

동일한 값을 지닌 가장 긴 경로를 찾아라.

Input: root = [5,4,5,1,1,5]

Output: 2

Definition for a binary tree node.

class TreeNode:

def __init__(self, val=0, left=None, right=None):

self.val = val

self.left = left

self.right = right

1.dfs

class Solution:

result = 0

def longestUnivaluePath(self, root: TreeNode) -> int:

def dfs(node, val, count):

if node == None or node.val != val:

return count - 1

return max(dfs(node.left, val, count + 1), dfs(node.right, val, count + 1))

def findUniPath(node):

if node == None:

return

left = dfs(node.left, node.val, 1)

right = dfs(node.right, node.val, 1)

if self.result < left + right:

self.result = left + right

findUniPath(node.left)

findUniPath(node.right)

findUniPath(root)

return self.result

class Solution:

result = 0

def longestUnivaluePath(self, root: TreeNode) -> int:

def dfs(node):

if node == None:

return 0

left = dfs(node.left)

right = dfs(node.right)

if node.left and node.left.val == node.val:

left += 1

else:

left = 0

if node.right and node.right.val == node.val:

```
        right += 1
    else:
        right = 0
    self.result = max(self.result, left + right)
    return max(left, right)

dfs(root)
return self.result
```