

Theory of Designs in Isabelle/UTP

Simon Foster

Yakoub Nemouchi

Frank Zeyda

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Abstract

This document describes a mechanisation of the UTP theory of designs in Isabelle/UTP. Designs enrich UTP relations with explicit precondition/postcondition pairs, as present in formal notations like VDM, B, and the refinement calculus. If a program's precondition holds, then it is guaranteed to terminate and establish its postcondition, which is an approach known as total correctness. If the precondition does not hold, the behaviour is maximally nondeterministic, which represents unspecified behaviour. In this mechanisation, we create the theory of designs, including its alphabet, signature, and healthiness conditions. We then use these to prove the key algebraic laws of programming. This development can be used to support program verification based on total correctness.

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1 Design Signature and Core Laws

```
theory utp-des-core
imports UTP-KAT.utp-kleene
begin
```

UTP designs [2, 4] are a subset of the alphabetised relations that use a boolean observational variable *ok* to record the start and termination of a program. For more information on designs please see Chapter 3 of the UTP book [4], or the more accessible designs tutorial [2].

1.1 Definitions

Two named theorem sets exist are created to group theorems that, respectively, provide pre-postcondition definitions, and simplify operators to their normal design form.

```
named-theorems ndes and ndes-simp
```

```
alphabet des-vars =
  ok :: bool
```

The two locale interpretations below are a technicality to improve automatic proof support via the predicate and relational tactics. This is to enable the (re-)interpretation of state spaces to remove any occurrences of lens types after the proof tactics *pred-simp* and *rel-simp*, or any of their derivatives have been applied. Eventually, it would be desirable to automate both interpretations as part of a custom outer command for defining alphabets.

```
type-synonym 'α des = 'α des-vars-scheme
type-synonym ('α, 'β) rel-des = ('α des, 'β des) urel
type-synonym 'α hrel-des = ('α des) hrel
```

translations

$(type) \ ' \alpha \ des \leq (type) \ ' \alpha \ des\text{-vars-scheme}$
 $(type) \ ' \alpha \ des \leq (type) \ ' \alpha \ des\text{-vars-ext}$
 $(type) \ (' \alpha, ' \beta) \ rel\text{-des} \leq (type) \ (' \alpha \ des, ' \beta \ des) \ urel$
 $(type) \ ' \alpha \ hrel\text{-des} \leq (type) \ ' \alpha \ des \ hrel$

notation $des\text{-vars.more}_L (\Sigma_D)$

syntax

$\text{-svid-des-alpha} :: \text{svid} (\mathbf{v}_D)$

translations

$\text{-svid-des-alpha} \Rightarrow \text{CONST } des\text{-vars.more}_L$

lemma $ok\text{-des-bij-lens}: \text{bij-lens} (ok +_L \Sigma_D) \text{ (is } \text{bij-lens } ?P)$

proof –

have $?P \approx_L 1_L$

by $(\text{meson } des\text{-vars.equivs}(1) \ des\text{-vars.equivs}(2) \ des\text{-vars.indeps}(1) \ \text{lens-equiv-sym} \ \text{lens-equiv-trans} \ \text{lens-plus-eq-left})$

thus $?thesis$

by $(\text{simp add: } \text{bij-lens-equiv-id})$

qed

Define the lens functor for designs

definition $\text{lmap-des-vars} :: (' \alpha \Rightarrow ' \beta) \Rightarrow (' \alpha \ des\text{-vars-scheme} \Rightarrow ' \beta \ des\text{-vars-scheme}) (\text{lmap}_D)$

where $[\text{lens-defs}]: \text{lmap-des-vars} = \text{lmap}[des\text{-vars}]$

syntax $\text{-lmap-des-vars} :: \text{salph} \Rightarrow \text{salph} (\text{lmap}_D[-])$

translations $\text{-lmap-des-vars } a \Rightarrow \text{CONST } \text{lmap-des-vars } a$

lemma $\text{lmap-des-vars}: \text{vwb-lens } f \Rightarrow \text{vwb-lens} (\text{lmap-des-vars } f)$

by $(\text{unfold-locales, auto simp add: } \text{lens-defs})$

lemma $\text{lmap-id}: \text{lmap}_D 1_L = 1_L$

by $(\text{simp add: } \text{lens-defs fun-eq-iff})$

lemma $\text{lmap-comp}: \text{lmap}_D (f ;_L g) = \text{lmap}_D f ;_L \text{lmap}_D g$

by $(\text{simp add: } \text{lens-defs fun-eq-iff})$

The following notations define liftings from non-design predicates into design predicates using alphabet extensions.

abbreviation $\text{lift-desr} (\lceil \cdot \rceil_D)$

where $\lceil P \rceil_D \equiv P \oplus_p (\Sigma_D \times_L \Sigma_D)$

utp-const lift-desr

abbreviation $\text{lift-pre-desr} (\lceil \cdot \rceil_{D<})$

where $\lceil p \rceil_{D<} \equiv \lceil \lceil p \rceil_{<} \rceil_D$

abbreviation $\text{lift-post-desr} (\lceil \cdot \rceil_{D>})$

where $\lceil p \rceil_{D>} \equiv \lceil \lceil p \rceil_{>} \rceil_D$

abbreviation $\text{drop-desr} (\lfloor \cdot \rfloor_D)$

where $\lfloor P \rfloor_D \equiv P \upharpoonright_e (\Sigma_D \times_L \Sigma_D)$

abbreviation $dcond :: ('\alpha, '\beta) rel-des \Rightarrow '\alpha upred \Rightarrow ('\alpha, '\beta) rel-des \Rightarrow ('\alpha, '\beta) rel-des$
where $dcond P b Q \equiv P \triangleleft [b]_D \triangleleft Q$

syntax $-dcond :: logic \Rightarrow logic \Rightarrow logic \Rightarrow logic ((\beta \triangleleft - \triangleright_D / -) [52,0,53] 52)$
translations $-dcond P b Q == CONST dcond P b Q$

definition $design :: ('\alpha, '\beta) rel-des \Rightarrow ('\alpha, '\beta) rel-des \Rightarrow ('\alpha, '\beta) rel-des$ (**infixl** $\vdash 59$) **where**
 $[upred-defs]: P \vdash Q = (\$ok \wedge P \Rightarrow \$ok' \wedge Q)$

An rdesign is a design that uses the Isabelle type system to prevent reference to ok in the assumption and commitment.

definition $rdesign :: ('\alpha, '\beta) urel \Rightarrow ('\alpha, '\beta) urel \Rightarrow ('\alpha, '\beta) rel-des$ (**infixl** $\vdash_r 59$) **where**
 $[upred-defs]: (P \vdash_r Q) = [P]_D \vdash [Q]_D$

An ndesign is a normal design, i.e. where the assumption is a condition

definition $ndesign :: '\alpha cond \Rightarrow (''\alpha, '\beta) urel \Rightarrow (''\alpha, '\beta) rel-des$ (**infixl** $\vdash_n 59$) **where**
 $[upred-defs]: (p \vdash_n Q) = ([p]_{<} \vdash_r Q)$

definition $skip-d :: '\alpha hrel-des (II_D)$ **where**
 $[upred-defs]: II_D \equiv (true \vdash_r II)$

definition $bot-d :: (''\alpha, '\beta) rel-des (\perp_D)$ **where**
 $[upred-defs]: \perp_D = (false \vdash false)$

definition $pre-design :: (''\alpha, '\beta) rel-des \Rightarrow (''\alpha, '\beta) urel (pre_D)$ **where**
 $[upred-defs]: pre_D(P) = \lfloor \neg P \llbracket true, false / \$ok, \$ok' \rrbracket \rfloor_D$

definition $post-design :: (''\alpha, '\beta) rel-des \Rightarrow (''\alpha, '\beta) urel (post_D)$ **where**
 $[upred-defs]: post_D(P) = \lfloor P \llbracket true, true / \$ok, \$ok' \rrbracket \rfloor_D$

utp-const $pre-design post-design$

syntax

$-ok-f :: logic \Rightarrow logic (-^f [1000] 1000)$
 $-ok-t :: logic \Rightarrow logic (-^t [1000] 1000)$
 $-top-d :: logic (\top_D)$

translations

$P^f \equiv CONST usubst (CONST subst-upd id_s (CONST out-var CONST ok) false) P$
 $P^t \equiv CONST usubst (CONST subst-upd id_s (CONST out-var CONST ok) true) P$
 $\top_D \Rightarrow CONST not-upred (CONST utp-expr.var (CONST in-var CONST ok))$

1.2 Lifting, Unrestriction, and Substitution

lemma $drop-desr-inv [simp]: \lfloor [P]_D \rfloor_D = P$
by ($simp add: prod-mwb-lens$)

lemma $lift-desr-inv$:

fixes $P :: (''\alpha, '\beta) rel-des$
assumes $\$ok \# P \$ok' \# P$
shows $\lfloor \lfloor P \rfloor_D \rfloor_D = P$

proof –

have $bij-lens (\Sigma_D \times_L \Sigma_D +_L (in-var ok +_L out-var ok) :: (-, '\alpha des-vars-scheme \times '\beta des-vars-scheme)$
 $lens)$
(is $bij-lens (?P))$

```

proof –
  have  $?P \approx_L (ok +_L \Sigma_D) \times_L (ok +_L \Sigma_D)$  (is  $?P \approx_L ?Q$ )
    apply (simp add: in-var-def out-var-def prod-as-plus)
    apply (simp add: prod-as-plus[THEN sym])
    apply (meson lens-equiv-sym lens-equiv-trans lens-indep-prod lens-plus-comm lens-plus-prod-exchange
des-vars.indeps(1))
  done
  moreover have bij-lens ?Q
    by (simp add: ok-des-bij-lens prod-bij-lens)
  ultimately show ?thesis
    by (metis bij-lens-equiv lens-equiv-sym)
qed

with assms show ?thesis
  apply (rule-tac aext-arestr[of - in-var ok +_L out-var ok])
  apply (simp add: prod-mwb-lens)
  apply (simp)
  apply (metis alpha-in-var lens-indep-prod lens-indep-sym des-vars.indeps(1) out-var-def prod-as-plus)
  using unrest-var-comp apply blast
done
qed

lemma unrest-out-des-lift [unrest]:  $out\alpha \# p \implies out\alpha \# [p]_D$ 
  by (pred-simp)

lemma lift-dist-seq [simp]:
   $[P ;; Q]_D = ([P]_D ;; [Q]_D)$ 
  by (rel-auto)

lemma lift-des-skip-dr-unit [simp]:
   $([P]_D ;; [II]_D) = [P]_D$ 
   $([II]_D ;; [P]_D) = [P]_D$ 
  by (rel-auto)+

lemma lift-des-skip-dr-unit-unrest:  $\$ok' \# P \implies (P ;; [II]_D) = P$ 
  by (rel-auto)

lemma state-subst-design [usubst]:
   $[\sigma \oplus_s \Sigma_D]_s \dagger (P \vdash_r Q) = ([\sigma]_s \dagger P) \vdash_r ([\sigma]_s \dagger Q)$ 
  by (rel-auto)

lemma design-subst [usubst]:
   $\llbracket \$ok \#_s \sigma; \$ok' \#_s \sigma \rrbracket \implies \sigma \dagger (P \vdash Q) = (\sigma \dagger P) \vdash (\sigma \dagger Q)$ 
  by (simp add: design-def usubst)

lemma design-msubst [usubst]:
   $(P(x) \vdash Q(x)) \llbracket x \rightarrow v \rrbracket = (P(x) \llbracket x \rightarrow v \rrbracket \vdash Q(x) \llbracket x \rightarrow v \rrbracket)$ 
  by (rel-auto)

lemma design-ok-false [usubst]:  $(P \vdash Q) \llbracket false / \$ok \rrbracket = true$ 
  by (simp add: design-def usubst)

lemma ok-pre:  $(\$ok \wedge [pre_D(P)]_D) = (\$ok \wedge (\neg P^f))$ 
  apply (simp add: pre-design-def alpha unrest usubst)
  apply (subst aext-arestr')

```

```

  apply (rel-simp)
  apply (rel-auto)
done

```

```

lemma ok-post: ( $\$ok \wedge \lceil post_D(P) \rceil_D$ ) = ( $\$ok \wedge (P^t)$ )
  apply (simp add: post-design-def alpha unrest usubst)
  apply (subst aext-arestr^)
  apply (rel-simp)
  apply (rel-auto)
done

```

1.3 Basic Design Laws

```

lemma design-export-ok:  $P \vdash Q = (P \vdash (\$ok \wedge Q))$ 
  by (rel-auto)

```

```

lemma design-export-ok':  $P \vdash Q = (P \vdash (\$ok' \wedge Q))$ 
  by (rel-auto)

```

```

lemma design-export-pre:  $P \vdash (P \wedge Q) = P \vdash Q$ 
  by (rel-auto)

```

```

lemma design-export-spec:  $P \vdash (P \Rightarrow Q) = P \vdash Q$ 
  by (rel-auto)

```

```

lemma design-ok-pre-conj: ( $\$ok \wedge P$ )  $\vdash Q = P \vdash Q$ 
  by (rel-auto)

```

```

lemma true-is-design: ( $false \vdash true$ ) = true
  by (rel-auto)

```

```

lemma true-is-rdesign: ( $false \vdash_r true$ ) = true
  by (rel-auto)

```

```

lemma bot-d-true:  $\perp_D = true$ 
  by (rel-auto)

```

```

lemma bot-d-ndes-def [ndes-simp]:  $\perp_D = (false \vdash_n true)$ 
  by (rel-auto)

```

```

lemma design-false-pre: ( $false \vdash P$ ) = true
  by (rel-auto)

```

```

lemma rdesign-false-pre: ( $false \vdash_r P$ ) = true
  by (rel-auto)

```

```

lemma ndesign-false-pre: ( $false \vdash_n P$ ) = true
  by (rel-auto)

```

```

lemma ndesign-miracle: ( $true \vdash_n false$ ) =  $\top_D$ 
  by (rel-auto)

```

```

lemma top-d-ndes-def [ndes-simp]:  $\top_D = (true \vdash_n false)$ 
  by (rel-auto)

```

```

lemma skip-d-alt-def:  $II_D = true \vdash II$ 

```

by (rel-auto)

lemma skip-d-ndes-def [ndes-simp]: $II_D = true \vdash_n II$

by (rel-auto)

lemma design-subst-ok:

$(P \llbracket true/\$ok \rrbracket \vdash Q \llbracket true/\$ok \rrbracket) = (P \vdash Q)$

by (rel-auto)

lemma design-subst-ok-ok':

$(P \llbracket true/\$ok \rrbracket \vdash Q \llbracket true, true/\$ok, \$ok' \rrbracket) = (P \vdash Q)$

proof –

have $(P \vdash Q) = ((\$ok \wedge P) \vdash (\$ok \wedge \$ok' \wedge Q))$

by (pred-auto)

also have $\dots = ((\$ok \wedge P \llbracket true/\$ok \rrbracket) \vdash (\$ok \wedge (\$ok' \wedge Q \llbracket true/\$ok' \rrbracket) \llbracket true/\$ok \rrbracket))$

by (metis conj-eq-out-var-subst conj-pos-var-subst upred-eq-true utp-pred-laws.inf-commute ok-vwb-lens)

also have $\dots = ((\$ok \wedge P \llbracket true/\$ok \rrbracket) \vdash (\$ok \wedge \$ok' \wedge Q \llbracket true, true/\$ok, \$ok' \rrbracket))$

by (simp add: usubst)

also have $\dots = (P \llbracket true/\$ok \rrbracket \vdash Q \llbracket true, true/\$ok, \$ok' \rrbracket)$

by (pred-auto)

finally show ?thesis ..

qed

lemma design-subst-ok':

$(P \vdash Q \llbracket true/\$ok' \rrbracket) = (P \vdash Q)$

proof –

have $(P \vdash Q) = (P \vdash (\$ok' \wedge Q))$

by (pred-auto)

also have $\dots = (P \vdash (\$ok' \wedge Q \llbracket true/\$ok' \rrbracket))$

by (metis conj-eq-out-var-subst upred-eq-true utp-pred-laws.inf-commute ok-vwb-lens)

also have $\dots = (P \vdash Q \llbracket true/\$ok' \rrbracket)$

by (pred-auto)

finally show ?thesis ..

qed

1.4 Sequential Composition Laws

theorem design-skip-idem [simp]:

$(II_D ;; II_D) = II_D$

by (rel-auto)

theorem design-composition-subst:

assumes

$\$ok' \# P1 \ \$ok \# P2$

shows $((P1 \vdash Q1) ;; (P2 \vdash Q2)) =$

$((\neg (\neg P1) ;; true) \wedge \neg (Q1 \llbracket true/\$ok' \rrbracket ;; (\neg P2))) \vdash (Q1 \llbracket true/\$ok' \rrbracket ;; Q2 \llbracket true/\$ok \rrbracket))$

proof –

have $((P1 \vdash Q1) ;; (P2 \vdash Q2)) = (\exists ok_0. ((P1 \vdash Q1) \llbracket \llcorner ok_0 \rceil / \$ok' \rrbracket ;; (P2 \vdash Q2) \llbracket \llcorner ok_0 \rceil / \$ok \rrbracket))$

by (rule seqr-middle, simp)

also have ...

$= (((P1 \vdash Q1) \llbracket false/\$ok' \rrbracket ;; (P2 \vdash Q2) \llbracket false/\$ok \rrbracket)$

$\vee ((P1 \vdash Q1) \llbracket true/\$ok' \rrbracket ;; (P2 \vdash Q2) \llbracket true/\$ok \rrbracket))$

by (metis (no-types, lifting) calculation disj-comm ok-vwb-lens seqr-bool-split)

also from *assms*

have $\dots = (((\$ok \wedge P1 \Rightarrow Q1 \llbracket true/\$ok' \rrbracket) ;; (P2 \Rightarrow \$ok' \wedge Q2 \llbracket true/\$ok \rrbracket)) \vee ((\neg (\$ok \wedge P1)) ;;$

$true))$

by (simp add: design-def usubst unrest, pred-auto)
 also have ... = $((\neg \$ok ;; true_h) \vee ((\neg P1) ;; true) \vee (Q1 \llbracket true/\$ok' \rrbracket ;; (\neg P2)) \vee (\$ok' \wedge (Q1 \llbracket true/\$ok' \rrbracket ;; Q2 \llbracket true/\$ok \rrbracket)))$
 by (rel-auto)
 also have ... = $((\neg ((\neg P1) ;; true)) \wedge \neg (Q1 \llbracket true/\$ok' \rrbracket ;; (\neg P2))) \vdash (Q1 \llbracket true/\$ok' \rrbracket ;; Q2 \llbracket true/\$ok \rrbracket))$
 by (simp add: precond-right-unit design-def unrest, rel-auto)
 finally show ?thesis .
 qed

theorem *design-composition*:

assumes

$\$ok' \# P1 \ \$ok \# P2 \ \$ok' \# Q1 \ \$ok \# Q2$

shows $((P1 \vdash Q1) ;; (P2 \vdash Q2)) = (((\neg ((\neg P1) ;; true)) \wedge \neg (Q1 ;; (\neg P2))) \vdash (Q1 ;; Q2))$

using *assms* **by** (simp add: design-composition-subst usubst)

theorem *rdesign-composition*:

$((P1 \vdash_r Q1) ;; (P2 \vdash_r Q2)) = (((\neg ((\neg P1) ;; true)) \wedge \neg (Q1 ;; (\neg P2))) \vdash_r (Q1 ;; Q2))$

by (simp add: rdesign-def design-composition unrest alpha)

theorem *design-composition-cond*:

assumes

$out\alpha \# p1 \ \$ok \# P2 \ \$ok' \# Q1 \ \$ok \# Q2$

shows $((p1 \vdash Q1) ;; (P2 \vdash Q2)) = ((p1 \wedge \neg (Q1 ;; (\neg P2))) \vdash (Q1 ;; Q2))$

using *assms*

by (simp add: design-composition unrest precond-right-unit)

theorem *rdesign-composition-cond*:

assumes $out\alpha \# p1$

shows $((p1 \vdash_r Q1) ;; (P2 \vdash_r Q2)) = ((p1 \wedge \neg (Q1 ;; (\neg P2))) \vdash_r (Q1 ;; Q2))$

using *assms*

by (simp add: rdesign-def design-composition-cond unrest alpha)

theorem *design-composition-wp*:

assumes

$ok \# p1 \ ok \# p2$

$\$ok \# Q1 \ \$ok' \# Q1 \ \$ok \# Q2 \ \$ok' \# Q2$

shows $((\llbracket p1 \rrbracket_{<} \vdash Q1) ;; (\llbracket p2 \rrbracket_{<} \vdash Q2)) = ((\llbracket p1 \wedge Q1 \text{ wlp } p2 \rrbracket_{<} \vdash (Q1 ;; Q2))$

using *assms* **by** (rel-blast)

theorem *rdesign-composition-wp*:

$((\llbracket p1 \rrbracket_{<} \vdash_r Q1) ;; (\llbracket p2 \rrbracket_{<} \vdash_r Q2)) = ((\llbracket p1 \wedge Q1 \text{ wlp } p2 \rrbracket_{<} \vdash_r (Q1 ;; Q2))$

by (rel-blast)

theorem *ndesign-composition-wp* [*ndes-simp*]:

$((p1 \vdash_n Q1) ;; (p2 \vdash_n Q2)) = ((p1 \wedge Q1 \text{ wlp } p2) \vdash_n (Q1 ;; Q2))$

by (rel-blast)

theorem *design-true-left-zero*: $(true ;; (P \vdash Q)) = true$

proof –

have $(true ;; (P \vdash Q)) = ((true \llbracket false/\$ok' \rrbracket ;; (P \vdash Q) \llbracket false/\$ok \rrbracket) \vee (true \llbracket true/\$ok' \rrbracket ;; (P \vdash Q) \llbracket true/\$ok \rrbracket))$

by (rel-auto)

also have ... = $((true \llbracket false/\$ok' \rrbracket ;; true_h) \vee (true ;; ((P \vdash Q) \llbracket true/\$ok \rrbracket)))$

by (subst-tac, rel-auto)

also have ... = $true$

by (subst-tac, simp add: precondition-right-unit unrest)
 finally show ?thesis .
 qed

theorem design-left-unit-hom:

fixes $P Q :: 'a \text{ hrel-des}$

shows $(II_D ;; (P \vdash_r Q)) = (P \vdash_r Q)$

proof –

have $(II_D ;; (P \vdash_r Q)) = ((true \vdash_r II) ;; (P \vdash_r Q))$

by (simp add: skip-d-def)

also have $\dots = (true \wedge \neg (II ;; (\neg P))) \vdash_r (II ;; Q)$

proof –

have $out\alpha \# true$

by unrest-tac

thus ?thesis

using redesign-composition-cond by blast

qed

also have $\dots = (\neg (\neg P)) \vdash_r Q$

by simp

finally show ?thesis by simp

qed

theorem redesign-left-unit [simp]:

$II_D ;; (P \vdash_r Q) = (P \vdash_r Q)$

by (rel-auto)

theorem design-right-semi-unit:

$(P \vdash_r Q) ;; II_D = ((\neg (\neg P) ;; true) \vdash_r Q)$

by (simp add: skip-d-def redesign-composition)

theorem design-right-cond-unit [simp]:

assumes $out\alpha \# p$

shows $(p \vdash_r Q) ;; II_D = (p \vdash_r Q)$

using assms

by (simp add: skip-d-def redesign-composition-cond)

theorem ndesign-left-unit [simp]:

$II_D ;; (p \vdash_n Q) = (p \vdash_n Q)$

by (rel-auto)

theorem design-bot-left-zero: $(\perp_D ;; (P \vdash Q)) = \perp_D$

by (rel-auto)

theorem design-top-left-zero: $(\top_D ;; (P \vdash Q)) = \top_D$

by (rel-auto)

1.5 Preconditions and Postconditions

theorem design-npre:

$(P \vdash Q)^f = (\neg \$ok \vee \neg P^f)$

by (rel-auto)

theorem design-pre:

$\neg (P \vdash Q)^f = (\$ok \wedge P^f)$

by (simp add: design-def, subst-tac)

(metis (no-types, hide-lams) not-conj-deMorgans true-not-false(2) utp-pred-laws.compl-top-eq)

utp-pred-laws.sup.idem utp-pred-laws.sup-compl-top)

theorem *design-post*:

$$(P \vdash Q)^t = ((\$ok \wedge P^t) \Rightarrow Q^t)$$

by (*rel-auto*)

theorem *rdesign-pre* [*simp*]: $pre_D(P \vdash_r Q) = P$

by (*pred-auto*)

theorem *rdesign-post* [*simp*]: $post_D(P \vdash_r Q) = (P \Rightarrow Q)$

by (*pred-auto*)

theorem *ndesign-pre* [*simp*]: $pre_D(p \vdash_n Q) = \lceil p \rceil_<$

by (*pred-auto*)

theorem *ndesign-post* [*simp*]: $post_D(p \vdash_n Q) = (\lceil p \rceil_< \Rightarrow Q)$

by (*pred-auto*)

lemma *design-pre-choice* [*simp*]:

$$pre_D(P \sqcap Q) = (pre_D(P) \wedge pre_D(Q))$$

by (*rel-auto*)

lemma *design-post-choice* [*simp*]:

$$post_D(P \sqcap Q) = (post_D(P) \vee post_D(Q))$$

by (*rel-auto*)

lemma *design-pre-condr* [*simp*]:

$$pre_D(P \triangleleft \lceil b \rceil_D \triangleright Q) = (pre_D(P) \triangleleft b \triangleright pre_D(Q))$$

by (*rel-auto*)

lemma *design-post-condr* [*simp*]:

$$post_D(P \triangleleft \lceil b \rceil_D \triangleright Q) = (post_D(P) \triangleleft b \triangleright post_D(Q))$$

by (*rel-auto*)

lemma *preD-USUP-mem*: $pre_D(\bigsqcup_{i \in A} P \cdot i) = (\bigsqcap_{i \in A} pre_D(P \cdot i))$

by (*rel-auto*)

lemma *preD-USUP-ind*: $pre_D(\bigsqcup i \cdot P \cdot i) = (\bigsqcap i \cdot pre_D(P \cdot i))$

by (*rel-auto*)

1.6 Distribution Laws

theorem *design-choice*:

$$(P_1 \vdash P_2) \sqcap (Q_1 \vdash Q_2) = ((P_1 \wedge Q_1) \vdash (P_2 \vee Q_2))$$

by (*rel-auto*)

theorem *rdesign-choice*:

$$(P_1 \vdash_r P_2) \sqcap (Q_1 \vdash_r Q_2) = ((P_1 \wedge Q_1) \vdash_r (P_2 \vee Q_2))$$

by (*rel-auto*)

theorem *ndesign-choice* [*ndes-simp*]:

$$(p_1 \vdash_n P_2) \sqcap (q_1 \vdash_n Q_2) = ((p_1 \wedge q_1) \vdash_n (P_2 \vee Q_2))$$

by (*rel-auto*)

theorem *ndesign-choice'* [*ndes-simp*]:

$$((p_1 \vdash_n P_2) \vee (q_1 \vdash_n Q_2)) = ((p_1 \wedge q_1) \vdash_n (P_2 \vee Q_2))$$

by (rel-auto)

theorem *design-inf*:

$(P_1 \vdash P_2) \sqcup (Q_1 \vdash Q_2) = ((P_1 \vee Q_1) \vdash ((P_1 \Rightarrow P_2) \wedge (Q_1 \Rightarrow Q_2)))$
by (rel-auto)

theorem *rdesign-inf*:

$(P_1 \vdash_r P_2) \sqcup (Q_1 \vdash_r Q_2) = ((P_1 \vee Q_1) \vdash_r ((P_1 \Rightarrow P_2) \wedge (Q_1 \Rightarrow Q_2)))$
by (rel-auto)

theorem *ndesign-inf* [ndes-simp]:

$(p_1 \vdash_n P_2) \sqcup (q_1 \vdash_n Q_2) = ((p_1 \vee q_1) \vdash_n (([p_1]_{<} \Rightarrow P_2) \wedge ([q_1]_{<} \Rightarrow Q_2)))$
by (rel-auto)

theorem *design-condr*:

$((P_1 \vdash P_2) \triangleleft b \triangleright (Q_1 \vdash Q_2)) = ((P_1 \triangleleft b \triangleright Q_1) \vdash (P_2 \triangleleft b \triangleright Q_2))$
by (rel-auto)

theorem *ndesign-dcond* [ndes-simp]:

$((p_1 \vdash_n P_2) \triangleleft b \triangleright_D (q_1 \vdash_n Q_2)) = ((p_1 \triangleleft b \triangleright q_1) \vdash_n (P_2 \triangleleft b \triangleright_r Q_2))$
by (rel-auto)

lemma *design-UNF-mem*:

assumes $A \neq \{\}$
shows $(\prod i \in A \cdot P(i) \vdash Q(i)) = (\bigsqcup i \in A \cdot P(i) \vdash (\prod i \in A \cdot Q(i)))$
using *assms* by (rel-auto)

lemma *ndesign-UNF-mem* [ndes-simp]:

assumes $A \neq \{\}$
shows $(\prod i \in A \cdot p(i) \vdash_n Q(i)) = (\bigsqcup i \in A \cdot p(i) \vdash_n (\prod i \in A \cdot Q(i)))$
using *assms* by (rel-auto)

lemma *ndesign-UNF-ind* [ndes-simp]:

$(\prod i \cdot p(i) \vdash_n Q(i)) = (\bigsqcup i \cdot p(i) \vdash_n (\prod i \cdot Q(i)))$
by (rel-auto)

lemma *design-USUP-mem*:

$(\bigsqcup i \in A \cdot P(i) \vdash Q(i)) = (\prod i \in A \cdot P(i) \vdash (\bigsqcup i \in A \cdot P(i) \Rightarrow Q(i)))$
by (rel-auto)

lemma *ndesign-USUP-mem* [ndes-simp]:

$(\bigsqcup i \in A \cdot p(i) \vdash_n Q(i)) = (\prod i \in A \cdot p(i) \vdash_n (\bigsqcup i \in A \cdot [p(i)]_{<} \Rightarrow Q(i)))$
by (rel-auto)

lemma *ndesign-USUP-ind* [ndes-simp]:

$(\bigsqcup i \cdot p(i) \vdash_n Q(i)) = (\prod i \cdot p(i) \vdash_n (\bigsqcup i \cdot [p(i)]_{<} \Rightarrow Q(i)))$
by (rel-auto)

1.7 Refinement Introduction

lemma *ndesign-eq-intro*:

assumes $p_1 = q_1 \ P_2 = Q_2$
shows $p_1 \vdash_n P_2 = q_1 \vdash_n Q_2$
by (*simp add: assms*)

theorem *design-refinement*:

assumes
 $\$ok \# P1 \ \$ok' \# P1 \ \$ok \# P2 \ \$ok' \# P2$
 $\$ok \# Q1 \ \$ok' \# Q1 \ \$ok \# Q2 \ \$ok' \# Q2$
shows $(P1 \vdash Q1 \sqsubseteq P2 \vdash Q2) \longleftrightarrow ('P1 \Rightarrow P2' \wedge 'P1 \wedge Q2 \Rightarrow Q1')$
proof –
have $(P1 \vdash Q1) \sqsubseteq (P2 \vdash Q2) \longleftrightarrow ('\$ok \wedge P2 \Rightarrow \$ok' \wedge Q2) \Rightarrow (\$ok \wedge P1 \Rightarrow \$ok' \wedge Q1)'$
by (*pred-auto*)
also with *assms* **have** $\dots = '(P2 \Rightarrow \$ok' \wedge Q2) \Rightarrow (P1 \Rightarrow \$ok' \wedge Q1)'$
by (*subst subst-bool-split[of in-var ok], simp-all, subst-tac*)
also with *assms* **have** $\dots = '(\neg P2 \Rightarrow \neg P1) \wedge ((P2 \Rightarrow Q2) \Rightarrow P1 \Rightarrow Q1)'$
by (*subst subst-bool-split[of out-var ok], simp-all, subst-tac*)
also have $\dots \longleftrightarrow ('P1 \Rightarrow P2') \wedge 'P1 \wedge Q2 \Rightarrow Q1'$
by (*pred-auto*)
finally show *?thesis* .
qed

theorem *rdesign-refinement*:

$(P1 \vdash_r Q1 \sqsubseteq P2 \vdash_r Q2) \longleftrightarrow ('P1 \Rightarrow P2' \wedge 'P1 \wedge Q2 \Rightarrow Q1')$
by (*rel-auto*)

lemma *design-refine-intro*:

assumes $'P1 \Rightarrow P2' \ 'P1 \wedge Q2 \Rightarrow Q1'$
shows $P1 \vdash Q1 \sqsubseteq P2 \vdash Q2$
using *assms* **unfolding** *upred-defs*
by (*pred-auto*)

lemma *design-refine-intro'*:

assumes $P2 \sqsubseteq P1 \ Q1 \sqsubseteq (P1 \wedge Q2)$
shows $P1 \vdash Q1 \sqsubseteq P2 \vdash Q2$
using *assms* *design-refine-intro*[*of* $P1 \ P2 \ Q2 \ Q1$] **by** (*simp add: refBy-order*)

lemma *rdesign-refine-intro*:

assumes $'P1 \Rightarrow P2' \ 'P1 \wedge Q2 \Rightarrow Q1'$
shows $P1 \vdash_r Q1 \sqsubseteq P2 \vdash_r Q2$
using *assms* **unfolding** *upred-defs*
by (*pred-auto*)

lemma *rdesign-refine-intro'*:

assumes $P2 \sqsubseteq P1 \ Q1 \sqsubseteq (P1 \wedge Q2)$
shows $P1 \vdash_r Q1 \sqsubseteq P2 \vdash_r Q2$
using *assms* **unfolding** *upred-defs*
by (*pred-auto*)

lemma *ndesign-refinement*:

$p1 \vdash_n Q1 \sqsubseteq p2 \vdash_n Q2 \longleftrightarrow ('p1 \Rightarrow p2' \wedge '[p1]_< \wedge Q2 \Rightarrow Q1')$
by (*simp add: ndesign-def rdesign-def design-refinement unrest, rel-auto*)

lemma *ndesign-refinement'*:

$p1 \vdash_n Q1 \sqsubseteq p2 \vdash_n Q2 \longleftrightarrow ('p1 \Rightarrow p2' \wedge Q1 \sqsubseteq ?[p1] ;; Q2)$
by (*simp add: ndesign-refinement, rel-auto*)

lemma *ndesign-refine-intro*:

assumes $'p1 \Rightarrow p2' \ Q1 \sqsubseteq ?[p1] ;; Q2$
shows $p1 \vdash_n Q1 \sqsubseteq p2 \vdash_n Q2$
by (*simp add: ndesign-refinement' assms*)

lemma *design-top*:

$(P \vdash Q) \sqsubseteq \top_D$

by (*rel-auto*)

lemma *design-bottom*:

$\perp_D \sqsubseteq (P \vdash Q)$

by (*rel-auto*)

lemma *design-refine-thms*:

assumes $P \sqsubseteq Q$

shows $\text{'pre}_D(P) \Rightarrow \text{'pre}_D(Q)$, $\text{'pre}_D(P) \wedge \text{'post}_D(Q) \Rightarrow \text{'post}_D(P)$

apply (*metis assms design-pre-choice disj-comm disj-upred-def order-refl rdesign-refinement utp-pred-laws.le-iff-sup*)

apply (*metis assms conj-comm design-post-choice disj-upred-def refBy-order semilattice-sup-class.le-iff-sup*

utp-pred-laws.inf.coboundedI1)

done

end

2 Design Healthiness Conditions

theory *utp-des-healths*

imports *utp-des-core*

begin

2.1 H1: No observation is allowed before initiation

definition *H1* :: (α, β) *rel-des* $\Rightarrow (\alpha, \beta)$ *rel-des* **where**

[*upred-defs*]: $H1(P) = (\$ok \Rightarrow P)$

lemma *H1-idem*:

$H1(H1 P) = H1(P)$

by (*pred-auto*)

lemma *H1-monotone*:

$P \sqsubseteq Q \Longrightarrow H1(P) \sqsubseteq H1(Q)$

by (*pred-auto*)

lemma *H1-Continuous*: *Continuous H1*

by (*rel-auto*)

lemma *H1-below-top*:

$H1(P) \sqsubseteq \top_D$

by (*pred-auto*)

lemma *H1-design-skip*:

$H1(\Pi) = \Pi_D$

by (*rel-auto*)

lemma *H1-cond*: $H1(P \triangleleft b \triangleright Q) = H1(P) \triangleleft b \triangleright H1(Q)$

by (*rel-auto*)

lemma *H1-conj*: $H1(P \wedge Q) = (H1(P) \wedge H1(Q))$

by (*rel-auto*)

lemma *H1-disj*: $H1(P \vee Q) = (H1(P) \vee H1(Q))$
by (*rel-auto*)

lemma *design-export-H1*: $(P \vdash Q) = (P \vdash H1(Q))$
by (*rel-auto*)

The H1 algebraic laws are valid only when $\alpha(R)$ is homogeneous. This should maybe be generalised.

theorem *H1-algebraic-intro*:

assumes

$(true_h ;; R) = true_h$

$(II_D ;; R) = R$

shows R is H1

proof –

have $R = (II_D ;; R)$ **by** (*simp add: assms(2)*)

also have $\dots = (H1(II) ;; R)$

by (*simp add: H1-design-skip*)

also have $\dots = (\$ok \Rightarrow II) ;; R$

by (*simp add: H1-def*)

also have $\dots = (((\neg \$ok) ;; R) \vee R)$

by (*simp add: impl-alt-def seqr-or-distl*)

also have $\dots = (((\neg \$ok) ;; true_h) ;; R) \vee R$

by (*simp add: precondition-right-unit unrest*)

also have $\dots = (((\neg \$ok) ;; true_h) \vee R)$

by (*metis assms(1) seqr-assoc*)

also have $\dots = (\$ok \Rightarrow R)$

by (*simp add: impl-alt-def precondition-right-unit unrest*)

finally show *?thesis* **by** (*metis H1-def Healthy-def'*)

qed

lemma *nok-not-false*:

$(\neg \$ok) \neq false$

by (*pred-auto*)

theorem *H1-left-zero*:

assumes P is H1

shows $(true ;; P) = true$

proof –

from *assms* **have** $(true ;; P) = (true ;; (\$ok \Rightarrow P))$

by (*simp add: H1-def Healthy-def'*)

also from *assms* **have** $\dots = (true ;; (\neg \$ok \vee P))$ (**is** $- = (?true ;; -)$)

by (*simp add: impl-alt-def*)

also from *assms* **have** $\dots = ((?true ;; (\neg \$ok)) \vee (?true ;; P))$

using *seqr-or-distr* **by** *blast*

also from *assms* **have** $\dots = (true \vee (true ;; P))$

by (*simp add: nok-not-false precondition-left-zero unrest*)

finally show *?thesis*

by (*simp add: upred-defs urel-defs*)

qed

theorem *H1-left-unit*:

fixes $P :: 'a \text{ hrel-des}$

assumes P is H1

shows $(II_D ;; P) = P$

proof –
 have $(II_D ;; P) = (\$ok \Rightarrow II) ;; P$
 by (*metis H1-def H1-design-skip*)
 also have $\dots = (((\neg \$ok) ;; P) \vee P)$
 by (*simp add: impl-alt-def segr-or-distl*)
 also from *assms* have $\dots = (((\neg \$ok) ;; true_h) ;; P) \vee P$
 by (*simp add: precondition-right-unit unrest*)
 also have $\dots = (((\neg \$ok) ;; (true_h ;; P)) \vee P)$
 by (*simp add: segr-assoc*)
 also from *assms* have $\dots = (\$ok \Rightarrow P)$
 by (*simp add: H1-left-zero impl-alt-def precondition-right-unit unrest*)
 finally show *?thesis* using *assms*
 by (*simp add: H1-def Healthy-def'*)
qed

theorem H1-algebraic:
 $P \text{ is } H1 \iff (true_h ;; P) = true_h \wedge (II_D ;; P) = P$
 using *H1-algebraic-intro H1-left-unit H1-left-zero* by *blast*

theorem H1-nok-left-zero:
 fixes $P :: 'a \text{ hrel-des}$
 assumes $P \text{ is } H1$
 shows $((\neg \$ok) ;; P) = (\neg \$ok)$

proof –
 have $((\neg \$ok) ;; P) = (((\neg \$ok) ;; true_h) ;; P)$
 by (*simp add: precondition-right-unit unrest*)
 also have $\dots = ((\neg \$ok) ;; true_h)$
 by (*metis H1-left-zero assms segr-assoc*)
 also have $\dots = (\neg \$ok)$
 by (*simp add: precondition-right-unit unrest*)
 finally show *?thesis* .
qed

lemma H1-design:
 $H1(P \vdash Q) = (P \vdash Q)$
 by (*rel-auto*)

lemma H1-rdesign:
 $H1(P \vdash_r Q) = (P \vdash_r Q)$
 by (*rel-auto*)

lemma H1-choice-closed [closure]:
 $\llbracket P \text{ is } H1; Q \text{ is } H1 \rrbracket \implies P \sqcap Q \text{ is } H1$
 by (*simp add: H1-def Healthy-def' disj-upred-def impl-alt-def semilattice-sup-class.sup-left-commute*)

lemma H1-inf-closed [closure]:
 $\llbracket P \text{ is } H1; Q \text{ is } H1 \rrbracket \implies P \sqcup Q \text{ is } H1$
 by (*rel-blast*)

lemma H1-UINF:
 assumes $A \neq \{\}$
 shows $H1(\bigsqcap i \in A \cdot P(i)) = (\bigsqcap i \in A \cdot H1(P(i)))$
 using *assms* by (*rel-auto*)

lemma H1-Sup:

assumes $A \neq \{\}$ $\forall P \in A. P$ is $H1$
shows $(\bigcap A)$ is $H1$
proof –
from $assms(2)$ **have** $H1 \text{ ' } A = A$
by (*auto simp add: Healthy-def rev-image-eqI*)
with $H1\text{-}UINF[of\ A\ id, OF\ assms(1)]$ **show** *?thesis*
by (*simp add: UINF-as-Sup-image Healthy-def*)
qed

lemma $H1\text{-}USUP$:
shows $H1(\bigsqcup i \in A \cdot P(i)) = (\bigsqcup i \in A \cdot H1(P(i)))$
by (*rel-auto*)

lemma $H1\text{-}Inf$ [*closure*]:
assumes $\forall P \in A. P$ is $H1$
shows $(\bigsqcup A)$ is $H1$
proof –
from $assms$ **have** $H1 \text{ ' } A = A$
by (*auto simp add: Healthy-def rev-image-eqI*)
with $H1\text{-}USUP[of\ A\ id]$ **show** *?thesis*
by (*simp add: USUP-as-Inf-image Healthy-def*)
qed

lemma $msubst\text{-}H1$: $(\bigwedge x. P\ x$ is $H1) \implies P\ x[x \rightarrow v]$ is $H1$
by (*rel-auto*)

2.2 H2: A specification cannot require non-termination

definition $J :: 'a\ hrel\text{-}des$ **where**
 $[upred\text{-}defs]: J = ((\$ok \Rightarrow \$ok') \wedge \lceil II \rceil_D)$

definition $H2$ **where**
 $[upred\text{-}defs]: H2\ (P) \equiv P ;; J$

lemma $J\text{-}split$:
shows $(P ;; J) = (P^f \vee (P^t \wedge \$ok'))$
proof –
have $(P ;; J) = (P ;; ((\$ok \Rightarrow \$ok') \wedge \lceil II \rceil_D))$
by (*simp add: H2-def J-def design-def*)
also have $\dots = (P ;; ((\$ok \Rightarrow \$ok' \wedge \$ok') \wedge \lceil II \rceil_D))$
by (*rel-auto*)
also have $\dots = ((P ;; (\neg \$ok \wedge \lceil II \rceil_D)) \vee (P ;; (\$ok \wedge (\lceil II \rceil_D \wedge \$ok'))))$
by (*rel-auto*)
also have $\dots = (P^f \vee (P^t \wedge \$ok'))$
proof –
have $(P ;; (\neg \$ok \wedge \lceil II \rceil_D)) = P^f$
proof –
have $(P ;; (\neg \$ok \wedge \lceil II \rceil_D)) = ((P \wedge \neg \$ok') ;; \lceil II \rceil_D)$
by (*rel-auto*)
also have $\dots = (\exists \$ok' \cdot P \wedge \$ok' =_u false)$
by (*rel-auto*)
also have $\dots = P^f$
by (*metis C1 one-point out-var-uvar unrest-as-exists ok-vwb-lens vwb-lens-mwb*)
finally show *?thesis* .
qed
moreover have $(P ;; (\$ok \wedge (\lceil II \rceil_D \wedge \$ok'))) = (P^t \wedge \$ok')$

proof –
 have $(P ;; (\$ok \wedge ([II]_D \wedge \$ok')))) = (P ;; (\$ok \wedge II))$
 by *(rel-auto)*
 also have $\dots = (P^t \wedge \$ok')$
 by *(rel-auto)*
 finally show *?thesis* .
qed
 ultimately show *?thesis*
 by *simp*
qed
 finally show *?thesis* .
qed

lemma *H2-split*:
 shows $H2(P) = (P^f \vee (P^t \wedge \$ok'))$
 by *(simp add: H2-def J-split)*

theorem *H2-equivalence*:

$P \text{ is } H2 \iff 'P^f \Rightarrow P^t'$

proof –

have $'P \Leftrightarrow (P ;; J)' \iff 'P \Leftrightarrow (P^f \vee (P^t \wedge \$ok'))'$
 by *(simp add: J-split)*
 also have $\dots \iff '(P \Leftrightarrow P^f \vee P^t \wedge \$ok')^f \wedge (P \Leftrightarrow P^f \vee P^t \wedge \$ok')^t'$
 by *(simp add: subst-bool-split)*
 also have $\dots = '(P^f \Leftrightarrow P^f) \wedge (P^t \Leftrightarrow P^f \vee P^t)'$
 by *subst-tac*
 also have $\dots = 'P^t \Leftrightarrow (P^f \vee P^t)'$
 by *(pred-auto robust)*
 also have $\dots = '(P^f \Rightarrow P^t)'$
 by *(pred-auto)*
 finally show *?thesis*
 by *(metis H2-def Healthy-def' taut-iff-eq)*

qed

lemma *H2-equiv*:

$P \text{ is } H2 \iff P^t \sqsubseteq P^f$

using *H2-equivalence refBy-order* by *blast*

lemma *H2-design*:

assumes $\$ok' \nVdash P \ \$ok' \nVdash Q$

shows $H2(P \vdash Q) = P \vdash Q$

using *assms*

by *(simp add: H2-split design-def usubst unrest, pred-auto)*

lemma *H2-rdesign*:

$H2(P \vdash_r Q) = P \vdash_r Q$

by *(simp add: H2-design unrest rdesign-def)*

theorem *J-idem*:

$(J ;; J) = J$

by *(rel-auto)*

theorem *H2-idem*:

$H2(H2(P)) = H2(P)$

by *(metis H2-def J-idem seqr-assoc)*

theorem *H2-Continuous: Continuous H2*
 by (*rel-auto*)

theorem *H2-not-okay: H2 ($\neg \$ok$) = ($\neg \ok)*

proof –

have $H2 (\neg \$ok) = ((\neg \$ok)^f \vee ((\neg \$ok)^t \wedge \$ok')$
 by (*simp add: H2-split*)
 also have $\dots = (\neg \$ok \vee (\neg \$ok) \wedge \$ok')$
 by (*subst-tac*)
 also have $\dots = (\neg \$ok)$
 by (*pred-auto*)
 finally show *?thesis* .

qed

lemma *H2-true: H2(true) = true*
 by (*rel-auto*)

lemma *H2-choice-closed [closure]:*

$\llbracket P \text{ is } H2; Q \text{ is } H2 \rrbracket \implies P \sqcap Q \text{ is } H2$
 by (*metis H2-def Healthy-def' disj-upred-def seqr-or-distl*)

lemma *H2-inf-closed [closure]:*

assumes $P \text{ is } H2 \ Q \text{ is } H2$
 shows $P \sqcup Q \text{ is } H2$

proof –

have $P \sqcup Q = (P^f \vee P^t \wedge \$ok') \sqcup (Q^f \vee Q^t \wedge \$ok')$
 by (*metis H2-def Healthy-def J-split assms(1) assms(2)*)
 moreover have $H2(\dots) = \dots$
 by (*simp add: H2-split usubst, pred-auto*)
 ultimately show *?thesis*
 by (*simp add: Healthy-def*)

qed

lemma *H2-USUP:*

shows $H2(\bigsqcap i \in A \cdot P(i)) = (\bigsqcap i \in A \cdot H2(P(i)))$
 by (*rel-auto*)

theorem *H1-H2-commute:*

$H1 (H2 P) = H2 (H1 P)$

proof –

have $H2 (H1 P) = ((\$ok \Rightarrow P) ;; J)$
 by (*simp add: H1-def H2-def*)
 also have $\dots = ((\neg \$ok \vee P) ;; J)$
 by (*rel-auto*)
 also have $\dots = (((\neg \$ok) ;; J) \vee (P ;; J))$
 using *seqr-or-distl* by *blast*
 also have $\dots = ((H2 (\neg \$ok)) \vee H2(P))$
 by (*simp add: H2-def*)
 also have $\dots = ((\neg \$ok) \vee H2(P))$
 by (*simp add: H2-not-okay*)
 also have $\dots = H1(H2(P))$
 by (*rel-auto*)

finally show *?thesis* by *simp*

qed

2.3 Designs as $H1$ - $H2$ predicates

abbreviation $H1\text{-}H2 :: ('\alpha, '\beta) \text{ rel-des} \Rightarrow (''\alpha, ''\beta) \text{ rel-des } (\mathbf{H})$ where
 $H1\text{-}H2 P \equiv H1 (H2 P)$

lemma $H1\text{-}H2\text{-comp}$: $\mathbf{H} = H1 \circ H2$
 by (*auto*)

theorem $H1\text{-}H2\text{-eq-design}$:

$\mathbf{H}(P) = (\neg P^f) \vdash P^t$

proof –

have $\mathbf{H}(P) = (\$ok \Rightarrow H2(P))$

by (*simp add: H1-def*)

also have $\dots = (\$ok \Rightarrow (P^f \vee (P^t \wedge \$ok')))$

by (*metis H2-split*)

also have $\dots = (\$ok \wedge (\neg P^f) \Rightarrow \$ok' \wedge \$ok \wedge P^t)$

by (*rel-auto*)

also have $\dots = (\neg P^f) \vdash P^t$

by (*rel-auto*)

finally show *?thesis* .

qed

theorem $H1\text{-}H2\text{-is-design}$:

assumes P is $H1$ P is $H2$

shows $P = (\neg P^f) \vdash P^t$

using *assms* by (*metis H1-H2-eq-design Healthy-def*)

theorem $H1\text{-}H2\text{-eq-rdesign}$:

$\mathbf{H}(P) = pre_D(P) \vdash_r post_D(P)$

proof –

have $\mathbf{H}(P) = (\$ok \Rightarrow H2(P))$

by (*simp add: H1-def Healthy-def'*)

also have $\dots = (\$ok \Rightarrow (P^f \vee (P^t \wedge \$ok')))$

by (*metis H2-split*)

also have $\dots = (\$ok \wedge (\neg P^f) \Rightarrow \$ok' \wedge P^t)$

by (*pred-auto*)

also have $\dots = (\$ok \wedge (\neg P^f) \Rightarrow \$ok' \wedge \$ok \wedge P^t)$

by (*pred-auto*)

also have $\dots = (\$ok \wedge [pre_D(P)]_D \Rightarrow \$ok' \wedge \$ok \wedge [post_D(P)]_D)$

by (*simp add: ok-post ok-pre*)

also have $\dots = (\$ok \wedge [pre_D(P)]_D \Rightarrow \$ok' \wedge [post_D(P)]_D)$

by (*pred-auto*)

also have $\dots = pre_D(P) \vdash_r post_D(P)$

by (*simp add: rdesign-def design-def*)

finally show *?thesis* .

qed

theorem $H1\text{-}H2\text{-is-rdesign}$:

assumes P is $H1$ P is $H2$

shows $P = pre_D(P) \vdash_r post_D(P)$

by (*metis H1-H2-eq-rdesign Healthy-def assms(1) assms(2)*)

lemma $H1\text{-}H2\text{-refinement}$:

assumes P is \mathbf{H} Q is \mathbf{H}

shows $P \sqsubseteq Q \iff ('pre_D(P) \Rightarrow pre_D(Q)' \wedge 'pre_D(P) \wedge post_D(Q) \Rightarrow post_D(P)')$

by (*metis H1-H2-eq-rdesign Healthy-if assms rdesign-refinement*)

lemma *H1-H2-refines*:
assumes P is **H** Q is **H** $P \sqsubseteq Q$
shows $\text{pre}_D(Q) \sqsubseteq \text{pre}_D(P)$ $\text{post}_D(P) \sqsubseteq (\text{pre}_D(P) \wedge \text{post}_D(Q))$
using *H1-H2-refinement* *assms* *refBy-order* **by** *auto*

lemma *H1-H2-idempotent*: **H** (**H** P) = **H** P
by (*simp* *add*: *H1-H2-commute* *H1-idem* *H2-idem*)

lemma *H1-H2-Idempotent* [*closure*]: *Idempotent* **H**
by (*simp* *add*: *Idempotent-def* *H1-H2-idempotent*)

lemma *H1-H2-monotonic* [*closure*]: *Monotonic* **H**
by (*simp* *add*: *H1-monotone* *H2-def* *mono-def* *segr-mono*)

lemma *H1-H2-Continuous* [*closure*]: *Continuous* **H**
by (*simp* *add*: *Continuous-comp* *H1-Continuous* *H1-H2-comp* *H2-Continuous*)

lemma *H1-H2-false*: **H** *false* = \top_D
by (*rel-auto*)

lemma *H1-H2-true*: **H** *true* = \perp_D
by (*rel-auto*)

lemma *design-is-H1-H2* [*closure*]:
 $\llbracket \$ok' \# P; \$ok' \# Q \rrbracket \implies (P \vdash Q) \text{ is } \mathbf{H}$
by (*simp* *add*: *H1-design* *H2-design* *Healthy-def'*)

lemma *rdesign-is-H1-H2* [*closure*]:
 $(P \vdash_r Q) \text{ is } \mathbf{H}$
by (*simp* *add*: *Healthy-def* *H1-rdesign* *H2-rdesign*)

lemma *top-d-is-H1-H2* [*closure*]: $\top_D \text{ is } \mathbf{H}$
by (*simp* *add*: *H1-def* *H2-not-okay* *Healthy-intro* *impl-alt-def*)

lemma *bot-d-is-H1-H2* [*closure*]: $\perp_D \text{ is } \mathbf{H}$
by (*simp* *add*: *bot-d-def* *closure* *unrest*)

lemma *seq-r-H1-H2-closed* [*closure*]:
assumes P is **H** Q is **H**
shows $(P ;; Q) \text{ is } \mathbf{H}$
proof –
obtain $P_1 P_2$ **where** $P = P_1 \vdash_r P_2$
by (*metis* *H1-H2-commute* *H1-H2-is-rdesign* *H2-idem* *Healthy-def* *assms*(1))
moreover obtain $Q_1 Q_2$ **where** $Q = Q_1 \vdash_r Q_2$
by (*metis* *H1-H2-commute* *H1-H2-is-rdesign* *H2-idem* *Healthy-def* *assms*(2))
moreover have $((P_1 \vdash_r P_2) ;; (Q_1 \vdash_r Q_2)) \text{ is } \mathbf{H}$
by (*simp* *add*: *rdesign-composition* *rdesign-is-H1-H2*)
ultimately show *?thesis* **by** *simp*
qed

lemma *H1-H2-left-unit*: $P \text{ is } \mathbf{H} \implies \text{II}_D ;; P = P$
by (*metis* *H1-H2-eq-rdesign* *Healthy-def'* *rdesign-left-unit*)

lemma *UINF-H1-H2-closed* [*closure*]:

assumes $A \neq \{\}$ $\forall P \in A. P$ is **H**
shows $(\sqcap A)$ is $H1-H2$
proof –
from *assms* **have** $A: A = H1-H2 \text{ ' } A$
by (*auto simp add: Healthy-def rev-image-eqI*)
also have $(\sqcap ...) = (\sqcap P \in A \cdot H1-H2(P))$
by (*simp add: UINF-as-Sup-collect*)
also have $... = (\sqcap P \in A \cdot (\neg P^f) \vdash P^t)$
by (*meson H1-H2-eq-design*)
also have $... = (\sqcup P \in A \cdot \neg P^f) \vdash (\sqcap P \in A \cdot P^t)$
by (*simp add: design-UINF-mem assms*)
also have $... is H1-H2$
by (*simp add: design-is-H1-H2 unrest*)
finally show *?thesis* .
qed

definition *design-inf* :: (α, β) rel-des set $\Rightarrow (\alpha, \beta)$ rel-des $(\sqcap_D - [900] 900)$ **where**
 $\sqcap_D A = (if (A = \{\}) then \top_D else \sqcap A)$

abbreviation *design-sup* :: (α, β) rel-des set $\Rightarrow (\alpha, \beta)$ rel-des $(\sqcup_D - [900] 900)$ **where**
 $\sqcup_D A \equiv \sqcup A$

lemma *design-inf-H1-H2-closed*:
assumes $\forall P \in A. P$ is **H**
shows $(\sqcap_D A)$ is **H**
apply (*auto simp add: design-inf-def closure*)
apply (*simp add: H1-def H2-not-okay Healthy-def impl-alt-def*)
apply (*metis H1-def Healthy-def UINF-H1-H2-closed assms empty-iff impl-alt-def*)
done

lemma *design-sup-empty* [*simp*]: $\sqcap_D \{\} = \top_D$
by (*simp add: design-inf-def*)

lemma *design-sup-non-empty* [*simp*]: $A \neq \{\} \Rightarrow \sqcap_D A = \sqcap A$
by (*simp add: design-inf-def*)

lemma *USUP-mem-H1-H2-closed*:
assumes $\bigwedge i. i \in A \Rightarrow P i$ is **H**
shows $(\sqcup i \in A \cdot P i)$ is **H**
proof –
from *assms* **have** $(\sqcup i \in A \cdot P i) = (\sqcup i \in A \cdot \mathbf{H}(P i))$
by (*auto intro: USUP-cong simp add: Healthy-def*)
also have $... = (\sqcup i \in A \cdot (\neg (P i)^f) \vdash (P i)^t)$
by (*meson H1-H2-eq-design*)
also have $... = (\sqcap i \in A \cdot \neg (P i)^f) \vdash (\sqcup i \in A \cdot \neg (P i)^f \Rightarrow (P i)^t)$
by (*simp add: design-USUP-mem*)
also have $... is \mathbf{H}$
by (*simp add: design-is-H1-H2 unrest*)
finally show *?thesis* .
qed

lemma *USUP-ind-H1-H2-closed*:
assumes $\bigwedge i. P i$ is **H**
shows $(\sqcup i \cdot P i)$ is **H**
using *assms USUP-mem-H1-H2-closed* [*of UNIV P*] **by** *simp*

lemma *Inf-H1-H2-closed*:

assumes $\forall P \in A. P \text{ is } \mathbf{H}$

shows $(\bigsqcup A) \text{ is } \mathbf{H}$

proof –

from *assms* **have** $A: A = \mathbf{H} \text{ ' } A$

by (*auto simp add: Healthy-def rev-image-eqI*)

also have $(\bigsqcup \dots) = (\bigsqcup P \in A \cdot \mathbf{H}(P))$

by (*simp add: USUP-as-Inf-collect*)

also have $\dots = (\bigsqcup P \in A \cdot (\neg P^f) \vdash P^t)$

by (*meson H1-H2-eq-design*)

also have $\dots = (\prod P \in A \cdot \neg P^f) \vdash (\bigsqcup P \in A \cdot \neg P^f \Rightarrow P^t)$

by (*simp add: design-USUP-mem*)

also have $\dots \text{ is } \mathbf{H}$

by (*simp add: design-is-H1-H2 unrest*)

finally show *?thesis* .

qed

lemma *rdesign-ref-monos*:

assumes $P \text{ is } \mathbf{H} \quad Q \text{ is } \mathbf{H} \quad P \sqsubseteq Q$

shows $\text{pre}_D(Q) \sqsubseteq \text{pre}_D(P) \quad \text{post}_D(P) \sqsubseteq (\text{pre}_D(P) \wedge \text{post}_D(Q))$

proof –

have $r: P \sqsubseteq Q \longleftrightarrow (' \text{pre}_D(P) \Rightarrow \text{pre}_D(Q) \text{ ' } \wedge ' \text{pre}_D(P) \wedge \text{post}_D(Q) \Rightarrow \text{post}_D(P) \text{ '})$

by (*metis H1-H2-eq-rdesign Healthy-if assms(1) assms(2) rdesign-refinement*)

from *r assms* **show** $\text{pre}_D(Q) \sqsubseteq \text{pre}_D(P)$

by (*auto simp add: refBy-order*)

from *r assms* **show** $\text{post}_D(P) \sqsubseteq (\text{pre}_D(P) \wedge \text{post}_D(Q))$

by (*auto simp add: refBy-order*)

qed

2.4 H3: The design assumption is a precondition

definition $H3 :: ('\alpha, '\beta) \text{ rel-des} \Rightarrow ('\alpha, '\beta) \text{ rel-des}$ **where**

[upred-defs]: $H3(P) \equiv P ;; \Pi_D$

theorem *H3-idem*:

$H3(H3(P)) = H3(P)$

by (*metis H3-def design-skip-idem seqr-assoc*)

theorem *H3-mono*:

$P \sqsubseteq Q \Longrightarrow H3(P) \sqsubseteq H3(Q)$

by (*simp add: H3-def seqr-mono*)

theorem *H3-Monotonic*:

Monotonic H3

by (*simp add: H3-mono mono-def*)

theorem *H3-Continuous*: *Continuous H3*

by (*rel-auto*)

theorem *design-condition-is-H3*:

assumes $\text{out}\alpha \nVdash p$

shows $(p \vdash Q) \text{ is } H3$

proof –

have $((p \vdash Q) ;; \Pi_D) = (\neg((\neg p) ;; \text{true})) \vdash (Q^t ;; \Pi[\text{true}/\$ok])$

by (*simp add: skip-d-alt-def design-composition-subst unrest assms*)

also have ... = $p \vdash (Q^t ;; II\llbracket true/\$ok \rrbracket)$
using *assms precondition-equiv segr-true-lemma* **by force**
also have ... = $p \vdash Q$
by (*rel-auto*)
finally show ?thesis
by (*simp add: H3-def Healthy-def'*)
qed

theorem *rdesign-H3-iff-pre:*

$P \vdash_r Q$ is $H3 \iff P = (P ;; true)$

proof –

have $(P \vdash_r Q) ;; II_D = (P \vdash_r Q) ;; (true \vdash_r II)$
by (*simp add: skip-d-def*)
also have ... = $(\neg ((\neg P) ;; true) \wedge \neg (Q ;; (\neg true))) \vdash_r (Q ;; II)$
by (*simp add: rdesign-composition*)
also have ... = $(\neg ((\neg P) ;; true) \wedge \neg (Q ;; (\neg true))) \vdash_r Q$
by *simp*
also have ... = $(\neg ((\neg P) ;; true)) \vdash_r Q$
by (*pred-auto*)
finally have $P \vdash_r Q$ is $H3 \iff P \vdash_r Q = (\neg ((\neg P) ;; true)) \vdash_r Q$
by (*metis H3-def Healthy-def'*)
also have ... $\iff P = (\neg ((\neg P) ;; true))$
by (*metis rdesign-pre*)
thm *segr-true-lemma*
also have ... $\iff P = (P ;; true)$
by (*simp add: segr-true-lemma*)
finally show ?thesis .

qed

theorem *design-H3-iff-pre:*

assumes $\$ok \# P \$ok' \# P \$ok \# Q \$ok' \# Q$
shows $P \vdash Q$ is $H3 \iff P = (P ;; true)$

proof –

have $P \vdash Q = \lfloor P \rfloor_D \vdash_r \lfloor Q \rfloor_D$
by (*simp add: assms lift-desr-inv rdesign-def*)
moreover hence $\lfloor P \rfloor_D \vdash_r \lfloor Q \rfloor_D$ is $H3 \iff \lfloor P \rfloor_D = (\lfloor P \rfloor_D ;; true)$
using *rdesign-H3-iff-pre* **by blast**
ultimately show ?thesis
by (*metis assms(1,2) drop-desr-inv lift-desr-inv lift-dist-seq aext-true*)

qed

theorem *H1-H3-commute:*

$H1 (H3 P) = H3 (H1 P)$
by (*rel-auto*)

lemma *skip-d-absorb-J-1:*

$(II_D ;; J) = II_D$
by (*metis H2-def H2-rdesign skip-d-def*)

lemma *skip-d-absorb-J-2:*

$(J ;; II_D) = II_D$

proof –

have $(J ;; II_D) = ((\$ok \Rightarrow \$ok') \wedge \lceil II \rceil_D) ;; (true \vdash II)$
by (*simp add: J-def skip-d-alt-def*)
also have ... = $((((\$ok \Rightarrow \$ok') \wedge \lceil II \rceil_D)\llbracket false/\$ok' \rrbracket ;; (true \vdash II))\llbracket false/\$ok \rrbracket)$

$\vee (((\$ok \Rightarrow \$ok') \wedge \lceil II \rceil_D) \llbracket true/\$ok' \rrbracket ;; (true \vdash II) \llbracket true/\$ok \rrbracket))$
 by (rel-auto)
 also have ... = $((\neg \$ok \wedge \lceil II \rceil_D ;; true) \vee (\lceil II \rceil_D ;; \$ok' \wedge \lceil II \rceil_D))$
 by (rel-auto)
 also have ... = II_D
 by (rel-auto)
 finally show ?thesis .
 qed

lemma *H2-H3-absorb*:
 $H2 (H3 P) = H3 P$
 by (metis H2-def H3-def segr-assoc skip-d-absorb-J-1)

lemma *H3-H2-absorb*:
 $H3 (H2 P) = H3 P$
 by (metis H2-def H3-def segr-assoc skip-d-absorb-J-2)

theorem *H2-H3-commute*:
 $H2 (H3 P) = H3 (H2 P)$
 by (simp add: H2-H3-absorb H3-H2-absorb)

theorem *H3-design-pre*:
 assumes $\$ok \# p \text{ out}\alpha \# p \ \$ok \# Q \ \$ok' \# Q$
 shows $H3(p \vdash Q) = p \vdash Q$
 using assms
 by (metis Healthy-def' design-H3-iff-pre precondition-right-unit unrest-out α -var ok-vwb-lens vwb-lens-mwb)

theorem *H3-rdesign-pre*:
 assumes $\text{out}\alpha \# p$
 shows $H3(p \vdash_r Q) = p \vdash_r Q$
 using assms
 by (simp add: H3-def)

theorem *H3-ndesign*: $H3(p \vdash_n Q) = (p \vdash_n Q)$
 by (simp add: H3-def ndesign-def unrest-pre-out α)

theorem *ndesign-is-H3* [closure]: $p \vdash_n Q$ is *H3*
 by (simp add: H3-ndesign Healthy-def)

lemma *msubst-pre-H3*: $(\bigwedge x. P \ x \text{ is } H3) \implies P \ x \llbracket x \rightarrow \lceil v \rceil_{<} \rrbracket \text{ is } H3$
 by (rel-auto)

2.5 Normal Designs as *H1-H3* predicates

A normal design [3] refers only to initial state variables in the precondition.

abbreviation *H1-H3* :: $(\alpha, \beta) \text{ rel-des} \Rightarrow (\alpha, \beta) \text{ rel-des } (\mathbf{N})$ **where**
 $H1-H3 \ p \equiv H1 (H3 \ p)$

lemma *H1-H3-comp*: $H1-H3 = H1 \circ H3$
 by (auto)

theorem *H1-H3-is-design*:
 assumes $P \text{ is } H1 \ P \text{ is } H3$
 shows $P = (\neg P^f) \vdash P^t$
 by (metis H1-H2-eq-design H2-H3-absorb Healthy-def' assms(1) assms(2))

theorem *H1-H3-is-rdesign*:

assumes P is $H1$ P is $H3$

shows $P = pre_D(P) \vdash_r post_D(P)$

by (*metis H1-H2-is-rdesign H2-H3-absorb Healthy-def' assms*)

theorem *H1-H3-is-normal-design*:

assumes P is $H1$ P is $H3$

shows $P = \lfloor pre_D(P) \rfloor_{<} \vdash_n post_D(P)$

by (*metis H1-H3-is-rdesign assms drop-pre-inv ndesign-def precondition-equiv rdesign-H3-iff-pre*)

lemma *H1-H3-idempotent*: $\mathbf{N} (\mathbf{N} P) = \mathbf{N} P$

by (*simp add: H1-H3-commute H1-idem H3-idem*)

lemma *H1-H3-Idempotent* [*closure*]: *Idempotent* \mathbf{N}

by (*simp add: Idempotent-def H1-H3-idempotent*)

lemma *H1-H3-monotonic* [*closure*]: *Monotonic* \mathbf{N}

by (*simp add: H1-monotone H3-mono mono-def*)

lemma *H1-H3-Continuous* [*closure*]: *Continuous* \mathbf{N}

by (*simp add: Continuous-comp H1-Continuous H1-H3-comp H3-Continuous*)

lemma *H1-H3-false*: $\mathbf{N} \text{ false} = \top_D$

by (*rel-auto*)

lemma *H1-H3-true*: $\mathbf{N} \text{ true} = \perp_D$

by (*rel-auto*)

lemma *H1-H3-intro*:

assumes P is \mathbf{H} $out\alpha \nVdash pre_D(P)$

shows P is \mathbf{N}

by (*metis H1-H2-eq-rdesign H1-rdesign H3-rdesign-pre Healthy-def' assms*)

lemma *H1-H3-left-unit*: P is $\mathbf{N} \implies \Pi_D ;; P = P$

by (*metis H1-H2-left-unit H1-H3-commute H2-H3-absorb H3-idem Healthy-def*)

lemma *H1-H3-right-unit*: P is $\mathbf{N} \implies P ;; \Pi_D = P$

by (*metis H1-H3-commute H3-def H3-idem Healthy-def*)

lemma *H1-H3-top-left*: P is $\mathbf{N} \implies \top_D ;; P = \top_D$

by (*metis H1-H2-eq-design H2-H3-absorb Healthy-if design-top-left-zero*)

lemma *H1-H3-bot-left*: P is $\mathbf{N} \implies \perp_D ;; P = \perp_D$

by (*metis H1-idem H1-left-zero Healthy-def bot-d-true*)

lemma *H1-H3-impl-H2* [*closure*]: P is $\mathbf{N} \implies P$ is \mathbf{H}

by (*metis H1-H2-commute H1-idem H2-H3-absorb Healthy-def'*)

lemma *H1-H3-eq-design-d-comp*: $\mathbf{N}(P) = ((\neg P^f) \vdash P^t) ;; \Pi_D$

by (*metis H1-H2-eq-design H1-H3-commute H3-H2-absorb H3-def*)

lemma *H1-H3-eq-design*: $\mathbf{N}(P) = (\neg (P^f ;; \text{true})) \vdash P^t$

apply (*simp add: H1-H3-eq-design-d-comp skip-d-alt-def*)

apply (*subst design-composition-subst*)

apply (*simp-all add: usubst unrest*)
apply (*rel-auto*)
done

lemma *H3-unrest-out-alpha-nok* [*unrest*]:

assumes P is \mathbf{N}
shows $\text{out}\alpha \nVdash P^f$

proof –

have $P = (\neg (P^f \;; \text{true})) \vdash P^t$
by (*metis H1-H3-eq-design Healthy-def assms*)
also have $\text{out}\alpha \nVdash (\dots)^f$
by (*simp add: design-def usubst unrest, rel-auto*)
finally show ?thesis .

qed

lemma *H3-unrest-out-alpha* [*unrest*]: P is $\mathbf{N} \implies \text{out}\alpha \nVdash \text{pre}_D(P)$

by (*metis H1-H3-commute H1-H3-is-rdesign H1-idem Healthy-def' precond-equiv rdesign-H3-iff-pre*)

lemma *ndesign-H1-H3* [*closure*]: $p \vdash_n Q$ is \mathbf{N}

by (*simp add: H1-rdesign H3-def Healthy-def' ndesign-def unrest-pre-out\alpha*)

lemma *ndesign-form*: P is $\mathbf{N} \implies (\lfloor \text{pre}_D(P) \rfloor_{<} \vdash_n \text{post}_D(P)) = P$

by (*metis H1-H2-eq-rdesign H1-H3-impl-H2 H3-unrest-out-alpha Healthy-def drop-pre-inv ndesign-def*)

lemma *des-bot-H1-H3* [*closure*]: \perp_D is \mathbf{N}

by (*metis H1-design H3-def Healthy-def' design-false-pre design-true-left-zero skip-d-alt-def bot-d-def*)

lemma *des-top-is-H1-H3* [*closure*]: \top_D is \mathbf{N}

by (*metis ndesign-H1-H3 ndesign-miracle*)

lemma *skip-d-is-H1-H3* [*closure*]: II_D is \mathbf{N}

by (*simp add: ndesign-H1-H3 skip-d-ndes-def*)

lemma *seq-r-H1-H3-closed* [*closure*]:

assumes P is \mathbf{N} Q is \mathbf{N}

shows $(P \;; Q)$ is \mathbf{N}

by (*metis (no-types) H1-H2-eq-design H1-H3-eq-design-d-comp H1-H3-impl-H2 Healthy-def assms(1) assms(2) seq-r-H1-H2-closed seqr-assoc*)

lemma *dcond-H1-H2-closed* [*closure*]:

assumes P is \mathbf{N} Q is \mathbf{N}

shows $(P \triangleleft b \triangleright_D Q)$ is \mathbf{N}

by (*metis assms ndesign-H1-H3 ndesign-dcond ndesign-form*)

lemma *inf-H1-H2-closed* [*closure*]:

assumes P is \mathbf{N} Q is \mathbf{N}

shows $(P \sqcap Q)$ is \mathbf{N}

by (*metis assms ndesign-H1-H3 ndesign-choice ndesign-form*)

lemma *sup-H1-H2-closed* [*closure*]:

assumes P is \mathbf{N} Q is \mathbf{N}

shows $(P \sqcup Q)$ is \mathbf{N}

by (*metis assms ndesign-H1-H3 ndesign-inf ndesign-form*)

lemma *ndes-seqr-miracle*:

assumes P is \mathbf{N}
shows $P ;; \top_D = \lfloor pre_D P \rfloor_{<} \vdash_n false$
proof –
have $P ;; \top_D = (\lfloor pre_D(P) \rfloor_{<} \vdash_n post_D(P)) ;; (true \vdash_n false)$
by (*simp add: assms ndesign-form ndesign-miracle*)
also have $\dots = \lfloor pre_D P \rfloor_{<} \vdash_n false$
by (*simp add: ndesign-composition-wp wp alpha*)
finally show *?thesis* .
qed

lemma *ndes-segr-abort*:
assumes P is \mathbf{N}
shows $P ;; \perp_D = (\lfloor pre_D P \rfloor_{<} \wedge post_D P wlp false) \vdash_n false$
proof –
have $P ;; \perp_D = (\lfloor pre_D(P) \rfloor_{<} \vdash_n post_D(P)) ;; (false \vdash_n false)$
by (*simp add: assms bot-d-true ndesign-false-pre ndesign-form*)
also have $\dots = (\lfloor pre_D P \rfloor_{<} \wedge post_D P wlp false) \vdash_n false$
by (*simp add: ndesign-composition-wp alpha*)
finally show *?thesis* .
qed

lemma *USUP-ind-H1-H3-closed [closure]*:
 $\llbracket \bigwedge i. P i \text{ is } \mathbf{N} \rrbracket \implies (\bigsqcup i \cdot P i) \text{ is } \mathbf{N}$
by (*rule H1-H3-intro, simp-all add: H1-H3-impl-H2 USUP-ind-H1-H2-closed preD-USUP-ind unrest*)

lemma *msubst-pre-H1-H3 [closure]*: $(\bigwedge x. P x \text{ is } \mathbf{N}) \implies P x \llbracket x \rightarrow [v]_{<} \rrbracket \text{ is } \mathbf{N}$
by (*metis H1-H3-right-unit H3-def Healthy-if Healthy-intro msubst-H1 msubst-pre-H3*)

2.6 H4: Feasibility

definition $H4 :: ('\alpha, '\beta) \text{ rel-des} \Rightarrow ('\alpha, '\beta) \text{ rel-des}$ **where**
 $[upred-defs]: H4(P) = ((P;;true) \Rightarrow P)$

theorem *H4-idem*:
 $H4(H4(P)) = H4(P)$
by (*rel-auto*)

lemma *is-H4-alt-def*:
 $P \text{ is } H4 \iff (P ;; true) = true$
by (*rel-blast*)

end

2.7 UTP theory of Designs

theory *utp-des-theory*
imports *utp-des-healths*
begin

2.8 UTP theories

interpretation *des-theory*: *utp-theory-continuous* \mathbf{H}
rewrites $P \in \text{carrier } des\text{-theory.thy-order} \iff P \text{ is } \mathbf{H}$
and $\text{carrier } des\text{-theory.thy-order} \rightarrow \text{carrier } des\text{-theory.thy-order} \equiv \llbracket \mathbf{H} \rrbracket_H \rightarrow \llbracket \mathbf{H} \rrbracket_H$
and $le \text{ } des\text{-theory.thy-order} = (\sqsubseteq)$
and $eq \text{ } des\text{-theory.thy-order} = (=)$

and *des-top*: *des-theory.utp-top* = \top_D
and *des-bottom*: *des-theory.utp-bottom* = \perp_D
proof –
show *utp-theory-continuous* **H**
by (*unfold-locales*, *simp-all* add: *H1-H2-idempotent H1-H2-Continuous*)
then interpret *utp-theory-continuous* **H**
by *simp*
show *utp-top* = \top_D *utp-bottom* = \perp_D
by (*simp-all* add: *H1-H2-false healthy-top H1-H2-true healthy-bottom*)
qed (*simp-all*)

interpretation *ndes-theory: utp-theory-continuous* **N**
rewrites $P \in \text{carrier } \textit{ndes-theory.thy-order} \longleftrightarrow P \text{ is } \mathbf{N}$
and *carrier* *ndes-theory.thy-order* $\rightarrow \text{carrier } \textit{ndes-theory.thy-order} \equiv \llbracket \mathbf{N} \rrbracket_H \rightarrow \llbracket \mathbf{N} \rrbracket_H$
and *le* *ndes-theory.thy-order* = (\sqsubseteq)
and *eq* *ndes-theory.thy-order* = $(=)$
and *ndes-top*: *ndes-theory.utp-top* = \top_D
and *ndes-bottom*: *ndes-theory.utp-bottom* = \perp_D
proof –
show *utp-theory-continuous* **N**
by (*unfold-locales*, *simp-all* add: *H1-H3-idempotent H1-H3-Continuous*)
then interpret *utp-theory-continuous* **N**
by *simp*
show *utp-top* = \top_D *utp-bottom* = \perp_D
by (*simp-all* add: *H1-H3-false healthy-top H1-H3-true healthy-bottom*)
qed (*simp-all*)

interpretation *des-left-unital: utp-theory-left-unital* **H** *II_D*
by (*unfold-locales*, *simp-all* add: *H1-H2-left-unit closure*)

interpretation *ndes-unital: utp-theory-unital* **N** *II_D*
by (*unfold-locales*, *simp-all* add: *H1-H3-left-unit H1-H3-right-unit closure*)

interpretation *ndes-kleene: utp-theory-kleene* **N** *II_D*
by (*unfold-locales*, *simp* add: *ndes-top H1-H3-top-left*)

abbreviation *ndes-star* :: $- \Rightarrow -$ ($-^{\star D}$ [999] 999) **where**
 $P^{\star D} \equiv \textit{ndes-unital.utp-star}$

2.9 Galois Connection

Example Galois connection between designs and relations. Based on Jim's example in COM-PASS deliverable D23.5.

definition [*upred-defs*]: $\textit{Des}(R) = \mathbf{H}(\lceil R \rceil_D \wedge \$ok')$

definition [*upred-defs*]: $\textit{Rel}(D) = \lfloor D \llbracket \textit{true}, \textit{true} / \$ok, \$ok' \rrbracket \rfloor_D$

lemma *Des-design*: $\textit{Des}(R) = \textit{true} \vdash_r R$
by (*rel-auto*)

lemma *Rel-design*: $\textit{Rel}(P \vdash_r Q) = (P \Rightarrow Q)$
by (*rel-auto*)

interpretation *Des-Rel-coretract*:
coretract **H** $\Leftarrow \langle \textit{Des}, \textit{Rel} \rangle \Rightarrow \textit{id}$
rewrites

```

 $\bigwedge x. x \in \text{carrier } \mathcal{X}_{\mathbf{H}} \Leftarrow \langle \text{Des}, \text{Rel} \rangle \Rightarrow id = (x \text{ is } \mathbf{H}) \text{ and}$ 
 $\bigwedge x. x \in \text{carrier } \mathcal{Y}_{\mathbf{H}} \Leftarrow \langle \text{Des}, \text{Rel} \rangle \Rightarrow id = \text{True} \text{ and}$ 
 $\pi_* \mathbf{H} \Leftarrow \langle \text{Des}, \text{Rel} \rangle \Rightarrow id = \text{Des} \text{ and}$ 
 $\pi^* \mathbf{H} \Leftarrow \langle \text{Des}, \text{Rel} \rangle \Rightarrow id = \text{Rel} \text{ and}$ 
 $le \mathcal{X}_{\mathbf{H}} \Leftarrow \langle \text{Des}, \text{Rel} \rangle \Rightarrow id = (\sqsubseteq) \text{ and}$ 
 $le \mathcal{Y}_{\mathbf{H}} \Leftarrow \langle \text{Des}, \text{Rel} \rangle \Rightarrow id = (\sqsubseteq)$ 
proof (unfold-locales, simp-all)
  show  $\bigwedge x. x \text{ is } id$ 
  by (simp add: Healthy-def)
next
  show  $\text{Rel} \in [\![\mathbf{H}]\!]_H \rightarrow [\![id]\!]_H$ 
  by (auto simp add: Rel-def Healthy-def)
next
  show  $\text{Des} \in [\![id]\!]_H \rightarrow [\![\mathbf{H}]\!]_H$ 
  by (auto simp add: Des-def Healthy-def H1-H2-commute H1-idem H2-idem)
next
  fix  $R :: ('a, 'b) \text{ urel}$ 
  show  $R \sqsubseteq \text{Rel} (\text{Des } R)$ 
  by (simp add: Des-design Rel-design)
next
  fix  $R :: ('a, 'b) \text{ urel}$  and  $D :: ('a, 'b) \text{ rel-des}$ 
  assume  $a: D \text{ is } \mathbf{H}$ 
  then obtain  $D_1 D_2$  where  $D: D = D_1 \vdash_r D_2$ 
  by (metis H1-H2-commute H1-H2-is-rdesign H1-idem Healthy-def')
  show  $(\text{Rel } D \sqsubseteq R) = (D \sqsubseteq \text{Des } R)$ 
proof –
  have  $(D \sqsubseteq \text{Des } R) = (D_1 \vdash_r D_2 \sqsubseteq \text{true} \vdash_r R)$ 
  by (simp add: D Des-design)
  also have  $\dots = 'D_1 \wedge R \Rightarrow D_2'$ 
  by (simp add: rdesign-refinement)
  also have  $\dots = ((D_1 \Rightarrow D_2) \sqsubseteq R)$ 
  by (rel-auto)
  also have  $\dots = (\text{Rel } D \sqsubseteq R)$ 
  by (simp add: D Rel-design)
  finally show ?thesis ..
qed
qed

```

From this interpretation we gain many Galois theorems. Some require simplification to remove superfluous assumptions.

```

thm Des-Rel-coretract.deflation[simplified]
thm Des-Rel-coretract.inflation
thm Des-Rel-coretract.upper-comp[simplified]
thm Des-Rel-coretract.lower-comp

```

2.10 Fixed Points

```

notation des-theory.utp-lfp ( $\mu_D$ )
notation des-theory.utp-gfp ( $\nu_D$ )

```

```

notation ndes-theory.utp-lfp ( $\mu_N$ )
notation ndes-theory.utp-gfp ( $\nu_N$ )

```

```

utp-const des-theory.utp-lfp des-theory.utp-gfp

```

ndes-theory.utp-lfp ndes-theory.utp-gfp

syntax

-dmu :: pttrn \Rightarrow logic \Rightarrow logic (μ_D - · - [0, 10] 10)
 -dnu :: pttrn \Rightarrow logic \Rightarrow logic (ν_D - · - [0, 10] 10)
 -ndmu :: pttrn \Rightarrow logic \Rightarrow logic (μ_N - · - [0, 10] 10)
 -ndnu :: pttrn \Rightarrow logic \Rightarrow logic (ν_N - · - [0, 10] 10)

translations

$\mu_D X \cdot P == \mu_D (\lambda X. P)$
 $\nu_D X \cdot P == \nu_D (\lambda X. P)$
 $\mu_N X \cdot P == \mu_N (\lambda X. P)$
 $\nu_N X \cdot P == \nu_N (\lambda X. P)$

thm *des-theory.LFP-unfold*

thm *des-theory.GFP-unfold*

Specialise *mu-refine-intro* to designs.

lemma *design-mu-refine-intro*:

assumes \$ok' \# C \$ok' \# S (C \vdash S) \sqsubseteq F(C \vdash S) 'C \Rightarrow ($\mu_D F \Leftrightarrow \nu_D F$)'
shows (C \vdash S) \sqsubseteq $\mu_D F$

proof –

from *assms* **have** (C \vdash S) \sqsubseteq $\nu_D F$
by (*simp add: design-is-H1-H2 des-theory.GFP-upperbound*)
with *assms* **show** ?thesis
by (*rel-auto, metis (no-types, lifting)*)

qed

lemma *rdesign-mu-refine-intro*:

assumes (C \vdash_r S) \sqsubseteq F(C \vdash_r S) '[C]_D \Rightarrow ($\mu_D F \Leftrightarrow \nu_D F$)'
shows (C \vdash_r S) \sqsubseteq $\mu_D F$
using *assms* **by** (*simp add: rdesign-def design-mu-refine-intro unrest*)

lemma *H1-H2-mu-refine-intro*:

assumes P is **H** P \sqsubseteq F(P) '[pre_D(P)]_D \Rightarrow ($\mu_D F \Leftrightarrow \nu_D F$)'
shows P \sqsubseteq $\mu_D F$
by (*metis H1-H2-eq-rdesign Healthy-if assms rdesign-mu-refine-intro*)

Foundational theorem for recursion introduction using a well-founded relation. Contributed by Dr. Yakoub Nemouchi.

theorem *rdesign-mu-wf-refine-intro*:

assumes WF: wf R
and M: Monotonic F
and H: F \in [[**H**]]_H \rightarrow [[**H**]]_H
and *induct-step*:
 $\bigwedge st. (P \wedge [e]_{<} =_u \ll st \gg) \vdash_r Q \sqsubseteq F ((P \wedge ([e]_{<}, \ll st \gg)_u \in_u \ll R \gg) \vdash_r Q)$
shows (P \vdash_r Q) \sqsubseteq $\mu_D F$

proof –

{
fix st
have (P \wedge [e]_< =_u $\ll st \gg$) \vdash_r Q \sqsubseteq $\mu_D F$
using WF **proof** (*induction rule: wf-induct-rule*)
case (*less st*)
hence 0: (P \wedge ([e]_<, $\ll st \gg$)_u \in_u $\ll R \gg$) \vdash_r Q \sqsubseteq $\mu_D F$
by *rel-blast*

```

from M H
have 1:  $\mu_D F \sqsubseteq F (\mu_D F)$ 
  by (simp add: des-theory.LFP-lemma3 mono-Monotone-utp-order)
from 0 1 have 2:  $(P \wedge ([e]_{<}, \ll st \gg)_u \in_u \ll R \gg) \vdash_r Q \sqsubseteq F (\mu_D F)$ 
  by simp
have 3:  $F ((P \wedge ([e]_{<}, \ll st \gg)_u \in_u \ll R \gg) \vdash_r Q) \sqsubseteq F (\mu_D F)$ 
  by (simp add: 0 M monoD)
have 4:  $(P \wedge [e]_{<} =_u \ll st \gg) \vdash_r Q \sqsubseteq \dots$ 
  by (rule induct-step)
show ?case
  using order-trans[OF 3 4] H M des-theory.LFP-lemma2 dual-order.trans mono-Monotone-utp-order
  by (metis (no-types) partial-object.simps(1) utp-order-def)
qed
}
thus ?thesis
  by (pred-simp)
qed

```

```

theorem ndesign-mu-wf-refine-intro':
  assumes WF: wf R
    and M: Monotonic F
    and H:  $F \in \llbracket \mathbf{H} \rrbracket_H \rightarrow \llbracket \mathbf{H} \rrbracket_H$ 
    and induct-step:
       $\bigwedge st. ((p \wedge e =_u \ll st \gg) \vdash_n Q) \sqsubseteq F ((p \wedge (e, \ll st \gg)_u \in_u \ll R \gg) \vdash_n Q)$ 
  shows  $(p \vdash_n Q) \sqsubseteq \mu_D F$ 
  using assms unfolding ndesign-def
  by (rule-tac ndesign-mu-wf-refine-intro[of R F [p]_{<} e], simp-all add: alpha)

```

```

theorem ndesign-mu-wf-refine-intro:
  assumes WF: wf R
    and M: Monotonic F
    and H:  $F \in \llbracket \mathbf{N} \rrbracket_H \rightarrow \llbracket \mathbf{N} \rrbracket_H$ 
    and induct-step:
       $\bigwedge st. ((p \wedge e =_u \ll st \gg) \vdash_n Q) \sqsubseteq F ((p \wedge (e, \ll st \gg)_u \in_u \ll R \gg) \vdash_n Q)$ 
  shows  $(p \vdash_n Q) \sqsubseteq \mu_N F$ 

```

proof –

```

{
fix st
have  $(p \wedge e =_u \ll st \gg) \vdash_n Q \sqsubseteq \mu_N F$ 
using WF proof (induction rule: wf-induct-rule)
  case (less st)
  hence 0:  $(p \wedge (e, \ll st \gg)_u \in_u \ll R \gg) \vdash_n Q \sqsubseteq \mu_N F$ 
    by rel-blast
  from M H des-theory.LFP-lemma3 mono-Monotone-utp-order
  have 1:  $\mu_N F \sqsubseteq F (\mu_N F)$ 
    by (simp add: mono-Monotone-utp-order ndes-theory.LFP-lemma3)
  from 0 1 have 2:  $(p \wedge (e, \ll st \gg)_u \in_u \ll R \gg) \vdash_n Q \sqsubseteq F (\mu_N F)$ 
    by simp
  have 3:  $F ((p \wedge (e, \ll st \gg)_u \in_u \ll R \gg) \vdash_n Q) \sqsubseteq F (\mu_N F)$ 
    by (simp add: 0 M monoD)
  have 4:  $(p \wedge e =_u \ll st \gg) \vdash_n Q \sqsubseteq \dots$ 
    by (rule induct-step)
  show ?case
    using order-trans[OF 3 4] H M ndes-theory.LFP-lemma2 dual-order.trans mono-Monotone-utp-order

```

```

      by (metis (no-types) partial-object.simps(1) utp-order-def)
    qed
  }
  thus ?thesis
    by (pred-simp)
  qed
end

```

3 Design Proof Tactics

```

theory utp-des-tactics
  imports utp-des-theory
begin

```

The tactics split apart a healthy normal design predicate into its pre-postcondition form, using elimination rules, and then attempt to prove refinement conjectures.

named-theorems *ND-elim*

```

lemma ndes-elim:  $\llbracket P \text{ is } \mathbf{N}; Q(\lfloor pre_D(P) \rfloor_{<} \vdash_n post_D(P)) \rrbracket \implies Q(P)$ 
  by (simp add: ndesign-form)

```

```

lemma ndes-ind-elim:  $\llbracket \bigwedge i. P \ i \text{ is } \mathbf{N}; Q(\lambda i. \lfloor pre_D(P \ i) \rfloor_{<} \vdash_n post_D(P \ i)) \rrbracket \implies Q(P)$ 
  by (simp add: ndesign-form)

```

```

lemma ndes-split [ND-elim]:  $\llbracket P \text{ is } \mathbf{N}; \bigwedge pre \ post. Q(pre \vdash_n post) \rrbracket \implies Q(P)$ 
  by (metis H1-H2-eq-rdesign H1-H3-impl-H2 H3-unrest-out-alpha Healthy-def drop-pre-inv ndesign-def)

```

Use given closure laws (*cls*) to expand normal design predicates

```

method ndes-expand uses cls = (insert cls, (erule ND-elim)+)

```

Expand and simplify normal designs

```

method ndes-simp uses cls =
  ((ndes-expand cls: cls)?, (simp add: ndes-simp closure alpha usubst unrest wp prod.case-eq-if))

```

Attempt to discharge a refinement between two normal designs

```

method ndes-refine uses cls =
  (ndes-simp cls: cls; rule-tac ndesign-refine-intro; (insert cls; rel-simp; auto?))

```

Attempt to discharge an equality between two normal designs

```

method ndes-eq uses cls =
  (ndes-simp cls: cls; rule-tac antisym; rule-tac ndesign-refine-intro; (insert cls; rel-simp; auto?))

```

end

4 Imperative Programming in Designs

```

theory utp-des-prog
  imports utp-des-tactics
begin

```


4.1 Assignment

definition $\text{assigns-d} :: 'a \text{ usubst} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ hrel-des } (\langle \cdot \rangle_D)$ **where**
 $[\text{upred-defs}]: \text{assigns-d } \sigma = (\text{true} \vdash_r \text{assigns-r } \sigma)$

syntax

$\text{-assignmentd} :: \text{svids} \Rightarrow \text{uexprs} \Rightarrow \text{logic} \quad (\text{infixr} :=_D 62)$

translations

$\text{-assignmentd } xs \text{ vs} \Rightarrow \text{CONST assigns-d } (-\text{mk-usubst } (id_s) \text{ xs vs})$
 $\text{-assignmentd } x \text{ v} \leq \text{CONST assigns-d } (\text{CONST subst-upd } (id_s) \text{ x v})$
 $\text{-assignmentd } x \text{ v} \leq \text{-assignmentd } (-\text{spvar } x) \text{ v}$
 $x, y :=_D u, v \leq \text{CONST assigns-d } (\text{CONST subst-upd } (\text{CONST subst-upd } (id_s) (\text{CONST pr-var } x) u) (\text{CONST pr-var } y) \text{ v})$

lemma $\text{assigns-d-is-H1-H2} [\text{closure}]: \langle \sigma \rangle_D \text{ is } \mathbf{H}$
by ($\text{simp add: assigns-d-def rdesign-is-H1-H2}$)

lemma $\text{assigns-d-H1-H3} [\text{closure}]: \langle \sigma \rangle_D \text{ is } \mathbf{N}$
by ($\text{metis H1-rdesign H3-ndesign Healthy-def' aext-true assigns-d-def ndesign-def}$)

Designs are closed under substitutions on state variables only (via lifting)

lemma $\text{state-subst-H1-H2-closed} [\text{closure}]:$
 $P \text{ is } \mathbf{H} \implies [\sigma \oplus_s \Sigma_D]_s \uparrow P \text{ is } \mathbf{H}$
by ($\text{metis H1-H2-eq-rdesign Healthy-if rdesign-is-H1-H2 state-subst-design}$)

lemma $\text{assigns-d-ndes-def} [\text{ndes-simp}]:$
 $\langle \sigma \rangle_D = (\text{true} \vdash_n \langle \sigma \rangle_a)$
by (rel-auto)

lemma $\text{assigns-d-id} [\text{simp}]: \langle id_s \rangle_D = \Pi_D$
by (rel-auto)

lemma $\text{assign-d-left-comp}:$
 $(\langle f \rangle_D ;; (P \vdash_r Q)) = ([f]_s \uparrow P \vdash_r [f]_s \uparrow Q)$
by ($\text{simp add: assigns-d-def rdesign-composition assigns-r-comp subst-not}$)

lemma $\text{assign-d-right-comp}:$
 $((P \vdash_r Q) ;; \langle f \rangle_D) = ((\neg ((\neg P) ;; \text{true})) \vdash_r (Q ;; \langle f \rangle_a))$
by ($\text{simp add: assigns-d-def rdesign-composition}$)

lemma $\text{assigns-d-comp}:$
 $(\langle f \rangle_D ;; \langle g \rangle_D) = \langle g \circ_s f \rangle_D$
by ($\text{simp add: assigns-d-def rdesign-composition assigns-comp}$)

lemma $\text{assigns-d-comp-ext}:$
assumes $P \text{ is } \mathbf{H}$
shows $(\langle \sigma \rangle_D ;; P) = [\sigma \oplus_s \Sigma_D]_s \uparrow P$

proof –

have $\langle \sigma \rangle_D ;; P = \langle \sigma \rangle_D ;; (\text{pre}_D(P) \vdash_r \text{post}_D(P))$
by ($\text{metis H1-H2-commute H1-H2-is-rdesign H2-idem Healthy-def' assms}$)
also have $\dots = [\sigma]_s \uparrow \text{pre}_D(P) \vdash_r [\sigma]_s \uparrow \text{post}_D(P)$
by ($\text{simp add: assign-d-left-comp}$)
also have $\dots = [\sigma \oplus_s \Sigma_D]_s \uparrow (\text{pre}_D(P) \vdash_r \text{post}_D(P))$
by (rel-auto)
also have $\dots = [\sigma \oplus_s \Sigma_D]_s \uparrow P$

by (metis H1-H2-commute H1-H2-is-rdesign H2-idem Healthy-def' assms)
 finally show ?thesis by (simp-all add: closure assms)
 qed

Normal designs are closed under substitutions on state variables only

lemma *state-subst-H1-H3-closed* [closure]:

$P \text{ is } \mathbf{N} \implies [\sigma \oplus_s \Sigma_D]_s \uparrow P \text{ is } \mathbf{N}$

by (metis H1-H2-eq-rdesign H1-H3-impl-H2 Healthy-if assign-d-left-comp assigns-d-H1-H3 seq-r-H1-H3-closed state-subst-design)

lemma *H4-assigns-d*: $\langle \sigma \rangle_D$ is *H4*

proof –

have $(\langle \sigma \rangle_D ;; (\text{false} \vdash_r \text{true}_h)) = (\text{false} \vdash_r \text{true})$

by (simp add: assigns-d-def rdesign-composition assigns-r-feasible)

moreover have $\dots = \text{true}$

by (rel-auto)

ultimately show ?thesis

using is-H4-alt-def by auto

qed

4.2 Guarded Commands

definition *GrdCommD* :: $'\alpha \text{ upred} \Rightarrow (' \alpha, ' \beta) \text{ rel-des} \Rightarrow (' \alpha, ' \beta) \text{ rel-des}$ **where**

[upred-defs]: *GrdCommD* $b \ P = P \triangleleft b \triangleright_D \top_D$

syntax *-GrdCommD* :: *logic* \Rightarrow *logic* \Rightarrow *logic* ($- \rightarrow_D -$ [60, 61] 61)

translations *-GrdCommD* $b \ P == \text{CONST } \text{GrdCommD } b \ P$

lemma *GrdCommD-ndes-simp* [ndes-simp]:

$b \rightarrow_D (p_1 \vdash_n P_2) = ((b \Rightarrow p_1) \vdash_n (\lceil b \rceil_{<} \wedge P_2))$

by (rel-auto)

lemma *GrdCommD-H1-H3-closed* [closure]: $P \text{ is } \mathbf{N} \implies b \rightarrow_D P \text{ is } \mathbf{N}$

by (simp add: GrdCommD-def closure)

lemma *GrdCommD-true* [simp]: $\text{true} \rightarrow_D P = P$

by (rel-auto)

lemma *GrdCommD-false* [simp]: $\text{false} \rightarrow_D P = \top_D$

by (rel-auto)

lemma *GrdCommD-abort* [simp]: $b \rightarrow_D \text{true} = ((\neg b) \vdash_n \text{false})$

by (rel-auto)

4.3 Frames and Extensions

definition *des-frame* :: $(' \alpha \implies ' \beta) \Rightarrow ' \beta \text{ hrel-des} \Rightarrow ' \beta \text{ hrel-des}$ **where**

[upred-defs]: *des-frame* $x \ P = \text{frame } (\text{ok} +_L x ;_L \Sigma_D) \ P$

definition *des-frame-ext* :: $(' \alpha \implies ' \beta) \Rightarrow ' \alpha \text{ hrel-des} \Rightarrow ' \beta \text{ hrel-des}$ **where**

[upred-defs]: *des-frame-ext* $a \ P = \text{des-frame } a \ (\text{rel-aext } P \ (\text{lmap}_D \ a))$

syntax

-des-frame :: *salpha* \Rightarrow *logic* \Rightarrow *logic* ($:-[\cdot]_D$ [99,0] 100)

-des-frame-ext :: *salpha* \Rightarrow *logic* \Rightarrow *logic* ($:-[\cdot]_D^+$ [99,0] 100)

translations

$-des-frame\ x\ P \Rightarrow CONST\ des-frame\ x\ P$
 $-des-frame\ (-salphaset\ (-salphamk\ x))\ P \Leftarrow CONST\ des-frame\ x\ P$
 $-des-frame-ext\ x\ P \Rightarrow CONST\ des-frame-ext\ x\ P$
 $-des-frame-ext\ (-salphaset\ (-salphamk\ x))\ P \Leftarrow CONST\ des-frame-ext\ x\ P$

lemma $lmapD-rel-aext-ndes\ [ndes-simp]$:

$(p \vdash_n Q) \oplus_r lmap_D[a] = (p \oplus_p a \vdash_n Q \oplus_r a)$
by $(rel-auto)$

4.4 Alternation

consts

$ualtern \quad :: 'a\ set \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow 'p) \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow 'r) \Rightarrow 'r \Rightarrow 'r$
 $ualtern-list \quad :: ('a \times 'r)\ list \Rightarrow 'r \Rightarrow 'r$

definition $AlternateD :: 'a\ set \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow 'a\ upred) \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow ('a, 'b)\ rel-des) \Rightarrow ('a, 'b)\ rel-des \Rightarrow ('a, 'b)\ rel-des$ **where**

$[upred-defs, ndes-simp]$:

$AlternateD\ A\ g\ P\ Q = (\bigcap i \in A \cdot g(i) \rightarrow_D P(i)) \sqcap ((\bigwedge i \in A \cdot \neg g(i)) \rightarrow_D Q)$

This lemma shows that our generalised alternation is the same operator as Marcel Oliveira's definition of alternation when the else branch is abort.

lemma $AlternateD-abort-alternate$:

assumes $\bigwedge i. P(i)$ *is* **N**

shows

$AlternateD\ A\ g\ P \perp_D =$
 $((\bigvee i \in A \cdot g(i)) \wedge (\bigwedge i \in A \cdot g(i) \Rightarrow [pre_D(P\ i)]_<)) \vdash_n (\bigvee i \in A \cdot [g(i)]_< \wedge post_D(P\ i))$

proof $(cases\ A = \{\})$

case $False$

have $AlternateD\ A\ g\ P \perp_D =$

$(\bigcap i \in A \cdot g(i) \rightarrow_D ([pre_D(P\ i)]_< \vdash_n post_D(P\ i))) \sqcap ((\bigwedge i \in A \cdot \neg g(i)) \rightarrow_D (false \vdash_n true))$

by $(simp\ add: AlternateD-def\ ndesign-form\ bot-d-ndes-def\ asms)$

also have $\dots = ((\bigvee i \in A \cdot g(i)) \wedge (\bigwedge i \in A \cdot g(i) \Rightarrow [pre_D(P\ i)]_<)) \vdash_n (\bigvee i \in A \cdot [g(i)]_< \wedge post_D(P\ i))$

by $(simp\ add: ndes-simp\ False, rel-auto)$

finally show $?thesis$ **by** $simp$

next

case $True$

thus $?thesis$

by $(simp\ add: AlternateD-def, rel-auto)$

qed

definition $AlternateD-list :: ('a\ upred \times ('a, 'b)\ rel-des)\ list \Rightarrow ('a, 'b)\ rel-des \Rightarrow ('a, 'b)\ rel-des$ **where**

$[upred-defs, ndes-simp]$:

$AlternateD-list\ xs\ P =$

$AlternateD\ \{0..<length\ xs\}\ (\lambda\ i. map\ fst\ xs\ !\ i)\ (\lambda\ i. map\ snd\ xs\ !\ i)\ P$

ad hoc-overloading

$ualtern\ AlternateD$ **and**

$ualtern-list\ AlternateD-list$

nonterminal $gcomm$ **and** $gcomms$

syntax

```

-altind-els  :: pttrn  $\Rightarrow$  logic  $\Rightarrow$  logic  $\Rightarrow$  logic  $\Rightarrow$  logic  $\Rightarrow$  logic (if  $\neg \cdot \rightarrow \cdot$  else  $\cdot$  fi)
-altind      :: pttrn  $\Rightarrow$  logic  $\Rightarrow$  logic  $\Rightarrow$  logic  $\Rightarrow$  logic (if  $\neg \cdot \rightarrow \cdot$  else  $\cdot$  fi)
-gcomm       :: logic  $\Rightarrow$  logic  $\Rightarrow$  gcomm ( $\rightarrow$  - [60, 60] 61)
-gcomm-nil   :: gcomm  $\Rightarrow$  gcomms (-)
-gcomm-cons  :: gcomm  $\Rightarrow$  gcomms  $\Rightarrow$  gcomms ( $\rightarrow$  - [60, 61] 61)
-gcomm-show  :: logic  $\Rightarrow$  logic
-altgcomm-els :: gcomms  $\Rightarrow$  logic  $\Rightarrow$  logic (if / - /else - /fi)
-altgcomm     :: gcomms  $\Rightarrow$  logic (if / - /fi)

```

translations

```

-altind-els x A g P Q => CONST ualtern A ( $\lambda$  x. g) ( $\lambda$  x. P) Q
-altind-els x A g P Q <= CONST ualtern A ( $\lambda$  x. g) ( $\lambda$  x'. P) Q
-altind x A g P => CONST ualtern A ( $\lambda$  x. g) ( $\lambda$  x. P) (CONST Orderings.top)
-altind x A g P <= CONST ualtern A ( $\lambda$  x. g) ( $\lambda$  x'. P) (CONST Orderings.top)
-altgcomm cs => CONST ualtern-list cs (CONST Orderings.top)
-altgcomm (-gcomm-show cs) <= CONST ualtern-list cs (CONST Orderings.top)
-altgcomm-els cs P => CONST ualtern-list cs P
-altgcomm-els (-gcomm-show cs) P <= CONST ualtern-list cs P

-gcomm g P => (g, P)
-gcomm g P <= -gcomm-show (g, P)
-gcomm-cons c cs => c # cs
-gcomm-cons (-gcomm-show c) (-gcomm-show (d # cs)) <= -gcomm-show (c # d # cs)
-gcomm-nil c => [c]
-gcomm-nil (-gcomm-show c) <= -gcomm-show [c]

```

lemma *AlternateD-H1-H3-closed* [closure]:

assumes $\bigwedge i. i \in A \implies P\ i$ is **N** Q is **N**
shows if $i \in A \cdot g(i) \rightarrow P(i)$ else $Q\ fi$ is **N**

proof (cases $A = \{\}$)

case *True*

then show ?thesis

by (simp add: AlternateD-def closure false-upred-def assms)

next

case *False*

then show ?thesis

by (simp add: AlternateD-def closure assms)

qed

lemma *AltD-ndes-simp* [ndes-simp]:

if $i \in A \cdot g(i) \rightarrow (P_1(i) \vdash_n P_2(i))$ else $Q_1 \vdash_n Q_2\ fi$
 $= ((\bigwedge i \in A \cdot g\ i \implies P_1\ i) \wedge ((\bigwedge i \in A \cdot \neg g\ i) \implies Q_1)) \vdash_n$
 $((\bigvee i \in A \cdot [g\ i]_{<} \wedge P_2\ i) \vee (\bigwedge i \in A \cdot \neg [g\ i]_{<}) \wedge Q_2)$

proof (cases $A = \{\}$)

case *True*

then show ?thesis **by** (simp add: AlternateD-def)

next

case *False*

then show ?thesis

by (simp add: ndes-simp, rel-auto)

qed

declare *UINF-upto-expand-first* [ndes-simp]

declare *UINF-Suc-shift* [ndes-simp]

declare *USUP-upto-expand-first* [*ndes-simp*]
declare *USUP-Suc-shift* [*ndes-simp*]
declare *true-upred-def* [*THEN sym, ndes-simp*]

lemma *AlternateD-mono-refine*:
assumes $\bigwedge i. P\ i \sqsubseteq Q\ i\ R \sqsubseteq S$
shows $(\text{if } i \in A \cdot g(i) \rightarrow P(i) \text{ else } R\ \text{fi}) \sqsubseteq (\text{if } i \in A \cdot g(i) \rightarrow Q(i) \text{ else } S\ \text{fi})$
using *assms* **by** (*rel-auto, meson*)

lemma *Monotonic-AlternateD* [*closure*]:
 $\llbracket \bigwedge i. \text{Monotonic } (F\ i); \text{Monotonic } G \rrbracket \implies \text{Monotonic } (\lambda X. \text{if } i \in A \cdot g(i) \rightarrow F\ i\ X \text{ else } G(X)\ \text{fi})$
by (*rel-auto, meson*)

lemma *AlternateD-eq*:
assumes $A = B \bigwedge i. i \in A \implies g(i) = h(i) \bigwedge i. i \in A \implies P(i) = Q(i)\ R = S$
shows $\text{if } i \in A \cdot g(i) \rightarrow P(i) \text{ else } R\ \text{fi} = \text{if } i \in B \cdot h(i) \rightarrow Q(i) \text{ else } S\ \text{fi}$
by (*insert assms, rel-blast*)

lemma *AlternateD-empty*:
 $\text{if } i \in \{\} \cdot g(i) \rightarrow P(i) \text{ else } Q\ \text{fi} = Q$
by (*rel-auto*)

lemma *AlternateD-true-singleton*:
assumes $P\ \text{is } \mathbf{N}$
shows $\text{if } \text{true} \rightarrow P\ \text{fi} = P$
by (*ndes-eq cls: assms*)

lemma *AlternateD-no-ind*:
assumes $A \neq \{\} \ P\ \text{is } \mathbf{N} \ Q\ \text{is } \mathbf{N}$
shows $\text{if } i \in A \cdot b \rightarrow P \text{ else } Q\ \text{fi} = \text{if } b \rightarrow P \text{ else } Q\ \text{fi}$
by (*ndes-eq cls: assms*)

lemma *AlternateD-singleton*:
assumes $P\ k\ \text{is } \mathbf{N} \ Q\ \text{is } \mathbf{N}$
shows $\text{if } i \in \{k\} \cdot b(i) \rightarrow P(i) \text{ else } Q\ \text{fi} = \text{if } b(k) \rightarrow P(k) \text{ else } Q\ \text{fi}$ (**is** *?lhs = ?rhs*)
proof –
have *?lhs* = $\text{if } i \in \{k\} \cdot b(k) \rightarrow P(k) \text{ else } Q\ \text{fi}$
by (*auto intro: AlternateD-eq simp add: assms ndesign-form*)
also have *...* = *?rhs*
by (*simp add: AlternateD-no-ind assms closure*)
finally show *?thesis* .
qed

lemma *AlternateD-commute*:
assumes $P\ \text{is } \mathbf{N} \ Q\ \text{is } \mathbf{N}$
shows $\text{if } g_1 \rightarrow P \mid g_2 \rightarrow Q\ \text{fi} = \text{if } g_2 \rightarrow Q \mid g_1 \rightarrow P\ \text{fi}$
by (*ndes-eq cls: assms*)

lemma *AlternateD-dcond*:
assumes $P\ \text{is } \mathbf{N} \ Q\ \text{is } \mathbf{N}$
shows $\text{if } g \rightarrow P \text{ else } Q\ \text{fi} = P \triangleleft g \triangleright_D Q$
by (*ndes-eq cls: assms*)

lemma *AlternateD-cover*:
assumes $P\ \text{is } \mathbf{N} \ Q\ \text{is } \mathbf{N}$

shows $if\ g \rightarrow P\ else\ Q\ fi = if\ g \rightarrow P\ |\ (\neg\ g) \rightarrow Q\ fi$
by (*ndes-eq cls: assms*)

lemma *UINF-ndes-expand*:

assumes $\bigwedge i. i \in A \implies P(i)$ *is N*
shows $(\bigcap i \in A \cdot \lfloor pre_D(P(i)) \rfloor_{<} \vdash_n post_D(P(i))) = (\bigcap i \in A \cdot P(i))$
by (*rule UINF-cong, simp add: assms ndesign-form*)

lemma *USUP-ndes-expand*:

assumes $\bigwedge i. i \in A \implies P(i)$ *is N*
shows $(\bigcup i \in A \cdot \lfloor pre_D(P(i)) \rfloor_{<} \vdash_n post_D(P(i))) = (\bigcup i \in A \cdot P(i))$
by (*rule USUP-cong, simp add: assms ndesign-form*)

lemma *AlternateD-ndes-expand*:

assumes $\bigwedge i. i \in A \implies P(i)$ *is N* Q *is N*
shows $if\ i \in A \cdot g(i) \rightarrow P(i)\ else\ Q\ fi =$
 $if\ i \in A \cdot g(i) \rightarrow (\lfloor pre_D(P(i)) \rfloor_{<} \vdash_n post_D(P(i)))\ else\ \lfloor pre_D(Q) \rfloor_{<} \vdash_n post_D(Q)\ fi$
apply (*simp add: AlternateD-def*)
apply (*subst UINF-ndes-expand[THEN sym]*)
apply (*simp add: assms closure*)
apply (*ndes-simp cls: assms*)
apply (*rel-auto*)
done

lemma *AlternateD-ndes-expand'*:

assumes $\bigwedge i. i \in A \implies P(i)$ *is N*
shows $if\ i \in A \cdot g(i) \rightarrow P(i)\ fi = if\ i \in A \cdot g(i) \rightarrow (\lfloor pre_D(P(i)) \rfloor_{<} \vdash_n post_D(P(i)))\ fi$
apply (*simp add: AlternateD-def*)
apply (*subst UINF-ndes-expand[THEN sym]*)
apply (*simp add: assms closure*)
apply (*ndes-simp cls: assms*)
apply (*rel-auto*)
done

lemma *ndesign-ind-form*:

assumes $\bigwedge i. P(i)$ *is N*
shows $(\lambda i. \lfloor pre_D(P(i)) \rfloor_{<} \vdash_n post_D(P(i))) = P$
by (*simp add: assms ndesign-form*)

lemma *AlternateD-insert*:

assumes $\bigwedge i. i \in (insert\ x\ A) \implies P(i)$ *is N* Q *is N*
shows $if\ i \in (insert\ x\ A) \cdot g(i) \rightarrow P(i)\ else\ Q\ fi =$
 $if\ g(x) \rightarrow P(x)\ |$
 $(\bigvee i \in A \cdot g(i)) \rightarrow if\ i \in A \cdot g(i) \rightarrow P(i)\ fi$
 $else\ Q$
 $fi\ (is\ ?lhs = ?rhs)$

proof –

have $?lhs = if\ i \in (insert\ x\ A) \cdot g(i) \rightarrow (\lfloor pre_D(P(i)) \rfloor_{<} \vdash_n post_D(P(i)))\ else\ (\lfloor pre_D(Q) \rfloor_{<} \vdash_n post_D(Q))\ fi$
using *AlternateD-ndes-expand assms(1) assms(2)* **by** *blast*
also
have ... =
 $if\ g(x) \rightarrow (\lfloor pre_D(P(x)) \rfloor_{<} \vdash_n post_D(P(x)))\ |$
 $(\bigvee i \in A \cdot g(i)) \rightarrow if\ i \in A \cdot g(i) \rightarrow \lfloor pre_D(P(i)) \rfloor_{<} \vdash_n post_D(P(i))\ fi$
 $else\ \lfloor pre_D(Q) \rfloor_{<} \vdash_n post_D(Q)$

```

      fi
    by (ndes-simp cls:assms, rel-auto)
  also have ... = ?rhs
    by (simp add: AlternateD-ndes-expand' ndesign-form assms)
  finally show ?thesis .
qed

```

4.5 Iteration

```

theorem ndesign-iteration-wlp [ndes-simp]:
  (p ⊢n Q) ;; (p ⊢n Q) ^ n = ((⋀ i ∈ {0..n} • (Q ^ i) wlp p) ⊢n Q ^ Suc n)
proof (induct n)
  case 0
  then show ?case by (rel-auto)
next
  case (Suc n) note hyp = this
  have (p ⊢n Q) ;; (p ⊢n Q) ^ Suc n = (p ⊢n Q) ;; (p ⊢n Q) ;; (p ⊢n Q) ^ n
    by (simp add: upred-semiring.power-Suc)
  also have ... = (p ⊢n Q) ;; ((⋂ i ∈ {0..n} • Q ^ i wlp p) ⊢n Q ^ Suc n)
    by (simp add: hyp)
  also have ... = (p ∧ Q wlp (⋂ i ∈ {0..n} • Q ^ i wlp p)) ⊢n (Q ;; Q) ;; Q ^ n
    by (simp add: upred-semiring.power-Suc ndesign-composition-wp segr-assoc)
  also have ... = (p ∧ U(∀ i ∈ {0..«n»}. Q ^ Suc i wlp p)) ⊢n (Q ;; Q) ;; Q ^ n
    by (simp add: upred-semiring.power-Suc wp, rel-simp)
  also have ... = (p ∧ (⋂ i ∈ {0..n}. Q ^ Suc i wlp p)) ⊢n (Q ;; Q) ;; Q ^ n
    by (rel-auto)
  also have ... = (p ∧ (⋂ i ∈ {1..Suc n}. Q ^ i wlp p)) ⊢n (Q ;; Q) ;; Q ^ n
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) One-nat-def image-Suc-atLeastAtMost image-cong image-image)
  also have ... = (Q ^ 0 wlp p ∧ (⋂ i ∈ {1..Suc n}. Q ^ i wlp p)) ⊢n (Q ;; Q) ;; Q ^ n
    by (simp add: wp)
  also have ... = ((⋂ i ∈ {0..Suc n}. Q ^ i wlp p)) ⊢n (Q ;; Q) ;; Q ^ n
    by (simp add: atMost-Suc-eq-insert-0 atLeast0AtMost conj-upred-def image-Suc-atMost)
  also have ... = (⋂ i ∈ {0..Suc n} • Q ^ i wlp p) ⊢n Q ^ Suc (Suc n)
    by (simp add: upred-semiring.power-Suc USUP-as-Inf-image upred-semiring.mult-assoc)
  finally show ?case .
qed

```

Overloadable Syntax

consts

```

uiterate      :: 'a set ⇒ ('a ⇒ 'p) ⇒ ('a ⇒ 'r) ⇒ 'r
uiterate-list :: ('a × 'r) list ⇒ 'r

```

syntax

```

-iterind      :: ptrn ⇒ logic ⇒ logic ⇒ logic ⇒ logic (do -∈- · - → - od)
-itergcomm    :: gcomms ⇒ logic (do - od)

```

translations

```

-iterind x A g P => CONST uiterate A (λ x. g) (λ x. P)
-iterind x A g P <= CONST uiterate A (λ x. g) (λ x'. P)
-itergcomm cs => CONST uiterate-list cs
-itergcomm (gcomm-show cs) <= CONST uiterate-list cs

```

definition *IterateD* :: 'a set ⇒ ('a ⇒ 'α upred) ⇒ ('a ⇒ 'α hrel-des) ⇒ 'α hrel-des **where**
 [upred-defs, ndes-simp]:

IterateD A g P = (μ_N X • if i ∈ A • g(i) → P(i) ;; X else Π_D fi)

definition *IterateD-list* :: ($'\alpha$ upred \times $'\alpha$ hrel-des) list \Rightarrow $'\alpha$ hrel-des **where**
 $[upred-defs, ndes-simp]$:
IterateD-list xs = *IterateD* {0.. length xs} ($\lambda i. \text{fst } (\text{nth } xs \ i)$) ($\lambda i. \text{snd } (\text{nth } xs \ i)$)

adhoc-overloading

uiterate *IterateD* **and**
uiterate-list *IterateD-list*

lemma *IterateD-H1-H3-closed* [closure]:

assumes $\bigwedge i. i \in A \implies P \ i$ is **N**
shows $\text{do } i \in A \cdot g(i) \rightarrow P(i)$ *od* is **N**

proof (cases $A = \{\}$)

case *True*

then show ?thesis

by (simp add: *IterateD-def* closure assms)

next

case *False*

then show ?thesis

by (simp add: *IterateD-def* closure assms)

qed

lemma *IterateD-empty*:

$\text{do } i \in \{\} \cdot g(i) \rightarrow P(i)$ *od* = II_D

by (simp add: *IterateD-def* *AlternateD-empty* ndes-theory.LFP-const skip-d-is-H1-H3)

lemma *IterateD-list-single-expand*:

$\text{do } b \rightarrow P$ *od* = ($\mu_{NDES} \ X \cdot \text{if } b \rightarrow P \ ; \ X \text{ else } \text{II}_D \ \text{fi}$)

oops

lemma *IterateD-singleton*:

assumes P is **N**

shows $\text{do } b \rightarrow P$ *od* = $\text{do } i \in \{0\} \cdot b \rightarrow P$ *od*

apply (simp add: *IterateD-list-def* *IterateD-def* *AlternateD-singleton* assms)

apply (subst *AlternateD-singleton*)

apply (simp)

apply (rel-auto)

oops

lemma *IterateD-mono-refine*:

assumes

$\bigwedge i. P \ i$ is **N** $\bigwedge i. Q \ i$ is **N**

$\bigwedge i. P \ i \sqsubseteq Q \ i$

shows $(\text{do } i \in A \cdot g(i) \rightarrow P(i) \text{ od}) \sqsubseteq (\text{do } i \in A \cdot g(i) \rightarrow Q(i) \text{ od})$

apply (simp add: *IterateD-def* ndes-theory.utp-lfp-def)

apply (subst ndes-theory.utp-lfp-def)

apply (simp-all add: closure assms)

apply (subst ndes-theory.utp-lfp-def)

apply (simp-all add: closure assms)

apply (rule gfp-mono)

apply (rule *AlternateD-mono-refine*)

apply (simp-all add: closure seqr-mono assms)

done

lemma *IterateD-single-refine*:

assumes

$P \text{ is } \mathbf{N} \ Q \text{ is } \mathbf{N} \ P \sqsubseteq Q$
shows $(do \ g \rightarrow P \text{ od}) \sqsubseteq (do \ g \rightarrow Q \text{ od})$
oops

lemma *IterateD-refine-intro*:
fixes $V :: (nat, 'a) \text{ uexpr}$
assumes $vwb\text{-lens } w$
shows
 $I \vdash_n (w: [I \wedge \neg (\bigvee_{i \in A} g(i))]_{>}) \sqsubseteq$
 $do \ i \in A \cdot g(i) \rightarrow (I \wedge g(i)) \vdash_n (w: [I]_{>} \wedge [V]_{>} <_u [V]_{<}) \text{ od}$
proof $(cases \ A = \{\})$
case *True*
with $assms \text{ show } ?thesis$
by $(simp \ add: \text{IterateD-empty}, \text{rel-auto})$
next
case *False*
then show $?thesis$
using $assms$
apply $(simp \ add: \text{IterateD-def})$
apply $(rule \ ndesign\text{-}\mu\text{-wf-refine-intro}[\text{where } e = V \text{ and } R = \{(x, y). x < y\}])$
apply $(simp\text{-all } add: \text{wf closure})$
apply $(simp \ add: \text{ndes-simp unrest})$
apply $(rule \ ndesign\text{-refine-intro})$
apply $(rel\text{-auto})$
apply $(rel\text{-auto})$
apply $(metis \ mwb\text{-lens.put-put } vwb\text{-lens-mwb})$
done
qed

lemma *IterateD-single-refine-intro*:
fixes $V :: (nat, 'a) \text{ uexpr}$
assumes $vwb\text{-lens } w$
shows
 $I \vdash_n (w: [I \wedge \neg g]_{>}) \sqsubseteq$
 $do \ g \rightarrow ((I \wedge g) \vdash_n (w: [I]_{>} \wedge [V]_{>} <_u [V]_{<})) \text{ od}$
apply $(rule \ order\text{-trans})$
defer
apply $(rule \ \text{IterateD-refine-intro}[of \ w \ \{0\} \ \lambda \ i. \ g \ I \ V, \ simplified, \ OF \ assms(1)])$
oops

4.6 Let and Local Variables

definition $LetD :: ('a, 'a) \text{ uexpr} \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow 'a \text{ hrel-des}) \Rightarrow 'a \text{ hrel-des}$ **where**
 $[upred\text{-defs}]: LetD \ v \ P = (P \ x) \llbracket x \rightarrow [v]_{D<} \rrbracket$

syntax
 $-LetD \quad :: [letbinds, 'a] \Rightarrow 'a \quad ((let_D \ (-) / in \ (-)) [0, 10] 10)$

translations
 $-LetD \ (-binds \ b \ bs) \ e \rightleftharpoons -LetD \ b \ (-LetD \ bs \ e)$
 $let_D \ x = a \text{ in } e \rightleftharpoons CONST \ LetD \ a \ (\lambda x. \ e)$

lemma $LetD\text{-ndes-simp} \ [ndes\text{-simp}]$:
 $LetD \ v \ (\lambda x. \ p(x) \vdash_n \ Q(x)) = (p(x) \llbracket x \rightarrow v \rrbracket) \vdash_n \ (Q(x) \llbracket x \rightarrow [v]_{<} \rrbracket)$
by $(rel\text{-auto})$

lemma *LetD-H1-H3-closed* [closure]:
 $\llbracket \bigwedge x. P(x) \text{ is } \mathbf{N} \rrbracket \implies \text{LetD } v \ P \text{ is } \mathbf{N}$
by (*rel-auto*)

end

4.7 Design Hoare Logic

theory *utp-des-hoare*
imports *utp-des-prog*
begin

definition *HoareD* :: '*s upred* \Rightarrow '*s hrel-des* \Rightarrow '*s upred* \Rightarrow *bool* ($\{-\}\{-\}_D$) **where**
 $[\text{upred-defs}, \text{ndes-simp}]: \text{HoareD } p \ S \ q = ((p \vdash_n [q]_>) \sqsubseteq S)$

lemma *assigns-hoare-d* [*hoare-safe*]: ' $p \Rightarrow \sigma \dagger q$ ' $\implies \{p\}\langle\sigma\rangle_D\{q\}_D$
by *rel-auto*

lemma *skip-hoare-d*: $\{p\}II_D\{p\}_D$
by (*rel-auto*)

lemma *assigns-backward-hoare-d*:
 $\{\sigma \dagger p\}\langle\sigma\rangle_D\{p\}_D$
by *rel-auto*

lemma *seq-hoare-d*:
assumes *C is N D is N* $\{p\}C\{q\}_D \ \{q\}D\{r\}_D$
shows $\{p\}C \ ; \ ; \ D\{r\}_D$
proof –
obtain $c_1 \ C_2$ **where** $C: C = c_1 \vdash_n C_2$
by (*metis assms(1) ndesign-form*)
obtain $d_1 \ D_2$ **where** $D: D = d_1 \vdash_n D_2$
by (*metis assms(2) ndesign-form*)
from *assms(3-4)* **show** *?thesis*
apply (*simp add: C D*)
apply (*ndes-simp*)
apply (*simp add: ndesign-refinement*)
apply (*rel-blast*)
done
qed

end

5 Designs parallel-by-merge

theory *utp-des-parallel*
imports *utp-des-prog*
begin

5.1 Definitions

We introduce the parametric design merge, which handles merging of the *ok* variables, and leaves the other variables to the parametrised "inner" merge predicate. As expected, a parallel composition of designs can diverge whenever one of its arguments can.

definition *des-merge* :: $((\alpha, \beta, \gamma) \text{ mrg}, \delta) \text{ urel} \Rightarrow ((\alpha \text{ des}, \beta \text{ des}, \gamma \text{ des}) \text{ mrg}, \delta \text{ des}) \text{ urel} \text{ (DM}'(-))$
where
[upred-defs]: $\text{DM}(M) \equiv ((\$0:ok \wedge \$1:ok \Rightarrow \$ok' \wedge \$v_D:0' =_u \$0:v_D \wedge \$v_D:1' =_u \$1:v_D \wedge \$v_D:<' =_u \$<:v_D) ;; (true \vdash_n M))$

Parallel composition is then defined via the above merge predicate and the standard UTP parallel-by-merge operator.

abbreviation

dpar-by-merge :: $(\alpha, \beta) \text{ rel-des} \Rightarrow ((\alpha, \beta, \gamma) \text{ mrg}, \delta) \text{ urel} \Rightarrow (\alpha, \gamma) \text{ rel-des} \Rightarrow (\alpha, \delta) \text{ rel-des}$
 $(- \parallel^D - \text{ [85,0,86] 85})$
where $P \parallel_M^D Q \equiv P \parallel_{\text{DM}(M)} Q$

5.2 Theorems

The design merge predicate is symmetric up to the inner merge predicate.

lemma *swap-des-merge*: $\text{swap}_m ;; \text{DM}(M) = \text{DM}(\text{swap}_m ;; M)$
by (*rel-auto*)

The following laws explain the meaning of a merge of two normal ($H\beta$) designs. The postcondition is straightforward: we simply distribute the inner merge. However, the precondition is more complex. We'd be forgiven for thinking it would simply be $p \wedge q$, but this does not account for the possibility of miraculous behaviour in either argument. When this occurs, divergence is effectively overshadowed by miraculous behaviour, and so the precondition needs to involve the relational preconditions of both the design commitments (P and Q).

lemma *ndes-par-aux*:

$(p \vdash_n P) \parallel_M^D (q \vdash_n Q) = (\neg \text{Pre}(\neg p^< \wedge (q^< \Rightarrow Q)) \wedge \neg \text{Pre}(\neg q^< \wedge (p^< \Rightarrow P))) \vdash_n (P \parallel_M Q)$

proof –

have $p2$: $([p \vdash_n P]_0 \wedge [q \vdash_n Q]_1 \wedge \$<' =_u \$v) ;;$
 $(\$0:ok \wedge \$1:ok \Rightarrow \$ok' \wedge \$v_D:0' =_u \$0:v_D \wedge \$v_D:1' =_u \$1:v_D \wedge \$v_D:<' =_u \$<:v_D)$
 $= (\neg \text{Pre}(\neg p^< \wedge (q^< \Rightarrow Q)) \wedge \neg \text{Pre}(\neg q^< \wedge (p^< \Rightarrow P))) \vdash_n ([P]_0 \wedge [Q]_1 \wedge \$<:v' =_u \$v)$

by (*rel-auto, metis+*)

show *?thesis*

by (*simp add: des-merge-def par-by-merge-alt-def seqr-assoc[THEN sym] ndesign-composition-wp wp p2*)
qed

lemma *ndes-par* [*ndes-simp*]:

$(p \vdash_n P) \parallel_M^D (q \vdash_n Q) = ((p \vee q \wedge \neg \text{Pre}(Q)) \wedge (q \vee p \wedge \neg \text{Pre}(P))) \vdash_n (P \parallel_M Q)$

by (*simp add: ndes-par-aux, rel-auto*)

lemma *ndes-par-wlp*:

$(p \vdash_n P) \parallel_M^D (q \vdash_n Q) = ((p \vee q \wedge Q \text{ wlp false}) \wedge (q \vee p \wedge P \text{ wlp false})) \vdash_n (P \parallel_M Q)$

by (*simp add: ndes-par-aux, rel-auto*)

If the commitments are both total relations, then we do indeed get a precondition of simply $p \wedge q$.

lemma *ndes-par-total*:

assumes $\text{Pre}(P) = \text{true} \text{ Pre}(Q) = \text{true}$

shows $(p \vdash_n P) \parallel_M^D (q \vdash_n Q) = (p \wedge q) \vdash_n (P \parallel_M Q)$

by (*simp add: ndes-par-assms*)

lemma *ndes-par-assigns*: $(p_1 \vdash_n \langle \sigma \rangle_a) \parallel_M^D (q_1 \vdash_n \langle \varrho \rangle_a) = (p_1 \wedge q_1) \vdash_n (\langle \sigma \rangle_a \parallel_M \langle \varrho \rangle_a)$ (**is** *?lhs = ?rhs*)

by (rule ndes-par-total, simp-all add: Pre-assigns)

lemma *ndes-par-H1-H3-closed* [closure]:
 assumes P is \mathbf{N} Q is \mathbf{N}
 shows $P \parallel_M^D Q$ is \mathbf{N}
 by (metis assms ndes-par ndesign-H1-H3 ndesign-form)

lemma *ndes-par-commute*:
 $P \parallel_{\text{swap}_m}^D ; M Q = Q \parallel_M^D P$
 by (metis par-by-merge-commute-swap swap-des-merge)

lemma *ndes-merge-miracle*:
 assumes P is \mathbf{N}
 shows $P \parallel_M^D \top_D = \top_D$
 by (ndes-simp cls: assms, simp add: prepost)

lemma *ndes-merge-chaos*:
 assumes P is \mathbf{N} $\text{Pre}(\text{post}_D(P)) = \text{true}$
 shows $P \parallel_M^D \perp_D = \perp_D$
proof –
 obtain $p_1 P_2$ where $P = p_1 \vdash_n P_2$
 by (metis assms(1) ndesign-form)
 with assms(2) show ?thesis
 by (simp add: ndes-simp, rel-auto)
qed

end

6 Design Weakest Preconditions

theory *utp-des-wp*
 imports *utp-des-prog utp-des-hoare*
begin

definition *wp-design* :: (α, β) rel-des $\Rightarrow \beta$ cond $\Rightarrow \alpha$ cond (**infix** *wp_D* 60) **where**
 $[\text{upred-defs}]: Q \text{ wp}_D r = (\lfloor \text{pre}_D(Q) \rfloor ; \text{true} :: (\alpha, \beta) \text{ urel} \rfloor_{<} \wedge (\text{post}_D(Q) \text{ wlp } r))$

If two normal designs have the same weakest precondition for any given postcondition, then the two designs are equivalent.

theorem *wpd-eq-intro*: $\llbracket \bigwedge r. (p_1 \vdash_n Q_1) \text{ wp}_D r = (p_2 \vdash_n Q_2) \text{ wp}_D r \rrbracket \Longrightarrow (p_1 \vdash_n Q_1) = (p_2 \vdash_n Q_2)$
apply (rel-simp robust; metis curry-conv)
done

theorem *wpd-H3-eq-intro*: $\llbracket P \text{ is } H1\text{-}H3; Q \text{ is } H1\text{-}H3; \bigwedge r. P \text{ wp}_D r = Q \text{ wp}_D r \rrbracket \Longrightarrow P = Q$
 by (metis H1-H3-commute H1-H3-is-normal-design H3-idem Healthy-def' wpd-eq-intro)

lemma *wp-d-abort* [wp]: $\text{true wp}_D p = \text{false}$
 by (rel-auto)

lemma *wp-assigns-d* [wp]: $\langle \sigma \rangle_D \text{ wp}_D r = \sigma \dagger r$
 by (rel-auto)

theorem *rdesign-wp* [wp]:
 $(\lfloor p \rfloor_{<} \vdash_r Q) \text{ wp}_D r = (p \wedge Q \text{ wlp } r)$
 by (rel-auto)

```

theorem wpd-seq-r:
  fixes Q1 Q2 :: 'α hrel
  shows  $(([p1]_{<} \vdash_r Q1) ;; ([p2]_{<} \vdash_r Q2)) \text{ wp}_D r = ([p1]_{<} \vdash_r Q1) \text{ wp}_D (([p2]_{<} \vdash_r Q2) \text{ wp}_D r)$ 
  apply (simp add: wp)
  apply (subst rdesign-composition-wp)
  apply (simp only: wp)
  apply (rel-auto)
done

```

theorem *wpd-seq-r-H1-H3* [wp]:
fixes $P\ Q :: 'a\ hrel\text{-}des$
assumes $P\ is\ N\ Q\ is\ N$
shows $(P\ ;;\ Q)\ wp_D\ r = P\ wp_D\ (Q\ wp_D\ r)$
by (*metis H1-H3-commute H1-H3-is-normal-design H1-idem Healthy-def' assms(1) assms(2) wpnd-seq-r*)

end

```
theory utp-des-refcalc
imports utp-des-prog
begin
```

syntax

- init-var :: *logic*
- des-spec :: *salpha* \Rightarrow *logic* \Rightarrow *logic* \Rightarrow *logic* (\neg [-,/]_D [99,0,0] 100)
- des-log-const :: *pttrn* \Rightarrow *logic* \Rightarrow *logic* (*con*_D - · - [0, 10] 10)

```

parse-translation  $\langle$ 
  let
    fun init-var-tr [] = Syntax.free iv
    | init-var-tr - = raise Match;

```

```

in
[(@{syntax-const -init-var}, K init-var-tr)]
end
>

```

abbreviation $choose_D x \equiv \{\&x\}:[true,true]_D$

lemma *des-spec-simple-def*:
 $x:[pre,post]_D = (pre \vdash_n x:[post]_{>})$
by (*rel-auto*)

lemma *des-spec-abort*:
 $x:[false,post]_D = \perp_D$
by (*rel-auto*)

lemma *des-spec-skip*: $\emptyset:[true,true]_D = II_D$
by (*rel-auto*)

lemma *des-spec-strengthen-post*:
assumes ' $post' \Rightarrow post$ '
shows $w:[pre, post]_D \sqsubseteq w:[pre, post']_D$
using *assms* **by** (*rel-auto*)

lemma *des-spec-weaken-pre*:
assumes ' $pre \Rightarrow pre'$ '
shows $w:[pre, post]_D \sqsubseteq w:[pre', post]_D$
using *assms* **by** (*rel-auto*)

lemma *des-spec-refine-skip*:
assumes *vwb-lens* w ' $pre \Rightarrow post$ '
shows $w:[pre, post]_D \sqsubseteq II_D$
using *assms* **by** (*rel-auto*)

lemma *rc-iter*:
fixes $V :: (nat, 'a) uexpr$
assumes *vwb-lens* w
shows $w:[ivr, ivr \wedge \neg (\bigvee i \in A \cdot g(i))]_D$
 $\sqsubseteq (do\ i \in A \cdot g(i) \rightarrow \bigsqcup iv \cdot w:[ivr \wedge g(i) \wedge \ll iv \gg =_u \&\mathbf{v}, ivr \wedge (V <_u V[\ll iv \gg / \mathbf{v}])]_D\ od)$ (**is**
 $?lhs \sqsubseteq ?rhs$)
apply (*rule order-trans*)
defer
apply (*simp add: des-spec-simple-def*)
apply (*rule IterateD-refine-intro[of - - - V]*)
apply (*simp add: assms*)
apply (*rule IterateD-mono-refine*)
apply (*simp-all add: ndes-simp closure*)
apply (*rel-auto*)
done

end

8 Theory of Invariants

theory *utp-des-invariants*
imports *utp-des-theory*

begin

The theory of invariants formalises operation and state invariants based on the theory of designs. For more information, please see the associated paper [1, Section 4].

8.1 Operation Invariants

definition $OIH(\psi)(D) = (D \wedge (\$ok \wedge \neg D^f \Rightarrow \psi))$

declare $OIH\text{-}def$ [*upred-defs*]

lemma $OIH\text{-}design$:

assumes D is $H1\text{-}H2$

shows $OIH(\psi)(D) = ((\neg D^f) \vdash (D^t \wedge \psi))$

proof –

from *assms* **have** $OIH(\psi)(D) = (((\neg D^f) \vdash D^t) \wedge (\$ok \wedge \neg D^f \Rightarrow \psi))$

by (*metis H1-H2-commute H1-H2-is-design H1-idem Healthy-def' OIH-def*)

also have $\dots = ((\$ok \wedge \neg D^f \Rightarrow \$ok' \wedge D^t) \wedge (\$ok \wedge \neg D^f \Rightarrow \psi))$

by (*simp add: design-def*)

also have $\dots = ((\neg D^f) \vdash (D^t \wedge \psi))$

by (*pred-auto*)

finally show *?thesis* .

qed

lemma $OIH\text{-}idem$:

assumes D is $H1\text{-}H2$ $\$ok' \nVdash \psi$

shows $OIH(\psi)(OIH(\psi)(D)) = OIH(\psi)(D)$

using *assms*

by (*simp add: OIH-design design-is-H1-H2 unrest (simp add: design-def usubst, rel-auto)*)

lemma $OIH\text{-}of\text{-}design$:

$\$ok' \nVdash P \Longrightarrow OIH(\psi)(P \vdash Q) = (P \vdash (Q \wedge \psi))$

by (*simp add: OIH-def design-def usubst, rel-auto*)

8.2 State Invariants

definition $ISH(\psi)(D) = (D \vee (\$ok \wedge \neg D^f \wedge \lceil \psi \rceil_{<} \Rightarrow \$ok' \wedge D^t))$

declare $ISH\text{-}def$ [*upred-defs*]

lemma $ISH\text{-}design$: $ISH(\psi)(D) = (\neg D^f \wedge \lceil \psi \rceil_{<}) \vdash D^t$

by (*rel-auto, metis+*)

lemma $ISH\text{-}idem$: $ISH(\psi)(ISH(\psi)(D)) = ISH(\psi)(D)$

by (*simp add: ISH-design usubst design-def, pred-auto*)

lemma $ISH\text{-}of\text{-}design$:

$\llbracket \$ok' \nVdash P; \$ok' \nVdash Q \rrbracket \Longrightarrow ISH(\psi)(P \vdash Q) = ((P \wedge \lceil \psi \rceil_{<}) \vdash Q)$

by (*simp add: ISH-design design-def usubst, pred-auto*)

definition $OSH(\psi)(D) = (D \wedge (\$ok \wedge \neg D^f \wedge \lceil \psi \rceil_{<} \Rightarrow \lceil \psi \rceil_{>}))$

declare $OSH\text{-}def$ [*upred-defs*]

lemma $OSH\text{-}as\text{-}OIH$:

$OSH(\psi)(D) = OIH(\lceil \psi \rceil_{<} \Rightarrow \lceil \psi \rceil_{>})(D)$

by (simp add: OSH-def OIH-def, pred-auto)

lemma *OSH-design*:

assumes *D* is *H1-H2*

shows $OSH(\psi)(D) = ((\neg D^f) \vdash (D^t \wedge ([\psi]_< \Rightarrow [\psi]_>)))$

by (simp add: OSH-as-OIH OIH-design assms)

lemma *OSH-of-design*:

$\llbracket \$ok' \# P; \$ok' \# Q \rrbracket \Longrightarrow OSH(\psi)(P \vdash Q) = (P \vdash (Q \wedge ([\psi]_< \Rightarrow [\psi]_>)))$

by (simp add: OSH-design design-is-H1-H2 unrest, simp add: design-def usubst, pred-auto)

definition $SIH(\psi) = ISH(\psi) \circ OSH(\psi)$

declare *SIH-def* [*upred-defs*]

lemma *SIH-of-design*:

$\llbracket \$ok' \# P; \$ok' \# Q; ok \# \psi \rrbracket \Longrightarrow SIH(\psi)(P \vdash Q) = ((P \wedge [\psi]_<) \vdash (Q \wedge [\psi]_>))$

by (simp add: SIH-def OSH-of-design ISH-of-design unrest, pred-auto)

end

9 Meta Theory for UTP Designs

theory *utp-designs*

imports

utp-des-core

utp-des-healths

utp-des-theory

utp-des-tactics

utp-des-hoare

utp-des-prog

utp-des-parallel

utp-des-wp

utp-des-refcalc

utp-des-invariants

begin end

References

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