[53]: [54]:	<pre>Lab 3 Comparison of MP Neuron and Perceptron import pandas as pd import numpy as np from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split import matplotlib.pyplot as plt from random import randint from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score train_df = pd.read_csv("train.csv") test_df = pd.read_csv("test.csv")</pre>
[55]: t[55]:	PassengerId Survived Pclass Name Sex Age SibSp Parch Ticket Fare Cabin Embarked 0 1 0 3 Braund, Mr. Owen Harris male 22.0 1 0 A/5 21171 7.2500 NaN S 1 2 1 1 Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs Th female 38.0 1 0 PC 17599 71.2833 C85 C 2 3 1 3 Heikkinen, Miss. Laina female 26.0 0 0 STON/O2. 3101282 7.9250 NaN S
	<pre>train_df.shape (891, 12) X = train_df.drop(columns=["Survived", "Name", "Sex", "Age", "Ticket", "Cabin", "Embarked"]) X.head()</pre>
t[58]:	PassengerId Pclass SibSp Parch Fare 0 1 3 1 0 7.2500 1 2 1 1 0 71.2833 2 3 3 0 0 7.9250 3 4 1 1 0 53.1000
[59]:	<pre>X.info() <class 'pandas.core.frame.dataframe'=""> RangeIndex: 891 entries, 0 to 890 Data columns (total 5 columns): # Column Non-Null Count Dtype</class></pre>
[60]:	<pre>0 PassengerId 891 non-null int64 1 Pclass 891 non-null int64 2 SibSp 891 non-null int64 3 Parch 891 non-null int64 4 Fare 891 non-null float64 dtypes: float64(1), int64(4) memory usage: 34.9 KB</pre> <pre>X.isnull().value_counts()</pre>
[61]: [62]: t[62]:	<pre>PassengerId Pclass SibSp Parch Fare False False False False False 891 dtype: int64 y = train_df['Survived'] y.head() 0 0 1 1</pre>
[63]: t[63]:	2 1 3 1 4 0 Name: Survived, dtype: int64 train_df.describe() Passengerld Survived Pclass Age SibSp Parch Fare
	count 891.000000 891.000000 891.000000 891.000000 891.000000 891.000000 891.000000 mean 446.000000 0.383838 2.308642 29.699118 0.523008 0.381594 32.204208 std 257.353842 0.486592 0.836071 14.526497 1.102743 0.806057 49.693429 min 1.000000 0.000000 0.420000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 25% 223.500000 0.000000 2.000000 20.125000 0.000000 0.000000 7.910400 50% 446.000000 0.000000 3.000000 28.000000 0.000000 0.000000 14.454200
[64]: t[64]:	75% 668.500000 1.000000 3.000000 1.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000
[65]: t[65]:	Name: Survived, dtype: int64 train_df.groupby('Survived').mean() /var/folders/nd/q79n0hd51vqcq6swmwgkc95w0000gn/T/ipykernel_7680/2966032617.py:1: FutureWarning: The default ue of numeric_only in DataFrameGroupBy.mean is deprecated. In a future version, numeric_only will default to lse. Either specify numeric_only or select only columns which should be valid for the function. train_df.groupby('Survived').mean() PassengerId Pclass Age SibSp Parch Fare
	Survived 0 447.016393 2.531876 30.626179 0.553734 0.329690 22.117887 1 444.368421 1.950292 28.343690 0.473684 0.464912 48.395408 X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.15, random_state=42)
[68]:	<pre>print(X.shape, X_train.shape, X_test.shape) (891, 5) (757, 5) (134, 5) print(y.shape, y_train.shape, y_test.shape) (891,) (757,) (134,) print(y.mean(), y_train.mean(), y_test.mean())</pre>
[70]:	<pre>0.3838383838383838 0.37780713342140027 0.417910447761194 X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y,</pre>
	<pre>print(y.mean(), y_train.mean(), y_test.mean()) 0.383838383838383838 0.3844121532364597 0.3805970149253731 print(X.mean(), X_train.mean(), X_test.mean()) PassengerId</pre>
	SibSp 0.523008 Parch 0.381594 Fare 32.204208 dtype: float64 PassengerId 444.726552 Pclass 2.305152 SibSp 0.505945 Parch 0.384412 Fare 31.612147 dtype: float64 PassengerId 453.194030 Pclass 2.328358
[73]: [74]:	SibSp 0.619403 Parch 0.365672 Fare 35.548911 dtype: float64 x_binarised_train = X_train.apply(pd.cut, bins=2, labels=[1,0]) x_binarised_train
t[74]:	PassengerId Pclass SibSp Parch Fare 400 1 0 1 1 122 1 1 1 1 358 1 0 1 1 1 626 0 1 1 1 1 874 0 1 1 1 1
	874 0 1 1 1 1 537 0 1 1 1 1 736 0 0 1 1 1 462 0 1 1 1 1 347 1 0 1 1 1
[75]:	289
	1.0 - • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	0.6 -
	Passengerld - * Parch - * Fare - *
[76]: [77]:	<pre>x_binarised_test = X_test.apply(pd.cut, bins=2, labels=[1,0]) x_binarised_test = x_binarised_test.values x_binarised_train = x_binarised_train.values type(x_binarised_train), type(x_binarised_test)</pre>
t[78]:	<pre>(numpy.ndarray, numpy.ndarray) b = 3 i = randint(0, x_binarised_train.shape[0]) print("For row", i)</pre>
	<pre>if (np.sum(x_binarised_train[100, :]) >= b): print("MP Neuron inference is Survived") else: print("MP Neuron inference is Not Survived") if (y_train[i] == 1): print("Ground Truth is Survived") else: print("Ground truth is Not Survived")</pre>
	<pre>print("Ground truth is Not Survived") For row 536 MP Neuron inference is Survived </pre>
	-> 3800 return selfengine.get_loc(casted_key) 3801 except KeyError as err: File ~/enter/envs/dlenv/lib/python3.10/site-packages/pandas/_libs/index.pyx:138, in pandaslibs.index.Index.ine.get_loc() File ~/enter/envs/dlenv/lib/python3.10/site-packages/pandas/_libs/index.pyx:165, in pandaslibs.index.Index.ine.get_loc()
	File pandas/_libs/hashtable_class_helper.pxi:2263, in pandaslibs.hashtable.Int64HashTable.get_item() File pandas/_libs/hashtable_class_helper.pxi:2273, in pandaslibs.hashtable.Int64HashTable.get_item() KeyError: 536 The above exception was the direct cause of the following exception: KeyError Traceback (most recent call last)
	/Users/selva/Documents/SEM-2/DL/lab/Lab2/main.ipynb Cell 28 in 1
	<pre>14 else: File ~/enter/envs/dlenv/lib/python3.10/site-packages/pandas/core/series.py:982, in Seriesgetitem(self, y) 979 return selfvalues[key] 981 elif key_is_scalar:> 982 return selfget_value(key) 984 if is_hashable(key): 985 # Otherwise index.get value will raise InvalidIndexError</pre>
	986 try: 987 # For labels that don't resolve as scalars like tuples and frozensets File ~/enter/envs/dlenv/lib/python3.10/site-packages/pandas/core/series.py:1092, in Seriesget_value(self, el, takeable) 1089 return selfvalues[label] 1091 # Similar to Index.get_value, but we do not fall back to positional -> 1092 loc = self.index.get_loc(label) 1093 return self.indexget_values_for_loc(self, loc, label)
	<pre>File ~/enter/envs/dlenv/lib/python3.10/site-packages/pandas/core/indexes/base.py:3802, in Index.get_loc(self ey, method, tolerance) 3800 return selfengine.get_loc(casted_key) 3801 except KeyError as err: -> 3802 raise KeyError(key) from err 3803 except TypeError: 3804 # If we have a listlike key, _check_indexing_error will raise 3805 # InvalidIndexError. Otherwise we fall through and re-raise 3806 # the TypeError.</pre>
[80]:	3807 selfcheck_indexing_error(key) KeyError: 536
[02].	<pre>for x, y in zip(x_binarised_train, y_train): y_pred = (np.sum(x) >= b) y_pred_train.append(y_pred) accurate_rows += (y == y_pred) print(accurate_rows, accurate_rows/x_binarised_train.shape[0]) 301 0.39762219286657857</pre> <pre> for b in range(x_binarised_train_shape[1] + 1):</pre>
[82]:	<pre>for b in range(x_binarised_train.shape[1] + 1): y_pred_train = [] accurate_rows = 0 for x, y in zip(x_binarised_train, y_train): y_pred = (np.sum(x) >= b) y_pred_train.append(y_pred) accurate_rows += (y == y_pred) print(b, accurate_rows, accurate_rows/x_binarised_train.shape[0])</pre>
[83]:	0 291 0.3844121532364597 1 291 0.3844121532364597 2 291 0.3844121532364597 3 301 0.39762219286657857 4 418 0.5521796565389696 5 477 0.6301188903566711 b = 6
	<pre>y_pred_test = [] for x in x_binarised_test: y_pred = (np.sum(x) >= b) y_pred_test.append(y_pred) accuracy = accuracy_score(y_pred_test, y_test) print(b,accuracy)</pre>
[84]:	<pre>6 0.6194029850746269 MP Neuron Model class MPNeuron: definit(self): self.b = None</pre>
	<pre>def model(self, x): return(sum(x) >= self.b) def predict(self, X): Y = [] for x in X: result = self.model(x) Y.append(result)</pre>
	<pre>return np.array(Y) def fit(self, X, Y): accuracy = {} for b in range(X.shape[1] + 1): self.b = b Y_pred = self.predict(X) accuracy[b] = accuracy_score(Y_pred, Y)</pre>
[85]:	<pre>best_b = max(accuracy, key = accuracy.get) self.b = best_b print('Optimal Value of is', best_b) print('Highest accuracy is', accuracy[best_b]) mp_neuron = MPNeuron() mp_neuron.fit(x_binarised_train, y_train)</pre>
[86]: [87]:	Optimal Value of is 5 Highest accuracy is 0.6301188903566711 Y_test_pred = mp_neuron.predict(x_binarised_test) accuracy_test = accuracy_score(Y_test_pred, y_test) print(accuracy_test) 0.6044776119402985
	Perceptron Model from sklearn.linear_model import Perceptron perceptron = Perceptron() perceptron.fit(x_binarised_train, y_train)
[90]:	<pre>Perceptron Perceptron() y_prec_pred = perceptron.predict(x_binarised_test) accuracy_test1 = accuracy_score(y_prec_pred, y_test)</pre>
[92]: [93]:	<pre>accuracy_test1 0.417910447761194 import numpy as np # # Perceptron implementation # class CustomPerceptron(object):</pre>
	<pre>definit(self, n_iterations=100, random_state=1, learning_rate=0.01): self.n_iterations = n_iterations self.random_state = random_state self.learning_rate = learning_rate def fit(self, X, y): rgen = np.random.RandomState(self.random_state) self.coef = rgen.normal(loc=0.0, scale=0.01, size=1 + X.shape[1])</pre>
	<pre>self.coer_ = Igen.NotMar(loc=0.0, state=0.01, size=1 + x.shape[]] self.errors_ = [] for _ in range(self.n_iterations): errors = 0 for xi, expected_value in zip(X, y): predicted_value = self.predict(xi) self.coef_[1:] = self.coef_[1:] + self.learning_rate * (expected_value - predicted_value) * self.coef_[0] = self.coef_[0] + self.learning_rate * (expected_value - predicted_value) * 1 update = self.learning_rate * (expected_value - predicted_value) errors += int(update != 0.0)</pre>
	<pre>self.errorsappend(errors) Net Input is sum of weighted input signals def net_input(self, X):</pre>
	Activation function is fed the net input and the unit step function is executed to determine the output. ''' def activation_function(self, X):
r	<pre>misclassified_data_count = 0 for xi, target in zip(X, y): output = self.predict(xi) if(target != output): misclassified_data_count += 1 total_data_count = len(X) self.score_ = (total_data_count - misclassified_data_count)/total_data_count return self.score_</pre>
[95]: [96]:	<pre>ppn = CustomPerceptron() ppn.fit(x_binarised_train, y_train) y_ppn_pred = perceptron.predict(x_binarised_test) accuracy_test2 = accuracy_score(y_ppn_pred, y_test) accuracy_test2</pre>
	0.417910447761194 Accuracy Comparison scores = [accuracy_test, accuracy_test1, accuracy_test2]
[101	<pre>labels = ['MP Neuron Model', 'Perceptron Sklearn', 'Perceptron Custom'] import matplotlib.pyplot as plt plt.bar(labels, scores) plt.xlabel("Model") plt.ylabel("Accuracy Score Range") Text(0, 0.5, 'Accuracy Score Range')</pre>
t[108]:	0.6 -
	Accuracy Score Range 2.0 - 2.0
	Accuracy of the second of the