

ISHA SINGH

1BM19CS218

SECTION-CSE-4A

PROGRAM 8. STUDENT ENROLLMENT DATABASE

Consider the following database of student enrollment in courses and books adopted for each course.

STUDENT (regno: String, name: String, major: String, bdate: date)

COURSE (course #: int, cname: String, dept: String)

ENROLL (regno: String, cname: String, sem: int, marks: int)

BOOK_ADOPTION (course #: int, sem: int, book-ISBN: int)

TEXT(book-ISBN:int, book-title:String, publisher:String, author:String)

- i. Create the above tables by properly specifying the primary keys and the foreign keys.
- ii. Enter at least five tuples for each relation.
- iii. Demonstrate how you add a new text book to the database and make this book be adopted by some department.
- iv. Produce a list of text books (include Course #, Book-ISBN, Book-title) in the alphabetical order for courses offered by the 'CS' department that use more than two books.
- v. List any department that has all its adopted books published by a specific publisher.

CREATE DATABASE COLLEGE;

USE COLLEGE;

```
CREATE TABLE student(  
    regno VARCHAR(15),  
    sname VARCHAR(20),  
    major VARCHAR(20),  
    bdate DATE,  
    PRIMARY KEY (regno) );
```

```
CREATE TABLE course(  
    courseno INT,  
    cname VARCHAR(20),
```

```
dept VARCHAR(20),
PRIMARY KEY (courseno) );
select * from course;
CREATE TABLE enroll(
    regno VARCHAR(15),
    courseno INT,
    sem INT(3),
    marks INT(4),
    PRIMARY KEY (regno,courseno),
    FOREIGN KEY (regno) REFERENCES student (regno),
    FOREIGN KEY (courseno) REFERENCES course (courseno) );
```

```
CREATE TABLE text(
    book_isbn INT(5),
    book_title VARCHAR(20),
    publisher VARCHAR(20),
    author VARCHAR(20),
    PRIMARY KEY (book_isbn) );
```

```
CREATE TABLE book_adoption(
    courseno INT,
    sem INT(3),
    book_isbn INT(5),
    PRIMARY KEY (courseno,book_isbn),
    FOREIGN KEY (courseno) REFERENCES course (courseno),
    FOREIGN KEY (book_isbn) REFERENCES text(book_isbn) );
```

```
INSERT INTO student (regno,sname,major,bdate) VALUES
```

```
('1pe11cs002','b','sr','19930924'),  
( '1pe11cs003','c','sr','19931127'),  
( '1pe11cs004','d','sr','19930413'),  
( '1pe11cs005','e','jr','19940824');  
INSERT INTO student (regno,sname,major,bdate) VALUES  
( '1pe11cs001','a','jr','19930922');  
select * from student;
```

```
INSERT INTO course VALUES (111,'OS','CSE'),  
(112,'EC','CSE'),  
(113,'SS','ISE'),  
(114,'DBMS','CSE'),  
(115,'SIGNALS','ECE');
```

```
INSERT INTO text VALUES  
(10,'DATABASE SYSTEMS','PEARSON','SCHIELD'),  
(900,'OPERATING SYS','PEARSON','LELAND'),  
(901,'CIRCUITS','HALL INDIA','BOB'),  
(902,'SYSTEM SOFTWARE','PETERSON','JACOB'),  
(903,'SCHEDULING','PEARSON','PATIL'),  
(904,'DATABASE SYSTEMS','PEARSON','JACOB'),  
(905,'DATABASE MANAGER','PEARSON','BOB'),  
(906,'SIGNALS','HALL INDIA','SUMIT');
```

```
INSERT INTO enroll (regno,courseno,sem,marks) VALUES ('1pe11cs001',115,3,100),  
( '1pe11cs002',114,5,100),  
( '1pe11cs003',113,5,100),  
( '1pe11cs004',111,5,100),
```

```
('1pe11cs005',112,3,100);
```

```
INSERT INTO book_adoption (courseno,sem,book_isbn) VALUES
```

```
(111,5,900),
```

```
(111,5,903),
```

```
(111,5,904),
```

```
(112,3,901),
```


```
(113,3,10),
```

```
(114,5,905),
```

```
(113,5,902),
```


```
(115,3,906);
```

```
select * from student;
```

Result Grid				
Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>				
Edit: 				
	regno	sname	major	bdate
▶	1pe11cs001	a	jr	1993-09-22
	1pe11cs002	b	sr	1993-09-24
	1pe11cs003	c	sr	1993-11-27
	1pe11cs004	d	sr	1993-04-13
	1pe11cs005	e	jr	1994-08-24
*	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

student 3 ×

```
select * from course;
```

Result Grid			
Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>			
Edit: 			
	courseno	cname	dept
▶	111	OS	CSE
	112	EC	CSE
	113	SS	ISE
	114	DBMS	CSE
	115	SIGNALS	ECE
*	NULL	NULL	NULL

course 4 ×

select * from enroll;

Result Grid				
Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>				
Edit:				
	regno	courseno	sem	marks
▶	1pe11cs001	115	3	100
	1pe11cs002	114	5	100
	1pe11cs003	113	5	100
	1pe11cs004	111	5	100
	1pe11cs005	112	3	100
✱	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

enroll 5 ×

select * from book_adoption;

Result Grid			
Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>			
Edit:			
	courseno	sem	book_isbn
▶	111	5	900
	111	5	903
	111	5	904
	112	3	901
	113	3	10
	113	5	902
	114	5	905
	115	3	906
✱	NULL	NULL	NULL

book_adoption 6 ×

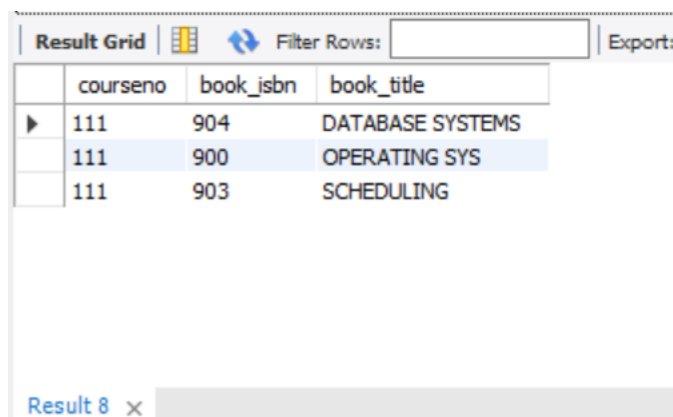
select * from text;

Result Grid				
Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>				
Edit:				
	book_isbn	book_title	publisher	author
▶	10	DATABASE SYSTEMS	PEARSON	SCHILD
	900	OPERATING SYS	PEARSON	LELAND
	901	CIRCUITS	HALL INDIA	BOB
	902	SYSTEM SOFTWARE	PETERSON	JACOB
	903	SCHEDULING	PEARSON	PATIL
	904	DATABASE SYSTEMS	PEARSON	JACOB
	905	DATABASE MANAGER	PEARSON	BOB
	906	SIGNALS	HALL INDIA	SUMIT
✱	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

text 7 ×

4. Produce a list of text books (include Course #, Book-ISBN, Book-title) in the alphabetical order for courses offered by the 'CS' department that use more than two books.

```
SELECT c.courseno,t.book_isbn,t.book_title
FROM course c,book_adoption ba,text t
WHERE c.courseno=ba.courseno
AND ba.book_isbn=t.book_isbn
AND c.dept='CSE'
AND 2<(
SELECT COUNT(book_isbn)
FROM book_adoption b
WHERE c.courseno=b.courseno)
ORDER BY t.book_title;
```



The screenshot shows a database query result grid with the following data:

	courseno	book_isbn	book_title
▶	111	904	DATABASE SYSTEMS
	111	900	OPERATING SYS
	111	903	SCHEDULING

At the bottom of the window, it says "Result 8" with a close button (x).

5. List any department that has all its adopted books published by a specific publisher.

```
select c.dept
from course c, book_adoption ba
where c.courseno=ba.courseno
group by c.dept
having count(ba.book_isbn)=(select count(ba2.book_isbn)
```

from text t,book_adoption ba2,course c2

where t.book_isbn=ba2.book_isbn and c2.courseno=ba2.courseno and
t.publisher='HALL INDIA' and c2.dept=c.dept);

Result Grid		Filter Rows:
	dept	
▶	ECE	

course 9 x