Fall Sem 2021-22

Assignment: 2

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Course: Parallel and distributed computing LAB - CSE4001

Slot: L55+L56

## Aim:

Write a simple OpenMP program to demonstrate the use of 'for' clause.

- Print 'n' array elements
- Sum of n' array elements
- Product of 'n' array elements.

Ans -

1. Print 'n' array elements :

## Source code:

```
#include < stdio.h >
#include < omp.h >
#include < stdlib.h >
/* Main Program */
void main()
{
    printf("Ishan Jogalekar - 19BCE2250\n");
    int arr[5];
    printf("Enter elements in array\n");
    // taking input and storing it in an array
    for(int i = 0; i < 5; ++i) {
        scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
    }
</pre>
```

#### **Execution:**

```
[ishan@ishan-ubuntu ~/PDC lab/lab2]$gcc -fopenmp array1.c -o c1
[ishan@ishan-ubuntu ~/PDC lab/lab2]$./c1
Ishan Jogalekar - 19BCE2250
Enter elements in array
10
21
34
2
9
Printing elements using OpenMP
arr[4]=9
arr[0]=10
arr[1]=21
arr[2]=34
arr[3]=2
[ishan@ishan-ubuntu ~/PDC lab/lab2]$
```

#### Result:

1. The header file to be included for this experiment is "omp.h" which isOpenMP provided header file. It provides functions for parallel programming.

- 2. In main() function #pragma omp parallel is tagged used to start OpenMP parallel block. int arr[] is used to initialize array.
- 3. for loop and scanf() is used before #pragma omp parallel to take user input for elements in array.
- 4. #pragma omp for is used for loop parallelism.
- 5. #pragma omp parallel for &

```
#pragma omp parallel
{
#pragma omp for both are similar functions.
```

- 6. Inside #pragma omp parallel **for loop** is initialized to print array elements.
- 2. Sum of n' array elements -

# Source code:

```
#include < stdio.h >
#include < omp.h >
#include < stdlib.h >
void main()
{
    printf("Ishan Jogalekar - 19BCE2250\n");
    int arr[5];
    int sum=0; //Sum as addition

        printf("Enter elements in array\n");
        // taking input and storing it in an array
    for(int i = 0; i < 5; ++i) {
        scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
        }
        printf("Sum elements using OpenMP\n");</pre>
```

```
/* OpenMP Parallel For With Reduction Clause */
#pragma omp parallel for
for (int i=0;i<5;i++){
   sum+=arr[i];
}
printf("Sum of elements=%d\n",sum);
}</pre>
```

## **Execution:**

```
Terminal Terminal

[ishan@ishan-ubuntu ~/PDC lab/lab2]$gcc -fopenmp array2.c -o c2
[ishan@ishan-ubuntu ~/PDC lab/lab2]$./c2
Ishan Jogalekar - 19BCE2250
Enter elements in array
10
12
14
16
18
Sum elements using OpenMP
Sum of elements=70
[ishan@ishan-ubuntu ~/PDC lab/lab2]$
```

#### Result:

- 1. pragma omp parallel for is OpenMP parallel for with reduction clause.
- 2. Using it for loop is iteration. Inside parallel block loop is used to perform iteration in array elements.
- 3. sum+=arr[i]; is main function which performs addition within array elements. Int sum is declared in main() function only.

# 3. Product of n' array elements -

### Source code:

```
#include < stdio.h >
#include < omp.h >
#include <stdlib.h>
void main(){
 printf("Ishan Jogalekar - 19BCE2250\n");
 int arr[5];
 int result=1; //Result as product
  printf("Enter elements in array\n");
  // taking input and storing it in an array
 for(int i = 0; i < 5; ++i) {
   scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
   printf("Prodcut elements using OpenMP\n");
 /* OpenMP Parallel For With Reduction Clause */
  #pragma omp parallel for
   for (int i=0; i<5; i++){
    result *= arr[i]; //Multipying elements and storing it in result
   printf("Product of elements=%d\n",result);
```

# **Execution:**

```
Terminal Terminal

[ishan@ishan-ubuntu ~/PDC lab/lab2]$gcc -fopenmp array3.c -o c3
[ishan@ishan-ubuntu ~/PDC lab/lab2]$./c3
Ishan Jogalekar - 19BCE2250
Enter elements in array
10
20
12
2
1
Prodcut elements using OpenMP
Product of elements=4800
[ishan@ishan-ubuntu ~/PDC lab/lab2]$
```

Result:
1. pragma omp parallel for is OpenMP parallel for with reduction clause.
Using it for loop is iteration. Inside parallel block loop is used to perform iteration in array elements.
<ol> <li>result *= arr[i]; is main function which performs multiplication within array elements. Int result is declared in main() function only.</li> </ol>