

Lecture - 2

$$|\psi\rangle = \alpha|0\rangle + \beta|1\rangle = \alpha \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + \beta \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \alpha \\ \beta \end{pmatrix}$$

Qubit \Rightarrow Quantum bit

$$|\psi\rangle = \alpha|0\rangle + \beta|1\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} \alpha \\ \beta \end{pmatrix}$$

$$|\alpha|^2 + |\beta|^2 = 1$$

α, β are Complex No.

$$|0\rangle \Rightarrow \text{Ket } 0 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$|1\rangle \Rightarrow \text{Ket } 1 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$|\alpha|^2$ = Probability that the system lies in $|0\rangle$ state

$|\beta|^2$ = Probability that the system lies in $|1\rangle$ state.

$$\alpha, \beta \in \mathbb{C}$$

$$\alpha = x_1 + iy_1$$

$$\beta = x_2 + iy_2$$

$$|\alpha|^2 = \alpha \cdot \alpha^\dagger$$

α^\dagger is Complex Conjugate of α

$$\alpha = x_1 + iy_1$$

$$\alpha^\dagger = x_1 - iy_1$$

$$|\alpha|^2 = (x_1 + iy_1)(x_1 - iy_1)$$

$$= x_1^2 + iy_1 x_1 - ix_1 y_1 - i^2 y_1^2$$

$$i^2 = -1$$

$$= x_1^2 + y_1^2$$

$$|\psi\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}|0\rangle + \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}|1\rangle$$

$$P(|0\rangle) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$P(|1\rangle) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\underline{P(|0\rangle) + P(|1\rangle) = 1}$$

$$|\phi\rangle = \left(\frac{1+i}{\sqrt{3}}\right)|0\rangle - \frac{i}{\sqrt{3}}|1\rangle$$

$$\alpha = \left(\frac{1+i}{\sqrt{3}}\right)$$

$$\beta = -\frac{i}{\sqrt{3}}$$

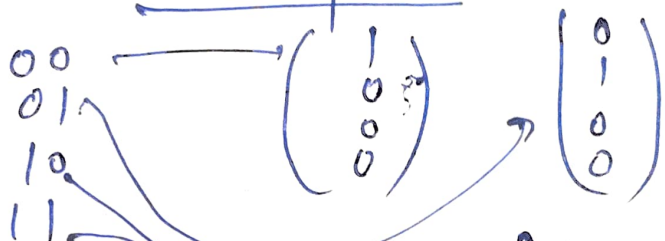
$$|\alpha|^2 = \alpha \cdot \alpha^* = \left(\frac{1+i}{\sqrt{3}}\right) \left(\frac{1-i}{\sqrt{3}}\right) = \frac{1}{3} (1 - i^2) = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$|\beta|^2 = \left(\frac{-i}{\sqrt{3}}\right) \left(\frac{i}{\sqrt{3}}\right) = \frac{-i^2}{3} = \frac{1}{3}$$

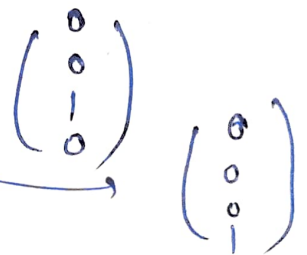
$$|\alpha|^2 + |\beta|^2 = 1$$

Valid qubit

classical system



qubits in quantum systems



Tensor products

$$|\psi_1\rangle = |0\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$|\psi_2\rangle = |1\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$|\psi\rangle = \frac{|\psi_1 \psi_2\rangle}{|01\rangle} = |\psi_1\rangle \otimes |\psi_2\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \otimes \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 \cdot 0 \\ 1 \cdot 1 \\ 0 \cdot 0 \\ 0 \cdot 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \rightarrow |00\rangle \\ 1 \rightarrow |01\rangle \\ 0 \rightarrow |10\rangle \\ 0 \rightarrow |11\rangle \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \alpha_1 \\ \beta_1 \end{pmatrix} \otimes \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_2 \\ \beta_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_1 \alpha_2 \\ \alpha_1 \beta_2 \\ \beta_1 \alpha_2 \\ \beta_1 \beta_2 \end{pmatrix} = 0 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + 1 \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + 0 \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + 0 \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$|\psi\rangle = 0|00\rangle + 1|01\rangle + 0|10\rangle + 0|11\rangle$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} \otimes \begin{pmatrix} e & f \\ g & h \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} a.e & a.f & b.e & b.f \\ a.g & a.h & b.g & b.h \\ c.e & c.f & d.e & d.f \\ c.g & c.h & d.g & d.h \end{pmatrix}$$

$$|11\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \otimes \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = 0|00\rangle + 0|01\rangle + 0|10\rangle + 1|11\rangle$$

$$|00\rangle = ?$$

$$|10\rangle = ??$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \alpha_1 \\ \beta_1 \end{pmatrix} \otimes \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_2 \\ \beta_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_1 \alpha_2 \\ \alpha_1 \beta_2 \\ \beta_1 \alpha_2 \\ \beta_1 \beta_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{matrix} a & b & x \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{matrix}$$

64 qubit system $\Rightarrow 2^{64}$



(Hadamard gate) single qubit gate

$$|0\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{H}$$

$$H = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} H|0\rangle &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} |0\rangle + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} |1\rangle = |+\rangle \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} H|1\rangle &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} |0\rangle - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} |1\rangle = |-\rangle \end{aligned}$$

