$$\vec{n}_1 = \vec{n}_1 + \vec{R} \Rightarrow \vec{v}_1 = \vec{v}_1 + \vec{V}$$

$$(1.2)$$

Sendo 
$$\vec{R} = \frac{m_1 \vec{v_1} + m_2 \vec{v_2}}{m_1 + m_2} = \vec{V} - \frac{m_1 \vec{v_1} + m_2 \vec{v_2}}{m_1 + m_2} = \vec{V} - \frac{m_1 \vec{v_1} + m_2 \vec{v_2}}{m_1 + m_2} = \vec{V} = \frac{m_1 \vec{v_1} + m_2 \vec{v_2}}{m_1 + m_2} = \vec{V} = \frac{m_1 \vec{v_1} + m_2 \vec{v_2}}{m_1 + m_2} = \vec{v_1} = \frac{m_1 \vec{v_1} + m_2 \vec{v_2}}{m_1 + m_2} = \vec{v_2} = \frac{m_1 \vec{v_1} + m_2 \vec{v_2}}{m_1 + m_2} = \vec{v_1} = \frac{m_1 \vec{v_1} + m_2 \vec{v_2}}{m_1 + m_2} = \vec{v_2} = \frac{m_1 \vec{v_1} + m_2 \vec{v_2}}{m_1 + m_2} = \vec{v_1} = \frac{m_1 \vec{v_2} + m_2 \vec{v_2}}{m_1 + m_2} = \vec{v_2} = \frac{m_1 \vec{v_1} + m_2 \vec{v_2}}{m_1 + m_2} = \vec{v_1} = \frac{m_1 \vec{v_2} + m_2 \vec{v_2}}{m_1 + m_2} = \vec{v_2} = \frac{m_1 \vec{v_2} + m_2 \vec{v_2}}{m_1 + m_2} = \vec{v_2} = \frac{m_1 \vec{v_2} + m_2 \vec{v_2}}{m_1 + m_2} = \vec{v_2} = \frac{m_1 \vec{v_2} + m_2 \vec{v_2}}{m_1 + m_2} = \vec{v_2} = \frac{m_1 \vec{v_2} + m_2 \vec{v_2}}{m_1 + m_2} = \vec{v_2} = \frac{m_1 \vec{v_2} + m_2 \vec{v_2}}{m_1 + m_2} = \vec{v_2} = \frac{m_1 \vec{v_2} + m_2 \vec{v_2}}{m_1 + m_2} = \vec{v_2} = \frac{m_1 \vec{v_2} + m_2 \vec{v_2}}{m_1 + m_2} = \vec{v_2} = \frac{m_1 \vec{v_2} + m_2 \vec{v_2}}{m_1 + m_2} = \vec{v_2} = \frac{m_1 \vec{v_2} + m_2 \vec{v_2}}{m_1 + m_2} = \vec{v_2} = \frac{m_1 \vec{v_2} + m_2 \vec{v_2}}{m_1 + m_2} = \vec{v_2} = \frac{m_1 \vec{v_2} + m_2 \vec{v_2}}{m_1 + m_2} = \vec{v_2} = \frac{m_1 \vec{v_2} + m_2 \vec{v_2}}{m_1 + m_2} = \frac{m_1 \vec{v_2} + m_2 \vec{v_2}}{m_1 +$$

$$m_1 \vec{v}_0 = (m_1 + m_2) \vec{V} = \vec{V} = \frac{m_1}{m_1 + m_2} \vec{v}_0$$
. depuis se exestencem com angulo o en relações à retre com a relações à retre com a relações à

Introduzindo 
$$\mu = \frac{m_1 m_2}{m_1 + m_2}$$
, tumos

reta um que se aproxima Man

$$\vec{v}_1 \cdot \vec{V}$$
, tenur:  
 $\vec{v}_1 \cdot \vec{V} = \vec{v}_1 \cdot \vec{V} \cdot (\cos x) = (\vec{v}_1 - \vec{v}_1) \cdot \vec{V} = \vec{v}_1 \cdot V \cdot (\cos x)$   
 $\vec{v}_1 \cdot \vec{V} - \vec{v}_2 = \vec{v}_1 \cdot \vec{V} \cdot (\cos x) = (\cos x) \cdot (\cos x) = (\cos x)$   
 $\vec{v}_1 \cdot \vec{V} - \vec{v}_2 = \vec{v}_1 \cdot \vec{V} \cdot (\cos x) = (\cos x) \cdot (\cos x) = (\cos x) \cdot (\cos x) = (\cos x) \cdot (\cos x) \cdot (\cos x) = (\cos x) \cdot (\cos x) \cdot (\cos x) = (\cos x) \cdot (\cos x) \cdot (\cos x) = (\cos x) \cdot (\cos x) \cdot (\cos x) = (\cos x) \cdot (\cos x) \cdot (\cos x) = (\cos x) \cdot (\cos x) \cdot (\cos x) = (\cos x) \cdot (\cos x) \cdot (\cos x) = (\cos x) \cdot (\cos x) \cdot (\cos x) = (\cos x) \cdot (\cos x) \cdot (\cos x) = (\cos x) \cdot (\cos x) \cdot (\cos x) = (\cos x) \cdot (\cos x) \cdot (\cos x) = (\cos x) \cdot (\cos x) \cdot (\cos x) \cdot (\cos x) = (\cos x) \cdot (\cos x) \cdot (\cos x) \cdot (\cos x) = (\cos x) \cdot (\cos x) \cdot (\cos x) \cdot (\cos x) = (\cos x) \cdot (\cos x) \cdot (\cos x) \cdot (\cos x) = (\cos x) \cdot (\cos x) \cdot (\cos x) \cdot (\cos x) = (\cos x) \cdot (\cos x) \cdot (\cos x) \cdot (\cos x) = (\cos x) \cdot (\cos x) = (\cos x) \cdot (\cos x) \cdot$ 

Comes cos 1 - X = - Cos X e, for 1 (7.5) X= arcan 2 (vs. o. Lemas:

vit vit Vit Lviv los arches vitas y

Pela prup. da innunza

1.6)

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Of = N' + V2 + 2(V·V1) (1.7)

1. d) Portinds de (2), temos

Some

100, (100) -1 (M) (M) = (M) , P= M VO, terms, substituinds (1):

$$\frac{N_{1}^{2}}{N_{0}^{2}} = \left(\frac{\mu}{m_{a}}\right)^{2} + \left(\frac{\mu}{m_{a}}\right)^{2} \left(\frac{N_{1}^{2}}{N_{0}}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{N_{0}^{2}}{N_{1}^{2}}\right) + 2\frac{N_{1}^{2}}{N_{0}^{2}} \cdot N_{0} \times \left(\frac{N_{1}^{2}}{N_{0}^{2}}\right) \cdot \frac{N_{0}^{2}}{N_{1}^{2}} + 2\frac{N_{1}^{2}}{N_{0}^{2}} \cdot \frac{N_{1}^{2}}{N_{1}^{2}} + 2\frac{N_{1}^{2}}{N_{0}^{2}} \cdot \frac{N_{1}^{2}}{N_{1}^{2}} + 2\frac{N_{1}^{2}}{N_{1}^{2}} +$$

1.e) Sender a estisair elastira, a energia linitila total e or momento total cherum 201

$$\frac{1}{2}m_{1}\vec{v}_{0}^{2} = \frac{1}{2}m_{1}\vec{v}_{1}^{2} + \frac{1}{2}m_{2}\vec{v}_{2}^{2} + \frac{1}{2}m_{1}\vec{v}_{3}^{2} = m_{1}\vec{v}_{4} + m_{2}\vec{v}_{2}$$
 (1.9)

Pur (1?):

$$m_1(\vec{v_1} - \vec{N_0}) = -m_0 \vec{v_2}$$
 (1.10)

Direidindo (1.8) per (1.10), temos:

$$\frac{m_1}{m_1(\vec{v}_1 - \vec{v}_0)} \left( \vec{v}_1 - \vec{v}_0 \right) = -\frac{m_2}{\vec{v}_2} \vec{v}_2, \text{ Nomo } \vec{n} = \vec{n}_1 - \vec{n}_2 \Rightarrow \vec{v} = \vec{v}_1 - \vec{v}_2, \text{ e pula}$$

$$-m_2 \vec{v}_2 \qquad \text{distrins a de quadrados:}$$

$$\vec{v}_1 + \vec{v}_0 = \vec{v}_0$$

$$\vec{v}_1 - \vec{v}_2 = \vec{v}_0 \Rightarrow |\vec{v}_1 - \vec{v}_2| = |-\vec{v}_0| \Rightarrow v = v_0 \Rightarrow v_0 \Rightarrow v_0 = 1$$
twitanto,  $\rho = m_1$ 

3

 $\frac{1}{12} = \frac{1}{12} + \frac{1}{12} + \frac{1}{12} + \frac{1}{12} = \frac{1}{12} + \frac{1}{12} + \frac{1}{12} = \frac{1}{12}$ En = win = (m) [1+ a f los x+ p] Sendre E, 2 mora a Eo- 3 mora, temos Come P= mym 2. H= mythen the E1 = 2 m, Ne, = 10, 2 Eur (3), Lemma:

$$\frac{1+2\rho \cos \theta + \rho^2}{1+2\rho + \rho^2} = 0 \implies \frac{1+2\cos \theta + 1}{1+2+1} = 0 \implies \cos \theta = -1 \implies \theta = \pi$$

h) So a energia doada for des prezind, 
$$\frac{E_1}{E_0} \approx 1$$
,  $e m_1 = m_1$ , fortante:

$$\frac{1+2 \log \theta + p^2}{1+2 p^2} = 1 \xrightarrow{m_1 \approx m_1} 1 + 2 \log \theta + m_1^2 = 1 + 2 \log \theta + m_1^2$$

## EXTRA:

momento final em y:-pe sing + p'sino

momento initial em X: p

momentu final en x: p'w20+ pew20

ignalando initiais e finais de la de remperente, lemes.

John Marsin energia E-10's, a so elither, Ect to. Buttouthe, thomas, pur commongene munder han energia E= Mc, e to elition probably, how enotings Eo. 6) Nue initial de merimante, temes se fortum as de emilgia:

Et En = E' + Ec + En=> E + mad= E' + Ec + made

() Sumando des quadrados de (8) e (9), tremos:

(p-p' love a) + (praince) = (pe con p) + (pe rain p)

10 - 2p p lang + pa (ango + aind) = por (aind + too 4) Peter relation functermental de trig. pa- 2 pp to cong + pa= pros

\_\_

(d) sustituinds (8) en pe en (12), temps:

pa. applear 8 + 10° = Ea + a Ecm

(some Ec= E-E' = L(p-p') (de 11), termen:

pa-2 p po, coad + po 2 = (p-po) + 2 (c(p-p))m

3 pp (1-loss)= 2 m c (p-p)

(1-142A) = 1 - 1 m L p' p sends moments.

2'-2= 2c(1- Los 0) = 1R