6. Implement Greedy search algorithm for Kruskal's Minimal Spanning Tree Algorithm

```
import java.io.*;
import java.lang.*;
import java.util.*;
class KruskalsMST11 {
      class Edge implements Comparable<Edge> {
            int src, dest, weight;
            public int compareTo(Edge compareEdge) {
                  return this.weight - compareEdge.weight;
      };
      class subset {
            int parent, rank;
      private int V, E;
      private Edge edge[];
      KruskalsMST11(int v, int e, int graph[][]) {
            this.V = v;
            this.E = e;
            this.edge = new Edge[E];
        int i = -1;
            for (int x = 0; x < v; x++)
            for (int y = x; y < v; y++)</pre>
                if (graph[x][y] != 0) {
                    edge[++i] = new Edge();
                    edge[i].src = x;
                    edge[i].dest = y;
                    edge[i].weight = graph[x][y];
                }
      int find(subset subsets[], int i) {
            if (subsets[i].parent != i)
                  subsets[i].parent = find(subsets, subsets[i].parent);
            return subsets[i].parent;
      void Union(subset subsets[], int x, int y) {
            int xroot = find(subsets, x);
            int yroot = find(subsets, y);
            if (subsets[xroot].rank < subsets[yroot].rank)</pre>
                  subsets[xroot].parent = yroot;
            else if (subsets[xroot].rank > subsets[yroot].rank)
                  subsets[yroot].parent = xroot;
            else {
                  subsets[yroot].parent = xroot;
                  subsets[xroot].rank++;
            }
      void KruskalMSTf() {
            Edge result[] = new Edge[V];
            int e = 0, i = 0;
```

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for (i = 0; i < V; ++i)</pre>
                  result[i] = new Edge();
            Arrays.sort(edge);
            subset subsets[] = new subset[V];
            for (i = 0; i < V; ++i)</pre>
                  subsets[i] = new subset();
            for (int v = 0; v < V; ++v) {
                  subsets[v].parent = v;
                  subsets[v].rank = 0;
            i = 0;
            while (e < V - 1) {
                   Edge next edge = edge[i++];
                   int x = find(subsets, next edge.src);
                   int y = find(subsets, next edge.dest);
                   if (x != y) {
                         result[e++] = next edge;
                         Union(subsets, x, y);
                   }
            }
            System.out.println("\n\nKruskal's Minimum Spanning
Tree:\nEdge \tWeight");
            int minimumCost = 0;
            for (i = 0; i < e; ++i) {</pre>
                  System.out.printf("%d -- %d == %d\n", result[i].src,
result[i].dest, result[i].weight);
                  minimumCost += result[i].weight;
        System.out.printf("Minimum Cost: %d", minimumCost);
      public static void main(String ar[])
            // A2.jpg
                         int graph[][] = new int[][] {
                         \{0, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 8, 0\},\
                         \{4, 0, 8, 0, 0, 0, 0, 11, 0\},\
                         { 0, 8, 0, 7, 0, 4, 0, 0, 2},
                         \{0, 0, 7, 0, 9, 14, 0, 0, 0\},\
                         \{0, 0, 0, 9, 0, 10, 0, 0, 0\},\
                         \{0, 0, 4, 14, 10, 0, 2, 0, 0\},\
                         \{0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 2, 0, 1, 6\},\
                         { 8,11, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 7},
                         \{0, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 6, 7, 0\}
                     };
                         KruskalsMST11 kruskalsMST = new KruskalsMST11(9,
14, graph);
                         kruskalsMST.KruskalMSTf();
```