평면상에 points 목록이 있을 때, 원점 (0, 0)에서 K번 가까운점 목록을 순서대로 출력하라. 평면상 두 점의 거리는 유클리드 거리로 한다.

```
Input: points = [[1,3],[-2,2]], k = 1
Output: [[-2,2]]
1.heapq
import heapq
class Solution:
  def kClosest(self, points: List[List[int]], k: int) -> List[List[int]]:
     def calculate(point):
        return [point[0]**2 + point[1]**2, point]
     result = heapq.nsmallest(k, [calculate(p) for p in points])
     return [r[1] for r in result]
import heapq
class Solution:
  def kClosest(self, points: List[List[int]], K: int) -> List[List[int]]:
     heap = []
     for (x, y) in points:
        dist = x^{**} 2 + y^{**} 2
        heapq.heappush(heap, (dist, x, y))
     result = []
     for _ in range(K):
        (dist, x, y) = heapq.heappop(heap)
        result.append((x, y))
     return result
```