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1. Custom Header File

```
dcgraphics.h:
```

```
#ifndef __DCGRAPHICS_H_INCLUDED
#define DCGRAPHICS H INCLUDED
#include <graphics.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
#include<DOS.h>
void drawCircle(int xc, int yc , int R , int ccode=15){
  int x=0,y=R;
  int d = 2 - 2*R;
  putpixel(320+xc+x,240-yc-y,ccode);
       putpixel(320+xc+x,240-yc+y,ccode);
       putpixel(320+xc-x,240-yc-y,ccode);
      putpixel(320+xc-x,240-yc+y,ccode);
      putpixel(320+xc+y,240-yc-x,ccode);
      putpixel(320+xc+y,240-yc+x,ccode);
      putpixel(320+xc-y,240-yc-x,ccode);
      putpixel(320+xc-y,240-yc+x,ccode);
  while(x<=y){
      if(d < 0){
              d+= 2*x +3;
              X++;
      else if(d==0){
              d+=2*x - 2*y + 6;
              y--;
              x++;
      else{
              d+=-2*y + 3;
              y--;
      //delay(10); used for animating line drawing (in name drawing program)
      putpixel(320+xc+x,240-yc-y,ccode);
      putpixel(320+xc+x,240-yc+y,ccode);
      putpixel(320+xc-x,240-yc-y,ccode);
      putpixel(320+xc-x,240-yc+y,ccode);
      putpixel(320+xc+y,240-yc-x,ccode);
      putpixel(320+xc+y,240-yc+x,ccode);
      putpixel(320+xc-y,240-yc-x,ccode);
      putpixel(320+xc-y,240-yc+x,ccode);
 }
}
void ltrd(int x1, int x2, int y1, int y2,int c){
   int dx=x2-x1, dy=y1-y2, d, x=x1, y=y1;
  putpixel(320+x,240-y,c);
  if(dy \le dx) \{ d = 2*dy - dx ;
    d=2*dy - dx;
       while(x \le x2){
         if(d \le 0)
         d+=2*dy;
                         }
         else
         d+=2*(dy-dx);
         y--; }
         X++:
         putpixel(320+x,240-y,c);
  }
  }
```

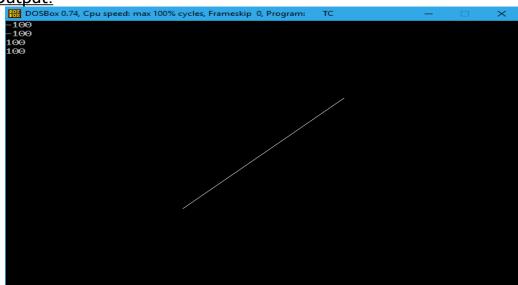
```
else{ d=2*dx-dy;
        while(y >= y2){
          if(d \le 0){
                d+=2*dx;
                                    }
          else
                d+=2*(dx-dy);
                χ++;
          y--;
          putpixel(320+x,240-y,c);
  }
}
void ltru(int x1, int x2, int y1, int y2,int c){
   int dx=x2-x1;
  int dy=y2-y1;
  int d=2*dy - dx;
  int x=x1,y=y1;
  putpixel(320+x,240-y,c);
  if(dy \le dx) \{ d = 2*dy - dx ;
        while(x \le x2){
        if(d \le 0)
        d+=2*dy;
       }
        else
        d+=2*(dy-dx);
        y++;}
        X++;
        putpixel(320+x,240-y,c);
  else{ d=2*dx-dy;
        while(y \le y2){
          if(d \le 0)
          d+=2*dx;
          }
          else
          d+=2*(dx-dy);
          x++;}
          y++;
          putpixel(320+x,240-y,c);
  }
}
void rtld(int x1, int x2, int y1, int y2,int c){
   int dx=x1-x2;
  int dy=y1-y2;
  int d=2*dy-dx;
  int x=x1,y=y1;
  putpixel(320+x,240-y,c);
  if(dy \le dx) \{ d = 2*dy - dx ;
        while(x>=x2){
          if(d \le 0)
          d+=2*dy;
          }
          else
          d+=2*(dy-dx);
          y--;}
          X--;
          putpixel(320+x,240-y,c);
  }
```

```
}
  else{ d=2*dx-dy;
       while(y>=y2){
         if(d \le 0)
          d+=2*dx;
         }
          else
         d+=2*(dx-dy);
         X--;}
         y--;
         putpixel(320+x,240-y,c);
  }
}
void rtlu(int x1, int x2, int y1, int y2,int c){
   int dx=x1-x2;
  int dy=y2-y1;
  int d=2*dy-dx;
  int x=x1,y=y1;
  putpixel(320+x,240-y,c);
  if(dy \le dx) \{ d = 2*dy - dx ;
       while(x>=x2){
         if(d \le 0)
         d+=2*dy;
          }
          else
          d+=2*(dy-dx);
         y++;}
         X--;
          putpixel(320+x,240-y,c);
 }
  else{ d=2*dx-dy;
        while(y \le y2){
         if(d \le 0)
         d+=2*dx;
         }
          else
         d+=2*(dx-dy);
         x--;}
         y++;
         putpixel(320+x,240-y,c);
  }
}
void drawline(int x1,int x2,int y1,int y2,int c=15){
  if(x1>x2){if(y1>y2)}
          rtld(x1,x2,y1,y2,c);
       }
       else{
          rtlu(x1,x2,y1,y2,c);
  else{if(y1>y2)}{
         ltrd(x1,x2,y1,y2,c);
       }
       else{
         ltru(x1,x2,y1,y2,c);
                                } }
#endif
```

2. DDA Line Drawing

```
<u>dda.cpp:</u>
```

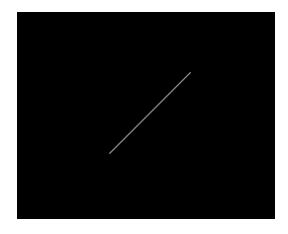
```
#include<graphics.h>
#include<stdio.h>
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
void DDA(int X0, int Y0, int X1, int Y1){
       int dx = X1 - X0;
       int dy = Y1 - Y0;
       int steps = abs(dx) > abs(dy) ? abs(dx) : abs(dy);
       float Xinc = dx / (float) steps;
       float Yinc = dy / (float) steps;
       float X = X0;
       float Y = Y0;
       for (int i = 0; i \le steps; i++)
               putpixel(320+X,240-Y,15);
               X += Xinc;
               Y += Yinc;
      }
}
int main(void){
 int gdriver = DETECT, gmode, errorcode;
 initgraph(&gdriver, &gmode, "C:\\TC\\BGI");
  errorcode = graphresult();
  if (errorcode != grOk) {
   printf("Graphics error: %s\n", grapherrormsg(errorcode));
   printf("Press any key to halt:");
   getch();
   exit(1);
  setcolor(getmaxcolor());
       int x1=100,y1=200,x2=200,y2=300;
       cin>>x1>>y1>>x2>>y2;
       DDA(x1,y1,x2,y2);
  getch();
  closegraph();
  return 0;
}
```



3. Mid Point Line Drawing Algorithm

mp.cpp:

```
#include<graphics.h>
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void midPoint(int X1, int Y1, int X2, int Y2) {
int dx = X2 - X1;
int dy = Y2 - Y1;
int d = dy - (dx/2);
int x = X1, y = Y1;
putpixel(320+x,240-y, WHITE);
while (x < X2)
{
x++;
if (d < 0)
d = d + dy;
else{
d += (dy - dx);
y++;
putpixel(320+x,240-y,WHITE);
int main(){
int gd = DETECT, gm;
initgraph (&gd, &gm, "C:\\TC\\BGI");
int X1 = 20, Y1 = 20, X2 = 100, Y2 = 100;
midPoint(X1, Y1, X2, Y2);
getch();
closegraph();
return 0;
```



4. Bresenhams Line Drawing

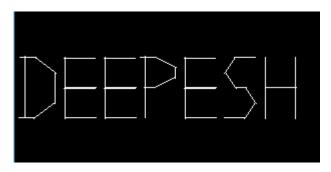
```
dda.cpp:
 #include<graphics.h>
 #include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<stdio.h>
void drawline(float xa,float ya,float xb,float yb){
  float x=xa,y=ya,dx=xb-xa,dy=yb-ya;
  if(abs(dy)<abs(dx)){
                           float d=2*dy-dx;
     putpixel(x,y,15);
     while(x<=xb){
       if(d<0)
                        d+=2*dy;
                                         }
       else{
          d+=2*(dy-dx);
          y++;
       }
       X++;
       putpixel(x,y,15);
     } }
  else{
     float d=2*dx-dy;
     putpixel(x,y,15);
     while(y<=yb){
       if(d<0){
                         d+=dx;
                                       }
       else{
          d+=2*(dx-dy);
          X++;
       }
       y++;
       putpixel(x,y,15);
     }
       }
 int main(void){
 int gdriver = DETECT, gmode, errorcode;
  initgraph(&gdriver, &gmode, "C:\\TC\\BGI");
  errorcode = graphresult();
  if (errorcode != grOk) {
   printf("Graphics error: %s\n", grapherrormsg(errorcode));
   printf("Press any key to halt:");
   getch();
   exit(1);
  setcolor(getmaxcolor());
       int x1,y1,x2,y2
       cin>>x1>>y1>>x2>>y2;
       drawline(x1,y1,x2,y2);
  getch();
  closegraph();
  return 0;
}
```

5. Name Drawing Animation

```
final2.cpp:
 #include "dcgraphics.h"
int main(void)
 int gdriver = DETECT, gmode, errorcode;
 initgraph(&gdriver, &gmode, "C:\\TC\\BGI");
 errorcode = graphresult();
 if (errorcode != grOk) {
   printf("Graphics error: %s\n", grapherrormsg(errorcode));
   printf("Press any key to halt:");
   getch();
   exit(1);
 setcolor(getmaxcolor());
 drawline(-310,-310,-30,30);
 drawline(-315,-300,30,30);
 drawline(-300,-280,30,15);
 drawline(-280,-280,15,-15);
 drawline(-280,-300,-15,-30);
 drawline(-300,-315,-30,-30);
 //E
 drawline(-240,-270,29,29);
 drawline(-270,-270,30,0);
 drawline(-270,-240,0,0);
 drawline(-240,-270,-1,-1);
 drawline(-270,-270,-1,-30);
 drawline(-270,-240,-30,-30);
 //E
 drawline(-200,-230,29,29);
 drawline(-230,-230,30,0);
 drawline(-230,-200,0,0);
 drawline(-200,-230,-1,-1);
  drawline(-230,-230,-1,-30);
 drawline(-230,-200,-30,-30);
 //P
 drawline(-190,-190,-30,30);
 drawline(-195,-180,30,30);
 drawline(-180,-160,30,20);
 drawline(-160,-160,20,10);
 drawline(-160,-180,10,0);
 drawline(-180,-190,0,0);
 drawline(-120,-150,29,29);
 drawline(-150,-150,30,0);
 drawline(-150,-120,0,0);
 drawline(-120,-150,-1,-1);
 drawline(-150,-150,-1,-30);
 drawline(-150,-120,-30,-30);
 drawline(-80,-100,30,30);
 drawline(-100,-110,30,15);
 drawline(-110,-100,15,0);
 drawline(-100,-90,0,0);
 drawline(-90,-80,0,-15);
 drawline(-80,-90,-15,-30);
 drawline(-90,-110,-30,-30);
```

drawline(-70,-70,30,-30);

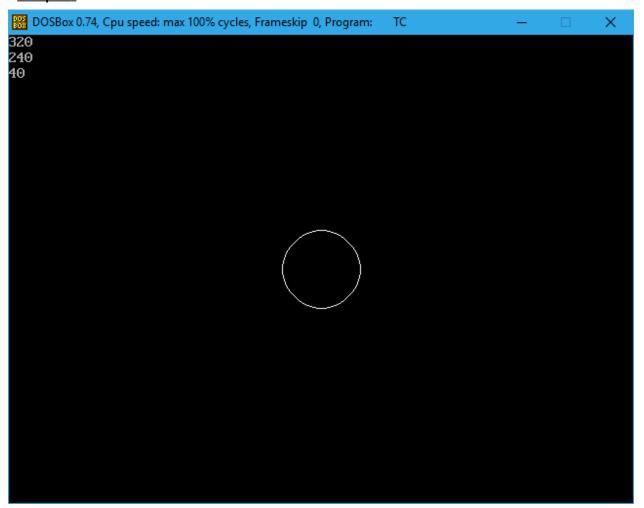
```
drawline(-70,-40,0,0);
  drawline(-40,-40,30,-30);
  getch();
  closegraph();
  return 0;
}
```



6. Bresenhams Circle Drawing

bcirc.cpp:

```
#include<graphics.h>
#include<iostream.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<dos.h>
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void drawCircle(int xc, int yc, int x, int y){
putpixel(xc+x, yc+y, 15);
putpixel(xc-x, yc+y, 15);
putpixel(xc+x, yc-y, 15);
putpixel(xc-x, yc-y, 15);
putpixel(xc+y, yc+x, 15);
putpixel(xc-y, yc+x, 15);
putpixel(xc+y, yc-x, 15);
putpixel(xc-y, yc-x, 15);
void bresenham(int xc, int yc, int r){
int x = 0, y = r;
int d = 3 - 2 * r;
drawCircle(xc, yc, x, y);
while (y \ge x)
X++:
if (d > 0){
d = d + 4 * (x - y) + 10;
else
  d = d + 4 * x + 6;
drawCircle(xc, yc, x, y);
}}
int main(void){
  int gdriver = DETECT, gmode, errorcode;
  initgraph(&gdriver, &gmode, "C:\\TC\\BGI");
  errorcode = graphresult();
  if (errorcode != grOk) {
    printf("Graphics error: %s\n", grapherrormsg(errorcode));
    printf("Press any key to halt:");
    getch();
    exit(1);
  setcolor(getmaxcolor());
  int xc,yc,r;
  cin>>xc>>yc>>r;
  bresenham(xc,yc,r);
    getch();
  closegraph();
  return 0;
}
```

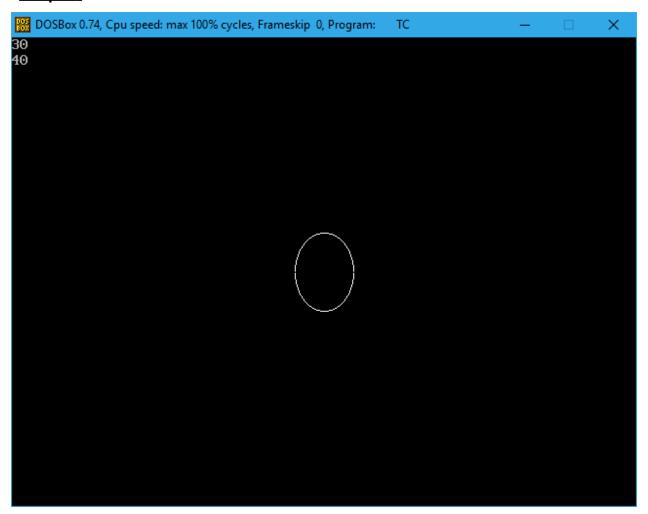


7. Bresenhams Ellipse Drawing

bellipse.cpp:

```
#include<graphics.h>
#include<iostream.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<dos.h>
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
int main(void){
 int gdriver = DETECT, gmode, errorcode;
 initgraph(&gdriver, &gmode, "C:\\TC\\BGI");
 errorcode = graphresult();
 if (errorcode != grOk) {
   printf("Graphics error: %s\n", grapherrormsg(errorcode));
   printf("Press any key to halt:");
   getch();
   exit(1);
 }
 setcolor(getmaxcolor());
 long int d1,d2;
int i,x=0,y;
long int rx,ry,rxsq,rysq,tworxsq,tworysq,dx,dy;
cin>>rx>>ry;
rxsq=rx*rx;
rysq=ry*ry;
tworxsq=2*rxsq;
tworysq=2*rysq;
y=ry;
d1=rysq - (rxsq * ry) + (0.25 * rxsq);
dx= tworysq * x;
dy= tworxsq * y;
do{
putpixel(320+x,240+y,15);
putpixel(320-x,240-y,15);
putpixel(320+x,240-y,15);
putpixel(320-x,240+y,15);
if (d1 < 0){
x=x+1;
y=y;
dx=dx + tworysq;
d1=d1 + dx + rysq;
else {
x=x+1;
y=y-1;
dx = dx + tworysq;
dy= dy - tworxsq;
d1 = d1 + dx - dy + rysq;
delay(50);
\mathbf{while} (dx < dy);
d2 = rysq * (x + 0.5) * (x + 0.5) + rxsq * (y - 1) * (y-1) - rxsq * rysq;
putpixel(320+x,240+y,15);
putpixel(320-x,240-y,15);
putpixel(320+x,240-y,15);
putpixel(320-x,240+y,15);
if (d2 > 0){
x=x;
y=y-1;
```

```
dy = dy - tworxsq;
d2 = d2 - dy + rxsq;
}
else{
    x+=1;
    y-=1;
    dy-=tworxsq;
    dx+=tworysq;
    d2+=dx-dy+rxsq;
}
}while(y>0);
    getch();
    closegraph();
    return 0;
}
```



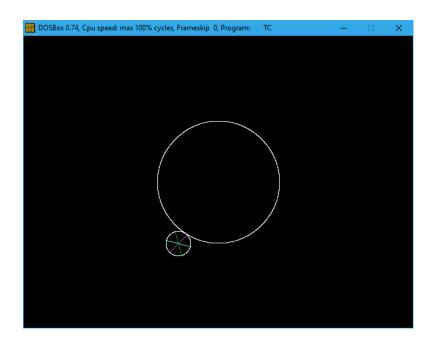
8. Circle With Spokes Animation

project2.cpp:

```
//A and D to move S and D to change speed X to exit
#include<graphics.h>
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<DOS.h>
#include<math.h>
#include"dcgraphics.h"
int round(float n){
  return floor((n+0.5));
}
int main(void)
{
  int gdriver = DETECT, gmode, errorcode;
  initgraph(&gdriver, &gmode, "C:\\TC\\BGI");
  errorcode = graphresult();
  if (errorcode != grOk)
    printf("Graphics error: %s\n", grapherrormsg(errorcode));
    printf("Press any key to halt:");
    getch();
    exit(1);
  setcolor(getmaxcolor());
  int theta = 0:
  int x=0,y=120,x1,y1,x2,y2,x3,y3,R=120,i=1,o=3,b=0;
  char c;
  drawCircle(0,0,100);
  while(1>0){
       x = round((float)R * cos(theta* 3.14 / 180));
       y = round((float)R * sin(theta* 3.14 / 180));
       x1 = round((float)20 * cos(theta* 3.14 / 36));
       y1 = round((float)20 * sin(theta* 3.14 / 36));
       x2 = round((float)20 * cos((theta+60)* 3.14 / 36));
       y2 = round((float)20 * sin((theta+60)* 3.14 / 36));
       x3 = round((float)20 * cos((theta+120)* 3.14 / 36));
       y3 = round((float)20 * sin((theta+120)* 3.14 / 36));
       drawCircle(x,y,20,15);
       drawline(x+x1,x-x1,y+y1,y-y1,2);
       drawline(x+x2,x-x2,y+y2,y-y2,13);
       drawline(x+x3,x-x3,y+y3,y-y3,11);
       delay(15);
       c=getch();
       switch(c) {
                       case 'a' : i = 1*o;
                                b=1;
                                break;
                       case 'd': i=-1 * o;
                                b=1;
                                break;
                        case 'w' : o++;
                                b=0;
                                        break;
```

```
case 's' : o--;
                             b=0;
                             break;
                     case 'x': return 0;
                     default:b=0;
    }
    if(b==1){
    drawline(x+x1,x-x1,y+y1,y-y1,0);
    drawline(x+x2,x-x2,y+y2,y-y2,0);
    drawline(x+x3,x-x3,y+y3,y-y3,0);
    drawCircle(x,y,20,0);
    drawCircle(0,0,100);
    theta+=i;
    }
}
 drawline(x+x1,x-x1,y+y1,y-y1,2);
drawline(x+x2,x-x2,y+y2,y-y2,13);
drawline(x+x3,x-x3,y+y3,y-y3,11);
drawCircle(x,y,20,15);
getch();
closegraph();
return 0;
```

}

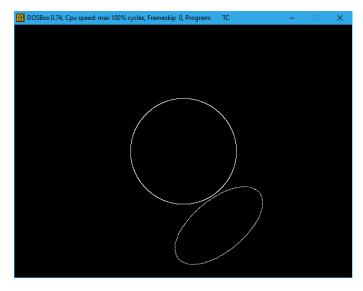


9. Ellipse Rotation And Revolution Animation

project4.cpp:

```
//ellipse rotating and revolving about circle
#include<graphics.h>
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<DOS.h>
#include<math.h>
#include"dcgraphics.h"
void drawellipse(int xc, int yc, int a, int b, int ccode=15,int theta = 0){
       int x, y,xdash,ydash;
       float d1, d2 = 0, dx, dy;
       x = 0;
       v = b:
       d1 = pow(b, 2) - (pow(a, 2) * b) + (0.25 * pow(a, 2));
       dx = 2 * pow(b, 2) * x;
       dy = 2 * pow(a, 2) * y;
       do
       x dash = (x)^* cos(theta *3.14 / 90) - (y) *sin(theta *3.14/90);
       ydash = (x)*sin(theta *3.14 / 90) + (y) *cos(theta *3.14/90);
       putpixel(320+xc+ xdash, 240-yc- ydash, ccode);
       x dash = (x)^* cos(theta *3.14 / 90) - (-y) *sin(theta *3.14/90);
       ydash = (x)*sin(theta *3.14 / 90) + (-y) *cos(theta *3.14/90);
       putpixel(320+xc+ xdash, 240-yc- ydash, ccode);
       x dash = (-x)^* cos(theta *3.14 / 90) - (y) *sin(theta *3.14/90);
       ydash = (-x)*sin(theta *3.14 / 90) + (y) *cos(theta *3.14/90);
       putpixel(320+xc+ xdash, 240-yc- ydash, ccode);
       xdash = (-x)*cos(theta *3.14 / 90) - (-y) *sin(theta *3.14/90);
       ydash = (-x)*sin(theta *3.14 / 90) + (-y) *cos(theta *3.14/90);
       putpixel(320+xc+ xdash, 240-yc- ydash, ccode);
               if (d1 < 0)
                       X++;
                        dx = dx + (2 * (pow(b, 2)));
                        d1 = d1 + dx + (pow(b, 2));
               }
                                else
                        X++;
                        y--;
                        dx = dx + (2 * (pow(b, 2)));
                        dy = dy - (2 * (pow(a, 2)));
                        d1 = d1 + dx - dy + (pow(b, 2));
                       \} while (dx < dy);
       do
       xdash = (x)*cos(theta *3.14 / 90) - (y) *sin(theta *3.14/90);
       ydash = (x)*sin(theta *3.14 / 90) + (y) *cos(theta *3.14/90);
       putpixel(320+xc+ xdash, 240-yc- ydash, ccode);
       xdash = (x)*cos(theta *3.14 / 90) - (-y) *sin(theta *3.14/90);
       ydash = (x)*sin(theta *3.14 / 90) + (-y) *cos(theta *3.14/90);
       putpixel(320+xc+ xdash, 240-yc- ydash, ccode);
       xdash = (-x)*cos(theta *3.14 / 90) - (y) *sin(theta *3.14/90);
       ydash = (-x)*sin(theta *3.14 / 90) + (y) *cos(theta *3.14/90);
       putpixel(320+xc+ xdash, 240-yc- ydash, ccode);
       xdash = (-x)*cos(theta *3.14 / 90) - (-y) *sin(theta *3.14/90);
       ydash = (-x)*sin(theta *3.14 / 90) + (-y) *cos(theta *3.14/90);
       putpixel(320+xc+ xdash, 240-yc- ydash, ccode);
               if (d2 > 0)
                        x = x;
                        dy = dy - (2 * (pow(a, 2)));
```

```
d2 = d2 - dy + pow(a, 2);
               }
               else
                       X++;
                       dy = dy - (2 * (pow(a, 2)));
                       dx = dx + (2 * (pow(b, 2)));
                       d2 = d2 + dx - dy + pow(a, 2);
      } while (y > 0);
int round(float n){
  return floor((n+0.5));
int main(void){
 int gdriver = DETECT, gmode, errorcode;
 initgraph(& gdriver, &gmode, "C:\\TC\\BGI");
 errorcode = graphresult();
 if (errorcode != grOk){
   printf("Graphics error: %s\n", grapherrormsg(errorcode));
   printf("Press any key to halt:");
   getch();
   exit(1);
 setcolor(getmaxcolor());
  int theta = 0;
  int x=0,y=120,a=100,b=50,R=200;
  char c;
  drawCircle(0,0,100);
  while(theta<1080){
       x = round((float)100 * cos(theta* 3.14 / 180) + (float)a*cos(theta* 3.14 / 180));
       y = round((float)100 * sin(theta* 3.14 / 180) + (float)b*sin(theta* 3.14 / 180));
       drawellipse(x,y,a,b,15,theta);
       delay(100);
       drawellipse(x,y,a,b,0,theta);
       drawCircle(0,0,100);
       theta+=5;
  }
 getch();
 closegraph();
 return 0;
```



10. Cohen Sutherland Clipping(Rectangular Window)

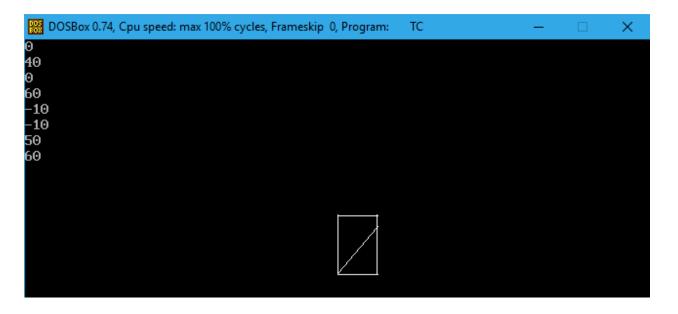
clip.cpp:

```
#include<graphics.h>
 #include<iostream.h>
 #include<stdlib.h>
#include<dos.h>
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include "dcgraphics.h"
const int INSIDE = 0; // 0000
const int LEFT = 1; // 0001
const int RIGHT = 2; // 0010
const int BOTTOM = 4; // 0100
const int TOP = 8; // 1000
 int codegen(double x, double y,int x_min,int x_max,int y_min, int y_max)
  int code = INSIDE;
  if (x < x_min)
      code |= LEFT;
  else if (x > x max)
      code |= RIGHT;
  if (y < y_min)
      code |= BOTTOM;
  else if (y > y_max)
      code |= TOP;
  return code;
void cohenSutherlandClip(double x1, double y1,
                       double x2, double y2,int x_min , int x_max , int y_min , int y_max)
{
  int code1 = codegen(x1,y1,x min,x max,y min,y max);
  int code2 = codegen(x2,y2,x_min,x_max,y_min,y_max);
  int accept = 0;
  while (1)
      if ((code1 == 0) && (code2 == 0))
         accept = 1;
         break;
      else if (code1 & code2)
         break;
      }
      else
         int code out;
         double x, y;
         if (code1 != 0)
               code_out = code1;
         else
               code_out = code2;
         if (code_out & TOP)
         {
               x = x1 + (x2 - x1) * (y_max - y1) / (y2 - y1);
              y = y_max;
         }
```

```
{
              x = x1 + (x2 - x1) * (y_min - y1) / (y2 - y1);
              y = y_min;
         else if (code_out & RIGHT)
              y = y1 + (y2 - y1) * (x_max - x1) / (x2 - x1);
              x = x_max;
         }
         else if (code_out & LEFT)
              y = y1 + (y2 - y1) * (x_min - x1) / (x2 - x1);
              x = x min;
         if (code out == code1)
              x1 = x;
              y1 = y;
              code1 = codegen(x1,y1,x_min,x_max,y_min,y_max);
         }
         else
         {
              x2 = x;
              y2 = y;
              code2 = codegen(x2,y2,x_min,x_max,y_min,y_max);
         }
      }
  }
   if (accept)
      drawline(x_min,x_min,y_min,y_max);
      drawline(x_min,x_max,y_min,y_min);
      drawline(x_max,x_max,y_min,y_max);
      drawline(x_min,x_max,y_max,y_max);
      drawline(x1,x2,y1,y2,15);
  }
  else
      cout << "Line is out of bounds" << endl;
}
int main(void)
{
  int gdriver = DETECT, gmode, errorcode;
  initgraph(&gdriver, &gmode, "C:\\TC\\BGI");
  errorcode = graphresult();
  if (errorcode != grOk)
  {
   printf("Graphics error: %s\n", grapherrormsg(errorcode));
   printf("Press any key to halt:");
   getch();
   exit(1);
  setcolor(getmaxcolor());
  int x_min,y_min,x_max,y_max;
  double x1,y1,x2,y2;
  cin>>x_min>>x_max>>y_min>>y_max>>x1>>y1>>x2>>y2;
  cohenSutherlandClip( x1, y1, x2, y2, x_min , x_max , y_min , y_max);
```

else if (code_out & BOTTOM)

```
getch();
closegraph();
return 0;
}
```



11. Line Clipping(Non Rectangular Window)

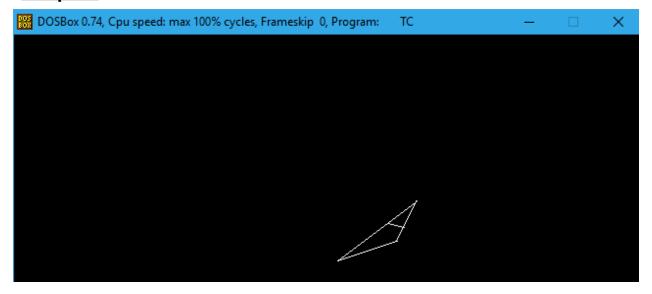
project5.cpp:

```
//line clipping eg
 #include<graphics.h>
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<DOS.h>
#include<math.h>
#include"dcgraphics.h"
#define AC(x,y) 4*y-3*x-10
#define AB(x,y) -3*y+x+20
#define BC(x,y) - y + 2*x - 110
#define UP 0x1
#define DOWN 0x2
#define RIGHT 0x4
int gencode(int x , int y){
       int code = 0x0;
       if(AC(x,y) > 0){
               code |= UP;
       if(AB(x,y) > 0){
               code |= DOWN;
       if(BC(x,y) > 0){
               code |= RIGHT;
       return code;
int round(float n){
  return floor((n+0.5));
}
void cliptest(int &x1, int &y1, int &x2, int &y2){
       int code1 = gencode(x1,y1);
       int code2 = gencode(x2,y2);
       int xdash, ydash;
       float m = (y2-y1)/(float)(x2-x1);
       float c = y1 - (float)m*x1;
       float m2 = 1/(float)m;
       float c2 = x1 - (float)m2*y1;
       char msg[128];
       int i = 0;
       if((code1 \& UP) == 1){}
         if(abs((x2-x1)) > abs((y2-y1))){
               while(AC(x1,y1) > 0){
                       x1=x1+abs((x2-x1))/(x2-x1);
                       y1 = (float)m*x1 + c;
         else{
                       while(AC(x1,y1) > 0){
                       y1=y1+abs(y2-y1)/(y2-y1);
                       x1 = (float)m2*y1+c2;
                       }
               }
         else if((code1 & DOWN) == 2){
         if(abs((x2-x1)) > abs((y2-y1))){
               while(AB(x1,y1) > 0){
```

```
x1=x1+abs((x2-x1))/(x2-x1);
                      y1 = (float)m*x1 + c;
             }
       else{
                      while(AB(x1,y1) > 0){
                              y1=y1+abs(y2-y1)/(y2-y1);
                      x1 = (float)m2*y1+c2;
                      }
             }
     }
      else if((code1 & RIGHT) == 4){
                      if(abs((x2-x1)) > abs((y2-y1))){
              while(AB(x1,y1) > 0){
                              x1=x1+abs((x2-x1))/(x2-x1);
                      y1 = (float)m*x1 + c;
       else{
                      while(AB(x1,y1) > 0){
                              y1=y1+abs(y2-y1)/(y2-y1);
                      x1 = (float)m2*y1+c2;
                      }
     else if((code2 & UP) == 1){
       if(abs((x2-x1)) > abs((y2-y1))){
             while(AC(x2,y2) > 0){
                      x2=x2+abs(x1-x2)/(x1-x2);
                      y2 = (float)m*x2+c;
                       }
       else{
                      while(AC(x2,y2) > 0){
                      y2=y2+abs(y1-y2)/(y1-y2);
                      x2 = (float)m2*y2+c2;
       else if((code2 & DOWN) == 2){
       if(abs((x2-x1)) > abs((y2-y1))){
             while(AB(x2,y2) > 0){
                      x2=x2+abs(x1-x2)/(x1-x2);
                      y2 = (float)m*x2+c;
                       }
       else{
                      while(AB(x2,y2) > 0){
                      y2=y2+abs(y1-y2)/(y1-y2);
                      x2 = (float)m2*y2+c2;
             if((code2 \& RIGHT) == 4){
       if(abs((x2-x1)) > abs((y2-y1))){
              while(BC(x2,y2) > 0){
                      x2=x2+abs(x1-x2)/(x1-x2);
                      y2 = (float)m*x2+c;
                       }
       else{
                      while(BC(x2,y2) > 0){
                      y2=y2+abs(y1-y2)/(y1-y2);
                      x2 = (float)m2*y2+c2;
                                                      }
                                              }
int main(void){
 int gdriver = DETECT, gmode, errorcode;
 initgraph(&
 gdriver, &gmode, "C:\\TC\\BGI");
 errorcode = graphresult();
 if (errorcode != grOk) {
```

```
printf("Graphics error: %s\n", grapherrormsg(errorcode));
 printf("Press any key to halt:");
 getch();
  exit(1);
}
setcolor(getmaxcolor());
int done = 0;
int flag = 0;
int i = 0;
int x1=15,y1=60,x2=100,y2=40;
drawline(10,70,10,30);
drawline(10,90,10,70);
drawline(70,90,30,70);
int code1,code2;
do{
     code1 = gencode(x1,y1);
     code2 = gencode(x2,y2);
     if((code1 \mid code2) == 0){
             done = 1;
             flag = 1;
     }
     else if((code1 & code2) !=0){
             done = 1;
             flag = 0;
     else {
             cliptest(x1,y1,x2,y2);
     }while(done!=1);
     if(flag == 1)
     drawline(x1,x2,y1,y2);
     }
getch();
closegraph();
return 0;
```

}

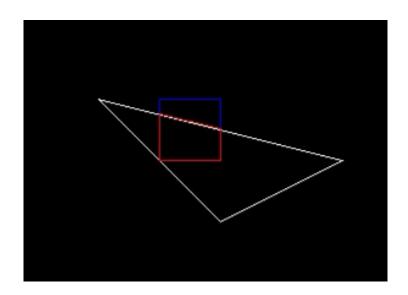


12. Polygon Clipping Using Cohen Sutherland

poly.cpp:

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<graphics.h>
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
const int MAX POINTS = 20;
int x_intersect(int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2, int x3, int y3, int x4, int y4) {
int num = (x1*y2 - y1 * x2) * (x3 - x4) - (x1 - x2) * (x3*y4 - y3 * x4);
int den = (x1 - x2) * (y3 - y4) - (y1 - y2) * (x3 - x4);
return num / den;
int y_intersect(int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2, int x3, int y3, int x4, int y4) {
int num = (x1*y2 - y1 * x2) * (y3 - y4) -
                                           (y1 - y2) * (x3*y4 - y3 * x4);
int den = (x1 - x2) * (y3 - y4) - (y1 - y2) * (x3 - x4);
return num / den;
}
void clip(int poly_points[][2], int &poly_size, int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2) {
int new points[MAX POINTS][2], new poly size = 0;
for (int i = 0; i < poly_size; i++) {
int k = (i + 1) \% poly_size;
int ix = poly_points[i][0], iy = poly_points[i][1];
int kx = poly_points[k][0], ky = poly_points[k][1];
int i_pos = (x2 - x1) * (iy - y1) - (y2 - y1) * (ix - x1);
int k_pos = (x2 - x1) * (ky - y1) - (y2 - y1) * (kx - x1);
if (i_pos < 0 && k_pos < 0) {
new_points[new_poly_size][0] = kx;
new_points[new_poly_size][1] = ky;
new_poly_size++;
else if (i pos \geq 0 && k pos \leq 0) {
new_points[new_poly_size][0] = x_intersect(x1, y1, x2, y2, ix, iy, kx, ky);
new_points[new_poly_size][1] = y_intersect(x1, y1, x2, y2, ix, iy, kx, ky);
new_poly_size++;
new_points[new_poly_size][0] = kx;
new_points[new_poly_size][1] = ky;
new_poly_size++;
else if (i_pos < 0 && k_pos >= 0) {
new_points[new_poly_size][0] = x_intersect(x1, y1, x2, y2, ix, iy, kx, ky);
new_points[new_poly_size][1] = y_intersect(x1, y1, x2, y2, ix, iy, kx, ky);
new_poly_size++;
poly_size = new_poly_size;
for (i = 0; i < poly_size; i++) {
poly_points[i][0] = new_points[i][0];
poly_points[i][1] = new_points[i][1];
}
void suthHodgClip(int poly_points[][2], int poly_size, int clipper_points[][2], int clipper_size) {
for (int i = 0; i<clipper_size; i++) {
int k = (i + 1) \% clipper_size;
clip(poly_points, poly_size, clipper_points[i][0], clipper_points[i][1], clipper_points[k][0], clipper_points[k]
[1]);
setcolor(RED);
for ( i = 1; i < poly_size; i++)
```

```
line(poly_points[i][0], poly_points[i][1], poly_points[i - 1][0],poly_points[i - 1][1]);
 line(poly\_points[0][0], poly\_points[0][1], poly\_points[poly\_size - 1][0], poly\_points[poly\_size - 1][1]); \\
int main() {
int poly_size = 3;
int poly_points[20][2] = \{ \{ 100,150 \}, \{ 200,250 \}, \{ 300,200 \} \};
int clipper_size = 4;
int clipper_points[][2] = { { 150,150 \},{ 150,200 \},{ 200,200 },{ 200,150 } };
int gdriver = DETECT, gmode, errorcode;
     initgraph(&gdriver, &gmode, "C:\\TC\\BGI");
  setcolor(WHITE);
for (int i = 1; i < poly_size; i++)
 line(poly_points[i][0], poly_points[i][1], poly_points[i - 1][0],
poly_points[i - 1][1]);
 line(poly_points[0][0], poly_points[0][1], poly_points[poly_size - 1][0],
poly_points[poly_size - 1][1]);
 setcolor(BLUE);
for (i = 1; i < clipper_size; i++)
 line(clipper_points[i][0], clipper_points[i][1], clipper_points[i - 1][0], clipper_points[i - 1][1]);
 line (clipper\_points[0][0], \ clipper\_points[0][1], \ clipper\_points[clipper\_size-1][0], \ clipper\_points[clipper\_size-1
 suthHodgClip(poly_points, poly_size, clipper_points, clipper_size);
 getch();
 closegraph();
return 0;
```



13. Scanline Polygon Filling

poly.cpp:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
#include<graphics.h>
#define maxHt 100
#define maxWd 100
#define maxVer 10
typedef struct edgebucket {
int ymax;
float xofymin;
float slopeinverse;
}EdgeBucket;
typedef struct edgetabletup {
int countEdgeBucket;
EdgeBucket buckets[maxVer];
}EdgeTableTuple;
EdgeTableTuple EdgeTable[maxHt], ActiveEdgeTuple;
void initEdgeTable() {
int i;
for (i = 0; i < maxHt; i++) {
EdgeTable[i].countEdgeBucket = 0;
ActiveEdgeTuple.countEdgeBucket = 0;
void insertionSort(EdgeTableTuple *ett) {
int i, j;
EdgeBucket temp;
for (i = 1; i < ett->countEdgeBucket; i++) {
temp.ymax = ett->buckets[i].ymax;
temp.xofymin = ett->buckets[i].xofymin;
temp.slopeinverse = ett->buckets[i].slopeinverse;
j = i - 1;
while ((temp.xofymin < ett->buckets[j].xofymin) && (j >= 0)) {
ett->buckets[j + 1].ymax = ett->buckets[j].ymax;
ett->buckets[j + 1].xofymin = ett->buckets[j].xofymin;
ett->buckets[j + 1].slopeinverse = ett->buckets[j].slopeinverse;
j = j - 1;
ett->buckets[j + 1].ymax = temp.ymax;
ett->buckets[j + 1].xofymin = temp.xofymin;
ett->buckets[j + 1].slopeinverse = temp.slopeinverse;
}
}
void storeEdgeInTuple(EdgeTableTuple *receiver, int ym, int xm, float slopInv) {
(receiver->buckets[(receiver)->countEdgeBucket]).ymax = ym;
(receiver->buckets[(receiver)->countEdgeBucket]).xofymin = (float)xm;
(receiver->buckets[(receiver)->countEdgeBucket]).slopeinverse = slopInv;
insertionSort(receiver);
(receiver->countEdgeBucket)++;
}
void storeEdgeInTable(int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2) {
float m, minv;
int ymaxTS, xwithyminTS, scanline;
if (x2 == x1)
minv = 0.000000;
m = ((float)(y2 - y1)) / ((float)(x2 - x1));
```

```
if (y2 == y1)
return;
minv = (float)1.0 / m;
if (y1>y2) {
scanline = y2;
ymaxTS = y1;
xwithyminTS = x2;
else {
scanline = y1;
ymaxTS = y2;
xwithyminTS = x1;
storeEdgeInTuple(&EdgeTable[scanline], ymaxTS, xwithyminTS, minv);
void removeEdgeByYmax(EdgeTableTuple *Tup, int yy) {
for (i = 0; i< Tup->countEdgeBucket; i++) {
if (Tup->buckets[i].ymax == yy) {
for (j = i; j < Tup->countEdgeBucket - 1; j++) {
Tup->buckets[j].ymax = Tup->buckets[j + 1].ymax;
Tup->buckets[j].xofymin = Tup->buckets[j + 1].xofymin;
Tup->buckets[j].slopeinverse = Tup->buckets[j + 1].slopeinverse;
Tup->countEdgeBucket--;
i--;
}}}
void updatexbyslopeinv(EdgeTableTuple *Tup) {
int i;
for (i = 0; i<Tup->countEdgeBucket; i++)
(Tup->buckets[i]).xofymin = (Tup->buckets[i]).xofymin +(Tup->buckets[i]).slopeinverse;
}
void ScanlineFill() {
int i, j, x1, ymax1, x2, ymax2, FillFlag = 0, coordCount;
for (i = 0; i < maxHt; i++) {
for (j = 0; j<EdgeTable[i].countEdgeBucket; j++) {</pre>
storeEdgeInTuple(&ActiveEdgeTuple, EdgeTable[i].buckets[j]. ymax, EdgeTable[i].buckets[j].xofymin,
EdgeTable[i].buckets[j].slopeinverse);
removeEdgeByYmax(&ActiveEdgeTuple, i);
insertionSort(&ActiveEdgeTuple);
j = 0;
FillFlag = 0;
coordCount = 0;
x1 = 0;
x2 = 0;
ymax1 = 0;
ymax2 = 0;
while (j<ActiveEdgeTuple.countEdgeBucket)</pre>
if (coordCount % 2 == 0)
x1 = (int)(ActiveEdgeTuple.buckets[j].xofymin);
ymax1 = ActiveEdgeTuple.buckets[j].ymax;
if (x1 == x2) {
if (((x1 == ymax1) \&\& (x2 != ymax2)) || ((x1 != ymax1) \&\& (x2 == ymax2))) {
x2 = x1;
ymax2 = ymax1;
else {
```

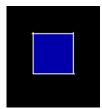
```
CoordCount++; } }
coordCount++; }
else {
x2 = (int)ActiveEdgeTuple.buckets[j].xofymin;
ymax2 = ActiveEdgeTuple.buckets[j].ymax;
FillFlag = 0;
if (x1 == x2) {
if (((x1 == ymax1) \&\& (x2 != ymax2)) || ((x1 != ymax1) \&\& (x2 == ymax2))) {
x1 = x2;
ymax1 = ymax2;
else {
coordCount++;
FillFlag = 1;
}}
else {
coordCount++;
FillFlag = 1;
if (FillFlag)
line(x1, i, x2, i);
j++;
updatexbyslopeinv(&ActiveEdgeTuple);
void drawPoly() {
int points[8][2] = { \{10, 10\}, \{10, 50\}, \{20, 30\}, \{50, 50\}, \{60, 20\}, \{80, 80\}, \{80, 10\}, \{70, 0\}\};
for (int i = 1; i < 8; i++)
storeEdgeInTable(points[i][0], points[i][1], points[i - 1][0], points[i -1][1]);
storeEdgeInTable(points[0][0], points[0][0], points[7][0], points[7][1]);
for (i = 1; i < 8; i++)
line(100 + points[i][0], points[i][1], 100 + points[i - 1][0], points[i - 1][1]);\\
line(100 + points[0][0], points[0][0], 100 + points[7][0], points[7][1]);\\
void drawpoly(void) {
initEdgeTable();
drawPoly();
ScanlineFill();}
int main(int argc, char** argv)
{int gdriver = DETECT, gm;
  initgraph(&gdriver, &gm, "C:\\TC\\BGI");
drawpoly();
getchar();
closegraph();
Output:
```

DOSBox 0.74, Cpu speed: max 100

14. Flood Fill

fill.cpp:

```
#include <graphics.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include "dcgraphics.h"
void flood(int x, int y, int new_col, int old_col) {
if (getpixel(x, y) == old_col) {
putpixel(x, y, new_col);
flood(x + 1, y, new_col, old_col);
flood(x - 1, y, new_col, old_col);
flood(x, y + 1, new_col, old_col);
flood(x, y - 1, new_col, old_col);
}
int main() {
int gd = DETECT, gm;
initgraph(&gd, &gm,"C:\\TC\\BGI");
int x = 11;
int y = 11;
drawline(0,0,0,40);
drawline(40,40,0,40);
drawline(0,40,0,0);
drawline(40,0,40,40);
int newcolor = BLUE;
int oldcolor = 0;
flood(320+x, 240-y, newcolor, oldcolor);
getch();
return 0;
}
```



15. 2D Transformation

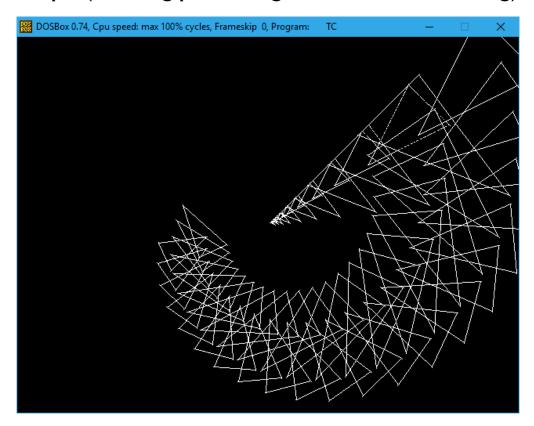
2d.cpp:

```
//2D scaling and translation (rotation wasnt working) matrices use dont have extra col and row
implemented which should be there
#include<graphics.h>
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<DOS.h>
#include<math.h>
#include"dcgraphics.h"
int round(float n){
  return floor((n+0.5));
void mm(float firstMatrix[][3], float secondMatrix[][3], float mult[][3])
{
       int i, j, k;
       // Initializing elements of matrix mult to 0.
       for(i = 0; i < 3; ++i)
               for(j = 0; j < 3; ++j)
                        mult[i][j] = 0;
               }
       // Multiplying matrix firstMatrix and secondMatrix and storing in array mult.
       for(i = 0; i < 3; ++i)
               for(j = 0; j < 3; ++j)
                        for(k=0; k<3; ++k)
                                 mult[i][j] += firstMatrix[i][k] * secondMatrix[k][j];
                        }
                                         }
                                                  }
void drawall(float firstMatrix[][3] , float secondMatrix[][3] , int color = 15){
 for(int i = 0; i < 3; i++){
    drawline(round(firstMatrix[i][0]), round(firstMatrix[(i+1)%3][0]),round(firstMatrix[i]
[1]) ,round( firstMatrix[(i+1)%3][1]) ,color);
   drawline(round(secondMatrix[i][0]), round(secondMatrix[(i+1)%3][0]), round(secondMatrix[i][1]),
round(secondMatrix[(i+1)%3][1]), color);
 }
}
void copy(float firstMatrix[][3], float secondMatrix[][3]){
       int i, j, k;
       for(i = 0; i < 3; ++i)
               for(j = 0; j < 3; ++j)
                        firstMatrix[i][j] = secondMatrix[i][j];
void transform(float f[][3] , float s[][3] , float trans[][3],float temp[][3] ){
  mm(f,trans, temp);
  copy(f,temp);
 mm(s,trans, temp);
 copy(s,temp);
}
int main(void)
 int gdriver = DETECT, gmode, errorcode;
 initgraph(&gdriver, &gmode, "C:\\TC\\BGI");
 errorcode = graphresult();
 if (errorcode != qrOk)
   printf("Graphics error: %s\n", grapherrormsg(errorcode));
```

```
printf("Press any key to halt:");
  getch();
  exit(1);
}
setcolor(getmaxcolor());
float f[][3] = {
  {3,3,1},
  {5,5,1},
  {8,1,1}
};
float s[][3] = {
  {5,3,1},
  {7,7,1},
  {9,5,1}
};
float temp[][3]={
  \{0,0,0\},
  \{0,0,0\},\
  \{0,0,0\}
};
float temp2[][3]={
  \{0,0,0\},
  \{0,0,0\},
  \{0,0,0\}
};
float trans[][3]={
  \{0,0,0\},
  \{0,0,0\},
  \{0,0,0\}
};
int setflag = 0;
drawall(f, s);
for(int i=0;i<10;i++){
delay(50);
drawall(f,s,0);
 trans[0][0] = 1.5;
 trans[1][1] = 1.5;
 trans[2][2] = 1;
 transform(f,s,trans,temp);
drawall(f,s);
for(int j=0; j<20; j++){
delay(50);
drawall(f,s,0);
mm(temp, temp2, trans);
trans[0][0] = 1;
trans[0][2] =-30;
 trans[1][1] = 1;
trans[1][2] = -1;
trans[2][2] =1;
transform(f,s,trans,temp);
mm(temp, temp2, trans);
 trans[0][0] = 0.98;
 trans[1][1] = 0.98;
 trans[2][2] = 1;
 transform(f,s,trans,temp);
drawall(f,s);
}
 for(
```

```
j=0;j<20;j++){
delay(50);
drawall(f,s,0);
 mm(temp, temp2, trans);
trans[0][0] = cos(j * 10 * 3.14 / 180);
trans[0][1] = -sin(j * 10 * 3.14 / 180);
 trans[2][2] = 1;
trans[1][0] = sin(j * 10 * 3.14 / 180);
trans[1][1] = cos(j * 10 * 3.14 / 180);
transform(f,s,trans,temp);
          mm(temp , temp2 , trans);
trans[0][0] = 1;
trans[0][2] =+30;
 trans[1][1] = 1;
trans[1][2] = -1;
trans[2][2] =1;
transform(f,s,trans,temp);
mm(temp, temp2, trans);
 trans[0][0] = 0.95;
 trans[1][1] = 0.95;
 trans[2][2] = 1;
 transform(f,s,trans,temp);
drawall(f,s);
drawall(f,s);
getch();
closegraph();
return 0;
```

Output(showing path of figure i.e without erasing):



16. Projection of 3D Figure

view.cpp:

```
#include<graphics.h>
 #include<stdio.h>
 #include<conio.h>
 #include<stdlib.h>
 #include<DOS.h>
 #include<math.h>
 #include"dcgraphics.h"
int round(float n){
     return floor((n+0.5));
void drawfv(int face1[][3], int face2[][3], int xos, int yos, int color = 15){
              for( int i = 0; i < 4; i++){
              drawline(xos+face1[i][0], xos + face2[i][0], yos + face1[i][1], yos + face2[i][1],color);
              drawline(xos+face1[i][0] \ , \ xos + face1[((i+1)\%4)][0] \ , \ yos + face1[i][1] \ , \ yos + face1[((i+1)\%4)][0] \ , \ yos + face1[i][1] \ , \ yos +
[1],color);
              drawline(xos+face2[i][0], xos + face2[((i+1)%4)][0], yos + face2[i][1], yos + face2[((i+1)%4)]
[1],color);
              }
}
void drawsv(int face1[][3], int face2[][3], int xos, int yos,int color = 15){
              for( int i = 0; i < 4; i++){
              drawline(xos+face1[i][1], xos + face2[i][1], yos + face1[i][2], yos + face2[i][2],color);
              drawline(xos+face1[i][1], xos + face1[((i+1)%4)][1], yos + face1[i][2], yos + face1[((i+1)%4)]
[2],color);
              drawline(xos+face2[i][1], xos + face2[((i+1)%4)][1], yos + face2[i][2], yos + face2[((i+1)%4)]
[2] ,color);
              }
}
void drawtv(int face1[][3], int face2[][3], int xos, int yos,int color = 15){
              for( int i = 0; i < 4; i++){
              drawline(xos+face1[i][2], xos + face2[i][2], yos + face1[i][0], yos + face2[i][0],color);
              drawline(xos+face1[i][2], xos + face1[((i+1)%4)][2], yos + face1[i][0], yos + face1[((i+1)%4)]
[0] ,color);
              drawline(xos+face2[i][2], xos + face2[((i+1)%4)][2], yos + face2[i][0], yos + face2[((i+1)%4)]
[0] ,color);
              }
}
void drawiso(int face1temp[][3], int face2temp[][3], int xos, int yos,int color=15){
              int face1[][3] = \{\{0,0,0\},\{0,0,0\},\{0,0,0\}\},\{0,0,0\}\};
              int face2[][3] = \{\{0,0,0\},\{0,0,0\},\{0,0,0\}\},\{0,0,0\}\};
              float iso[][3] = \{\{0.7071,0,0.7071\},\{0.4082,0.8166,-0.4082\},\{0,0,0\}\},\{0,0,0\}\}
              for(int j=0; j<4; j++){
                for(int k = 0; k < 3; k++){
                               face1[j][k] = round(float(face1temp[j][0] * iso[k][0] + face1temp[j][1] * iso[k][1] + face1temp[j]
[2] * iso[k][2]));
                               face2[j][k] = round(float(face2temp[j][0] * iso[k][0] + face2temp[j][1] * iso[k][1] + face2temp[j]
[2] * iso[k][2]));
              for( int i = 0; i < 4; i++){
              drawline(xos+face1[i][0] \ , \ xos + face2[i][0] \ , \ yos + face1[i][1] \ , \ yos + face2[i][1] \ , color);
```

```
drawline(xos+face1[i][0], xos + face1[((i+1)%4)][0], yos + face1[i][1], yos + face1[((i+1)%4)][0]
[1] ,color);
       drawline(xos+face2[i][0], xos + face2[((i+1)%4)][0], yos + face2[i][1], yos + face2[((i+1)%4)]
[1] ,color);
       }
}
int main(void)
  int gdriver = DETECT, gmode, errorcode;
  initgraph(&
  gdriver, &gmode, "C:\\TC\\BGI");
  errorcode = graphresult();
  /* an error occurred */
  if (errorcode != grOk)
    printf("Graphics error: %s\n", grapherrormsg(errorcode));
   printf("Press any key to halt:");
    getch();
    exit(1);
  setcolor(getmaxcolor());
  drawline(-107,-107,-240,240);
  drawline(106,106,-240,240);
  drawline(-320,320,0,0);
  int tlxos = -213, tlyos = 120;
  int txos = tlxos + 213, tyos = tlyos, trxos = tlxos + 426, tryos = tlyos;
  int bxos = txos, byos = tyos-240;
  int face1[][3] = { \{0,0,0\}, \{0,80,0\}, \{80,80,0\}, \{80,0,0\}};
  int face2[][3] = { \{20,20,60\}, \{20,60,60\}, \{60,60,60\}, \{60,20,60\}};
  drawsv(face1, face2, tlxos, tlyos);
  drawfv(face1, face2, txos, tyos);
  drawtv(face1, face2, trxos, tryos);
  drawiso(face1,face2,bxos,byos);
  getch();
  closegraph();
  return 0;
```

