### ISABEL MICÓ MILLÁN

### CONTACT INFORMATION

Department of Economics

Universidad Carlos III de Madrid

Calle Madrid 126, Getafe, 28903

⊠ imico@eco.uc3m.es

**a** +34 646 23 42 83

f sites.google.com/view/isabelmicomillan/home

**Placement Director** 

Antonio Cabrales

 $\bowtie$  antonio.cabrales@uc3m.es

**Graduate Program Coordinator** 

Angélica Aparicio de la Faya

⊠ ala@pa.uc3m.es

### RESEARCH INTERESTS

Public Finance, Empirical Macroeconomics, Household Finance, Fiscal Policy

### **EDUCATION**

2019-2023 (expected)	Ph.D. Candidate in Economics Universidad Carlos III de Madrid, Getafe (Madrid), Spain
2017-2019	M.Res. in Economic Analysis Universidad Carlos III de Madrid, Getafe (Madrid), Spain
2016-2017	Program for Economic Research Visiting Student Columbia University, New York, US
2015-2016	Master in Economics and Finance Barcelona Graduate School of Economics, Barcelona, Spain
2011-2015	Degree in Economics  Magna Cum Laude

2014 **Exchange Semester** 

Rutgers University, New Jersey, US

Universidad de Valencia, Valencia, Spain

### REFERENCES

Evi Pappa (advisor) Department of Economics Universidad Carlos III de Madrid

⊠ ppappa@eco.uc3m.es

Juan José Dolado (advisor) Department of Economics

Universidad Carlos III de Madrid

⊠ dolado@eco.uc3m.es

Philippe Weil **ECARES** 

Université Libre de Bruxelles ⊠ philippe.weil@ulb.be

### The Impact of Inheritance and Gift Taxes on Wealth Mobility: Evidence from Spain

There is an active debate among policy makers over the use of inheritance and gift taxation to redistribute wealth, yet the empirical evidence on the distributional effects of wealth transfer taxation is still very scarce. Using the quasi-experimental variation created by the regional decentralization of the Spanish inheritance and gift (IG) tax and household wealth panel data, this paper studies the effects of IG taxation on heirs and donees' net wealth mobility. I document that higher IG taxes reduce significantly the probability of bottom-wealth households of moving up in the net wealth distribution while no effect is found at the top. Bottom-wealth households subject to higher IG taxes accumulate less financial liquid wealth and higher non-mortgage debt thereby reducing their net wealth mobility prospects. The larger size of the tax burden for these households, as they receive large wealth transfers with respect their stock of liquid wealth, seems to be the main driver behind these results. These findings highlight the role of liquidity constraints in explaining the negative effect of IG taxes on bottom-wealth mobility.

### WORKING PAPERS

## Sentimental Propagation of Lottery Winnings: Evidence from the Spanish Christmas Lottery (joint with Morteza Ghomi and Evi Pappa)

We leverage a unique natural experiment, the Spanish Christmas lottery, to investigate the impact of highly geographically clustered winnings on macroeconomic aggregates, and on sentiment and durable consumption, using survey evidence. Lottery winnings induce significant demand effects, especially during recessions, reducing unemployment and increasing job creation and CPI prices. Albeit not receiving wins, households in winning provinces become more optimistic on impact and significantly increase their durable consumption (for furniture and vehicles) six months after the shock. We propose this lottery as an unconventional fiscal policy tool for increasing aggregate revenues and stimulating local demand without crowding out aggregate activity.

# Female Portfolio Choices and Marital Property Regime (joint with Lidia Cruces and Susana Párraga)

This paper studies the link between married couples' portfolio choices, marital property regime, and the gender of the household head. Exploiting unique features of the Spanish Survey of Household Finances and the marriage legislation in Spain, we find that female-headed households married under separate property hold riskier financial portfolios than their counterparts married under community property. We rationalize this gap in risky asset holdings with a two-period bargaining model of marriage and portfolio choice where couples differ in their property regime and are subject to exogenous divorce risk. In the model, the household head is the spouse with higher weight in the household utility function. Compared to separate property, divorce risk encourages higher precautionary savings in safe assets for community-property couples due to higher liquidation costs of assets upon divorce. This translates into separate-property couples allocating a larger share of their portfolio into risky assets. Higher utility weight and lower permanent income for female household heads reinforce the precautionary savings mechanism and help match the gap in risky asset holdings observed in the data.

### SEMINARS AND CONFERENCES

2021 ENTER Seminar (ULB, Belgium), Spanish Economic Symposium

2021

2022 Macroeconometric Workshop (DIW Berlin, Germany), ENTER

Jamboree 2022 (UAB, Spain), 6th Household Finance Workshop SAFE (Goethe University, Frankfurt), ENTER Seminar (University)

sity of Stockholm, Sweden)

### TEACHING EXPERIENCE

Fall 2020, 2019 Econometric Techniques (Time Series Econometrics)

Undergraduate

Prof. Jesús Gonzalo

Department of Economics, Universidad Carlos III, Madrid

Spring 2019, 2020 Financial and Monetary Macroeconomics

Under graduate

Prof. Hernán Seoane

Department of Economics, Universidad Carlos III, Madrid

Fall 2019 International Trade

Undergraduate

Prof. Gerardo Jacobs

Department of Economics, Universidad Carlos III, Madrid

Spring 2016 Introduction to Macroeconomics

Under graduate

Prof. Danilo Guaitoli

Department of Economics, Universidad Pompeu Fabra, Barcelona

### WORKING EXPERIENCE

2019-2022 Research Assistant for Euro area Business Cycle Dating Committee

Centre for Economic Policy Research (CEPR). London, UK

- Collected and analysed macroeconomic data for the Euro Area
- Managed Euro area recession indicator database
- Assisted the Committee members during the meetings

### ADDITIONAL TRAINING

Summer 2020 Computational Tools for Macroeconomists

Bayesian Econometrics
Prof. Mathias Trabandt

CEMFI Summer School, Madrid, Spain

### AWARDS AND SCHOLARSHIPS

2019-2023	FPU Scholarship, Spanish Ministry of Education
2017-2019	Graduate Program Scholarship, Universidad Carlos III
2015	Postgraduate Studies in US, La Caixa Scholarship Program
2015	Best Academic Record, Universidad de Valencia

#### OTHER.

Languages Spanish (native), Catalan (native), English (fluent), French (basic)

Programming tools Matlab, R, Stata, Eviews, Dynare

Citizenship Spain