Eight-Week COVID19 Projections for New York City

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Note: Projections from 4/3/20 onwards included age-specific data and as such the model was likely better constrained and would better reflect the transmission dynamics, compared to our previous model projections. Additional model update from 5/8/20 onwards: the model was trained on both incidence and mortality data (combining covid-19 confirmed and probable deaths). Results in this report were generated using an age-specific, neighborhood-level network model, and aggregated over all age groups and neighborhoods for the City.

The City entered phase 2 reopening on Monday 6/22/2020 and is poised to enter phase 3 on July 6. For this week's projection, we thus updated model settings to anticipate potential changes including the phase 3 reopening.

Per NYS guideline, all projections assume 50% maximum occupancy for industries allowed to open. In addition, for the 'As Is' scenario, we assume all New Yorker continue to wear masks, which effectively reduces transmission.

PLEASE WEAR FACE MASKS WHEN YOU ARE OUTSIDE.

For more details on Methods, see README.pdf

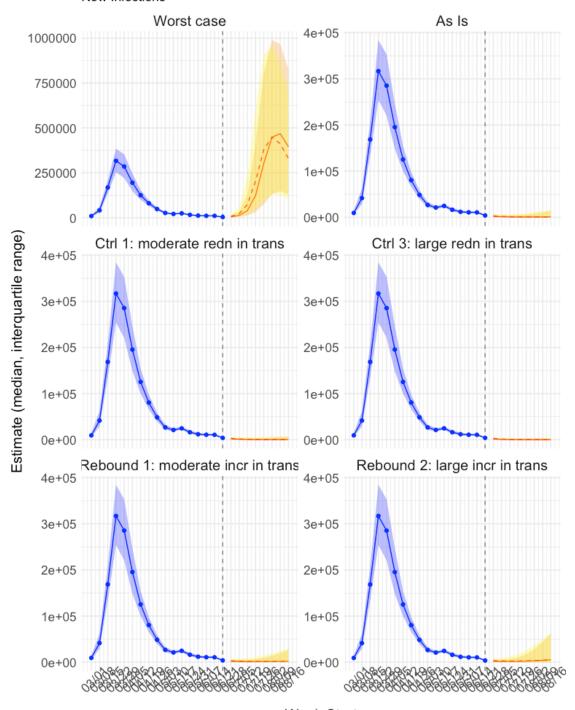
Results – see tables (Projected Epidemic Outcomes and Healthcare Demands etc.) in WeeklyProjections.xlsx and DailyProjections.xlsx; see figures below.

See summary plots below.

Acknowledgement: We thank the NYC Department of Health and Mental Hygiene (DOHMH) for sharing of data and allowing this public posting. And we thank Columbia Mailman School of Public Health for high performance computing and SafeGraph.com for sharing mobility data.

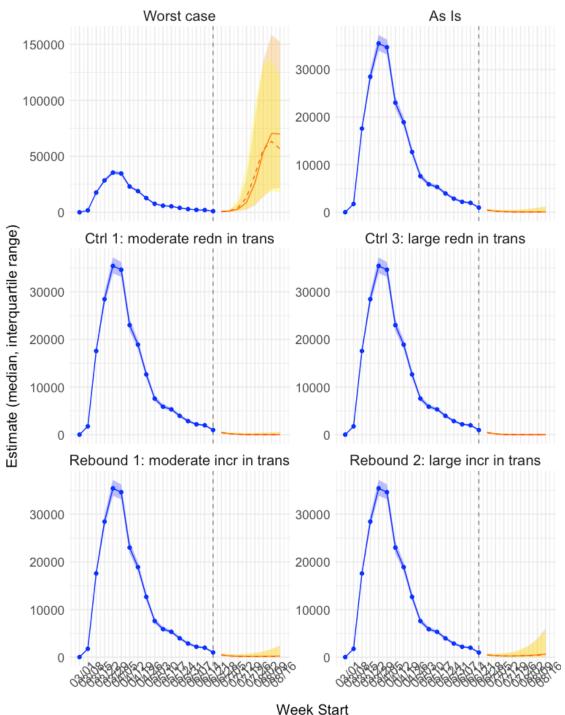
Caution: Please note that there are large uncertainties in our model projections due to unknown disease transmission dynamics (model misspecification), changing behavior and policies, delay in reporting, and under-reporting. In particular, the data our projections are based on reflect situations \sim 2 weeks ago due to time lags from interventions implemented to transmission events (a couple days to weeks), from infection to symptom onset (\sim 2-6 days), from symptom onset to seeking treatment (\sim 2-7 days), from seeking treatment to getting tested and then reported in the surveillance system (\sim 2-7 days). In addition, how the epidemic would unfold also depend largely on behavior changes over time.

New Infections

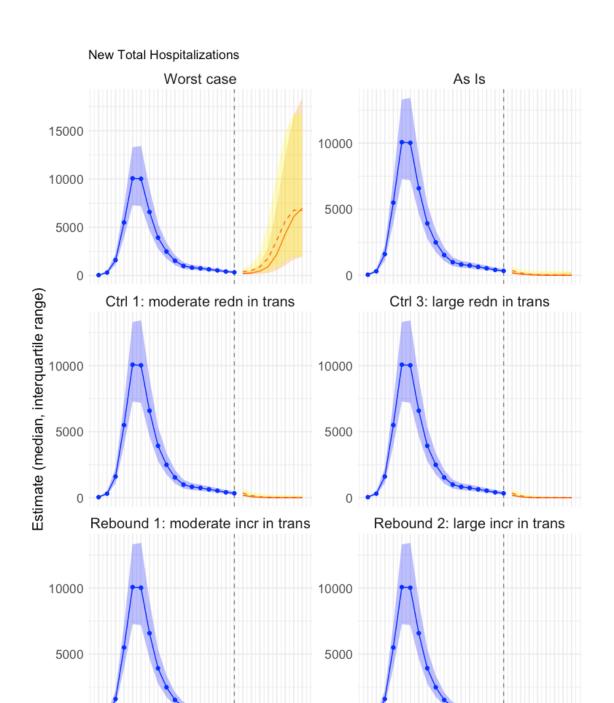


Week Start





week Stan



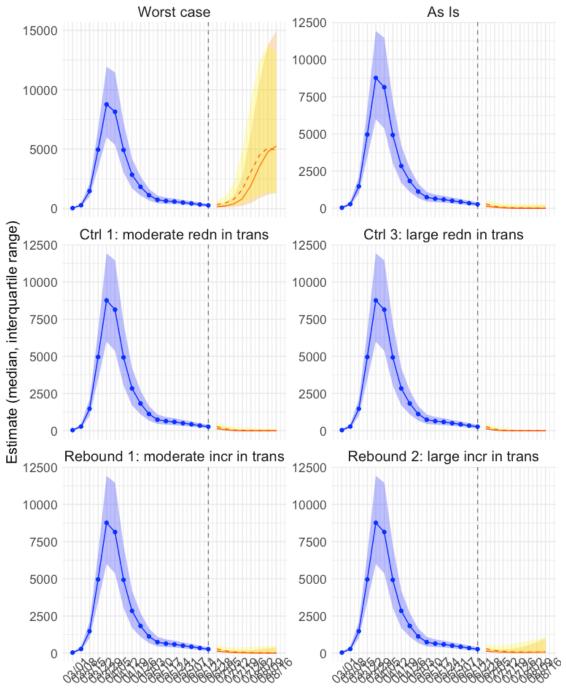
Week Start

0

Projected number for the next 8 weeks under different control scenarios. Blue lines and points show median estimates for the model training period; red lines show projected median numbers with seasonality (solid lines) or without seasonality (dashed lines); shaded regions shown the interquartile ranges (IQR) for model estimates with seasonality (in orange) or without seasonality (in yellow). Dates are the first day (i.e. Sunday) of the week.

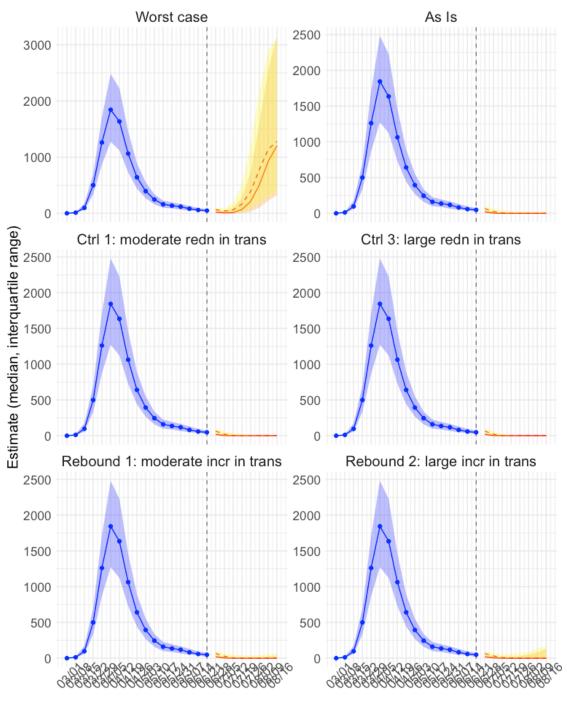
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New Non-ICU Hospitalizations



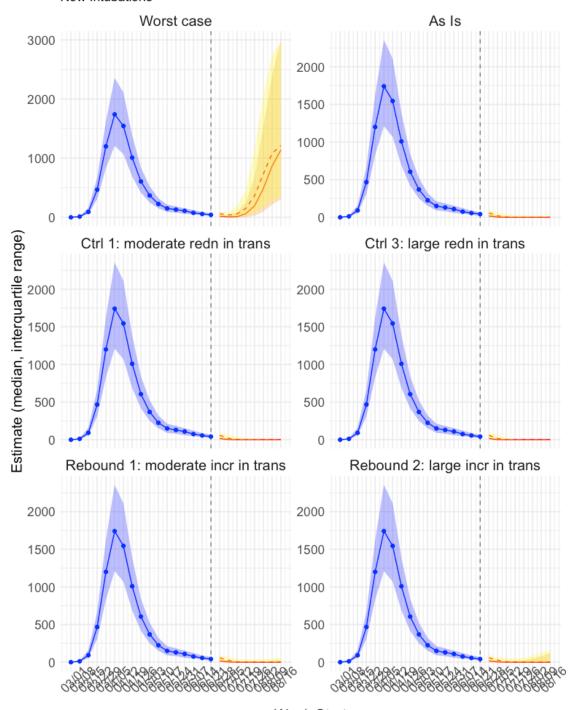
Week Start

New ICU admissions



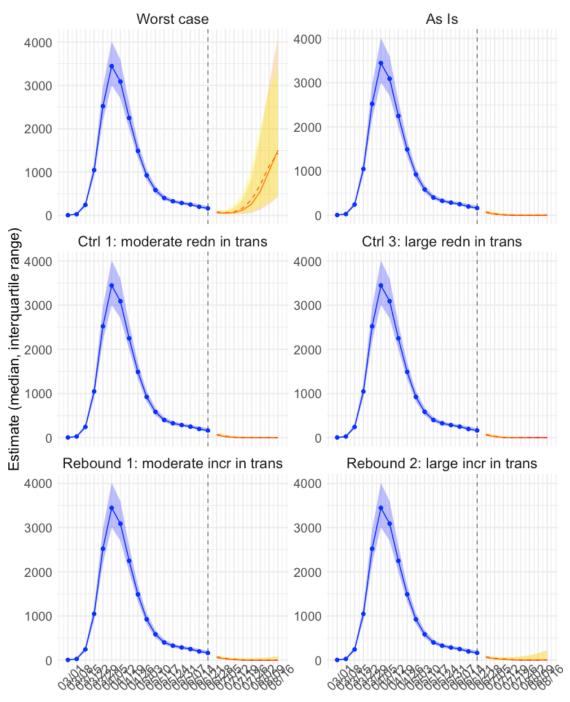
Week Start

New Intubations



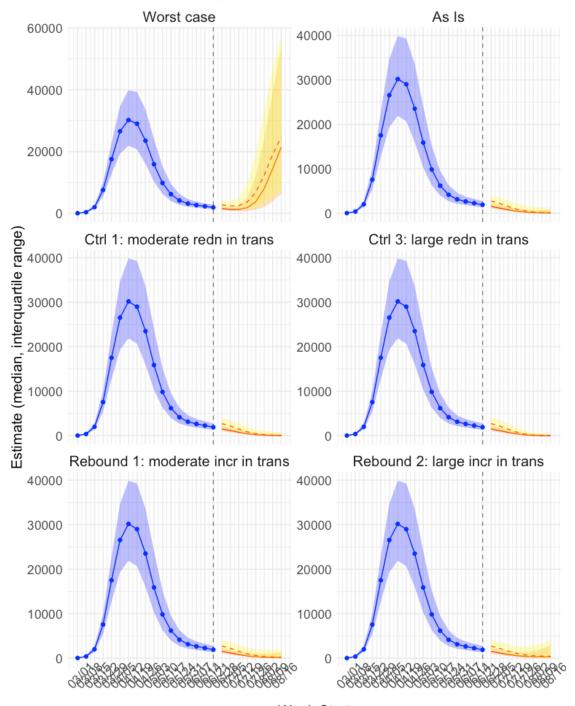
Week Start





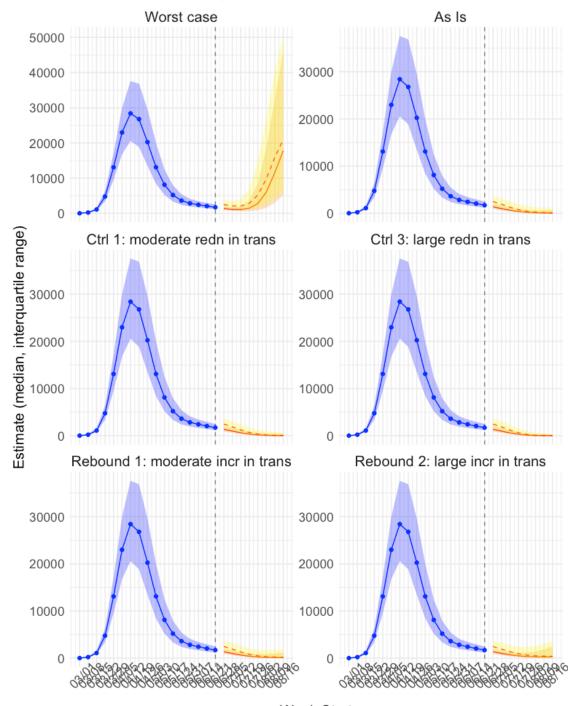
Week Start

Total Hospital Bed Needs (prevalence, max)



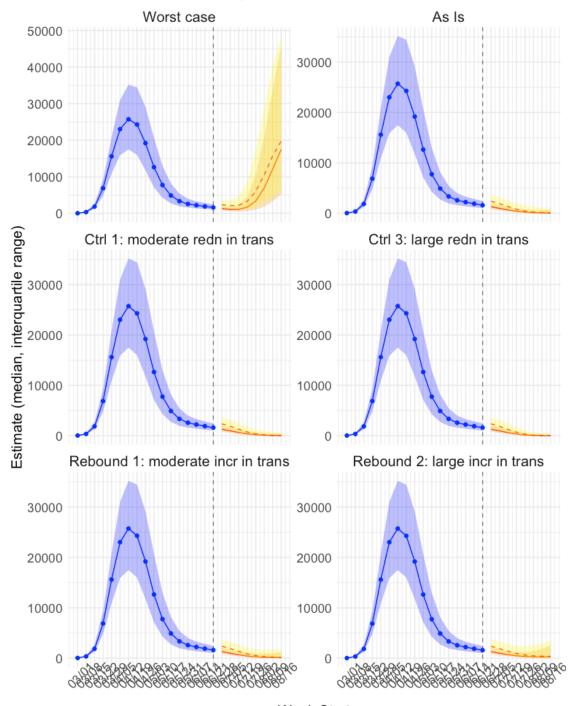
Week Start

Total Hospital Bed Needs (prevalence, mean)



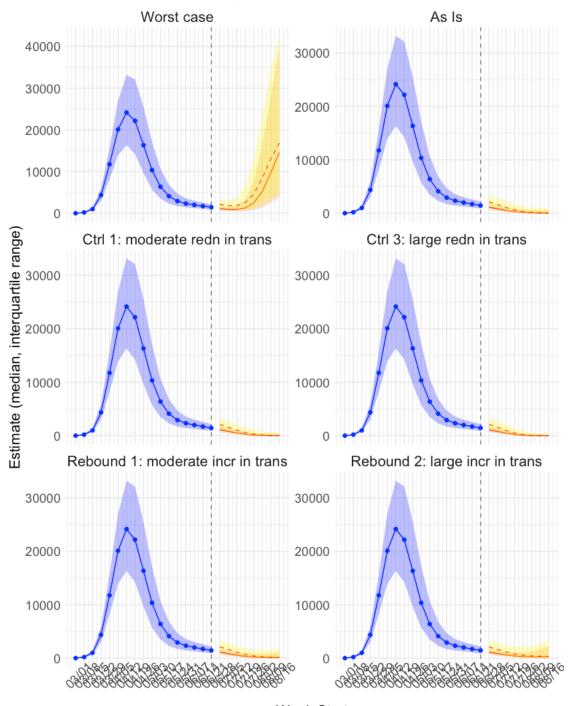
Week Start

Non-ICU Hospital Bed Needs (prevalence, max)



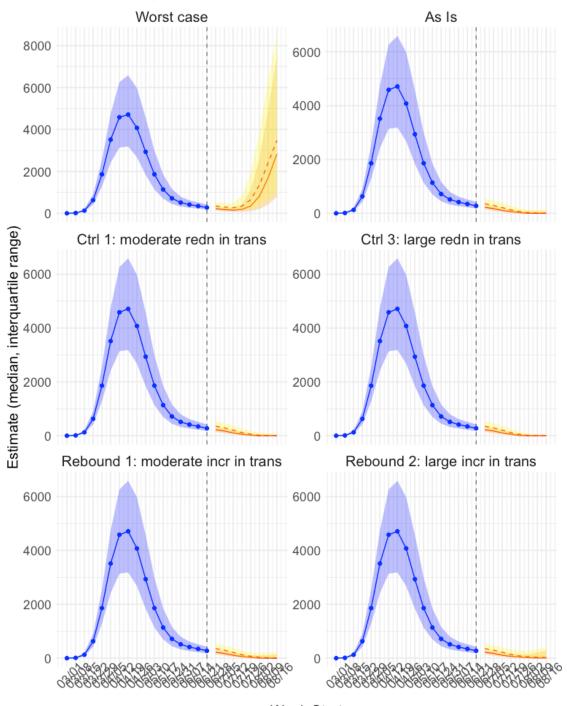
Week Start

Non-ICU Hospital Bed Needs (prevalence, mean)



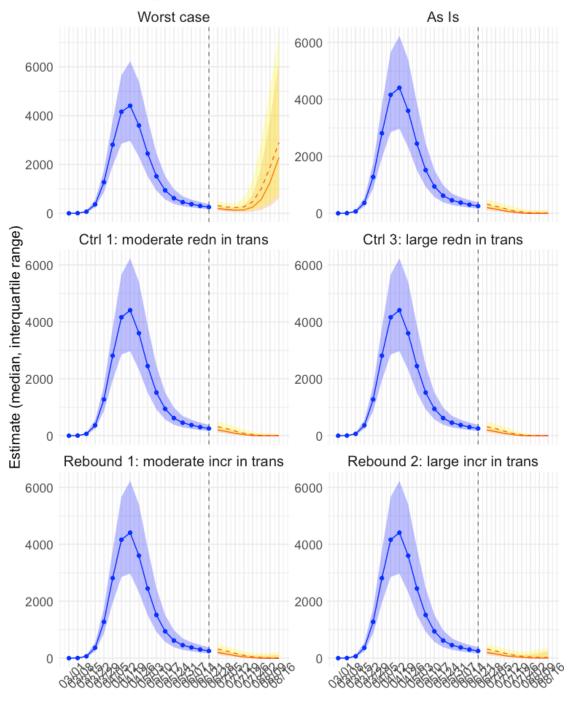
Week Start

ICU Bed Needs (prevalence, max)

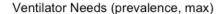


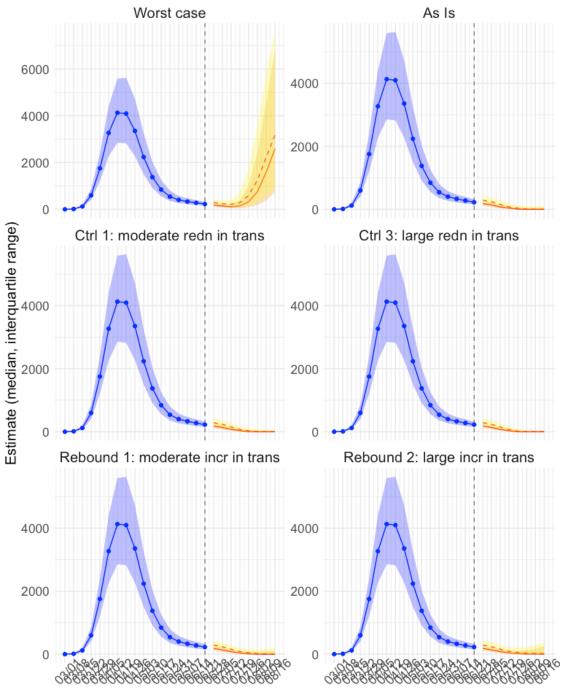
Week Start

ICU Bed Needs (prevalence, mean)



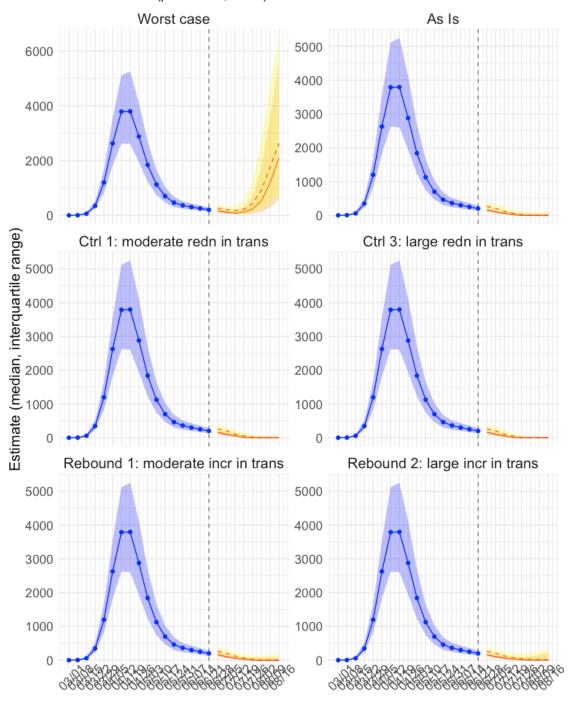
Week Start





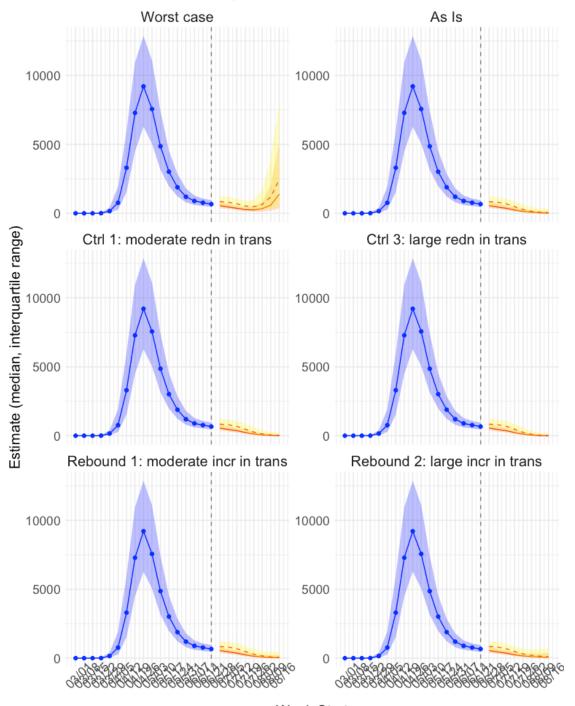
Week Start

Ventilator Needs (prevalence, mean)



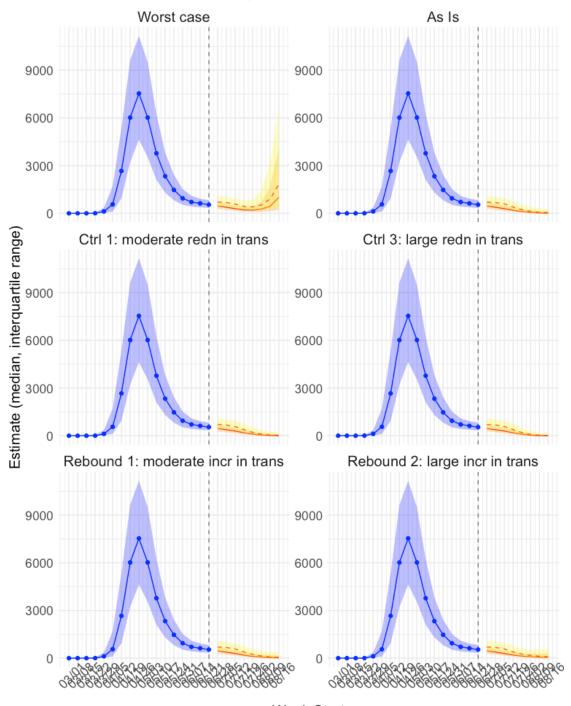
Week Start

Total Hospitalization Dischange



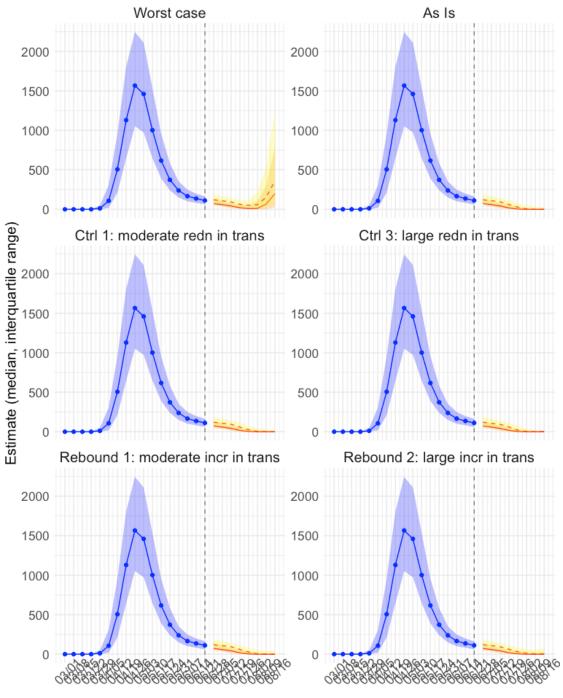
Week Start

Non-ICU Hospitalization Dischange



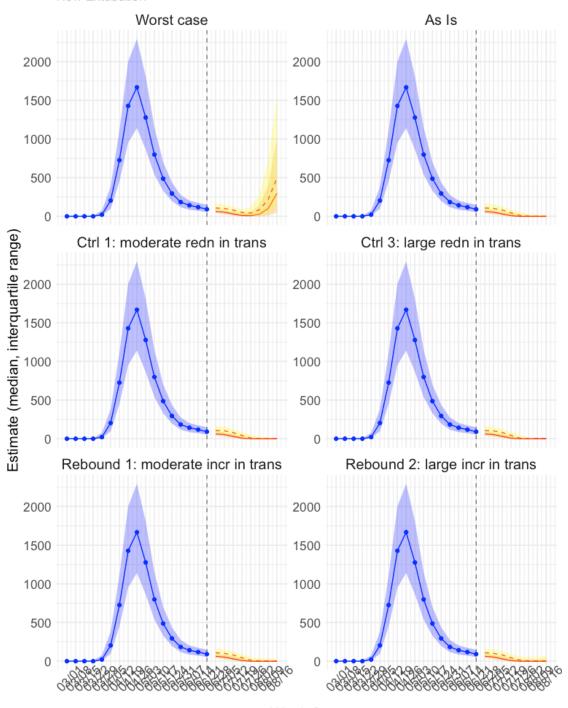
Week Start

New ICU Dischange



Week Start

New Extubation



Week Start