## Modern Api Design with ASP.NET Core 2 Chapter 01: Api Design Demystified

- Q1. What is HATEOAS?
  - A. A part of Uniform Interface.
  - B. A constraint of the REST stateless application
  - C. allows a client to have no prior knowledge of how to interact with server.
  - D. All of Above

Answer: D [Ref. Page: 06]

- Q2. Caching can be Applied on ...?
  - A. The client side
  - B. The server side
  - C. Both client and server side
  - D. None of above.

Answer: C [Ref. Page: 06]

Q3. Which one is true about caching?

- A. Allow client to reuse them when making similar request.
- B. Caching can be applied on both Client and Server side.
- C. It is derived from Stateless constraint.
- D. All of Above

Ans: D

[Ref. Page: 06]

- Q4. How many constraints we should apply to Api service to say it is truly RESTFUL?
  - A. 4
  - B. 6
  - C. 5
  - D. 3

Answer: B

[Ref. Page: 07]

Q5. REST stands for?

- A. Representational State Transfer
  - B. Representational Essential State Transfer
  - C. Represent States Transfer
  - D. None of above.

Answer: A [Ref. Page: 03]

- Q6. Which constraint enforces the proper separation of concerns between the UI and back-end?
  - A. Caching Constraints
  - B. Client Constraints
  - C. Stateless constraints
  - D. None of above.

Answer: B [Ref. Page: 06]