



# OLPT and OLAP

## Soda Example



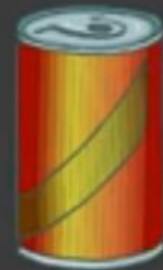
Cola



Cherry



Grape



Lemon-Lime



Munich



Frankfurt



Cologne



Berlin

| Time         | \$ Sales        |
|--------------|-----------------|
| Q3           | \$16,000        |
| Q4           | \$16,000        |
| <b>Total</b> | <b>\$32,000</b> |

| Product      | \$ Sales        |
|--------------|-----------------|
| Cola         | \$8,000         |
| Cherry       | \$8,000         |
| Grape        | \$8,000         |
| Lemon-Lime   | \$8,000         |
| <b>Total</b> | <b>\$32,000</b> |

| Geography    | \$ Sales        |
|--------------|-----------------|
| Munich       | \$8,000         |
| Frankfurt    | \$8,000         |
| Cologne      | \$8,000         |
| Berlin       | \$8,000         |
| <b>Total</b> | <b>\$32,000</b> |

# Soda Example

|              |                 | Munich         | Frankfurt      | Cologne        | Berlin         | Total           |
|--------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Q3           | Cola            | \$ -           | \$ -           | \$2,500        | \$1,500        | \$4,000         |
|              | Cherry          | \$ -           | \$ -           | \$2,000        | \$2,000        | \$4,000         |
|              | Grape           | \$1,000        | \$3,000        | \$ -           | \$ -           | \$4,000         |
|              | Lem-Lime        | \$2,000        | \$2,000        | \$ -           | \$ -           | \$4,000         |
|              | <b>Total Q3</b> | <b>\$3,000</b> | <b>\$5,000</b> | <b>\$4,500</b> | <b>\$3,500</b> | <b>\$16,000</b> |
| Q4           | Cola            | \$4,000        | \$ -           | \$ -           | \$ -           | \$4,000         |
|              | Cherry          | \$1,000        | \$3,000        | \$ -           | \$ -           | \$4,000         |
|              | Grape           | \$ -           | \$ -           | \$1,500        | \$2,500        | \$4,000         |
|              | Lem-Line        | \$ -           | \$ -           | \$2,000        | \$2,000        | \$4,000         |
|              | <b>Total Q4</b> | <b>\$5,000</b> | <b>\$3,000</b> | <b>\$3,500</b> | <b>\$4,500</b> | <b>\$16,000</b> |
| <b>Total</b> |                 | <b>\$8,000</b> | <b>\$8,000</b> | <b>\$8,000</b> | <b>\$8,000</b> | <b>\$32,000</b> |

# Multidimensional Analysis

- ⦿ Intuitive way for people with business training to analyze data
  - Natural
  - Easy
  - Effective
- ⦿ Difficult to get data into a format that supports multidimensional analysis

# Operational Databases

- Where did our data come from?
  - Lots of individual shoppers buying a soda
  - Each transaction stored in database designed to store checkout transactions
- **Operational Database**: supports the day-to-day operations of a company
- Data in operational databases can't easily be analyzed

# Operational Databases

- Core operational database functionality:
  - Gather data
  - Update data
  - Store data
  - Retrieve data
  - Archive data

# Operational Databases

- **OLTP**: Online Transaction Processing



# OLTP Example

## ● Buying toothpaste at Target:

1. You place toothpaste on conveyor belt
2. Cashier swipes barcode over POS scanner
3. POS system looks up price of toothpaste
4. POS totals cost of transaction + tax
5. POS prompts for payment
6. You swipe debit card and enter PIN
7. POS system xfers cost of toothpaste from your bank account to Target's account
8. POS generates receipt and cashier bags

# Key OLTP Characteristics

- Processes a transaction according to rules
- Performs all elements of a transaction in real time
- Continually processes multiple transactions

# OLTP Systems

- OLTP systems can be used to answer transactional questions
- Raw transactional data not really useful for business intelligence
- OLTP systems can't be used to answer most analysis questions
  - Can't search, sort, & summarize large numbers of records
  - Can't handle required calculations
  - Negative impact on OLTP system performance

# OLTP Systems

- OLTP systems gather raw data used for multidimensional analysis
- Raw data has to be converted into something suitable for analysis
- Converting raw data to something useful isn't easy