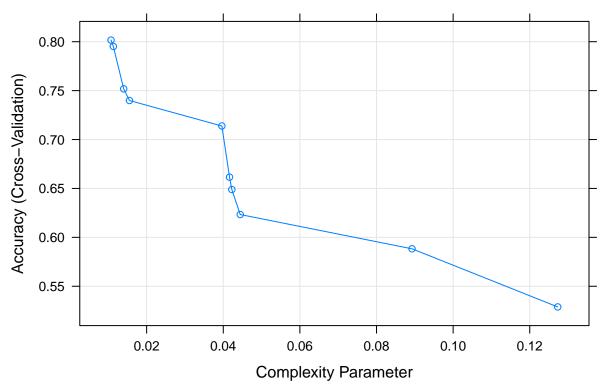
```
library(lattice)
library(ggplot2)
library(caret)
library(kernlab)
##
## Attaching package: 'kernlab'
## The following object is masked from 'package:ggplot2':
##
##
      alpha
library(doParallel) # parallel processing
## Loading required package: foreach
## Loading required package: iterators
## Loading required package: parallel
registerDoParallel(10) # Registrer a parallel backend for train
getDoParWorkers()
## [1] 10
Data <- read.csv("EEGdata.csv", sep = ",", header = TRUE)
names(Data)
                                                 "Attention"
## [1] "subject.ID"
                            "Video.ID"
## [4] "Meditation"
                            "Raw"
                                                 "Delta"
## [7] "Theta"
                            "Alpha.1"
                                                 "Alpha.2"
## [10] "Beta.1"
                            "Beta.2"
                                                 "Gamma1"
## [13] "Gamma2"
                            "predefined.label"
                                                 "Self.defined.label"
#colnames(Data)[colnames(Data) == 'predefined.label'] <- 'class'</pre>
colnames(Data) [colnames(Data) == 'Self.defined.label'] <- 'class'</pre>
#Data$predefined.label <-NULL
str(Data)
## 'data.frame':
                 12811 obs. of 15 variables:
                    : int 0000000000...
## $ subject.ID
## $ Video.ID
                     : int
                            0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
## $ Attention
                    : int 56 40 47 47 44 44 43 40 43 47 ...
## $ Meditation
                    : int 43 35 48 57 53 66 69 61 69 69 ...
## $ Raw
                            278 -50 101 -5 -8 73 130 -2 17 -59 ...
                     : int
## $ Delta
                     : int
                            301963 73787 758353 2012240 1005145 1786446 635191 161098 492796 82048 ...
## $ Theta
                    : int 90612 28083 383745 129350 354328 176766 122446 12119 120998 116131 ...
## $ Alpha.1
                     : int 33735 1439 201999 61236 37102 59352 90107 1963 63697 47317 ...
## $ Alpha.2
                     : int
                            23991 2240 62107 17084 88881 26157 65072 809 68242 26197 ...
## $ Beta.1
                     : int 27946 2746 36293 11488 45307 15054 36230 1277 10769 41642 ...
## $ Beta.2
                     : int 45097 3687 130536 62462 99603 33669 53019 3186 88403 28866 ...
## $ Gamma1
                     : int 33228 5293 57243 49960 44790 33782 62938 3266 73756 32551 ...
## $ Gamma2
                     : int 8293 2740 25354 33932 29749 31750 59307 2518 22676 41810 ...
## $ predefined.label: int 0000000000...
                     : int 0000000000...
Data$class <- ifelse(Data$class == 0, "X0", "X1")</pre>
#drops <- Data$predefined.label
```

```
Data$class <- factor(Data$class)</pre>
intrain <-createDataPartition(y = Data$class, p = 0.8, list = FALSE) #split data
#Make training and test data sets global
assign("training", Data[intrain, ] , envir = .GlobalEnv)
assign("testing", Data[-intrain, ] , envir = .GlobalEnv)
training[["class"]] = factor(training[["class"]]) #factor the label(class) column
testing[["class"]] = factor(testing[["class"]])
dim(training)
## [1] 10250
               15
dim(testing)
## [1] 2561
             15
str(training)
                   10250 obs. of 15 variables:
## 'data.frame':
## $ subject.ID
                     : int 0000000000...
                     : int 0000000000...
## $ Video.ID
## $ Attention
                     : int 56 40 44 44 43 40 43 47 48 44 ...
## $ Meditation
                     : int 43 35 53 66 69 61 69 69 38 48 ...
## $ Raw
                            278 -50 -8 73 130 -2 17 -59 -14 72 ...
                     : int
## $ Delta
                    : int
                            301963 73787 1005145 1786446 635191 161098 492796 82048 757165 667513 ...
## $ Theta
                            90612 28083 354328 176766 122446 12119 120998 116131 186196 141854 ...
                     : int
                            33735 1439 37102 59352 90107 1963 63697 47317 3242 75050 ...
## $ Alpha.1
                     : int
                     : int
                            23991 2240 88881 26157 65072 809 68242 26197 3841 16234 ...
## $ Alpha.2
                     : int 27946 2746 45307 15054 36230 1277 10769 41642 18854 45926 ...
## $ Beta.1
                     : int 45097 3687 99603 33669 53019 3186 88403 28866 43021 34496 ...
## $ Beta.2
                            33228 5293 44790 33782 62938 3266 73756 32551 46799 74875 ...
## $ Gamma1
                     : int
                     : int 8293 2740 29749 31750 59307 2518 22676 41810 11928 31839 ...
## $ Gamma2
## $ predefined.label: int 0000000000...
## $ class
                     : Factor w/ 2 levels "XO", "X1": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
str(testing)
## 'data.frame':
                   2561 obs. of 15 variables:
## $ subject.ID
                    : int 0000000000...
## $ Video.ID
                     : int 0000000000...
                            47 47 47 57 67 37 20 20 48 54 ...
## $ Attention
                     : int
                     : int 48 57 34 40 53 21 56 67 48 67 ...
## $ Meditation
## $ Raw
                     : int 101 -5 121 144 25 -51 -21 4 -22 186 ...
                     : int 758353 2012240 165360 671467 756442 632782 1099119 1969931 637681 1103969
## $ Delta
                            383745\ 129350\ 42119\ 133227\ 97387\ 162376\ 673426\ 185293\ 30439\ 83627\ \dots
                     : int
## $ Theta
                     : int
## $ Alpha.1
                            201999 61236 3158 7142 59785 12692 74729 41196 21521 68911 ...
                            62107 17084 6256 14300 32241 3991 93214 21801 10035 12218 ...
## $ Alpha.2
                     : int
## $ Beta.1
                            36293 11488 7270 23373 16122 5848 67019 7827 12856 44447 ...
                     : int
                            130536 62462 19462 65591 53157 23018 50197 35523 52824 32024 ...
## $ Beta.2
                     : int
## $ Gamma1
                     : int 57243 49960 10984 47860 44602 22561 88444 22243 20595 86928 ...
  $ Gamma2
                     : int 25354 33932 8148 16501 14331 9851 30954 23871 17686 33393 ...
##
   $ predefined.label: int  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
                     : Factor w/ 2 levels "XO", "X1": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
training <- training[,-14]</pre>
testing <- testing[,-14]
dim(training)
```

```
## [1] 10250
               14
dim(testing)
## [1] 2561
             14
#rpart
set.seed(31415)
ctrl.cross <- trainControl(method = "cv",</pre>
                         number = 10,
                         repeats = 3)
dc.Fit <- train(</pre>
 class ~ .,
 data = training,
 method = "rpart",
 preProc = c("center", "scale"),
 tuneLength = 10,
 parms = list(split = "information"),
 trControl = ctrl.cross
## Loading required package: rpart
dc.Fit
## CART
##
## 10250 samples
##
     13 predictor
      2 classes: 'X0', 'X1'
##
## Pre-processing: centered (13), scaled (13)
## Resampling: Cross-Validated (10 fold)
## Summary of sample sizes: 9224, 9225, 9226, 9224, 9225, 9226, ...
## Resampling results across tuning parameters:
##
##
                Accuracy
                          Kappa
##
    0.01130905 0.7951226 0.58837643
##
##
    0.01401121 0.7518041 0.50005520
##
    0.01551241 0.7399006 0.47516367
    0.03963171 0.7138470 0.42330979
##
    0.04163331 0.6615565 0.31518132
##
##
    ##
    0.04443555 0.6233188 0.23604804
##
    0.08927142 0.5882890 0.16142144
##
    0.12730184 0.5288780 0.03473016
##
## Accuracy was used to select the optimal model using the largest value.
## The final value used for the model was cp = 0.01070857.
plot(dc.Fit, main = "DT Parameters")
```

DT Parameters



```
dc.Pred <- predict(dc.Fit, testing) #testing
cm <- confusionMatrix(dc.Pred, testing$class)
cm</pre>
```

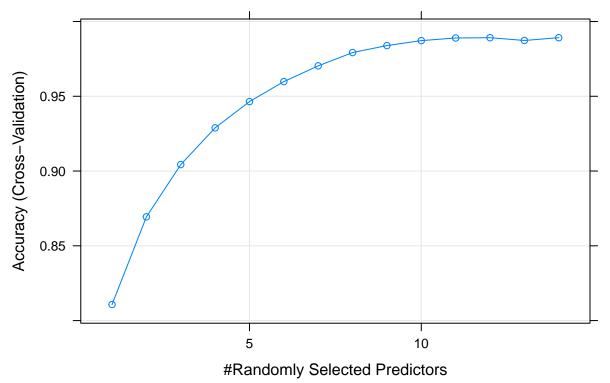
```
Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
##
             Reference
                XΟ
## Prediction
               898 171
##
           ΧO
               350 1142
##
           X1
##
                  Accuracy : 0.7966
##
##
                    95% CI: (0.7804, 0.812)
       No Information Rate: 0.5127
##
##
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : < 2.2e-16
##
                     Kappa: 0.5914
##
    Mcnemar's Test P-Value : 6.274e-15
##
##
               Sensitivity: 0.7196
##
##
               Specificity: 0.8698
            Pos Pred Value: 0.8400
##
##
            Neg Pred Value: 0.7654
                Prevalence: 0.4873
##
##
            Detection Rate: 0.3506
##
      Detection Prevalence: 0.4174
##
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.7947
##
```

```
'Positive' Class : XO
##
##
# RF
set.seed(31415)
n <- dim(training)[2]</pre>
\#gridRF \leftarrow expand.grid(mtry = seq(from=0,by=as.integer(n/10),to=n)[-1])
gridRF <-
  expand.grid(mtry = seq(from = 0, by = 1, to = n)[-1]) #may need to change this depend on your data si
ctrl.crossRF <-
  trainControl(
    method = "cv",
    number = 10,
    classProbs = TRUE,
    savePredictions = TRUE,
    allowParallel = TRUE
  )
rf.Fit <-
 train(
    class ~ .,
    data = training,
    method = "rf",
    metric = "Accuracy",
    preProc = c("center", "scale"),
   ntree = 200,
    tuneGrid = gridRF,
    trControl = ctrl.crossRF
## Loading required package: randomForest
## randomForest 4.6-12
## Type rfNews() to see new features/changes/bug fixes.
##
## Attaching package: 'randomForest'
## The following object is masked from 'package:ggplot2':
##
##
## Warning in randomForest.default(x, y, mtry = param$mtry, ...): invalid
## mtry: reset to within valid range
rf.Fit
## Random Forest
##
## 10250 samples
##
      13 predictor
       2 classes: 'X0', 'X1'
##
##
## Pre-processing: centered (13), scaled (13)
## Resampling: Cross-Validated (10 fold)
## Summary of sample sizes: 9224, 9225, 9226, 9224, 9225, 9226, ...
## Resampling results across tuning parameters:
##
```

```
##
           Accuracy
                       Kappa
     mtry
##
      1
           0.8107349
                      0.6209373
##
      2
           0.8693684
                      0.7380140
      3
           0.9042936
                      0.8080606
##
##
      4
           0.9288780
                      0.8574043
      5
           0.9464388
                      0.8926466
##
##
      6
           0.9598046
                      0.9194789
      7
                      0.9406094
##
           0.9703410
##
      8
           0.9792193
                      0.9583977
##
      9
           0.9839022
                      0.9677807
##
     10
           0.9872190
                      0.9744223
##
           0.9889760
                      0.9779401
     11
           0.9891703
##
     12
                      0.9783282
##
     13
           0.9873174
                      0.9746201
##
     14
           0.9891704
                      0.9783292
##
## Accuracy was used to select the optimal model using the largest value.
## The final value used for the model was mtry = 14.
```

plot(rf.Fit, main = "RF Parameters")

RF Parameters



rf.Pred <- predict(rf.Fit, testing) #testing
cm <- confusionMatrix(rf.Pred, testing\$class)
cm</pre>

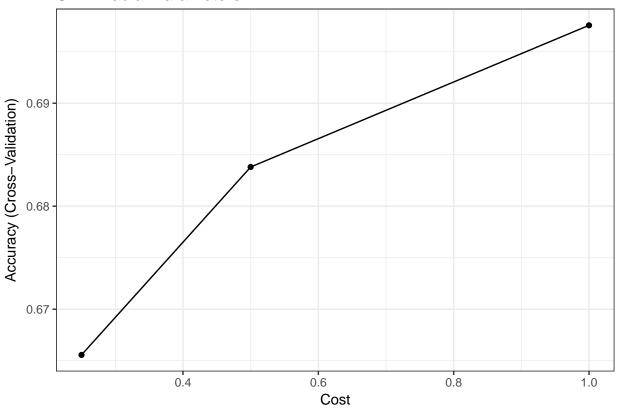
Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##

Reference

```
## Prediction
              XΟ
                     X1
##
          X0 1236
                     15
##
           X1
              12 1298
##
##
                  Accuracy: 0.9895
##
                    95% CI: (0.9847, 0.993)
##
       No Information Rate: 0.5127
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : <2e-16
##
##
##
                     Kappa: 0.9789
   Mcnemar's Test P-Value: 0.7003
##
               Sensitivity: 0.9904
##
##
               Specificity: 0.9886
##
            Pos Pred Value: 0.9880
##
            Neg Pred Value: 0.9908
##
                Prevalence: 0.4873
##
            Detection Rate: 0.4826
##
      Detection Prevalence: 0.4885
##
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.9895
##
##
          'Positive' Class : X0
##
# SVM Radial basis kernel
set.seed(31415)
control <- trainControl(method = "cv",</pre>
                        number = 10,
                        repeats = 3)
svm.radial.Fit <-</pre>
 train(class ~ .,
        data = training,
        method = "svmRadial",
        trControl = control)
svm.radial.Fit
## Support Vector Machines with Radial Basis Function Kernel
##
## 10250 samples
##
      13 predictor
##
       2 classes: 'X0', 'X1'
##
## No pre-processing
## Resampling: Cross-Validated (10 fold)
## Summary of sample sizes: 9224, 9225, 9226, 9224, 9225, 9226, ...
## Resampling results across tuning parameters:
##
##
     C
           Accuracy
                      Kappa
##
     0.25 0.6655669 0.3301825
##
     0.50 0.6838095 0.3669632
     1.00 0.6975640 0.3945717
##
##
## Tuning parameter 'sigma' was held constant at a value of 0.1304632
## Accuracy was used to select the optimal model using the largest value.
## The final values used for the model were sigma = 0.1304632 and C = 1.
```

```
ggplot(svm.radial.Fit) + theme_bw() + ggtitle("SVM Radial Parameters")
```

SVM Radial Parameters



```
svm.radial.Pred <- predict(svm.radial.Fit, testing) #testing</pre>
print("Prediction and confusion matrix of the testing dataset")
```

```
## [1] "Prediction and confusion matrix of the testing dataset"
cm <- confusionMatrix(svm.radial.Pred, testing$class)</pre>
cm
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
             Reference
## Prediction X0 X1
           X0 851 353
##
           X1 397 960
##
##
##
                  Accuracy : 0.7071
##
                    95% CI: (0.6891, 0.7247)
       No Information Rate: 0.5127
##
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : <2e-16
##
##
##
                     Kappa: 0.4134
    Mcnemar's Test P-Value : 0.1164
##
##
               Sensitivity: 0.6819
```

Specificity: 0.7312

Pos Pred Value: 0.7068

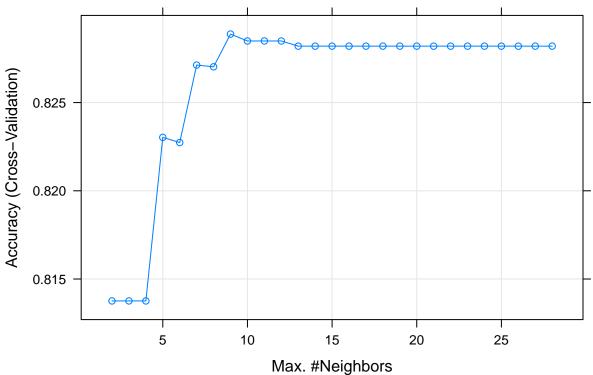
##

##

```
##
            Neg Pred Value: 0.7074
##
                Prevalence: 0.4873
##
            Detection Rate: 0.3323
##
      Detection Prevalence: 0.4701
##
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.7065
##
##
          'Positive' Class : XO
##
# KNN
set.seed(31415)
grid <- expand.grid(</pre>
 kmax = seq(from = 2, to = 28, by = 1),
  distance = 2,
  #kernel = c("triangular", "rectangular", "epanechnikov", "optimal"))
  kernel = "optimal"
)
ctrl.cross <- trainControl(method = "cv",</pre>
                            number = 10,
                            repeats = 3) #
knn.Fit <- train(</pre>
  class ~ .,
  #data = training, method = "knn", trControl = ctrl, preProcess = c("center", "scale"), tuneLength = 20
  data = training,
 method = "kknn",
  metric = "Accuracy",
  perProc = c("center", "scale"),
  tuneGrid = grid,
  trControl = ctrl.cross
## Loading required package: kknn
## Attaching package: 'kknn'
## The following object is masked from 'package:caret':
##
##
       contr.dummy
knn.Fit
## k-Nearest Neighbors
##
## 10250 samples
##
      13 predictor
##
       2 classes: 'X0', 'X1'
##
## No pre-processing
## Resampling: Cross-Validated (10 fold)
## Summary of sample sizes: 9224, 9225, 9226, 9224, 9225, 9226, ...
## Resampling results across tuning parameters:
##
##
     kmax Accuracy
                      Kappa
##
      2
           0.8137585 0.6271751
##
      3
           0.8137585 0.6271751
##
           0.8137585 0.6271751
```

```
0.8230274 0.6456603
##
     5
##
          0.8227349 0.6450548
     6
##
     7
          0.8271259 0.6538310
##
          0.8270277 0.6536290
     8
##
     9
          0.8288815 0.6573331
##
     10
          0.8284913 0.6565517
##
          0.8284913 0.6565517
     11
##
     12
          0.8284913 0.6565517
##
     13
          0.8281986 0.6559744
##
     14
          0.8281986 0.6559744
##
     15
          0.8281986 0.6559744
##
     16
          0.8281986 0.6559744
##
     17
          0.8281986 0.6559744
##
     18
          0.8281986 0.6559744
##
     19
          0.8281986 0.6559744
##
     20
          0.8281986 0.6559744
##
     21
          0.8281986 0.6559744
##
     22
          0.8281986 0.6559744
##
    23
          0.8281986 0.6559744
##
     24
          0.8281986 0.6559744
##
    25
          0.8281986 0.6559744
##
    26
          0.8281986 0.6559744
##
    27
          0.8281986 0.6559744
##
     28
          0.8281986 0.6559744
##
\#\# Tuning parameter 'distance' was held constant at a value of 2
##
## Tuning parameter 'kernel' was held constant at a value of optimal
## Accuracy was used to select the optimal model using the largest value.
## The final values used for the model were kmax = 9, distance = 2 and
## kernel = optimal.
plot(knn.Fit, main = "KNN Parameters")
```

KNN Parameters



```
knn.Pred <- predict(knn.Fit, testing) #testing</pre>
print("Prediction and confusion matrix of the testing dataset")
## [1] "Prediction and confusion matrix of the testing dataset"
cm <- confusionMatrix(knn.Pred, testing$class)</pre>
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
             Reference
                XΟ
##
  Prediction
                     X1
           X0 1002 205
##
           X1 246 1108
##
##
                  Accuracy: 0.8239
##
                    95% CI: (0.8086, 0.8385)
##
##
       No Information Rate: 0.5127
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : < 2e-16
##
##
##
                     Kappa : 0.6473
##
    Mcnemar's Test P-Value: 0.05963
##
               Sensitivity: 0.8029
##
##
               Specificity: 0.8439
##
            Pos Pred Value: 0.8302
```

##

##

Neg Pred Value : 0.8183 Prevalence : 0.4873

```
##
            Detection Rate: 0.3913
##
      Detection Prevalence: 0.4713
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.8234
##
##
##
          'Positive' Class : X0
##
results <-
 resamples(list(
   DC = dc.Fit,
    RF = rf.Fit,
    SVM_R = svm.radial.Fit,
    KNN = knn.Fit
  ))
summary(results)
##
## Call:
## summary.resamples(object = results)
## Models: DC, RF, SVM_R, KNN
## Number of resamples: 10
##
## Accuracy
##
              Min.
                     1st Qu.
                                Median
                                            Mean
                                                    3rd Qu.
## DC
         0.7890625\ 0.7967344\ 0.7991219\ 0.8016581\ 0.8043421\ 0.8243902
        0.9814634 0.9875610 0.9882984 0.9891704 0.9919548 0.9941463
## SVM_R 0.6715400 0.6889486 0.6990244 0.6975640 0.7032432 0.7180488
       0.8099415 0.8234146 0.8306498 0.8288815 0.8350810 0.8468293
##
## Kappa
##
              Min.
                     1st Qu.
                                Median
                                             Mean
                                                    3rd Qu.
## DC
         0.5763392\ 0.5920572\ 0.5963497\ 0.6016276\ 0.6068841\ 0.6474850
         0.9629065 0.9751069 0.9765870 0.9783292 0.9839029 0.9882857
## SVM R 0.3428202 0.3769608 0.3977933 0.3945717 0.4057590 0.4355200
## KNN 0.6192435 0.6464843 0.6606373 0.6573331 0.6698194 0.6930816
# box and whisker plots to compare models
scales <- list(x = list(relation = "free"),</pre>
               y = list(relation = "free"))
bwplot(results, scales = scales, main = "Comparing Classification Models")
```

Comparing Classification Models

