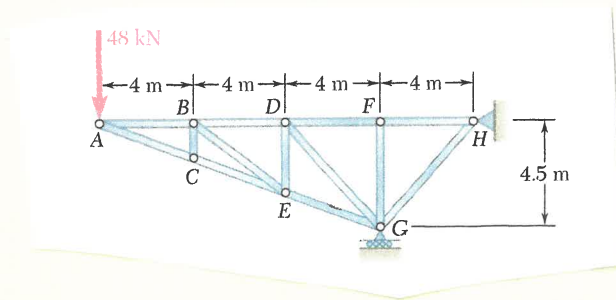
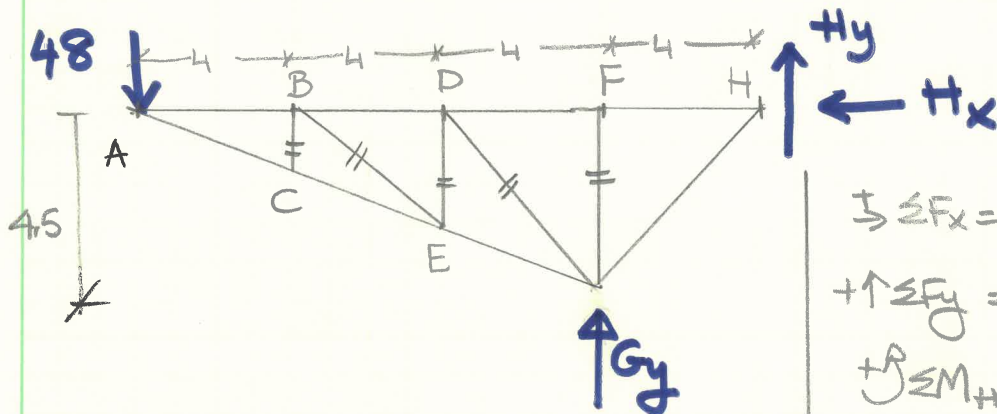


$\longleftrightarrow \frac{5a}{2} \longrightarrow$
 $x_G \equiv$ by symmetry

Area	y	$A * y$
① $5a(a) = 5a^2$	$\frac{3}{2}a$	$\frac{15}{2}a^3$
② $\frac{1}{2}aa = \frac{a^2}{2}$	$\frac{2}{3}a$	$\frac{a^3}{3}$
③ $aa = a^2$	$\frac{a}{2}$	$\frac{a^3}{2}$
④ $\frac{1}{2}aa = \frac{a^2}{2}$	$\frac{2}{3}a$	$\frac{a^3}{3}$
$a^2 \left[5 + 1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \right]$		$a^3 \left[\frac{15}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} \right]$
$y_{G1} = \frac{\sum A_i y_i}{\sum A_i} = \frac{a^3 \left[\frac{15 \times 3 + 2 + 3 + 2}{6} \right]}{7a^2} = \frac{52a}{42} = 1.24a$		
$x_{G1} = \frac{5}{2}a$		$y_{G1} = 1.24a$



- Det zero-force members
- Det force F_{BD} , F_{CE} w/ method of sections
- Det the rest w/ method of joints

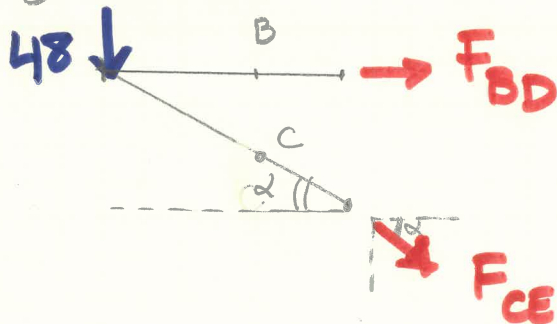


a) zero force members

$$F_{BC} = F_{BE} = F_{DE} = F_{DG} = F_{FG} = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sum F_x = 0 &\Rightarrow H_x = 0 \\ \sum F_y = 0 &\Rightarrow H_y + G_y = 48 \\ \sum M_H = 0 &\Rightarrow -G_y \cdot 4 + 48 \cdot 4 = 0 \\ &\Rightarrow G_y = 48 \text{ kN} \\ H_y &= 48 - 48 = 0 \Rightarrow H_y = 0 \end{aligned}$$

b) Sections



$$\tan \alpha = \frac{4.5}{12} \rightarrow \alpha = 20.55^\circ$$

$$\begin{aligned} \cos \alpha &= 0.9363 \\ \sin \alpha &= 0.3541 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sum F_y = 0$$

$$48 + F_{CE} \sin \alpha = 0 \rightarrow F_{CE} = \frac{-48}{\sin \alpha} = -136.7$$

$$F_{CE} = 136.7 \text{ kN (C)}$$

$$\sum F_x = 0$$

$$F_{BD} + F_{CE} \cos \alpha = 0$$

$$F_{BD} = -F_{CE} \cos \alpha = 136.7 (0.9363)$$

$$F_{BD} = 128 \text{ kN (T)}$$

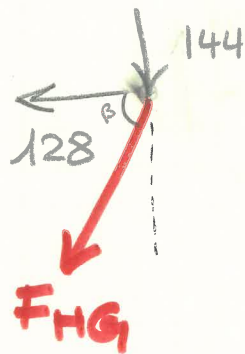
TRUSS PROBLEM

$$F_{AB} = F_{BD} = F_{DF} = F_{FH} = 128 \text{ kN } (\text{T})$$

$$F_{AC} = F_{CE} = F_{EG} = 136.7 \text{ C}$$

we just have HG left:

Node H



$$\tan \beta = \frac{4.5}{4} \rightarrow \beta = 48.36^\circ$$

$$\cos \beta = 0.66$$

$$\sin \beta = 0.74$$

$$\sum F_x = 0$$

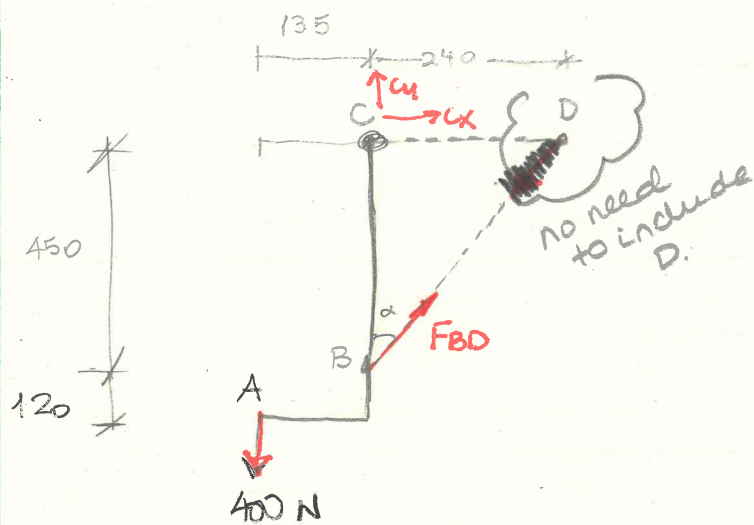
$$128 + F_{HG} \cos \beta = 0$$

$$F_{HG} = -\frac{128}{\cos \beta} = -\frac{128}{0.66} = -192.7$$

$$F_{HG} = 192.7 \text{ C}$$

BAR	FORCE	T or C
AB	128	(T)
BD	128	(T)
DF	128	(T)
FH	128	(T)
AC	136.7	(C)
CE	136.7	(C)
EG	136.7	(C)
GH	192.7	(C)
BC	0	0
BE	0	0
DE	0	0
DG	0	0
FG	0	0

FBD for CBA



$$F_{BD} = ?$$

React @ C ($C_x; C_y$)

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{240}{450} = 0.53$$

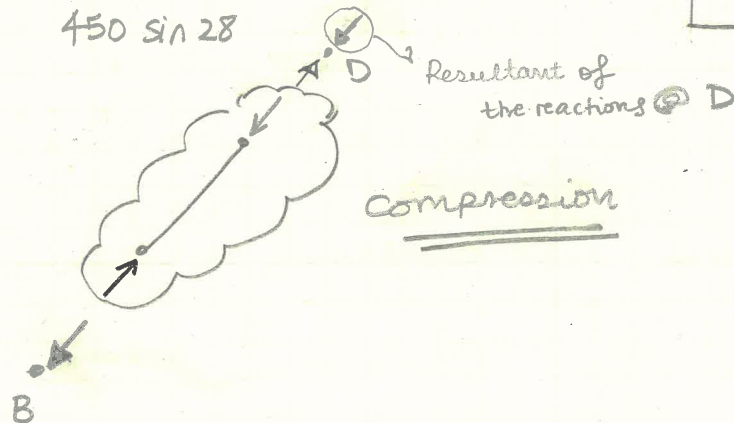
$$\alpha = 28^\circ$$

$$\sum M_C = 0$$

$$F_{BD} \cos \alpha * 450 + 400 * 135 = 0$$

$$F_{BD} = \frac{400 * 135}{450 \sin 28} = -255 \text{ N}$$

$$F_{BD} = 255 \text{ N (C)}$$



$$\sum F_x = 0$$

$$C_x + F_{BD} \sin \alpha = 0 \rightarrow C_x = -F_{BD} \sin \alpha = -(-255) \sin 28 = 119.7 = 120 \text{ N}$$

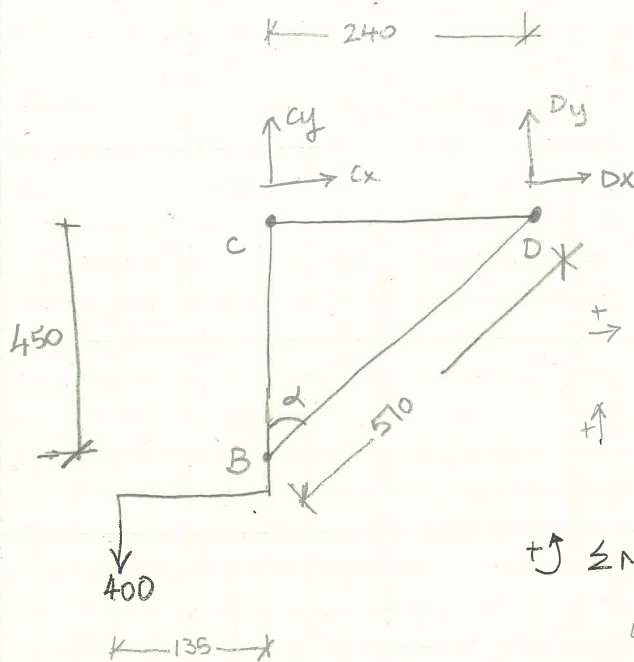
$$C_x = 120 \text{ N } (\rightarrow)$$

$$\sum F_y = 0$$

$$F_{BD} \cos \alpha + C_y - 400 = 0$$

$$C_y = 400 - F_{BD} \cos \alpha = 400 - (-255) \cos 28 = 625 \text{ N } \uparrow$$

$$C_y = 625 \text{ N } (\uparrow)$$



No need for this, this is just to show we get the same results - w/ more work!

$$\rightarrow \sum F_x = 0; C_x + D_x = 0 \quad (1)$$

$$\uparrow \sum F_y; C_y + D_y - 400 = 0 \quad (2)$$

$$\uparrow \sum M_C = 0$$

$$400 * 135 + D_y * 240 = 0 \quad (3)$$

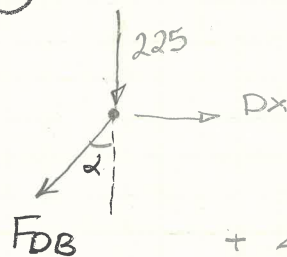
$$D_y = - \frac{400 * 135}{240} = -225 \text{ N}$$

$$D_y = 225 \text{ N} \downarrow$$

Plug (3) in (2) $C_y = 400 - D_y = 400 - (-225) = 625$

$$C_y = 625 \text{ N} \uparrow$$

Node (D)



$$\sin \alpha = \frac{240}{510}$$

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{450}{510}$$

$$\rightarrow \sum F_x = 0; D_x - F_{DB} \sin \alpha = 0$$

$$D_x = F_{DB} \frac{240}{510} \quad (4)$$

$$\uparrow \sum F_y = 0; -225 - F_{DB} \cos \alpha = 0 \rightarrow F_{DB} = \frac{-225}{\cos \alpha}$$

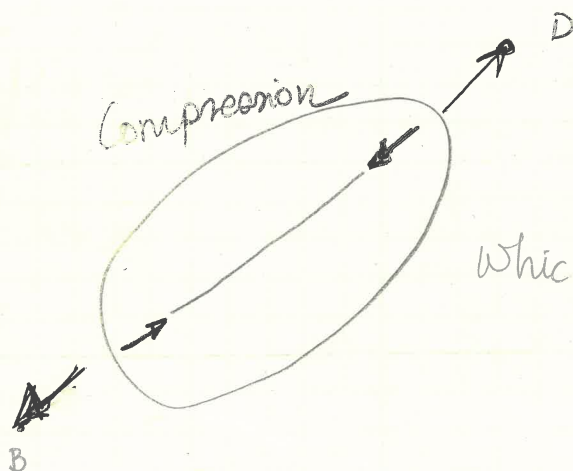
$$F_{DB} = \frac{-225}{450/510} = -255 \text{ N}$$

in ④

$$D_x = (-255) \frac{240}{510} = -120 \text{ N}$$

$$D_x = 120 \text{ N} \leftarrow$$

→ So let's see how the bar looks (T or C)



Which is the same as we wrote in page ①.

But the problem was asking for C_x, C_y

from ① $C_x = -D_x = 120 \text{ N}$

$$\begin{cases} C_x = 120 \text{ N} \rightarrow \\ C_y = 625 \text{ N} \uparrow \end{cases}$$

$$F_{BD} = 255 \text{ N (C)}$$