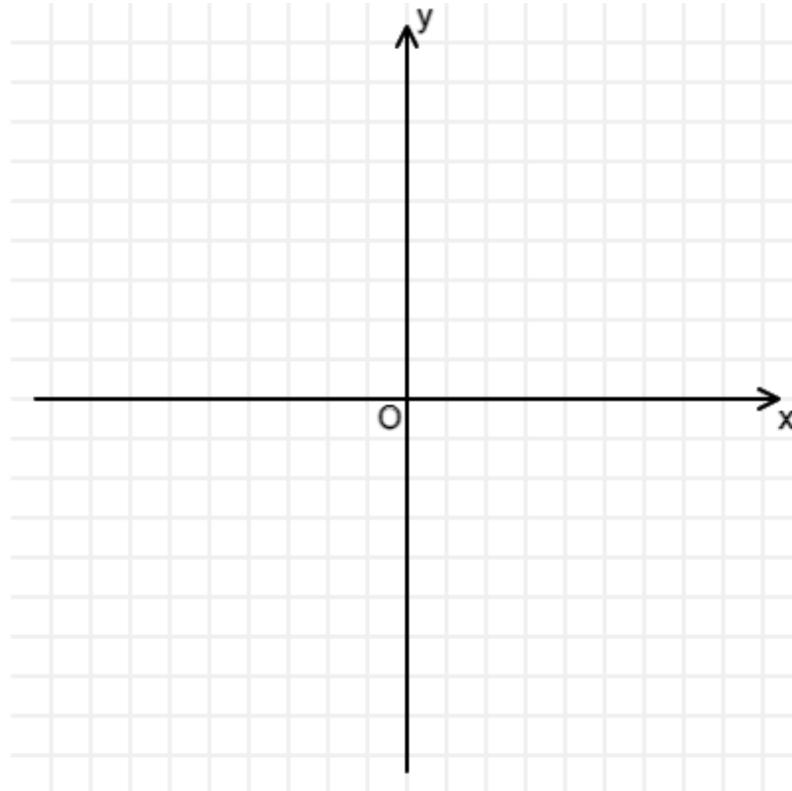
Part C Divergence of $y = \left| \frac{1}{x^2 - 4} \right|$

Does the function $y = \left| \frac{1}{x^2 - 4} \right|$ diverge anywhere? Where?

The following symbols may be useful: x, \pm

Part D Graph of $y = \left| \frac{1}{x^2 - 4} \right|$

Sketch the graph of $y = \left| \frac{1}{x^2 - 4} \right|$.



Part E Solve equation graphically

Solve the equation $|x| = \left| \frac{1}{x} \right|$ graphically and give the solution as a single expression.

The following symbols may be useful: x, \pm



Sketching a Cubic Modulus Function

A Level

C | C | C

Pre-Uni Maths for Sciences E4.7

The function f is defined by $f(x) = 2x^3 - x^2 - 4x - 4$.

Part A Quotient

Find the quotient when $f(x)$ is divided by $x - 2$.

The following symbols may be useful: \times

Part B First stationary point of $f(x)$

Find the co-ordinates and nature of the stationary point of $f(x)$ with the larger x -coordinate.

The stationary point $(\boxed{}, \boxed{})$ is a $\boxed{}$.

Items:

point of inflection -7 -4 -55 4 -3 -1 -2 -132 **minimum point** -16 0 92

maximum point 29 1 3 2

Part C Second stationary point of $f(x)$

Find the co-ordinates and nature of the stationary point of $f(x)$ with the smaller x -coordinate.

The stationary point $(\boxed{}, \boxed{})$ is a $\boxed{}$.

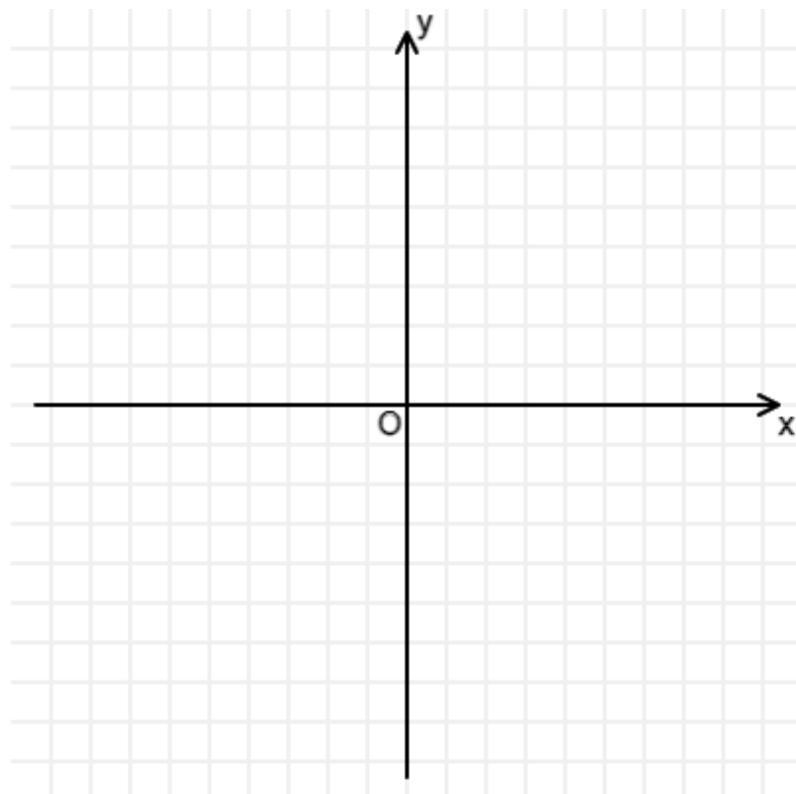
Items:

$-\frac{145}{27}$ $\frac{3}{2}$ $-\frac{2}{3}$ $-\frac{1}{3}$ $-\frac{1}{2}$ -7 **point of inflection** $-\frac{11}{2}$ -6 -3 **maximum point** $\frac{1}{2}$ $-\frac{64}{27}$

$-\frac{3}{2}$ $\frac{2}{3}$ $-\frac{176}{27}$ -1 $-\frac{5}{2}$ **minimum point** $\frac{1}{3}$ -7 $-\frac{77}{27}$ 1

Part D Sketch of $y = f(x)$

Sketch the graph of $y = f(x)$.



Part E Sketch of $y = |f(x)|$

Sketch the graph of $y = |f(x)|$, then pick the graph that corresponds to $y = |f(x)|$ from the options below.

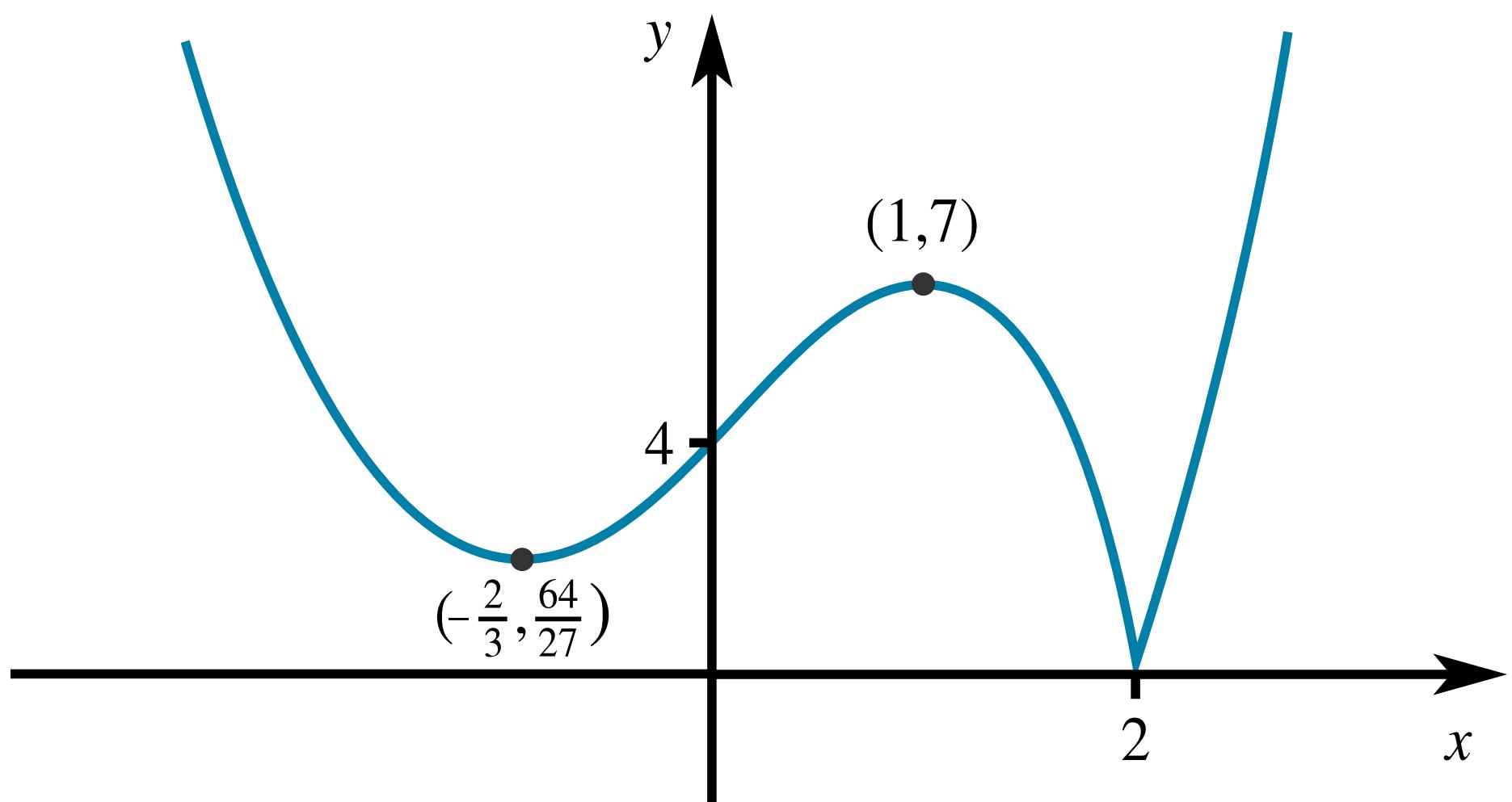


Figure 1: Option (i)

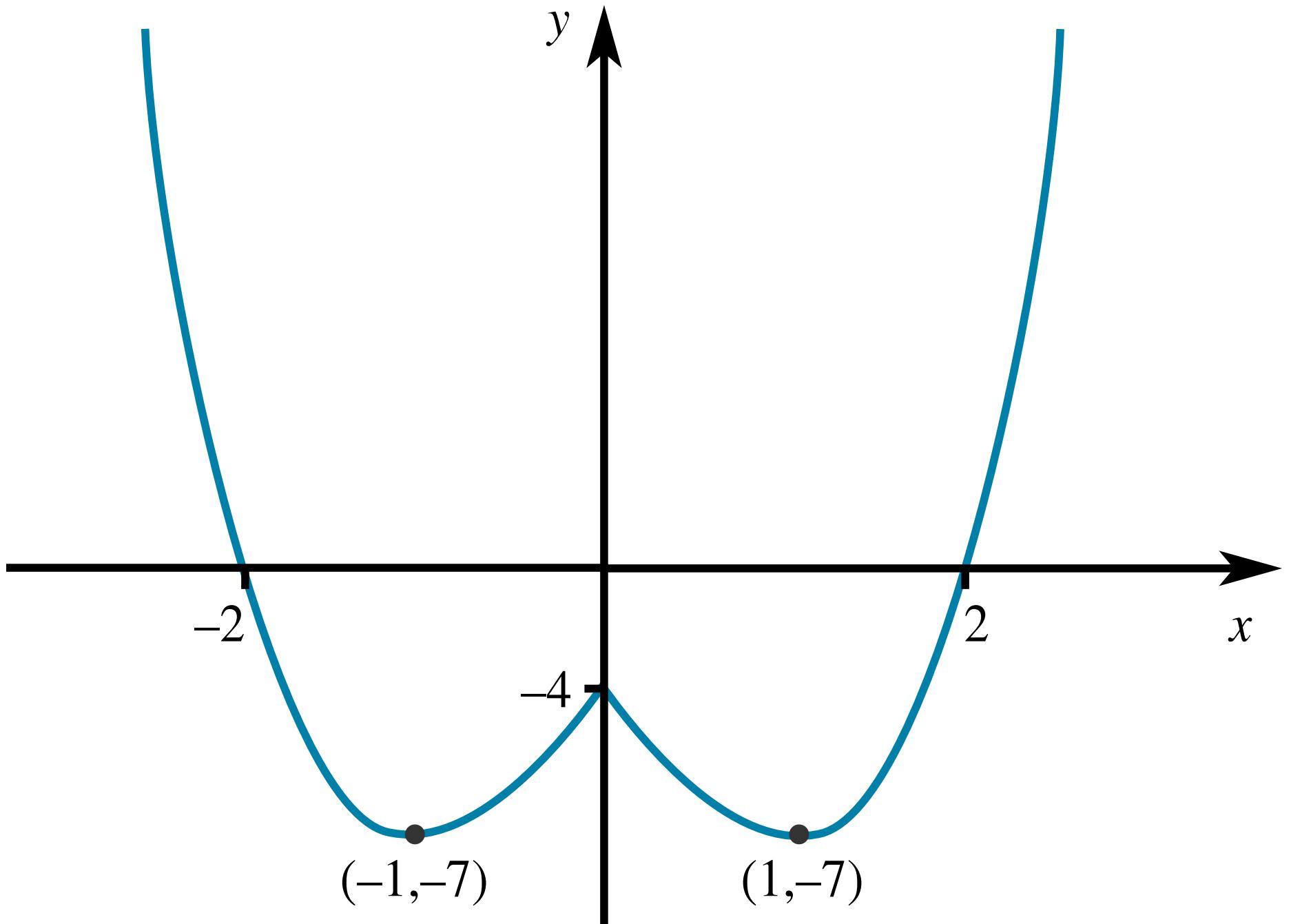


Figure 2: Option (ii)

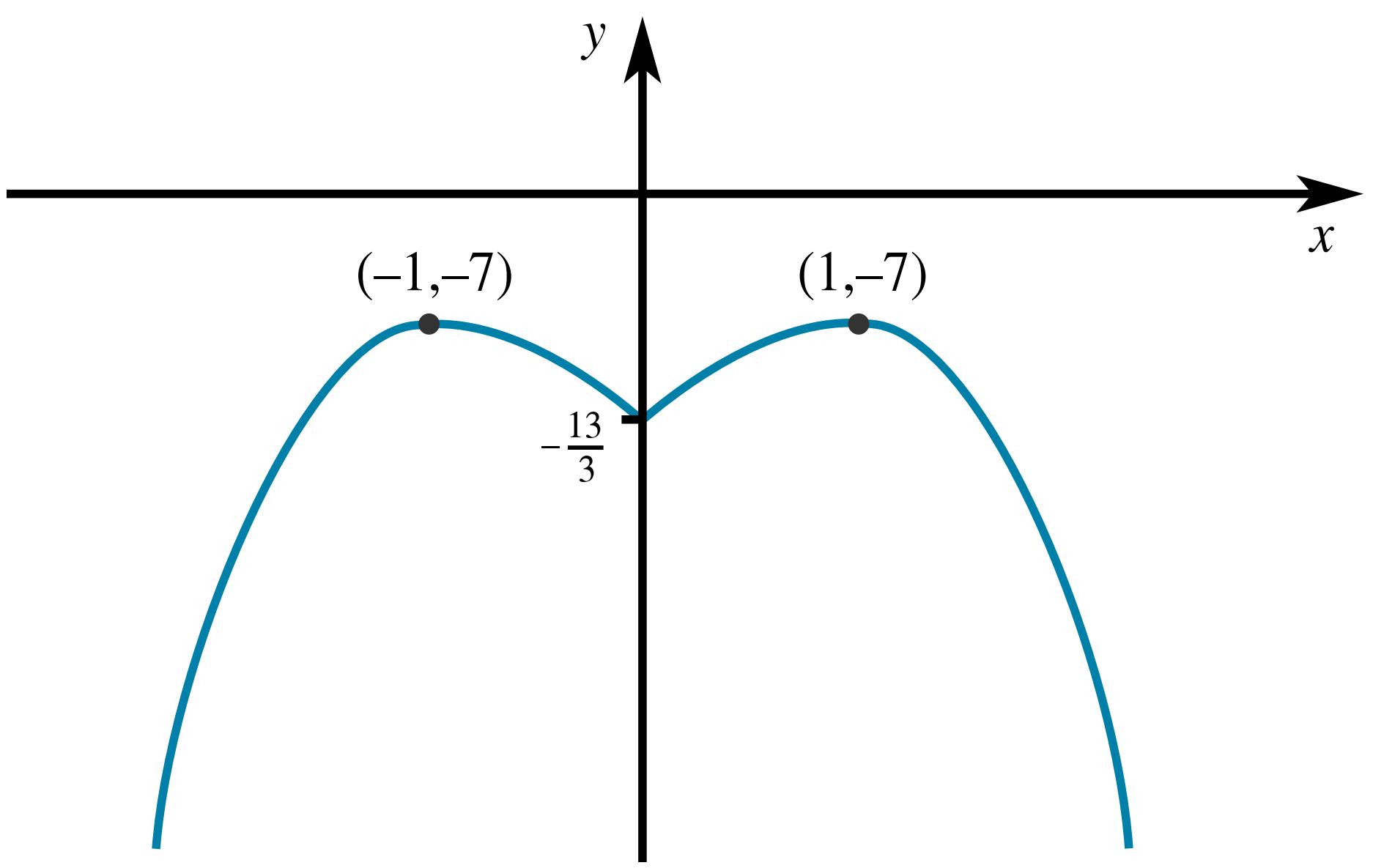


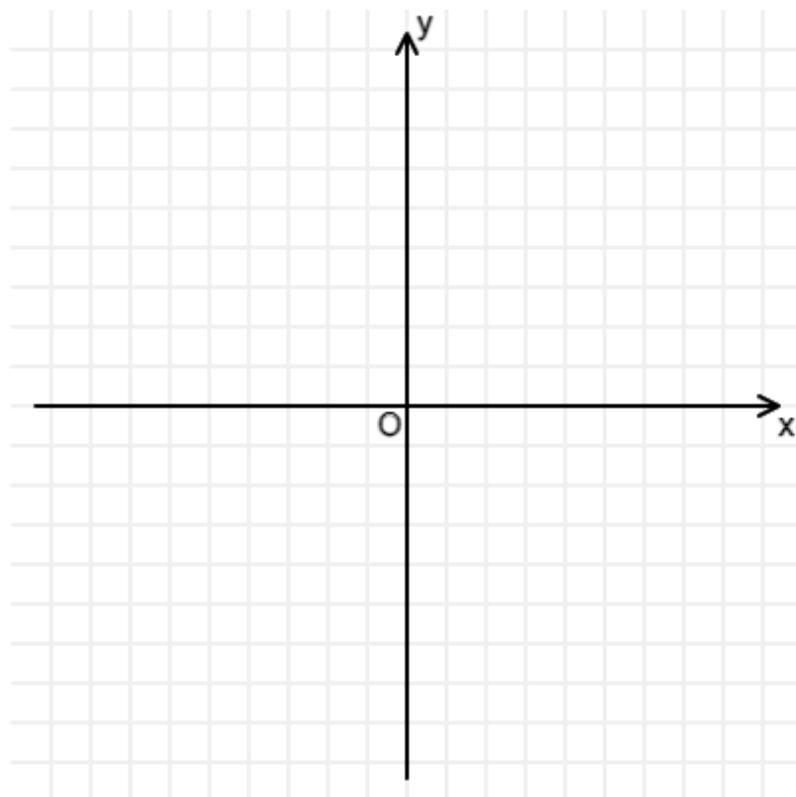
Figure 3: Option (iii)

- Option (i)
 - Option (ii)
 - Option (iii)
-

Part F Sketch of $y = f(|x|)$

Sketch the graph of $y = f(|x|)$.

To prevent any sharp changes in your curve from being smoothed out, sketch your curve as two sections.



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Rational Inequality

Pre-Uni Maths for Sciences A2.10

Further A



Solve the inequality

$$\frac{x+4}{x+2} \leq \frac{x+2}{x-1}$$

giving your answer using set notation.

The solution is $\{x : \boxed{\quad} \boxed{\quad} x \boxed{\quad} \boxed{\quad}\} \cup \{x : x \boxed{\quad} \boxed{\quad}\}$.

Items:

-10 -9 -8 -7 -6 -5 -4 -3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

10 < > \leq \geq =

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Rational Modulus Inequality

Pre-Uni Maths for Sciences E4.10



Solve the inequality

$$\frac{-x^2 - 5x + 24}{|x| + 3} > 2$$

giving your answer using set notation.

The solution is $\{x : \boxed{\quad} \boxed{\quad} x \boxed{\quad} \boxed{\quad}\}$.

Items:

-10 -9 -8 -7 -6 -5 -4 -3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
10 < > \leq \geq =

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