

In[39]:=

PF Hamiltonian

```
In[40]:= (*Constants*)
bsize = 25;  $\omega_0$  = 1.0;  $\omega_c$  = 1.0; K = 4; j = 0.07;
(*Identity matrices for TLS and QHO*)
idTSS = SparseArray[IdentityMatrix[2]];
idHO = SparseArray[IdentityMatrix[bsize]];

(*TLS initial Hamiltonian*)
H0TSS = SparseArray[Band[{1, 1}]  $\rightarrow$  { $\frac{\omega_0}{2}$ ,  $-\frac{\omega_0}{2}$ }];

(*QHO Hamiltonian*)
H0HO =  $\omega_c$  * SparseArray[Band[{1, 1}]  $\rightarrow$  Table[n +  $\frac{1}{2}$ , {n, 0, bsize - 1}]];

(*TLS raising and lowering operators*)
 $\sigma_m$  = {{0, 0}, {1, 0}};
 $\sigma_p$  = {{0, 1}, {0, 0}};
 $\sigma_x$  =  $\sigma_m$  +  $\sigma_p$ ;

(*Annihilation operator definition*)
a = SparseArray[Band[{1, 2}]  $\rightarrow$  Table[Sqrt[n], {n, 1, bsize - 1}], {bsize, bsize}];

(*Scaled harmonic oscillator Hamiltonian,
using convention with TLS on the left.*)
Htot = KroneckerProduct[IdentityMatrix[2^K], H0HO];

(*Adding all of the TLS terms*)
Do[
  (*Tensor product adjustment for the i-th TLS*)
  leftIds = If[i > 1, Table[idTSS, {i - 1}], {IdentityMatrix[1]}];
  rightIds = If[i < K, Table[idTSS, {K - i}], {IdentityMatrix[1]}];
  (*TLS Hamiltonian for the i-th TLS*)
  H0TSSi = KroneckerProduct[
    KroneckerProduct[Sequence@@leftIds, H0TSS], Sequence@@rightIds];
  (*Print[Normal[H0TSSi]//MatrixForm];*)
  (*Adding ith TLS Hamiltonian to the total Hamiltonian*)
  Htot += KroneckerProduct[H0TSSi, idHO];

   $\sigma_{xi}$  = KroneckerProduct[
    KroneckerProduct[Sequence@@leftIds,  $\sigma_x$ ], Sequence@@rightIds];
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Htot += j * (KroneckerProduct[σxi, a] + KroneckerProduct[σxi, a†]);
, {i, K}];

(*Adding self energy terms*)
σxSummation = Sum[
  KroneckerProduct[IdentityMatrix[1],
    Sequence@@Table[If[j == i, σx, idTSS], {j, K}], idH0],
  {i, 1, K}];
σxSummationSq = σxSummation.σxSummation;
selfEnergy =  $\frac{j^2}{\omega c}$  * σxSummationSq;
Htot += selfEnergy;

```

Initial State

```

In[55]:= ψ0[w_, x0_] =  $\frac{1}{\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[\pi] w]} \text{Exp}\left[-\frac{(x - x0)^2}{2 w^2}\right]$ ; (*Define initial Gaussian state*)

EigState[n_, x_] =  $\frac{\pi^{-1/4}}{\text{Sqrt}[2^n n!]} \text{Exp}\left[-\frac{x^2}{2}\right] \text{HermiteH}[n, x]$ ;

coeff[n_, w_, x0_] := NIntegrate[EigState[n, x] × ψ0[w, x0],
  {x, -∞, ∞}, PrecisionGoal → 6, AccuracyGoal → 5]
(*ψ0H0=Table[coeff[n,1,0],{n,0,bsize-1}];*)
ψ0H0 = SparseArray[{1 → 1.0}, bsize];
(*α=3.5;
ψ0H0=Table[Exp[-Abs[α]^2/2]*(α^n/Sqrt[n!]),{n,0,bsize-1}];
(*in number/fock basis*)
ψ0H0=SparseArray[ψ0H0];*)
(*ψ0Vec= 1/√6 * ((KroneckerProduct[{1, 0}, {1, 0}, {0, 1}, {0, 1},ψ0H0]) +
  (KroneckerProduct[{1, 0}, {0, 1}, {1, 0}, {0, 1},ψ0H0]) +
  (KroneckerProduct[{1, 0}, {0, 1}, {0, 1}, {1, 0},ψ0H0]) +
  (KroneckerProduct[{0, 1}, {1, 0}, {0, 1}, {1, 0},ψ0H0]) +
  (KroneckerProduct[{0, 1}, {1, 0}, {1, 0}, {0, 1},ψ0H0]) +
  (KroneckerProduct[{0, 1}, {0, 1}, {1, 0}, {1, 0},ψ0H0])) // Flatten*)
Print[Total[ψ0H0^2]];
Print[ψ0H0];
(*excited states in TSS and Gaussian in the QH0*)
ψ0Vec = KroneckerProduct[{1, 0}, {1, 0}, {0, 1}, {0, 1}, ψ0H0] // Flatten;
1.

```

SparseArray[ Specified elements: 1
Dimensions: {25}]

Observable Matrices

Oscillator Position

```
In[62]:= xM = KroneckerProduct[IdentityMatrix[2^K],  $\frac{1}{\text{Sqrt}[2]} (a^\dagger + a)$ ];

(*Position of the oscillator*)
(*Expected x value for initial state*)
ConjugateTranspose[psi0Vec].xM.psi0Vec

Out[63]=
0.
```

Projection Operator Construction

```
In[64]:= excitedStateProjection[i_Integer] := Module[
{
  idTSS = IdentityMatrix[2],
  partialExcitedProj = {{1, 0}, {0, 0}},
  leftIds, rightIds, excitedProj
},
leftIds = If[i > 1, Table[idTSS, {i - 1}], {IdentityMatrix[1]}];
rightIds = If[i < K, Table[idTSS, {K - i}], {IdentityMatrix[1]}];
excitedProj = KroneckerProduct[KroneckerProduct[
  Sequence@@leftIds, partialExcitedProj, Sequence@@rightIds], idH0];
excitedProj (*Return the constructed operator*)

excitedProj]
(*excitedStateProjection[1]//MatrixForm*)
```

Propagation

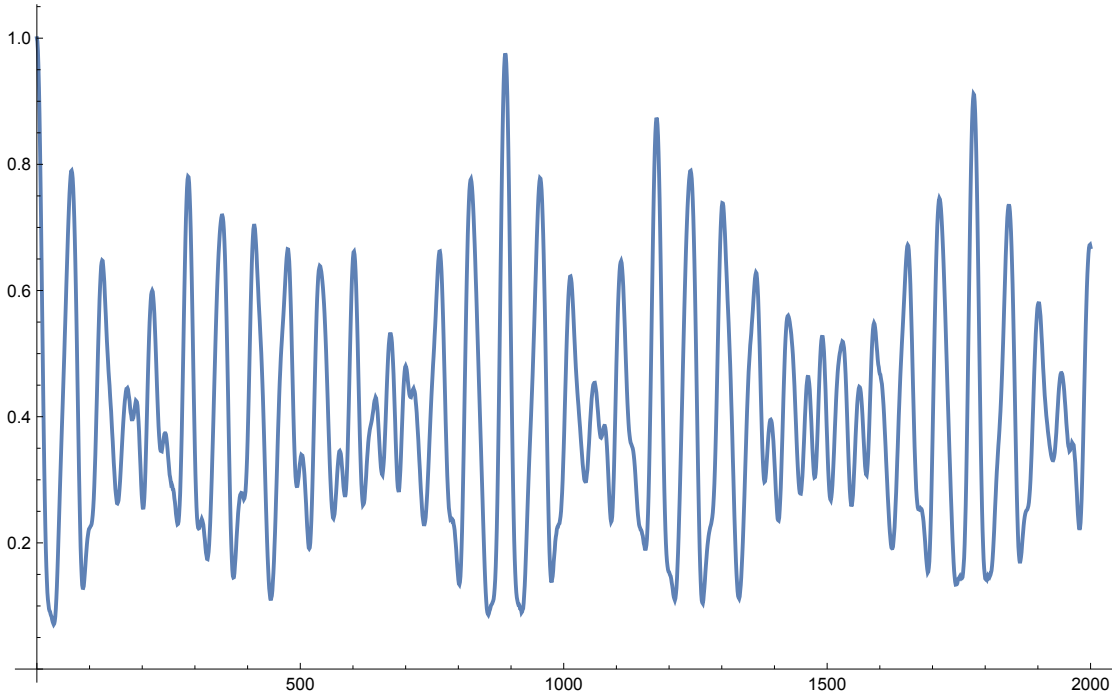
Oscillator Expected Position

```
In[65]:= stateVector[t_] := MatrixExp[-I * Htot * t, psi0Vec];
tMax = 2000;
tRange = Range[0, tMax, 1.0];
psi = ParallelTable[stateVector[t], {t, tRange}];
(*xAve=Table[Conjugate[psi[[n]].xM.psi[[n]], {n, Length@tRange}];
ListLinePlot[{tRange, xAve//Re} // Transpose, ImageSize -> Large]*)
```

Expected Excited State Populations

```
In[78]:= pExcited1 = excitedStateProjection[1];
exAve1 = Table[Conjugate[ψs[[n]]].pExcited1.ψs[[n]], {n, Length@tRange}];
ListLinePlot[{tRange, exAve1 // Re} // Transpose, ImageSize → Large]
(*pExcited2 = excitedStateProjection[2];
exAve2=Table[Conjugate[ψs[[n]]].pExcited2.ψs[[n]],{n,Length@tRange}];
ListLinePlot[{tRange,exAve2//Re} //Transpose]*)
```

Out[80]=



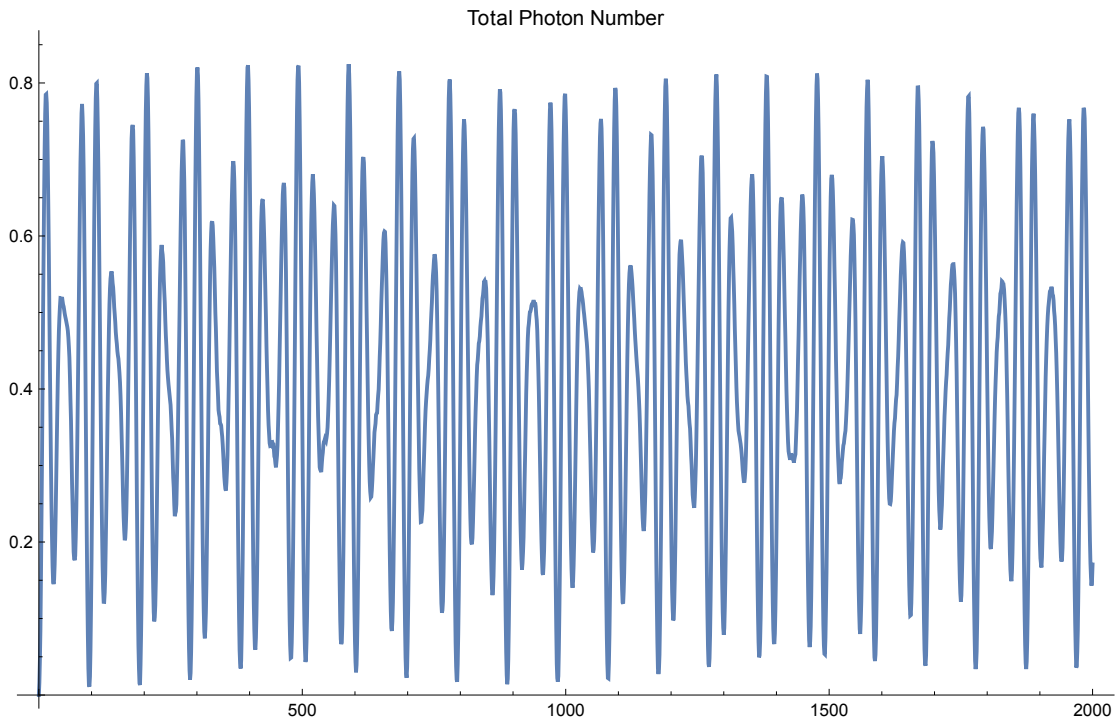
Superradiance

We keep the same initial state, but now we plot the photon emission statistics. We also change our time-scale as needed.

```
In[81]:= aDaggerA = KroneckerProduct[IdentityMatrix[2^K], a†.a];
aDaggerAsr = aDaggerA.aDaggerA;
photons = Table[Conjugate[ψs[[n]]].aDaggerA.ψs[[n]], {n, Length@tRange}];
ListLinePlot[{tRange, photons // Re} // Transpose,
  PlotRange → All, PlotLabel → "Total Photon Number", ImageSize → Large]

newPhotons =
  Table[Conjugate[ψs[[n]]].aDaggerAsr.ψs[[n]], {n, Length@tRange}] - photons^2;
ListLinePlot[{tRange, newPhotons // Re} // Transpose,
  PlotRange → All, PlotLabel → "Photon Variance", ImageSize → Large]
```

Out[84]=



Out[86]=

