# An implementation of Barmak and Minian's I-test.

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### Chapter 1

### The I-test

The I-test is an asphericity test that is not based on a non-positive curvature argument. If a finite group presentation passes the I-test, then the associated 2-complex is diagrammatically reducible (DR),in particular it is aspherical. This test was introduced by Barmak and Minian [BM18, Theorem 2.6]. The main function of the package is ITest (1.1.6).

See Sections 2.1 and 2.2 for how to install and load the ltest package.

#### 1.1 Functions for the I-test

The following functions are available:

#### 1.1.1 SubwordMatrix

```
    ▷ SubwordMatrix(G) (function)
```

G must be an FpGroup. Returns the subword matrix of G.

#### 1.1.2 WeightMatrix

```
▷ WeightMatrix(G, v) (function)
```

G must be an FpGroup, v a vector orthogonal to q(r) for each relator r of G. Returns the weight matrix of G.

#### 1.1.3 IsGoodMatrix

```
▷ IsGoodMatrix(M) (function)
```

Returns true if the matrix M is good in the sense of [BM18, Definition 2.5].

```
gap> IsGoodMatrix(M);
#columns:[ 2, 1, 3 ], rows: [ 2, 1, 4 ]
true
```

#### 1.1.4 ITestVector

```
\triangleright ITestVector(G, v) (function)
```

G must be an FpGroup. The vector v must be orthogonal to the exponent matrix of the presentation defining G. Returns true if G satisfies the I-test for v.

```
gap> ITestVector(G,[1,0,-1,2]);
# columns:[ 2, 1, 3 ], rows: [ 2, 1, 4 ]
true
```

#### 1.1.5 ITestSimplex

```
\triangleright ITestSimplex(G) (function)
```

G must be an FpGroup. Returns a vector v such that G satisfies the I-test for v or False if there is no such vector. It works by solving lots of linear programs using the package Polymaking.

```
gap> F:=FreeGroup(["x","y","z"]);;
gap> AssignGeneratorVariables(F);;
gap> G:=F/[x*z*x^-1*y*z*y^-1*z^-1*y^-1, x*y^-1*x^-1*y^-1*x*y];;
gap> ITestSimplex(G);
false
```

#### 1.1.6 ITest

```
\triangleright ITest(G[, n]) (function)
```

G must be an FpGroup. Returns a vector v such that G satisfies the I-test for v or False if there is no such vector. First tries a number of random vectors and if none of these vectors works it uses

ITestSimplex. The number of vectors tried can be specified by the optional parameter n and by default is set to 10000.

```
____ Example ____
gap> F:=FreeGroup(8);;
gap> AssignGeneratorVariables(F);;
#I Assigned the global variables [ f1, f2, f3, f4, f5, f6, f7, f8 ]
gap> R:=[
> f6^-1*f4^-1*f7^-1*f1*f7*f5^-1*f3^-1,
> f3^-1*f1^-1*f5*f6*f8^-1*f6*f3^-1*f2,
> f1*f7^-1*f3^-1*f8^-1*f7*f2^2*f8^-1*f7^-1*f6^-1,
> f7^-1*f3*f8^-1*f1*f2*f3*f8^2*f2,
> f4^-1*f1*f2^-1*f5^-1*f2
> ];;
gap> G:=F/R;;
gap> ITest(G);
# columns: [ 1, 4, 3, 5, 2 ], rows: [ 1, 2, 3, 4, 6 ]
[ 237, 694, 243, -116, 353, -243, 1949, -162 ]
gap> F:=FreeGroup(["x","y","z"]);;
gap> AssignGeneratorVariables(F);;
gap> G:=F/[x*z*x^-1*y*z*y^-1*z^-1*y^-1, x*y^-1*x^-1*y^-1*x*y];;
gap> ITest(G);
# Tried 10000 random vectors without success.
# Now I am trying with every possible vector...
```

## **Chapter 2**

## **Installing and Loading the Itest Package**

#### 2.1 Required Packages

The Itest package requires GAP (version>=4.9.2) and the packages polymaking (version>=0.8.1) and semigroups (version>=2.8.0)

#### 2.2 Loading the Itest Package

To use the **Itest** Package you have to request it explicitly. This is done by calling LoadPackage (**Reference: LoadPackage**):

```
gap> LoadPackage("itest");

Loading Itest - 1.0.1

An implementation of Barmak and Minian's I-test
by Iván Sadofschi Costa (http://mate.dm.uba.ar/~isadofschi)

For help, type: ?Itest

true
```

If you want to load the ltest package by default, you can put the LoadPackage command into your gaprc file (see Section (Reference: The gap.ini and gaprc files)).

## References

[BM18] Jonathan Ariel Barmak and Elias Gabriel Minian. A new test for asphericity and diagrammatic reducibility of group presentations. *Proceedings of the Royal Society of Edinburgh Section A: Mathematics*, In press, 2018. 4, 5

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