# Lab 3 – Metasploitable VM and Familiarity with Kali Seneca | school of information and communications technology

# Linux

NAME – Student ID	COURSE CODE	WEIGHT
Click or tap here to enter text.	CYT130	5%

## **Homework Objectives**

Upon completion of this homework, you will be able to perform the following:

- Install Metasploitable2 Virtual Machine (VM);
- Kali Linux commands;

#### **Lab Materials**

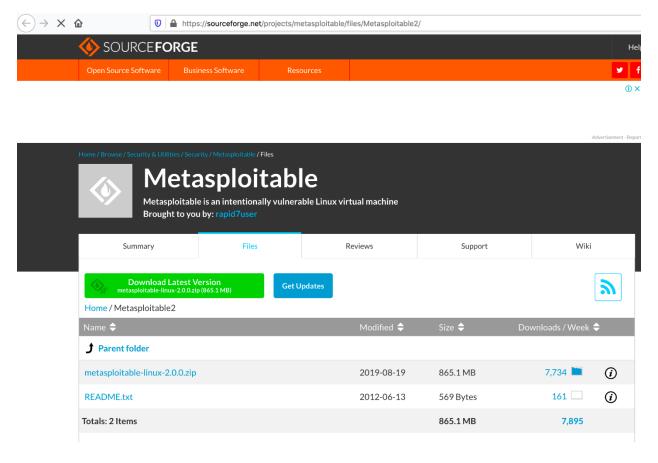
- VMWare Workstation Pro
- Metasploitable2 VM;
- Kali Linux

#### **Lab Instructions**

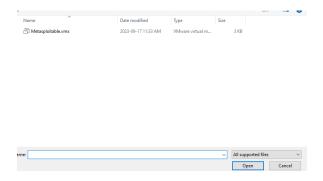
- Donwload and import Metasploitable VM;
- Enter your name and student ID above (Example: Michael Smith 3683xxxx);
- Answer questions and add screenshots into the corresponding questions;
- Save the file on your computer for future reference;
- Save this file again as a ".pdf" file;
- Submit the PDF file with <<u>yourname>\_<student ID>\_Lab\_3</u> for grading.

## Part 1: Download and Import Metasploitable VM

- 1. *Metasploitable2* is an intentionally vulnerable Linux virtual machine. We will use it to conduct security training, test security tools, and practice common penetration and ethical hacking techniques.
- 2. Head to <u>SourceForge</u> web site, click the **Download Latest Version** button to download the VM image for Metasploitable2.



- Once the file is downloaded unzip it to your external SSD when you keep your other VMs.
- Open VMWare Workstation and click the File, and then Open. Navigate to the location where you stored the unzipped VM, and choose the file Metaploitable.vmx.



- Once the VM is open, make sure that it's network adaptor is connected to NAT, and then click **Power on this virtual machine**. If asked "This virtual machine might have been moved or copied", choose **I Mover It**.
- Login into Measploitable with user msfadmin and a password msfadmin.

Never expose this VM to an untrusted network (use **NAT**, or **Host-only** mode for the network interface)!

### Part 2: Checking Lab Setup

1. After logging in, type the following command:

```
msfadmin@metasploitable:~$ ifconfig
        eth0
         UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1
         RX packets:41 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
         TX packets:70 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
         collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000
         RX bytes:4361 (4.2 KB) TX bytes:7084 (6.9 KB)
         Interrupt:17 Base address:0x2000
         Link encap:Local Loopback
lo
         inet addr:127.0.0.1 Mask:255.0.0.0
         inet6 addr: ::1/128 Scope:Host
         UP LOOPBACK RUNNING MTU:16436 Metric:1
         RX packets:96 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
         TX packets:96 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
         collisions:0 txqueuelen:0
         RX bytes:21437 (20.9 KB) TX bytes:21437 (20.9 KB)
msfadmin@metasploitable:~$
```

- 2. Find IP address for the **eth0** network interface. In the above example, the IP address is 192.168.29.141. It may be different in your environment.
- Check that your Kali VM network card is also set to be connected to NAT.
- 4. Start your Kali Linux VM.

- 5. Login into *Kali Linux* with the username and password that you have setup in lab
- 6. Open **Terminal Emulator** and find the IP address of your Kali VM using **ifconfig** command.
- 7. Check the connectivity of your Kali VM to the Metasploitable VM using the following command: ping -c 3 192.168.29.141 (change the IP address to the IP address of you metasploitable machine that you found in step 2)

```
(kali® kali)-[~]
$ ping -c 3 192.168.29.141

PING 192.168.29.141 (192.168.29.141) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 192.168.29.141: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.348 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.29.141: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.259 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.29.141: icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.270 ms

— 192.168.29.141 ping statistics —
3 packets transmitted, 3 received, 0% packet loss, time 2037ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.259/0.292/0.348/0.039 ms

(kali® kali)-[~]
```

8. Ping *Kali* from *Metasploitable*. Make sure that both machines can "see" each other.

```
msfadmin@metasploitable:~$ ping -c 3 192.168.29.129
PING 192.168.29.129 (192.168.29.129) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 192.168.29.129: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.194 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.29.129: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.211 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.29.129: icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.234 ms
--- 192.168.29.129 ping statistics ---
3 packets transmitted, 3 received, 0% packet loss, time 1998ms
rtt min/aug/max/mdev = 0.194/0.213/0.234/0.016 ms
msfadmin@metasploitable:~$ _
```

#### Part 3: Proof of Lab

- 1. Take a screenshot of your *ping* command output on *Metasploitable VM* (Host + e) and insert it in the form below (See step #7 from the previous section).
- 2. Answer the following questions:
  - a. What is the ping command in Unix
  - b. What is the ping command on Windows
  - c. Show the command used to ping 5 times in Unix
  - d. Show the command used to show IP address in Unix
- 3. On your Kali Linux machine
  - a. Create a new directory called "Week 3" (take screenshot)
  - b. Create a new file using "touch"
  - c. Navigate to "Week\_3" and start recording your script to "<name>\_script.txt". The recorded script must include (please include your commands in the screenshots):
    - i. Ping to your metasploitable 2 machine
    - ii. What is NMAP?
    - iii. Run NMAP (Ping scan) Google for "Nmap ping scan" and output the result to "NMAP.txt"

Click or tap here to enter text.

# Part 4: Submit your Lab



- Doublecheck all your answers.
- Save the file on your computer for future reference.
- Save the file again as a ".pdf" file.
- Submit the PDF file for grading.