

```
1: (* $Id: muldivrem-trace.ml,v 1.1 2012-02-07 19:44:53-08 - - $ *)
2:
3: let double number = number + number
4:
5: let rec mul' (multiplier, powerof2, multiplicand') =
6:   if powerof2 > multiplier
7:   then multiplier, 0
8:   else let remainder, product =
9:         mul' (multiplier, double powerof2, double multiplicand')
10:          in if remainder < powerof2
11:             then remainder, product
12:             else remainder - powerof2, product + multiplicand'
13:
14: let mul (multiplier, multiplicand) =
15:   let _, product = mul' (multiplier, 1, multiplicand)
16:   in product
17:
18: let rec divrem' (dividend, powerof2, divisor') =
19:   if divisor' > dividend
20:   then 0, dividend
21:   else let quotient, remainder =
22:         divrem' (dividend, double powerof2, double divisor')
23:          in if remainder < divisor'
24:             then quotient, remainder
25:             else quotient + powerof2, remainder - divisor'
26:
27: let divrem (dividend, divisor') = divrem' (dividend, 1, divisor')
28:
29: let div (dividend, divisor) =
30:   let quotient, _ = divrem (dividend, divisor)
31:   in quotient
32:
33: let rem (dividend, divisor) =
34:   let _, remainder = divrem (dividend, divisor)
35:   in remainder
36:
37: ;;
38: #trace mul      ;;
39: #trace mul'     ;;
40: #trace div      ;;
41: #trace rem      ;;
42: #trace divrem   ;;
43: #trace divrem'  ;;
44:
```

```
1: bash-1$ ocaml
2:          OCaml version 4.02.1
3:
4: # #use "muldivrem-trace.ml";;
5: val double : int -> int = <fun>
6: val mul' : int * int * int -> int * int = <fun>
7: val mul : int * int -> int = <fun>
8: val divrem' : int * int * int -> int * int = <fun>
9: val divrem : int * int -> int * int = <fun>
10: val div : int * int -> int = <fun>
11: val rem : int * int -> int = <fun>
12: mul is now traced.
13: mul' is now traced.
14: div is now traced.
15: rem is now traced.
16: divrem is now traced.
17: divrem' is now traced.
18: # mul (745, 1033);;
19: mul <-- (745, 1033)
20: mul' <-- (745, 1, 1033)
21: mul' <-- (745, 2, 2066)
22: mul' <-- (745, 4, 4132)
23: mul' <-- (745, 8, 8264)
24: mul' <-- (745, 16, 16528)
25: mul' <-- (745, 32, 33056)
26: mul' <-- (745, 64, 66112)
27: mul' <-- (745, 128, 132224)
28: mul' <-- (745, 256, 264448)
29: mul' <-- (745, 512, 528896)
30: mul' <-- (745, 1024, 1057792)
31: mul' --> (745, 0)
32: mul' --> (233, 528896)
33: mul' --> (233, 528896)
34: mul' --> (105, 661120)
35: mul' --> (41, 727232)
36: mul' --> (9, 760288)
37: mul' --> (9, 760288)
38: mul' --> (1, 768552)
39: mul' --> (1, 768552)
40: mul' --> (1, 768552)
41: mul' --> (0, 769585)
42: mul --> 769585
43: - : int = 769585
44: #
```

```
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2:      OCaml version 4.02.1
3:
4: # #use "muldivrem-trace.ml";;
5: val double : int -> int = <fun>
6: val mul' : int * int * int -> int * int = <fun>
7: val mul : int * int -> int = <fun>
8: val divrem' : int * int * int -> int * int = <fun>
9: val divrem : int * int -> int * int = <fun>
10: val div : int * int -> int = <fun>
11: val rem : int * int -> int = <fun>
12: mul is now traced.
13: mul' is now traced.
14: div is now traced.
15: rem is now traced.
16: divrem is now traced.
17: divrem' is now traced.
18: # div (876543, 123);;
19: div <-- (876543, 123)
20: divrem <-- (876543, 123)
21: divrem' <-- (876543, 1, 123)
22: divrem' <-- (876543, 2, 246)
23: divrem' <-- (876543, 4, 492)
24: divrem' <-- (876543, 8, 984)
25: divrem' <-- (876543, 16, 1968)
26: divrem' <-- (876543, 32, 3936)
27: divrem' <-- (876543, 64, 7872)
28: divrem' <-- (876543, 128, 15744)
29: divrem' <-- (876543, 256, 31488)
30: divrem' <-- (876543, 512, 62976)
31: divrem' <-- (876543, 1024, 125952)
32: divrem' <-- (876543, 2048, 251904)
33: divrem' <-- (876543, 4096, 503808)
34: divrem' <-- (876543, 8192, 1007616)
35: divrem' --> (0, 876543)
36: divrem' --> (4096, 372735)
37: divrem' --> (6144, 120831)
38: divrem' --> (6144, 120831)
39: divrem' --> (6656, 57855)
40: divrem' --> (6912, 26367)
41: divrem' --> (7040, 10623)
42: divrem' --> (7104, 2751)
43: divrem' --> (7104, 2751)
44: divrem' --> (7120, 783)
45: divrem' --> (7120, 783)
46: divrem' --> (7124, 291)
47: divrem' --> (7126, 45)
48: divrem' --> (7126, 45)
49: divrem --> (7126, 45)
50: div --> 7126
51: - : int = 7126
52: #
```

```
1: bash-1$ ocaml
2:      OCaml version 4.02.1
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4: # #use "muldivrem-trace.ml";;
5: val double : int -> int = <fun>
6: val mul' : int * int * int -> int * int = <fun>
7: val mul : int * int -> int = <fun>
8: val divrem' : int * int * int -> int * int = <fun>
9: val divrem : int * int -> int * int = <fun>
10: val div : int * int -> int = <fun>
11: val rem : int * int -> int = <fun>
12: mul is now traced.
13: mul' is now traced.
14: div is now traced.
15: rem is now traced.
16: divrem is now traced.
17: divrem' is now traced.
18: # rem (876543, 123);;
19: rem <-- (876543, 123)
20: divrem <-- (876543, 123)
21: divrem' <-- (876543, 1, 123)
22: divrem' <-- (876543, 2, 246)
23: divrem' <-- (876543, 4, 492)
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45: divrem' --> (7120, 783)
46: divrem' --> (7124, 291)
47: divrem' --> (7126, 45)
48: divrem' --> (7126, 45)
49: divrem --> (7126, 45)
50: rem --> 45
51: - : int = 45
52: #
```