13. What is the main conflict in this story and how is it resolved?

a) Brian is attacked by a moose, and the moose was killed when the tornado came through the area.
b) Brian is lost in the Canadian wilderness and is rescued by a pilot.
c) Brian is hurt in a plane crash and must recover.
d) Brian is hungry and finds a survival pack full of packaged foods.

14. Which sentence from *Hatchet* supports the conclusion that Brian was very lucky to be rescued when he was?

a) They were not nightmares, none of them were frightening, but he would awaken at times with them; just awaken and sit up and think of the lake, the forest, the fire at night, the night birds singing, the fish jumping-sit in the dark alone and think of them and it was not bad and would never be bad for him.
b) Game become seemingly plentiful in the fall (it's easier to see with the leaves off the brush).
c) Predictions are, for the most part, ineffective; but it might be interesting to note that had Brian not been rescued when he was, had he been forced to go into hard fall, perhaps winter, it would have been very rough on him.
d) It is amazing what a single owl can do to a local population of ruffed grouse and rabbits in just a few months.

15. Which statement contains a cause-effect relationship?

a) When the pilot rescued Brian he had been alone on the L-shaped lake for fifty-four days.
b) Gut cherries were termed choke cherries, and made good jelly.
c) Because Brian had to catch his own food in the wilderness he lost seventeen percent of his body weight.
d) The wolves were timber wolves, which are not known to attack or bother people.

16. Which question does the book answer?

a) How is Brian rescued?
b) What would happen if Brian had to live the winter in the wilderness?
c) Which food does Brian like best?
d) Why did the moose attack Brian?