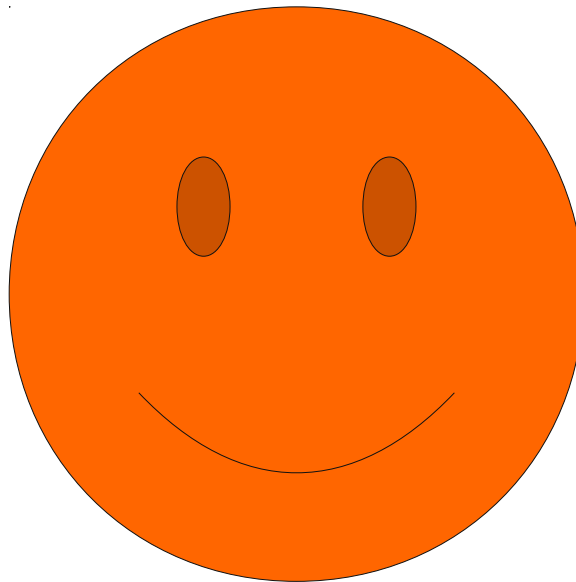
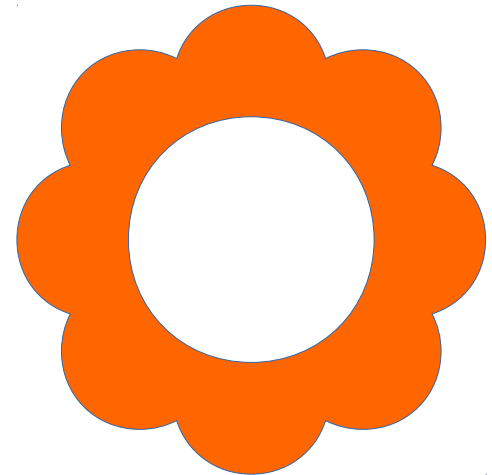


How to live your life while using reasonably  
secure technologies



# Who am I? (Disclaimer)

- A concerned artist
- A free software advocate
- A Vim User
- A lover of the colour orange
- A lover of privacy and freedom
- But still just another student



# What do I have to gain?

- Nothing\*



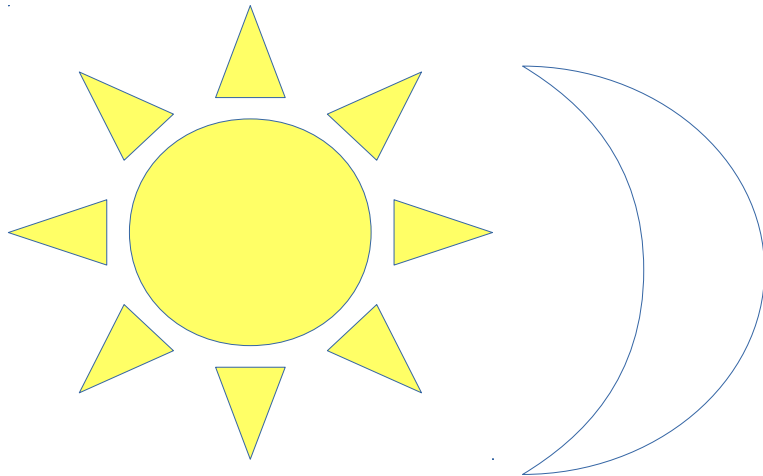
\*if there is something let me know

# What this talk is

- A discussion that is based around me talking more and you responding when you have questions.
- Not a time to just let me talk fast and you not understand while I stroke my ego and rant about how I hate most tools but not have any better suggestions.
- A chance for me to use all the symbols in impress
- Not super technical unless it wants to be
- An introduction to a few tools

# What happened?

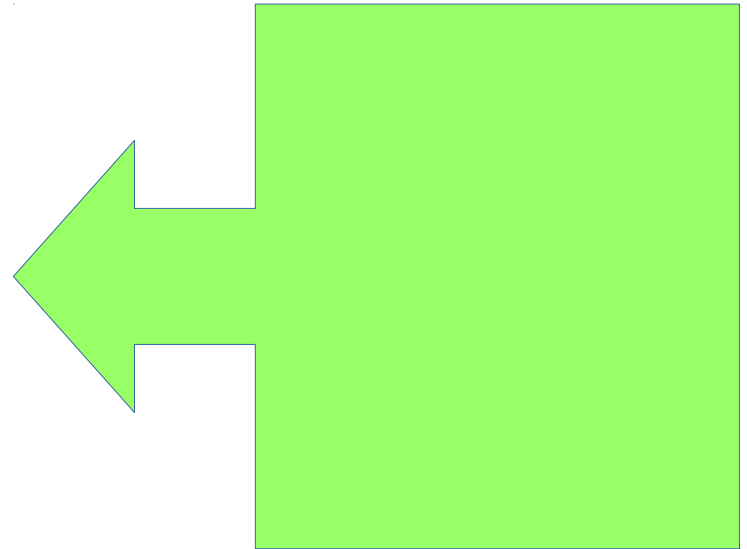
- Digital things
- Computers are everywhere and networked
- Very quick development cycles
- Government mass surveillance
- Cheap consumer surveillance technology



This stuff happened in the last week  
(Wrote these next slides this morning)

# Smart TVs Spying

- WEEPING ANGEL – Fake off mode for targetted surveillance
- <http://billmoyers.com/story/dont-say-werent-warned-smart-tv-spying/>



# Chrome DRM enabled

- “Protected Content” - Allow site to execute code in your browser without you being able to “easily” inspect it.
- <http://www.pcworld.com/article/3163235/software/chromes-next-release-will-make-drm-mandatory.html>
- <https://imgur.com/h5smt2y>



# Allo shares users search history

- Users of Allo could see fragments of friends search history (fixed now)
- <http://www.independent.co.uk/life-style/gadgets-and-tech/news/google-allo-search-history-revealed-messaging-app-a7630001.html>

# TorrentFreak Fictional story about real law

- <https://torrentfreak.com/futureshock-uk-teenager-jailed-for-5-years-for-downloading-one-movie-170312/>
- <https://services.parliament.uk/bills/2016-17/digitaleconomy.html>

# Confide doesnt understand the difference between won't and can't

- Uploads decryption keys to server
- [https://arstechnica.com/security/2017/03/unfixe  
d-weaknesses-in-confide-stoke-doubts-about-  
end-to-end-crypto-claims/](https://arstechnica.com/security/2017/03/unfixe-d-weaknesses-in-confide-stoke-doubts-about-end-to-end-crypto-claims/)

# CIA Leak code going to tech companies

- <http://www.reuters.com/article/us-cia-wikileaks-assange-idUSKBN16G27Y>

# Brainprint passwords

- Use brainwaves to authenticate
- <https://phys.org/news/2017-03-brain-unique-ultimate-password.html>
- 98% success compared with 99% for fingerprints
- <https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/document/4107575/>

# Telegram hack (fixed)

- Telegram.me was able to be MitM'd, secret messages were not broken

<https://bo0om.ru/telegram-love-phdays-en>

# ALWAYS reflash your devices (if you can)

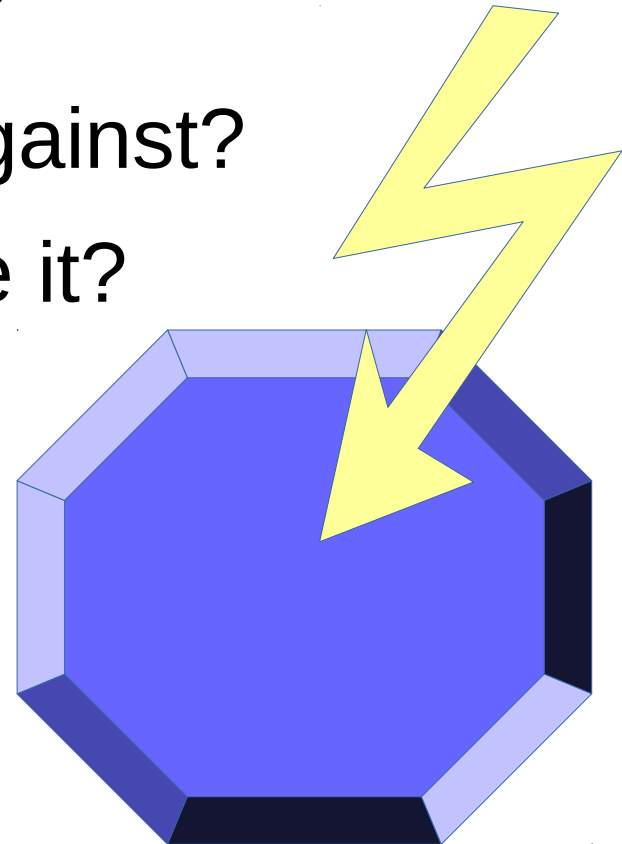
- 2 Companies found preinstalled malware on their devices installed somewhere in transit
- <https://arstechnica.com/security/2017/03/preinstalled-malware-targets-android-users-of-two-companies/>

Back to the other stuff



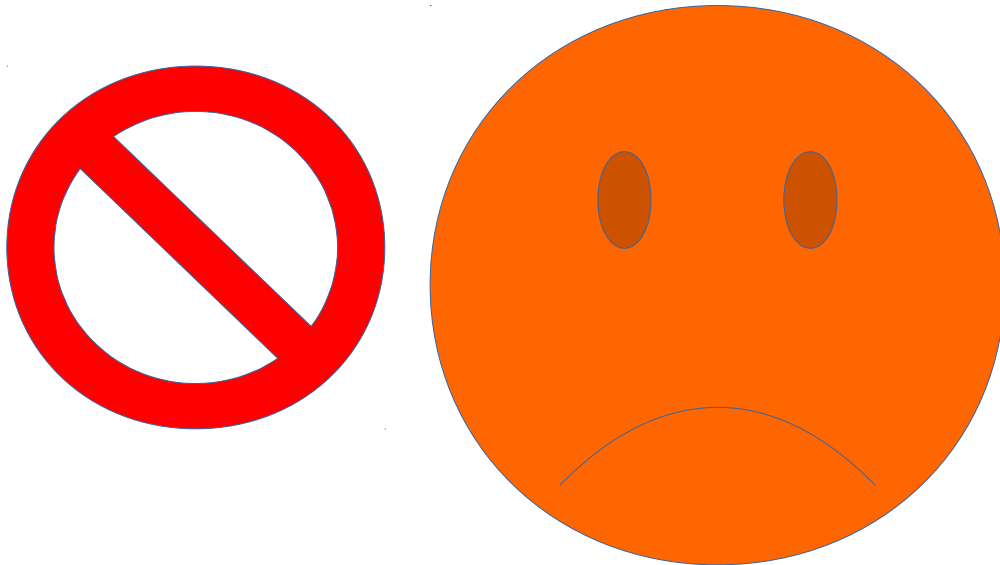
# What is a threat model?

- What do I do?
- What do I want to protect?
- Why do I want to protect it?
- Who do I want to protect against?
- How much do I need to use it?



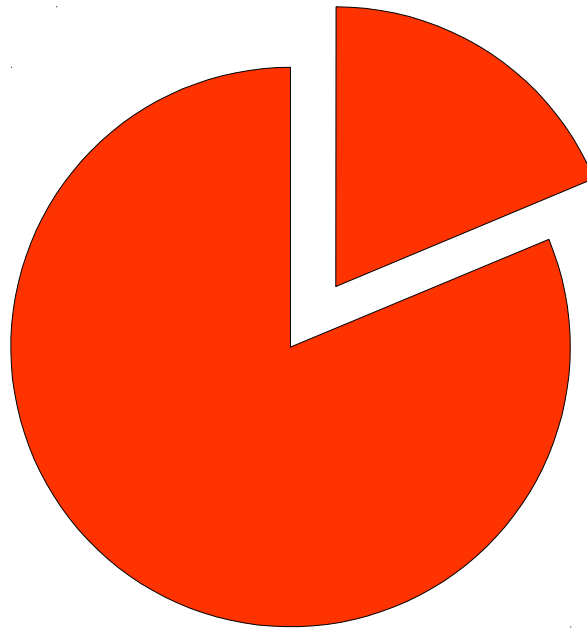
# There is no such thing as

- Perfect security\*
- Total freedom to compute\*\*
- A best way to communicate privately\*\*\*



# Pareto principle

- AKA 80/20 rule
- What 20% change can give me the 80% improvement



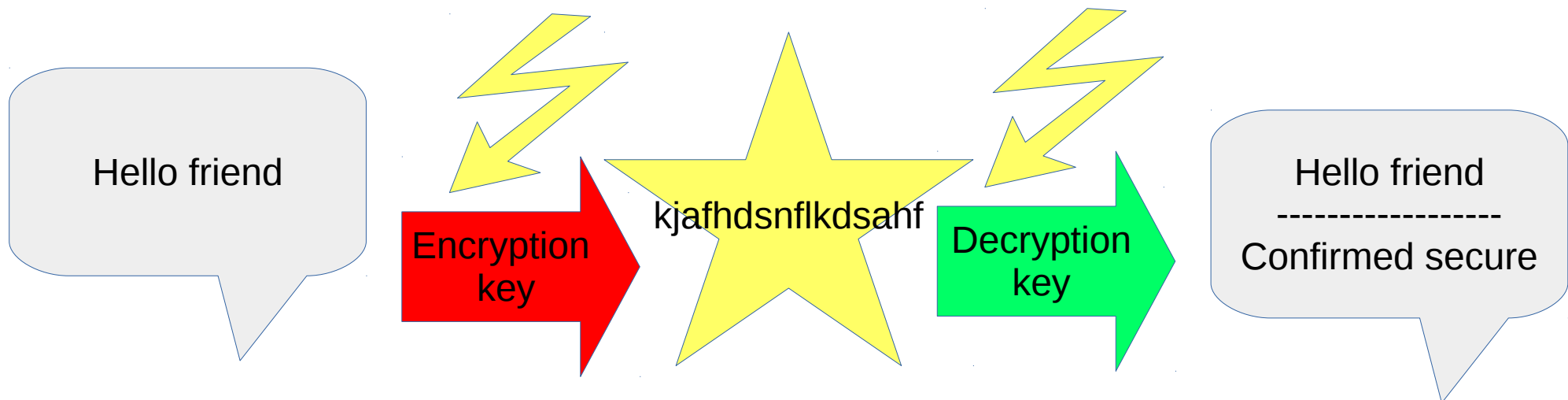
# What is GnuPG?

- An implementation of PGP (and others) for encrypting data.
- Could be for Files or messages.
- Tries to tie into the web of trust
- User unfriendly



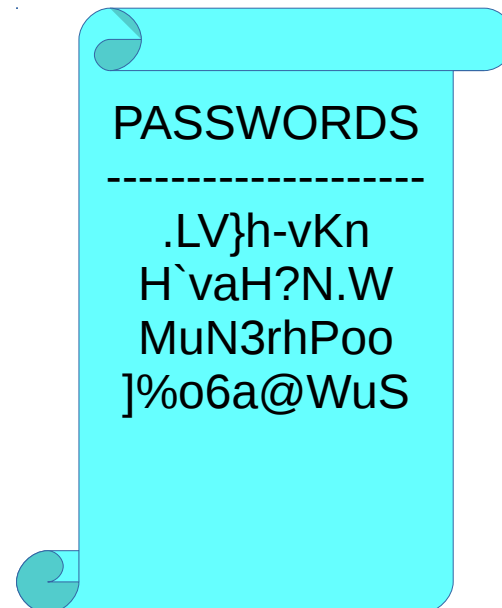
# What is Signal?

- A protocol
- Forward secrecy!
- A easy to use instant~ messaging platform
- Not without downsides



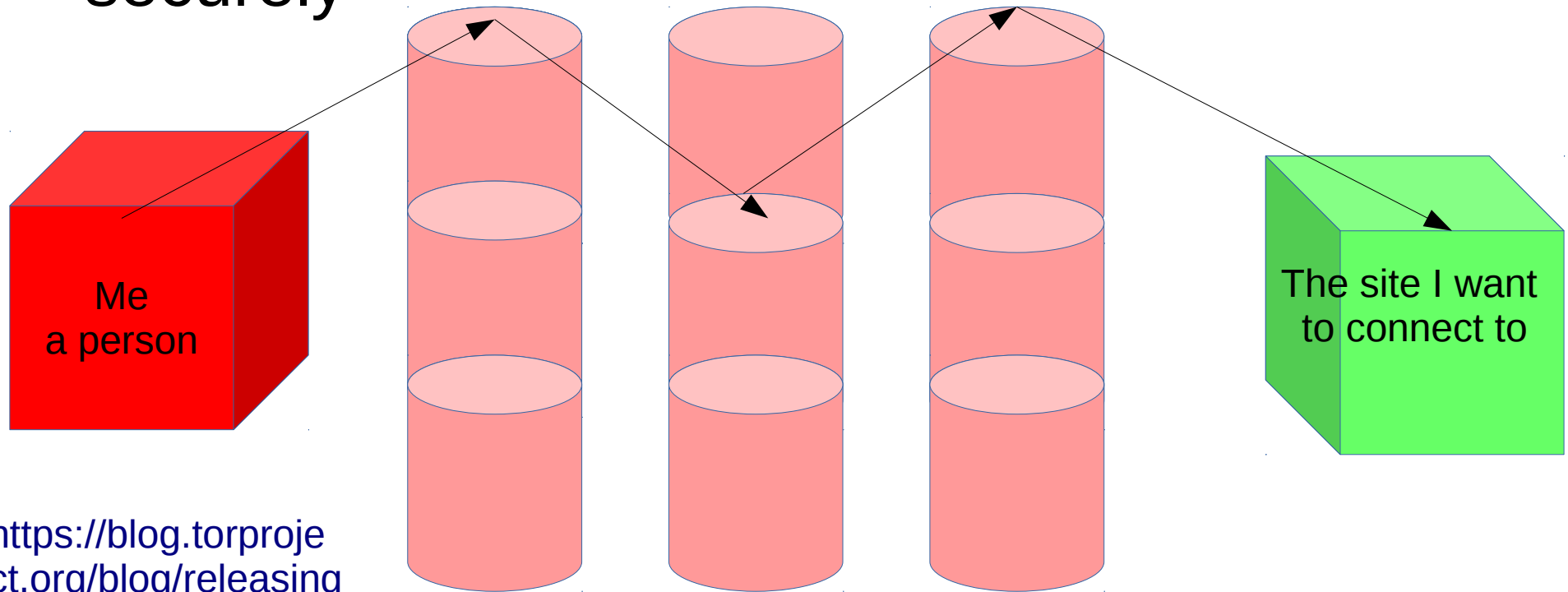
# What is KeePassX

- Yet another password manager
- Still around from another problem that was solved in the original project but happens to be around everywhere because its compatible and still pretty secure



# What is Tor?

- A Dark net and traffic anonymizer
- A protocol to have devices communicate securely



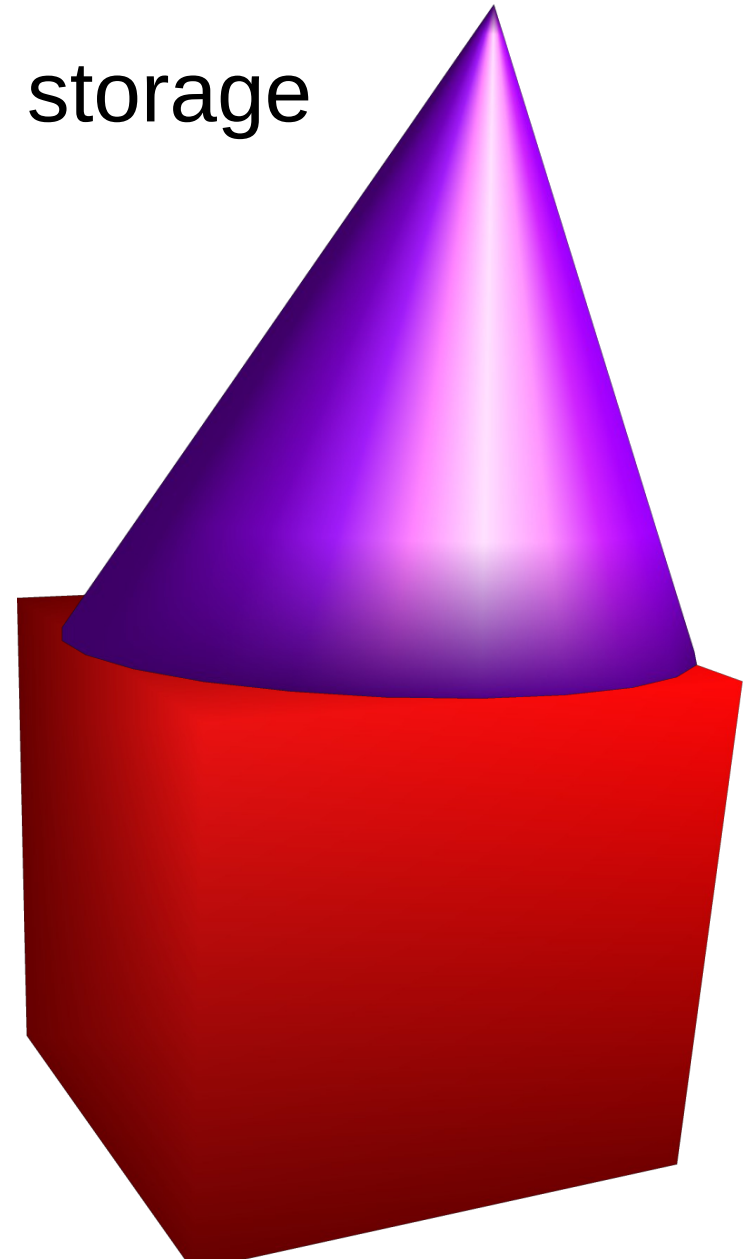
<https://blog.torproject.org/blog/releasing-tor-animation>

THE TOR NETWORK

# What is Tails?

- An Operating system on flash storage
- “Doesnt leave a trace”
- All traffic goes through Tor
- Works on most\* computers

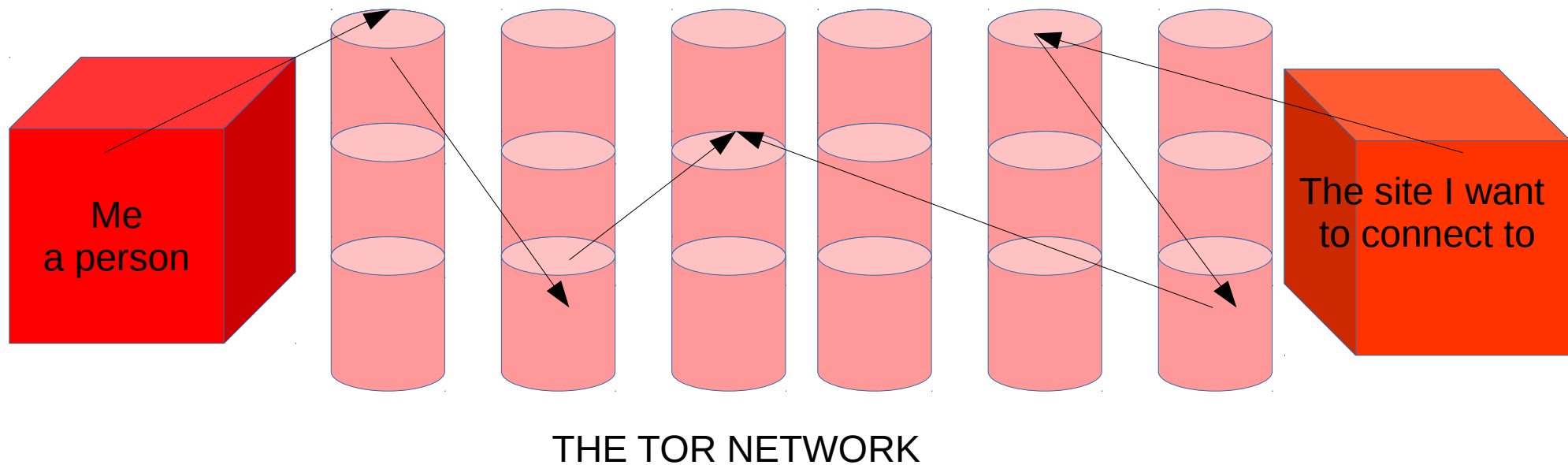
<https://tails.boum.org/>





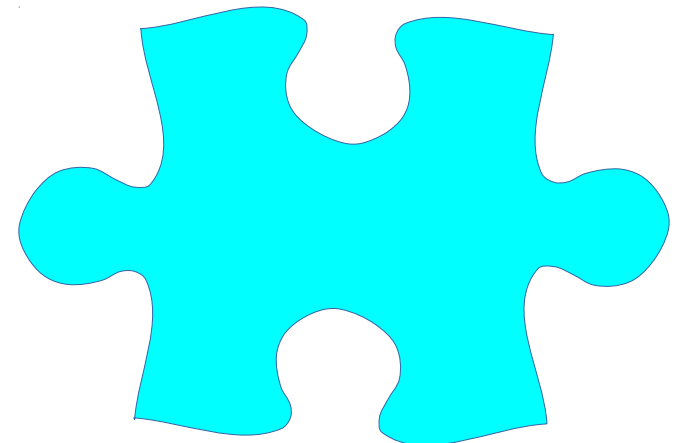
# What is a Tor Hidden/Onion Service

- A site that is accessed through tor but never leaves the network



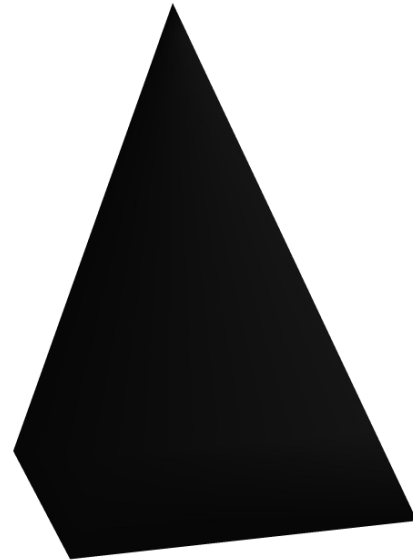
# OnionShare / Ricochet

- Ricochet isnt preinstalled.
- OnionShare is.
- Ricochet is an IM, OnionShare is a peer to peer sharing application that works over Tor
- Both use Onion Services



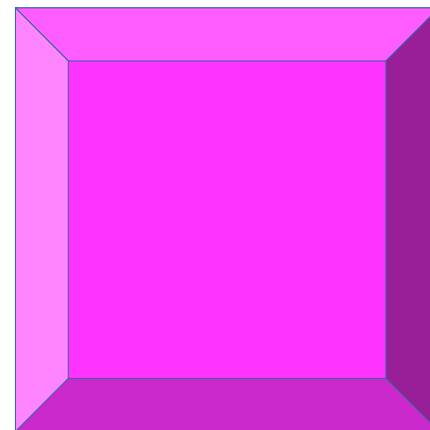
# If I didnt demo those things by now

- Stop talking over this slide and demo some things



# Raspberry Pi is not secure but...

- They aren't suspicious
- They are kept up to date
- They are easy to find (some are, honest)
- Are reasonably low cost
- CAN be set up easily in most operating systems including Tails (hint hint next slide)

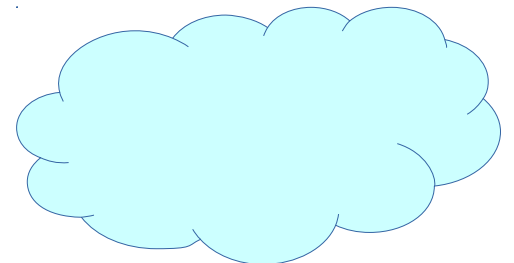
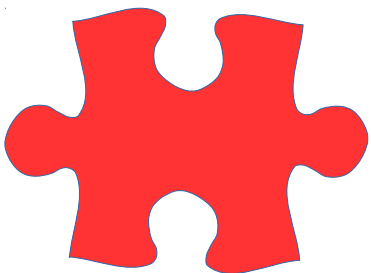
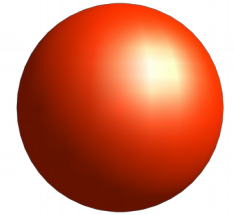


# Links to various resources

- <http://www.teenvogue.com/story/how-to-keep-messages-secure>
- <https://privacytools.io>
- <https://prism-break.org/en/>
- <http://www.tcij.org/sites/default/files/u11/InfoSec%20for%20Journalists%20V1.3.pdf>

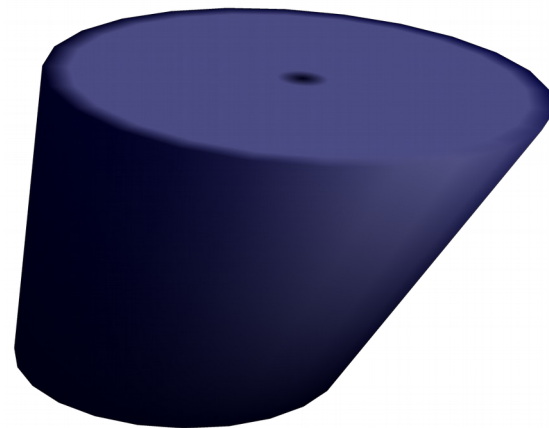
# This is where you spend the rest of time (Bonus Round)

- Set up a Pi Zero W on tails (LIVE)
- Set up eduroam on it (or not if it doesnt work)
- Set up Tor on that Pi Zero W
- Host a website on Tor and serve SSH too!
- Social Media: twitter @\_xs github @ixt
- Website: ff4500.red orangeguyrxpij4j.onion (.onion is currently down)
- PGP key fingerprint:  
105C A1F4 AF75 DFE3 04AD C68B 7181 6DF5 3240 20E9



# Pi Zero Serial Setup

- Cmdline.txt add after rootwait (modules-load=dwc2,g\_cdc)
- Config.txt append (dt-overlay=dwc2)
- After first boot remove and In  
In -s lib/systemd/system/getty@.service  
etc/systemd/system/getty.target.wants/getty@ttyGS0.service



# Eduroam on a pi!

- Use wpa\_cli
- scan, scan\_results, add\_network
- set\_network n ssid “eduroam”
- set\_network n scan\_ssid 1
- set\_network n proto WPA2
- set\_network n priority 1
- set\_network n key\_mgmt WPA-EAP
- set\_network n eap PEAP
- set\_network n pairwise ccmp
- identity n username@campus.goldsmiths.ac.uk
- password n password
- set\_network n phase2 “auth=MSCHAPV2”
- select\_network n
- enable\_network n
- save\_config

