



- 1] Let (X, d) be a metric space. Show that any Cauchy sequence $(x_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$ is bounded in X .
- 2] Let (X, d) be a metric space, and assume that $Y \subset X$ is a dense subset of X . Show that for any $x \in X$ there exists a sequence $(y_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}} \subset Y$ such that $x = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} y_n$.
- 3] Prove the following two statements for a normed space $(X, \|\cdot\|)$.
- a) Any ball $B_r(x) = \{y \in X : \|x - y\| < r\}$ in $(X, \|\cdot\|)$ is bounded and $\text{diam}(B_r(x)) \leq 2r$.
 - b) If A is a bounded subset of $(X, \|\cdot\|)$, then for any $a \in A$ we have $A \subseteq \bar{B}_{\text{diam}(A)}(a)$. (Recall that the a closed ball $\bar{B}_r(x)$ is the set $\{y \in X : \|y - x\| \leq r\}$.)
- 4] a) Let $(f_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$ be defined by
- $$f_n(t) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{for } a \leq t \leq \frac{a+b}{2}, \\ n(t - \frac{a+b}{2}) & \text{for } \frac{a+b}{2} < t \leq \frac{a+b}{2} + \frac{1}{n}, \\ 1 & \text{for } \frac{a+b}{2} + \frac{1}{n} \leq t \leq b. \end{cases}$$
- in $C[a, b]$. Use the definition of uniform convergence to determine if $(f_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$ converges uniformly on $[a, b]$.
- b) Let $(f_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$ be the sequence on $[0, 1]$ defined by $f_n(x) = \frac{1}{1+nx}$. Use the definition of uniform convergence to determine if $(f_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$ converges uniformly on $[0, 1]$.
- 5] Show that $(\ell^\infty(\mathbb{R}), \|\cdot\|_\infty)$ is a Banach space.
- 6] Let c_0 denote the space of real-valued sequences converging to zero.

- a) Show that $(c_0, \|\cdot\|_\infty)$ is a subspace of $(\ell^\infty(\mathbb{R}), \|\cdot\|_\infty)$.
- b) Show that c_0 is closed in $\ell^\infty(\mathbb{R})$, and conclude that $(c_0, \|\cdot\|_\infty)$ is complete.