Project 6 • Graded

2 Days, 13 Hours Late

Student

Ishan Mukherjee

Total Points

90 / 100 pts

Autograder Score

80.0 / 80.0

Passed Tests

Test 1

Test 2

Test 3

Test 4

Test 5

Test 6

Manual review P10 / 20 pts

- → + 6 pts "nodes.cpp" --- Nodes::find() updated to search
 MapNodes using map's .find() method
- → + 1 pt "footway.cpp" header comment has description
- → + 1 pt "footway.cpp" header comment has name
 - + 1 pt "footway.cpp" header comment school, course, etc.

Commenting of "footway.cpp"

- → 4 pts every function has a header comment, and some commenting within as appropriate
 - + 2 pts some commenting / header comments, but not complete
 - + 1 pt minimal commenting
 - + 0 pts no commenting
- → + 1 pt "footways.cpp" header comment has description
- → + 1 pt "footways.cpp" header comment has name
 - + 1 pt "footways.cpp" header comment school, course, etc.

Commenting of "footways.cpp"

- → 4 pts every function has a header comment, and some commenting within as appropriate
 - + 2 pts some commenting / header comments, but not complete
 - + 1 pt minimal commenting
 - + 0 pts no commenting
- **8 pts** late submission penalty

Autograder Results

Autograder Output

```
****************************
** Running lizard to analyze coding style, looking to see if functions **
** exceed 100 lines of code, which is considered too long...
** We are also using lizard to identify nested loops, which are not
** allowed...
**
                                **
** If you see no warnings below, all is well.
*************************
******************
This is submission #4
Submitted @ 13:30 on 2024-2-26 (Chicago time)
Submission history:
Submission #3: score=40, submitted @ 13:22 on 2024-2-26 (Chicago time)
Submission #2: score=-1, submitted @ 23:57 on 2024-2-25 (Chicago time)
Submission #1: score=-1, submitted @ 23:46 on 2024-2-25 (Chicago time)
Total # of valid submissions so far: 1
# of valid submissions since midnight: 1
# of minutes since last valid submission: 8
******************
You have 1 submission this 24-hr period.
***********************
** Number of Submissions This Time Period
************************
This is submission #2 in current time period
You are allowed a total of 4 submissions per 24-hr time period.
*************************
*************************
** Test Number: 1 **
** Test Input:
nu.osm
$
** Your output (first 600 lines) **
** NU open street map **
```

```
Enter map filename>
# of nodes: 15070
# of buildings: 103
# of footways: 686
Enter building name (partial or complete), or * to list, or $ to end>
** Done **
***************
** Your program generated the correct outputs, **
** well done! The last step is to run valgrind, **
** which runs your program again to look for **
** memory errors and memory leaks...
************
** Well done, no memory errors! **
** End of Test 1 **
**********************
**********************
** Test Number: 2 **
** Test Input:
nu.osm
Plant
$
** Your output (first 600 lines) **
** NU open street map **
Enter map filename>
# of nodes: 15070
# of buildings: 103
# of footways: 686
Enter building name (partial or complete), or * to list, or $ to end>
33908908: Annie May Swift Hall, 1920 Campus Drive
33908911: Norris University Center, 1999 Campus Drive
```

33908912: Pick-Staiger Concert Hall, 50 Arts Circle Drive

```
33908919: Fisk Hall, 1845 Sheridan Road
33908921: Locy Hall, 1850 Campus Drive
33908926: Harris Hall, 1881 Sheridan Road
33908928: University Hall, 1897 Sheridan Road
33908930: Lunt Hall, 2033 Sheridan Road
33908933: Loder Hall, 2121 Sheridan Road
33908935: Allen Center, 2169 Campus Drive
33908936: Pancoe-ENH Life Sciences Pavilion, 2200 Campus Drive
35598594: Northwestern University Technological Institute, 2145 Sheridan Road
42701585: Blomquist Recreation Center, 617 Foster Street
42701586: Annenberg Hall, 2120 Campus Drive
42701676: Scott Hall-Cahn Auditorium,
42702015: Searle Hall, 633 Emerson Street
42702286: Ford Design Center, 2133 Sheridan Road
42702397: Levere Memorial Temple, 1856 Sheridan Road
42702792: Music Practice Building, 1823 Sherman Avenue
42702794: Music Administration Building, 711 Elgin Road
42702796: Office of Human Resources, 720 University Place
42702797: Lutkin Hall, 700 University Place
42702830: Rebecca Crown Center, 633 Clark Street
42702844: , 619 Clark Street
42702935: , 1808 Chicago Avenue
42702938: , 1810-1812 Chicago Avenue
42702940: University Relations, 555 Clark Street
42702947: , 1809 Chicago Avenue
42702948: , 1815 Chicago Avenue
42702957: Admissions and Financial Aid, 1801 Hinman Avenue
42703496: Catalysis Center, 2137 Tech Drive
42703497: Dearborn Observatory, 2131 Tech Drive
42703498: Ryan Hall, 2190 Campus Drive
42703499: Hogan Biological Sciences Building, 2205 Tech Drive
42703540: Cook Hall, 2220 Campus Drive
42703541: Seeley G. Mudd Science and Engineering Library, 2233 Tech Drive
42703542: Frances Searle Building, 2240 Campus Drive
42703696: . 600-610 Lincoln Street
42703697: Patten Gymnasium, 2407 Sheridan Road
42703716: Alice Millar Chapel, 1870 Sheridan Road
42703717: Parkes Hall, 1870 Sheridan Road
42703833: , 619 Emerson Street
42703834: Chambers Hall, 600 Foster Street
42706482: , 1922 Sheridan Road
42706483: , 1918 Sheridan Road
42706484: , 1914 Sheridan Road
42706485: , 1908 Sheridan Road
42706489: Buffett Institute, 1902 Sheridan Road
42706490: , 1940 Sheridan Road
42706491: , 1936 Sheridan Road
42706492: Program in Geography and Department of Sociology, 515 Clark Street
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42706493: Anthropology Department, 1810 Hinman Avenue

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42706494: , 1812 Hinman Avenue
42706495: , 1818 Hinman Avenue
42706497: , 1819 Hinman Avenue
42706498: , 1813 Hinman Avenue
42706499: Alumni Center, 1800 Sheridan Road
42706552: Statistics Department, 2006 Sheridan Road
42706553: , 2000 Sheridan Road
42706554: , 2010 Sheridan Road
42706555: , 2016 Sheridan Road
42706563: Fiedler Hillel, 629 Foster Street
42706571: , 618 Library Place
42706572: , 620 Library Place
42706573: , 626 Library Place
42708314: , 627 Dartmouth Place
42708315: , 617 Dartmouth Place
42708316: , 630 Dartmouth Place
42708323: Delta Chi Fraternity, 619 Colfax Street
42708324: , 625 Colfax Street
42708325: , 629 Colfax Street
42708357: , 621-623 Garrett Place
42708369: , 605-615 Garrett Place
53160129: Silverman Hall, 2150 Campus Drive
53160796: Cresap Laboratory, 2021 Sheridan Road
116713965: Shanley Hall, 2031 Sheridan Road
151311271: Kresge Hall, 1880 Campus Drive
165094354: Jacobs Center,
175187764: Northwestern University Library, 1970 Campus Drive
182668630: Seabury-Western Theological Seminary, 600 Haven Street
182668876: Roycemore, 640 Lincoln Street
214618498: Crowe Hall, 1860 Campus Drive
214618504: Deering Library, 1937 Sheridan Road
214618520: Swift Hall, 2029 Sheridan Road
214630813: McCormick Foundation Center, 1870 Campus Drive
220670539: Central Utility Plant, 2026 Campus Drive
249758350: .
249758351: Main, 2121 Sheridan Road
249758352: Lesemann Hall, 2121 Sheridan Road
249758354: Pfeiffer Hall.
275849772: Patrick G. and Shirley W. Ryan Center for the Musical Arts, 70 Arts Circle Drive
275851101: Segal Visitors Center/Parking Garage, 1841 Sheridan Road
275854464: Henry Crown Sports Pavilion and Aquatic Center, 2311 North Campus Drive
275854486: Regenstein Hall of Music, 60 Arts Circle Drive
466698283: Kellogg Global Hub, 2211 Campus Drive
768687038: Walter Athletics Center, 2255 Campus Drive
913835914: NU SafeRide, 630 Lincoln Street
913835915: Northwestern Career Advancement, 620 Lincoln Street
942642224: Canterbury House, 2010 Orrington Avenue
950303735: , 617 Noyes Street
950303736: , 629 Noyes Street
```

```
1002826076: , 2040 Sheridan Road
1002826078: , 2046 Sheridan Road
Enter building name (partial or complete), or * to list, or $ to end>
Central Utility Plant
Address: 2026 Campus Drive
Building ID: 220670539
Nodes: 12
2297602928: (42.0553, -87.6747)
2240259811: (42.0553, -87.6745)
4733222571: (42.0553, -87.6745)
4733222570: (42.0553, -87.6745)
4733222569: (42.0552, -87.6744)
4733222568: (42.0553, -87.6744)
2297602927: (42.0553, -87.6743)
2297602921: (42.0543, -87.6743)
4771946961: (42.0543, -87.6745)
2297602922: (42.0543, -87.6747)
4771946960: (42.0544, -87.6747)
2297602928: (42.0553, -87.6747)
Footways that intersect: 0
None
Enter building name (partial or complete), or * to list, or $ to end>
** Done **
***************
** Your program generated the correct outputs, **
** well done! The last step is to run valgrind, **
** which runs your program again to look for **
** memory errors and memory leaks...
*************
** Well done, no memory errors! **
** End of Test 2 **
***********************
************************
** Test Number: 3 **
** Test Input:
nu.osm
```

```
Library
$
** Your output (first 600 lines) **
** NU open street map **
Enter map filename>
# of nodes: 15070
# of buildings: 103
# of footways: 686
Enter building name (partial or complete), or * to list, or $ to end>
Seeley G. Mudd Science and Engineering Library
Address: 2233 Tech Drive
Building ID: 42703541
Nodes: 14
533996670: (42.0586, -87.6747)
533996671: (42.0585, -87.6741)
533996672: (42.0583, -87.6741)
533996673: (42.0582, -87.6739)
533996674: (42.0581, -87.6738)
4838815124: (42.0581, -87.6737)
9119071427: (42.058, -87.6738)
9119071426: (42.0579, -87.6738)
2240260053: (42.0579, -87.6738)
2240260054: (42.0579, -87.6739)
533996668: (42.0579, -87.6739)
533996675: (42.0579, -87.6741)
533996669: (42.0579, -87.6747)
533996670: (42.0586, -87.6747)
Footways that intersect: 2
Footway 376278372
Footway 986532630
Northwestern University Library
Address: 1970 Campus Drive
Building ID: 175187764
Nodes: 268
1765700629: (42.0531, -87.675)
4826014896: (42.0531, -87.675)
1765700632: (42.0531, -87.6749)
1696287075: (42.0531, -87.6749)
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4826014898: (42.0532, -87.6748), is entrance
1696287077: (42.0532, -87.6748)
1696287081: (42.0531, -87.6747)
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4701566938: (42.053, -87.6747)
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1765982850: (42.0528, -87.6747)
4701566948: (42.0529, -87.6747)
4701566947: (42.0529, -87.6747)
4701566946: (42.0529, -87.6747)
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4701566944: (42.0529, -87.6747)
1765982852: (42.0529, -87.6747)
1765982813: (42.0529, -87.6748)
1765982801: (42.053, -87.6747)
```

```
1765982612: (42.053, -87.6748)
4701566940: (42.053, -87.6747)
4701566939: (42.053, -87.6748)
1765700631: (42.053, -87.6748)
1766764561: (42.053, -87.6748), is entrance
388499242: (42.053, -87.6749)
388499241: (42.053, -87.6749)
4701566943: (42.0531, -87.6749)
4701566942: (42.0531, -87.6749)
4789185390: (42.0531, -87.675)
1858212817: (42.0531, -87.675)
1765700629: (42.0531, -87.675)
Footways that intersect: 6
Footway 165094352
Footway 165097189
Footway 484789374
Footway 486247721
Footway 490417332
Footway 1022711124
Deering Library
Address: 1937 Sheridan Road
Building ID: 214618504
Nodes: 25
388499238: (42.0529, -87.6756)
1765700633: (42.0529, -87.6755)
1765700630: (42.0529, -87.6754)
388499239: (42.0529, -87.6754)
388499240: (42.053, -87.6754)
2241227025: (42.053, -87.6752)
4701566941: (42.053, -87.675)
1858212817: (42.0531, -87.675)
1765700629: (42.0531, -87.675)
4775398583: (42.0531, -87.675)
4775398584: (42.0531, -87.675)
4775398585: (42.0533, -87.675)
4775398582: (42.0533, -87.675)
1696287068: (42.0534, -87.675)
4775398588: (42.0534, -87.675)
388499235: (42.0534, -87.6754)
388499236: (42.0535, -87.6754)
1765700636: (42.0535, -87.6754)
1765700634: (42.0535, -87.6755)
388499237: (42.0535, -87.6755)
4825181543: (42.0533, -87.6756)
4777157991: (42.0532, -87.6756), is entrance
1766764787: (42.0532, -87.6756)
2241226604: (42.053, -87.6756)
388499238: (42.0529, -87.6756)
```

Footways that intersect: 1

```
Footway 484968806
Enter building name (partial or complete), or * to list, or $ to end>
** Done **
*************
** Your program generated the correct outputs, **
** well done! The last step is to run valgrind, **
** which runs your program again to look for **
** memory errors and memory leaks...
************
** Well done, no memory errors! **
** End of Test 3 **
**********************
***********************
** Test Number: 4 **
** Test Input:
nu.osm
fred
Tech
Mudd
no such building
Swift
Kresge Hall
Northwestern University Library
** Your output (first 600 lines) **
** NU open street map **
Enter map filename>
# of nodes: 15070
# of buildings: 103
# of footways: 686
Enter building name (partial or complete), or * to list, or $ to end>
No such building
```

Enter building name (partial or complete), or * to list, or \$ to end> Northwestern University Technological Institute Address: 2145 Sheridan Road Building ID: 35598594 Nodes: 42 417225813: (42.0571, -87.6768) 417225814: (42.0576, -87.6768) 417225815: (42.0576, -87.6765) 470330834: (42.0576, -87.6765) 470330835: (42.0576, -87.6763) 417225816: (42.0576, -87.6763) 470330836: (42.0576, -87.6762) 2239483482: (42.0578, -87.6762), is entrance 417225817: (42.058, -87.6762) 470330837: (42.058, -87.6762) 470330838: (42.0581, -87.6762) 470330839: (42.0581, -87.6765) 470330840: (42.058, -87.6765) 417225818: (42.058, -87.6767) 417225819: (42.0585, -87.6767) 417225820: (42.0585, -87.6765) 417225823: (42.0585, -87.6762) 417225824: (42.0585, -87.676) 417225825: (42.0585, -87.676) 417225826: (42.0585, -87.6757) 417225827: (42.0585, -87.6757) 417225828: (42.0585, -87.6749) 417225829: (42.058, -87.6749) 417225830: (42.058, -87.6752) 417225831: (42.058, -87.6752) 417225832: (42.058, -87.6754) 417225833: (42.0581, -87.6754) 417225834: (42.0581, -87.6755) 417225835: (42.0575, -87.6755) 417225836: (42.0575, -87.6754) 417225837: (42.0576, -87.6754) 417225838: (42.0576, -87.6752) 417225839: (42.0576, -87.6752) 417225840: (42.0576, -87.675) 417225841: (42.0571, -87.675) 470330841: (42.0571, -87.6752) 470330842: (42.0571, -87.6752) 417225842: (42.0571, -87.6757) 417225843: (42.0573, -87.6757) 417225844: (42.0573, -87.676) 417225845: (42.0571, -87.676) 417225813: (42.0571, -87.6768) Footways that intersect: 0

None

Enter building name (partial or complete), or * to list, or \$ to end>

Seeley G. Mudd Science and Engineering Library

Address: 2233 Tech Drive Building ID: 42703541

Nodes: 14

533996670: (42.0586, -87.6747)

533996671: (42.0585, -87.6741)

533996672: (42.0583, -87.6741)

533996673: (42.0582, -87.6739)

533996674: (42.0581, -87.6738)

4838815124: (42.0581, -87.6737)

9119071427: (42.058, -87.6738)

9119071426: (42.0579, -87.6738)

2240260053: (42.0579, -87.6738)

2240260054: (42.0579, -87.6739)

533996668: (42.0579, -87.6739)

533996675: (42.0579, -87.6741)

533996669: (42.0579, -87.6747)

533996670: (42.0586, -87.6747)

Footways that intersect: 2

Footway 376278372

Footway 986532630

Enter building name (partial or complete), or * to list, or \$ to end> No such building

Enter building name (partial or complete), or * to list, or \$ to end>

Annie May Swift Hall

Address: 1920 Campus Drive

Building ID: 33908908

Nodes: 11

388499217: (42.0525, -87.6751)

4774714352: (42.0525, -87.6751)

4774714353: (42.0525, -87.6752)

388499218: (42.0522, -87.6752)

4774714360: (42.0522, -87.6751), is entrance

388499219: (42.0522, -87.675)

4774714354: (42.0524, -87.675)

4774714351: (42.0524, -87.675)

388499221: (42.0525, -87.6749)

2241289408: (42.0525, -87.675)

388499217: (42.0525, -87.6751)

Footways that intersect: 1

Footway 214625660

Swift Hall

Address: 2029 Sheridan Road

Building ID: 214618520

Nodes: 25

```
388499477: (42.0554, -87.6752)
2241226890: (42.0554, -87.6748)
2241226786: (42.0552, -87.6748)
2241227063: (42.0552, -87.6749)
2241226843: (42.0551, -87.6749)
4733214485: (42.0551, -87.6748)
4733214484: (42.0551, -87.6748)
4733214483: (42.0551, -87.6748)
2241226991: (42.0551, -87.6748)
4838610206: (42.0551, -87.6748)
2241226853: (42.0551, -87.6748)
2241226799: (42.055, -87.6748)
2241226810: (42.055, -87.6748)
2241226852: (42.055, -87.6748)
2241226682: (42.055, -87.6748)
2241227037: (42.055, -87.6749)
2241226637: (42.0549, -87.6749)
4838610207: (42.0549, -87.6751)
388499486: (42.0549, -87.6751)
2241226898: (42.055, -87.6751)
4838610210: (42.0552, -87.6751)
4838610211: (42.0552, -87.6751)
388499487: (42.0553, -87.6751)
388499488: (42.0553, -87.6752)
388499477: (42.0554, -87.6752)
Footways that intersect: 1
Footway 165097179
Enter building name (partial or complete), or * to list, or $ to end>
Kresge Hall
Address: 1880 Campus Drive
Building ID: 151311271
Nodes: 41
2241226728: (42.0513, -87.6748)
9311073103: (42.0513, -87.6748)
2240103724: (42.0515, -87.6747)
2240103750: (42.0515, -87.6747)
1767033437: (42.0515, -87.6747), is entrance
4775546822: (42.0516, -87.6747)
2240103759: (42.0516, -87.6747)
4774743984: (42.0516, -87.6747)
388499424: (42.0519, -87.6746)
4775546826: (42.0519, -87.6746)
1766764427: (42.0519, -87.6746), is entrance
388499425: (42.0519, -87.6748)
388499426: (42.0517, -87.6749)
388499427: (42.0519, -87.6755)
4774743990: (42.0518, -87.6755)
4774743987: (42.0518, -87.6755)
```

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2241226614: (42.0518, -87.6755)
4774743988: (42.0518, -87.6755)
4774743989: (42.0518, -87.6755)
1641389836: (42.0517, -87.6755)
1641389913: (42.0517, -87.6755)
8726239916: (42.0516, -87.6755)
8726281527: (42.0516, -87.6756), is entrance
8726258817: (42.0516, -87.6756)
4774743976: (42.0515, -87.6756)
4774743977: (42.0516, -87.6756)
4774743978: (42.0515, -87.6756)
4774743974: (42.0515, -87.6755)
4774743975: (42.0515, -87.6755)
4774743973: (42.0515, -87.6755)
1641389895: (42.0515, -87.6755)
4774743972: (42.0515, -87.6755)
1641390023: (42.0516, -87.6754)
4774743981: (42.0516, -87.6754)
4774743980: (42.0516, -87.6754)
4774743979: (42.0517, -87.6754)
1641389761: (42.0515, -87.6749)
9311073104: (42.0515, -87.6749)
4774743983: (42.0515, -87.675)
1641389996: (42.0514, -87.675)
2241226728: (42.0513, -87.6748)
Footways that intersect: 3
Footway 165094328
Footway 165129318
Footway 942358224
Enter building name (partial or complete), or * to list, or $ to end>
Northwestern University Library
Address: 1970 Campus Drive
Building ID: 175187764
Nodes: 268
1765700629: (42.0531, -87.675)
4826014896: (42.0531, -87.675)
1765700632: (42.0531, -87.6749)
1696287075: (42.0531, -87.6749)
1696287050: (42.0532, -87.6749)
4826014898: (42.0532, -87.6748), is entrance
1696287077: (42.0532, -87.6748)
1696287081: (42.0531, -87.6747)
1765982770: (42.053, -87.6747)
4701566937: (42.053, -87.6747)
4701566938: (42.053, -87.6747)
1765982483: (42.053, -87.6747)
1765982528: (42.053, -87.6747)
1765982652: (42.053, -87.6746)
```

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1765982524: (42.053, -87.6746)
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1765982679: (42.053, -87.6744)
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1765982526: (42.053, -87.6743)
1765982533: (42.053, -87.6743)
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4775398573: (42.053, -87.6743)
9134482284: (42.053, -87.6742)
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1765982643: (42.0531, -87.6743)
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4775398568: (42.0532, -87.6742)
4775398567: (42.0532, -87.6742)
4775398566: (42.0532, -87.6742)
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4775398580: (42.0533, -87.6739)
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4775398590: (42.0534, -87.6744)
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4775422687: (42.053, -87.6742)
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4775398571: (42.053, -87.6742)
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4701566962: (42.0526, -87.6744)
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4701566951: (42.0528, -87.6747)
1765982569: (42.0528, -87.6747)
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1765982850: (42.0528, -87.6747)
4701566948: (42.0529, -87.6747)
4701566947: (42.0529, -87.6747)
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1765982807: (42.0529, -87.6748)
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4701566944: (42.0529, -87.6747)
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1765982813: (42.0529, -87.6748)
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1765982612: (42.053, -87.6748)
4701566940: (42.053, -87.6747)
4701566939: (42.053, -87.6748)
```

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1765700631: (42.053, -87.6748)
1766764561: (42.053, -87.6748), is entrance
388499242: (42.053, -87.6749)
388499241: (42.053, -87.6749)
4701566943: (42.0531, -87.6749)
4701566942: (42.0531, -87.6749)
4789185390: (42.0531, -87.675)
1858212817: (42.0531, -87.675)
1765700629: (42.0531, -87.675)
Footways that intersect: 6
Footway 165094352
Footway 165097189
Footway 484789374
Footway 486247721
Footway 490417332
Footway 1022711124
Enter building name (partial or complete), or * to list, or $ to end>
** Done **
****************
** Your program generated the correct outputs, **
** well done! The last step is to run valgrind, **
** which runs your program again to look for **
** memory errors and memory leaks...
**************
** Well done, no memory errors! **
** End of Test 4 **
**********************
**********************
** Test Number: 5 **
** Test Input:
nu.osm
University Hall
Alumni
Annie May
does not exist
Northwestern University Library
Ryan
```

```
lacobs Center
$
** Your output (first 600 lines) **
** NU open street map **
Enter map filename>
# of nodes: 15070
# of buildings: 103
# of footways: 686
Enter building name (partial or complete), or * to list, or $ to end>
University Hall
Address: 1897 Sheridan Road
Building ID: 33908928
Nodes: 24
388499432: (42.0518, -87.6758)
4774714375: (42.0518, -87.6758)
2241369266: (42.0518, -87.6758)
2241369264: (42.0518, -87.6759)
2241227052: (42.0519, -87.6758), is entrance
4774714382: (42.0519, -87.6758)
4774714383: (42.0519, -87.6758)
388499433: (42.052, -87.6758)
388499434: (42.0521, -87.676)
1766764521: (42.0519, -87.6761), is entrance
4774714381: (42.0519, -87.6761)
4774714380: (42.0519, -87.6761)
388499436: (42.0518, -87.6762)
4774714372: (42.0518, -87.676)
2241226778: (42.0518, -87.676)
2241227054: (42.0518, -87.676), is entrance
2241226814: (42.0517, -87.676)
4774714373: (42.0518, -87.676)
4774714374: (42.0517, -87.6759)
4774714376: (42.0517, -87.6759)
4774714377: (42.0517, -87.6758)
4774714379: (42.0517, -87.6758)
4774714378: (42.0517, -87.6758)
388499432: (42.0518, -87.6758)
Footways that intersect: 2
Footway 165094341
Footway 214618506
```

Enter building name (partial or complete), or * to list, or \$ to end> Alumni Center Address: 1800 Sheridan Road

Building ID: 42706499

```
Nodes: 7
534040987: (42.0491, -87.6753)
534040988: (42.0492, -87.6752)
534040989: (42.0491, -87.6749)
2298231713: (42.0491, -87.675)
2298231714: (42.0491, -87.675)
534040990: (42.049, -87.675)
534040987: (42.0491, -87.6753)
Footways that intersect: 0
None
Enter building name (partial or complete), or * to list, or $ to end>
Annie May Swift Hall
Address: 1920 Campus Drive
Building ID: 33908908
Nodes: 11
388499217: (42.0525, -87.6751)
4774714352: (42.0525, -87.6751)
4774714353: (42.0525, -87.6752)
388499218: (42.0522, -87.6752)
4774714360: (42.0522, -87.6751), is entrance
388499219: (42.0522, -87.675)
4774714354: (42.0524, -87.675)
4774714351: (42.0524, -87.675)
388499221: (42.0525, -87.6749)
2241289408: (42.0525, -87.675)
388499217: (42.0525, -87.6751)
Footways that intersect: 1
Footway 214625660
Enter building name (partial or complete), or * to list, or $ to end>
No such building
Enter building name (partial or complete), or * to list, or $ to end>
Northwestern University Library
Address: 1970 Campus Drive
Building ID: 175187764
Nodes: 268
1765700629: (42.0531, -87.675)
4826014896: (42.0531, -87.675)
1765700632: (42.0531, -87.6749)
1696287075: (42.0531, -87.6749)
1696287050: (42.0532, -87.6749)
4826014898: (42.0532, -87.6748), is entrance
1696287077: (42.0532, -87.6748)
1696287081: (42.0531, -87.6747)
1765982770: (42.053, -87.6747)
4701566937: (42.053, -87.6747)
4701566938: (42.053, -87.6747)
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1765982652: (42.053, -87.6746)
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1765982669: (42.053, -87.6746)
1765982726: (42.053, -87.6745)
1765982479: (42.053, -87.6745)
1765982771: (42.053, -87.6745)
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1765982679: (42.053, -87.6744)
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4775398573: (42.053, -87.6743)
9134482284: (42.053, -87.6742)
4775398570: (42.0531, -87.6742)
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4775398567: (42.0532, -87.6742)
4775398566: (42.0532, -87.6742)
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1765982752: (42.0532, -87.6742)
1765982564: (42.0533, -87.6742)
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1765982473: (42.0532, -87.674)
1765982590: (42.0532, -87.674)
9432202709: (42.0533, -87.6739)
1765982460: (42.0533, -87.6739)
4775398581: (42.0534, -87.6739)
4775398580: (42.0533, -87.6739)
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1765982727: (42.0534, -87.674)
1765982841: (42.0534, -87.674)
1765982584: (42.0534, -87.674)
1765982625: (42.0534, -87.6741)
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1765982466: (42.0534, -87.6742)
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1765982813: (42.0529, -87.6748)
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1765982612: (42.053, -87.6748)
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1766764561: (42.053, -87.6748), is entrance
388499242: (42.053, -87.6749)
388499241: (42.053, -87.6749)
4701566943: (42.0531, -87.6749)
4701566942: (42.0531, -87.6749)
4789185390: (42.0531, -87.675)
1858212817: (42.0531, -87.675)
1765700629: (42.0531, -87.675)
Footways that intersect: 6
Footway 165094352
Footway 165097189
Footway 484789374
Footway 486247721
Footway 490417332
Footway 1022711124
Enter building name (partial or complete), or * to list, or $ to end>
Ryan Hall
Address: 2190 Campus Drive
Building ID: 42703498
Nodes: 24
533996255: (42.0566, -87.6747)
533996257: (42.0566, -87.6744)
4733207544: (42.0566, -87.6744)
4733207543: (42.0566, -87.6743)
4837650702: (42.0567, -87.6743)
4733207545: (42.0569, -87.6743)
4733207546: (42.0569, -87.6743)
533996259: (42.0569, -87.6743)
4733207547: (42.0569, -87.6744)
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4733207563: (42.057, -87.6749)
4733207557: (42.0569, -87.6749)
4733207556: (42.0569, -87.6747)
533996255: (42.0566, -87.6747)
```

```
None
Patrick G. and Shirley W. Ryan Center for the Musical Arts
Address: 70 Arts Circle Drive
Building ID: 275849772
Nodes: 32
2805143880: (42.052, -87.6712)
2805143877: (42.0514, -87.6712)
2805143873: (42.0514, -87.6713)
3673954431: (42.0515, -87.6713)
2805143874: (42.0515, -87.6714)
3673954430: (42.0514, -87.6714)
3673954429: (42.0514, -87.6716)
4838551991: (42.0517, -87.6717)
2805143892: (42.0517, -87.6717)
4838551989: (42.0517, -87.6717), is entrance
4838551988: (42.0518, -87.6717)
2805143866: (42.0518, -87.6718)
4838557446: (42.0523, -87.672)
4838557447: (42.0524, -87.6721)
4838557448: (42.0524, -87.6719)
4838557451: (42.0524, -87.6719)
4838557450: (42.0524, -87.6718)
4838557453: (42.0523, -87.6718)
4838557452: (42.0523, -87.6718)
4838557459: (42.0522, -87.6717)
4838557461: (42.0522, -87.6717)
4837652098: (42.0522, -87.6716)
2805143893: (42.0521, -87.6715)
2805153655: (42.0521, -87.6716)
2805153651: (42.052, -87.6716)
2805143896: (42.052, -87.6715)
2805143899: (42.052, -87.6714)
4838551742: (42.052, -87.6714)
4838551741: (42.052, -87.6714)
4838551740: (42.052, -87.6713)
2805143882: (42.052, -87.6713)
2805143880: (42.052, -87.6712)
Footways that intersect: 2
Footway 491770380
Footway 942351888
Enter building name (partial or complete), or * to list, or $ to end>
Jacobs Center
Address:
Building ID: 165094354
```

Footways that intersect: 0

Nodes: 55

388499438: (42.0538, -87.6768) 388499439: (42.0538, -87.6764)

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4776045824: (42.0538, -87.6763)
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4776045827: (42.0539, -87.6758)
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388499455: (42.054, -87.676)
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1766764593: (42.0545, -87.6759)
1766764733: (42.0544, -87.6759)
9415999147: (42.0544, -87.676)
1766823642: (42.0544, -87.6762)
9415999148: (42.0544, -87.6765)
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4776045823: (42.0541, -87.6768)
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1766764612: (42.054, -87.6768)
1766764726: (42.054, -87.6768)
1766764742: (42.054, -87.6768)
```

388499464: (42.054, -87.6767)

2241226915: (42.0539, -87.6767) 1766764487: (42.0539, -87.6768) 4789185383: (42.0538, -87.6768) 388499438: (42.0538, -87.6768) Footways that intersect: 3 Footway 214468082 Footway 214618501 Footway 1114733075 Enter building name (partial or complete), or * to list, or \$ to end> ** Done ** *************** ** Your program generated the correct outputs, ** ** well done! The last step is to run valgrind, ** ** which runs your program again to look for ** ** memory errors and memory leaks... ************ ** Well done, no memory errors! ** ** End of Test 5 ** *********************** ************************* ** Test Number: 6 ** ** Test Input: ns.osm Northwestern University Library ** Your output (first 600 lines) ** ** NU open street map ** Enter map filename> # of nodes: 114044 # of buildings: 6916 # of footways: 1486336 Enter building name (partial or complete), or * to list, or \$ to end>

Northwestern University Library

```
Address: 1970 Campus Drive
Building ID: 175187764
Nodes: 268
1765700629: (42.0531, -87.675)
4826014896: (42.0531, -87.675)
1765700632: (42.0531, -87.6749)
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1696287050: (42.0532, -87.6749)
4826014898: (42.0532, -87.6748), is entrance
1696287077: (42.0532, -87.6748)
1696287081: (42.0531, -87.6747)
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9432202709: (42.0533, -87.6739)

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4789185390: (42.0531, -87.675)
1858212817: (42.0531, -87.675)
1765700629: (42.0531, -87.675)
Footways that intersect: 3072
Footway 165094352
Footway 165097189
Footway 484789374
Footway 486247721
Footway 490417332
Footway 1022711124
Footway 1246829739
Footway 1246829754
Footway 1246829911
Footway 1246829942
Footway 1246829953
Footway 1246830295
Footway 1246832642
Footway 1246832657
Footway 1246832814
Footway 1246832845
Footway 1246832856
Footway 1246833198
Footway 1246835545
Footway 1246835560
Footway 1246835717
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Footway 1246836101

Footway 1246838448

Footway 1246838463

Footway 1246838620

Footway 1246838651

Footway 1246838662

Footway 1246839004

Footway 1246841351

Footway 1246841366

Footway 1246841523

Footway 1246841554

Footway 1246841565

- 1240041303

Footway 1246841907

Footway 1246844254

Footway 1246844269

Footway 1246844426

Footway 1246844457

Footway 1246844468

Footway 1246844810

Footway 1246847157

Footway 1246847172

Footway 1246847329

Footway 1246847360

Footway 1246847371

Footway 1246847713

Footway 1246850060

Footway 1246850075

Footway 1246850232

Footway 1246850263

Footway 1246850274

F--4---- 42460F0646

Footway 1246850616

Footway 1246852963

Footway 1246852978

Footway 1246853135 Footway 1246853166

Footway 1246853177

Footway 1246853519 Footway 1246855866

100tivay 12 10033000

Footway 1246855881

Footway 1246856038 Footway 1246856069

Footway 1246856080

Footway 1246856422

Footway 1246858769

Footway 1246858784 Footway 1246858941

Footway 1246858972

Footway 1246861672

Footway 1246861687

Footway 1246861844

Footway 1246861875

Footway 1246861886

Footway 1246862228

Footway 1246864575

Footway 1246864590

Footway 1246864747

Footway 1246864778

Footway 1246864789

Footway 1246865131

Footway 1246867478

Footway 1246867493

Footway 1246867650

Footway 1246867681

Footway 1246867692

Footway 1246868034

Footway 1246870381

Footway 1246870396

Footway 1246870553

Footway 1246870584

Footway 1246870595

Footway 1246870937

Footway 1246873284

Footway 1246873299

Footway 1246873456

Footway 1246873487

Footway 1246873498

Footway 1246873840

Footway 1246876187

Footway 1246876202

Footway 1246876359

Footway 1246876390

Footway 1246876401

Footway 1246876743

Footway 1246879090

Footway 1246879105

Footway 1246879262

Footway 1246879293

Footway 1246879304

Footway 1246879646

Footway 1246881993

Footway 1246882008

Footway 1246882165

Footway 1246882196

Footway 1246882207

Footway 1246884911

Footway 1246885068

Footway 1246885099

Footway 1246885110

Footway 1246885452

Footway 1246887799

Footway 1246887814

Footway 1246887971

Footway 1246888002

100tway 1240000002

Footway 1246888013

Footway 1246888355

Footway 1246890702

Footway 1246890717

Footway 1246890874

Footway 1246890905

Footway 1246890916

Footway 1246891258

Footway 1246893605

Footway 1246893620

Footway 1246893777

Footway 1246893808

Footway 1246893819

Footway 1246894161

Footway 1246896508

Footway 1246896523

Footway 1246896680

Footway 1246896711

Footway 1246896722

Footway 1246897064

- 1016000111

Footway 1246899411

Footway 1246899426

Footway 1246899583

Footway 1246899614

Footway 1246899625

Footway 1246899967

Footway 1246902314

Footway 1246902329

Footway 1246902486

Footway 1246902517

Footway 1246902528

Footway 1246902870

Footway 1246905217

Footway 1246905232

Footway 1246905389

Footway 1246905420

Footway 1246905431 Footway 1246905773

Footway 1246908292

Footway 1246908323

Footway 1246908334

Footway 1246908676

Footway 1246911023

Footway 1246911038

Footway 1246911195

Footway 1246911226

Footway 1246911237

100tway 1240511257

Footway 1246911579

Footway 1246913926

Footway 1246913941

Footway 1246914098

Footway 1246914129

Footway 1246914140

Footway 1246914482

Footway 1246916829

Footway 1246916844

Footway 1246917001

Footway 1246917032

Footway 1246917043

Footway 1246917385

Footway 1246919732

Footway 1246919747

Footway 1246919904

Footway 1246919935

Footway 1246919946

Footway 1246920288

Footway 1246922635

Footway 1246922650

100tway 12-0322030

Footway 1246922807 Footway 1246922838

Footway 1246922849

Footway 1246923191

Footway 1246925538

Footway 1246925553

Footway 1246925710

Footway 1246925741

100ttvay 12 103237 11

Footway 1246925752

Footway 1246926094

Footway 1246928441

Footway 1246928456

Footway 1246928613

Footway 1246928644

Footway 1246928655

Footway 1246928997

Footway 1246931344

Footway 1246931547

Footway 1246931558

Footway 1246931900

Footway 1246934247

Footway 1246934262

Footway 1246934419

Footway 1246934450

Footway 1246934461

Footway 1246934803

100tway 1240334003

Footway 1246937150

Footway 1246937165

Footway 1246937322

Footway 1246937353

Footway 1246937364

Footway 1246937706

Footway 1246940053

Footway 1246940068

Footway 1246940225

Footway 1246940256

Footway 1246940267

Footway 1246940609

Footway 1246942956

Footway 1246942971

Footway 1246943128

Footway 1246943159

Footway 1246943170

Footway 1246943512

Footway 1246945859

Footway 1246945874

Footway 1246946031

Footway 1246946062

Footway 1246946073

Footway 1246946415

Footway 1246948762

Footway 1246948777

Footway 1246948934

Footway 1246948965

Footway 1246948976

100tWay 12 105 10570

Footway 1246949318

Footway 1246951665

Footway 1246951680

Footway 1246951837 Footway 1246951868

Footway 1246951879

Footway 1246952221

Footway 1246954568

Footway 1246954583

Footway 1246954782

Footway 1246955124

Footway 1246957471

Footway 1246957486

Footway 1246957643

Footway 1246957674

Footway 1246957685

100tway 1240337005

Footway 1246958027

Footway 1246960374

Footway 1246960389

Footway 1246960546

Footway 1246960577

Footway 1246960588

Footway 1246960930

Footway 1246963277

Footway 1246963292

Footway 1246963449

Footway 1246963480

Footway 1246963491

Footway 1246963833

Footway 1246966180

Footway 1246966195

Footway 1246966352

Footway 1246966383

Footway 1246966394

Footway 1246966736

Footway 1246969083

Footway 1246969098

Footway 1246969255

Footway 1246969286

Footway 1246969297

Footway 1246969639

Footway 1246971986

Footway 1246972001

Footway 1246972158

Footway 1246972189

Footway 1246972200

Footway 1246972542

Footway 1246974889

Footway 1246974904

Footway 1246975061

Footway 1246975092

Footway 1246975103

Footway 1246975445

Footway 1246977792

Footway 1246977807

Footway 1246977964

Excellent!

Test 1

Test 1: nu.osm then \$ to immediately exit -- yay, output correct!

Test 2

Test 2: nu.osm then *, then a search -- yay, output correct!

Test 3

Test 3: nu.osm then search for 'Library' -- yay, output correct!

Test 4

Test 4: nu.osm then a series of buildings -- yay, output correct!

Test 5

Test 5: nu.osm then a series of buildings -- yay, output correct!

Test 6

Test 6: efficiency test: ns.osm with University Library -- yay, output correct!

Submitted Files

▼ building.cpp **L** Download

```
1
2
    /*building.cpp*/
3
4
    //
5
    // A building in the Open Street Map.
6
    // Prof. Joe Hummel
7
8
    // Northwestern University
9
    // CS 211
10
    //
11
    #include "building.h"
12
13
    #include <algorithm>
14
15
    using namespace std;
16
17
18
    //
19
    // constructor
20
21
     Building::Building(long long id, string name, string streetAddr)
22
     : ID(id), Name(name), StreetAddress(streetAddr)
23
    {
24
     //
25
     // the proper technique is to use member initialization list above,
26
      // in the same order as the data members are declared:
27
     //
28
     //this->ID = id:
29
     //this->Name = name;
30
     //this->StreetAddress = streetAddr;
31
32
     // vector is default initialized by its constructor
33
    }
34
35
    // adds the given nodeid to the end of the vector.
36
37
    //
    void Building::add(long long nodeid)
38
39
     this->NodeIDs.push_back(nodeid);
40
    }
41
42
43
    //
    // prints nodes connected to the building
44
45
    void Building::print(const Nodes& nodes, const Footways& footways) const
46
```

```
47
48
      cout << this->Name << endl;
      cout << "Address: " << this->StreetAddress << endl;</pre>
49
50
      cout << "Building ID: " << this->ID << endl;</pre>
51
52
      cout << "Nodes: " << this->NodeIDs.size() << endl;</pre>
53
      for (long long nodeid: this->NodeIDs)
54
55
       cout << " " << nodeid << ": ";
56
57
       double lat = 0.0;
       double lon = 0.0;
58
59
       bool entrance = false;
60
       bool found = nodes.find(nodeid, lat, lon, entrance);
61
62
63
       if (found) {
64
         cout << "(" << lat << ", " << lon << ")";
65
66
         if (entrance)
          cout << ", is entrance";</pre>
67
68
69
        cout << endl;
70
       }
71
       else {
72
         cout << "**NOT FOUND**" << endl;
73
       }
74
      }//for
75
      vector<Footway> footways_copy = footways.MapFootways;
76
77
      sort(footways_copy.begin(), footways_copy.end(), [] (const auto& lhs, const auto& rhs) {
78
       return lhs.ID < rhs.ID;});
79
80
      vector<Footway> intersections;
      for (Footway F : footways_copy)
81
82
83
       this->add_intersection(F, intersections);
84
85
      cout << "Footways that intersect: " << intersections.size() << endl;</pre>
      if (intersections.size() == 0)
86
87
      {
       cout << " None" << endl;</pre>
88
89
      }
      else
90
91
       for (Footway F: intersections)
92
93
94
         cout << " Footway " << F.ID << endl;</pre>
95
       }
```

```
96
97 }
98
99
     //
100 // adds a Footway to a list of intersections
101
     void Building::add_intersection(Footway F, vector<Footway> &intersections) const
102
103
104
      // iterating over nodes in footway F
      for (long long nodeid: F.NodeIDs)
105
106
107
       if (find(this->NodeIDs.begin(), this->NodeIDs.end(), nodeid) != this->NodeIDs.end())
108
        intersections.emplace_back(F.ID);
109
110
        break;
111
       }
112
     }
113 }
```

 → buildings.cpp

 Lownload

```
1
2
    /*buildings.cpp*/
3
4
    //
5
    // A collection of buildings in the Open Street Map.
6
7
    // Prof. Joe Hummel
8
    // Northwestern University
9
    // CS 211
10
    //
11
12
    #include <iostream>
13
    #include <string>
14
    #include <vector>
15
    #include <cassert>
16
17
    #include "buildings.h"
    #include "osm.h"
18
19
    #include "tinyxml2.h"
20
21
    using namespace std;
22
    using namespace tinyxml2;
23
24
25
    //
26
   // readMapBuildings
    //
27
    // Given an XML document, reads through the document and
28
29
    // stores all the buildings into the given vector.
30
    //
    void Buildings::readMapBuildings(XMLDocument& xmldoc)
31
32
33
     XMLElement* osm = xmldoc.FirstChildElement("osm");
     assert(osm != nullptr);
34
35
36
     //
37
     // Parse the XML document way by way, looking for university buildings:
38
39
     XMLElement* way = osm->FirstChildElement("way");
40
41
     while (way != nullptr)
42
43
      const XMLAttribute* attr = way->FindAttribute("id");
44
       assert(attr != nullptr);
45
46
      //
```

```
// if this is a building, store info into vector:
47
48
       //
49
       if (osmContainsKeyValue(way, "building", "university"))
50
        string name = osmGetKeyValue(way, "name");
51
52
        string streetAddr = osmGetKeyValue(way, "addr:housenumber")
53
         + " "
54
         + osmGetKeyValue(way, "addr:street");
55
56
57
        //
        // create building object, then add the associated
58
        // node ids to the object:
59
60
61
        long long id = attr->Int64Value();
62
63
        Building B(id, name, streetAddr);
64
        XMLElement* nd = way->FirstChildElement("nd");
65
66
67
        while (nd != nullptr)
68
69
         const XMLAttribute* ndref = nd->FindAttribute("ref");
         assert(ndref != nullptr);
70
71
72
         long long id = ndref->Int64Value();
73
74
         B.add(id);
75
         // advance to next node ref:
76
         nd = nd->NextSiblingElement("nd");
77
78
        }
79
80
        //
        // add the building to the vector:
81
82
        this->MapBuildings.push_back(B);
83
       }//if
84
85
86
       way = way->NextSiblingElement("way");
      }//while
87
88
89
      //
      // done:
90
      //
91
92
    }
93
94
    //
95
    // accessors / getters
```

```
96
    //
97 int Buildings::getNumMapBuildings() {
98
      return (int) this->MapBuildings.size();
99
     }
100
101 //
102 // print
103 //
104 void Buildings::print()
105 {
      for (const Building& B: this->MapBuildings)
106
107
      cout << B.ID << ": " << B.Name << ", " << B.StreetAddress << endl;</pre>
108
109
      }
110 }
111
112 //
113 // findAndPrint
114 //
115 void Buildings::findAndPrint(string name, Nodes nodes, Footways footways)
116 {
      bool found = false;
117
118
      //
119
      // find every building that contains this name:
120
121
      for (const Building& B : this->MapBuildings)
122
123
      if (B.Name.find(name) != string::npos) { // contains name:
124
        found = true;
         B.print(nodes, footways);
125
126
       }
127
      }
128
129
      if (!found)
       cout << "No such building" << endl;</pre>
130
131 }
132
```

```
▼ footway.cpp 

Language Download
```

```
/*footway.cpp*/
1
2
3
    // A footway in the Open Street Map.
4
5
    // Ishan Mukherjee
6
7
    //
8
    #include "footway.h"
9
10
    using namespace std;
11
12
13
    //
   // constructor
14
15
    Footway::Footway(long long id)
16
     : ID(id) {}
17
18
19
20
    // adds the given nodeid to the end of the vector.
21
22
    void Footway::add(long long nodeid)
23
24
     this->NodeIDs.push_back(nodeid);
25
26
27
28
```

```
/*footways.cpp*/
1
2
3
4
    // A collection of footways in the Open Street Map.
5
6
    // Ishan Mukherjee
7
    //
8
9
    #include <iostream>
10
    #include <string>
11
    #include <vector>
    #include <cassert>
12
13
14
    #include "footways.h"
15
    #include "osm.h"
    #include "tinyxml2.h"
16
17
18
    using namespace std;
19
    using namespace tinyxml2;
20
21
    //
22
   // readMapFootways
23
    //
    // Given an XML document, reads through the document and
24
25
    // stores all the footways into the given vector.
26
    //
    void Footways::readMapFootways(XMLDocument& xmldoc)
27
28
29
     XMLElement* osm = xmldoc.FirstChildElement("osm");
30
     assert(osm != nullptr);
31
32
     //
33
     // Parse the XML document way by way, looking for university buildings:
     //
34
35
     XMLElement* way = osm->FirstChildElement("way");
36
37
     while (way != nullptr)
38
39
      const XMLAttribute* attr = way->FindAttribute("id");
40
       assert(attr != nullptr);
41
42
43
      // if this is a footway, store info into vector:
44
       if (osmContainsKeyValue(way, "highway", "footway") || osmContainsKeyValue(way, "area:highway",
45
    "footway"))
```

```
46
       {
        //
47
        // create footway object, then add the associated
48
        // node ids to the object:
49
50
51
        long long id = attr->Int64Value();
52
53
        Footway F(id);
54
55
        XMLElement* nd = way->FirstChildElement("nd");
56
57
        while (nd != nullptr)
58
59
         const XMLAttribute* ndref = nd->FindAttribute("ref");
         assert(ndref != nullptr);
60
61
62
         long long id = ndref->Int64Value();
63
         F.add(id);
64
65
66
         // advance to next node ref:
         nd = nd->NextSiblingElement("nd");
67
68
        }
69
70
        //
71
        // add the footway to the vector:
72
        //
73
        this->MapFootways.push_back(F);
74
       }//if
75
76
       way = way->NextSiblingElement("way");
77
      }//while
78
79
      //
80
      // done:
81
      //
82
    }
83
84
    //
85
    // accessors / getters
86
    //
    int Footways::getNumMapFootways() {
87
      return (int) this->MapFootways.size();
88
89
    }
90
```

▼ main.cpp ≛ Download

```
1
    /*main.cpp*/
2
3
4
    // Program to input Nodes (positions) and Buildings from
5
    // an Open Street Map file.
6
7
    // Prof. Joe Hummel
8
    // Northwestern University
9
    // CS 211
10
   //
11
12
    #include <iostream>
13
    #include <string>
14
15
    #include "building.h"
16
    #include "buildings.h"
    #include "node.h"
17
    #include "nodes.h"
18
19
    #include "footway.h"
20
    #include "footways.h"
    #include "osm.h"
21
22
    #include "tinyxml2.h"
23
24
    using namespace std;
    using namespace tinyxml2;
25
26
27
28
    //
29 // main
30
    //
31 int main()
32
33
     XMLDocument xmldoc;
     Nodes nodes;
34
35
     Buildings buildings;
     Footways footways;
36
37
38
     cout << "** NU open street map **" << endl;</pre>
39
40
     string filename;
41
42
     cout << endl;
43
     cout << "Enter map filename> " << endl;</pre>
     getline(cin, filename);
44
45
46
     //
```

```
47
      // 1. load XML-based map file
     //
48
      if (!osmLoadMapFile(filename, xmldoc))
49
50
      // failed, error message already output
51
52
       return 0;
53
      }
54
55
      //
      // 2. read the nodes, which are the various known positions on the map:
56
57
58
      nodes.readMapNodes(xmldoc);
59
60
      //
61
      // 3. read the university buildings:
62
63
      buildings.readMapBuildings(xmldoc);
64
65
      footways.readMapFootways(xmldoc);
66
67
      //
      // 4. stats
68
69
      //
70
      cout << "# of nodes: " << nodes.getNumMapNodes() << endl;</pre>
      cout << "# of buildings: " << buildings.getNumMapBuildings() << endl;</pre>
71
      cout << "# of footways: " << footways.getNumMapFootways() << endl;</pre>
72
73
74
75
      // 5. now let the user for search for 1 or more buildings:
76
      //
77
      while (true)
78
79
       string name;
80
81
       cout << endl;
       cout << "Enter building name (partial or complete), or * to list, or $ to end> " << endl;</pre>
82
83
84
       getline(cin, name);
85
86
       if (name == "$") {
        break;
87
88
       else if (name == "*") {
89
        buildings.print();
90
       }
91
92
       else {
        buildings.findAndPrint(name, nodes, footways);
93
94
95
       }//else
```

```
96
97
       }//while
98
99
       //
       // done:
100
101
       //
102
103
       cout << endl;</pre>
104
       cout << "** Done **" << endl;</pre>
       cout << "# of calls to getID(): " << Node::getCallsToGetID() << endl;</pre>
105
       cout << "# of Nodes created: " << Node::getCreated() << endl;</pre>
106
107
       cout << "# of Nodes copied: " << Node::getCopied() << endl;</pre>
108
109
       return 0;
110 }
```

▼ node.cpp ≛ Download

```
1
     /*node.cpp*/
2
3
4
    // A node / position in the Open Street Map.
5
6
    // Prof. Joe Hummel
7
    // Northwestern University
8
    // CS 211
9
    //
10
11
    #include "node.h"
12
13
    using namespace std;
14
15
16
    //
17 // constructor
18
19
    Node::Node(long long id, double lat, double lon, bool entrance)
20
     : ID(id), Lat(lat), Lon(lon), IsEntrance(entrance)
21
    {
22
     //
23
      // the proper technique is to use member initialization list above,
      // in the same order as the data members are declared:
24
25
     //
26
     //this->ID = id;
27
     //this->Lat = lat;
28
     //this->Lon = lon;
29
     //this->IsEntrance = entrance;
30
     Node::Created++;
31
32 }
33
34
    //
35
    // copy constructor:
36
37
    Node::Node(const Node& other)
38
    {
39
     this->ID = other.ID;
40
     this->Lat = other.Lat;
41
      this->Lon = other.Lon;
42
      this->IsEntrance = other.IsEntrance;
43
44
      Node::Copied++;
45
    }
46
```

```
47
48 // accessors / getters
49
    long long Node::getID() const {
50
51
52
     Node::CallsToGetID++;
53
54
     return this->ID;
55
    }
56
    double Node::getLat() const {
57
     return this->Lat;
58
59
    }
60
    double Node::getLon() const {
61
     return this->Lon;
62
63
    }
64
    bool Node::getIsEntrance() const {
65
     return this->IsEntrance;
66
67
    }
68
    int Node::getCallsToGetID() {
69
     return Node::CallsToGetID;
70
71
    }
72
    int Node::getCreated() {
73
     return Node::Created;
74
75
76
    int Node::getCopied() {
77
     return Node::Copied;
78
79
    }
```

```
/*nodes.cpp*/
1
2
3
4
    // A collection of nodes in the Open Street Map.
5
6
    // Prof. Joe Hummel
7
    // Northwestern University
8
    // CS 211
9
    //
10
   // References:
11
12 // TinyXML:
13
    // files: https://github.com/leethomason/tinyxml2
14
    // docs: http://leethomason.github.io/tinyxml2/
15
    // OpenStreetMap: https://www.openstreetmap.org
16
17
    // OpenStreetMap docs:
18
   // https://wiki.openstreetmap.org/wiki/Main_Page
19
   // https://wiki.openstreetmap.org/wiki/Map_Features
20
    // https://wiki.openstreetmap.org/wiki/Node
    // https://wiki.openstreetmap.org/wiki/Way
21
22
    // https://wiki.openstreetmap.org/wiki/Relation
    //
23
24
25
    #include <iostream>
26
    #include <string>
    #include <utility>
27
    #include <algorithm>
28
29
    #include <cassert>
30
    #include "nodes.h"
31
    #include "osm.h"
32
33
    #include "tinyxml2.h"
34
35
    using namespace std;
    using namespace tinyxml2;
36
37
38
39
    //
   // readMapNodes
40
41
42
    // Given an XML document, reads through the document and
    // stores all the nodes into the given vector. Each node
43
    // is a point on the map, with a unique id along with
44
    // (lat, lon) position. Some nodes are entrances to buildings,
45
    // which we capture as well.
46
```

```
47
48
    void Nodes::readMapNodes(XMLDocument& xmldoc)
49
50
     XMLElement* osm = xmldoc.FirstChildElement("osm");
51
      assert(osm != nullptr);
52
53
      //
54
     // Parse the XML document node by node:
55
      XMLElement* node = osm->FirstChildElement("node");
56
57
      while (node != nullptr)
58
59
      {
       const XMLAttribute* attrId = node->FindAttribute("id");
60
       const XMLAttribute* attrLat = node->FindAttribute("lat");
61
       const XMLAttribute* attrLon = node->FindAttribute("lon");
62
63
64
       assert(attrId != nullptr);
65
       assert(attrLat != nullptr);
66
       assert(attrLon != nullptr);
67
       long long id = attrId->Int64Value();
68
       double latitude = attrLat->DoubleValue();
69
70
       double longitude = attrLon->DoubleValue();
71
72
       //
73
       // is this node an entrance? Check for a
74
       // standard entrance, the main entrance, or
75
       // one-way entrance.
76
       //
77
       bool entrance = false;
78
       if (osmContainsKeyValue(node, "entrance", "yes") | |
79
        osmContainsKeyValue(node, "entrance", "main") ||
80
        osmContainsKeyValue(node, "entrance", "entrance"))
81
82
       {
83
        entrance = true;
       }
84
85
86
       //
       // Add node to vector:
87
88
       // This creates an object then pushes copy into vector:
89
90
       //
       // Node N(id, latitude, longitude, entrance);
91
       // this->MapNodes.push back(N);
92
93
94
       // This creates just one object "emplace":
95
       //
```

```
96
        this->MapNodes.emplace(id, Node(id, latitude, longitude, entrance));
97
98
       //
99
       // next node element in the XML doc:
100
101
        node = node->NextSiblingElement("node");
102
      }
103 }
104
105
106 //
107 // find
108 //
109 // Searches the nodes for the one with the matching ID, returning
110 // true if found and false if not. If found, a copy of the node
111 // is returned via the node parameter, which is passed by reference.
112 //
113
     bool Nodes::find(long long id, double& lat, double& lon, bool& isEntrance) const
114
      auto ptr = this->MapNodes.find(id);
115
      if (ptr == this->MapNodes.end()) { // not found:
116
      return false;
117
118
      }
119
      else { // found:
120
      lat = ptr->second.getLat();
121
       lon = ptr->second.getLon();
122
       isEntrance = ptr->second.getIsEntrance();
123
       return true;
124
      }
125
126
      // //
127
      // // binary search:
128
      // //
      // int low = 0;
129
130
      // int high = (int)this->MapNodes.size() - 1;
131
132
      // while (low <= high) {
133
      // int mid = low + ((high - low) / 2);
134
135
      // long long nodeid = this->MapNodes[mid].getID();
136
137
      // if (id == nodeid) { // found!
      // lat = this->MapNodes[mid].getLat();
138
139
      // lon = this->MapNodes[mid].getLon();
140
      // isEntrance = this->MapNodes[mid].getIsEntrance();
141
142
      // return true;
143
      // }
144
      // else if (id < nodeid) { // search left:
```

```
145
     // high = mid - 1;
146
     // }
147
      // else { // search right:
      // low = mid + 1;
148
149
      // }
150
      // }//while
151
152
      // //
153
      // // if get here, not found:
154
      // //
     // return false;
155
156 }
157
158 //
159 // accessors / getters
160 //
161 int Nodes::getNumMapNodes() {
162
     return (int) this->MapNodes.size();
163 }
```

```
/*osm.cpp*/
1
2
3
4
    // Functions for working with an Open Street Map file.
5
6
    // Prof. Joe Hummel
7
    // Northwestern University
8
    // CS 211
9
    //
10
   // References:
11
12 // TinyXML:
    // files: https://github.com/leethomason/tinyxml2
13
14
    // docs: http://leethomason.github.io/tinyxml2/
15
    // OpenStreetMap: https://www.openstreetmap.org
16
17
    // OpenStreetMap docs:
18
    // https://wiki.openstreetmap.org/wiki/Main_Page
19
    // https://wiki.openstreetmap.org/wiki/Map_Features
    // https://wiki.openstreetmap.org/wiki/Node
20
    // https://wiki.openstreetmap.org/wiki/Way
21
    // https://wiki.openstreetmap.org/wiki/Relation
22
    //
23
24
    #include <iostream>
25
    #include <string>
26
    #include <cassert>
27
28
29
    #include "osm.h"
30
31
    using namespace std;
    using namespace tinyxml2;
32
33
34
35
    //
    // osmLoadMapFile
36
37
    //
   // Given the filename for an XML doc, tries to open and load
38
    // that file into the given xmldoc variable (which is passed
39
    // by reference). Returns true if successful, false if the
40
    // file could not be opened OR the file does not contain
41
42
    // an Open Street Map document.
    //
43
    bool osmLoadMapFile(string filename, XMLDocument& xmldoc)
44
45
    {
46
     //
```

```
// load the XML document:
47
48
49
      xmldoc.LoadFile(filename.c_str());
50
51
      if (xmldoc.ErrorID() != 0) // failed:
52
       cout << "**ERROR: unable to open XML file " << filename << "'." << endl;</pre>
53
       return false;
54
55
      }
56
57
      //
      // top-level element should be "osm" if the file is a valid open
58
59
      // street map:
60
      XMLElement* osm = xmldoc.FirstChildElement("osm");
61
62
63
      if (osm == nullptr)
64
       cout << "**ERROR: unable to find top-level 'osm' XML element." << endl;</pre>
65
       cout << "**ERROR: this file is probably not an Open Street Map." << endl;</pre>
66
67
       return false;
68
      }
69
70
      //
71
      // success:
72
73
      return true;
74
    }
75
76
77
78
    // osmContainsKeyValue
79
   // Given a pointer to an XML Element, searches through all
80
    // the tags associated with this element looking for the
81
    // given (key, value) pair. For example, the call
82
83
    //
    // containsKeyValue(e, "entrance", "yes")
84
85
    // will return true if it comes across the tag
86
87
    //
    // <tag k="entrance" v="yes"/>
88
89
     bool osmContainsKeyValue(XMLElement* e, string key, string value)
90
91
      XMLElement* tag = e->FirstChildElement("tag");
92
93
94
      while (tag != nullptr)
95
      {
```

```
96
       const XMLAttribute* keyAttribute = tag->FindAttribute("k");
97
       const XMLAttribute* valueAttribute = tag->FindAttribute("v");
98
       if (keyAttribute != nullptr && valueAttribute != nullptr)
99
100
101
        string elemkey(keyAttribute->Value());
102
        string elemvalue(valueAttribute->Value());
103
104
        if (elemkey == key && elemvalue == value) // found it:
105
        {
106
          return true;
107
        }
108
       }
109
110
       //
111
       // not a match, try the next tag:
112
113
       tag = tag->NextSiblingElement("tag");
114
      }
115
116
      //
117
      // if get here, not found:
118
      //
119
      return false;
120 }
121
122
123 //
124 // osmGetKeyValue
125 //
126 // Given a pointer to an XML Element, searches through all
127 // the tags associated with this element looking for the
128 // given key. If found, returns the associated value. For
129 // example, given the call
130 //
131 // getKeyValue(e, "entrance")
132 //
133 // will return "yes" if it comes across the tag
134 //
135 // <tag k="entrance" v="yes"/>
136 //
137 // If the key is not found, the empty string "" is returned.
138 //
     string osmGetKeyValue(XMLElement* e, string key)
139
140
141
      XMLElement* tag = e->FirstChildElement("tag");
142
143
      while (tag != nullptr)
144
      {
```

```
const XMLAttribute* keyAttribute = tag->FindAttribute("k");
145
146
       const XMLAttribute* valueAttribute = tag->FindAttribute("v");
147
       if (keyAttribute != nullptr && valueAttribute != nullptr)
148
149
150
         string elemkey(keyAttribute->Value());
151
         if (elemkey == key) // found it:
152
153
          string elemvalue(valueAttribute->Value());
154
155
156
          return elemvalue;
157
        }
158
       }
159
160
       //
161
       // not a match, try the next tag:
162
       tag = tag->NextSiblingElement("tag");
163
164
      }
165
166
      //
      // if get here, not found:
167
168
      //
      return "";
169
170 }
171
```

```
1
2
    Original code by Lee Thomason (www.grinninglizard.com)
3
4
    This software is provided 'as-is', without any express or implied
5
    warranty. In no event will the authors be held liable for any
6
    damages arising from the use of this software.
7
8
    Permission is granted to anyone to use this software for any
9
     purpose, including commercial applications, and to alter it and
10
    redistribute it freely, subject to the following restrictions:
11
    1. The origin of this software must not be misrepresented; you must
12
13
    not claim that you wrote the original software. If you use this
14
    software in a product, an acknowledgment in the product documentation
15
    would be appreciated but is not required.
16
17
    2. Altered source versions must be plainly marked as such, and
18
    must not be misrepresented as being the original software.
19
20
    3. This notice may not be removed or altered from any source
     distribution.
21
22
     */
23
    #include "tinyxml2.h"
24
25
26
    #include <new>
                            // yes, this one new style header, is in the Android SDK.
    #if defined(ANDROID_NDK) || defined(_BORLANDC__) || defined(_QNXNTO__)
27
    # include <stddef.h>
28
29
    # include <stdarq.h>
30
    #else
    # include <cstddef>
31
    # include <cstdarg>
32
    #endif
33
34
35
    #if defined( MSC VER) && ( MSC VER >= 1400 ) && (!defined WINCE)
         // Microsoft Visual Studio, version 2005 and higher. Not WinCE.
36
37
         /*int _snprintf_s(
           char *buffer.
38
           size t sizeOfBuffer,
39
           size t count,
40
           const char *format [,
41
42
               argument] ...
         );*/
43
         static inline int TIXML_SNPRINTF( char* buffer, size_t size, const char* format, ... )
44
45
         {
46
              va list va;
```

```
47
              va_start( va, format );
48
              const int result = vsnprintf_s( buffer, size, _TRUNCATE, format, va );
49
              va_end( va );
50
              return result;
         }
51
52
53
         static inline int TIXML_VSNPRINTF( char* buffer, size_t size, const char* format, va_list va )
54
              const int result = vsnprintf_s( buffer, size, _TRUNCATE, format, va );
55
56
              return result;
57
         }
58
59
         #define TIXML_VSCPRINTF _vscprintf
60
         #define TIXML_SSCANF sscanf_s
61
     #elif defined _MSC_VER
62
         // Microsoft Visual Studio 2003 and earlier or WinCE
63
         #define TIXML_SNPRINTF
                                      _snprintf
64
         #define TIXML_VSNPRINTF _vsnprintf
         #define TIXML_SSCANF sscanf
65
         #if (_MSC_VER < 1400 ) && (!defined WINCE)
66
67
              // Microsoft Visual Studio 2003 and not WinCE.
              #define TIXML_VSCPRINTF _vscprintf // VS2003's C runtime has this, but VC6 C runtime or
68
    WinCE SDK doesn't have.
         #else
69
              // Microsoft Visual Studio 2003 and earlier or WinCE.
70
71
              static inline int TIXML_VSCPRINTF( const char* format, va_list va )
72
              {
73
                   int len = 512;
74
                   for (;;) {
                        len = len*2;
75
                        char* str = new char[len]();
76
77
                        const int required = _vsnprintf(str, len, format, va);
78
                        delete[] str;
79
                        if (required != -1) {
80
                             TIXMLASSERT( required >= 0 );
                             len = required;
81
82
                             break;
83
                        }
84
                   TIXMLASSERT( len >= 0 );
85
                   return len;
86
87
              }
         #endif
88
89
    #else
90
         // GCC version 3 and higher
         //#warning( "Using sn* functions." )
91
         #define TIXML_SNPRINTF
92
                                      snprintf
93
         #define TIXML VSNPRINTF vsnprintf
         static inline int TIXML VSCPRINTF( const char* format, va list va )
94
```

```
95
96
              int len = vsnprintf( 0, 0, format, va );
              TIXMLASSERT( len >= 0 );
97
              return len;
98
99
         }
100
         #define TIXML_SSCANF sscanf
101
     #endif
102
103
    #if defined(_WIN64)
104
         #define TIXML_FSEEK _fseeki64
105
         #define TIXML_FTELL _ftelli64
     #elif defined(_APPLE_) || defined(_FreeBSD_) || defined(_OpenBSD_) || defined(_NetBSD_) ||
106
     defined(_DragonFly_) | | (_CYGWIN_)
107
         #define TIXML_FSEEK fseeko
108
         #define TIXML_FTELL ftello
109 #elif defined( ANDROID )
       #if _ANDROID_API_ > 24
110
111
         #define TIXML_FSEEK fseeko64
112
         #define TIXML_FTELL ftello64
113
       #else
114
         #define TIXML_FSEEK fseeko
115
         #define TIXML_FTELL ftello
116
       #endif
117 #elif defined( unix ) && defined( x86 64 )
         #define TIXML FSEEK fseeko64
118
119
         #define TIXML FTELL ftello64
120 #else
         #define TIXML_FSEEK fseek
121
122
         #define TIXML FTELL ftell
123 #endif
124
125
126 static const char LINE FEED
                                             = static_cast<char>(0x0a);
                                                                               // all line endings are
     normalized to LF
127 static const char LF = LINE FEED;
128 static const char CARRIAGE RETURN
                                             = static_cast<char>(0x0d);
                                                                                 // CR gets filtered out
129 | static const char CR = CARRIAGE RETURN;
                                             = '\'';
130 static const char SINGLE QUOTE
                                                = '\''';
131 static const char DOUBLE QUOTE
132
133 // Bunch of unicode info at:
              http://www.unicode.org/fag/utf bom.html
134 //
         ef bb bf (Microsoft "lead bytes") - designates UTF-8
135 //
136
137 | static const unsigned char TIXML UTF LEAD 0 = 0xefU;
     static const unsigned char TIXML UTF LEAD 1 = 0xbbU;
138
     static const unsigned char TIXML_UTF_LEAD_2 = 0xbfU;
139
140
141 namespace tinyxml2
```

```
142 {
143
144 | struct Entity {
145
      const char* pattern;
146
      int length;
147
     char value;
148 };
149
150 | static const int NUM_ENTITIES = 5;
151 | static const Entity entities[NUM_ENTITIES] = {
152
       { "quot", 4, DOUBLE_QUOTE
     },
      { "amp", <mark>3</mark>,
153
                    '&' },
154
     { "apos", 4, SINGLE_QUOTE },
     { "lt", 2,
155
     { "gt", 2,
                      '>' }
156
157 };
158
159
160 StrPair::~StrPair()
161 {
162
       Reset();
163 }
164
165
166 void StrPair::TransferTo( StrPair* other )
167 {
168
      if (this == other) {
169
        return;
170
       }
171
       // This in effect implements the assignment operator by "moving"
172
       // ownership (as in auto ptr).
173
174
       TIXMLASSERT( other != 0 );
175
       TIXMLASSERT( other-> flags == 0 );
176
       TIXMLASSERT( other->_start == 0 );
177
       TIXMLASSERT( other->_end == 0 );
178
179
       other->Reset();
180
181
       other->_flags = _flags;
182
       other-> start = start;
183
       other->_end = _end;
184
185
       flags = 0;
186
       start = 0;
       _end = 0;
187
188 }
189
```

```
190
191 void StrPair::Reset()
192 | {
193
       if (_flags & NEEDS_DELETE ) {
194
          delete [] _start;
195
       _{flags} = 0;
196
197
       _{\rm start} = 0;
198
       _{end} = 0;
199 }
200
201
202 void StrPair::SetStr( const char* str, int flags )
203 {
204
       TIXMLASSERT( str );
205
       Reset();
206
       size_t len = strlen( str );
       TIXMLASSERT( _start == 0 );
207
208
       _start = new char[ len+1 ];
209
       memcpy( _start, str, len+1 );
210
       _end = _start + len;
211
       _flags = flags | NEEDS_DELETE;
212 }
213
214
215 char* StrPair::ParseText( char* p, const char* endTag, int strFlags, int* curLineNumPtr )
216 {
217
       TIXMLASSERT( p );
218
       TIXMLASSERT( endTag && *endTag );
          TIXMLASSERT(curLineNumPtr);
219
220
221
       char* start = p;
222
       const char endChar = *endTag;
223
       size_t length = strlen( endTag );
224
225
       // Inner loop of text parsing.
226
       while (*p) {
227
          if (*p == endChar && strncmp(p, endTag, length) == 0){
228
            Set( start, p, strFlags );
229
            return p + length;
         } else if (*p == '\n') {
230
231
            ++(*curLineNumPtr);
232
         }
233
         ++p;
234
          TIXMLASSERT( p );
235
       }
236
       return 0;
237 }
238
```

```
239
240 | char* StrPair::ParseName( char* p )
241 {
242
       if (!p || !(*p)) {
243
          return 0;
244
       if (!XMLUtil::IsNameStartChar((unsigned char) *p)) {
245
246
          return 0;
247
       }
248
249
       char* const start = p;
250
       ++p;
251
       while (*p && XMLUtil::IsNameChar((unsigned char)*p)) {
252
          ++p;
253
       }
254
255
       Set( start, p, 0);
256
       return p;
257 }
258
259
260 void StrPair::CollapseWhitespace()
261 {
       // Adjusting start would cause undefined behavior on delete[]
262
263
       TIXMLASSERT( (_flags & NEEDS_DELETE ) == 0 );
264
       // Trim leading space.
265
       _start = XMLUtil::SkipWhiteSpace( _start, 0 );
266
       if ( *_start ) {
267
268
          const char* p = _start; // the read pointer
          char* q = _start; // the write pointer
269
270
271
          while( *p ) {
272
            if ( XMLUtil::IsWhiteSpace( *p )) {
273
               p = XMLUtil::SkipWhiteSpace( p, 0 );
274
              if (*p == 0)
275
                 break; // don't write to q; this trims the trailing space.
276
               }
277
               *q = ' ';
278
               ++q;
279
280
            *q = *p;
281
            ++q;
282
            ++p;
283
284
          *q = 0;
285
286 }
287
```

```
288
289
     const char* StrPair::GetStr()
290 {
291
       TIXMLASSERT( _start );
292
       TIXMLASSERT( _end );
293
       if (_flags & NEEDS_FLUSH) {
294
          *_{end} = 0;
295
          _flags ^= NEEDS_FLUSH;
296
297
          if ( _flags ) {
298
            const char* p = _start;
                                      // the read pointer
299
            char* q = _start; // the write pointer
300
301
            while(p < _end) {
302
               if ( (_flags & NEEDS_NEWLINE_NORMALIZATION) && *p == CR ) {
303
                 // CR-LF pair becomes LF
304
                 // CR alone becomes LF
305
                 // LF-CR becomes LF
306
                 if (*(p+1) == LF)
307
                   p += 2;
308
                 }
309
                 else {
310
                   ++p;
311
                 }
312
                 *q = LF;
313
                 ++q;
314
              }
315
               else if ( (_flags & NEEDS_NEWLINE_NORMALIZATION) && *p == LF ) {
                 if (*(p+1) == CR)
316
317
                   p += 2;
318
                 }
319
                 else {
320
                   ++p;
321
                 }
322
                 *q = LF;
323
                 ++q;
324
              }
325
               else if ( (_flags & NEEDS_ENTITY_PROCESSING) && *p == '&' ) {
326
                 // Entities handled by tinyXML2:
327
                 // - special entities in the entity table [in/out]
                 // - numeric character reference [in]
328
329
                 // 中 or 中
330
331
                 if (*(p+1) == '#') {
332
                   const int buflen = 10;
333
                   char buf[buflen] = { 0 };
                   int len = 0;
334
335
                   const char* adjusted = const_cast<char*>( XMLUtil::GetCharacterRef( p, buf, &len ) );
                   if (adjusted == 0) {
336
```

```
337
                       *q = *p;
338
                       ++p;
339
                       ++q;
340
                    }
341
                    else {
342
                      TIXMLASSERT( 0 <= len && len <= buflen );
343
                      TIXMLASSERT( q + len <= adjusted );
344
                      p = adjusted;
345
                      memcpy(q, buf, len);
346
                      q += len;
347
                    }
348
                  }
349
                  else {
350
                    bool entityFound = false;
351
                    for(int i = 0; i < NUM_ENTITIES; ++i) {
352
                       const Entity& entity = entities[i];
353
                      if ( strncmp( p + 1, entity.pattern, entity.length ) == 0
354
                            && *( p + entity.length + 1 ) == ';' ) {
355
                         // Found an entity - convert.
356
                         *q = entity.value;
357
                         ++q;
358
                         p += entity.length + 2;
359
                         entityFound = true;
360
                         break;
361
                      }
                    }
362
363
                    if (!entityFound) {
364
                      // fixme: treat as error?
365
                      ++p;
366
                      ++q;
367
                    }
368
                  }
369
               }
370
               else {
371
                  *q = *p;
372
                  ++p;
373
                  ++q;
374
               }
375
376
             *q = 0;
377
          }
378
          // The loop below has plenty going on, and this
379
          // is a less useful mode. Break it out.
380
          if (_flags & NEEDS_WHITESPACE_COLLAPSING) {
381
             CollapseWhitespace();
382
          }
383
          _flags = (_flags & NEEDS_DELETE);
384
385
        TIXMLASSERT( _start );
```

```
386
       return _start;
387 }
388
389
390
391
392 // ----- XMLUtil ----- //
393
394
     const char* XMLUtil::writeBoolTrue = "true";
     const char* XMLUtil::writeBoolFalse = "false";
395
396
397 void XMLUtil::SetBoolSerialization(const char* writeTrue, const char* writeFalse)
398 | {
399
         static const char* defTrue = "true";
         static const char* defFalse = "false";
400
401
402
         writeBoolTrue = (writeTrue) ? writeTrue : defTrue;
403
          writeBoolFalse = (writeFalse)? writeFalse: defFalse;
404 }
405
406
407
     const char* XMLUtil::ReadBOM( const char* p, bool* bom )
408
     {
409
       TIXMLASSERT(p);
410
       TIXMLASSERT( bom );
411
       *bom = false;
412
       const unsigned char* pu = reinterpret_cast<const unsigned char*>(p);
413
       // Check for BOM:
414
       if ( *(pu+0) == TIXML_UTF_LEAD_0
415
            \&\& *(pu+1) == TIXML_UTF_LEAD_1
416
            && *(pu+2) == TIXML_UTF_LEAD_2 ) {
417
         *bom = true;
418
         p += 3;
419
       }
       TIXMLASSERT( p );
420
421
       return p;
422 }
423
424
425
     void XMLUtil::ConvertUTF32ToUTF8( unsigned long input, char* output, int* length )
426 {
427
       const unsigned long BYTE_MASK = 0xBF;
428
       const unsigned long BYTE MARK = 0x80;
429
       const unsigned long FIRST_BYTE_MARK[7] = { 0x00, 0x00, 0xC0, 0xE0, 0xF0, 0xF8, 0xFC };
430
431
       if (input < 0x80) {
          *length = 1;
432
433
434
       else if (input < 0x800) {
```

```
435
          *length = 2;
436
       }
437
       else if ( input < 0x10000 ) {
438
          *length = 3;
439
       }
440
       else if ( input < 0x200000 ) {
441
          *length = 4;
442
       }
443
       else {
444
          *length = 0; // This code won't convert this correctly anyway.
445
          return;
446
       }
447
448
       output += *length;
449
450
       // Scary scary fall throughs are annotated with carefully designed comments
451
       // to suppress compiler warnings such as -Wimplicit-fallthrough in gcc
452
       switch (*length) {
453
          case 4:
454
            --output;
455
            *output = static_cast<char>((input | BYTE_MARK) & BYTE_MASK);
456
            input >>= 6;
457
            //fall through
458
          case 3:
459
            --output;
            *output = static_cast<char>((input | BYTE_MARK) & BYTE_MASK);
460
461
            input >>= 6;
462
            //fall through
463
          case 2:
464
            --output;
465
            *output = static_cast<char>((input | BYTE_MARK) & BYTE_MASK);
466
            input >>= 6;
            //fall through
467
468
          case 1:
469
            --output;
470
            *output = static_cast<char>(input | FIRST_BYTE_MARK[*length]);
471
            break:
472
          default:
473
            TIXMLASSERT( false );
474
       }
475 }
476
477
     const char* XMLUtil::GetCharacterRef( const char* p, char* value, int* length )
478
479 {
480
       // Presume an entity, and pull it out.
481
       *length = 0;
482
       if (*(p+1) == '#' && *(p+2))
483
```

```
484
          unsigned long ucs = 0;
485
          TIXMLASSERT( sizeof( ucs ) >= 4 );
486
          ptrdiff_t delta = 0;
487
          unsigned mult = 1;
488
          static const char SEMICOLON = ';';
489
490
          if (*(p+2) == 'x')
491
            // Hexadecimal.
492
            const char* q = p+3;
493
            if (!(*q)) {
494
               return 0;
495
            }
496
497
            q = strchr( q, SEMICOLON );
498
499
            if (!q) {
500
               return 0;
501
502
            TIXMLASSERT( *q == SEMICOLON );
503
504
            delta = q-p;
505
            --q;
506
507
            while (*q!='x') {
508
               unsigned int digit = 0;
509
510
               if (*q \ge 0' \&\& *q \le 9')
511
                 digit = *q - '0';
512
               }
513
               else if (*q >= 'a' && *q <= 'f') {
514
                 digit = *q - 'a' + 10;
515
516
               else if (*q >= 'A' && *q <= 'F') {
517
                 digit = *q - 'A' + 10;
518
               }
519
               else {
520
                 return 0;
521
               }
522
               TIXMLASSERT( digit < 16 );
523
               TIXMLASSERT( digit == 0 | | mult <= UINT_MAX / digit );
               const unsigned int digitScaled = mult * digit;
524
525
               TIXMLASSERT( ucs <= ULONG_MAX - digitScaled );
526
               ucs += digitScaled;
527
               TIXMLASSERT( mult <= UINT_MAX / 16 );
528
               mult *= 16;
529
               --q;
530
            }
531
          }
          else {
532
```

```
533
            // Decimal.
534
            const char* q = p+2;
535
            if (!(*q)) {
536
              return 0;
537
            }
538
539
            q = strchr( q, SEMICOLON );
540
541
            if (!q) {
542
              return 0;
543
            }
544
            TIXMLASSERT( *q == SEMICOLON );
545
546
            delta = q-p;
547
            --q;
548
549
            while (*q!='#') {
              if ( *q \ge 0' \&  *q \le 9' ) {
550
                 const unsigned int digit = *q - '0';
551
552
                 TIXMLASSERT( digit < 10 );
553
                 TIXMLASSERT( digit == 0 | | mult <= UINT_MAX / digit );
554
                 const unsigned int digitScaled = mult * digit;
555
                 TIXMLASSERT( ucs <= ULONG_MAX - digitScaled );
556
                 ucs += digitScaled;
557
              }
558
              else {
                 return 0;
559
560
              }
561
              TIXMLASSERT( mult <= UINT_MAX / 10 );
562
               mult *= 10;
563
               --q;
564
            }
565
          }
566
         // convert the UCS to UTF-8
567
          ConvertUTF32ToUTF8( ucs, value, length );
568
          return p + delta + 1;
569
       }
570
       return p+1;
571 }
572
573
574
     void XMLUtil::ToStr( int v, char* buffer, int bufferSize )
575
576
       TIXML_SNPRINTF( buffer, bufferSize, "%d", v );
577 }
578
579
580 void XMLUtil::ToStr( unsigned v, char* buffer, int bufferSize )
581 {
```

```
582
        TIXML_SNPRINTF( buffer, bufferSize, "%u", v );
583 }
584
585
586
     void XMLUtil::ToStr( bool v, char* buffer, int bufferSize )
587
     {
588
        TIXML_SNPRINTF( buffer, bufferSize, "%s", v? writeBoolTrue : writeBoolFalse);
589 }
590
591 /*
592
          ToStr() of a number is a very tricky topic.
593
          https://github.com/leethomason/tinyxml2/issues/106
     */
594
595
     void XMLUtil::ToStr( float v, char* buffer, int bufferSize )
596
597
        TIXML_SNPRINTF( buffer, bufferSize, "%.8q", v );
598 }
599
600
601
     void XMLUtil::ToStr( double v, char* buffer, int bufferSize )
602 {
603
        TIXML_SNPRINTF( buffer, bufferSize, "%.17q", v );
604 }
605
606
607
     void XMLUtil::ToStr( int64_t v, char* buffer, int bufferSize )
608 {
609
          // horrible syntax trick to make the compiler happy about %lld
          TIXML_SNPRINTF(buffer, bufferSize, "%lld", static_cast<long long>(v));
610
611 }
612
     void XMLUtil::ToStr( uint64 t v, char* buffer, int bufferSize )
613
614
     {
615
       // horrible syntax trick to make the compiler happy about %llu
        TIXML SNPRINTF(buffer, bufferSize, "%llu", (long long)v);
616
617
    }
618
619
     bool XMLUtil::ToInt(const char* str, int* value)
620 {
621
       if (IsPrefixHex(str)) {
622
         unsigned v;
623
          if (TIXML SSCANF(str, "%x", &v) == 1) {
624
            *value = static cast<int>(v);
625
            return true;
626
         }
627
       }
628
        else {
629
          if (TIXML_SSCANF(str, "%d", value) == 1) {
630
            return true;
```

```
631
632
       }
633
       return false;
634 }
635
636
     bool XMLUtil::ToUnsigned(const char* str, unsigned* value)
637 {
638
       if (TIXML_SSCANF(str, IsPrefixHex(str)? "%x": "%u", value) == 1) {
639
          return true;
640
       }
641
       return false;
642 }
643
644 | bool XMLUtil::ToBool( const char* str, bool* value )
645 {
646
       int ival = 0;
647
       if (ToInt(str, &ival)) {
648
          *value = (ival==0) ? false : true;
649
          return true;
650
       }
651
        static const char* TRUE_VALS[] = { "true", "True", "TRUE", 0 };
        static const char* FALSE_VALS[] = { "false", "False", "FALSE", 0 };
652
653
654
       for (int i = 0; TRUE_VALS[i]; ++i) {
655
          if (StringEqual(str, TRUE_VALS[i])) {
656
             *value = true;
657
            return true;
658
          }
659
       }
660
       for (int i = 0; FALSE_VALS[i]; ++i) {
661
          if (StringEqual(str, FALSE_VALS[i])) {
662
             *value = false;
663
            return true;
664
          }
665
       }
666
       return false;
667 }
668
669
670
     bool XMLUtil::ToFloat( const char* str, float* value )
671
     {
672
       if ( TIXML_SSCANF( str, "%f", value ) == 1 ) {
673
          return true;
674
       }
675
       return false;
676 }
677
678
679 | bool XMLUtil::ToDouble( const char* str, double* value )
```

```
680 {
681
       if ( TIXML_SSCANF( str, "%lf", value ) == 1 ) {
682
          return true;
683
       }
684
       return false;
685 }
686
687
688
     bool XMLUtil::ToInt64(const char* str, int64_t* value)
689 {
690
       if (IsPrefixHex(str)) {
691
          unsigned long long v = 0; // horrible syntax trick to make the compiler happy about %llx
692
          if (TIXML_SSCANF(str, "%IIx", &v) == 1) {
            *value = static_cast<int64_t>(v);
693
694
            return true;
695
        }
696
       }
697
       else {
698
          long long v = 0; // horrible syntax trick to make the compiler happy about %IId
699
          if (TIXML_SSCANF(str, "%lld", &v) == 1) {
700
            *value = static_cast<int64_t>(v);
701
            return true;
702
          }
703
       }
704
          return false;
705 }
706
707
708
     bool XMLUtil::ToUnsigned64(const char* str, uint64_t* value) {
709
       unsigned long long v = 0; // horrible syntax trick to make the compiler happy about %llu
       if(TIXML\_SSCANF(str, IsPrefixHex(str)?"%|Ix":"%|Iu", &v) == 1) {
710
711
          *value = (uint64 t)v;
712
         return true;
713
       }
714
       return false;
715 }
716
717
718 char* XMLDocument::Identify( char* p, XMLNode** node )
719 {
720
       TIXMLASSERT( node );
721
       TIXMLASSERT( p );
722
       char* const start = p;
723
       int const startLine = _parseCurLineNum;
724
       p = XMLUtil::SkipWhiteSpace( p, &_parseCurLineNum );
725
       if(!*p){
726
          *node = 0;
727
          TIXMLASSERT(p);
728
          return p;
```

```
729
730
731
       // These strings define the matching patterns:
732
       static const char* xmlHeader
                                         = { "<?" };
733
       static const char* commentHeader = { "<!--" };
734
       static const char* cdataHeader
                                             = { "<![CDATA[" };
735
       static const char* dtdHeader
                                         = { "<!" };
736
       static const char* elementHeader = { "<" }; // and a header for everything else; check last.
737
738
       static const int xmlHeaderLen
                                         = 2;
739
       static const int commentHeaderLen = 4;
740
       static const int cdataHeaderLen
741
       static const int dtdHeaderLen
                                         = 2;
742
       static const int elementHeaderLen = 1;
743
744
       TIXMLASSERT( sizeof( XMLComment ) == sizeof( XMLUnknown ) ); // use same memory pool
745
       TIXMLASSERT( sizeof( XMLComment ) == sizeof( XMLDeclaration ) ); // use same memory pool
746
       XMLNode* returnNode = 0;
747
       if ( XMLUtil::StringEqual( p, xmlHeader, xmlHeaderLen ) ) {
748
         returnNode = CreateUnlinkedNode<XMLDeclaration>( _commentPool );
749
         returnNode->_parseLineNum = _parseCurLineNum;
750
         p += xmlHeaderLen;
751
       }
752
       else if ( XMLUtil::StringEqual( p, commentHeader, commentHeaderLen ) ) {
753
         returnNode = CreateUnlinkedNode<XMLComment>(_commentPool );
754
         returnNode->_parseLineNum = _parseCurLineNum;
755
         p += commentHeaderLen;
756
757
       else if ( XMLUtil::StringEqual( p, cdataHeader, cdataHeaderLen ) ) {
758
         XMLText* text = CreateUnlinkedNode<XMLText>( textPool );
759
         returnNode = text:
760
         returnNode-> parseLineNum = parseCurLineNum;
761
         p += cdataHeaderLen;
762
         text->SetCData( true );
763
764
       else if ( XMLUtil::StringEqual( p, dtdHeader, dtdHeaderLen ) ) {
765
         returnNode = CreateUnlinkedNode<XMLUnknown>( _commentPool );
766
         returnNode->_parseLineNum = _parseCurLineNum;
767
         p += dtdHeaderLen;
768
       }
769
       else if ( XMLUtil::StringEqual( p, elementHeader, elementHeaderLen ) ) {
770
         returnNode = CreateUnlinkedNode<XMLElement>( elementPool );
771
         returnNode-> parseLineNum = parseCurLineNum;
772
         p += elementHeaderLen;
773
       }
774
       else {
775
         returnNode = CreateUnlinkedNode<XMLText>( _textPool );
776
         returnNode->_parseLineNum = _parseCurLineNum; // Report line of first non-whitespace
     character
```

```
p = start; // Back it up, all the text counts.
777
         _parseCurLineNum = startLine;
778
779
780
781
       TIXMLASSERT( returnNode );
782
       TIXMLASSERT(p);
       *node = returnNode;
783
784
       return p;
785 | }
786
787
788
     bool XMLDocument::Accept( XMLVisitor* visitor ) const
789 {
790
       TIXMLASSERT( visitor );
       if ( visitor->VisitEnter( *this ) ) {
791
792
         for (const XMLNode* node=FirstChild(); node; node=node->NextSibling()) {
793
            if (!node->Accept(visitor)) {
794
              break;
795
            }
796
         }
797
798
       return visitor->VisitExit( *this );
799 }
800
801
802 // ----- XMLNode ----- //
803
804 XMLNode::XMLNode( XMLDocument* doc ):
805
       _document( doc ),
      _parent( <mark>0</mark> ),
806
807
       _value(),
808
       _parseLineNum( 0 ),
809
       _firstChild( 0 ), _lastChild( 0 ),
810
       _prev( 0 ), _next( 0 ),
         _userData( 0 ),
811
812
       _memPool( 0 )
813 {
814 }
815
816
817
     XMLNode::~XMLNode()
818 {
819
       DeleteChildren();
820
       if ( _parent ) {
         _parent->Unlink( this );
821
822
       }
823 }
824
825 const char* XMLNode::Value() const
```

```
826 | {
827
       // Edge case: XMLDocuments don't have a Value. Return null.
828
       if ( this->ToDocument() )
829
          return 0;
830
       return _value.GetStr();
831 }
832
833 void XMLNode::SetValue( const char* str, bool staticMem )
834 {
835
       if ( staticMem ) {
          _value.SetInternedStr( str );
836
837
       }
838
       else {
839
          _value.SetStr( str );
840
       }
841 }
842
843
     XMLNode* XMLNode::DeepClone(XMLDocument* target) const
844 {
845
          XMLNode* clone = this->ShallowClone(target);
846
          if (!clone) return 0;
847
          for (const XMLNode* child = this->FirstChild(); child; child = child->NextSibling()) {
848
849
              XMLNode* childClone = child->DeepClone(target);
850
              TIXMLASSERT(childClone);
851
              clone->InsertEndChild(childClone);
852
          }
853
          return clone;
854 }
855
856 void XMLNode::DeleteChildren()
857 | {
858
       while( _firstChild ) {
859
          TIXMLASSERT( _lastChild );
860
          DeleteChild( _firstChild );
861
       }
862
       _firstChild = _lastChild = 0;
863 }
864
865
866
     void XMLNode::Unlink( XMLNode* child )
867
     {
868
       TIXMLASSERT( child );
869
       TIXMLASSERT( child->_document == _document );
870
       TIXMLASSERT( child->_parent == this );
871
       if ( child == _firstChild ) {
          _firstChild = _firstChild->_next;
872
873
       }
       if ( child == _lastChild ) {
874
```

```
875
          _lastChild = _lastChild->_prev;
876
       }
877
878
       if ( child->_prev ) {
879
          child->_prev->_next = child->_next;
880
       }
881
       if ( child->_next ) {
882
          child->_next->_prev = child->_prev;
883
       }
884
         child->_next = 0;
         child->_prev = 0;
885
886
          child->_parent = 0;
887 }
888
889
890 void XMLNode::DeleteChild( XMLNode* node )
891 {
892
       TIXMLASSERT( node );
893
       TIXMLASSERT( node->_document == _document );
894
       TIXMLASSERT( node->_parent == this );
895
       Unlink( node );
         TIXMLASSERT(node->_prev == 0);
896
897
         TIXMLASSERT(node->_next == 0);
898
         TIXMLASSERT(node->_parent == 0);
       DeleteNode( node );
899
900 }
901
902
903 XMLNode* XMLNode::InsertEndChild( XMLNode* addThis )
904 {
905
       TIXMLASSERT( addThis );
       if ( addThis-> document != document ) {
906
907
         TIXMLASSERT( false );
908
         return 0;
909
910
       InsertChildPreamble( addThis );
911
912
       if ( _lastChild ) {
913
         TIXMLASSERT( firstChild);
914
         TIXMLASSERT( _lastChild->_next == 0 );
915
         _lastChild->_next = addThis;
         addThis->_prev = _lastChild;
916
917
          _lastChild = addThis;
918
919
          addThis->_next = 0;
920
       }
921
       else {
922
         TIXMLASSERT( _firstChild == 0 );
923
         _firstChild = _lastChild = addThis;
```

```
924
925
          addThis->_prev = 0;
926
          addThis->_next = 0;
927
       }
928
       addThis->_parent = this;
929
       return addThis;
930 }
931
932
933 XMLNode* XMLNode::InsertFirstChild( XMLNode* addThis )
934 | {
935
       TIXMLASSERT( addThis );
936
       if ( addThis->_document != _document ) {
937
         TIXMLASSERT( false );
938
         return 0;
939
       }
940
       InsertChildPreamble( addThis );
941
942
       if (_firstChild ) {
943
         TIXMLASSERT( _lastChild );
944
         TIXMLASSERT( _firstChild->_prev == 0 );
945
         _firstChild->_prev = addThis;
946
947
         addThis->_next = _firstChild;
         _firstChild = addThis;
948
949
950
          addThis->_prev = 0;
951
       }
952
       else {
953
         TIXMLASSERT( _lastChild == 0 );
954
         _firstChild = _lastChild = addThis;
955
956
          addThis->_prev = 0;
957
          addThis->_next = 0;
958
959
       addThis->_parent = this;
960
       return addThis;
961 }
962
963
964
     XMLNode* XMLNode::InsertAfterChild( XMLNode* afterThis, XMLNode* addThis )
965
     {
966
       TIXMLASSERT( addThis );
       if ( addThis->_document != _document ) {
967
968
         TIXMLASSERT( false );
969
         return 0;
970
       }
971
972
       TIXMLASSERT( afterThis );
```

```
973
974
        if ( afterThis->_parent != this ) {
975
          TIXMLASSERT( false );
976
          return 0;
977
        }
978
        if ( afterThis == addThis ) {
979
          // Current state: BeforeThis -> AddThis -> OneAfterAddThis
980
          // Now AddThis must disappear from it's location and then
          // reappear between BeforeThis and OneAfterAddThis.
981
982
          // So just leave it where it is.
983
          return addThis;
984
        }
985
986
        if ( afterThis->_next == 0 ) {
987
          // The last node or the only node.
988
          return InsertEndChild( addThis );
989
990
        InsertChildPreamble( addThis );
991
        addThis->_prev = afterThis;
992
        addThis->_next = afterThis->_next;
993
        afterThis->_next->_prev = addThis;
994
        afterThis->_next = addThis;
995
        addThis-> parent = this;
996
        return addThis;
997 }
998
999
1000
1001
1002 const XMLElement* XMLNode::FirstChildElement( const char* name ) const
1003 {
1004
        for( const XMLNode* node = firstChild; node; node = node-> next ) {
          const XMLElement* element = node->ToElementWithName( name );
1005
1006
          if ( element ) {
            return element:
1007
1008
          }
1009
        }
1010
        return 0;
1011 }
1012
1013
1014 const XMLElement* XMLNode::LastChildElement( const char* name ) const
1015 {
1016
        for( const XMLNode* node = _lastChild; node; node = node->_prev ) {
          const XMLElement* element = node->ToElementWithName( name );
1017
          if ( element ) {
1018
            return element;
1019
1020
          }
1021
        }
```

```
1022
        return 0;
1023 }
1024
1025
1026 const XMLElement* XMLNode::NextSiblingElement( const char* name ) const
1027 {
1028
        for( const XMLNode* node = _next; node; node = node->_next ) {
1029
          const XMLElement* element = node->ToElementWithName( name );
1030
          if ( element ) {
1031
            return element;
1032
          }
1033
        }
1034
        return 0;
1035 }
1036
1037
1038 const XMLElement* XMLNode::PreviousSiblingElement( const char* name ) const
1039 {
        for( const XMLNode* node = _prev; node; node = node->_prev ) {
1040
          const XMLElement* element = node->ToElementWithName( name );
1041
1042
          if ( element ) {
1043
            return element;
1044
          }
1045
        }
        return 0;
1046
1047 }
1048
1049
1050 char* XMLNode::ParseDeep( char* p, StrPair* parentEndTag, int* curLineNumPtr )
1051 {
1052
        // This is a recursive method, but thinking about it "at the current level"
1053
        // it is a pretty simple flat list:
               <foo/>
1054
       //
1055
       //
               <!-- comment -->
1056
       //
1057
       // With a special case:
               <foo>
1058
        //
1059
               </foo>
1060
       //
               <!-- comment -->
1061
        // Where the closing element (/foo) *must* be the next thing after the opening
1062
1063
        // element, and the names must match. BUT the tricky bit is that the closing
1064
        // element will be read by the child.
        //
1065
        // 'endTag' is the end tag for this node, it is returned by a call to a child.
1066
        // 'parentEnd' is the end tag for the parent, which is filled in and returned.
1067
1068
1069
          XMLDocument::DepthTracker tracker(_document);
1070
          if ( document->Error())
```

```
1071
               return 0;
1072
1073
          while( p && *p ) {
1074
          XMLNode* node = 0;
1075
1076
          p = _document->Identify( p, &node );
1077
          TIXMLASSERT( p );
1078
          if ( node == 0 ) {
1079
             break;
1080
          }
1081
1082
          const int initialLineNum = node->_parseLineNum;
1083
1084
          StrPair endTag;
          p = node->ParseDeep( p, &endTag, curLineNumPtr );
1085
1086
          if (!p) {
             _document->DeleteNode( node );
1087
1088
             if ( !_document->Error() ) {
               _document->SetError( XML_ERROR_PARSING, initialLineNum, 0);
1089
1090
            }
1091
             break;
1092
          }
1093
1094
          const XMLDeclaration* const decl = node->ToDeclaration();
1095
          if (decl) {
1096
             // Declarations are only allowed at document level
1097
            //
             // Multiple declarations are allowed but all declarations
1098
1099
             // must occur before anything else.
            //
1100
             // Optimized due to a security test case. If the first node is
1101
             // a declaration, and the last node is a declaration, then only
1102
             // declarations have so far been added.
1103
             bool wellLocated = false:
1104
1105
1106
             if (ToDocument()) {
1107
               if (FirstChild()) {
                 wellLocated =
1108
                    FirstChild() &&
1109
1110
                    FirstChild()->ToDeclaration() &&
                    LastChild() &&
1111
                    LastChild()->ToDeclaration();
1112
1113
               }
               else {
1114
1115
                 wellLocated = true;
1116
               }
1117
             }
             if (!wellLocated) {
1118
1119
               _document->SetError( XML_ERROR_PARSING_DECLARATION, initialLineNum, "XMLDeclaration
```

```
value=%s", decl->Value());
1120
               _document->DeleteNode( node );
1121
               break;
1122
            }
1123
          }
1124
1125
          XMLElement* ele = node->ToElement();
1126
          if ( ele ) {
1127
            // We read the end tag. Return it to the parent.
            if ( ele->ClosingType() == XMLElement::CLOSING ) {
1128
1129
               if ( parentEndTag ) {
1130
                 ele->_value.TransferTo( parentEndTag );
1131
               }
               node->_memPool->SetTracked(); // created and then immediately deleted.
1132
1133
               DeleteNode( node );
1134
               return p;
1135
            }
1136
            // Handle an end tag returned to this level.
1137
            // And handle a bunch of annoying errors.
1138
            bool mismatch = false;
1139
            if ( endTag.Empty() ) {
1140
               if (ele->ClosingType() == XMLElement::OPEN) {
1141
1142
                 mismatch = true:
1143
               }
1144
            }
            else {
1145
               if ( ele->ClosingType() != XMLElement::OPEN ) {
1146
1147
                 mismatch = true;
1148
               }
               else if (!XMLUtil::StringEqual(endTag.GetStr(), ele->Name())) {
1149
                 mismatch = true;
1150
              }
1151
1152
            }
1153
            if ( mismatch ) {
1154
               _document->SetError( XML_ERROR_MISMATCHED_ELEMENT, initialLineNum, "XMLElement
      name=%s", ele->Name());
               document->DeleteNode( node );
1155
1156
               break;
1157
            }
1158
1159
          InsertEndChild( node );
1160
        }
1161
        return 0;
1162 }
1163
1164 /*static*/ void XMLNode::DeleteNode( XMLNode* node )
1165 {
1166
       if ( node == 0 ) {
```

```
1167
          return;
1168
       }
1169
         TIXMLASSERT(node->_document);
1170
          if (!node->ToDocument()) {
1171
              node->_document->MarkInUse(node);
1172
         }
1173
1174
        MemPool* pool = node->_memPool;
1175
        node->~XMLNode();
1176
        pool->Free( node );
1177 }
1178
1179 void XMLNode::InsertChildPreamble( XMLNode* insertThis ) const
1180 {
1181
        TIXMLASSERT( insertThis );
1182
        TIXMLASSERT( insertThis->_document == _document );
1183
1184
          if (insertThis->_parent) {
1185
          insertThis->_parent->Unlink( insertThis );
1186
          }
1187
          else {
              insertThis->_document->MarkInUse(insertThis);
1188
1189
          insertThis->_memPool->SetTracked();
1190
          }
1191 }
1192
1193 const XMLElement* XMLNode::ToElementWithName( const char* name ) const
1194 {
1195
        const XMLElement* element = this->ToElement();
1196
        if ( element == 0 ) {
          return 0;
1197
1198
       if (name == 0)
1199
          return element;
1200
1201
1202
       if ( XMLUtil::StringEqual( element->Name(), name ) ) {
1203
        return element;
1204
       }
1205
        return 0;
1206 }
1207
1208 // ----- XMLText ----- //
1209 char* XMLText::ParseDeep( char* p, StrPair*, int* curLineNumPtr )
1210 {
1211
       if ( this->CData() ) {
          p = _value.ParseText( p, "]]>", StrPair::NEEDS_NEWLINE_NORMALIZATION, curLineNumPtr );
1212
1213
          if (!p) {
1214
            _document->SetError( XML_ERROR_PARSING_CDATA, _parseLineNum, 0 );
1215
          }
```

```
1216
          return p;
1217
       }
1218
        else {
1219
          int flags = _document->ProcessEntities() ? StrPair::TEXT_ELEMENT :
      StrPair::TEXT_ELEMENT_LEAVE_ENTITIES;
          if ( _document->WhitespaceMode() == COLLAPSE_WHITESPACE ) {
1220
1221
             flags |= StrPair::NEEDS_WHITESPACE_COLLAPSING;
1222
          }
1223
1224
          p = _value.ParseText( p, "<", flags, curLineNumPtr );</pre>
1225
          if (p && *p) {
1226
             return p-1;
1227
          }
1228
          if (!p) {
             _document->SetError( XML_ERROR_PARSING_TEXT, _parseLineNum, 0 );
1229
1230
          }
1231
        }
1232
        return 0;
1233 }
1234
1235
1236 XMLNode* XMLText::ShallowClone( XMLDocument* doc ) const
1237 {
1238
        if (!doc) {
1239
          doc = _document;
1240
1241
        XMLText* text = doc->NewText( Value() ); // fixme: this will always allocate memory. Intern?
1242
        text->SetCData(this->CData());
1243
        return text;
1244 }
1245
1246
1247 | bool XMLText::ShallowEqual( const XMLNode* compare ) const
1248 {
1249
        TIXMLASSERT( compare );
1250
        const XMLText* text = compare->ToText();
        return ( text && XMLUtil::StringEqual( text->Value(), Value() ) );
1251
1252 }
1253
1254
1255 | bool XMLText::Accept( XMLVisitor* visitor ) const
1256 {
1257
        TIXMLASSERT( visitor );
1258
        return visitor->Visit( *this );
1259 }
1260
1261
1262 // ----- XMLComment ----- //
1263
```

```
1264 XMLComment::XMLComment( XMLDocument* doc ) : XMLNode( doc )
1265 {
1266 }
1267
1268
1269 XMLComment::~XMLComment()
1270 {
1271 }
1272
1273
1274 char* XMLComment::ParseDeep( char* p, StrPair*, int* curLineNumPtr )
1275 {
1276
       // Comment parses as text.
1277
       p = _value.ParseText( p, "-->", StrPair::COMMENT, curLineNumPtr );
1278
       if (p == 0)
1279
          _document->SetError( XML_ERROR_PARSING_COMMENT, _parseLineNum, 0 );
1280
       }
1281
       return p;
1282 }
1283
1284
1285 XMLNode* XMLComment::ShallowClone( XMLDocument* doc ) const
1286 {
1287
       if (!doc) {
1288
          doc = _document;
1289
1290
       XMLComment* comment = doc->NewComment( Value() ); // fixme: this will always allocate memory.
     Intern?
1291
       return comment;
1292 }
1293
1294
1295 | bool XMLComment::ShallowEqual( const XMLNode* compare ) const
1296 {
1297
       TIXMLASSERT( compare );
       const XMLComment* comment = compare->ToComment();
1298
1299
       return (comment && XMLUtil::StringEqual(comment->Value(), Value()));
1300 }
1301
1302
1303 | bool XMLComment::Accept( XMLVisitor* visitor ) const
1304 {
1305
       TIXMLASSERT( visitor );
1306
       return visitor->Visit( *this );
1307 }
1308
1309
1310 // ----- XMLDeclaration ----- //
1311
```

```
1312 XMLDeclaration::XMLDeclaration( XMLDocument* doc ) : XMLNode( doc )
1313 {
1314 }
1315
1316
1317 XMLDeclaration::~XMLDeclaration()
1318 {
1319
       //printf( "~XMLDeclaration\n" );
1320 }
1321
1322
1323 char* XMLDeclaration::ParseDeep( char* p, StrPair*, int* curLineNumPtr )
1324 {
1325
       // Declaration parses as text.
1326
        p = _value.ParseText( p, "?>", StrPair::NEEDS_NEWLINE_NORMALIZATION, curLineNumPtr );
1327
       if (p == 0)
          _document->SetError( XML_ERROR_PARSING_DECLARATION, _parseLineNum, 0 );
1328
1329
       }
1330
        return p;
1331 }
1332
1333
1334 XMLNode* XMLDeclaration::ShallowClone( XMLDocument* doc ) const
1335 {
1336
       if (!doc) {
          doc = _document;
1337
1338
       XMLDeclaration* dec = doc->NewDeclaration( Value() ); // fixme: this will always allocate memory.
1339
     Intern?
       return dec;
1340
1341 }
1342
1343
1344 bool XMLDeclaration::ShallowEqual( const XMLNode* compare ) const
1345 {
1346
       TIXMLASSERT( compare );
1347
        const XMLDeclaration* declaration = compare->ToDeclaration();
        return ( declaration && XMLUtil::StringEqual( declaration->Value(), Value() ));
1348
1349 }
1350
1351
1352
1353 bool XMLDeclaration::Accept( XMLVisitor* visitor ) const
1354 {
1355
        TIXMLASSERT( visitor );
       return visitor->Visit( *this );
1356
1357 }
1358
1359 // ----- XMLUnknown ----- //
```

```
1360
1361 XMLUnknown::XMLUnknown( XMLDocument* doc ) : XMLNode( doc )
1362 {
1363 }
1364
1365
1366 XMLUnknown::~XMLUnknown()
1367 {
1368 }
1369
1370
1371 char* XMLUnknown::ParseDeep( char* p, StrPair*, int* curLineNumPtr )
1372 {
1373
       // Unknown parses as text.
1374
       p = _value.ParseText( p, ">", StrPair::NEEDS_NEWLINE_NORMALIZATION, curLineNumPtr );
1375
       if (!p) {
1376
          _document->SetError( XML_ERROR_PARSING_UNKNOWN, _parseLineNum, 0 );
1377
       }
1378
       return p;
1379 }
1380
1381
1382 XMLNode* XMLUnknown::ShallowClone( XMLDocument* doc ) const
1383 {
1384
       if (!doc) {
          doc = _document;
1385
1386
1387
       XMLUnknown* text = doc->NewUnknown( Value() ); // fixme: this will always allocate memory.
     Intern?
1388
       return text;
1389 }
1390
1391
1392 bool XMLUnknown::ShallowEqual(const XMLNode* compare) const
1393 {
1394
       TIXMLASSERT( compare );
       const XMLUnknown* unknown = compare->ToUnknown();
1395
       return ( unknown && XMLUtil::StringEqual( unknown->Value(), Value() ));
1396
1397 }
1398
1399
1400 bool XMLUnknown::Accept( XMLVisitor* visitor ) const
1401 {
1402
       TIXMLASSERT( visitor );
1403
       return visitor->Visit( *this );
1404 }
1405
1406 // ----- XMLAttribute ----- //
1407
```

```
1408 const char* XMLAttribute::Name() const
1409 {
1410
        return _name.GetStr();
1411 }
1412
1413 const char* XMLAttribute::Value() const
1414 {
1415
        return _value.GetStr();
1416 }
1417
1418 char* XMLAttribute::ParseDeep( char* p, bool processEntities, int* curLineNumPtr )
1419 {
1420
       // Parse using the name rules: bug fix, was using ParseText before
1421
        p = _name.ParseName( p );
1422
       if (!p || !*p) {
1423
        return 0;
1424
        }
1425
1426
        // Skip white space before =
1427
        p = XMLUtil::SkipWhiteSpace( p, curLineNumPtr );
1428
       if (*p!='='){
1429
        return 0;
1430
        }
1431
1432
        ++p; // move up to opening quote
1433
        p = XMLUtil::SkipWhiteSpace( p, curLineNumPtr );
1434
        if (*p!='\"' && *p!='\") {
1435
        return 0;
1436
        }
1437
1438
        const char endTag[2] = { *p, 0 };
1439
        ++p; // move past opening quote
1440
1441
        p = _value.ParseText( p, endTag, processEntities ? StrPair::ATTRIBUTE_VALUE :
      StrPair::ATTRIBUTE VALUE LEAVE ENTITIES, curLineNumPtr );
1442
        return p;
1443 }
1444
1445
1446 void XMLAttribute::SetName( const char* n )
1447 {
1448
        _name.SetStr( n );
1449 }
1450
1451
1452 XMLError XMLAttribute::QueryIntValue(int* value) const
1453 {
1454
        if ( XMLUtil::ToInt( Value(), value )) {
1455
          return XML SUCCESS;
```

```
1456
1457
        return XML_WRONG_ATTRIBUTE_TYPE;
1458 }
1459
1460
1461 XMLError XMLAttribute::QueryUnsignedValue( unsigned int* value ) const
1462 {
1463
        if ( XMLUtil::ToUnsigned( Value(), value )) {
1464
          return XML_SUCCESS;
1465
        }
1466
        return XML_WRONG_ATTRIBUTE_TYPE;
1467 }
1468
1469
1470 XMLError XMLAttribute::QueryInt64Value(int64_t* value) const
1471 {
1472
          if (XMLUtil::ToInt64(Value(), value)) {
1473
               return XML_SUCCESS;
1474
1475
          return XML_WRONG_ATTRIBUTE_TYPE;
1476 }
1477
1478
1479 XMLError XMLAttribute::QueryUnsigned64Value(uint64 t* value) const
1480 {
1481
        if(XMLUtil::ToUnsigned64(Value(), value)) {
1482
          return XML SUCCESS;
1483
        }
1484
        return XML_WRONG_ATTRIBUTE_TYPE;
1485 }
1486
1487
1488 XMLError XMLAttribute::QueryBoolValue( bool* value ) const
1489 {
1490
        if ( XMLUtil::ToBool( Value(), value )) {
1491
          return XML_SUCCESS;
1492
       }
1493
        return XML WRONG ATTRIBUTE TYPE;
1494 }
1495
1496
1497 XMLError XMLAttribute::QueryFloatValue( float* value ) const
1498 {
1499
        if ( XMLUtil::ToFloat( Value(), value )) {
1500
          return XML SUCCESS;
1501
1502
        return XML_WRONG_ATTRIBUTE_TYPE;
1503 }
1504
```

```
1505
1506 XMLError XMLAttribute::QueryDoubleValue( double* value ) const
1507 {
1508
        if ( XMLUtil::ToDouble( Value(), value )) {
1509
          return XML_SUCCESS;
1510
        }
1511
        return XML_WRONG_ATTRIBUTE_TYPE;
1512 }
1513
1514
1515 void XMLAttribute::SetAttribute( const char* v )
1516 {
        _value.SetStr( v );
1517
1518 }
1519
1520
1521 void XMLAttribute::SetAttribute(int v)
1522 {
1523
        char buf[BUF_SIZE];
1524
        XMLUtil::ToStr( v, buf, BUF_SIZE );
1525
        _value.SetStr( buf );
1526 }
1527
1528
1529 void XMLAttribute::SetAttribute( unsigned v )
1530 {
1531
       char buf[BUF_SIZE];
1532
        XMLUtil::ToStr( v, buf, BUF SIZE );
1533
        _value.SetStr( buf );
1534 }
1535
1536
1537 void XMLAttribute::SetAttribute(int64_t v)
1538 {
1539
          char buf[BUF SIZE];
1540
          XMLUtil::ToStr(v, buf, BUF_SIZE);
1541
          _value.SetStr(buf);
1542 }
1543
1544 void XMLAttribute::SetAttribute(uint64_t v)
1545 {
1546
        char buf[BUF SIZE];
1547
        XMLUtil::ToStr(v, buf, BUF SIZE);
        _value.SetStr(buf);
1548
1549 }
1550
1551
1552 void XMLAttribute::SetAttribute( bool v )
1553 {
```

```
1554
        char buf[BUF_SIZE];
1555
        XMLUtil::ToStr( v, buf, BUF_SIZE );
1556
        _value.SetStr( buf );
1557 }
1558
1559 void XMLAttribute::SetAttribute( double v )
1560 {
1561
        char buf[BUF_SIZE];
1562
        XMLUtil::ToStr( v, buf, BUF_SIZE );
1563
        _value.SetStr( buf );
1564 }
1565
1566 void XMLAttribute::SetAttribute( float v )
1567 {
1568
        char buf[BUF_SIZE];
1569
        XMLUtil::ToStr( v, buf, BUF_SIZE );
1570
        _value.SetStr( buf );
1571 }
1572
1573
1574 // ----- XMLElement ----- //
1575 XMLElement::XMLElement( XMLDocument* doc ) : XMLNode( doc ),
1576
        closingType( OPEN ),
1577
        rootAttribute( 0 )
1578 {
1579 }
1580
1581
1582 XMLElement::~XMLElement()
1583 {
        while( _rootAttribute ) {
1584
          XMLAttribute* next = rootAttribute-> next;
1585
1586
          DeleteAttribute( _rootAttribute );
1587
          rootAttribute = next;
1588
        }
1589 }
1590
1591
1592 const XMLAttribute* XMLElement::FindAttribute( const char* name ) const
1593 {
1594
        for( XMLAttribute* a = _rootAttribute; a; a = a->_next ) {
1595
          if ( XMLUtil::StringEqual( a->Name(), name ) ) {
1596
             return a;
1597
          }
1598
        }
        return 0;
1599
1600 }
1601
1602
```

```
1603 const char* XMLElement::Attribute( const char* name, const char* value ) const
1604 {
1605
        const XMLAttribute* a = FindAttribute( name );
1606
        if (!a) {
1607
        return 0;
1608
1609
       if (!value | | XMLUtil::StringEqual( a->Value(), value )) {
1610
        return a->Value();
1611
        }
1612
        return 0;
1613 }
1614
1615 int XMLElement::IntAttribute(const char* name, int defaultValue) const
1616 {
1617
          int i = defaultValue;
1618
          QueryIntAttribute(name, &i);
1619
          return i;
1620 }
1621
1622 unsigned XMLElement::UnsignedAttribute(const char* name, unsigned defaultValue) const
1623 {
1624
          unsigned i = defaultValue;
1625
          QueryUnsignedAttribute(name, &i);
1626
          return i:
1627 }
1628
1629 int64_t XMLElement::Int64Attribute(const char* name, int64_t defaultValue) const
1630 {
1631
          int64 t i = defaultValue;
1632
          QueryInt64Attribute(name, &i);
          return i:
1633
1634 }
1635
1636 uint64_t XMLElement::Unsigned64Attribute(const char* name, uint64_t defaultValue) const
1637 {
1638
          uint64_t i = defaultValue;
1639
          QueryUnsigned64Attribute(name, &i);
1640
          return i:
1641 }
1642
1643 | bool XMLElement::BoolAttribute(const char* name, bool defaultValue) const
1644 {
1645
          bool b = defaultValue;
1646
          QueryBoolAttribute(name, &b);
          return b;
1647
1648 }
1649
1650 double XMLElement::DoubleAttribute(const char* name, double defaultValue) const
1651 {
```

```
1652
          double d = defaultValue;
1653
          QueryDoubleAttribute(name, &d);
          return d;
1654
1655 }
1656
1657 float XMLElement::FloatAttribute(const char* name, float defaultValue) const
1658 {
1659
          float f = defaultValue;
1660
          QueryFloatAttribute(name, &f);
1661
          return f;
1662 }
1663
1664 const char* XMLElement::GetText() const
1665 {
        /* skip comment node */
1666
1667
        const XMLNode* node = FirstChild();
1668
        while (node) {
1669
          if (node->ToComment()) {
1670
             node = node->NextSibling();
1671
             continue;
1672
          }
          break;
1673
1674
        }
1675
1676
        if ( node && node->ToText() ) {
1677
        return node->Value();
1678
        }
1679
        return 0;
1680 }
1681
1682
1683 void XMLElement::SetText( const char* inText )
1684 {
1685
          if ( FirstChild() && FirstChild()->ToText() )
               FirstChild()->SetValue( inText );
1686
1687
          else {
1688
               XMLText*
                             theText = GetDocument()->NewText( inText );
               InsertFirstChild( theText );
1689
1690
          }
1691 }
1692
1693
1694 void XMLElement::SetText(int v)
1695 {
1696
        char buf[BUF_SIZE];
1697
        XMLUtil::ToStr( v, buf, BUF_SIZE );
        SetText( buf );
1698
1699 }
1700
```

```
1701
1702 void XMLElement::SetText( unsigned v )
1703 {
1704
        char buf[BUF_SIZE];
        XMLUtil::ToStr( v, buf, BUF_SIZE );
1705
1706
        SetText( buf );
1707 }
1708
1709
1710 void XMLElement::SetText(int64_t v)
1711 {
1712
          char buf[BUF_SIZE];
1713
          XMLUtil::ToStr(v, buf, BUF_SIZE);
1714
          SetText(buf);
1715 }
1716
1717 void XMLElement::SetText(uint64_t v) {
1718
        char buf[BUF_SIZE];
1719
        XMLUtil::ToStr(v, buf, BUF_SIZE);
1720
        SetText(buf);
1721 }
1722
1723
1724 void XMLElement::SetText( bool v )
1725 {
1726
        char buf[BUF_SIZE];
1727
        XMLUtil::ToStr( v, buf, BUF_SIZE );
1728
        SetText( buf );
1729 }
1730
1731
1732 void XMLElement::SetText( float v )
1733 {
1734
        char buf[BUF_SIZE];
1735
        XMLUtil::ToStr( v, buf, BUF SIZE );
1736
        SetText( buf );
1737 }
1738
1739
1740 void XMLElement::SetText( double v )
1741 {
1742
        char buf[BUF SIZE];
1743
        XMLUtil::ToStr( v, buf, BUF SIZE );
1744
        SetText( buf );
1745 }
1746
1747
1748 XMLError XMLElement::QueryIntText( int* ival ) const
1749 {
```

```
1750
        if ( FirstChild() && FirstChild()->ToText() ) {
1751
          const char* t = FirstChild()->Value();
1752
          if ( XMLUtil::ToInt( t, ival ) ) {
1753
             return XML_SUCCESS;
1754
          }
1755
          return XML_CAN_NOT_CONVERT_TEXT;
1756
1757
        return XML_NO_TEXT_NODE;
1758 }
1759
1760
1761 XMLError XMLElement::QueryUnsignedText( unsigned* uval ) const
1762 {
1763
        if ( FirstChild() && FirstChild()->ToText() ) {
1764
          const char* t = FirstChild()->Value();
1765
          if ( XMLUtil::ToUnsigned( t, uval ) ) {
1766
             return XML_SUCCESS;
1767
          }
1768
          return XML_CAN_NOT_CONVERT_TEXT;
1769
1770
        return XML_NO_TEXT_NODE;
1771 }
1772
1773
1774 XMLError XMLElement::QueryInt64Text(int64_t* ival) const
1775 {
1776
          if (FirstChild() && FirstChild()->ToText()) {
1777
               const char* t = FirstChild()->Value();
1778
               if (XMLUtil::ToInt64(t, ival)) {
                    return XML SUCCESS;
1779
1780
               }
1781
               return XML CAN NOT CONVERT TEXT;
1782
1783
          return XML_NO_TEXT_NODE;
1784 }
1785
1786
1787 | XMLError XMLElement::QueryUnsigned64Text(uint64_t* uval) const
1788 {
1789
        if(FirstChild() && FirstChild()->ToText()) {
          const char* t = FirstChild()->Value();
1790
1791
          if(XMLUtil::ToUnsigned64(t, uval)) {
1792
             return XML SUCCESS;
1793
          }
1794
          return XML CAN NOT CONVERT TEXT;
1795
1796
        return XML_NO_TEXT_NODE;
1797 }
1798
```

```
1799
1800 XMLError XMLElement::QueryBoolText( bool* bval ) const
1801 {
1802
        if ( FirstChild() && FirstChild()->ToText() ) {
1803
          const char* t = FirstChild()->Value();
1804
          if ( XMLUtil::ToBool( t, bval ) ) {
1805
             return XML_SUCCESS;
1806
          }
1807
          return XML_CAN_NOT_CONVERT_TEXT;
1808
        }
1809
        return XML_NO_TEXT_NODE;
1810 }
1811
1812
1813 XMLError XMLElement::QueryDoubleText( double* dval ) const
1814 {
1815
        if ( FirstChild() && FirstChild()->ToText() ) {
1816
          const char* t = FirstChild()->Value();
1817
          if ( XMLUtil::ToDouble( t, dval ) ) {
1818
             return XML_SUCCESS;
1819
          }
1820
          return XML_CAN_NOT_CONVERT_TEXT;
1821
        }
1822
        return XML_NO_TEXT_NODE;
1823 }
1824
1825
1826 XMLError XMLElement::QueryFloatText( float* fval ) const
1827 | {
1828
       if ( FirstChild() && FirstChild()->ToText() ) {
          const char* t = FirstChild()->Value();
1829
1830
          if ( XMLUtil::ToFloat( t, fval ) ) {
1831
             return XML_SUCCESS;
1832
          }
1833
          return XML CAN NOT CONVERT TEXT;
1834
        }
1835
        return XML_NO_TEXT_NODE;
1836 }
1837
1838 int XMLElement::IntText(int defaultValue) const
1839 {
1840
          int i = defaultValue;
1841
          QueryIntText(&i);
          return i;
1842
1843 }
1844
1845 unsigned XMLElement::UnsignedText(unsigned defaultValue) const
1846 {
1847
          unsigned i = defaultValue;
```

```
1848
          QueryUnsignedText(&i);
1849
          return i;
1850 }
1851
1852 int64_t XMLElement::Int64Text(int64_t defaultValue) const
1853 {
1854
          int64_t i = defaultValue;
1855
          QueryInt64Text(&i);
1856
          return i;
1857 }
1858
1859 uint64_t XMLElement::Unsigned64Text(uint64_t defaultValue) const
1860 {
1861
          uint64_t i = defaultValue;
          QueryUnsigned64Text(&i);
1862
          return i;
1863
1864 }
1865
1866 | bool XMLElement::BoolText(bool defaultValue) const
1867 {
1868
          bool b = defaultValue;
1869
          QueryBoolText(&b);
          return b;
1870
1871 }
1872
1873 double XMLElement::DoubleText(double defaultValue) const
1874 {
1875
          double d = defaultValue:
1876
          QueryDoubleText(&d);
          return d;
1877
1878 }
1879
1880 | float XMLElement::FloatText(float defaultValue) const
1881 {
1882
          float f = defaultValue:
1883
          QueryFloatText(&f);
          return f;
1884
1885 }
1886
1887
1888 XMLAttribute* XMLElement::FindOrCreateAttribute( const char* name )
1889 {
1890
        XMLAttribute* last = 0;
        XMLAttribute* attrib = 0;
1891
        for( attrib = rootAttribute;
1892
1893
             attrib:
             last = attrib, attrib = attrib->_next ) {
1894
1895
          if ( XMLUtil::StringEqual( attrib->Name(), name ) ) {
1896
             break:
```

```
1897
          }
1898
        }
1899
        if (!attrib) {
1900
          attrib = CreateAttribute();
1901
          TIXMLASSERT( attrib );
1902
          if (last) {
1903
             TIXMLASSERT( last->_next == 0 );
1904
             last->_next = attrib;
1905
          }
1906
          else {
1907
             TIXMLASSERT( _rootAttribute == 0 );
1908
             _rootAttribute = attrib;
1909
          }
1910
          attrib->SetName( name );
1911
        }
1912
        return attrib;
1913 }
1914
1915
1916 void XMLElement::DeleteAttribute( const char* name )
1917 {
1918
        XMLAttribute* prev = 0;
        for( XMLAttribute* a=_rootAttribute; a; a=a->_next ) {
1919
1920
          if ( XMLUtil::StringEqual( name, a->Name() ) ) {
1921
             if ( prev ) {
1922
               prev->_next = a->_next;
1923
            }
1924
             else {
1925
               _rootAttribute = a->_next;
1926
            }
             DeleteAttribute( a );
1927
1928
             break;
1929
          }
1930
          prev = a;
1931
        }
1932 }
1933
1934
1935 char* XMLElement::ParseAttributes( char* p, int* curLineNumPtr )
1936 {
1937
        XMLAttribute* prevAttribute = 0;
1938
1939
       // Read the attributes.
1940
        while(p){
          p = XMLUtil::SkipWhiteSpace( p, curLineNumPtr );
1941
1942
          if (!(*p)) {
1943
             _document->SetError( XML_ERROR_PARSING_ELEMENT, _parseLineNum, "XMLElement
      name=%s", Name());
1944
            return 0;
```

```
1945
          }
1946
1947
          // attribute.
1948
          if (XMLUtil::IsNameStartChar( (unsigned char) *p ) ) {
1949
             XMLAttribute* attrib = CreateAttribute();
1950
             TIXMLASSERT( attrib );
             attrib->_parseLineNum = _document->_parseCurLineNum;
1951
1952
1953
             const int attrLineNum = attrib->_parseLineNum;
1954
1955
             p = attrib->ParseDeep(p, _document->ProcessEntities(), curLineNumPtr);
1956
             if (!p || Attribute( attrib->Name() ) ) {
1957
               DeleteAttribute( attrib );
               _document->SetError( XML_ERROR_PARSING_ATTRIBUTE, attrLineNum, "XMLElement
1958
      name=%s", Name());
1959
               return 0;
1960
             }
1961
             // There is a minor bug here: if the attribute in the source xml
             // document is duplicated, it will not be detected and the
1962
             // attribute will be doubly added. However, tracking the 'prevAttribute'
1963
             // avoids re-scanning the attribute list. Preferring performance for
1964
             // now, may reconsider in the future.
1965
             if ( prevAttribute ) {
1966
1967
               TIXMLASSERT( prevAttribute-> next == 0);
               prevAttribute->_next = attrib;
1968
             }
1969
             else {
1970
1971
               TIXMLASSERT( rootAttribute == 0);
1972
               rootAttribute = attrib;
1973
             }
1974
             prevAttribute = attrib;
1975
1976
          // end of the tag
          else if ( *p == '>' ) {
1977
1978
             ++p;
1979
             break;
1980
          }
          // end of the tag
1981
          else if (*p == '/' && *(p+1) == '>') {
1982
1983
             _closingType = CLOSED;
1984
             return p+2; // done; sealed element.
1985
          }
1986
          else {
1987
             _document->SetError( XML_ERROR_PARSING_ELEMENT, _parseLineNum, 0 );
1988
             return 0;
1989
          }
1990
        }
1991
        return p;
1992 }
```

```
1993
1994 void XMLElement::DeleteAttribute( XMLAttribute* attribute )
1995 {
1996
       if (attribute == 0) {
1997
        return;
1998
1999
       MemPool* pool = attribute->_memPool;
        attribute->~XMLAttribute();
2000
2001
        pool->Free( attribute );
2002 }
2003
2004 XMLAttribute* XMLElement::CreateAttribute()
2005 {
2006
       TIXMLASSERT( sizeof( XMLAttribute ) == _document->_attributePool.ItemSize() );
2007
       XMLAttribute* attrib = new (_document->_attributePool.Alloc() ) XMLAttribute();
2008
       TIXMLASSERT( attrib );
2009
        attrib->_memPool = &_document->_attributePool;
2010
        attrib->_memPool->SetTracked();
2011
       return attrib;
2012 }
2013
2014
2015 XMLElement* XMLElement::InsertNewChildElement(const char* name)
2016 {
2017
       XMLElement* node = _document->NewElement(name);
2018
        return InsertEndChild(node)? node: 0;
2019 }
2020
2021 XMLComment* XMLElement::InsertNewComment(const char* comment)
2022 {
2023
       XMLComment* node = document->NewComment(comment);
       return InsertEndChild(node)? node: 0;
2024
2025 }
2026
2027 XMLText* XMLElement::InsertNewText(const char* text)
2028 | {
2029
       XMLText* node = _document->NewText(text);
2030
       return InsertEndChild(node)? node: 0;
2031 }
2032
2033 XMLDeclaration* XMLElement::InsertNewDeclaration(const char* text)
2034 {
2035
       XMLDeclaration* node = document->NewDeclaration(text);
2036
        return InsertEndChild(node)? node: 0;
2037 }
2038
2039 XMLUnknown* XMLElement::InsertNewUnknown(const char* text)
2040 {
       XMLUnknown* node = document->NewUnknown(text);
2041
```

```
2042
        return InsertEndChild(node)? node: 0;
2043 }
2044
2045
2046
2047 //
2048 //
          <ele></ele>
2049 //
         <ele>foo<b>bar</b></ele>
2050 //
2051 char* XMLElement::ParseDeep( char* p, StrPair* parentEndTag, int* curLineNumPtr )
2052 {
2053
        // Read the element name.
2054
        p = XMLUtil::SkipWhiteSpace( p, curLineNumPtr );
2055
2056
        // The closing element is the </element> form. It is
2057
        // parsed just like a regular element then deleted from
2058
        // the DOM.
2059
       if ( *p == '/' ) {
          _closingType = CLOSING;
2060
2061
          ++p;
2062
        }
2063
2064
        p = _value.ParseName( p );
2065
        if ( _value.Empty() ) {
2066
        return 0;
2067
        }
2068
2069
        p = ParseAttributes( p, curLineNumPtr );
2070
        if (!p | | !*p | | _closingType != OPEN ) {
2071
          return p;
2072
        }
2073
2074
        p = XMLNode::ParseDeep( p, parentEndTag, curLineNumPtr );
2075
        return p;
2076 }
2077
2078
2079
2080 XMLNode* XMLElement::ShallowClone( XMLDocument* doc ) const
2081 {
2082
        if (!doc) {
          doc = document;
2083
2084
                                                                               // fixme: this will always
2085
        XMLElement* element = doc->NewElement( Value() );
      allocate memory. Intern?
        for( const XMLAttribute* a=FirstAttribute(); a; a=a->Next() ) {
2086
2087
          element->SetAttribute( a->Name(), a->Value() );
                                                                           // fixme: this will always allocate
      memory. Intern?
2088
       }
```

```
2089
        return element;
2090 }
2091
2092
2093 bool XMLElement::ShallowEqual(const XMLNode* compare) const
2094 {
2095
        TIXMLASSERT( compare );
2096
        const XMLElement* other = compare->ToElement();
2097
        if (other && XMLUtil::StringEqual(other->Name(), Name())) {
2098
2099
          const XMLAttribute* a=FirstAttribute();
2100
          const XMLAttribute* b=other->FirstAttribute();
2101
2102
          while ( a && b ) {
            if (!XMLUtil::StringEqual(a->Value(), b->Value())) {
2103
2104
               return false;
2105
            }
2106
            a = a -> Next();
2107
            b = b - Next();
2108
          }
2109
          if(a||b){
            // different count
2110
            return false;
2111
2112
          }
2113
          return true;
2114
        return false;
2115
2116 }
2117
2118
2119 bool XMLElement::Accept( XMLVisitor* visitor ) const
2120 {
2121
       TIXMLASSERT( visitor );
        if ( visitor->VisitEnter( *this, _rootAttribute ) ) {
2122
2123
          for (const XMLNode* node=FirstChild(); node; node=node->NextSibling()) {
2124
            if (!node->Accept(visitor)) {
2125
               break;
2126
            }
2127
          }
2128
        }
2129
        return visitor->VisitExit( *this );
2130 }
2131
2132
2133 // ----- XMLDocument ----- //
2134
2135 // Warning: List must match 'enum XMLError'
2136 const char* XMLDocument::_errorNames[XML_ERROR_COUNT] = {
2137
        "XML SUCCESS",
```

```
2138
       "XML_NO_ATTRIBUTE",
2139
       "XML_WRONG_ATTRIBUTE_TYPE",
       "XML_ERROR_FILE_NOT_FOUND",
2140
2141
       "XML_ERROR_FILE_COULD_NOT_BE_OPENED",
2142
       "XML_ERROR_FILE_READ_ERROR",
2143
       "XML ERROR PARSING ELEMENT",
2144
       "XML_ERROR_PARSING_ATTRIBUTE",
2145
       "XML_ERROR_PARSING_TEXT",
2146
       "XML_ERROR_PARSING_CDATA",
       "XML_ERROR_PARSING_COMMENT",
2147
2148
       "XML_ERROR_PARSING_DECLARATION",
2149
       "XML_ERROR_PARSING_UNKNOWN",
2150
       "XML ERROR EMPTY DOCUMENT",
2151
       "XML_ERROR_MISMATCHED_ELEMENT",
2152
       "XML_ERROR_PARSING",
       "XML_CAN_NOT_CONVERT_TEXT",
2153
2154
       "XML_NO_TEXT_NODE",
2155
          "XML_ELEMENT_DEPTH_EXCEEDED"
2156 };
2157
2158
2159 XMLDocument::XMLDocument( bool processEntities, Whitespace whitespaceMode ):
2160
       XMLNode( 0),
2161
       writeBOM( false ),
       _processEntities( processEntities ),
2162
2163
       _errorID(XML_SUCCESS),
       _whitespaceMode( whitespaceMode ),
2164
2165
       errorStr(),
       _errorLineNum( 0 ),
2166
       _charBuffer( 0 ),
2167
       _parseCurLineNum( 0 ),
2168
2169
         _parsingDepth(0),
2170
       _unlinked(),
2171
       elementPool(),
       attributePool(),
2172
2173
       _textPool(),
       _commentPool()
2174
2175 {
       // avoid VC++ C4355 warning about 'this' in initializer list (C4355 is off by default in VS2012+)
2176
2177
       _document = this;
2178 }
2179
2180
2181 XMLDocument::~XMLDocument()
2182 {
       Clear();
2183
2184 }
2185
2186
```

```
2187 void XMLDocument::MarkInUse(const XMLNode* const node)
2188 {
2189
          TIXMLASSERT(node);
2190
          TIXMLASSERT(node->_parent == 0);
2191
2192
          for (int i = 0; i < _unlinked.Size(); ++i) {
2193
              if (node == _unlinked[i]) {
2194
                   _unlinked.SwapRemove(i);
                   break;
2195
2196
              }
2197
          }
2198 }
2199
2200 void XMLDocument::Clear()
2201 {
2202
       DeleteChildren();
2203
          while( _unlinked.Size()) {
2204
              DeleteNode(_unlinked[0]); // Will remove from _unlinked as part of delete.
         }
2205
2206
2207 #ifdef TINYXML2_DEBUG
2208
       const bool hadError = Error();
2209 #endif
       ClearError();
2210
2211
       delete [] charBuffer;
2212
       _charBuffer = 0;
2213
         _parsingDepth = 0;
2214
2215
2216 #if 0
2217
       _textPool.Trace( "text" );
2218
       elementPool.Trace( "element" );
2219
       _commentPool.Trace( "comment" );
2220
       attributePool.Trace( "attribute" );
2221 #endif
2222
2223 #ifdef TINYXML2_DEBUG
2224 if (!hadError) {
2225
          TIXMLASSERT( elementPool.CurrentAllocs() == elementPool.Untracked());
2226
          TIXMLASSERT( _attributePool.CurrentAllocs() == _attributePool.Untracked() );
2227
          TIXMLASSERT( _textPool.CurrentAllocs() == _textPool.Untracked() );
          TIXMLASSERT( commentPool.CurrentAllocs() == commentPool.Untracked());
2228
2229
      }
2230 #endif
2231 }
2232
2233
2234 void XMLDocument::DeepCopy(XMLDocument* target) const
2235 {
```

```
2236
          TIXMLASSERT(target);
2237
       if (target == this) {
2238
          return; // technically success - a no-op.
2239
       }
2240
2241
          target->Clear();
2242
          for (const XMLNode* node = this->FirstChild(); node; node = node->NextSibling()) {
2243
              target->InsertEndChild(node->DeepClone(target));
2244
         }
2245 }
2246
2247 XMLElement* XMLDocument::NewElement( const char* name )
2248 {
2249
       XMLElement* ele = CreateUnlinkedNode<XMLElement>(_elementPool);
2250
        ele->SetName( name );
2251
       return ele;
2252 }
2253
2254
2255 XMLComment* XMLDocument::NewComment( const char* str )
2256 {
2257
       XMLComment* comment = CreateUnlinkedNode<XMLComment>( _commentPool );
2258
       comment->SetValue( str );
2259
       return comment;
2260 }
2261
2262
2263 XMLText* XMLDocument::NewText( const char* str )
2264 {
2265
      XMLText* text = CreateUnlinkedNode<XMLText>( _textPool );
2266
       text->SetValue( str );
2267
       return text;
2268 }
2269
2270
2271 XMLDeclaration* XMLDocument::NewDeclaration( const char* str )
2272 {
2273
       XMLDeclaration* dec = CreateUnlinkedNode<XMLDeclaration>( commentPool);
2274
       dec->SetValue( str ? str : "xml version=\"1.0\" encoding=\"UTF-8\"" );
2275
       return dec;
2276 }
2277
2278
2279 XMLUnknown* XMLDocument::NewUnknown( const char* str )
2280 {
       XMLUnknown* unk = CreateUnlinkedNode<XMLUnknown>( commentPool );
2281
2282
       unk->SetValue( str );
2283
       return unk;
2284 }
```

```
2285
2286 static FILE* callfopen( const char* filepath, const char* mode )
2287 {
2288
        TIXMLASSERT( filepath );
2289
        TIXMLASSERT( mode );
2290 #if defined(_MSC_VER) && (_MSC_VER >= 1400 ) && (!defined WINCE)
2291
        FILE* fp = 0;
2292
        const errno_t err = fopen_s( &fp, filepath, mode );
2293
       if (err) {
2294
          return 0;
2295
        }
2296 #else
2297
        FILE* fp = fopen( filepath, mode );
2298 #endif
2299
        return fp;
2300 }
2301
2302 void XMLDocument::DeleteNode( XMLNode* node ) {
2303
        TIXMLASSERT( node );
2304
        TIXMLASSERT(node->_document == this );
2305
        if (node->_parent) {
          node->_parent->DeleteChild( node );
2306
2307
        }
2308
        else {
2309
        // Isn't in the tree.
2310
         // Use the parent delete.
         // Also, we need to mark it tracked: we 'know'
2311
         // it was never used.
2312
2313
         node-> memPool->SetTracked();
        // Call the static XMLNode version:
2314
          XMLNode::DeleteNode(node);
2315
2316
2317 }
2318
2319
2320 XMLError XMLDocument::LoadFile( const char* filename )
2321 {
2322
        if (!filename) {
2323
          TIXMLASSERT( false );
2324
          SetError( XML_ERROR_FILE_COULD_NOT_BE_OPENED, 0, "filename=<null>" );
2325
          return errorID;
2326
        }
2327
2328
        Clear();
        FILE* fp = callfopen( filename, "rb" );
2329
2330
        if (!fp) {
          SetError( XML_ERROR_FILE_NOT_FOUND, 0, "filename=%s", filename );
2331
2332
          return errorID;
2333
        }
```

```
2334
        LoadFile(fp);
2335
        fclose(fp);
2336
        return _errorID;
2337 }
2338
2339 XMLError XMLDocument::LoadFile(FILE* fp)
2340 {
2341
        Clear();
2342
2343
        TIXML_FSEEK( fp, 0, SEEK_SET );
2344
        if (fgetc(fp) == EOF && ferror(fp)!= \frac{0}{2}) {
2345
          SetError( XML_ERROR_FILE_READ_ERROR, 0, 0 );
2346
          return errorID;
2347
        }
2348
2349
        TIXML_FSEEK( fp, 0, SEEK_END );
2350
2351
        unsigned long long filelength;
2352
2353
          const long long fileLengthSigned = TIXML_FTELL(fp);
2354
          TIXML_FSEEK( fp, 0, SEEK_SET );
2355
          if (fileLengthSigned == -1L) {
2356
             SetError( XML_ERROR_FILE_READ_ERROR, 0, 0 );
2357
             return errorID;
2358
          }
2359
          TIXMLASSERT( fileLengthSigned >= 0 );
          filelength = static cast<unsigned long long>(fileLengthSigned);
2360
2361
        }
2362
2363
        const size t maxSizeT = static cast<size t>(-1);
2364
        // We'll do the comparison as an unsigned long long, because that's guaranteed to be at
2365
        // least 8 bytes, even on a 32-bit platform.
        if (filelength >= static_cast<unsigned long long>(maxSizeT)) {
2366
          // Cannot handle files which won't fit in buffer together with null terminator
2367
          SetError( XML ERROR FILE READ ERROR, 0, 0);
2368
2369
          return _errorID;
2370
        }
2371
2372
        if (filelength == 0) {
2373
          SetError( XML_ERROR_EMPTY_DOCUMENT, 0, 0 );
2374
          return errorID;
2375
        }
2376
        const size_t size = static_cast<size_t>(filelength);
2377
        TIXMLASSERT( charBuffer == 0);
2378
2379
        charBuffer = new char[size+1];
2380
        const size_t read = fread( _charBuffer, 1, size, fp );
2381
        if ( read != size ) {
2382
          SetError( XML_ERROR_FILE_READ_ERROR, 0, 0 );
```

```
2383
          return _errorID;
2384
        }
2385
2386
        _charBuffer[size] = 0;
2387
2388
        Parse();
2389
        return _errorID;
2390 }
2391
2392
2393 XMLError XMLDocument::SaveFile( const char* filename, bool compact )
2394 {
2395
        if (!filename) {
2396
          TIXMLASSERT( false );
          SetError( XML_ERROR_FILE_COULD_NOT_BE_OPENED, 0, "filename=<null>" );
2397
2398
          return _errorID;
2399
        }
2400
2401
        FILE* fp = callfopen( filename, "w" );
2402
        if (!fp) {
2403
          SetError( XML_ERROR_FILE_COULD_NOT_BE_OPENED, 0, "filename=%s", filename );
2404
          return _errorID;
2405
        }
2406
        SaveFile(fp, compact);
2407
        fclose(fp);
2408
        return _errorID;
2409 }
2410
2411
2412 XMLError XMLDocument::SaveFile(FILE* fp, bool compact)
2413 {
2414
        // Clear any error from the last save, otherwise it will get reported
        // for *this* call.
2415
2416
        ClearError();
2417
        XMLPrinter stream( fp, compact );
2418
        Print( &stream );
2419
        return _errorID;
2420 }
2421
2422
2423 XMLError XMLDocument::Parse( const char* xml, size_t nBytes )
2424 {
2425
        Clear();
2426
        if ( nBytes == 0 || !xml || !*xml ) {
2427
2428
          SetError(XML ERROR EMPTY DOCUMENT, 0, 0);
2429
          return _errorID;
2430
        }
2431
        if ( nBytes == static_cast<size_t>(-1) ) {
```

```
2432
          nBytes = strlen( xml );
2433
        }
2434
        TIXMLASSERT( _charBuffer == 0 );
2435
        _charBuffer = new char[ nBytes+1 ];
2436
        memcpy( _charBuffer, xml, nBytes );
2437
        _charBuffer[nBytes] = 0;
2438
2439
        Parse();
2440
        if ( Error() ) {
2441
          // clean up now essentially dangling memory.
2442
          // and the parse fail can put objects in the
2443
          // pools that are dead and inaccessible.
2444
          DeleteChildren();
2445
          _elementPool.Clear();
2446
          _attributePool.Clear();
          _textPool.Clear();
2447
2448
          _commentPool.Clear();
2449
        }
2450
        return _errorID;
2451 }
2452
2453
2454 void XMLDocument::Print( XMLPrinter* streamer ) const
2455 {
2456
        if ( streamer ) {
2457
          Accept( streamer );
2458
        }
2459
        else {
2460
          XMLPrinter stdoutStreamer( stdout );
2461
          Accept( &stdoutStreamer );
2462
        }
2463 }
2464
2465
2466 void XMLDocument::ClearError() {
        _errorID = XML_SUCCESS;
2467
2468
        _errorLineNum = 0;
        _errorStr.Reset();
2469
2470 }
2471
2472
2473 void XMLDocument::SetError (XMLError error, int lineNum, const char* format, ...)
2474 {
2475
        TIXMLASSERT( error >= 0 && error < XML_ERROR_COUNT );
2476
        errorID = error;
2477
        errorLineNum = lineNum;
2478
          _errorStr.Reset();
2479
2480
        const size_t BUFFER_SIZE = 1000;
```

```
2481
        char* buffer = new char[BUFFER_SIZE];
2482
2483
        TIXMLASSERT(sizeof(error) <= sizeof(int));
2484
        TIXML_SNPRINTF(buffer, BUFFER_SIZE, "Error=%s ErrorID=%d (0x%x) Line number=%d",
      ErrorIDToName(error), int(error), int(error), lineNum);
2485
2486
          if (format) {
2487
               size_t len = strlen(buffer);
2488
               TIXML_SNPRINTF(buffer + len, BUFFER_SIZE - len, ": ");
2489
               len = strlen(buffer);
2490
2491
               va_list va;
2492
               va_start(va, format);
2493
               TIXML_VSNPRINTF(buffer + len, BUFFER_SIZE - len, format, va);
2494
               va_end(va);
2495
          }
2496
          _errorStr.SetStr(buffer);
2497
          delete[] buffer;
2498 }
2499
2500
2501 /*static*/ const char* XMLDocument::ErrorIDToName(XMLError errorID)
2502 {
2503
          TIXMLASSERT( errorID >= 0 && errorID < XML ERROR COUNT );
2504
        const char* errorName = _errorNames[errorID];
2505
        TIXMLASSERT( errorName && errorName[0]);
2506
        return errorName;
2507 }
2508
2509 const char* XMLDocument::ErrorStr() const
2510 {
2511
          return errorStr.Empty()?"": errorStr.GetStr();
2512 }
2513
2514
2515 void XMLDocument::PrintError() const
2516 {
2517
        printf("%s\n", ErrorStr());
2518 }
2519
2520 const char* XMLDocument::ErrorName() const
2521 {
2522
        return ErrorIDToName( errorID);
2523 }
2524
2525 void XMLDocument::Parse()
2526 {
        TIXMLASSERT( NoChildren() ); // Clear() must have been called previously
2527
2528
        TIXMLASSERT( charBuffer);
```

```
2529
        _parseCurLineNum = 1;
2530
        _parseLineNum = 1;
2531
        char* p = _charBuffer;
2532
        p = XMLUtil::SkipWhiteSpace( p, &_parseCurLineNum );
2533
        p = const_cast<char*>( XMLUtil::ReadBOM( p, &_writeBOM ) );
2534
        if (!*p) {
2535
          SetError( XML_ERROR_EMPTY_DOCUMENT, 0, 0 );
2536
          return;
2537
        }
2538
        ParseDeep(p, 0, &_parseCurLineNum);
2539 }
2540
2541 void XMLDocument::PushDepth()
2542 {
2543
          _parsingDepth++;
2544
          if (_parsingDepth == TINYXML2_MAX_ELEMENT_DEPTH) {
2545
               SetError(XML_ELEMENT_DEPTH_EXCEEDED, _parseCurLineNum, "Element nesting is too deep."
     );
          }
2546
2547 }
2548
2549 void XMLDocument::PopDepth()
2550 {
2551
          TIXMLASSERT(_parsingDepth > 0);
2552
          --_parsingDepth;
2553 }
2554
2555 XMLPrinter::XMLPrinter(FILE* file, bool compact, int depth):
2556
        _elementJustOpened( false ),
2557
        stack(),
        _firstElement( true ),
2558
2559
        _fp( file ),
2560
        _depth( depth ),
2561
        _textDepth(-1),
2562
        _processEntities( true ),
2563
        _compactMode( compact ),
2564
        buffer()
2565 {
2566
        for(int i=0; i<ENTITY RANGE; ++i) {
2567
          _entityFlag[i] = false;
2568
          _restrictedEntityFlag[i] = false;
2569
        }
2570
        for(int i=0; i<NUM ENTITIES; ++i) {
          const char entityValue = entities[i].value;
2571
          const unsigned char flagIndex = static_cast<unsigned char>(entityValue);
2572
2573
          TIXMLASSERT( flagIndex < ENTITY RANGE );
          _entityFlag[flagIndex] = true;
2574
2575
        }
2576
        _restrictedEntityFlag[static_cast<unsigned char>('&')] = true;
```

```
2577
        _restrictedEntityFlag[static_cast<unsigned char>('<')] = true;
        _restrictedEntityFlag[static_cast<unsigned char>('>')] = true;
2578
                                                                          // not required, but consistency is
      nice
2579
        _buffer.Push( 0 );
2580 }
2581
2582
2583 void XMLPrinter::Print( const char* format, ... )
2584 {
2585
        va_list va;
2586
        va_start( va, format );
2587
2588
        if (_fp) {
2589
          vfprintf( _fp, format, va );
2590
        }
2591
        else {
2592
           const int len = TIXML_VSCPRINTF( format, va );
2593
           // Close out and re-start the va-args
2594
           va_end( va );
2595
           TIXMLASSERT( len >= 0 );
2596
           va_start( va, format );
           TIXMLASSERT( _buffer.Size() > 0 && _buffer[_buffer.Size() - 1] == 0 );
2597
           char* p = buffer.PushArr(len) - 1; // back up over the null terminator.
2598
2599
                TIXML VSNPRINTF(p, len+1, format, va);
2600
        }
2601
        va_end( va );
2602 }
2603
2604
2605 void XMLPrinter::Write( const char* data, size_t size )
2606 {
2607
        if ( fp ) {
2608
           fwrite (data, sizeof(char), size, _fp);
2609
        }
2610
2611
           char* p = _buffer.PushArr( static_cast<int>(size) ) - 1; // back up over the null terminator.
2612
           memcpy( p, data, size );
           p[size] = 0;
2613
2614
2615 }
2616
2617
2618 void XMLPrinter::Putc( char ch )
2619 {
2620
        if ( _fp ) {
2621
           fputc (ch, _fp);
2622
2623
        else {
           char* p = _buffer.PushArr( sizeof(char) ) - 1; // back up over the null terminator.
2624
```

```
2625
           p[0] = ch;
           p[1] = 0;
2626
2627
        }
2628 }
2629
2630
2631 void XMLPrinter::PrintSpace(int depth)
2632 {
2633
        for( int i=0; i<depth; ++i ) {
2634
           Write( " ");
2635
        }
2636 }
2637
2638
2639 void XMLPrinter::PrintString( const char* p, bool restricted )
2640 {
2641
        // Look for runs of bytes between entities to print.
2642
        const char* q = p;
2643
2644
        if ( _processEntities ) {
           const bool* flag = restricted ? _restrictedEntityFlag : _entityFlag;
2645
2646
           while (*q){
2647
             TIXMLASSERT( p <= q );
2648
             // Remember, char is sometimes signed. (How many times has that bitten me?)
2649
             if (*q > 0 \&\& *q < ENTITY_RANGE) {
               // Check for entities. If one is found, flush
2650
               // the stream up until the entity, write the
2651
                // entity, and keep looking.
2652
2653
                if (flag[static_cast<unsigned char>(*q)]) {
2654
                  while (p < q) {
2655
                     const size_t delta = q - p;
2656
                     const int toPrint = (INT MAX < delta)? INT MAX: static cast<int>(delta);
2657
                    Write(p, toPrint);
                     p += toPrint;
2658
2659
                  }
2660
                  bool entityPatternPrinted = false;
2661
                  for(int i=0; i<NUM_ENTITIES; ++i) {
                    if ( entities[i].value == *q ) {
2662
2663
                       Putc( '&' );
2664
                       Write(entities[i].pattern, entities[i].length);
2665
                       Putc( ';' );
                       entityPatternPrinted = true;
2666
2667
                       break;
2668
                    }
2669
                  }
2670
                  if (!entityPatternPrinted) {
                    // TIXMLASSERT( entityPatternPrinted ) causes gcc -Wunused-but-set-variable in release
2671
2672
                    TIXMLASSERT( false );
2673
                  }
```

```
2674
                  ++p;
2675
               }
2676
             }
2677
             ++q;
             TIXMLASSERT( p \le q );
2678
2679
          }
2680
          // Flush the remaining string. This will be the entire
2681
          // string if an entity wasn't found.
2682
          if (p < q) {
2683
             const size_t delta = q - p;
2684
             const int toPrint = ( INT_MAX < delta ) ? INT_MAX : static_cast<int>(delta);
2685
             Write(p, toPrint);
2686
          }
2687
        }
2688
        else {
2689
          Write(p);
2690
2691 }
2692
2693
2694 void XMLPrinter::PushHeader( bool writeBOM, bool writeDec )
2695 {
2696
        if (writeBOM) {
2697
          static const unsigned char bom[] = { TIXML_UTF_LEAD_0, TIXML_UTF_LEAD_1, TIXML_UTF_LEAD_2, 0
     };
          Write( reinterpret_cast< const char* >( bom ) );
2698
2699
        if ( writeDec ) {
2700
2701
          PushDeclaration( "xml version=\"1.0\"" );
2702
        }
2703 }
2704
2705 void XMLPrinter::PrepareForNewNode( bool compactMode )
2706 {
2707
        SealElementIfJustOpened();
2708
2709
        if ( compactMode ) {
2710
          return;
2711
2712
2713
        if ( _firstElement ) {
2714
          PrintSpace ( depth);
2715
        } else if ( textDepth < 0) {</pre>
2716
          Putc( '\n' );
          PrintSpace( _depth );
2717
2718
        }
2719
2720
        firstElement = false;
2721 }
```

```
2722
2723 void XMLPrinter::OpenElement( const char* name, bool compactMode )
2724 {
2725
        PrepareForNewNode( compactMode );
2726
        _stack.Push( name );
2727
2728
        Write ( "<" );
2729
        Write ( name );
2730
2731
        _elementJustOpened = true;
2732
        ++_depth;
2733 }
2734
2735
2736 void XMLPrinter::PushAttribute( const char* name, const char* value )
2737 {
2738
        TIXMLASSERT( _elementJustOpened );
        Putc ('');
2739
2740
        Write( name );
        Write( "=\"" );
2741
2742
        PrintString( value, false );
2743
        Putc ( '\"' );
2744 }
2745
2746
2747 void XMLPrinter::PushAttribute( const char* name, int v )
2748 {
2749
        char buf[BUF_SIZE];
2750
        XMLUtil::ToStr( v, buf, BUF_SIZE );
        PushAttribute( name, buf );
2751
2752 }
2753
2754
2755 void XMLPrinter::PushAttribute( const char* name, unsigned v )
2756 {
2757
        char buf[BUF_SIZE];
        XMLUtil::ToStr( v, buf, BUF_SIZE );
2758
2759
        PushAttribute( name, buf );
2760 }
2761
2762
2763 void XMLPrinter::PushAttribute(const char* name, int64 t v)
2764 {
2765
          char buf[BUF_SIZE];
2766
          XMLUtil::ToStr(v, buf, BUF SIZE);
2767
          PushAttribute(name, buf);
2768 }
2769
2770
```

```
2771 void XMLPrinter::PushAttribute(const char* name, uint64_t v)
2772 {
2773
          char buf[BUF_SIZE];
2774
          XMLUtil::ToStr(v, buf, BUF_SIZE);
2775
          PushAttribute(name, buf);
2776 }
2777
2778
2779 void XMLPrinter::PushAttribute( const char* name, bool v )
2780 {
2781
        char buf[BUF_SIZE];
2782
        XMLUtil::ToStr( v, buf, BUF_SIZE );
2783
        PushAttribute( name, buf );
2784 }
2785
2786
2787 void XMLPrinter::PushAttribute( const char* name, double v )
2788 {
2789
        char buf[BUF_SIZE];
2790
        XMLUtil::ToStr( v, buf, BUF_SIZE );
2791
        PushAttribute( name, buf );
2792 }
2793
2794
2795 void XMLPrinter::CloseElement( bool compactMode )
2796 {
2797
        --_depth;
2798
        const char* name = _stack.Pop();
2799
2800
        if (_elementJustOpened ) {
          Write( "/>" );
2801
2802
        }
2803
        else {
2804
          if (_textDepth < 0 && !compactMode) {
2805
             Putc('\n');
2806
             PrintSpace( _depth );
2807
          }
2808
          Write ( "</" );
2809
          Write ( name );
2810
          Write ( ">" );
2811
        }
2812
2813
        if (_textDepth == _depth ) {
          _textDepth = -1;
2814
2815
        if (_depth == 0 && !compactMode) {
2816
          Putc('\n');
2817
2818
2819
        _elementJustOpened = false;
```

```
2820 }
2821
2822
2823 void XMLPrinter::SealElementIfJustOpened()
2824 {
2825
        if (!_elementJustOpened) {
2826
          return;
2827
        }
2828
        _elementJustOpened = false;
2829
        Putc( '>' );
2830 }
2831
2832
2833 void XMLPrinter::PushText( const char* text, bool cdata )
2834 {
2835
        _textDepth = _depth-1;
2836
2837
        SealElementIfJustOpened();
2838
        if (cdata) {
2839
          Write( "<![CDATA[" );
2840
          Write( text );
          Write( "]]>" );
2841
2842
        }
2843
        else {
2844
          PrintString( text, true );
2845
2846 }
2847
2848
2849 void XMLPrinter::PushText( int64_t value )
2850 {
2851
        char buf[BUF SIZE];
2852
        XMLUtil::ToStr( value, buf, BUF_SIZE );
2853
        PushText( buf, false );
2854 }
2855
2856
2857 void XMLPrinter::PushText( uint64_t value )
2858 {
2859
          char buf[BUF_SIZE];
          XMLUtil::ToStr(value, buf, BUF_SIZE);
2860
          PushText(buf, false);
2861
2862 }
2863
2864
2865 void XMLPrinter::PushText(int value)
2866 {
2867
        char buf[BUF_SIZE];
        XMLUtil::ToStr( value, buf, BUF_SIZE );
2868
```

```
2869
        PushText( buf, false );
2870 }
2871
2872
2873 void XMLPrinter::PushText( unsigned value )
2874 {
2875
        char buf[BUF_SIZE];
2876
        XMLUtil::ToStr( value, buf, BUF_SIZE );
2877
        PushText( buf, false );
2878 }
2879
2880
2881 void XMLPrinter::PushText( bool value )
2882 {
2883
        char buf[BUF_SIZE];
2884
        XMLUtil::ToStr( value, buf, BUF_SIZE );
2885
        PushText( buf, false );
2886 }
2887
2888
2889 void XMLPrinter::PushText( float value )
2890 {
2891
        char buf[BUF_SIZE];
2892
        XMLUtil::ToStr( value, buf, BUF SIZE );
2893
        PushText( buf, false );
2894 }
2895
2896
2897 void XMLPrinter::PushText( double value )
2898 {
2899
        char buf[BUF_SIZE];
2900
        XMLUtil::ToStr( value, buf, BUF SIZE );
2901
        PushText( buf, false );
2902 }
2903
2904
2905 void XMLPrinter::PushComment( const char* comment )
2906 {
        PrepareForNewNode( _compactMode );
2907
2908
2909
        Write( "<!--" );
2910
        Write( comment );
2911
        Write( "-->" );
2912 }
2913
2914
2915 void XMLPrinter::PushDeclaration( const char* value )
2916 {
2917
        PrepareForNewNode( _compactMode );
```

```
2918
2919
        Write( "<?" );
2920
        Write( value );
2921
        Write( "?>" );
2922 }
2923
2924
2925 void XMLPrinter::PushUnknown( const char* value )
2926 {
2927
        PrepareForNewNode( _compactMode );
2928
2929
        Write( "<!" );
2930
        Write( value );
        Putc( '>' );
2931
2932 }
2933
2934
2935 | bool XMLPrinter::VisitEnter( const XMLDocument& doc )
2936 {
        _processEntities = doc.ProcessEntities();
2937
2938
        if ( doc.HasBOM() ) {
2939
          PushHeader( true, false );
2940
        }
2941
        return true;
2942 }
2943
2944
2945 | bool XMLPrinter::VisitEnter( const XMLElement& element, const XMLAttribute* attribute)
2946 {
2947
       const XMLElement* parentElem = 0;
2948
        if ( element.Parent() ) {
2949
          parentElem = element.Parent()->ToElement();
2950
        const bool compactMode = parentElem ? CompactMode( *parentElem ) : _compactMode;
2951
2952
        OpenElement( element.Name(), compactMode );
2953
        while (attribute) {
2954
          PushAttribute( attribute->Name(), attribute->Value() );
          attribute = attribute->Next();
2955
2956
2957
        return true;
2958 }
2959
2960
2961 | bool XMLPrinter::VisitExit( const XMLElement& element )
2962 {
2963
        CloseElement( CompactMode(element) );
2964
        return true;
2965 }
2966
```

```
2967
2968 bool XMLPrinter::Visit( const XMLText& text )
2969 {
2970
        PushText( text.Value(), text.CData() );
2971
        return true;
2972 }
2973
2974
2975 bool XMLPrinter::Visit( const XMLComment& comment )
2976 {
2977
        PushComment( comment.Value() );
2978
        return true;
2979 }
2980
2981 | bool XMLPrinter::Visit( const XMLDeclaration & declaration )
2982 {
2983
        PushDeclaration( declaration.Value() );
2984
        return true;
2985 }
2986
2987
2988 bool XMLPrinter::Visit( const XMLUnknown& unknown )
2989 {
2990
        PushUnknown( unknown.Value() );
2991
        return true;
2992 }
2993
2994 } // namespace tinyxml2
2995
```

 ▼ building.h

 ♣ Download

```
/*building.h*/
1
2
3
4
    // A building in the Open Street Map.
5
6
    // Prof. Joe Hummel
7
    // Northwestern University
8
    // CS 211
9
    //
10
11
    #pragma once
12
13
    #include <string>
14
    #include <vector>
15
16
    #include <iostream>
17
    #include "node.h"
18
    #include "nodes.h"
19
    #include "footway.h"
20
    #include "footways.h"
21
22
    using namespace std;
23
24
25
    //
26 // Building
27
    //
28 // Defines a campus building with a name (e.g. "Mudd"), a street
   // address (e.g. "2233 Tech Dr"), and the IDs of the nodes that
29
30
    // define the position / outline of the building.
31
    // NOTE: the Name could be empty "", the HouseNumber could be
32
    // empty, and the Street could be empty. Imperfect data.
33
34
    //
35
    class Building
36
37
    public:
    long long ID;
38
39
     string Name;
40
     string StreetAddress;
     vector<long long> NodeIDs;
41
42
43
     //
44
     // constructor
45
     //
     Building(long long id, string name, string streetAddr);
46
```

```
47
      //
48
      // adds the given nodeid to the end of the vector.
49
50
      void add(long long nodeid);
51
52
53
      // prints nodes connected to the building
54
55
      void print(const Nodes& nodes, const Footways& footways) const;
56
57
58
      //
59
      // adds a Footway to a list of intersections
60
      void add_intersection(Footway F, vector<Footway> &intersections) const;
61
62
     };
63
```

▼ buildings.h ≛ Download

```
/*buildings.h*/
1
2
3
4
    // A collection of buildings in the Open Street Map.
5
6
    // Prof. Joe Hummel
    // Northwestern University
7
8
    // CS 211
9
    //
10
11
    #pragma once
12
13
    #include <vector>
14
    #include <iostream>
15
16
    #include "building.h"
    #include "tinyxml2.h"
17
18
19
    using namespace std;
20
    using namespace tinyxml2;
21
22
23
24
    // Keeps track of all the buildings in the map.
25
26
    class Buildings
27
    {
    public:
28
29
     vector<Building> MapBuildings;
30
31
     //
32
     // readMapBuildings
33
     //
     // Given an XML document, reads through the document and
34
35
     // stores all the buildings into the given vector.
36
     //
37
     void readMapBuildings(XMLDocument& xmldoc);
38
39
     //
40
     // accessors / getters
41
     int getNumMapBuildings();
42
43
44
     //
45
     // print
46
     //
```

```
47  void print();
48
49  //
50  // findAndPrint
51  //
52  void findAndPrint(string name, Nodes nodes, Footways footways);
53 };
```

```
▼ footway.h

                                                                                           ♣ Download
    /*footway.h*/
1
2
3
    //
4
    // A footway in the Open Street Map.
5
6
    // Ishan Mukherjee
7
8
9
    #pragma once
10
    #include <string>
11
    #include <vector>
12
13
    #include <iostream>
14
    #include "node.h"
15
    #include "nodes.h"
16
17
    using namespace std;
18
19
20
    class Footway
21
    {
    public:
22
     long long ID;
23
     vector<long long> NodeIDs;
24
25
26
     //
27
     // constructor
28
      Footway(long long id);
29
30
31
     //
     // adds the given nodeid to the end of the vector.
32
33
      void add(long long nodeid);
34
35
     // void insert_into_intersections(vector<Footway>& intersections);
36
37
    };
```

▼ footways.h

```
/*footways.h*/
1
2
3
4
    // A collection of footways in the Open Street Map.
5
    // Ishan Mukherjee
6
7
    //
8
9
    #pragma once
10
11
    #include <vector>
12
    #include <iostream>
13
14
    #include "footway.h"
    #include "osm.h"
15
16
    #include "tinyxml2.h"
17
    using namespace std;
18
    using namespace tinyxml2;
19
20
    class Footways
21
22
    {
23
    public:
24
     vector<Footway> MapFootways;
25
26
     //
27
     // readMapFootways
28
     // Given an XML document, reads through the document and
29
     // stores all the footways into the given vector.
30
31
32
     void readMapFootways(XMLDocument& xmldoc);
33
34
     //
     // accessors / getters
35
36
37
     int getNumMapFootways();
38
    };
```

```
1
2
    /*node.h*/
3
4
    //
5
    // A node / position in the Open Street Map.
6
7
    // Prof. Joe Hummel
8
    // Northwestern University
9
    // CS 211
10
    //
11
12
    #pragma once
13
14
    //
15
    // Node:
16 //
17 // A node is a point on the map, with a unique ID and the position
18
    // in GPS (lat, lon) terms. A node may also track other information,
19
    // in particular whether this node denotes the entrance to a
20
    // building.
21
    //
22
    class Node
23
    private:
24
25
     long long ID;
26
     double Lat;
      double Lon;
27
      bool IsEntrance;
28
29
30
     //
     // These are static / class / singleton variables
31
32
     // so that we can collect some statistics on how
33
      // many times getID() is called, how many nodes
      // are created, and how many are copied:
34
35
     //
36
     inline static int CallsToGetID = 0;
37
     inline static int Created = 0;
     inline static int Copied = 0;
38
39
40
     public:
41
     //
42
     // constructor
43
      Node(long long id, double lat, double lon, bool entrance);
44
45
46
     //
```

```
// copy constructor:
47
48
      //
49
      Node(const Node& other);
50
51
      //
52
      // accessors / getters
53
      long long getID() const;
54
55
      double getLat() const;
      double getLon() const;
56
      bool getIsEntrance() const;
57
58
59
      static int getCallsToGetID();
      static int getCreated();
60
61
      static int getCopied();
62
63
    };
```

```
1
2
    /*nodes.h*/
3
4
    //
5
    // A collection of nodes in the Open Street Map.
6
7
    // Prof. Joe Hummel
8
    // Northwestern University
9
    // CS 211
10
   //
11
   // References:
12 //
13
   // TinyXML:
14 // files: https://github.com/leethomason/tinyxml2
15
   // docs: http://leethomason.github.io/tinyxml2/
   //
16
17 // OpenStreetMap: https://www.openstreetmap.org
18 // OpenStreetMap docs:
19 // https://wiki.openstreetmap.org/wiki/Main_Page
20
   // https://wiki.openstreetmap.org/wiki/Map_Features
    // https://wiki.openstreetmap.org/wiki/Node
21
22
    // https://wiki.openstreetmap.org/wiki/Way
    // https://wiki.openstreetmap.org/wiki/Relation
23
    //
24
25
26
    #pragma once
27
28
    #include <map>
29
30
    #include "node.h"
    #include "tinyxml2.h"
31
32
33
    using namespace std;
    using namespace tinyxml2;
34
35
36
37
    //
    // Keeps track of all the nodes in the map.
38
39
40
    class Nodes
41
    {
42
    private:
43
     map<long long, Node> MapNodes;
44
45
    public:
46
     //
```

```
// readMapNodes
47
48
     //
49
     // Given an XML document, reads through the document and
     // stores all the nodes into the given vector. Each node
50
     // is a point on the map, with a unique id along with
51
52
      // (lat, lon) position. Some nodes are entrances to buildings,
      // which we capture as well.
53
54
     //
     void readMapNodes(XMLDocument& xmldoc);
55
56
57
     //
     // find
58
59
     //
60
     // Searches the nodes for the one with the matching ID, returning
      // true if found and false if not. If found, the node's Lat, Lon,
61
62
      // and IsEntrance data are returned via the reference parameters.
63
     //
      bool find(long long id, double& lat, double& lon, bool& isEntrance) const;
64
65
66
     //
67
     // accessors / getters
68
     int getNumMapNodes();
69
70
71
    };
```

```
/*osm.h*/
1
2
3
4
    // Functions for working with an Open Street Map file.
5
6
    // Prof. Joe Hummel
7
    // Northwestern University
8
    // CS 211
9
    //
10
   // References:
11
12 // TinyXML:
13
    // files: https://github.com/leethomason/tinyxml2
    // docs: http://leethomason.github.io/tinyxml2/
14
15
    // OpenStreetMap: https://www.openstreetmap.org
16
17
    // OpenStreetMap docs:
   // https://wiki.openstreetmap.org/wiki/Main_Page
18
19
   // https://wiki.openstreetmap.org/wiki/Map_Features
20
    // https://wiki.openstreetmap.org/wiki/Node
    // https://wiki.openstreetmap.org/wiki/Way
21
22
    // https://wiki.openstreetmap.org/wiki/Relation
    //
23
24
25
    #pragma once
26
    #include "tinyxml2.h"
27
28
29
    using namespace std;
30
    using namespace tinyxml2;
31
32
33
    //
   // Helper functions:
34
35
    bool osmLoadMapFile(string filename, XMLDocument& xmldoc);
36
37
    bool osmContainsKeyValue(XMLElement* e, string key, string value);
    string osmGetKeyValue(XMLElement* e, string key);
38
39
```

▼ tinyxml2.h **♣** Download 1 2 Original code by Lee Thomason (www.grinninglizard.com) 3 4 This software is provided 'as-is', without any express or implied 5 warranty. In no event will the authors be held liable for any 6 damages arising from the use of this software. 7 8 Permission is granted to anyone to use this software for any 9 purpose, including commercial applications, and to alter it and 10 redistribute it freely, subject to the following restrictions: 11 1. The origin of this software must not be misrepresented; you must 12 13 not claim that you wrote the original software. If you use this 14 software in a product, an acknowledgment in the product documentation 15 would be appreciated but is not required. 16 17 2. Altered source versions must be plainly marked as such, and 18 must not be misrepresented as being the original software. 19 20 3. This notice may not be removed or altered from any source distribution. 21 22 */ 23 #ifndef TINYXML2 INCLUDED 24 25 #define TINYXML2 INCLUDED 26 #if defined(ANDROID_NDK) || defined(_BORLANDC__) || defined(_QNXNTO__) 27 # include <ctype.h> 28 29 # include <limits.h> 30 # include <stdio.h> # include <stdlib.h> 31 32 # include <string.h> 33 # if defined(PS3) include <stddef.h> 34 # # endif 35 #else 36 # include <cctype> 37 # include <climits> 38 # include <cstdio> 39 # include <cstdlib> 40 # include <cstring> 41 42 #endif #include <stdint.h> 43 44

45 46

TODO: intern strings instead of allocation.

```
*/
47
   /*
48
49
         qcc:
50
         q++ -Wall -DTINYXML2_DEBUG tinyxml2.cpp xmltest.cpp -o gccxmltest.exe
51
52
      Formatting, Artistic Style:
         AStyle.exe --style=1tbs --indent-switches --break-closing-brackets --indent-preprocessor
53
    tinyxml2.cpp tinyxml2.h
    */
54
55
56
    #if defined( _DEBUG ) | | defined (__DEBUG__)
    # ifndef TINYXML2_DEBUG
57
         define TINYXML2 DEBUG
58
    #
59
    # endif
    #endif
60
61
62
    #ifdef _MSC_VER
63
    # pragma warning(push)
    # pragma warning(disable: 4251)
64
65
    #endif
66
67
    #ifdef _WIN32
    # ifdef TINYXML2_EXPORT
68
         define TINYXML2 LIB declspec(dllexport)
69
    # elif defined(TINYXML2 IMPORT)
70
       define TINYXML2_LIB __declspec(dllimport)
71
72
    # else
73
   # define TINYXML2 LIB
74
    # endif
75
    #elif GNUC >= 4
    # define TINYXML2_LIB __attribute__((visibility("default")))
76
77
    #else
78
    # define TINYXML2 LIB
    #endif
79
80
81
82
    #if !defined(TIXMLASSERT)
83
    #if defined(TINYXML2 DEBUG)
    # if defined( MSC VER)
84
    # // "(void)0," is for suppressing C4127 warning in "assert(false)", "assert(true)" and the like
85
                                      do { if ( !((void)0,(x))) { __debugbreak(); } } while(false)
    # define TIXMLASSERT( x )
86
    # elif defined (ANDROID NDK)
87
    # include <android/log.h>
88
         define TIXMLASSERT( x ) do { if ( !(x)) { __android_log_assert( "assert", "grinliz", "ASSERT in
89
    '%s' at %d.", __FILE__, __LINE__ ); } while(false)
90
    # else
    # include <assert.h>
91
92
    # define TIXMLASSERT
                                      assert
93
    # endif
```

```
94 #else
95 # define TIXMLASSERT( x ) do {} while(false)
96
    #endif
97 #endif
98
     /* Versioning, past 1.0.14:
99
100
         http://semver.org/
101 */
102 | static const int TIXML2_MAJOR_VERSION = 9;
     static const int TIXML2_MINOR_VERSION = 0;
103
104
     static const int TIXML2_PATCH_VERSION = 0;
105
106 #define TINYXML2_MAJOR_VERSION 9
107 #define TINYXML2_MINOR_VERSION 0
108 #define TINYXML2_PATCH_VERSION 0
109
110 // A fixed element depth limit is problematic. There needs to be a
111 // limit to avoid a stack overflow. However, that limit varies per
112 // system, and the capacity of the stack. On the other hand, it's a trivial
113 // attack that can result from ill, malicious, or even correctly formed XML,
114 // so there needs to be a limit in place.
115 | static const int TINYXML2_MAX_ELEMENT_DEPTH = 500;
116
117 namespace tinyxml2
118 {
119 class XMLDocument;
120 class XMLElement;
121 class XMLAttribute;
122 class XMLComment;
123 class XMLText;
124 class XMLDeclaration;
125 class XMLUnknown;
126 class XMLPrinter;
127
128 /*
129
         A class that wraps strings. Normally stores the start and end
         pointers into the XML file itself, and will apply normalization
130
         and entity translation if actually read. Can also store (and memory
131
         manage) a traditional char[]
132
133
134
       Isn't clear why TINYXML2_LIB is needed; but seems to fix #719
135 */
136 class TINYXML2 LIB StrPair
137 {
138 public:
139
     enum Mode {
140
         NEEDS_ENTITY_PROCESSING
                                                 = 0x01,
      NEEDS_NEWLINE_NORMALIZATION
141
                                                 = 0x02,
142
         NEEDS WHITESPACE COLLAPSING = 0x04,
```

```
143
144
         TEXT_ELEMENT
                                      = NEEDS_ENTITY_PROCESSING |
     NEEDS_NEWLINE_NORMALIZATION,
145
         TEXT_ELEMENT_LEAVE_ENTITIES
                                            = NEEDS_NEWLINE_NORMALIZATION,
146
         ATTRIBUTE_NAME
                                      = 0,
         ATTRIBUTE_VALUE
147
                                      = NEEDS_ENTITY_PROCESSING |
     NEEDS_NEWLINE_NORMALIZATION,
148
         ATTRIBUTE_VALUE_LEAVE_ENTITIES = NEEDS_NEWLINE_NORMALIZATION,
149
         COMMENT
                                                 = NEEDS_NEWLINE_NORMALIZATION
150
       };
151
152
       StrPair(): _flags( 0 ), _start( 0 ), _end( 0 ) {}
153
       ~StrPair();
154
       void Set( char* start, char* end, int flags ) {
155
156
         TIXMLASSERT( start );
157
         TIXMLASSERT( end );
158
         Reset();
159
         _start = start;
160
         _{end} = end;
161
         _flags = flags | NEEDS_FLUSH;
162
163
164
       const char* GetStr();
165
166
       bool Empty() const {
167
         return _start == _end;
168
       }
169
       void SetInternedStr( const char* str ) {
170
171
         Reset();
172
         _start = const_cast<char*>(str);
173
       }
174
175
       void SetStr( const char* str, int flags=0 );
176
       char* ParseText( char* in, const char* endTag, int strFlags, int* curLineNumPtr );
177
178
       char* ParseName( char* in );
179
180
       void TransferTo( StrPair* other );
181
         void Reset();
182
183 private:
184
       void CollapseWhitespace();
185
186
       enum {
187
         NEEDS_FLUSH = 0x100,
         NEEDS_DELETE = 0x200
188
189
       };
```

```
190
191
       int _flags;
192
       char* _start;
193
       char* _end;
194
195
        StrPair( const StrPair& other ); // not supported
196
       void operator=( const StrPair& other ); // not supported, use TransferTo()
197 };
198
199
200 /*
201
          A dynamic array of Plain Old Data. Doesn't support constructors, etc.
202
          Has a small initial memory pool, so that low or no usage will not
203
          cause a call to new/delete
204 */
205 | template <class T, int INITIAL_SIZE>
206 class DynArray
207 {
208 public:
209
        DynArray():
210
          _mem( _pool ),
211
          _allocated( INITIAL_SIZE ),
212
          _size( 0 )
213
       {
214
       }
215
216
       ~DynArray() {
217
          if ( _mem != _pool ) {
218
            delete [] _mem;
219
         }
220
       }
221
222
       void Clear() {
223
          _{size} = 0;
224
       }
225
226
       void Push( T t ) {
227
          TIXMLASSERT( _size < INT_MAX );
228
          EnsureCapacity( _size+1 );
229
          _{mem[_{size}] = t;}
230
          ++_size;
231
       }
232
233
       T* PushArr(int count) {
234
          TIXMLASSERT( count >= 0 );
235
          TIXMLASSERT( _size <= INT_MAX - count );
236
          EnsureCapacity( _size+count );
237
          T* ret = \&_mem[\_size];
238
          _size += count;
```

```
239
          return ret;
240
       }
241
242
       T Pop() {
243
          TIXMLASSERT(_size > 0);
244
          --_size;
245
          return _mem[_size];
246
       }
247
248
       void PopArr( int count ) {
249
          TIXMLASSERT( _size >= count );
250
          _size -= count;
251
       }
252
253
       bool Empty() const
                                                {
254
          return _size == 0;
255
       }
256
257
       T& operator[](int i)
     {
258
          TIXMLASSERT( i \ge 0 \&\& i \le size );
259
          return _mem[i];
260
       }
261
262
       const T& operator[](int i) const {
263
          TIXMLASSERT( i \ge 0 \&\& i \le size );
264
          return _mem[i];
265
       }
266
267
       const T& PeekTop() const
268
          TIXMLASSERT(_size > 0);
269
          return mem[ size - 1];
270
       }
271
272
       int Size() const
                                           {
273
          TIXMLASSERT(_size >= 0);
274
          return _size;
275
       }
276
277
       int Capacity() const
278
          TIXMLASSERT( _allocated >= INITIAL_SIZE );
279
          return _allocated;
280
       }
281
282
          void SwapRemove(int i) {
283
               TIXMLASSERT(i \ge 0 \&\& i < _size);
284
               TIXMLASSERT(_size > 0);
285
               _mem[i] = _mem[_size - 1];
286
              --_size;
```

```
287
         }
288
289
       const T* Mem() const
                                          {
290
         TIXMLASSERT( _mem );
291
         return _mem;
292
       }
293
294
       T* Mem() {
295
         TIXMLASSERT( _mem );
296
         return _mem;
297
       }
298
299
     private:
300
       DynArray( const DynArray& ); // not supported
301
       void operator=( const DynArray& ); // not supported
302
303
       void EnsureCapacity( int cap ) {
304
         TIXMLASSERT( cap > 0 );
305
         if ( cap > _allocated ) {
306
            TIXMLASSERT( cap <= INT_MAX / 2 );
            const int newAllocated = cap * 2;
307
            T* newMem = new T[newAllocated];
308
            TIXMLASSERT( newAllocated >= size );
309
310
            memcpy( newMem, _mem, sizeof(T)*_size ); // warning: not using constructors, only works for
     PODs
311
            if ( _mem != _pool ) {
312
              delete [] _mem;
313
            }
314
            _mem = newMem;
315
            _allocated = newAllocated;
316
        }
317
       }
318
       T* _mem;
319
320
       T _pool[INITIAL_SIZE];
                           // objects allocated
321
       int _allocated;
                            // number objects in use
322
       int _size;
323 };
324
325
326 /*
327
         Parent virtual class of a pool for fast allocation
328
         and deallocation of objects.
     */
329
330 class MemPool
331 {
332 public:
333
       MemPool() {}
334
       virtual ~MemPool() {}
```

```
335
336
       virtual int ItemSize() const = 0;
337
       virtual void* Alloc() = 0;
338
       virtual void Free( void* ) = 0;
339
       virtual void SetTracked() = 0;
340 };
341
342
343 /*
344
          Template child class to create pools of the correct type.
     */
345
346 | template< int ITEM_SIZE >
347
     class MemPoolT: public MemPool
348 {
349 public:
350
        MemPoolT(): _blockPtrs(), _root(0), _currentAllocs(0), _nAllocs(0), _maxAllocs(0), _nUntracked(0)
     {}
351
        ~MemPoolT() {
352
          MemPoolT < ITEM_SIZE >::Clear();
353
       }
354
355
       void Clear() {
356
         // Delete the blocks.
357
          while( !_blockPtrs.Empty()) {
            Block* lastBlock = _blockPtrs.Pop();
358
359
            delete lastBlock;
360
          }
361
          root = 0;
362
          _currentAllocs = 0;
          _nAllocs = 0;
363
          _maxAllocs = 0;
364
          _nUntracked = 0;
365
366
367
368
       virtual int ItemSize() const
                                       {
369
          return ITEM_SIZE;
370
       }
371
       int CurrentAllocs() const
                                       {
372
          return currentAllocs;
373
       }
374
375
       virtual void* Alloc() {
376
          if (! root) {
            // Need a new block.
377
            Block* block = new Block;
378
379
            _blockPtrs.Push( block );
380
381
            Item* blockItems = block->items;
382
            for( int i = 0; i < ITEMS_PER_BLOCK - 1; ++i ) {
```

```
383
               blockItems[i].next = &(blockItems[i + 1]);
384
            }
385
            blockItems[ITEMS_PER_BLOCK - 1].next = 0;
            _root = blockItems;
386
387
          }
388
          Item* const result = _root;
389
          TIXMLASSERT( result != 0 );
390
          _root = _root->next;
391
392
          ++_currentAllocs;
393
          if ( _currentAllocs > _maxAllocs ) {
394
            _maxAllocs = _currentAllocs;
395
396
          ++_nAllocs;
397
          ++_nUntracked;
398
          return result;
399
       }
400
401
       virtual void Free( void* mem ) {
402
          if (!mem) {
403
            return;
404
          }
405
          -- currentAllocs;
406
         Item* item = static cast<Item*>( mem );
407
     #ifdef TINYXML2_DEBUG
408
          memset( item, Oxfe, sizeof( *item ) );
409 #endif
410
          item->next = root;
411
          _root = item;
412
       }
413
       void Trace( const char* name ) {
414
          printf( "Mempool %s watermark=%d [%dk] current=%d size=%d nAlloc=%d blocks=%d\n",
               name, _maxAllocs, _maxAllocs * ITEM_SIZE / 1024, _currentAllocs,
415
              ITEM_SIZE, _nAllocs, _blockPtrs.Size() );
416
417
       }
418
419
       void SetTracked() {
420
          --_nUntracked;
421
       }
422
423
       int Untracked() const {
424
          return _nUntracked;
425
       }
426
427
          // This number is perf sensitive. 4k seems like a good tradeoff on my machine.
428
         // The test file is large, 170k.
429
         // Release:
                            VS2010 gcc(no opt)
430
         //
                   1k:
                            4000
431
          //
                            4000
                   2k:
```

```
//
432
                   4k:
                            3900
                                      21000
433
         //
                   16k: 5200
434
         //
                   32k: 4300
         //
435
                   64k: 4000
                                 21000
436
       // Declared public because some compilers do not accept to use ITEMS_PER_BLOCK
437
       // in private part if ITEMS_PER_BLOCK is private
438
       enum { ITEMS_PER_BLOCK = (4 * 1024) / ITEM_SIZE };
439
440
     private:
441
       MemPoolT( const MemPoolT& ); // not supported
442
       void operator=( const MemPoolT& ); // not supported
443
444
       union Item {
445
          Item* next;
446
          char itemData[ITEM_SIZE];
447
       };
448
       struct Block {
449
          Item items[ITEMS_PER_BLOCK];
450
451
       DynArray< Block*, 10 > _blockPtrs;
452
       Item* _root;
453
454
       int _currentAllocs;
455
       int nAllocs;
456
       int _maxAllocs;
457
       int nUntracked;
458 };
459
460
461
462 /**
463
          Implements the interface to the "Visitor pattern" (see the Accept() method.)
464
          If you call the Accept() method, it requires being passed a XMLVisitor
465
          class to handle callbacks. For nodes that contain other nodes (Document, Element)
466
          you will get called with a VisitEnter/VisitExit pair. Nodes that are always leafs
467
          are simply called with Visit().
468
469
          If you return 'true' from a Visit method, recursive parsing will continue. If you return
470
          false, <b>no children of this node or its siblings</b> will be visited.
471
472
          All flavors of Visit methods have a default implementation that returns 'true' (continue
473
          visiting). You need to only override methods that are interesting to you.
474
475
          Generally Accept() is called on the XMLDocument, although all nodes support visiting.
476
477
          You should never change the document from a callback.
478
479
          @sa XMLNode::Accept()
480 */
```

```
481 class TINYXML2_LIB XMLVisitor
482 {
483 public:
484
      virtual ~XMLVisitor() {}
485
486
      /// Visit a document.
487
      virtual bool VisitEnter( const XMLDocument& /*doc*/ )
488
       return true;
489
      }
490
      /// Visit a document.
491
      virtual bool VisitExit( const XMLDocument& /*doc*/ )
492
       return true;
493
       }
494
495
      /// Visit an element.
496
       virtual bool VisitEnter( const XMLElement& /*element*/, const XMLAttribute* /*firstAttribute*/ ) {
497
       return true;
498
       }
499
       /// Visit an element.
500
       virtual bool VisitExit( const XMLElement& /*element*/ )
501
       return true;
502
      }
503
504
      /// Visit a declaration.
505
      virtual bool Visit( const XMLDeclaration& /*declaration*/ )
506
       return true;
507
       }
508
      /// Visit a text node.
509
       virtual bool Visit( const XMLText& /*text*/)
                                                                   {
510
       return true;
      }
511
512
      /// Visit a comment node.
513
      virtual bool Visit( const XMLComment& /*comment*/ )
514
       return true;
515
516
      /// Visit an unknown node.
517
      virtual bool Visit( const XMLUnknown& /*unknown*/ )
                                                                       {
518
       return true;
519
       }
520 };
521
522 // WARNING: must match XMLDocument:: errorNames[]
523 enum XMLError {
524
      XML_SUCCESS = 0,
525
      XML NO ATTRIBUTE,
526
      XML WRONG ATTRIBUTE TYPE,
527
      XML_ERROR_FILE_NOT_FOUND,
528
       XML ERROR FILE COULD NOT BE OPENED,
529
       XML_ERROR_FILE_READ_ERROR,
```

```
530
       XML_ERROR_PARSING_ELEMENT,
531
       XML_ERROR_PARSING_ATTRIBUTE,
532
       XML_ERROR_PARSING_TEXT,
533
       XML_ERROR_PARSING_CDATA,
534
       XML_ERROR_PARSING_COMMENT,
535
       XML_ERROR_PARSING_DECLARATION,
536
       XML_ERROR_PARSING_UNKNOWN,
537
       XML_ERROR_EMPTY_DOCUMENT,
538
       XML_ERROR_MISMATCHED_ELEMENT,
539
       XML_ERROR_PARSING,
540
       XML_CAN_NOT_CONVERT_TEXT,
541
       XML_NO_TEXT_NODE,
542
         XML_ELEMENT_DEPTH_EXCEEDED,
543
544
         XML_ERROR_COUNT
545 };
546
547
548 /*
549
         Utility functionality.
550 */
551
    class TINYXML2_LIB XMLUtil
552 {
553 public:
554
       static const char* SkipWhiteSpace( const char* p, int* curLineNumPtr ) {
555
         TIXMLASSERT( p );
556
557
         while( IsWhiteSpace(*p) ) {
558
           if (curLineNumPtr && *p == '\n') {
559
             ++(*curLineNumPtr);
560
           }
561
           ++p;
562
563
         TIXMLASSERT(p);
564
         return p;
565
       }
       static char* SkipWhiteSpace( char* const p, int* curLineNumPtr ) {
566
         return const cast<char*>( SkipWhiteSpace( const cast<const char*>(p), curLineNumPtr ) );
567
568
       }
569
       // Anything in the high order range of UTF-8 is assumed to not be whitespace. This isn't
570
571
       // correct, but simple, and usually works.
572
       static bool IsWhiteSpace( char p )
         return !IsUTF8Continuation(p) && isspace( static_cast<unsigned char>(p) );
573
574
       }
575
       inline static bool IsNameStartChar( unsigned char ch ) {
576
577
         if (ch >= 128)
578
           // This is a heuristic guess in attempt to not implement Unicode-aware isalpha()
```

```
579
             return true;
580
          }
581
          if ( isalpha( ch ) ) {
582
             return true;
583
          }
584
          return ch == ':' || ch == '_';
585
586
587
        inline static bool IsNameChar(unsigned char ch) {
588
          return IsNameStartChar( ch )
589
               || isdigit( ch )
590
               || ch == '.'
591
               || ch == '-';
592
        }
593
        inline static bool IsPrefixHex( const char* p) {
594
595
          p = SkipWhiteSpace(p, 0);
596
          return p && *p == '0' && ( *(p + 1) == 'x' | | *(p + 1) == 'X');
597
        }
598
        inline static bool StringEqual( const char* p, const char* q, int nChar=INT_MAX ) {
599
600
          if (p == q) {
601
             return true;
602
          }
603
          TIXMLASSERT(p);
604
          TIXMLASSERT( q );
605
          TIXMLASSERT( nChar >= 0 );
606
          return strncmp(p, q, nChar) == 0;
607
        }
608
609
        inline static bool IsUTF8Continuation( const char p ) {
610
          return ( p & 0x80 ) != 0;
611
        }
612
613
        static const char* ReadBOM( const char* p, bool* hasBOM );
614
        // p is the starting location,
615
        // the UTF-8 value of the entity will be placed in value, and length filled in.
616
        static const char* GetCharacterRef( const char* p, char* value, int* length );
        static void ConvertUTF32ToUTF8( unsigned long input, char* output, int* length );
617
618
619
        // converts primitive types to strings
620
        static void ToStr( int v, char* buffer, int bufferSize );
621
        static void ToStr( unsigned v, char* buffer, int bufferSize );
        static void ToStr( bool v, char* buffer, int bufferSize );
622
623
        static void ToStr( float v, char* buffer, int bufferSize );
624
        static void ToStr( double v, char* buffer, int bufferSize );
          static void ToStr(int64_t v, char* buffer, int bufferSize);
625
626
        static void ToStr(uint64 t v, char* buffer, int bufferSize);
627
```

```
628
       // converts strings to primitive types
629
       static bool ToInt( const char* str, int* value );
630
       static bool ToUnsigned( const char* str, unsigned* value );
631
       static bool ToBool( const char* str, bool* value );
632
       static bool ToFloat( const char* str, float* value );
633
       static bool ToDouble( const char* str, double* value );
634
          static bool ToInt64(const char* str, int64_t* value);
635
       static bool ToUnsigned64(const char* str, uint64_t* value);
636
          // Changes what is serialized for a boolean value.
637
          // Default to "true" and "false". Shouldn't be changed
638
          // unless you have a special testing or compatibility need.
639
          // Be careful: static, global, & not thread safe.
640
          // Be sure to set static const memory as parameters.
641
          static void SetBoolSerialization(const char* writeTrue, const char* writeFalse);
642
643
     private:
644
          static const char* writeBoolTrue;
645
          static const char* writeBoolFalse;
646 };
647
648
     /** XMLNode is a base class for every object that is in the
649
650
          XML Document Object Model (DOM), except XMLAttributes.
651
          Nodes have siblings, a parent, and children which can
652
          be navigated. A node is always in a XMLDocument.
          The type of a XMLNode can be queried, and it can
653
          be cast to its more defined type.
654
655
656
          A XMLDocument allocates memory for all its Nodes.
          When the XMLDocument gets deleted, all its Nodes
657
          will also be deleted.
658
659
660
          @verbatim
661
          A Document can contain:
                                       Element (container or leaf)
662
                                       Comment (leaf)
663
                                       Unknown (leaf)
664
                                       Declaration( leaf )
665
666
          An Element can contain:
                                       Element (container or leaf)
667
                                       Text (leaf)
668
                                       Attributes (not on tree)
669
                                       Comment (leaf)
670
                                       Unknown (leaf)
671
672
          @endverbatim
673
674
     class TINYXML2_LIB XMLNode
675
676
       friend class XMLDocument;
```

```
677
       friend class XMLElement;
678 public:
679
680
      /// Get the XMLDocument that owns this XMLNode.
681
       const XMLDocument* GetDocument() const {
682
         TIXMLASSERT( _document );
683
       return _document;
684
       }
685
       /// Get the XMLDocument that owns this XMLNode.
686
       XMLDocument* GetDocument()
687
         TIXMLASSERT( _document );
       return _document;
688
689
       }
690
691
      /// Safely cast to an Element, or null.
692
       virtual XMLElement*
                               ToElement()
                                                 {
693
       return 0;
694
695
      /// Safely cast to Text, or null.
696
       virtual XMLText*
                          ToText()
                                        {
697
       return 0;
698
       }
699
      /// Safely cast to a Comment, or null.
700
       virtual XMLComment*
                                   ToComment()
701
         return 0;
702
703
       /// Safely cast to a Document, or null.
704
       virtual XMLDocument* ToDocument() {
705
       return 0;
706
       }
707
       /// Safely cast to a Declaration, or null.
708
       virtual XMLDeclaration* ToDeclaration()
709
       return 0;
710
       }
711
      /// Safely cast to an Unknown, or null.
712
       virtual XMLUnknown*
                                   ToUnknown()
713
       return 0;
       }
714
715
716
       virtual const XMLElement*
                                        ToElement() const
717
       return 0;
718
719
       virtual const XMLText*
                                        ToText() const
720
         return 0;
721
722
       virtual const XMLComment*
                                        ToComment() const
723
       return 0;
724
725
       virtual const XMLDocument*
                                        ToDocument() const
                                                                   {
```

```
726
         return 0;
727
       }
728
       virtual const XMLDeclaration* ToDeclaration() const {
729
         return 0;
730
       }
731
       virtual const XMLUnknown*
                                         ToUnknown() const
732
         return 0;
733
       }
734
735
       /** The meaning of 'value' changes for the specific type.
736
          @verbatim
737
         Document:
                       empty (NULL is returned, not an empty string)
738
         Element: name of the element
739
         Comment: the comment text
         Unknown: the tag contents
740
741
         Text:
                       the text string
742
         @endverbatim
743
       */
744
       const char* Value() const;
745
746
       /** Set the Value of an XML node.
747
         @sa Value()
       */
748
749
       void SetValue( const char* val, bool staticMem=false );
750
751
       /// Gets the line number the node is in, if the document was parsed from a file.
752
       int GetLineNum() const { return _parseLineNum; }
753
       /// Get the parent of this node on the DOM.
754
755
       const XMLNode*
                           Parent() const
                                                 {
756
         return _parent;
757
       }
758
759
       XMLNode* Parent()
                                                  {
760
         return _parent;
761
762
       /// Returns true if this node has no children.
763
764
       bool NoChildren() const
                                                  {
765
       return !_firstChild;
766
       }
767
       /// Get the first child node, or null if none exists.
768
       const XMLNode* FirstChild() const
769
770
         return _firstChild;
771
       }
772
773
       XMLNode*
                       FirstChild()
                                             {
774
         return _firstChild;
```

```
775
       }
776
777
       /** Get the first child element, or optionally the first child
778
          element with the specified name.
779
       */
780
       const XMLElement* FirstChildElement( const char* name = 0 ) const;
781
782
       XMLElement* FirstChildElement( const char* name = 0 )
783
          return const_cast<XMLElement*>(const_cast<const XMLNode*>(this)->FirstChildElement( name ));
784
       }
785
       /// Get the last child node, or null if none exists.
786
787
       const XMLNode*
                            LastChild() const
                                                                      {
         return _lastChild;
788
789
       }
790
791
       XMLNode*
                       LastChild()
                                                                      {
792
          return _lastChild;
793
794
795
       /** Get the last child element or optionally the last child
796
          element with the specified name.
       */
797
798
       const XMLElement* LastChildElement( const char* name = 0 ) const;
799
800
       XMLElement* LastChildElement( const char* name = 0 )
801
          return const_cast<XMLElement*>(const_cast<const XMLNode*>(this)->LastChildElement(name) );
802
       }
803
804
       /// Get the previous (left) sibling node of this node.
                            PreviousSibling() const
805
       const XMLNode*
                                                                      {
806
          return prev;
807
       }
808
809
       XMLNode* PreviousSibling()
                                                                 {
810
         return _prev;
811
       }
812
813
       /// Get the previous (left) sibling element of this node, with an optionally supplied name.
814
       const XMLElement* PreviousSiblingElement( const char* name = 0 ) const;
815
816
                        PreviousSiblingElement( const char* name = 0 ) {
       XMLElement*
          return const cast<XMLElement*>(const cast<const XMLNode*>(this)->PreviousSiblingElement(
817
     name ));
818
819
820
       /// Get the next (right) sibling node of this node.
821
       const XMLNode*
                            NextSibling() const
                                                                      {
822
          return next;
```

```
823
824
825
       XMLNode* NextSibling()
                                                                  {
826
          return _next;
827
       }
828
829
       /// Get the next (right) sibling element of this node, with an optionally supplied name.
830
       const XMLElement* NextSiblingElement( const char* name = 0 ) const;
831
832
                        NextSiblingElement( const char* name = 0 )
       XMLElement*
833
          return const_cast<XMLElement*>(const_cast<const XMLNode*>(this)->NextSiblingElement( name )
     );
834
       }
835
836
837
         Add a child node as the last (right) child.
838
              If the child node is already part of the document,
839
              it is moved from its old location to the new location.
840
              Returns the addThis argument or 0 if the node does not
841
              belong to the same document.
842
843
       XMLNode* InsertEndChild( XMLNode* addThis );
844
845
       XMLNode* LinkEndChild( XMLNode* addThis )
846
          return InsertEndChild( addThis );
847
       }
       /**
848
849
         Add a child node as the first (left) child.
850
              If the child node is already part of the document,
              it is moved from its old location to the new location.
851
852
              Returns the addThis argument or 0 if the node does not
853
              belong to the same document.
       */
854
855
       XMLNode* InsertFirstChild( XMLNode* addThis );
856
857
         Add a node after the specified child node.
              If the child node is already part of the document,
858
859
              it is moved from its old location to the new location.
              Returns the addThis argument or 0 if the afterThis node
860
861
              is not a child of this node, or if the node does not
862
              belong to the same document.
863
       */
864
       XMLNode* InsertAfterChild( XMLNode* afterThis, XMLNode* addThis );
865
866
          Delete all the children of this node.
867
868
869
       void DeleteChildren();
870
```

```
871
872
          Delete a child of this node.
873
874
       void DeleteChild( XMLNode* node );
875
876
       /**
877
          Make a copy of this node, but not its children.
878
          You may pass in a Document pointer that will be
879
          the owner of the new Node. If the 'document' is
088
          null, then the node returned will be allocated
881
          from the current Document. (this->GetDocument())
882
883
          Note: if called on a XMLDocument, this will return null.
884
885
       virtual XMLNode* ShallowClone( XMLDocument* document ) const = 0;
886
887
888
               Make a copy of this node and all its children.
889
890
              If the 'target' is null, then the nodes will
891
               be allocated in the current document. If 'target'
892
          is specified, the memory will be allocated is the
          specified XMLDocument.
893
894
895
               NOTE: This is probably not the correct tool to
896
               copy a document, since XMLDocuments can have multiple
897
               top level XMLNodes. You probably want to use
898
          XMLDocument::DeepCopy()
899
900
          XMLNode* DeepClone( XMLDocument* target ) const;
901
902
903
          Test if 2 nodes are the same, but don't test children.
          The 2 nodes do not need to be in the same Document.
904
905
906
          Note: if called on a XMLDocument, this will return false.
907
       */
908
       virtual bool ShallowEqual( const XMLNode* compare ) const = 0;
909
910
       /** Accept a hierarchical visit of the nodes in the TinyXML-2 DOM. Every node in the
911
          XML tree will be conditionally visited and the host will be called back
          via the XMLVisitor interface.
912
913
          This is essentially a SAX interface for TinyXML-2. (Note however it doesn't re-parse
914
          the XML for the callbacks, so the performance of TinyXML-2 is unchanged by using this
915
916
          interface versus any other.)
917
918
          The interface has been based on ideas from:
919
```

```
920
          - http://www.saxproject.org/
921
          - http://c2.com/cgi/wiki?HierarchicalVisitorPattern
922
          Which are both good references for "visiting".
923
924
925
          An example of using Accept():
926
          @verbatim
927
          XMLPrinter printer;
928
          tinyxmlDoc.Accept( &printer );
929
          const char* xmlcstr = printer.CStr();
930
          @endverbatim
       */
931
932
       virtual bool Accept( XMLVisitor* visitor ) const = 0;
933
          /**
934
935
              Set user data into the XMLNode. TinyXML-2 in
936
              no way processes or interprets user data.
              It is initially 0.
937
          */
938
939
          void SetUserData(void* userData) { _userData = userData; }
940
          /**
941
942
              Get user data set into the XMLNode. TinyXML-2 in
943
              no way processes or interprets user data.
944
              It is initially 0.
         */
945
946
         void* GetUserData() const
                                              { return _userData; }
947
     protected:
948
       explicit XMLNode( XMLDocument* );
949
950
       virtual ~XMLNode();
951
952
       virtual char* ParseDeep( char* p, StrPair* parentEndTag, int* curLineNumPtr);
953
954
       XMLDocument* document;
955
       XMLNode*
                       _parent;
956
       mutable StrPair _value;
957
       int
                 _parseLineNum;
958
959
       XMLNode*
                       _firstChild;
960
       XMLNode*
                       lastChild;
961
962
       XMLNode*
                       _prev;
963
       XMLNode*
                       next;
964
965
         void*
     _userData;
966
967 private:
```

```
968
        MemPool*
                       _memPool;
969
       void Unlink( XMLNode* child );
970
       static void DeleteNode( XMLNode* node );
971
       void InsertChildPreamble( XMLNode* insertThis ) const;
        const XMLElement* ToElementWithName( const char* name ) const;
972
973
974
       XMLNode( const XMLNode& ); // not supported
975
       XMLNode& operator=( const XMLNode& ); // not supported
976 | };
977
978
979
     /** XML text.
980
981
          Note that a text node can have child element nodes, for example:
982
          <root>This is <b>bold</b></root>
983
984
          @endverbatim
985
986
          A text node can have 2 ways to output the next. "normal" output
987
          and CDATA. It will default to the mode it was parsed from the XML file and
988
          you generally want to leave it alone, but you can change the output mode with
989
          SetCData() and query it with CData().
990 */
991 class TINYXML2 LIB XMLText : public XMLNode
992 {
993
       friend class XMLDocument;
994
     public:
995
       virtual bool Accept( XMLVisitor* visitor ) const;
996
997
       virtual XMLText* ToText()
                                          {
998
          return this:
999
1000
       virtual const XMLText* ToText() const
1001
        return this:
1002
       }
1003
1004
       /// Declare whether this should be CDATA or standard text.
1005
       void SetCData( bool isCData )
1006
          isCData = isCData;
1007
       }
       /// Returns true if this is a CDATA text element.
1008
1009
       bool CData() const
                                                   {
1010
        return isCData;
1011
1012
1013
       virtual XMLNode* ShallowClone( XMLDocument* document ) const;
       virtual bool ShallowEqual( const XMLNode* compare ) const;
1014
1015
1016 protected:
```

```
1017
       explicit XMLText( XMLDocument* doc ) : XMLNode( doc ), _isCData( false )
1018
       virtual ~XMLText()
     {}
1019
1020
       char* ParseDeep( char* p, StrPair* parentEndTag, int* curLineNumPtr );
1021
1022 private:
1023
       bool _isCData;
1024
1025
       XMLText( const XMLText& ); // not supported
1026
       XMLText& operator=( const XMLText& ); // not supported
1027 };
1028
1029
1030 /** An XML Comment. */
1031 class TINYXML2_LIB XMLComment : public XMLNode
1032 {
1033
       friend class XMLDocument;
1034 public:
      virtual XMLComment* ToComment()
1035
                                                               {
1036
        return this;
1037
       }
1038
       virtual const XMLComment* ToComment() const
1039
        return this;
1040
       }
1041
       virtual bool Accept( XMLVisitor* visitor ) const;
1042
1043
1044
       virtual XMLNode* ShallowClone( XMLDocument* document ) const;
1045
       virtual bool ShallowEqual( const XMLNode* compare ) const;
1046
1047 protected:
1048
       explicit XMLComment( XMLDocument* doc );
1049
       virtual ~XMLComment();
1050
1051
       char* ParseDeep( char* p, StrPair* parentEndTag, int* curLineNumPtr);
1052
1053 private:
       XMLComment( const XMLComment& ); // not supported
1054
1055
       XMLComment& operator=( const XMLComment& ); // not supported
1056 };
1057
1058
1059 /** In correct XML the declaration is the first entry in the file.
1060
          @verbatim
1061
              <?xml version="1.0" standalone="yes"?>
          @endverbatim
1062
1063
1064
          TinyXML-2 will happily read or write files without a declaration,
```

```
1065
          however.
1066
1067
          The text of the declaration isn't interpreted. It is parsed
1068
          and written as a string.
1069 */
1070 class TINYXML2_LIB XMLDeclaration : public XMLNode
1071 {
1072
        friend class XMLDocument;
1073 public:
1074
       virtual XMLDeclaration* ToDeclaration()
                                                                     {
1075
          return this;
1076
       }
1077
        virtual const XMLDeclaration* ToDeclaration() const
1078
          return this;
1079
        }
1080
1081
        virtual bool Accept( XMLVisitor* visitor ) const;
1082
1083
        virtual XMLNode* ShallowClone( XMLDocument* document ) const;
1084
        virtual bool ShallowEqual( const XMLNode* compare ) const;
1085
1086 protected:
        explicit XMLDeclaration( XMLDocument* doc );
1087
1088
        virtual ~XMLDeclaration();
1089
1090
        char* ParseDeep( char* p, StrPair* parentEndTag, int* curLineNumPtr );
1091
1092 private:
1093
        XMLDeclaration( const XMLDeclaration& ); // not supported
1094
        XMLDeclaration& operator=( const XMLDeclaration& ); // not supported
1095 };
1096
1097
1098 /** Any tag that TinyXML-2 doesn't recognize is saved as an
          unknown. It is a tag of text, but should not be modified.
1099
          It will be written back to the XML, unchanged, when the file
1100
          is saved.
1101
1102
1103
          DTD tags get thrown into XMLUnknowns.
1104 */
1105 class TINYXML2 LIB XMLUnknown: public XMLNode
1106 {
1107
       friend class XMLDocument;
1108 public:
        virtual XMLUnknown*
1109
                                ToUnknown()
1110
          return this:
1111
1112
       virtual const XMLUnknown* ToUnknown() const
                                                            {
1113
          return this;
```

```
1114
1115
1116
        virtual bool Accept( XMLVisitor* visitor ) const;
1117
1118
        virtual XMLNode* ShallowClone( XMLDocument* document ) const;
        virtual bool ShallowEqual( const XMLNode* compare ) const;
1119
1120
1121 protected:
1122
        explicit XMLUnknown( XMLDocument* doc );
1123
        virtual ~XMLUnknown();
1124
1125
        char* ParseDeep( char* p, StrPair* parentEndTag, int* curLineNumPtr );
1126
1127 private:
1128
        XMLUnknown( const XMLUnknown& ); // not supported
1129
        XMLUnknown& operator=( const XMLUnknown& ); // not supported
1130 };
1131
1132
1133
1134 /** An attribute is a name-value pair. Elements have an arbitrary
          number of attributes, each with a unique name.
1135
1136
1137
          @note The attributes are not XMLNodes. You may only query the
          Next() attribute in a list.
1138
1139 */
1140 class TINYXML2 LIB XMLAttribute
1141 {
1142
       friend class XMLElement;
1143 public:
       /// The name of the attribute.
1144
1145
       const char* Name() const;
1146
       /// The value of the attribute.
1147
1148
       const char* Value() const;
1149
1150
        /// Gets the line number the attribute is in, if the document was parsed from a file.
        int GetLineNum() const { return parseLineNum; }
1151
1152
1153
       /// The next attribute in the list.
1154
        const XMLAttribute* Next() const {
1155
          return next;
1156
       }
1157
        /** IntValue interprets the attribute as an integer, and returns the value.
1158
          If the value isn't an integer, 0 will be returned. There is no error checking;
1159
1160
          use QueryIntValue() if you need error checking.
        */
1161
1162
          int IntValue() const {
```

```
1163
               int i = 0;
               QueryIntValue(&i);
1164
               return i;
1165
1166
          }
1167
1168
          int64_t Int64Value() const {
1169
               int64_t i = 0;
1170
               QueryInt64Value(&i);
               return i;
1171
1172
          }
1173
        uint64_t Unsigned64Value() const {
1174
1175
          uint64 t i = 0;
1176
          QueryUnsigned64Value(&i);
1177
          return i;
1178
        }
1179
1180
        /// Query as an unsigned integer. See IntValue()
        unsigned UnsignedValue() const
1181
1182
          unsigned i=0;
1183
          QueryUnsignedValue(&i);
1184
          return i;
1185
        }
        /// Query as a boolean. See IntValue()
1186
               BoolValue() const
1187
        bool
                                               {
          bool b=false;
1188
1189
          QueryBoolValue( &b );
          return b;
1190
1191
1192
       /// Query as a double. See IntValue()
1193
        double
                    DoubleValue() const
                                                    {
1194
          double d=0;
          QueryDoubleValue( &d );
1195
          return d;
1196
1197
       /// Query as a float. See IntValue()
1198
        float
              FloatValue() const
1199
                                               {
          float f=0:
1200
          QueryFloatValue( &f );
1201
1202
          return f;
1203
        }
1204
        /** QueryIntValue interprets the attribute as an integer, and returns the value
1205
          in the provided parameter. The function will return XML_SUCCESS on success,
1206
          and XML_WRONG_ATTRIBUTE_TYPE if the conversion is not successful.
1207
1208
1209
        XMLError QueryIntValue(int* value) const;
1210
        /// See QueryIntValue
        XMLError QueryUnsignedValue( unsigned int* value ) const;
1211
```

```
/// See QueryIntValue
1212
          XMLError QueryInt64Value(int64_t* value) const;
1213
1214
        /// See QueryIntValue
1215
        XMLError QueryUnsigned64Value(uint64_t* value) const;
          /// See QueryIntValue
1216
        XMLError QueryBoolValue(bool* value) const;
1217
1218
        /// See QueryIntValue
1219
        XMLError QueryDoubleValue( double* value ) const;
        /// See QueryIntValue
1220
1221
        XMLError QueryFloatValue(float* value) const;
1222
1223
        /// Set the attribute to a string value.
1224
        void SetAttribute( const char* value );
1225
        /// Set the attribute to value.
1226
        void SetAttribute( int value );
1227
        /// Set the attribute to value.
        void SetAttribute( unsigned value );
1228
1229
          /// Set the attribute to value.
1230
          void SetAttribute(int64 t value);
        /// Set the attribute to value.
1231
        void SetAttribute(uint64_t value);
1232
1233
        /// Set the attribute to value.
1234
        void SetAttribute( bool value );
        /// Set the attribute to value.
1235
1236
        void SetAttribute( double value );
        /// Set the attribute to value.
1237
1238
        void SetAttribute( float value );
1239
1240 private:
1241
        enum { BUF_SIZE = 200 };
1242
1243
        XMLAttribute(): name(), value(), parseLineNum( 0 ), next( 0 ), memPool( 0 ) {}
1244
        virtual ~XMLAttribute()
     {}
1245
1246
        XMLAttribute( const XMLAttribute& );
                                               // not supported
1247
        void operator=( const XMLAttribute& ); // not supported
        void SetName( const char* name );
1248
1249
        char* ParseDeep( char* p, bool processEntities, int* curLineNumPtr );
1250
1251
1252
        mutable StrPair name;
1253
        mutable StrPair value;
1254
        int
                  _parseLineNum;
        XMLAttribute* _next;
1255
1256
        MemPool* memPool;
1257 };
1258
1259
```

```
1260 /** The element is a container class. It has a value, the element name,
1261
          and can contain other elements, text, comments, and unknowns.
1262
          Elements also contain an arbitrary number of attributes.
1263 */
1264 class TINYXML2_LIB XMLElement : public XMLNode
1265 {
1266
        friend class XMLDocument;
1267 public:
1268
       /// Get the name of an element (which is the Value() of the node.)
1269
        const char* Name() const
1270
          return Value();
1271
       }
1272
        /// Set the name of the element.
1273
        void SetName( const char* str, bool staticMem=false ) {
1274
          SetValue( str, staticMem );
1275
        }
1276
1277
        virtual XMLElement* ToElement()
                                                         {
1278
          return this;
1279
        }
1280
        virtual const XMLElement* ToElement() const {
1281
          return this;
1282
        }
        virtual bool Accept( XMLVisitor* visitor ) const;
1283
1284
        /** Given an attribute name, Attribute() returns the value
1285
          for the attribute of that name, or null if none
1286
          exists. For example:
1287
1288
1289
          @verbatim
          const char* value = ele->Attribute( "foo" );
1290
          @endverbatim
1291
1292
1293
          The 'value' parameter is normally null. However, if specified,
1294
          the attribute will only be returned if the 'name' and 'value'
1295
          match. This allow you to write code:
1296
1297
          @verbatim
1298
          if ( ele->Attribute( "foo", "bar" ) ) callFooIsBar();
1299
          @endverbatim
1300
1301
          rather than:
1302
          @verbatim
          if ( ele->Attribute( "foo" ) ) {
1303
               if (strcmp(ele->Attribute("foo"), "bar") == 0) callFooIsBar();
1304
1305
          }
1306
          @endverbatim
        */
1307
1308
        const char* Attribute( const char* name, const char* value=0 ) const;
```

```
1309
        /** Given an attribute name, IntAttribute() returns the value
1310
          of the attribute interpreted as an integer. The default
1311
1312
          value will be returned if the attribute isn't present,
1313
          or if there is an error. (For a method with error
          checking, see QueryIntAttribute()).
1314
1315
1316
          int IntAttribute(const char* name, int defaultValue = 0) const;
1317
        /// See IntAttribute()
1318
          unsigned UnsignedAttribute(const char* name, unsigned defaultValue = 0) const;
1319
          /// See IntAttribute()
1320
          int64_t Int64Attribute(const char* name, int64_t defaultValue = 0) const;
1321
        /// See IntAttribute()
1322
        uint64_t Unsigned64Attribute(const char* name, uint64_t defaultValue = 0) const;
1323
          /// See IntAttribute()
1324
          bool BoolAttribute(const char* name, bool defaultValue = false) const;
1325
        /// See IntAttribute()
1326
           double DoubleAttribute(const char* name, double defaultValue = 0) const;
1327
        /// See IntAttribute()
1328
          float FloatAttribute(const char* name, float defaultValue = 0) const;
1329
1330
        /** Given an attribute name, QueryIntAttribute() returns
1331
          XML SUCCESS, XML WRONG ATTRIBUTE TYPE if the conversion
1332
          can't be performed, or XML NO ATTRIBUTE if the attribute
          doesn't exist. If successful, the result of the conversion
1333
          will be written to 'value'. If not successful, nothing will
1334
1335
          be written to 'value'. This allows you to provide default
1336
          value:
1337
1338
          @verbatim
          int value = 10;
1339
          QueryIntAttribute( "foo", &value ); // if "foo" isn't found, value will still be 10
1340
          @endverbatim
1341
        */
1342
1343
        XMLError QueryIntAttribute( const char* name, int* value ) const
                                                                                           {
          const XMLAttribute* a = FindAttribute( name );
1344
1345
          if (!a) {
1346
             return XML NO ATTRIBUTE;
1347
1348
          return a->QueryIntValue( value );
1349
        }
1350
1351
          /// See QueryIntAttribute()
        XMLError QueryUnsignedAttribute( const char* name, unsigned int* value ) const {
1352
          const XMLAttribute* a = FindAttribute( name );
1353
1354
          if (!a) {
1355
             return XML_NO_ATTRIBUTE;
1356
          }
1357
          return a->QueryUnsignedValue( value );
```

```
1358
1359
1360
          /// See QueryIntAttribute()
1361
          XMLError QueryInt64Attribute(const char* name, int64_t* value) const {
               const XMLAttribute* a = FindAttribute(name);
1362
1363
               if (!a) {
1364
                   return XML_NO_ATTRIBUTE;
1365
               }
1366
               return a->QueryInt64Value(value);
          }
1367
1368
1369
        /// See QueryIntAttribute()
        XMLError QueryUnsigned64Attribute(const char* name, uint64_t* value) const {
1370
1371
          const XMLAttribute* a = FindAttribute(name);
1372
          if(!a) {
1373
            return XML_NO_ATTRIBUTE;
1374
          }
1375
          return a->QueryUnsigned64Value(value);
1376
1377
1378
          /// See QueryIntAttribute()
        XMLError QueryBoolAttribute( const char* name, bool* value ) const
1379
1380
          const XMLAttribute* a = FindAttribute( name );
1381
          if (!a) {
1382
            return XML_NO_ATTRIBUTE;
1383
          }
1384
          return a->QueryBoolValue( value );
1385
        }
1386
        /// See QueryIntAttribute()
        XMLError QueryDoubleAttribute( const char* name, double* value ) const
1387
                                                                                         {
          const XMLAttribute* a = FindAttribute( name );
1388
1389
          if (!a) {
1390
            return XML_NO_ATTRIBUTE;
1391
          }
1392
          return a->QueryDoubleValue( value );
1393
        /// See QueryIntAttribute()
1394
        XMLError QueryFloatAttribute( const char* name, float* value ) const
1395
1396
          const XMLAttribute* a = FindAttribute( name );
1397
          if (!a) {
1398
            return XML_NO_ATTRIBUTE;
1399
          }
1400
          return a->QueryFloatValue( value );
1401
1402
1403
          /// See QueryIntAttribute()
1404
          XMLError QueryStringAttribute(const char* name, const char** value) const {
1405
               const XMLAttribute* a = FindAttribute(name);
1406
               if (!a) {
```

```
1407
                    return XML_NO_ATTRIBUTE;
1408
               }
1409
               *value = a->Value();
1410
               return XML_SUCCESS;
1411
          }
1412
1413
1414
        /** Given an attribute name, QueryAttribute() returns
1415
1416
          XML_SUCCESS, XML_WRONG_ATTRIBUTE_TYPE if the conversion
1417
          can't be performed, or XML_NO_ATTRIBUTE if the attribute
1418
          doesn't exist. It is overloaded for the primitive types,
1419
               and is a generally more convenient replacement of
1420
               QueryIntAttribute() and related functions.
1421
1422
               If successful, the result of the conversion
1423
          will be written to 'value'. If not successful, nothing will
1424
          be written to 'value'. This allows you to provide default
1425
          value:
1426
1427
          @verbatim
1428
          int value = 10;
1429
          QueryAttribute( "foo", &value ); // if "foo" isn't found, value will still be 10
          @endverbatim
1430
1431
1432
          XMLError QueryAttribute( const char* name, int* value ) const {
1433
               return QueryIntAttribute( name, value );
1434
          }
1435
1436
          XMLError QueryAttribute( const char* name, unsigned int* value ) const {
               return QueryUnsignedAttribute( name, value );
1437
1438
          }
1439
          XMLError QueryAttribute(const char* name, int64_t* value) const {
1440
1441
               return QueryInt64Attribute(name, value);
1442
          }
1443
1444
        XMLError QueryAttribute(const char* name, uint64 t* value) const {
          return QueryUnsigned64Attribute(name, value);
1445
1446
        }
1447
1448
        XMLError QueryAttribute( const char* name, bool* value ) const {
               return QueryBoolAttribute( name, value );
1449
1450
          }
1451
1452
          XMLError QueryAttribute( const char* name, double* value ) const {
               return QueryDoubleAttribute( name, value );
1453
1454
          }
1455
```

```
XMLError QueryAttribute( const char* name, float* value ) const {
1456
1457
               return QueryFloatAttribute( name, value );
1458
          }
1459
1460
          XMLError QueryAttribute(const char* name, const char** value) const {
1461
               return QueryStringAttribute(name, value);
1462
          }
1463
1464
          /// Sets the named attribute to value.
1465
        void SetAttribute( const char* name, const char* value )
1466
          XMLAttribute* a = FindOrCreateAttribute( name );
1467
          a->SetAttribute( value );
1468
        }
        /// Sets the named attribute to value.
1469
        void SetAttribute( const char* name, int value )
1470
                                                                   {
1471
          XMLAttribute* a = FindOrCreateAttribute( name );
1472
          a->SetAttribute( value );
1473
        /// Sets the named attribute to value.
1474
1475
        void SetAttribute( const char* name, unsigned value )
                                                                   {
1476
          XMLAttribute* a = FindOrCreateAttribute( name );
1477
          a->SetAttribute( value );
1478
        }
1479
1480
          /// Sets the named attribute to value.
          void SetAttribute(const char* name, int64 t value) {
1481
               XMLAttribute* a = FindOrCreateAttribute(name);
1482
1483
               a->SetAttribute(value):
1484
          }
1485
1486
        /// Sets the named attribute to value.
1487
        void SetAttribute(const char* name, uint64 t value) {
1488
          XMLAttribute* a = FindOrCreateAttribute(name);
1489
          a->SetAttribute(value);
1490
        }
1491
1492
        /// Sets the named attribute to value.
        void SetAttribute( const char* name, bool value )
1493
1494
          XMLAttribute* a = FindOrCreateAttribute( name );
1495
          a->SetAttribute( value );
1496
        }
1497
        /// Sets the named attribute to value.
1498
        void SetAttribute( const char* name, double value )
                                                                   {
          XMLAttribute* a = FindOrCreateAttribute( name );
1499
1500
          a->SetAttribute( value );
1501
        /// Sets the named attribute to value.
1502
1503
        void SetAttribute( const char* name, float value )
                                                              {
1504
          XMLAttribute* a = FindOrCreateAttribute( name );
```

```
1505
          a->SetAttribute( value );
1506
        }
1507
1508
1509
          Delete an attribute.
        */
1510
1511
        void DeleteAttribute( const char* name );
1512
1513
        /// Return the first attribute in the list.
1514
        const XMLAttribute* FirstAttribute() const {
1515
          return _rootAttribute;
1516
        }
1517
        /// Query a specific attribute in the list.
        const XMLAttribute* FindAttribute( const char* name ) const;
1518
1519
        /** Convenience function for easy access to the text inside an element. Although easy
1520
          and concise, GetText() is limited compared to getting the XMLText child
1521
1522
          and accessing it directly.
1523
          If the first child of 'this' is a XMLText, the GetText()
1524
          returns the character string of the Text node, else null is returned.
1525
1526
1527
          This is a convenient method for getting the text of simple contained text:
1528
          @verbatim
          <foo>This is text</foo>
1529
               const char* str = fooElement->GetText();
1530
          @endverbatim
1531
1532
1533
          'str' will be a pointer to "This is text".
1534
          Note that this function can be misleading. If the element foo was created from
1535
1536
          this XML:
          @verbatim
1537
               <foo><b>This is text</b></foo>
1538
          @endverbatim
1539
1540
1541
          then the value of str would be null. The first child node isn't a text node, it is
          another element. From this XML:
1542
1543
          @verbatim
1544
               <foo>This is <b>text</b></foo>
          @endverbatim
1545
1546
          GetText() will return "This is ".
1547
        const char* GetText() const;
1548
1549
1550
        /** Convenience function for easy access to the text inside an element. Although easy
           and concise, SetText() is limited compared to creating an XMLText child
1551
          and mutating it directly.
1552
1553
```

```
1554
          If the first child of 'this' is a XMLText, SetText() sets its value to
               the given string, otherwise it will create a first child that is an XMLText.
1555
1556
1557
          This is a convenient method for setting the text of simple contained text:
           @verbatim
1558
1559
          <foo>This is text</foo>
1560
               fooElement->SetText( "Hullaballoo!" );
1561
           <foo>Hullaballoo!</foo>
               @endverbatim
1562
1563
1564
          Note that this function can be misleading. If the element foo was created from
          this XML:
1565
          @verbatim
1566
1567
               <foo><b>This is text</b></foo>
1568
           @endverbatim
1569
1570
          then it will not change "This is text", but rather prefix it with a text element:
1571
               <foo>Hullaballoo!<b>This is text</b></foo>
1572
1573
          @endverbatim
1574
1575
               For this XML:
1576
          @verbatim
               <foo />
1577
1578
          @endverbatim
1579
          SetText() will generate
1580
          @verbatim
1581
               <foo>Hullaballoo!</foo>
1582
          @endverbatim
1583
1584
          void SetText( const char* inText );
        /// Convenience method for setting text inside an element. See SetText() for important limitations.
1585
1586
        void SetText( int value );
        /// Convenience method for setting text inside an element. See SetText() for important limitations.
1587
1588
        void SetText( unsigned value );
          /// Convenience method for setting text inside an element. See SetText() for important limitations.
1589
1590
          void SetText(int64 t value);
        /// Convenience method for setting text inside an element. See SetText() for important limitations.
1591
1592
        void SetText(uint64 t value);
          /// Convenience method for setting text inside an element. See SetText() for important limitations.
1593
1594
        void SetText( bool value );
        /// Convenience method for setting text inside an element. See SetText() for important limitations.
1595
1596
        void SetText( double value );
        /// Convenience method for setting text inside an element. See SetText() for important limitations.
1597
1598
        void SetText( float value );
1599
        /**
1600
1601
          Convenience method to guery the value of a child text node. This is probably best
1602
          shown by example. Given you have a document is this form:
```

```
1603
          @verbatim
1604
               <point>
1605
                    <x>1</x>
1606
                    <y>1.4</y>
1607
               </point>
          @endverbatim
1608
1609
1610
          The QueryIntText() and similar functions provide a safe and easier way to get to the
          "value" of x and y.
1611
1612
1613
          @verbatim
1614
               int x = 0;
                             // types of x and y are contrived for example
1615
               float y = 0;
               const XMLElement* xElement = pointElement->FirstChildElement( "x" );
1616
1617
               const XMLElement* yElement = pointElement->FirstChildElement( "y" );
               xElement->QueryIntText( &x );
1618
               yElement->QueryFloatText( &y );
1619
1620
          @endverbatim
1621
          @returns XML_SUCCESS (0) on success, XML_CAN_NOT_CONVERT_TEXT if the text cannot be
1622
      converted
                    to the requested type, and XML_NO_TEXT_NODE if there is no child text to query.
1623
1624
        */
1625
1626
        XMLError QueryIntText(int* ival) const;
1627
        /// See QueryIntText()
1628
        XMLError QueryUnsignedText(unsigned* uval) const;
          /// See QueryIntText()
1629
1630
          XMLError QueryInt64Text(int64_t* uval) const;
1631
          /// See QueryIntText()
          XMLError QueryUnsigned64Text(uint64 t* uval) const;
1632
          /// See QueryIntText()
1633
        XMLError QueryBoolText( bool* bval ) const;
1634
        /// See QueryIntText()
1635
        XMLError QueryDoubleText( double* dval ) const;
1636
        /// See QueryIntText()
1637
        XMLError QueryFloatText( float* fval ) const;
1638
1639
1640
          int IntText(int defaultValue = 0) const;
1641
1642
          /// See QueryIntText()
          unsigned UnsignedText(unsigned defaultValue = 0) const;
1643
1644
          /// See QueryIntText()
          int64 t Int64Text(int64 t defaultValue = 0) const;
1645
        /// See QueryIntText()
1646
        uint64 t Unsigned64Text(uint64 t defaultValue = 0) const;
1647
          /// See QueryIntText()
1648
          bool BoolText(bool defaultValue = false) const;
1649
1650
          /// See QueryIntText()
```

```
1651
          double DoubleText(double defaultValue = 0) const;
1652
          /// See QueryIntText()
1653
        float FloatText(float defaultValue = 0) const;
1654
        /**
1655
1656
          Convenience method to create a new XMLElement and add it as last (right)
1657
          child of this node. Returns the created and inserted element.
       */
1658
1659
       XMLElement* InsertNewChildElement(const char* name);
1660
       /// See InsertNewChildElement()
1661
       XMLComment* InsertNewComment(const char* comment);
1662
       /// See InsertNewChildElement()
       XMLText* InsertNewText(const char* text);
1663
       /// See InsertNewChildElement()
1664
1665
       XMLDeclaration* InsertNewDeclaration(const char* text);
1666
       /// See InsertNewChildElement()
       XMLUnknown* InsertNewUnknown(const char* text);
1667
1668
1669
1670
       // internal:
1671
       enum ElementClosingType {
1672
          OPEN.
                       // <foo>
          CLOSED.
                      // <foo/>
1673
1674
          CLOSING
                      // </foo>
1675
        ElementClosingType ClosingType() const {
1676
          return _closingType;
1677
1678
1679
        virtual XMLNode* ShallowClone( XMLDocument* document ) const;
        virtual bool ShallowEqual( const XMLNode* compare ) const;
1680
1681
1682 protected:
        char* ParseDeep( char* p, StrPair* parentEndTag, int* curLineNumPtr );
1683
1684
1685 private:
       XMLElement( XMLDocument* doc );
1686
1687
       virtual ~XMLElement();
       XMLElement( const XMLElement& ); // not supported
1688
1689
       void operator=( const XMLElement& ); // not supported
1690
       XMLAttribute* FindOrCreateAttribute( const char* name );
1691
        char* ParseAttributes( char* p, int* curLineNumPtr );
1692
        static void DeleteAttribute( XMLAttribute* attribute );
1693
1694
       XMLAttribute* CreateAttribute();
1695
       enum { BUF SIZE = 200 };
1696
       ElementClosingType _closingType;
1697
       // The attribute list is ordered; there is no 'lastAttribute'
1698
1699
       // because the list needs to be scanned for dupes before adding
```

```
1700
       // a new attribute.
1701
       XMLAttribute* _rootAttribute;
1702 };
1703
1704
1705 enum Whitespace {
1706
        PRESERVE_WHITESPACE,
1707
        COLLAPSE_WHITESPACE
1708 };
1709
1710
1711 /** A Document binds together all the functionality.
          It can be saved, loaded, and printed to the screen.
1712
1713
          All Nodes are connected and allocated to a Document.
          If the Document is deleted, all its Nodes are also deleted.
1714
1715 */
1716 class TINYXML2_LIB XMLDocument : public XMLNode
1717 {
       friend class XMLElement;
1718
       // Gives access to SetError and Push/PopDepth, but over-access for everything else.
1719
       // Wishing C++ had "internal" scope.
1720
1721
       friend class XMLNode;
1722
       friend class XMLText:
       friend class XMLComment:
1723
1724
       friend class XMLDeclaration;
1725
       friend class XMLUnknown;
1726 public:
1727
       /// constructor
1728
        XMLDocument( bool processEntities = true, Whitespace whitespaceMode = PRESERVE_WHITESPACE );
1729
        ~XMLDocument();
1730
1731
        virtual XMLDocument* ToDocument()
                                                            {
          TIXMLASSERT( this == _document );
1732
1733
          return this:
1734
1735
        virtual const XMLDocument* ToDocument() const {
          TIXMLASSERT( this == document );
1736
          return this:
1737
1738
       }
1739
        /**
1740
1741
          Parse an XML file from a character string.
1742
          Returns XML SUCCESS (0) on success, or
          an errorID.
1743
1744
1745
          You may optionally pass in the 'nBytes', which is
          the number of bytes which will be parsed. If not
1746
          specified, TinyXML-2 will assume 'xml' points to a
1747
1748
          null terminated string.
```

```
*/
1749
        XMLError Parse( const char* xml, size_t nBytes=static_cast<size_t>(-1) );
1750
1751
        /**
1752
1753
          Load an XML file from disk.
          Returns XML_SUCCESS (0) on success, or
1754
1755
          an errorID.
        */
1756
1757
        XMLError LoadFile( const char* filename );
1758
        /**
1759
1760
          Load an XML file from disk. You are responsible
          for providing and closing the FILE*.
1761
1762
1763
          NOTE: The file should be opened as binary ("rb")
          not text in order for TinyXML-2 to correctly
1764
          do newline normalization.
1765
1766
1767
          Returns XML_SUCCESS (0) on success, or
1768
          an errorID.
        */
1769
1770
        XMLError LoadFile(FILE*);
1771
1772
1773
          Save the XML file to disk.
          Returns XML_SUCCESS (0) on success, or
1774
1775
          an errorID.
1776
1777
        XMLError SaveFile( const char* filename, bool compact = false );
1778
        /**
1779
1780
          Save the XML file to disk. You are responsible
          for providing and closing the FILE*.
1781
1782
1783
          Returns XML SUCCESS (0) on success, or
1784
          an errorID.
        */
1785
        XMLError SaveFile(FILE* fp, bool compact = false);
1786
1787
1788
        bool ProcessEntities() const
                                           {
1789
          return _processEntities;
1790
        }
1791
        Whitespace WhitespaceMode() const
          return _whitespaceMode;
1792
1793
        }
1794
1795
1796
          Returns true if this document has a leading Byte Order Mark of UTF8.
1797
```

```
1798
        bool HasBOM() const {
1799
          return _writeBOM;
1800
        }
       /** Sets whether to write the BOM when writing the file.
1801
1802
1803
        void SetBOM( bool useBOM ) {
1804
          _writeBOM = useBOM;
1805
        }
1806
1807
        /** Return the root element of DOM. Equivalent to FirstChildElement().
1808
          To get the first node, use FirstChild().
        */
1809
        XMLElement* RootElement()
1810
                                                   {
1811
          return FirstChildElement();
1812
        }
        const XMLElement* RootElement() const {
1813
          return FirstChildElement();
1814
1815
        }
1816
        /** Print the Document. If the Printer is not provided, it will
1817
          print to stdout. If you provide Printer, this can print to a file:
1818
          @verbatim
1819
          XMLPrinter printer(fp);
1820
1821
          doc.Print( &printer );
          @endverbatim
1822
1823
1824
          Or you can use a printer to print to memory:
1825
          @verbatim
1826
          XMLPrinter printer;
1827
          doc.Print( &printer );
          // printer.CStr() has a const char* to the XML
1828
          @endverbatim
1829
        */
1830
        void Print( XMLPrinter* streamer=0 ) const;
1831
1832
        virtual bool Accept( XMLVisitor* visitor ) const;
1833
        /**
1834
1835
          Create a new Element associated with
1836
          this Document. The memory for the Element
1837
          is managed by the Document.
        */
1838
        XMLElement* NewElement( const char* name );
1839
1840
          Create a new Comment associated with
1841
          this Document. The memory for the Comment
1842
1843
          is managed by the Document.
        */
1844
1845
        XMLComment* NewComment( const char* comment );
1846
```

```
1847
          Create a new Text associated with
1848
          this Document. The memory for the Text
1849
          is managed by the Document.
1850
        */
1851
        XMLText* NewText( const char* text );
        /**
1852
1853
          Create a new Declaration associated with
1854
          this Document. The memory for the object
1855
          is managed by the Document.
1856
1857
          If the 'text' param is null, the standard
          declaration is used .:
1858
1859
          @verbatim
1860
               <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
1861
          @endverbatim
        */
1862
        XMLDeclaration* NewDeclaration( const char* text=0 );
1863
1864
          Create a new Unknown associated with
1865
          this Document. The memory for the object
1866
1867
          is managed by the Document.
1868
        XMLUnknown* NewUnknown( const char* text );
1869
1870
        /**
1871
          Delete a node associated with this document.
1872
1873
          It will be unlinked from the DOM.
1874
1875
        void DeleteNode( XMLNode* node );
1876
       /// Clears the error flags.
1877
1878
        void ClearError();
1879
       /// Return true if there was an error parsing the document.
1880
1881
        bool Error() const {
1882
          return _errorID != XML_SUCCESS;
1883
        }
1884
       /// Return the errorID.
1885
        XMLError ErrorID() const {
1886
          return _errorID;
1887
          const char* ErrorName() const;
1888
1889
        static const char* ErrorIDToName(XMLError errorID);
1890
        /** Returns a "long form" error description. A hopefully helpful
1891
1892
          diagnostic with location, line number, and/or additional info.
1893
1894
          const char* ErrorStr() const;
1895
```

```
1896
        /// A (trivial) utility function that prints the ErrorStr() to stdout.
1897
        void PrintError() const;
1898
1899
        /// Return the line where the error occurred, or zero if unknown.
1900
        int ErrorLineNum() const
1901
       {
1902
          return _errorLineNum;
1903
        }
1904
1905
        /// Clear the document, resetting it to the initial state.
1906
        void Clear();
1907
          /**
1908
1909
               Copies this document to a target document.
               The target will be completely cleared before the copy.
1910
1911
               If you want to copy a sub-tree, see XMLNode::DeepClone().
1912
1913
               NOTE: that the 'target' must be non-null.
          */
1914
1915
          void DeepCopy(XMLDocument* target) const;
1916
          // internal
1917
        char* Identify( char* p, XMLNode** node );
1918
1919
1920
          // internal
1921
          void MarkInUse(const XMLNode* const);
1922
1923
        virtual XMLNode* ShallowClone( XMLDocument* /*document*/ ) const
1924
          return 0;
1925
       }
        virtual bool ShallowEqual( const XMLNode* /*compare*/ ) const {
1926
1927
          return false;
1928
       }
1929
1930 private:
1931
        XMLDocument( const XMLDocument& ); // not supported
1932
        void operator=( const XMLDocument& ); // not supported
1933
1934
        bool
                        writeBOM;
1935
        bool
     _processEntities;
1936
       XMLError
                       errorID;
1937
       Whitespace
                       whitespaceMode;
       mutable StrPair _errorStr;
1938
1939
       int
                 errorLineNum;
1940
        char*
     _charBuffer;
1941
       int
     _parseCurLineNum;
```

```
1942
          int
                            _parsingDepth;
          // Memory tracking does add some overhead.
1943
1944
          // However, the code assumes that you don't
          // have a bunch of unlinked nodes around.
1945
          // Therefore it takes less memory to track
1946
1947
          // in the document vs. a linked list in the XMLNode,
1948
          // and the performance is the same.
1949
          DynArray<XMLNode*, 10> _unlinked;
1950
1951
        MemPoolT< sizeof(XMLElement) > __elementPool;
1952
        MemPoolT< sizeof(XMLAttribute) > _attributePool;
                                          _textPool;
1953
        MemPoolT < sizeof(XMLText) >
1954
        MemPoolT< sizeof(XMLComment) > commentPool;
1955
          static const char* _errorNames[XML_ERROR_COUNT];
1956
1957
1958
       void Parse();
1959
1960
        void SetError( XMLError error, int lineNum, const char* format, ... );
1961
1962
          // Something of an obvious security hole, once it was discovered.
          // Either an ill-formed XML or an excessively deep one can overflow
1963
1964
          // the stack. Track stack depth, and error out if needed.
1965
          class DepthTracker {
          public:
1966
               explicit DepthTracker(XMLDocument * document) {
1967
                   this-> document = document;
1968
                   document->PushDepth();
1969
1970
              }
              ~DepthTracker() {
1971
                   document->PopDepth();
1972
1973
1974
          private:
              XMLDocument * _document;
1975
1976
1977
          void PushDepth();
1978
          void PopDepth();
1979
1980
        template<class NodeType, int PoolElementSize>
1981
        NodeType* CreateUnlinkedNode( MemPoolT<PoolElementSize>& pool );
1982 }:
1983
1984 template<class NodeType, int PoolElementSize>
1985 inline NodeType* XMLDocument::CreateUnlinkedNode( MemPoolT<PoolElementSize>& pool )
1986 {
1987
       TIXMLASSERT( sizeof( NodeType ) == PoolElementSize );
1988
        TIXMLASSERT( sizeof( NodeType ) == pool.ItemSize() );
1989
        NodeType* returnNode = new (pool.Alloc()) NodeType( this );
1990
       TIXMLASSERT( returnNode );
```

```
1991
        returnNode->_memPool = &pool;
1992
1993
          _unlinked.Push(returnNode);
1994
        return returnNode;
1995 }
1996
1997 /**
1998
          A XMLHandle is a class that wraps a node pointer with null checks; this is
          an incredibly useful thing. Note that XMLHandle is not part of the TinyXML-2
1999
2000
          DOM structure. It is a separate utility class.
2001
2002
          Take an example:
          @verbatim
2003
2004
          <Document>
2005
               <Element attributeA = "valueA">
2006
                    <Child attributeB = "value1" />
                    <Child attributeB = "value2" />
2007
2008
               </Element>
          </Document>
2009
2010
          @endverbatim
2011
          Assuming you want the value of "attributeB" in the 2nd "Child" element, it's very
2012
          easy to write a *lot* of code that looks like:
2013
2014
2015
          @verbatim
2016
          XMLElement* root = document.FirstChildElement( "Document" );
2017
          if (root)
2018
          {
2019
               XMLElement* element = root->FirstChildElement( "Element" );
               if (element)
2020
2021
               {
2022
                   XMLElement* child = element->FirstChildElement( "Child" );
2023
                   if (child)
2024
                   {
2025
                        XMLElement* child2 = child->NextSiblingElement( "Child" );
2026
                        if (child2)
2027
                        {
                             // Finally do something useful.
2028
2029
          @endverbatim
2030
2031
          And that doesn't even cover "else" cases. XMLHandle addresses the verbosity
2032
          of such code. A XMLHandle checks for null pointers so it is perfectly safe
2033
          and correct to use:
2034
          @verbatim
2035
2036
          XMLHandle docHandle( &document );
2037
          XMLElement* child2 = docHandle.FirstChildElement( "Document" ).FirstChildElement( "Element"
     ).FirstChildElement().NextSiblingElement();
2038
          if (child2)
```

```
2039
2040
               // do something useful
          @endverbatim
2041
2042
2043
          Which is MUCH more concise and useful.
2044
2045
          It is also safe to copy handles - internally they are nothing more than node pointers.
2046
          @verbatim
2047
          XMLHandle handleCopy = handle;
          @endverbatim
2048
2049
2050
          See also XMLConstHandle, which is the same as XMLHandle, but operates on const objects.
2051 */
2052 class TINYXML2_LIB XMLHandle
2053 {
2054 public:
2055
        /// Create a handle from any node (at any depth of the tree.) This can be a null pointer.
2056
        explicit XMLHandle( XMLNode* node ) : _node( node ) {
2057
2058
        /// Create a handle from a node.
2059
        explicit XMLHandle( XMLNode& node ) : _node( &node ) {
2060
        }
2061
       /// Copy constructor
2062
        XMLHandle(const XMLHandle& ref): node(ref. node) {
2063
2064
        /// Assignment
        XMLHandle& operator=( const XMLHandle& ref )
2065
     {
2066
          _node = ref._node;
          return *this;
2067
2068
        }
2069
       /// Get the first child of this handle.
2070
        XMLHandle FirstChild()
2071
                                                                                        {
          return XMLHandle( node? node->FirstChild(): 0);
2072
2073
        /// Get the first child element of this handle.
2074
2075
        XMLHandle FirstChildElement( const char* name = 0)
2076
          return XMLHandle( node? node->FirstChildElement( name ): 0);
2077
        }
        /// Get the last child of this handle.
2078
2079
        XMLHandle LastChild()
                                                                                        {
2080
          return XMLHandle( _node ? _node->LastChild(): 0 );
2081
        /// Get the last child element of this handle.
2082
        XMLHandle LastChildElement( const char* name = 0)
2083
                                                                                   {
          return XMLHandle( _node ? _node->LastChildElement( name ): 0 );
2084
2085
        }
2086
        /// Get the previous sibling of this handle.
```

```
2087
        XMLHandle PreviousSibling()
2088
          return XMLHandle( _node ? _node->PreviousSibling(): 0 );
2089
        }
        /// Get the previous sibling element of this handle.
2090
2091
        XMLHandle PreviousSiblingElement( const char* name = 0)
                                                                                    {
          return XMLHandle( _node ? _node->PreviousSiblingElement( name ): 0 );
2092
2093
        /// Get the next sibling of this handle.
2094
2095
        XMLHandle NextSibling()
                                                                                         {
2096
          return XMLHandle(_node ? _node->NextSibling() : 0 );
2097
        }
        /// Get the next sibling element of this handle.
2098
        XMLHandle NextSiblingElement( const char* name = 0)
2099
                                                                                    {
          return XMLHandle( _node ? _node->NextSiblingElement( name ) : 0 );
2100
2101
        }
2102
2103
        /// Safe cast to XMLNode. This can return null.
2104
        XMLNode* ToNode()
                                                        {
2105
          return _node;
2106
2107
        /// Safe cast to XMLElement. This can return null.
        XMLElement* ToElement()
2108
                                                        {
          return ( node ? node->ToElement(): 0 );
2109
2110
        }
2111
        /// Safe cast to XMLText. This can return null.
2112
        XMLText* ToText()
                                                        {
          return ( _node ? _node->ToText() : 0 );
2113
2114
        /// Safe cast to XMLUnknown. This can return null.
2115
2116
        XMLUnknown* ToUnknown()
                                                        {
2117
          return ( node? node->ToUnknown(): 0);
2118
2119
        /// Safe cast to XMLDeclaration. This can return null.
        XMLDeclaration* ToDeclaration()
2120
          return ( node ? node->ToDeclaration(): 0 );
2121
2122
        }
2123
2124 private:
        XMLNode* node;
2125
2126 };
2127
2128
2129 /**
2130
          A variant of the XMLHandle class for working with const XMLNodes and Documents. It is the
          same in all regards, except for the 'const' qualifiers. See XMLHandle for API.
2131
2132 */
2133 class TINYXML2_LIB XMLConstHandle
2134 {
2135 public:
```

```
explicit XMLConstHandle( const XMLNode* node ) : _node( node ) {
2136
2137
2138
        explicit XMLConstHandle( const XMLNode& node ): _node( &node ) {
2139
2140
        XMLConstHandle( const XMLConstHandle& ref ): _node( ref._node ) {
2141
        }
2142
2143
        XMLConstHandle& operator=( const XMLConstHandle& ref )
                                                                                           {
2144
          _node = ref._node;
2145
          return *this;
2146
        }
2147
2148
        const XMLConstHandle FirstChild() const
                                                                                           {
2149
          return XMLConstHandle( _node ? _node->FirstChild() : 0 );
2150
        }
2151
        const XMLConstHandle FirstChildElement( const char* name = 0 ) const
                                                                                           {
2152
          return XMLConstHandle( _node ? _node->FirstChildElement( name ): 0 );
2153
        }
2154
        const XMLConstHandle LastChild() const
                                                                                           {
2155
          return XMLConstHandle( _node ? _node->LastChild() : 0 );
2156
        }
2157
        const XMLConstHandle LastChildElement( const char* name = 0 ) const
                                                                                           {
          return XMLConstHandle( _node ? _node->LastChildElement( name ): 0 );
2158
2159
        }
2160
        const XMLConstHandle PreviousSibling() const
                                                                                           {
2161
          return XMLConstHandle( _node ? _node->PreviousSibling() : 0 );
2162
        }
2163
        const XMLConstHandle PreviousSiblingElement( const char* name = 0 ) const
2164
          return XMLConstHandle(_node?_node->PreviousSiblingElement( name ): 0 );
2165
        }
2166
        const XMLConstHandle NextSibling() const
                                                                                           {
2167
          return XMLConstHandle( node? node->NextSibling(): 0);
2168
2169
        const XMLConstHandle NextSiblingElement( const char* name = 0 ) const
                                                                                      {
          return XMLConstHandle( node? node->NextSiblingElement( name ): 0);
2170
2171
        }
2172
2173
2174
        const XMLNode* ToNode() const
                                                       {
2175
          return _node;
2176
        }
        const XMLElement* ToElement() const
2177
                                                       {
2178
          return ( node? node->ToElement(): 0);
2179
2180
        const XMLText* ToText() const
                                                  {
2181
          return ( node? node->ToText(): 0);
2182
2183
        const XMLUnknown* ToUnknown() const
                                                       {
2184
          return ( _node ? _node->ToUnknown() : 0 );
```

```
2185
2186
        const XMLDeclaration* ToDeclaration() const {
          return ( _node ? _node->ToDeclaration() : 0 );
2187
2188
        }
2189
2190 private:
2191
        const XMLNode* _node;
2192 };
2193
2194
2195 /**
2196
          Printing functionality. The XMLPrinter gives you more
          options than the XMLDocument::Print() method.
2197
2198
2199
          It can:
2200
          -# Print to memory.
          -# Print to a file you provide.
2201
          -# Print XML without a XMLDocument.
2202
2203
2204
          Print to Memory
2205
2206
          @verbatim
2207
          XMLPrinter printer;
2208
          doc.Print( &printer );
2209
          SomeFunction( printer.CStr() );
          @endverbatim
2210
2211
          Print to a File
2212
2213
          You provide the file pointer.
2214
2215
          @verbatim
2216
          XMLPrinter printer(fp);
          doc.Print( &printer );
2217
          @endverbatim
2218
2219
2220
          Print without a XMLDocument
2221
2222
          When loading, an XML parser is very useful. However, sometimes
          when saving, it just gets in the way. The code is often set up
2223
2224
          for streaming, and constructing the DOM is just overhead.
2225
2226
          The Printer supports the streaming case. The following code
          prints out a trivially simple XML file without ever creating
2227
          an XML document.
2228
2229
2230
          @verbatim
2231
          XMLPrinter printer(fp);
          printer.OpenElement( "foo" );
2232
2233
          printer.PushAttribute( "foo", "bar" );
```

```
2234
           printer.CloseElement();
2235
           @endverbatim
2236 */
2237 class TINYXML2_LIB XMLPrinter : public XMLVisitor
2238 {
2239 public:
2240
        /** Construct the printer. If the FILE* is specified,
2241
           this will print to the FILE. Else it will print
           to memory, and the result is available in CStr().
2242
2243
          If 'compact' is set to true, then output is created
2244
          with only required whitespace and newlines.
        */
2245
2246
        XMLPrinter(FILE* file=0, bool compact = false, int depth = 0);
2247
        virtual ~XMLPrinter() {}
2248
        /** If streaming, write the BOM and declaration. */
2249
2250
        void PushHeader( bool writeBOM, bool writeDeclaration );
2251
        /** If streaming, start writing an element.
          The element must be closed with CloseElement()
2252
2253
        */
2254
        void OpenElement( const char* name, bool compactMode=false );
2255
        /// If streaming, add an attribute to an open element.
2256
        void PushAttribute( const char* name, const char* value );
        void PushAttribute( const char* name, int value );
2257
2258
        void PushAttribute( const char* name, unsigned value );
2259
          void PushAttribute( const char* name, int64 t value );
2260
          void PushAttribute( const char* name, uint64 t value );
          void PushAttribute( const char* name, bool value );
2261
2262
        void PushAttribute( const char* name, double value );
        /// If streaming, close the Element.
2263
2264
        virtual void CloseElement( bool compactMode=false );
2265
        /// Add a text node.
2266
2267
        void PushText( const char* text, bool cdata=false );
2268
        /// Add a text node from an integer.
2269
        void PushText( int value );
2270
        /// Add a text node from an unsigned.
2271
        void PushText( unsigned value );
          /// Add a text node from a signed 64bit integer.
2272
2273
          void PushText( int64_t value );
2274
          /// Add a text node from an unsigned 64bit integer.
2275
          void PushText( uint64 t value );
          /// Add a text node from a bool.
2276
2277
        void PushText( bool value );
2278
        /// Add a text node from a float.
2279
        void PushText( float value ):
        /// Add a text node from a double.
2280
        void PushText( double value );
2281
2282
```

```
2283
        /// Add a comment
2284
        void PushComment( const char* comment );
2285
2286
        void PushDeclaration( const char* value );
        void PushUnknown( const char* value );
2287
2288
2289
        virtual bool VisitEnter( const XMLDocument& /*doc*/ );
2290
        virtual bool VisitExit( const XMLDocument& /*doc*/ )
2291
          return true:
2292
        }
2293
2294
        virtual bool VisitEnter( const XMLElement& element, const XMLAttribute* attribute);
2295
        virtual bool VisitExit( const XMLElement& element );
2296
2297
        virtual bool Visit( const XMLText& text );
2298
        virtual bool Visit( const XMLComment& comment );
2299
        virtual bool Visit( const XMLDeclaration & declaration );
2300
        virtual bool Visit( const XMLUnknown& unknown );
2301
        /**
2302
2303
          If in print to memory mode, return a pointer to
          the XML file in memory.
2304
2305
        */
2306
        const char* CStr() const {
2307
          return _buffer.Mem();
2308
        }
        /**
2309
2310
          If in print to memory mode, return the size
2311
          of the XML file in memory. (Note the size returned
          includes the terminating null.)
2312
2313
        */
2314
        int CStrSize() const {
2315
          return _buffer.Size();
2316
        }
2317
2318
          If in print to memory mode, reset the buffer to the
2319
          beginning.
2320
2321
        void ClearBuffer( bool resetToFirstElement = true ) {
2322
          buffer.Clear();
2323
          buffer.Push(0);
2324
               firstElement = resetToFirstElement;
2325
        }
2326
2327 protected:
          virtual bool CompactMode( const XMLElement& ) { return compactMode; }
2328
2329
2330
          /** Prints out the space before an element. You may override to change
            the space and tabs used. A PrintSpace() override should call Print().
2331
```

```
*/
2332
2333
        virtual void PrintSpace( int depth );
2334
        virtual void Print( const char* format, ... );
2335
        virtual void Write( const char* data, size_t size );
2336
        virtual void Putc( char ch );
2337
2338
        inline void Write(const char* data) { Write(data, strlen(data)); }
2339
2340
        void SealElementIfJustOpened();
2341
        bool_elementJustOpened;
2342
        DynArray< const char*, 10 > _stack;
2343
2344 private:
2345
2346
          Prepares to write a new node. This includes sealing an element that was
2347
         just opened, and writing any whitespace necessary if not in compact mode.
2348
        void PrepareForNewNode( bool compactMode );
2349
2350
        void PrintString( const char*, bool restrictedEntitySet );
                                                                  // prints out, after detecting entities.
2351
2352
        bool _firstElement;
2353
        FILE* _fp;
2354
        int depth;
2355
        int textDepth;
2356
        bool _processEntities;
2357
          bool _compactMode;
2358
2359
        enum {
2360
          ENTITY_RANGE = 64,
2361
          BUF_SIZE = 200
2362
        };
2363
        bool entityFlag[ENTITY RANGE];
2364
        bool _restrictedEntityFlag[ENTITY_RANGE];
2365
        DynArray< char, 20 > buffer;
2366
2367
2368
        // Prohibit cloning, intentionally not implemented
        XMLPrinter( const XMLPrinter& );
2369
2370
        XMLPrinter& operator=( const XMLPrinter& );
2371 };
2372
2373
          // tinyxml2
2374 }
2375
2376 #if defined( MSC VER)
2377 # pragma warning(pop)
2378 #endif
2379
2380 #endif // TINYXML2_INCLUDED
```