





Successful Actions

- * Insist on the right to select key project team
- Select key team members with proven track records in their fields.
- Develop commitment and a sense of mission
- Seek sufficient authority and a project organizational form.
- Coordinate and maintain a good relationship with the client, parent, and team.
- Seek to enhance the public's image of the

Successful Actions (Continued)

- Have key team members assist in decision making and problem solving.
- Develop realistic cost, schedule, and
- performance estimates and goals.

 Have backup strategies in anticipation of potential problems.
- Provide a team structure that is appropriate, yet flexible and flat.
- Go beyond formal authority to maximize influence over people and key decisions.
- Employ a workable set of project planning and control tools.

Successful Actions (Continued)

- * Avoid over-reliance on one type of control tool.
- Stress the importance of meeting cost, schedule, and performance goals.
- Give priority to achieving the mission or function of the end-item.
- Keep changes under control.
- * Seek to find ways of assuring job security for effective project team members.

Variables For Project Success

- Predicting project success is one of the most difficult tasks facing the project manager.
- According to Kerzner most project managers look only at time, cost and performance. These parameters do not necessary identify whether or not the project was successfully managed although the deliverable was achieved.

 Internal project success is often measured by the "actions" of three groups:
- - the project manager and team
 - the parent organization
 - the client organization

The Parent Organization

- A willingness to coordinate efforts
- * A willingness to maintain structural
- * A willingness to adapt to change
- Effective strategic planning
- Rapport maintenance
- Proper emphasis on past experience
- External buffering
- Prompt and accurate communications

The Parent Organization (Continued)

- Enthusiastic support
- Identification to all concerned parties that the project does, in fact, contribute to parent capabilities

Top Management Expectations

(Of Project Managers)

- Assume total accountability for the success or failure to provide results
- Provide effective reports and information
- Provide minimum organizational disruption during the execution of a project
- Present recommendations, not just alternatives
- Have a capacity to handle most interpersonal problems

Top Management Expectations (Continued)

- Demonstrate a self-starting capacity
- Demonstrate growth with each assignment

Project Management Expectations (Of Top Management)

- Provide clearly defined decision channels
- * Take actions on requests
- Facilitate interfacing with support departments
- * Assist in conflict resolution
- Provide sufficient resources/charter
- Provide sufficient strategic/long-range information
- Provide feedback

Project Management Expectations (Continued)

- ♦ Give advice and stage-setting support
- Define expectations clearly
- Provide protection from political infighting
- Provide the opportunity for personal and professional growth

Project Team Expectations

(Of Their Project Manager)

- Assist in the problem-solving process by coming up with ideas
- Provide proper direction and leadership
- * Provide a relaxed environment
- Interact informally with team members
- Stimulate the group process
- Facilitate adoption of new members
- Reduce conflicts

Project Team Expectations (Continued)

- Defend the team against outside pressure
- Resist changes
- Act as the group spokesperson
- Provide representation with higher management

Project Manager Expectations (b) The Team) Demonstrate membership self-development Demonstrate the potential for innovative and creative behavior Communicate effectively Be committed to the project Demonstrate the capacity for conflict

resolution Be results oriented Be change oriented

Interface effectively and with high morale

Team Member Expectations (Needs Expected To Be Filled) A sense of belonging Interest in the work itself Respect for the work being done Protection from political infighting Job security and gob continuity Potential for career growth

Force Field Analysis
1. Personal drive, motivation & leadership
2. Team motivation
3. Management support
4. Functional expertise
5. Technical expertise
6. Project objectives
7. Financial resources
8. Client support/commitment
Driving Forces Restraining Forces