Data Mining Case Study

Background information/introduction:

The dataset is a sample of 550000 observations about the Black Friday Sale in a retail store and contains different kinds of variables either numerical or categorical. It also contains missing values.

Problem Statement:

The store wants to determine the customer purchase behavior for different products. It's a regression problem where we are trying to predict the dependent variable (the amount of purchase) with the help of the information contained in the other variables.

Data source/attributes:

The dataset has been posted on Kaggle <u>here</u>.

The independent variables of the dataset are:

User_ID -User

Product ID -Id Product

Gender -Boolean

Age -Age of customer

OccupationId -Occupation of each customer

City_Category

 $Stay_In_Current_City_Years$

Marital_Status

Product_Category_1

Product_Category_2

Product_Category_3

Purchase -Purchase amount in dollars

The dependent variable here is the amount of purchase which is predicted with the help of the information contained in the other variables.

Proposed solution:

- 1. We apply basic data cleaning and EDA techniques to get the underlying meaning of predictor variables.
- 3. We analyze how customers are distributed across multiple categorical classifications such as Gender, Age, Occupation, Stay in Current City, etc.
- 4. We determine who our top purchasing customers were on Black Friday and classify products into "best sellers" and " worst sellers."
- 5. Identify various metrics regarding Purchases made on Black Friday including the average amount spent by customers and total purchase amount across multiple categories..
- 6. Use 'Association Rule Learning' and identify some association rules for the store on Black Friday. Multiple situations where customers that purchased a certain set of items were likely to purchase another item, given a set of inputs.