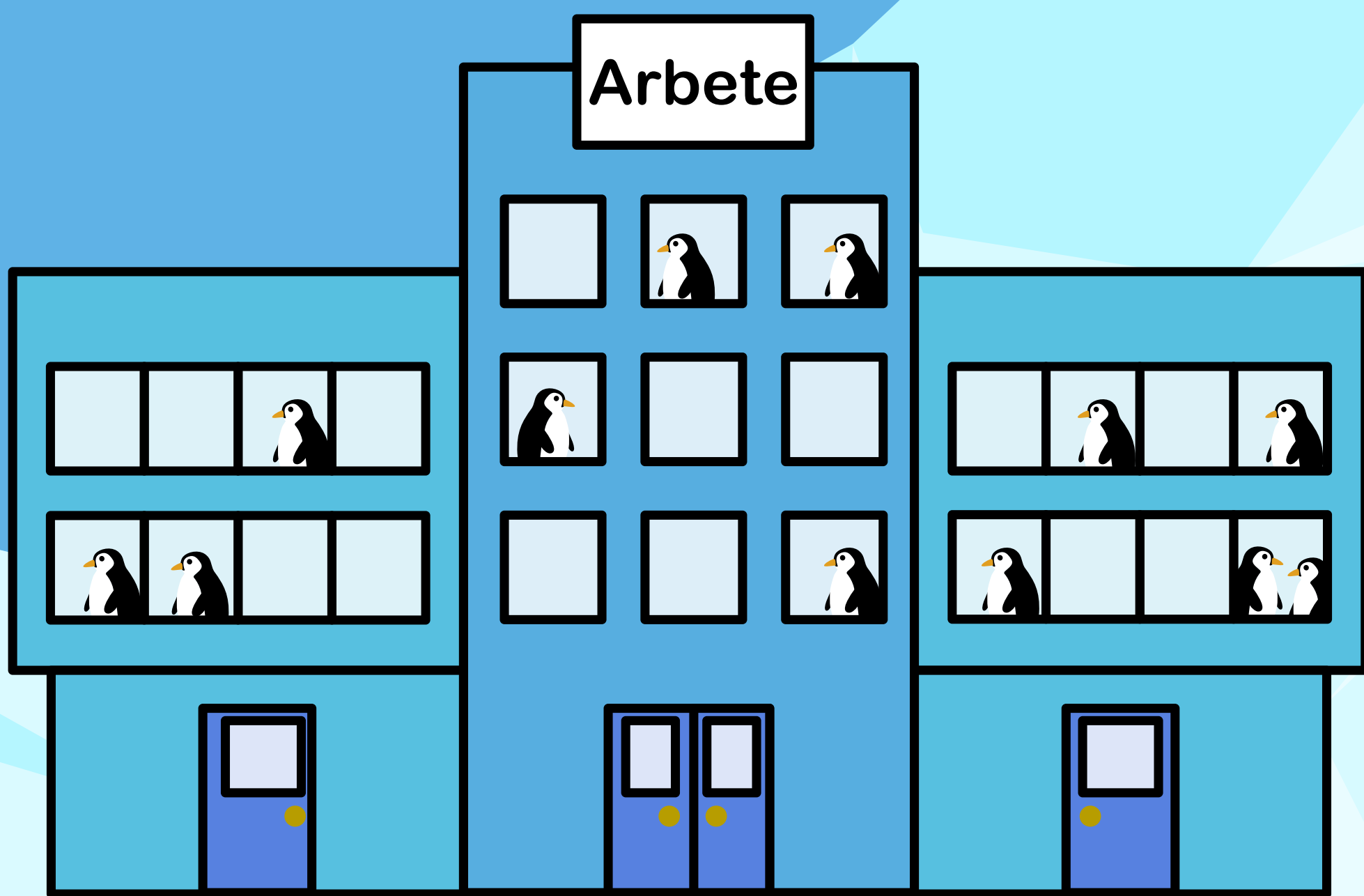


# Pingi at work

Swedish - English



---

Today we visit

---

Pingi at work.

---

He is an accountant,

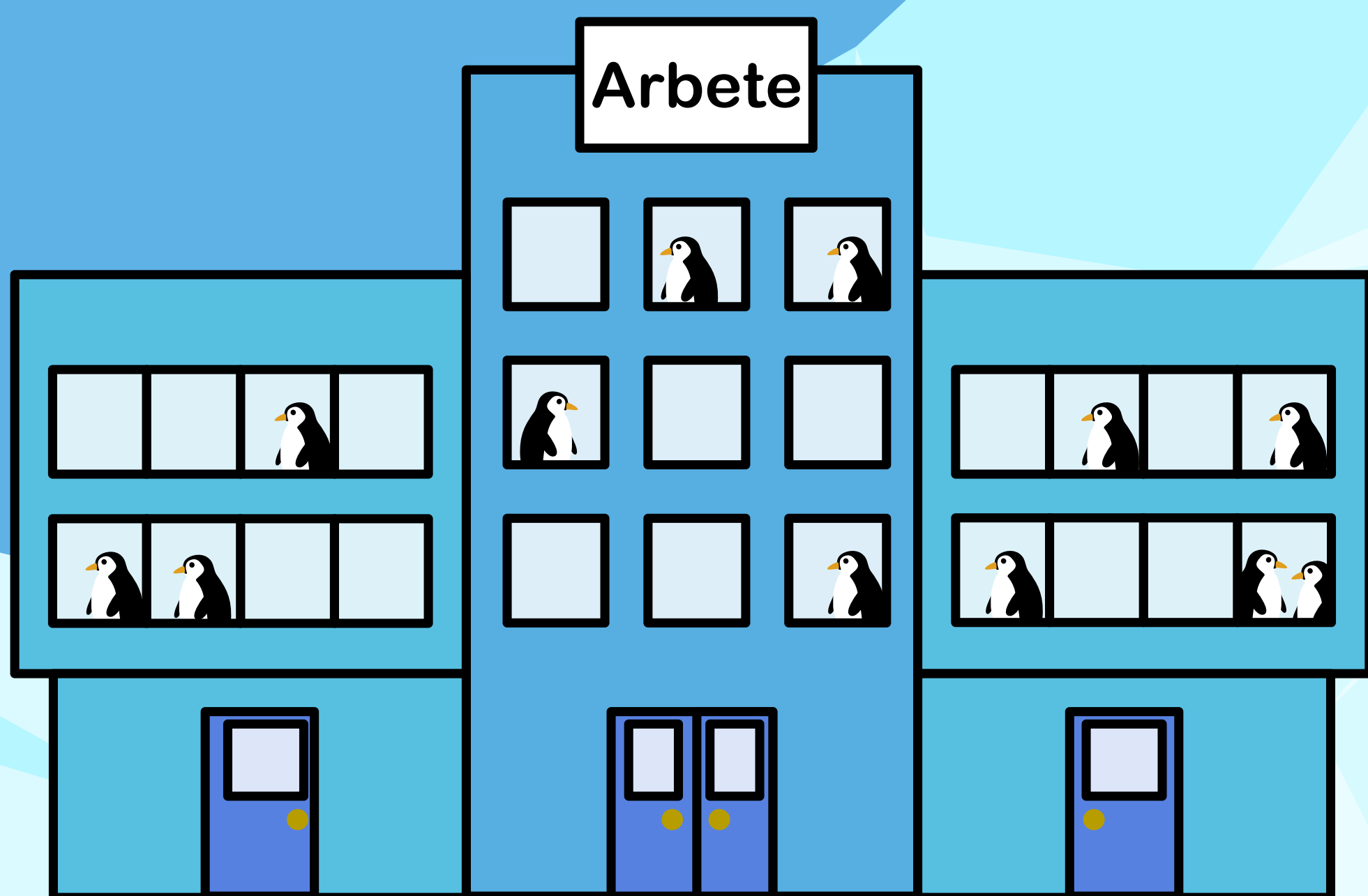
---

like all penguins.



# Pingi at work

Swedish - English



Idag följer vi

*Today we visit*

med Pingi till jobbet.

*Pingi at work.*

Han är revisor,

*He is an accountant,*

precis som all pingviner.

*like all penguins.*



---

*Penguins are the accountants*

---

*of all animals:*

---

*They help others do their taxes.*

---

*And check their savings.*



Pingviner är alla

*Penguins are the accountants*

djurs revisorer:

*of all animals:*

De hjälper andra att deklarera.

*They help others do their taxes.*

Och kontrollerar deras besparingar.

*And check their*

*savings.*



---

*Crocodiles are great savers,*

---

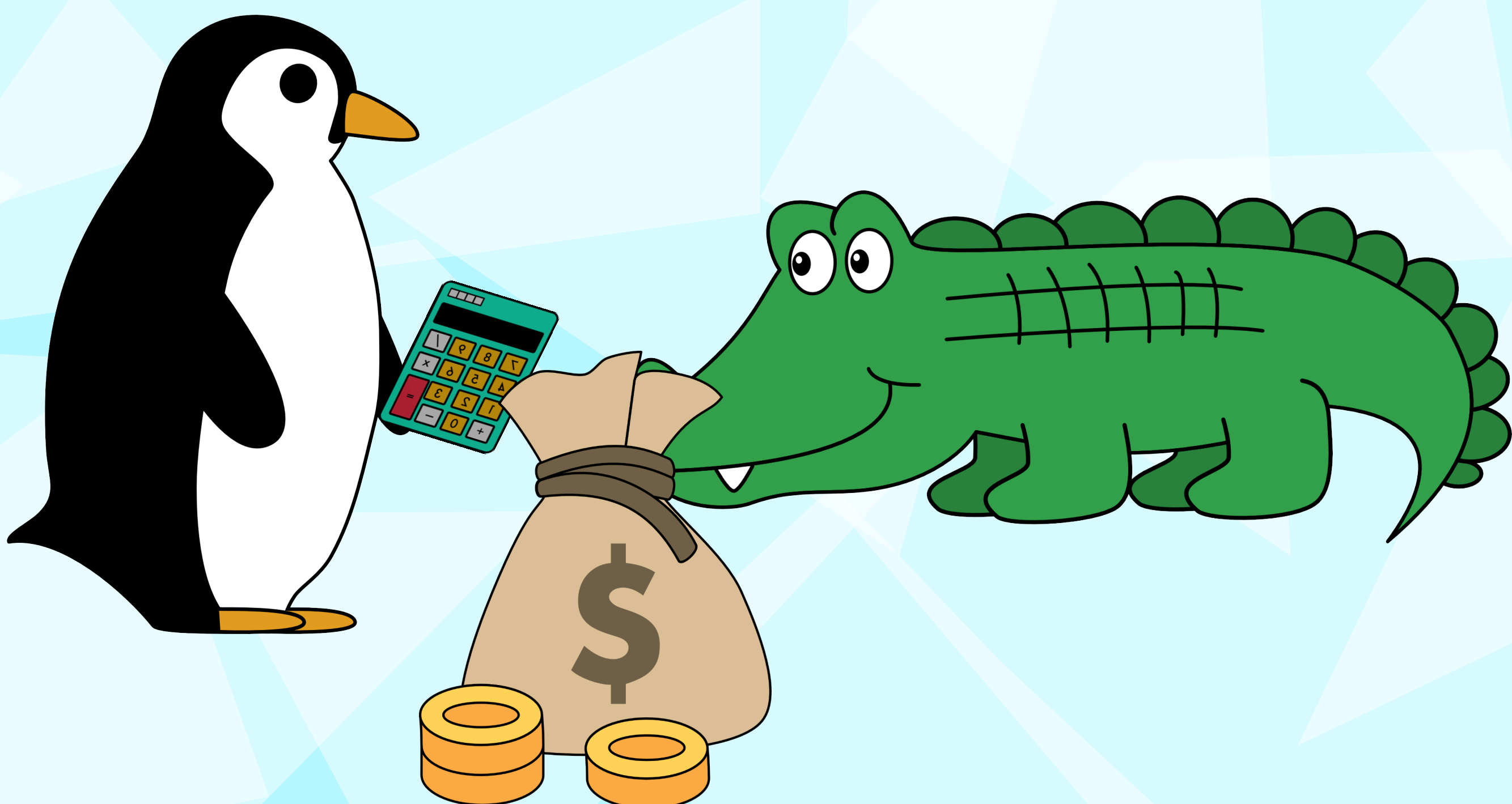
*they never spend more*

---

*than they need*

---

*And they are very organised.*



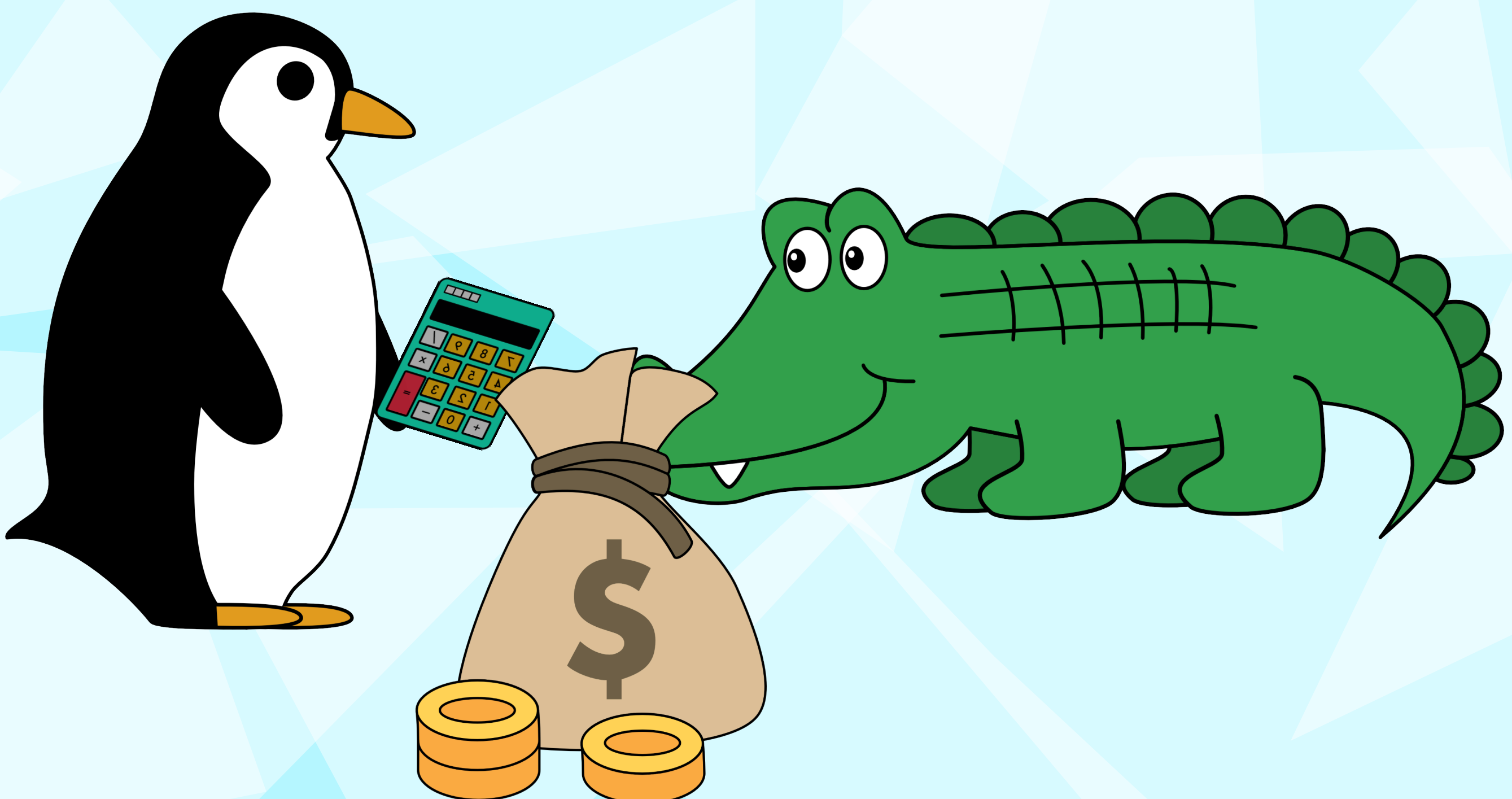


Krokodiler är bra på att spara,  
*Crocodiles are great savers,*

de spenderar aldrig mer  
*they never spend more*

än de behöver  
*than they need*

och de är väldigt organiserade.  
*And they are very organised.*



---

*But like every year,*

---

---

*the chameleons made so many changes*

---

---

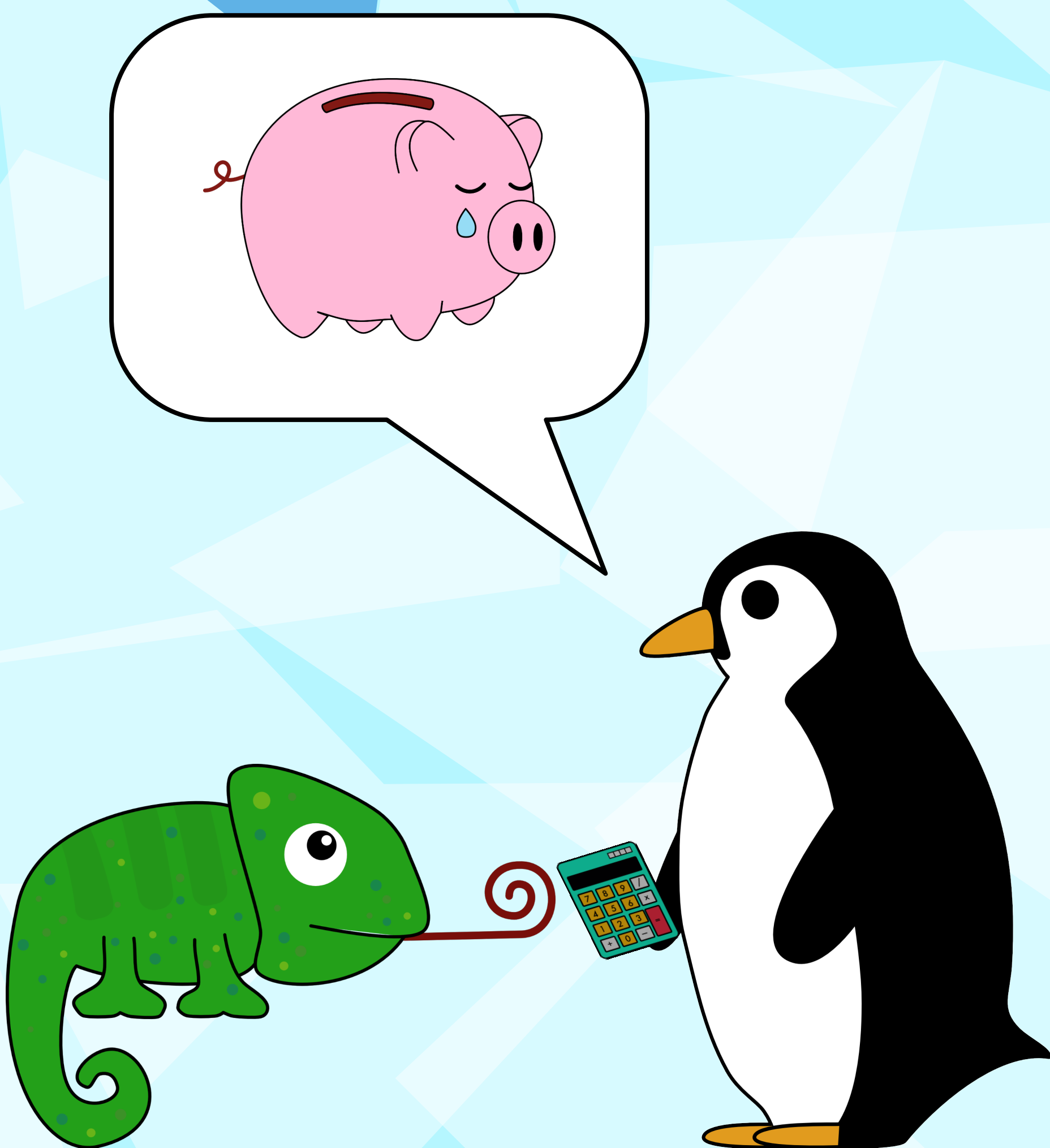
*to their accounts*

---

---

*that they didn't*

*save anything?*



Men som varje år

*But like every year,*

gjorde kameleonterna så många  
ändringar

*the chameleons made so many changes*

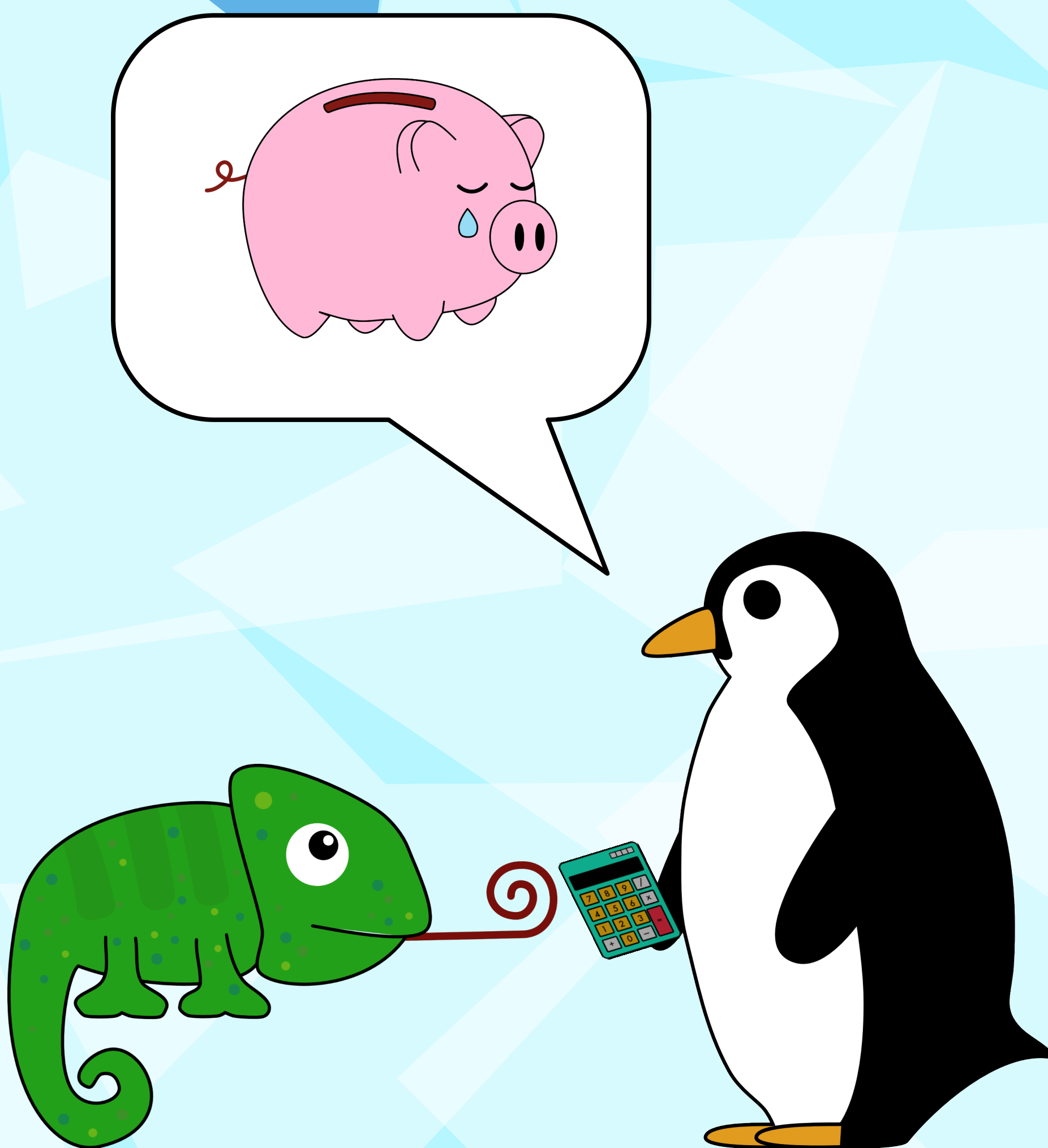
i sina konton

*to their accounts*

att de inte sparade någonting?

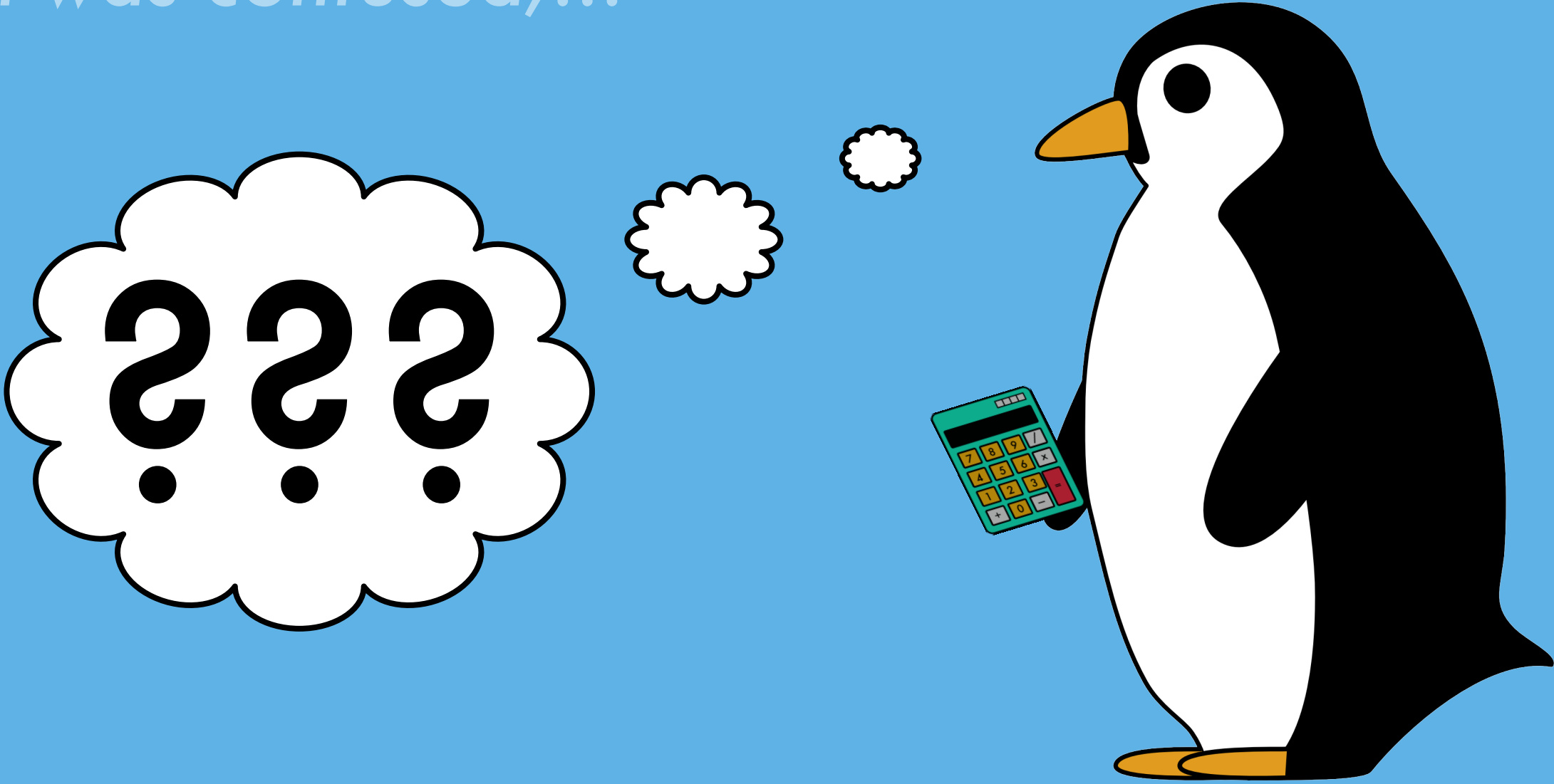
*that they didn't*

*save anything?*

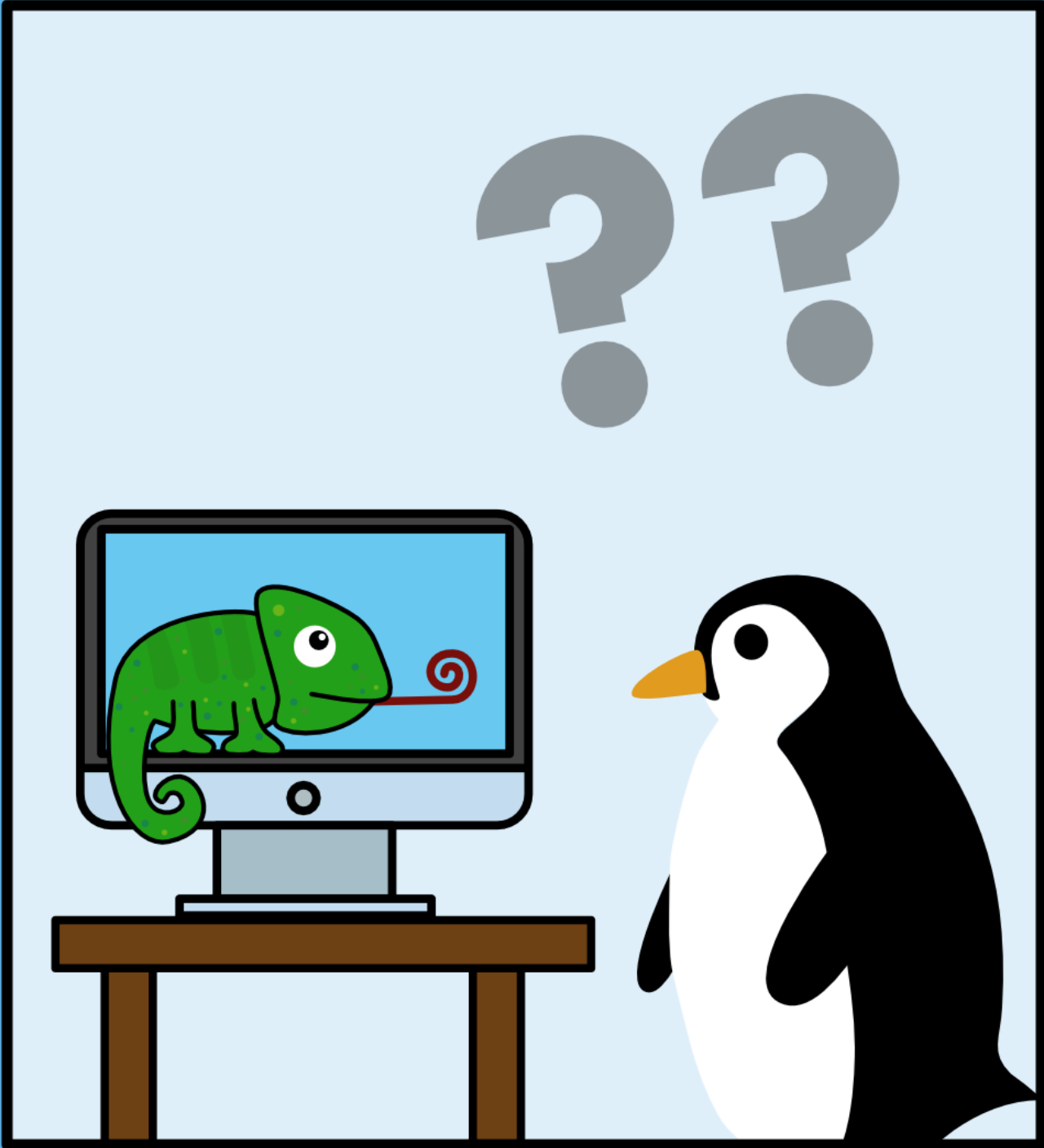
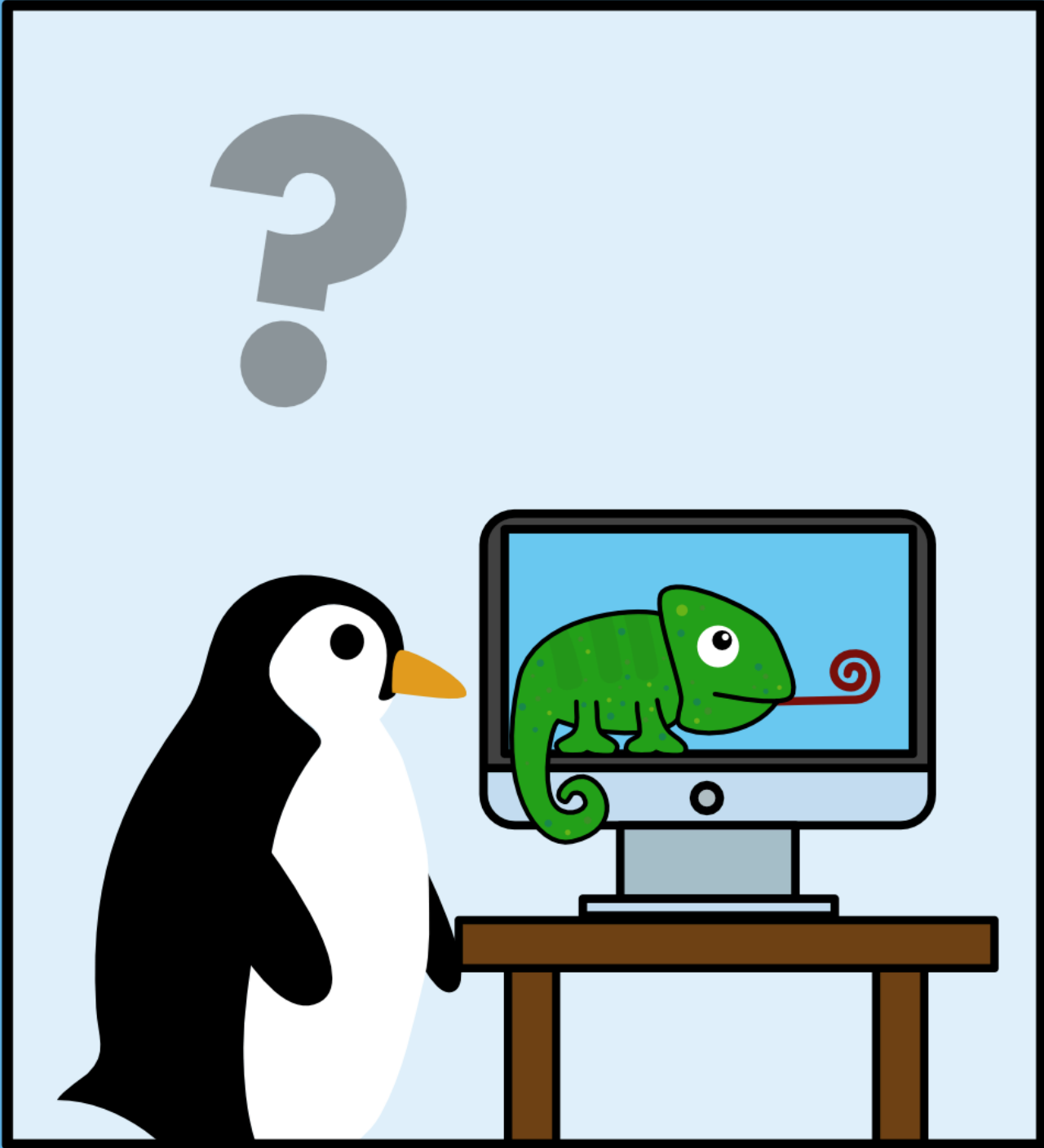
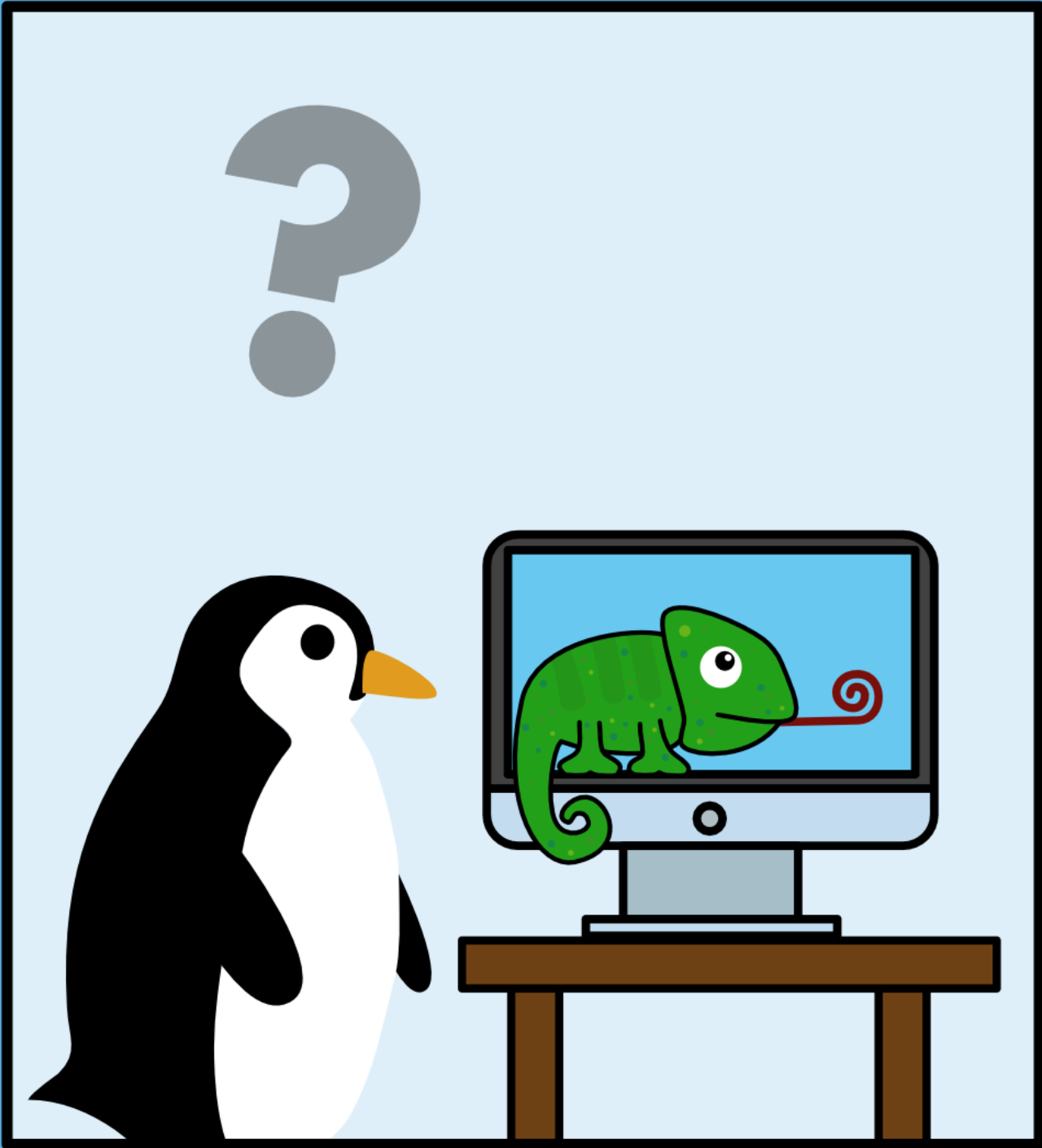
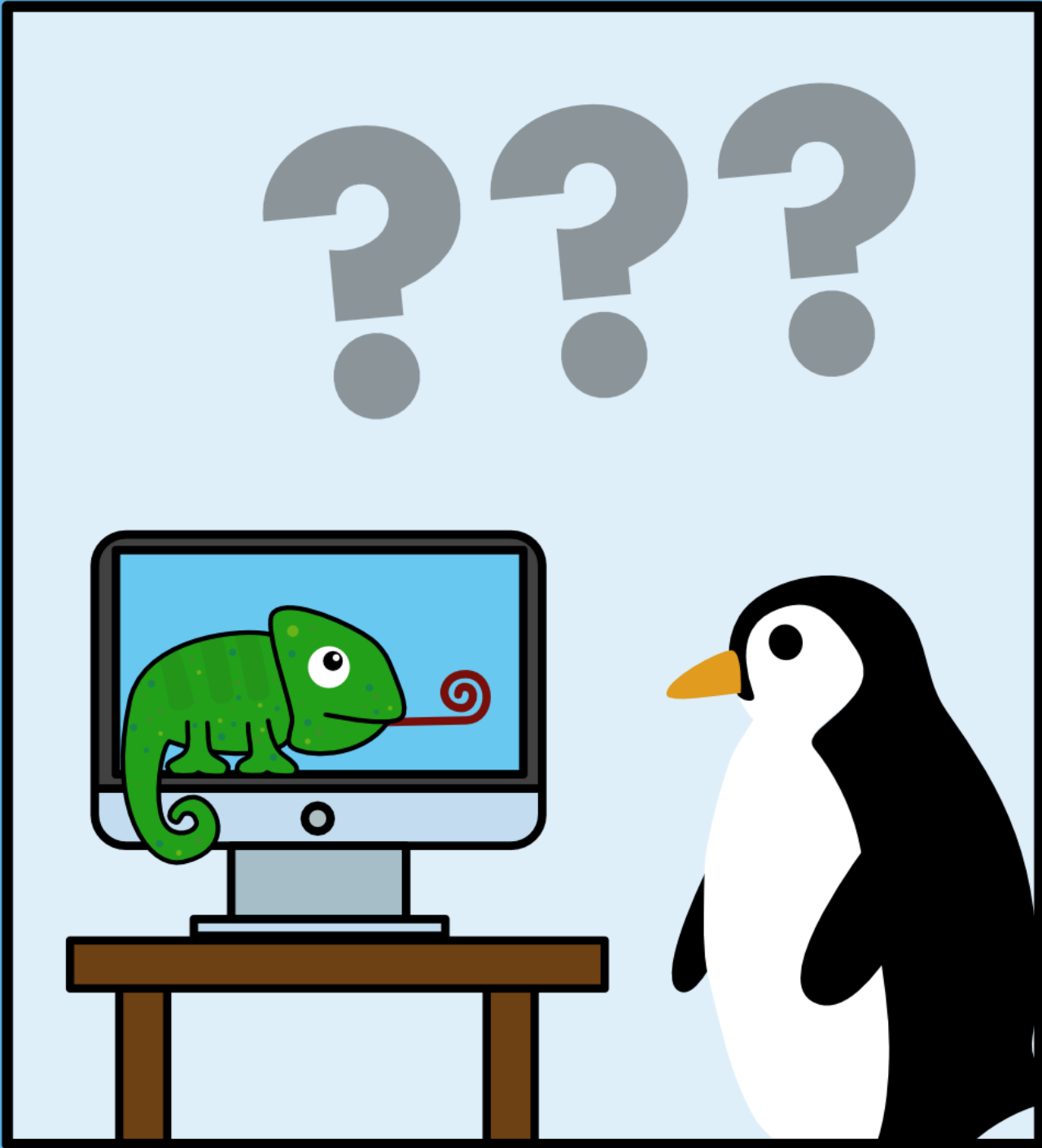




Pingi was confused,...

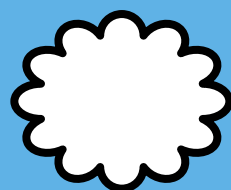


And he is not the only one.



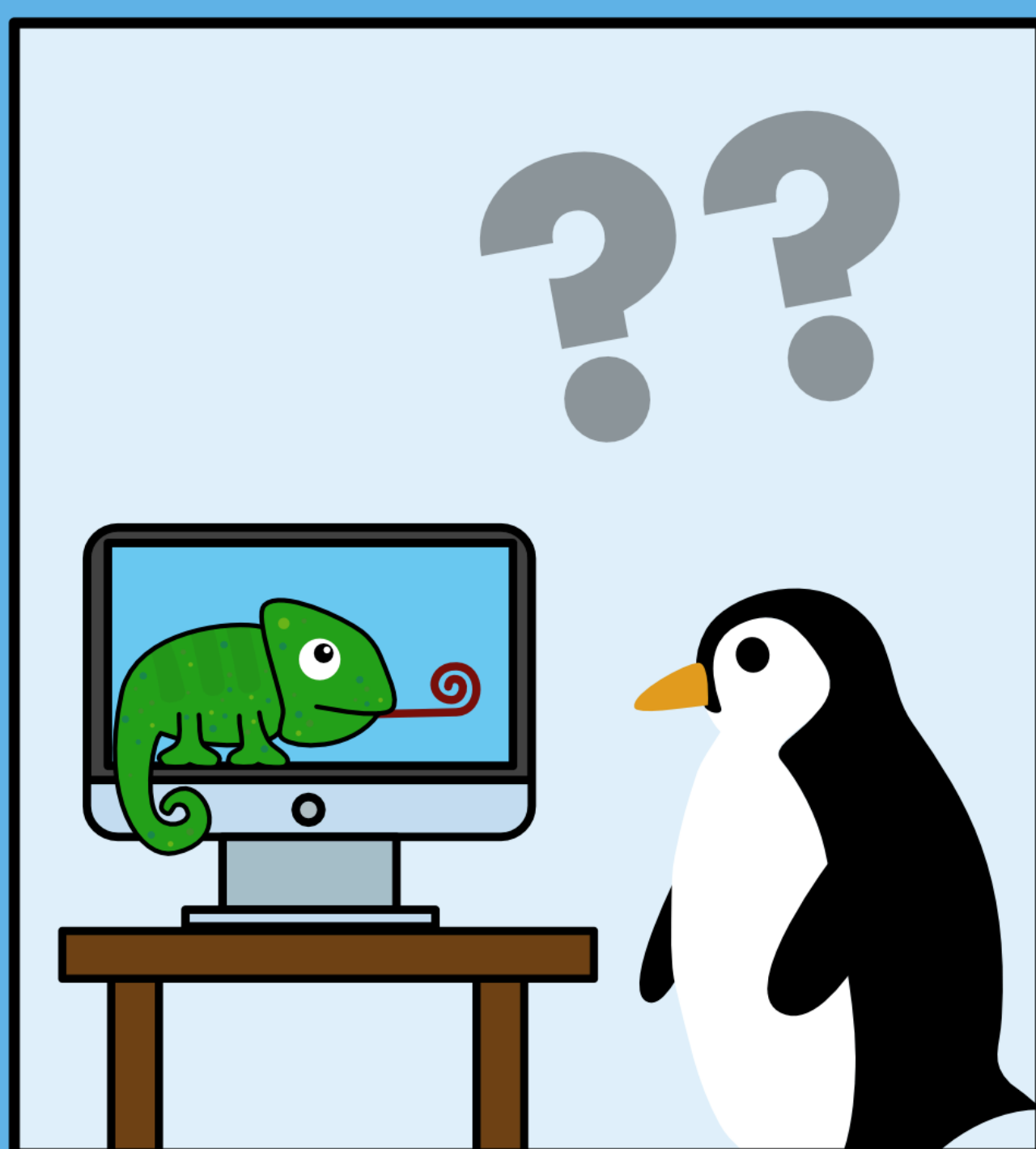
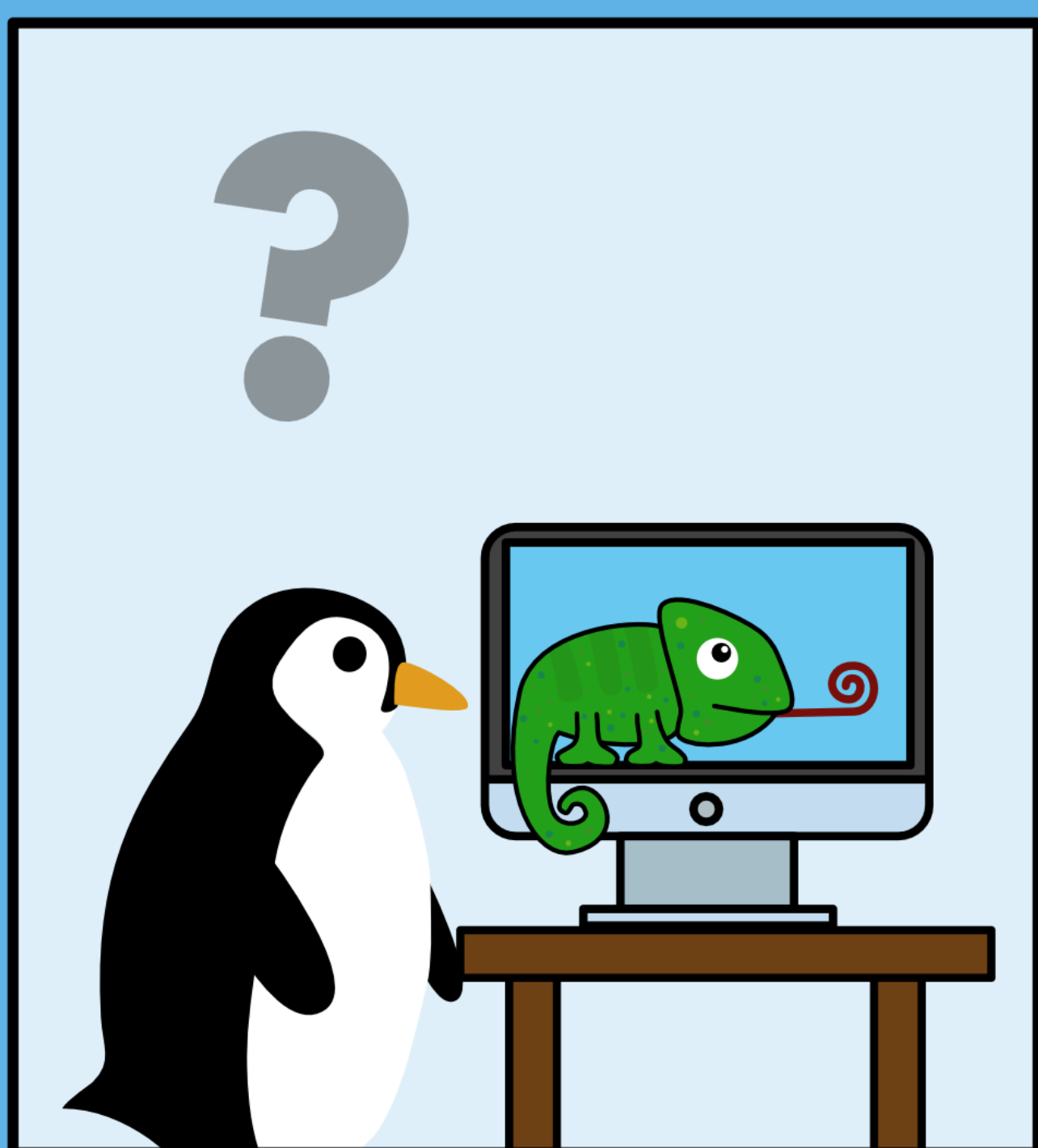
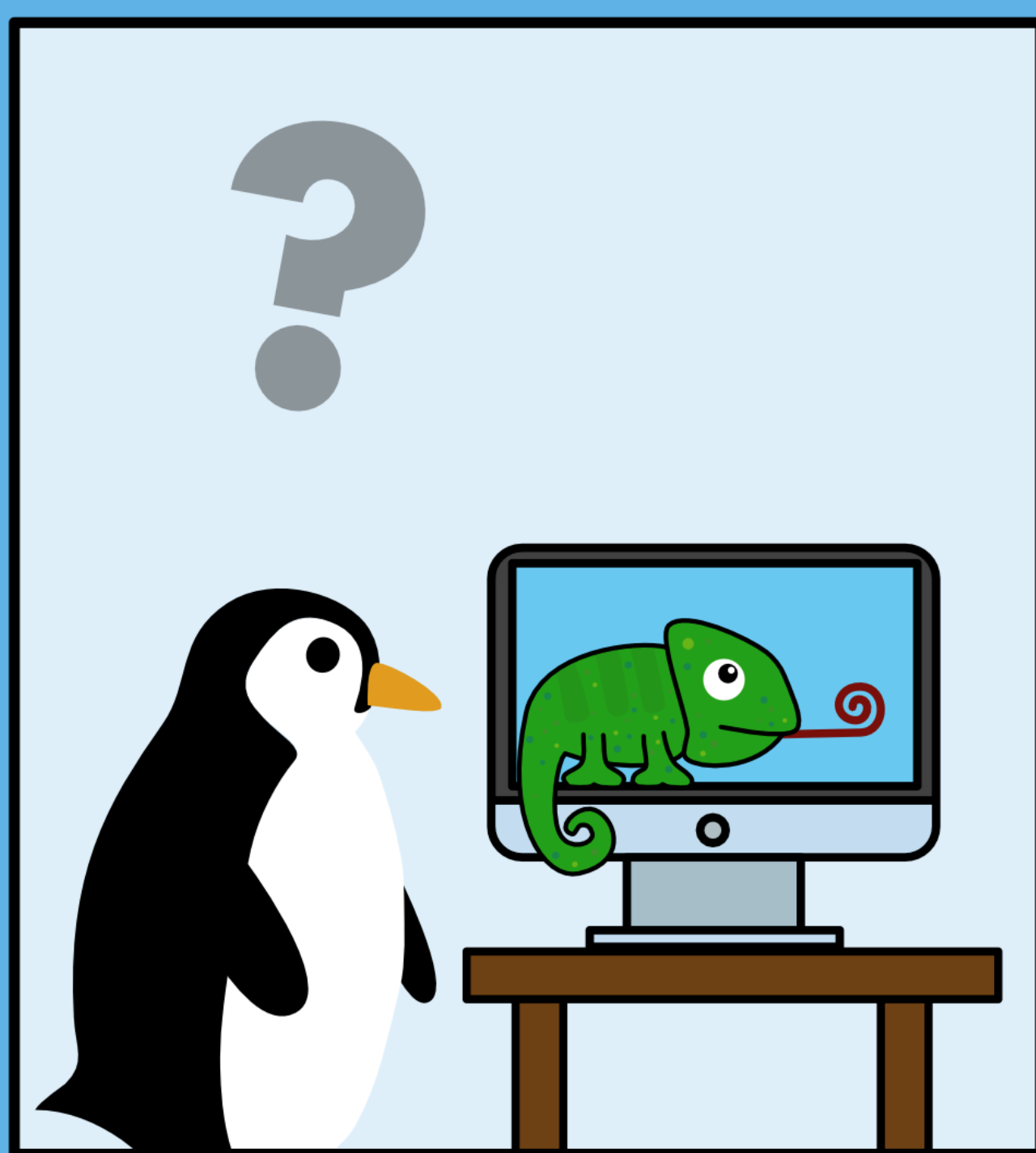
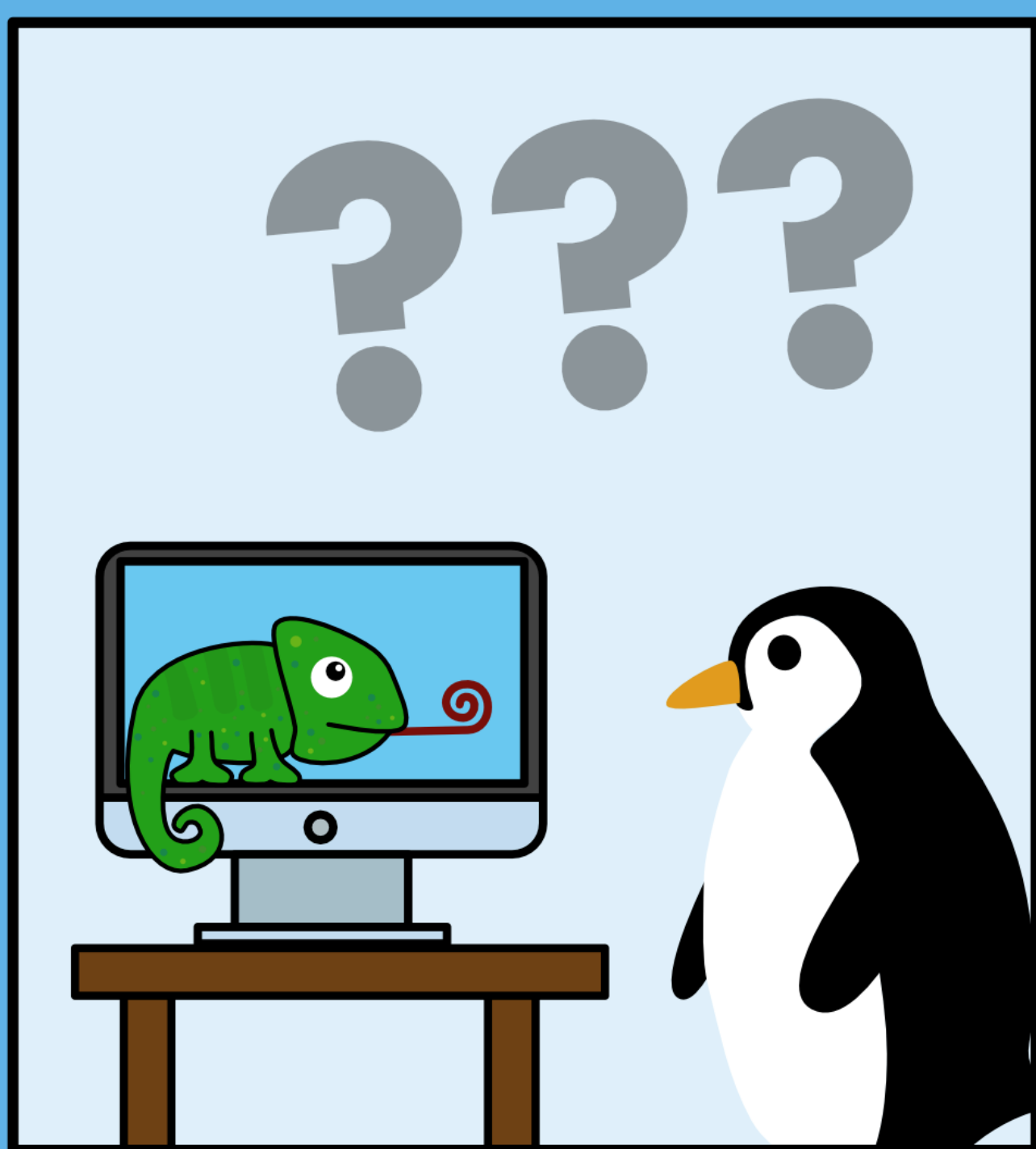
Pingi blev förvirrad,...

*Pingi was confused,...*



och han är inte den enda.

*And he is not the only one.*



# Grammatik

## Verbens tempus (Verb Tenses)

### Past Tenses (förfluten tid)

There are three past tenses in Swedish:

#### 1. Preteritum (Simple Past):

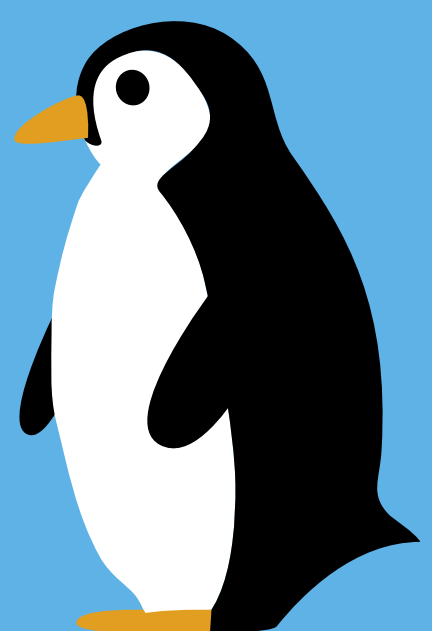
- Used for completed actions in the past
- Example:  
"Jag **ät** en smörgås."  
(*I ate a sandwich.*)

#### 2. Perfekt (Present Perfect):

- Used for actions that have relevance to the present.
- Example:  
"Jag **har ätit** frukost."  
(*I have eaten breakfast.*)

#### 3. Plusquamperfekt (Past Perfect):

- Used for actions that occurred before another past event.
- Example:  
"När jag kom hem, **hade han redan gått**."  
(*When I got home, he had already left.*)



# Sammanfattning

## Ordförråd (Vocabulary)

### Substantiv

ett djur

djuren

besparingar

en krokodil

en kameleont

en förändrig

den enda

### Noun

animal

animals

the savings

a crocodile

a chameleon

the change

the only one

### Verb

hjälp

spendera (pengar)

### Verb

help

spend (money)

### Adjektiv

förvirrad

### Adjective

confused



- Simple Past: "Jag **ät** en smörgås."  
(*I ate a sandwich.*)
- Present Perfect: "Jag **har ätit** frukost."  
(*I have eaten breakfast.*)
- Past Perfect: "När jag kom hem, **hade han redan gått**."  
(*When I got home, he had already left.*)