0.1. Construction of the Adams spectral sequence. In what follows, let (E, μ, e) be a commutative monoid object in SH. In this section we will freely use the coherence theorem for symmetric monoidal categories without comment, in particular, we will assume unitality and associativity hold up to strict equality.

Definition 0.1. Let \overline{E} be the fiber of the unit map $e: S \to E$ (??). Let $Y_0 := Y$ and $W_0 := E \otimes Y$. Then for s > 0, define

$$Y_s := \overline{E}^s \otimes Y, \qquad W_s := E \otimes Y_s = E \otimes \overline{E}^s \otimes Y,$$

where \overline{E}^s denotes the s-fold tensor product $\overline{E} \otimes \cdots \otimes \overline{E}$. Then we get fiber sequences

$$Y_{s+1} \xrightarrow{i_s} Y_s \xrightarrow{j_s} W_s \xrightarrow{k_s} \Sigma Y_{s+1}$$

obtained by applying $-\otimes Y_s$ to the fiber sequence

$$\overline{E} \to S \xrightarrow{e} E \to \Sigma \overline{E}$$
.

We can splice these sequences together to get the (canonical) Adams filtration of Y:

where here each k_s is of degree -1 (in particular, the above diagram does not commute in any sense), and each i_s and j_s have degree 0. We can extend this diagram to the right by setting $Y_s = Y$ and $W_s = 0$, and $i_s = \mathrm{id}_Y$ for s < 0. Then we may apply the functor $[X, -]_*$, and by ??, we obtain the following unrolled exact couple (??):

$$\cdots \longrightarrow \begin{bmatrix} X, Y_{s+2} \end{bmatrix}_* \xrightarrow{i_{s+1}} \begin{bmatrix} X, Y_{s+1} \end{bmatrix}_* \xrightarrow{i_s} \begin{bmatrix} X, Y_s \end{bmatrix}_* \xrightarrow{i_{s-1}} \begin{bmatrix} X, Y_{s-1} \end{bmatrix}_* \longrightarrow \cdots$$

$$\downarrow^{j_{s+2}} \xrightarrow{\partial_{s+1}} \downarrow^{j_{s+1}} \xrightarrow{\partial_s} \downarrow^{j_s} \xrightarrow{\partial_{s-1}} \downarrow^{j_{s-1}}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} X, W_{s+2} \end{bmatrix}_* \begin{bmatrix} X, W_{s+1} \end{bmatrix}_* \begin{bmatrix} X, W_s \end{bmatrix}_* \begin{bmatrix} X, W_s \end{bmatrix}_*$$

where here we are being abusive and writing $i_s: [X, Y_{s+1}]_* \to [X, Y_s]_*$ and $j_s: [X, Y_s]_* \to [X, W_s]_*$ to denote the pushforwards of $i_s: Y_{s+1} \to Y_s$ and $j_s: Y_s \to W_s$, respectively. Each i_s, j_s , and ∂_s are A-graded homomorphisms of degrees 0, 0, and -1, respectively.

We may associate a $\mathbb{Z} \times A$ -graded spectral sequence $r \mapsto (E_r^{*,*}(X,Y), d_r)$ to the above unrolled exact couple (??), where d_r has $\mathbb{Z} \times A$ -degree (r, -1). We call this spectral sequence the E-Adams spectral sequence for the computation of $[X,Y]_*$.

0.2. **The** E_1 **page.** The goal of this subsection is to provide a nicer characterization of the E_1 page of the E-Adams spectral sequence for the computation of $[X,Y]_*$, in the case that E and X satisfy either of the following condition:

Condition 0.2. The canonical map

Theorem 0.3. Let E be a flat commutative monoid object in SH, and let X and Y be two objects in SH such that $E_*(X)$ is a projective module over $\pi_*(E)$. Then for all $s \geq 0$ and $a \in A$, we have isomorphisms in the associated E-Adams spectral sequence

$$E_1^{s,a} \cong \text{Hom}_{E_*(E)}^a(E_*(X), E_*(W_s))$$

Furthermore, under these isomorphisms, the differential $d_1: E_1^{s,a} \to E_1^{s+1,a-1}$ corresponds to the map

$$\operatorname{Hom}_{E_*(E)}^a(E_*(X), E_*(W_s)) \to \operatorname{Hom}_{E_*(E)}^{a-1}(E_*(X), E_*(X \otimes W_{s+1}))$$

which sends a map $f: E_*(X) \to E_{*+a}(W_s)$ to the composition

$$E_*(X) \xrightarrow{f} E_{*+a}(W_s) \xrightarrow{(X \otimes h_s)_*} E_{*+a-1}(X \otimes Y_{s+1}) \xrightarrow{(X \otimes j_{s+1})_*} E_{*+a-1}(X \otimes W_{s+1}).$$

Proof. By ??, for all $s \geq 0$ and $t, w \in \mathbb{Z}$, we have isomorphisms

$$[X, E \otimes Y_s]_{t,w} \cong \operatorname{Hom}_{E_*(E)}^{t,w}(E_*(X), E_*(E \otimes Y_s)).$$

since $W_s = E \otimes Y_s$, we have that

$$E_1^{s,(t,w)} = [X, W_s]_{t,w} \cong \operatorname{Hom}_{E_*(E)}^{t,w}(E_*(X), E_*(W_s)),$$

as desired.

Definition 0.4. Let (E, μ, e) be a monoid object in \mathcal{SH} . We say E is *flat* if the canonical right $\pi_*(E)$ -module structure on $E_*(E)$ is that of a flat module.

- 0.3. The E_2 page.
- 0.4. Convergence. convergence of spectral sequences