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*

Open

Check

Close → Backtrack

Backtracking → Trying out all possibilities.

Q. Print all N digit numbers using $\{1, 2\}$
 \uparrow
 Input

$N=1$ — $\frac{1}{2}$

$N=3$ — — — 111

112

121

$N=2$ — — 11

122

12

211

21

212

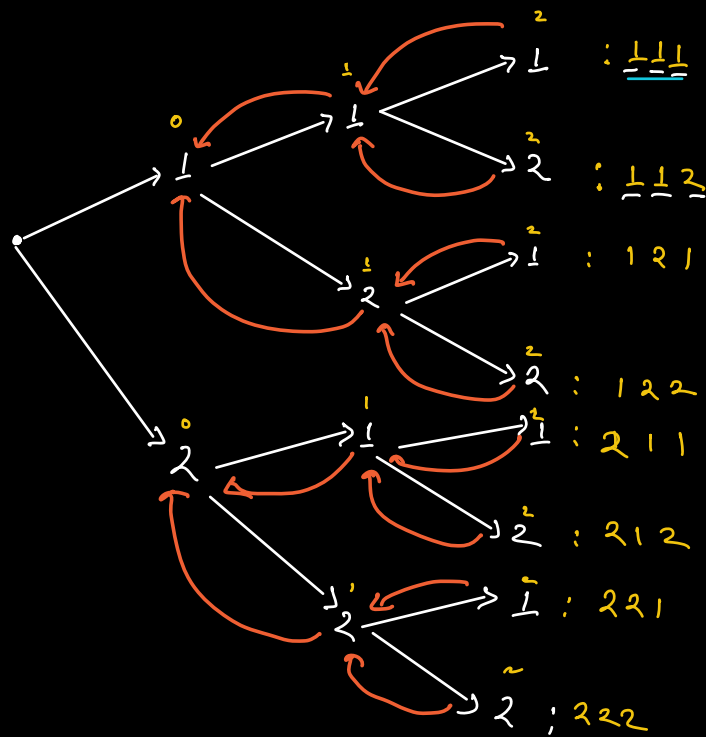
22

221

222

$\frac{2}{0} \quad \frac{1}{1} \quad \frac{2}{2}$

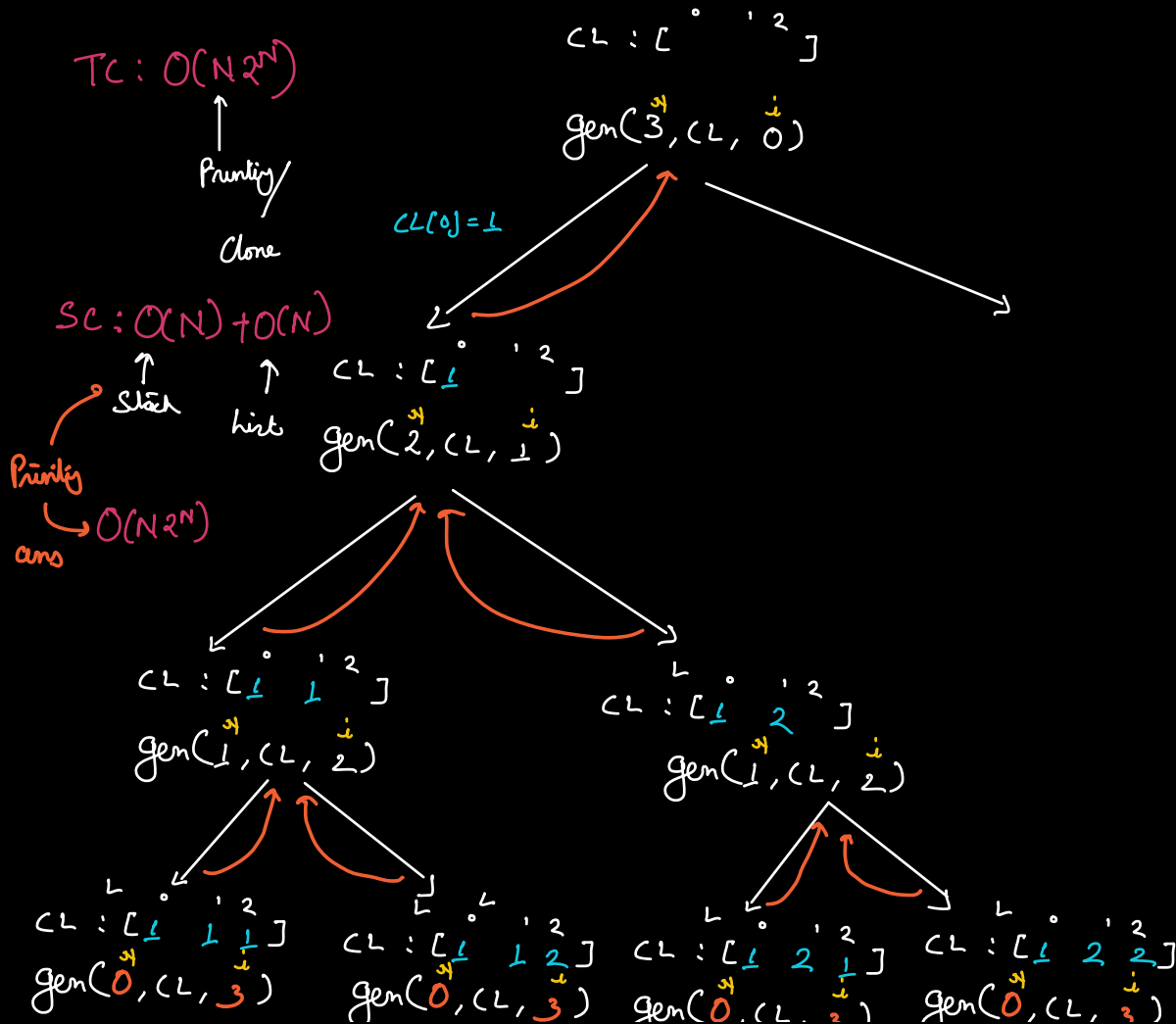
$\left[\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{array} \right]$
 \uparrow



```

void generate (N, size → N cumhist, index) {
    if (N == 0) {
        Print cum hist;  $\Rightarrow O(N)$ 
        return;
    }
    cumhist[index] = 1;
    generate (N-1, cumhist, index+1);
    cumhist[index] = 2;
    generate (N-1, cumhist, index+1);
}

```



Q Generate/Print all N digit numbers using {1, 2, 3, 4, 5}

```
void generate (cumList[], N, index) {  
    if (N == index) {  
        Print cumList,  $\Rightarrow O(N)$   
        ret;  
    }  
  
    cumList[index] = 1;  
    generate (cumList, N, index + 1);  
  
    cumList[index] = 2;  
    generate (cumList, N, index + 1);  
  
    cumList[index] = 3;  
    generate (cumList, N, index + 1);  
  
    cumList[index] = 4;  
    generate (cumList, N, index + 1);  
  
    cumList[index] = 5;  
    generate (cumList, N, index + 1);  
}
```

```
for (i = 1; i <= 5; i++) {  
    cumList[index] = i;  
    generate (cumList, N, index + 1);  
}
```

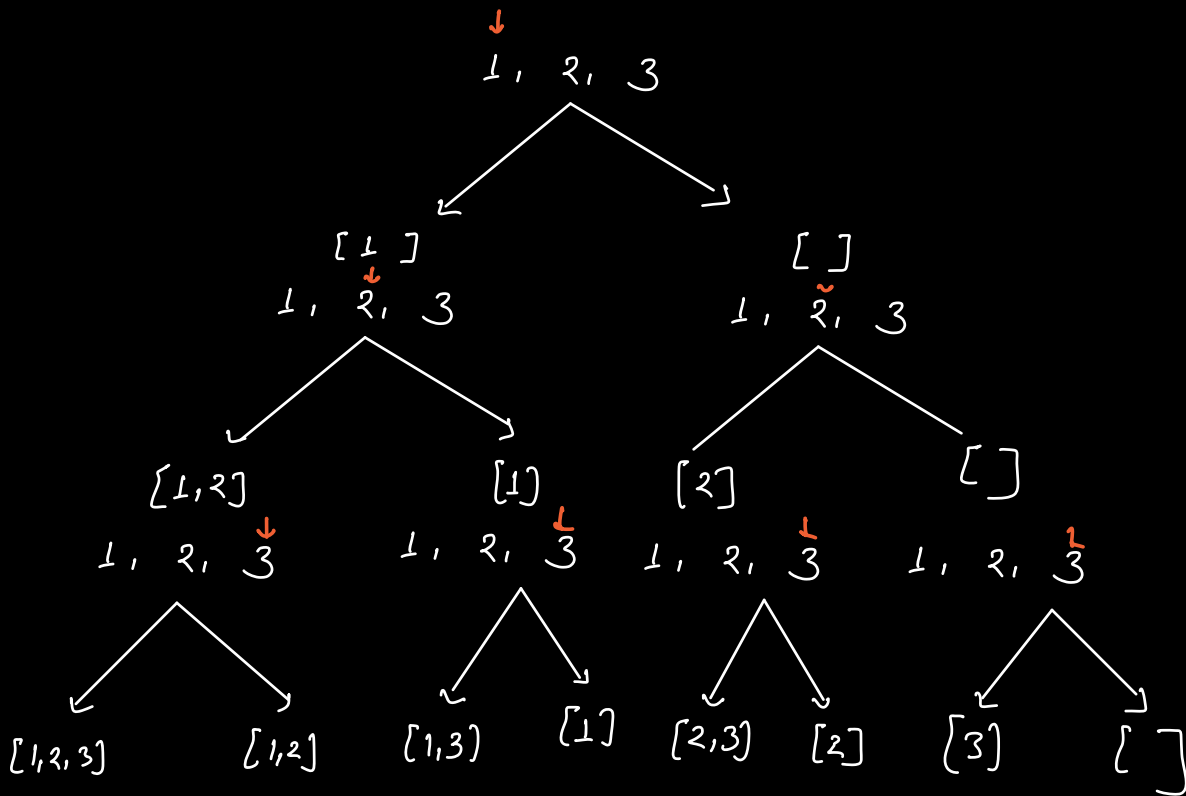
TC : $O(N 5^N)$

SC \rightarrow HW

Q Generate all subsets of an array.

A: $[1, 2, 3] \longrightarrow$

- $[]$
- $[1]$
- $[1, 2]$
- $[1, 2, 3]$
- $[1, 3]$
- $[2]$
- $[2, 3]$
- $[3]$



Q Count the no. of subsets with sum = k.

MS

Amazon

Intuit

A: [5, 2, 7] K = 7

Intermed
↳ Mock Int
Pramp

↓
[2, 0, 0, 0]

K = 2

```
int CountSubsetSum ( A[], K, index, cumSum) {  
    if (index == A.length) {  
        if (cumSum == K)  
            ret 1;  
        else ret 0;  
    }  
    cumSum = cumSum + A[index];  
    int x = CountSubsetSum ( A, K, index+1, cumSum),  
    cumSum = cumSum - A[index];  
    int y = CountSubsetSum ( A, K, index+1, cumSum),  
    ret x+y;  
}
```

Q Given an array. Print all the permutations.
(with distinct no)

A : 1, 2, 4
N

0	1	2
1	2	4
1	4	2
2	1	4
2	4	1
4	1	2
4	2	1

N!