원형 큐를 디자인하라.

- MyCircularQueue(k) Initializes the object with the size of the queue to be k.
- int Front() Gets the front item from the queue. If the queue is empty, return -1.
- int Rear() Gets the last item from the queue. If the queue is empty, return -1.
- boolean enQueue(int value) Inserts an element into the circular queue. Return true if the operation is successful.
- boolean deQueue() Deletes an element from the circular queue. Return true if the operation is successful.
- boolean isEmpty() Checks whether the circular gueue is empty or not.
- boolean isFull() Checks whether the circular queue is full or not.

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1.
class MyCircularQueue:
  def __init__(self, k: int):
     self.q = [None] * k
     self.maxLen = k
     self.p1 = self.p2 = 0
  def enQueue(self, value: int) -> bool:
     if self.q[self.p2] is None:
        self.q[self.p2] = value
        self.p2 = (self.p2 + 1) % self.maxLen
        return True
     return False
  def deQueue(self) -> bool:
     if self.q[self.p1] is not None:
        self.q[self.p1] = None
        self.p1 = (self.p1 + 1) % self.maxLen
        return True
     return False
  def Front(self) -> int:
     return -1 if self.q[self.p1] is None else self.q[self.p1]
  def Rear(self) -> int:
     return -1 if self.q[self.p2 - 1] is None else self.q[self.p2 - 1]
  def isEmpty(self) -> bool:
     return self.p1 == self.p2 and self.q[self.p1] is None
  def isFull(self) -> bool:
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# Your MyCircularQueue object will be instantiated and called as such:
# obj = MyCircularQueue(k)
# param_1 = obj.enQueue(value)
# param_2 = obj.deQueue()
# param_3 = obj.Front()
# param 4 = obj.Rear()
# param_5 = obj.isEmpty()
# param_6 = obj.isFull()
class MyCircularQueue:
  def __init__(self, k: int):
     self.size = k + 1
     self.front = self.rear = -1
     self.q = [0] * self.size
  def enQueue(self, value: int) -> bool:
     if(self.isFull()):
       return False
     self.rear = (self.rear + 1) % self.size
     self.q[self.rear] = value
     return True
  def deQueue(self) -> bool:
     if(self.isEmpty()):
       return False
     self.front = (self.front + 1) % self.size
     return True
  def Front(self) -> int:
     if self.isEmpty():
        return -1
     self.front = (self.front + 1) % self.size
     temp = self.q[self.front]
     self.front = (self.front - 1) % self.size
     return temp
  def Rear(self) -> int:
     if self.isEmpty():
        return -1
     return self.q[self.rear]
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def isEmpty(self) -> bool:
    return self.front == self.rear

def isFull(self) -> bool:
    return (self.front + 1) % self.size == (self.rear + 2) % self.size

# Your MyCircularQueue object will be instantiated and called as such:
# obj = MyCircularQueue(k)
# param_1 = obj.enQueue(value)
# param_2 = obj.deQueue()
# param_3 = obj.Front()
# param_4 = obj.Rear()
# param_5 = obj.isEmpty()
# param_6 = obj.isFull()
```