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In [1]: import random
import math
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
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In [3]: pi = 3.14
def objective_function(x):
    #Format to input the objective function
    #x = x[0]
    #y = x[1]
    #z = x[2]
    y = x[0]**4 + 4*(x[0]**3) + 4*(x[0]**2) + (x[2]**2) - 2*(x[2]) - 20*math.e
    xp(-0.2*x[1]) - math.exp(math.cos(pi*x[1])) + 21
    return y
```

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In [4]: bounds=[(-10,10),(-10,10),(-10,10)]    # upper and lower bounds of variables
#First Index Location for x bounds
#Second Index Location for Y Bounds
#Third Index Location for Z Bounds
nv = 3                # number of variables
# if minimization problem, mm = -1; if maximization problem, mm = 1
mm = -1

# THE FOLLOWING PARAMETERS ARE OPTINAL.
particle_size=100      # number of particles
iterations=200         # max number of iterations
w=0.85                # inertia constant
c1=1                   # cognitive constant
c2=2                   # social constant
```

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In [5]: class Particle:
    def __init__(self,bounds):
        self.particle_position=[]           # particle position
        self.particle_velocity=[]          # particle velocity
        self.local_best_particle_position=[] # best position of the p
article
        self.fitness_local_best_particle_position= initial_fitness # initial
objective function value of the best particle position
        self.fitness_particle_position=initial_fitness             # objective
function value of the particle position

        for i in range(nv):
            self.particle_position.append(random.uniform(bounds[i][0],bounds[i
][1])) # generate random initial position
            self.particle_velocity.append(random.uniform(-1,1)) # generate ran
dom initial velocity

        def evaluate(self,objective_function):
            self.fitness_particle_position=objective_function(self.particle_positi
on)
            if mm == -1:
                if self.fitness_particle_position < self.fitness_local_best_partic
le_position:
                    self.local_best_particle_position=self.particle_position
# update the local best
                    self.fitness_local_best_particle_position=self.fitness_particl
e_position # update the fitness of the local best
            if mm == 1:
                if self.fitness_particle_position > self.fitness_local_best_partic
le_position:
                    self.local_best_particle_position=self.particle_position
# update the local best
                    self.fitness_local_best_particle_position=self.fitness_particl
e_position # update the fitness of the local best

        def update_velocity(self,global_best_particle_position):
            for i in range(nv):
                r1=random.random()
                r2=random.random()

                cognitive_velocity = c1*r1*(self.local_best_particle_position[i] -
self.particle_position[i])
                social_velocity = c2*r2*(global_best_particle_position[i] - self.p
article_position[i])
                self.particle_velocity[i] = w*self.particle_velocity[i]+ cognitive
_velocity + social_velocity

        def update_position(self,bounds):
            for i in range(nv):
                self.particle_position[i]=self.particle_position[i]+self.particle_
velocity[i]

                # check and repair to satisfy the upper bounds
                if self.particle_position[i]>bounds[i][1]:
                    self.particle_position[i]=bounds[i][1]
                # check and repair to satisfy the lower bounds

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if self.particle_position[i] < bounds[i][0]:
    self.particle_position[i]=bounds[i][0]

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In [6]: class PSO():
        def __init__(self,objective_function,bounds,particle_size,iterations):

            fitness_global_best_particle_position=initial_fitness
            global_best_particle_position=[]

            swarm_particle=[]
            for i in range(particle_size):
                swarm_particle.append(Particle(bounds))
            A=[]

            for i in range(iterations):
                for j in range(particle_size):
                    swarm_particle[j].evaluate(objective_function)

                    if mm ==-1:
                        if swarm_particle[j].fitness_particle_position < fitness_g
lobal_best_particle_position:
                            global_best_particle_position = list(swarm_particle[j]
.particle_position)
                            fitness_global_best_particle_position = float(swarm_pa
rticle[j].fitness_particle_position)
                        if mm ==1:
                            if swarm_particle[j].fitness_particle_position > fitness_g
lobal_best_particle_position:
                                    global_best_particle_position = list(swarm_particle[j]
.particle_position)
                                    fitness_global_best_particle_position = float(swarm_pa
rticle[j].fitness_particle_position)
                    for j in range(particle_size):
                        swarm_particle[j].update_velocity(global_best_particle_positio
n)

                        swarm_particle[j].update_position(bounds)

                    A.append(fitness_global_best_particle_position) # record the best
fitness

                    print('Optimal solution:', global_best_particle_position)
                    print('Objective function value:', fitness_global_best_particle_positi
on)

                    print('Evolutionary process of the objective function value:')
                    plt.plot(A)

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In [7]: if mm == -1:
        initial_fitness = float("inf") # for minimization problem
        #if mm == 1:
        #initial_fitness = -float("inf") # for maximization problem

```

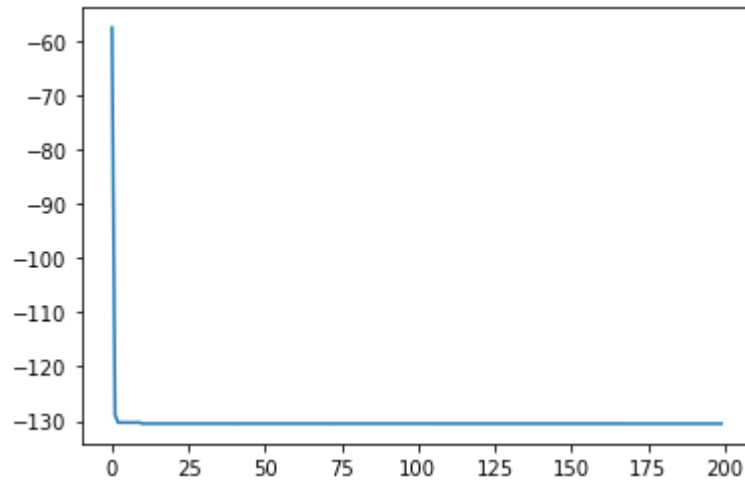
```
In [8]: # Main PSO  
PSO(objective_function,bounds,particle_size,iterations)
```

Optimal solution: [-2.0001142030897783, -10, 0.9994200975232187]

Objective function value: -130.49905869548613

Evolutionary process of the objective function value:

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Out[8]: <__main__.PSO at 0x1c2f2b2deb0>
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In [ ]:
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