

(Grover algorithm)

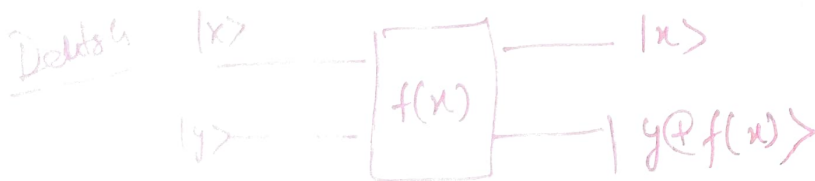
(class notes)
April 8, 2024

Linear Search $O(n)$ List is unsorted
Binary " $O(\log_2 n)$ " " sorted
Grover algorithm $O(\sqrt{n})$ List is unsorted.

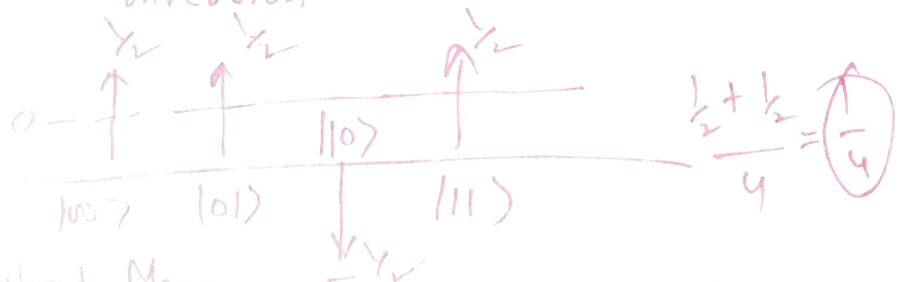
One Condition of Grover algorithm you
Need some Oracle.

Black Box that will Guide
you towards solution.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } x = x_0 \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases} \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} \text{We are searching} \\ \text{for } x_0 \text{ if } x_0 \text{ is} \\ \text{found oracle return 1.} \end{array} \right.$$



Two Steps - ① phase Inversion



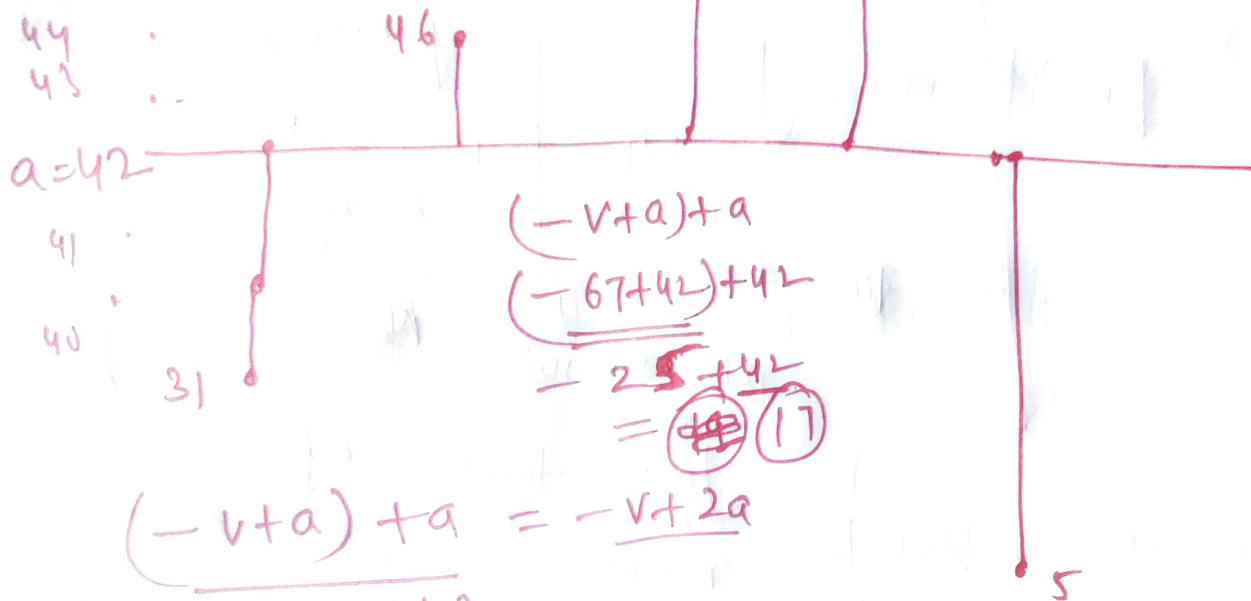
② phase Inversion about Mean

$$-V + 2a = -\frac{1}{2} + 2 \cdot \frac{1}{4} = 0$$

$$\text{for } V = -\frac{1}{2} \quad -V + 2a = \frac{1}{2} + 2 \cdot \frac{1}{4} = 1$$

Inversion about Mean or Inversion about Average

31, 48, 67, 61, 5 67 61 $Arg = 42$

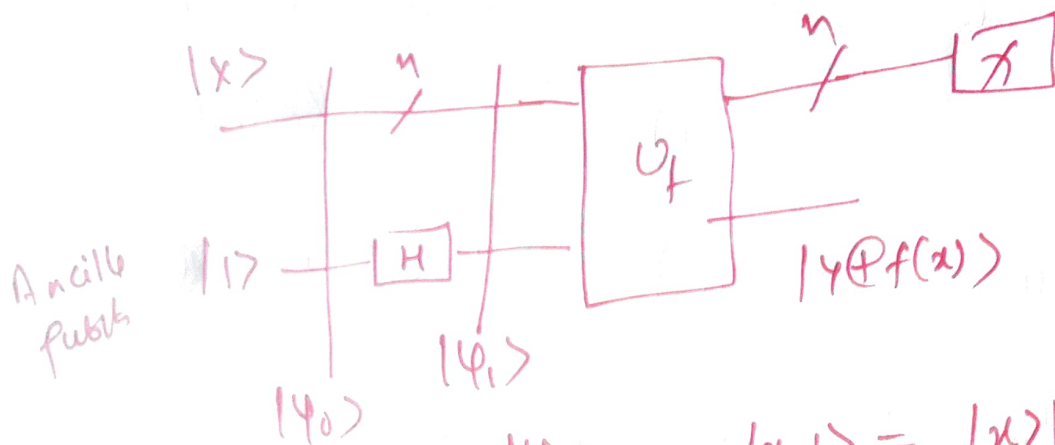


$$v=31 \quad a=42$$

$$(-31+42)+42 = 11+42 = 53$$

$$v=46 \quad (-46+42)+42 = -4+42 = 38$$

Phase Inversion



$$|\psi_0\rangle = |x, 1\rangle = |x\rangle |1\rangle = |x\rangle \otimes |1\rangle$$

$$|\psi_1\rangle = |x\rangle \otimes \left[\frac{|0\rangle - |1\rangle}{\sqrt{2}} \right] = \frac{|x\rangle |0\rangle - |x\rangle |1\rangle}{\sqrt{2}}$$

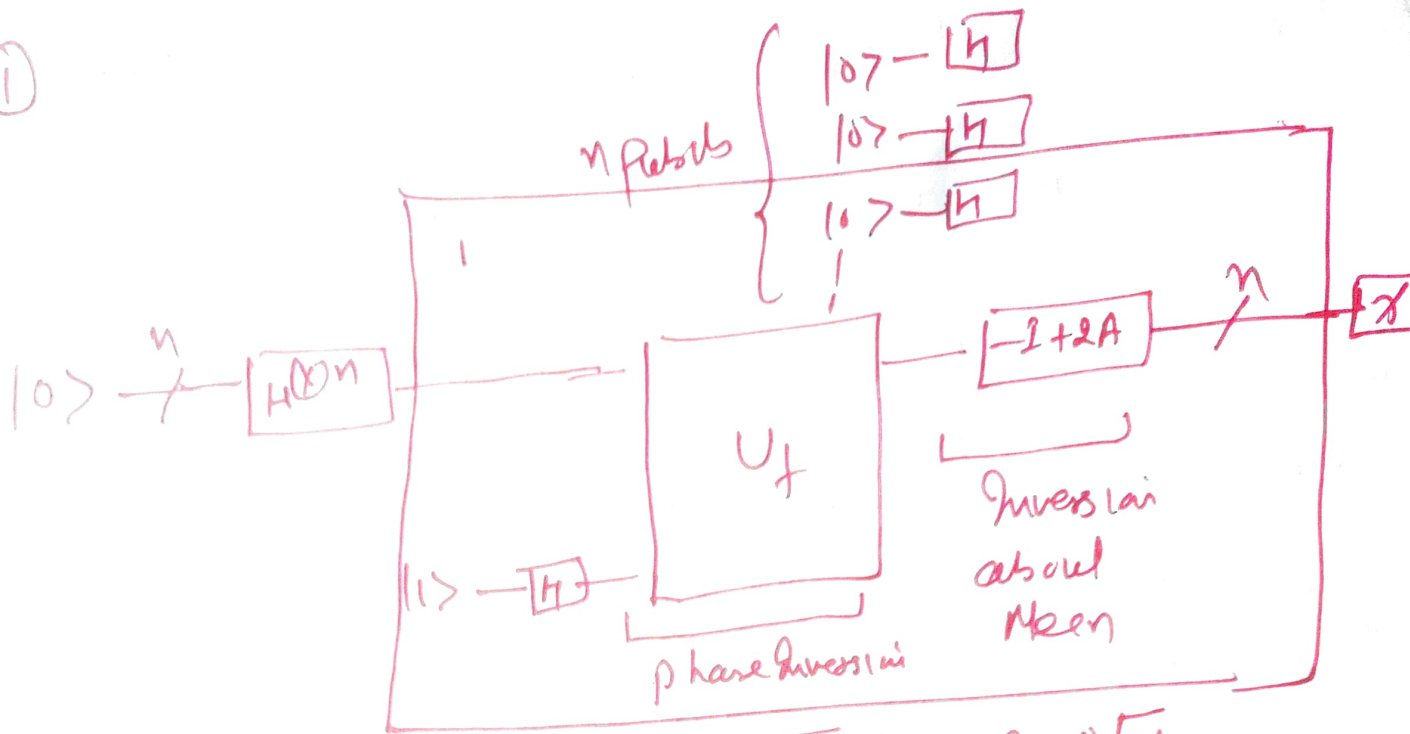
$$|\psi_2\rangle = |x\rangle \left[\frac{|0 \oplus f(x)\rangle - |1 \oplus f(x)\rangle}{\sqrt{2}} \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow |x\rangle \left[\frac{|0\rangle - |1\rangle}{\sqrt{2}} \right] \quad \text{if } f(x) = 0$$

$$|x\rangle \left[\frac{|1\rangle - |0\rangle}{\sqrt{2}} \right] \quad \text{if } f(x) = 1$$

$$= (-1)^{f(x)} |x\rangle \left[\frac{|0\rangle - |1\rangle}{\sqrt{2}} \right]$$

①



$$\sqrt{2^n} \text{ times} \approx O(\sqrt{N})$$

① Start with a state $|0\rangle$ n qubits in 0 zeros
 $|00\dots n \text{ times}\rangle = |0\rangle$

② Apply $H^{\otimes n}$ $H^{\otimes 2} = H^{\otimes} H$

③ Repeat $\sqrt{2^n}$ times

3(a) Apply phase Inversion $U_f(I \otimes H)$
 3(b) Apply the Inversion about mean $-I+2A$

④ Measure the qubits.

example: $x_{trip} = 101$

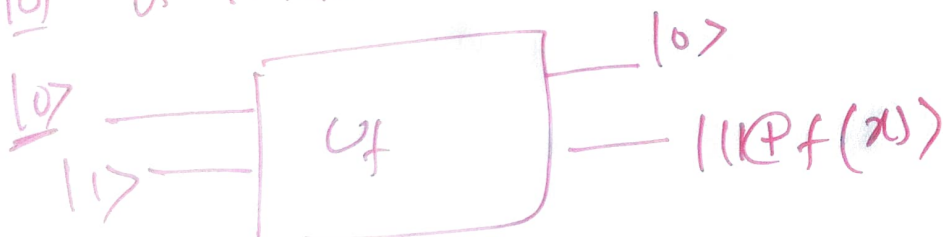
$f(101) = 1$ Rest $f(000)$ } $\Rightarrow 0$

$|\psi_1\rangle = \begin{bmatrix} 000 & 001 & 010 & 011 & 100 & 101 & 110 & 111 \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{8}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{8}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{8}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{8}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{8}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{8}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{8}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{8}} \end{bmatrix}^T$
 $= \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{8}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{8}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{8}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{8}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{8}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{8}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{8}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{8}} \end{bmatrix}$

$|\psi_2\rangle =$

$\frac{|0\rangle - |1\rangle}{\sqrt{2}}$

101 is solution



$\begin{bmatrix} 000 & 001 & 010 & 011 & 100 & 101 & 110 & 111 \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{8}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{8}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{8}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{8}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{8}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{8}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{8}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{8}} \end{bmatrix}$

$M_{\text{even}} = \frac{7 \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{8}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{8}}}{8} = \frac{6 \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{8}}}{8} = \frac{3}{4\sqrt{8}}$

$\frac{V+2a}{V} = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{8}} + 2 \cdot \frac{3}{4\sqrt{8}} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{8}}$

$V = \frac{1}{\sqrt{8}} - V + 2a$
 $\frac{1}{\sqrt{8}} + \frac{2 \cdot 3}{4\sqrt{8}} = \frac{5}{2\sqrt{8}}$

$\begin{bmatrix} 000 & 001 & 010 & 011 & 100 & 101 & 110 & 111 \\ \frac{1}{2\sqrt{8}} & \frac{1}{2\sqrt{8}} & \frac{1}{2\sqrt{8}} & \frac{1}{2\sqrt{8}} & \frac{1}{2\sqrt{8}} & \frac{5}{2\sqrt{8}} & \frac{1}{2\sqrt{8}} & \frac{1}{2\sqrt{8}} \end{bmatrix}$