

 $Head \ to \underline{www.savemyexams.com} \ for \ more \ awe some \ resources$

Edexcel A Level Maths: Pure



7.5 Implicit Differentiation

Contents

* 7.5.1 Implicit Differentiation

7.5.1 Implicit Differentiation

Your notes

Implicit Differentiation

What is implicit differentiation?

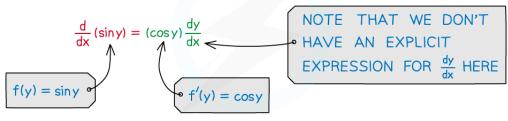
- An equation connecting x and y is not always easy to write explicitly in the form y = f(x) or x = f(y)
- However you can still differentiate such an equation **implicitly** using the **chain rule**:

1.
$$\frac{d}{dx} f(y) = f'(y) \frac{dy}{dx}$$

- $\circ \frac{d}{dx}$ MEANS "THE DERIVATIVE WITH RESPECT TO x (OF WHAT FOLLOWS)". SO $\frac{d}{dx}f(y)$ HERE IS DERIVATIVE OF f(y) WITH RESPECT TO x.
- \circ f'(y) IS THE DERIVATIVE OF f(y) WITH RESPECT TO y.
- IT IS IMPORTANT TO KEEP THIS STRAIGHT! (SEE THE EXAMPLE BELOW).

Copyright © Save My Exams. All Rights Reserved

e.g. FIND THE DERIVATIVE OF siny WITH RESPECT TO \boldsymbol{x} .



Copyright © Save My Exams. All Rights Reserved

• Combining this with the **product rule** gives us:

2.
$$\frac{d}{dx}(f(x)g(y)) = f'(x)g(y) + f(x)g'(y)\frac{dy}{dx}$$

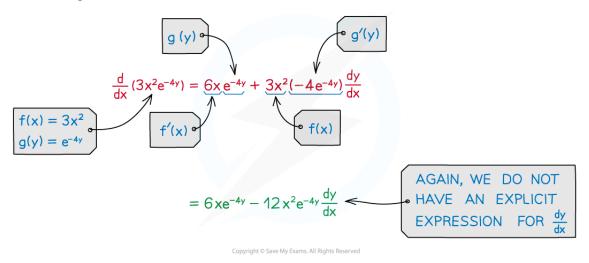


 \circ f'(x) IS THE DERIVATIVE OF f(x) WITH RESPECT TO x.

 \circ g'(y) IS THE DERIVATIVE OF g(y) WITH RESPECT TO y.

Copyright © Save My Exams. All Rights Reserved

e.g. FIND THE DERIVATIVE OF $3x^2e^{-4y}$ WITH RESPECT TO x.



• These two special cases are especially useful:



3.
$$\frac{d}{dx}(y^n) = ny^{n-1} \frac{dy}{dx}$$

SPECIAL CASE OF 1. WITH $f(y) = y^n$

4.
$$\frac{d}{dx}(xy) = x\frac{dy}{dx} + y$$

SPECIAL CASE OF 2. WITH f(x) = x AND g(y) = y

Copyright © Save My Exams. All Rights Reserved

- When x and y are connected in an equation you can differentiate both sides with respect to x and rearrange to find a formula (usually in terms of x and y) for dy/dx
 - Note that **dy/dx** is a single algebraic object
 - When rearranging do not treat **dy/dx** as a fraction
 - Especially do not try to separate **dy** and **dx** and treat them as algebraic objects on their own!

Your notes

e.g. A CURVE IS DESCRIBED BY THE EQUATION $\sin y = 3x^2 e^{-4y}$

USE IMPLICIT DIFFERENTIATION TO FIND AN EXPRESSION FOR $\frac{dy}{dx}$.

$$\frac{d}{dx}(\sin y) = \frac{d}{dx}(3x^2e^{-4y})$$

$$\cos y \frac{dy}{dx} = 6 x e^{-4y} - 12 x^2 e^{-4y} \frac{dy}{dx}$$

DIFFERENTIATE BOTH SIDES WITH RESPECT TO X

WE ALREADY WORKED OUT THESE DERIVATIVES ABOVE!

$$(12x^2e^{-4y} + \cos y)\frac{dy}{dx} = 6xe^{-4y}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{6xe^{-4y}}{12x^2e^{-4y} + \cos y}$$

REARRANGE TO MAKE $\frac{dy}{dx}$ THE SUBJECT

Copyright © Save My Exams. All Rights Reserve

Examiner Tip

- When using implicit differentiation you will not always be able to write dy/dx simply as a function of x.
- However, this does not stop you from answering questions involving the derivative.



 $Head \ to \underline{www.savemyexams.com} \ for more \ awe some \ resources$

✓ Worked example	i
	i
	i







A curve C has the equation

$$e^{3x} = y^2 - 4xy$$

- a) Use implicit differentiation to find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ in terms of *x* and *y*.
- b) Hence find the gradient of C at the point (0, -1).

d)
$$\frac{d}{dx}(e^{3x}) = \frac{d}{dx}(y^2 - 4xy)$$

$$3e^{3x} = 2y \frac{dy}{dx} - 4y - 4x \frac{dy}{dx}$$
FORMULA 3 • FORMULA

$$3e^{3x} + 4y = (2y - 4x)\frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{3e^{3x} + 4y}{2y - 4x}$$

 $3e^{3x} + 4y = (2y - 4x)\frac{dy}{dx}$ REARRANGE TO MAKE $\frac{dy}{dx}$ THE SUBJECT

b) AT
$$(0,-1)$$
 $x = 0$ AND $y = -1$

SO
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{3e^{3(0)} + 4(-1)}{2(-1) - 4(0)} = \frac{1}{2}$$

b) AT (0,-1) x=0 AND y=-1 SUBSTITUTE x- AND y-COORDINATES INTO THE EQUATION FOR $\frac{dy}{dx}$

save my exams



 $Head \, to \, \underline{www.savemyexams.com} \, for \, more \, awe some \, resources \,$

