

-2 18/20

Tuesday

Ch 35 South Carolina: Riches, Rice, Slaves
20 points

Name LOZ

Choose words from the word bank to complete the sentences.

~~olive oil~~

~~indigo~~

~~Gullah~~

~~rice~~

~~Huguenots (HYOO-guh-nets)~~

- ✓ 1. Colonists liked growing rice because it did not require any work in winter.
2. African Americans in South Carolina developed the Gullah language.
3. Huguenots, Protestants from France, were carpenters, blacksmiths, and masons.
4. The proprietors of the Carolinas meant to get rich by producing wine, silk and olive oil.
- ✓ 5. The Carolinas worked out, because indigo became a principal crop.

Match the "causes" in the left column with the "effects" in the right column. One effect is not used.

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|---|--|
| <u>e</u> 6. Leaders in Carolina wanted to attract settlers, | a. SO the colony divided into four districts. |
| <u>f</u> 7. Charleston attracted young English nobles, | <u>b</u> SO landowners brought in many slaves. |
| <u>b</u> 8. Growing rice required many workers, | <u>a</u> SO a new language, Gullah, developed there. |
| <u>g</u> 9. Huguenots were persecuted in France, | <u>d</u> SO the city had an aristocratic flavor. |
| <u>C</u> 10. African and European ideas mixed in Carolina | <u>e</u> SO they practiced religious tolerance. |
| <u>f</u> 11. The king wanted control of the Carolinas | <u>f</u> SO he made the Carolinas royal colonies. |
| | <u>g</u> SO many of them moved to Carolina. |

Reread the poem on page 134 of your textbook, then answer the following questions.

What does the author **like** about Charleston?

12. The author likes that Charleston has an aristocratic flavor.
13. It was important and it made South Carolina different than the other Southern colonies.

What does the author **dislike** about Charleston?

14. The author ^{didn't} like that they were not wealthy.
15. The author ^{didn't} like that very few wealthy people that held almost all the economic and political power.
16. The author didn't like the fact that the Africans ^{learned} probably taught the white settlers how to cultivate rice, because it was rice that made slavery profitable in South Carolina.
17. The author didn't like that the majority of the people were not free.
18. Do you think the author's opinion of the city is mainly positive or negative? Negative

19. Explain. Use evidence from the poem to support your thinking. 2 points.

Negative because the author talks about Charleston is a beautiful city and wealthy city. But very few people enjoy it and most of the people are poor or slaves. An example of this is when the author described that the very few wealthy people lived in big houses and went to fancy parties.

Use the poem