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Pledge: I pledge my honor that I have abided by the Stevens Honor System.

Give the asymptotic complexity of the following functions. Choose the most appropriate notation from among O, θ , and Ω . Give only a single answer for each question (giving more than one answer will result in a zero for that question).

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1. void function1(int n) {
        for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {</pre>
             for (int j = i; j <= n; j += 2) {
                  cout << "*";
             }
        }
   }
   Answer: \theta(n^2)
2. void function2(int n) {
        int count = 0;
        for (int i = 1; i * i * i <= n; i++) {</pre>
             count++;
        cout << count;</pre>
   }
   Answer: \theta(n^{\overline{3}})
3. void function3(int n) {
        int count = 0;
        for (int i = 1; i * i <= n; i++) {</pre>
             for (int j = 1; j + n/2 <= n; j++) {
                  for (int k = 1; k <= n; k *= 2) {
                      count++;
                  }
             }
        cout << count;</pre>
    }
   Answer: \theta(n^{\frac{1}{2}} \lg(n))
4. void function4(int n) {
        int count = 0;
        for (int i = n/2; i <= n; i++) {</pre>
             for (int j = 1; j <= n; j *= 2) {
                  for (int k = 1; k <= n; k *= 2) {
                      count++;
                  }
             }
        }
        cout << count;</pre>
   }
```

```
Answer: \theta(n(\lg(n))^2)
5. void function5(int n) {
        if (n % 2 == 0) {
             return;
        for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {</pre>
             for (int j = 1; j <= n; j++) {</pre>
                 cout << "*";
                  break;
             }
        }
   Answer: O(n)
6. void function6(int n) {
        int count = 0;
        for (int i = 1; i <= n/2; i++) {</pre>
             for (int j = 1; j \le n/3; j++) {
                  for (int k = 1; k \le n/4; k++) {
                      count++;
                  }
             }
        }
        cout << count;</pre>
   }
   Answer: \theta(n^3)
7. void function7(int n) {
        for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {</pre>
             for (int j = 1; j <= n; j += i) {</pre>
                  cout << "*";
             }
        }
   Answer: \theta(n \log(n))
8. void function8(int n) {
        int i = 1, s = 1;
        while (s <= n) {
             i++;
             s += i;
             cout << "*";
   }
   Answer: \theta(\operatorname{sqrt}(n))
```

- 9. Processing Arrays
 - a. Suppose you have an unsorted array of integers of length n and want to sum all the elements inside it. What is the running time of your algorithm? $\theta(n)$
 - b. Suppose you have an unsorted array of integers of length n and want to determine if all the values inside are positive. What is the running time of your algorithm? O(n)
 - c. Suppose you have a sorted array of integers of length n and want to determine the median value. What is the running time of your algorithm? $\theta(1)$
- 10. True or False: $f(n) = 5n^2 + 4n + 8 \in \theta(n^2)$ Answer: **True**Then, if true, prove it by giving integer values for the required constants c_1 , c_2 , and n_0 . Choose the tightest values possible for the c_1 and c_2 constants. If false, show a contradiction.

$$c_1 n^2 \leq f(n) \leq c_2 n^2$$

$$c_1 n^2 \leq 5n^2 + 4n + 8$$
 Consider $c1 = 5$
$$5n^2 \leq 5n^2 + 4n + 8$$

$$0 \leq 4n + 8$$
 Lower bound: $for \ all \ values \ n \geq 1, c_1 = 5$
$$5n^2 + 4n + 8 \leq c_2 n^2$$
 Consider $c1 = 17$
$$5n^2 + 4n + 8 \leq 12n^2$$

$$4n + 8 \leq 12n^2$$

$$0 \leq 12n^2 - 4n - 8$$
 Upper bound: $for \ all \ values \ n \geq 1, c_2 = 17$

Answer: $c_1 = 5$, $c_2 = 17$, $n_0 = 1$